

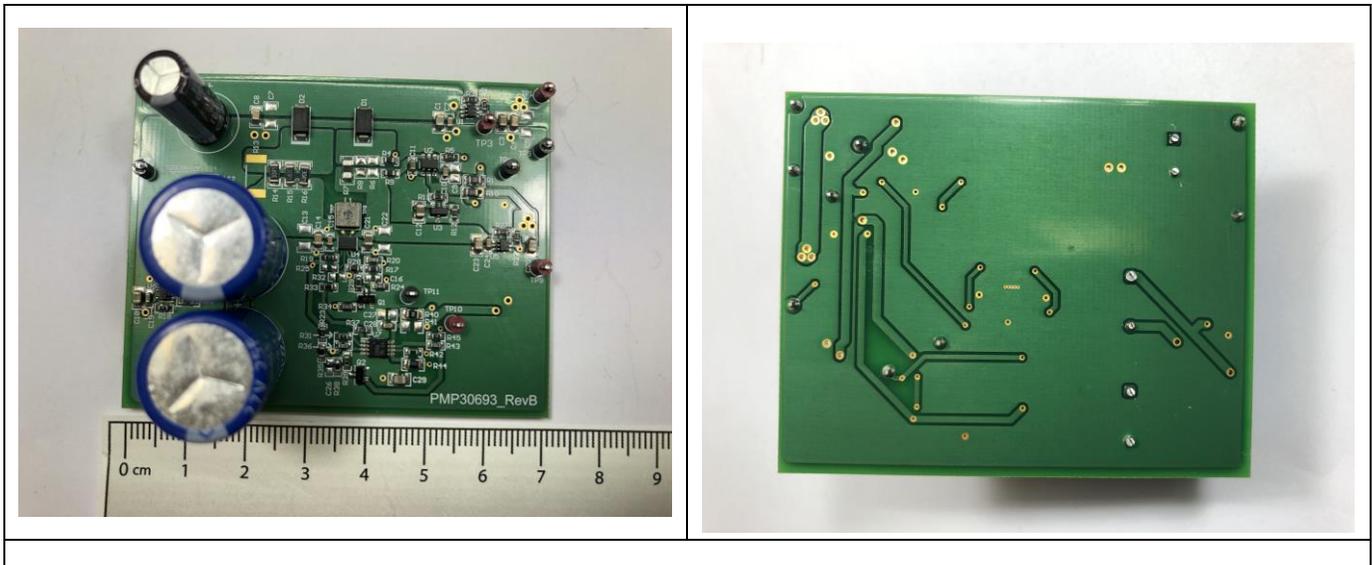
Test Report: PMP30693

Supercapacitor Backup Power Supply With Current Limit and Active Cell Balancing Reference Design



Description

This reference design automatically provides a back-up voltage during a power interruption. It manages the charging of supercaps and provides reverse blocking protection. The maximum supercap charging current and voltage can be adjusted. When the input voltage fails a buck-boost converter (TPS63802) takes over and generates a constant backup voltage. The supercap capacitance and voltage define the energy which is available for the backup. The PMP30693 provides a stable backup output of 3.7 V at 300 mA for more than 100 s until the output voltage drops.



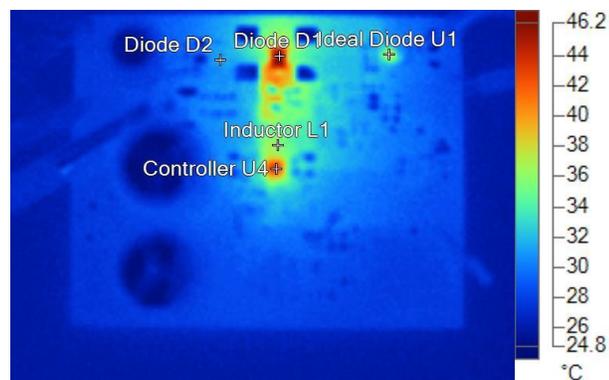
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1.1 Thermal Images

The images below show the infrared images taken from the FlexCam

1.1.1 Supercap Charge; no input current limit (R7 = 0, R5 not populated)

MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 1A

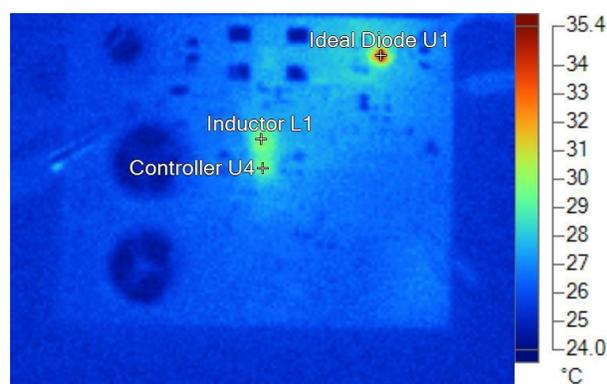


Name	Temperature
Diode D2	31.2°C
Diode D1	46.0°C
Controller U4	43.3°C
Inductor L1	36.2°C
Ideal Diode U1	37.2°C

1714 Vin=3.6V SC CHARGE (no current limit)
 ILoad=1A.is2

1.1.2 Supercap Charge; Input current limit Variant 1 (R7 = 68mohm, R5 = 0, R14 = R15 = R16 = 30.1ohm); Maximal charge current: 100mA , maximal precharge current = 300mA

MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 1A

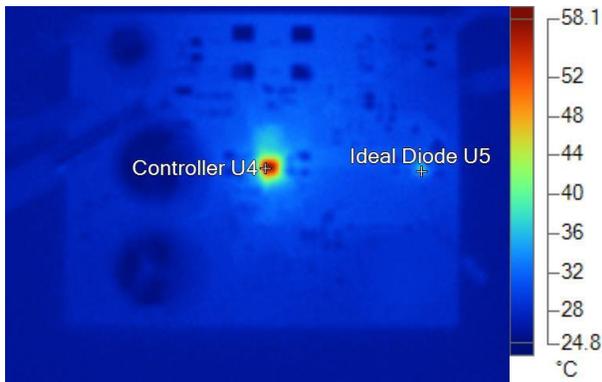


Name	Temperature
Controller U4	29.5°C
Inductor L1	30.0°C
Ideal Diode U1	35.4°C

1711_Vin=3.6V SC CHARGE 1 (300mA100mA)
 Iload=1A.is2

1.1.3 Supercap Discharge (Backup Mode)

SYS Current = 1A



Name	Temperature
Controller U4	58.1°C
Ideal Diode U5	36.9°C

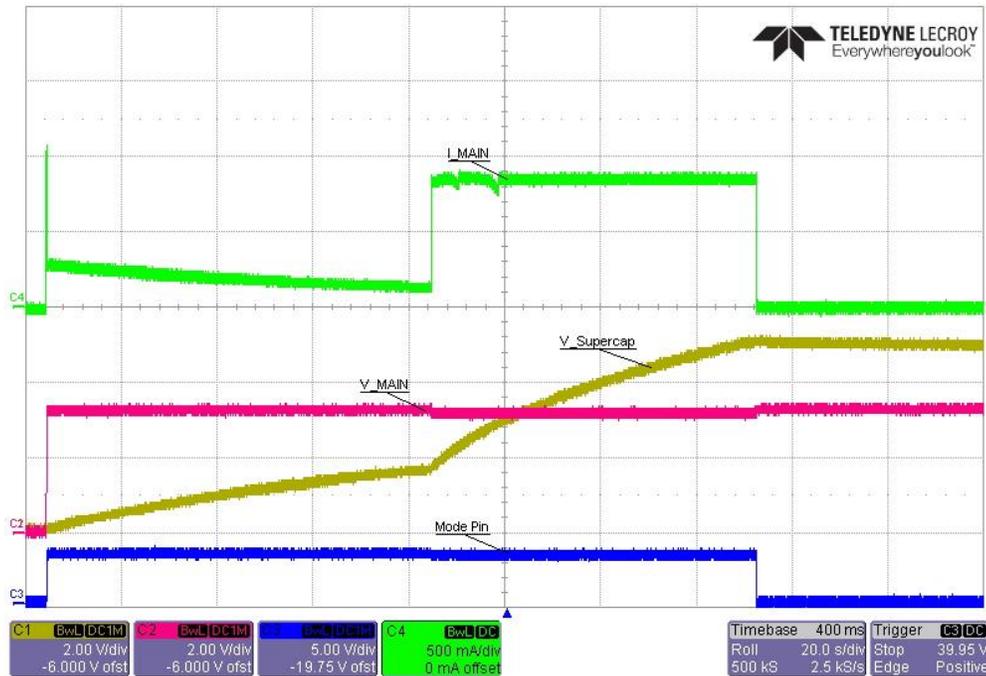
1713 Vin=0V SC DISCHARGE (Backup)
Iload=1A.is2

2 Waveforms

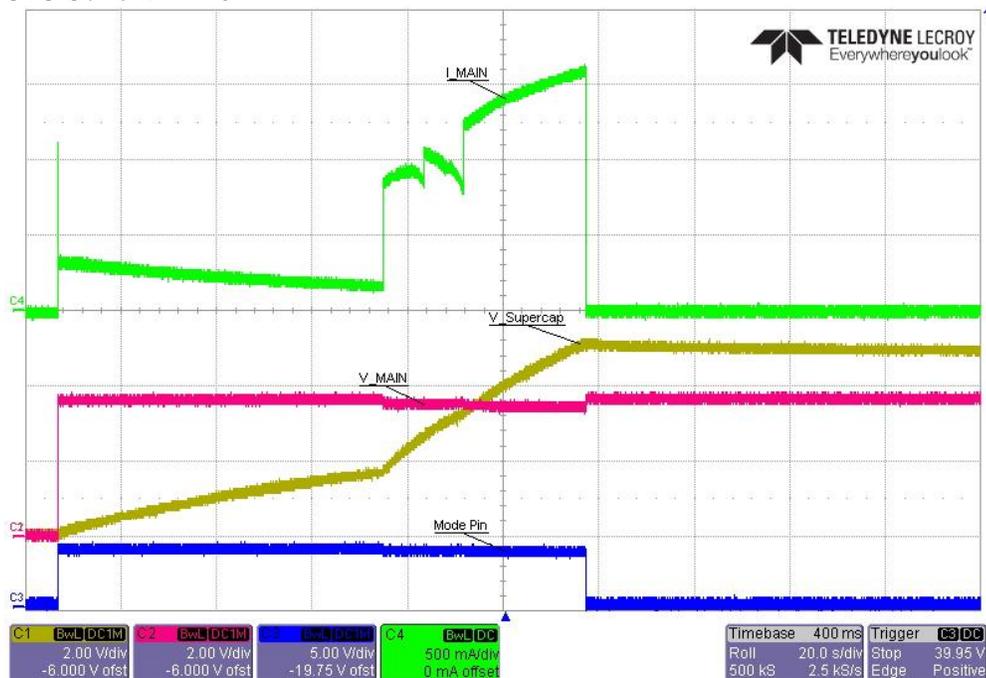
2.1 Supercap Charging

2.1.1 Supercap Charge; no input current limit (R7 = 0, R5 not populated)

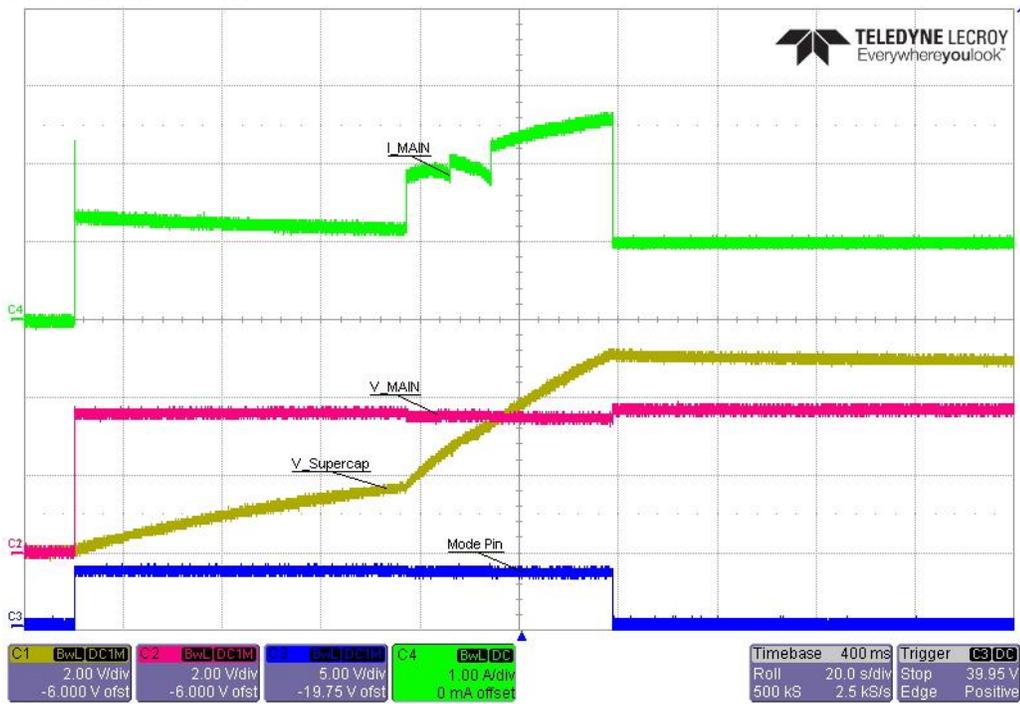
MAIN Voltage = 3.3V
 SYS Current = 0A



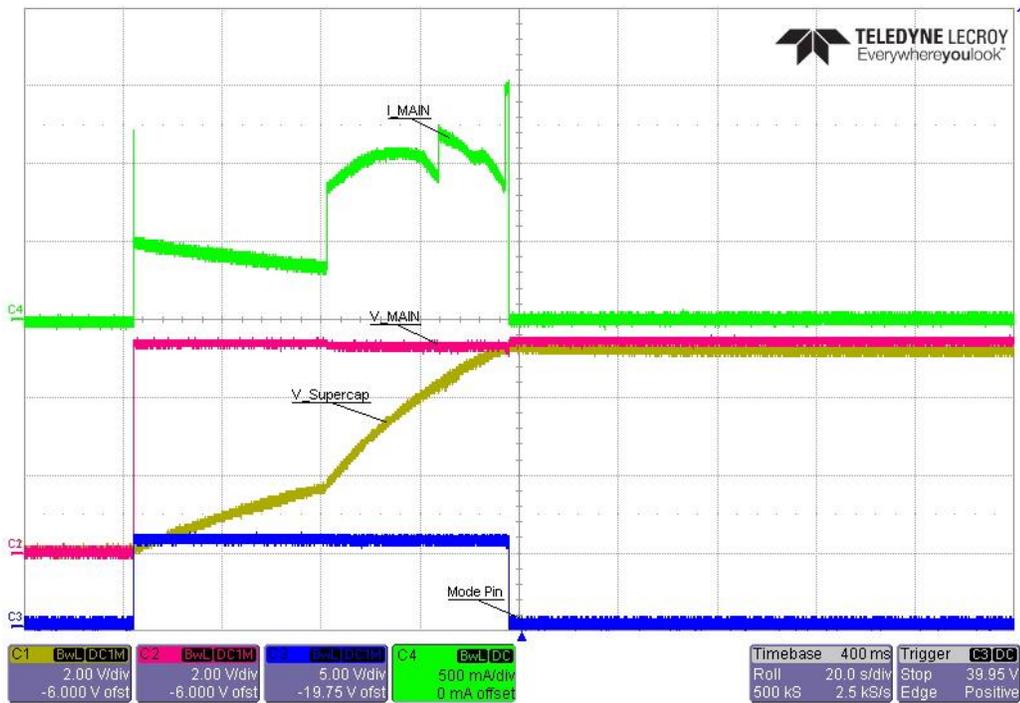
MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 0A



MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 1A

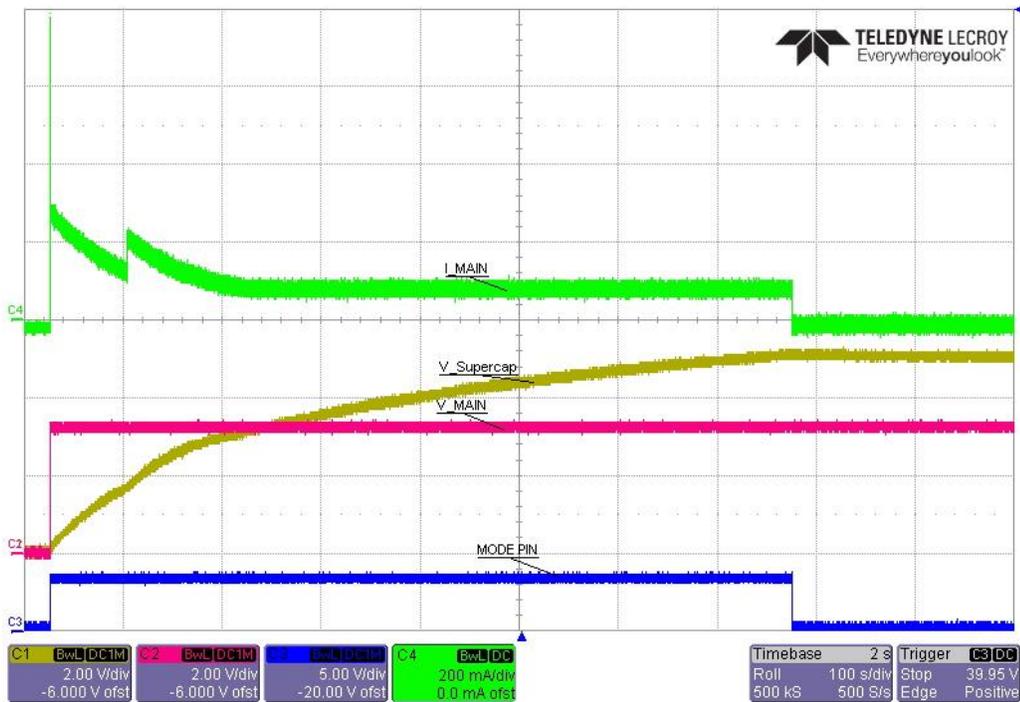


MAIN Voltage = 5.4V
 SYS Current = 0A

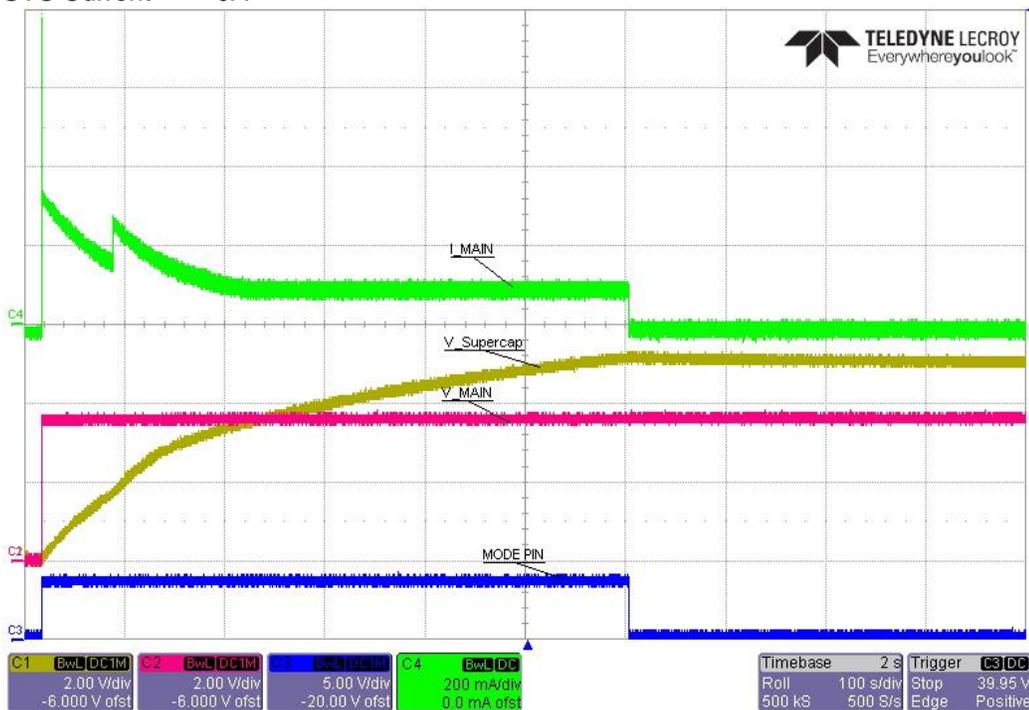


2.1.2 Supercap Charge; Input current limit Variant 1 (R7 = 68mohm, R5 = 0, R14 = R15 = R16 = 30.1ohm); Maximal charge current: 100mA , maximal precharge current = 300mA

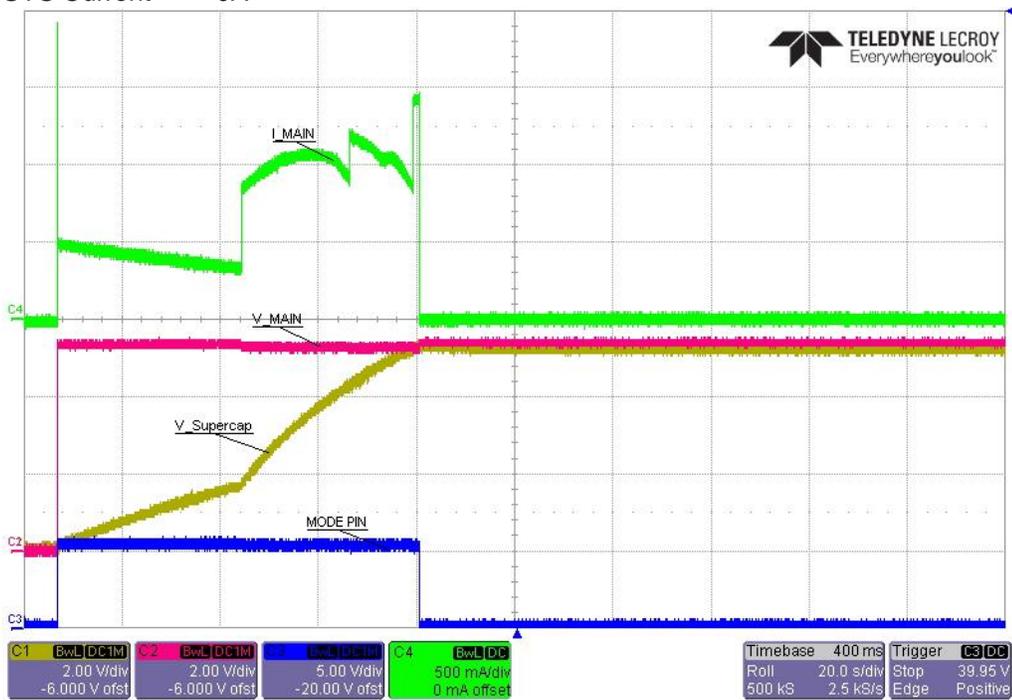
MAIN Voltage = 3.3V
 SYS Current = 0A



MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 0A

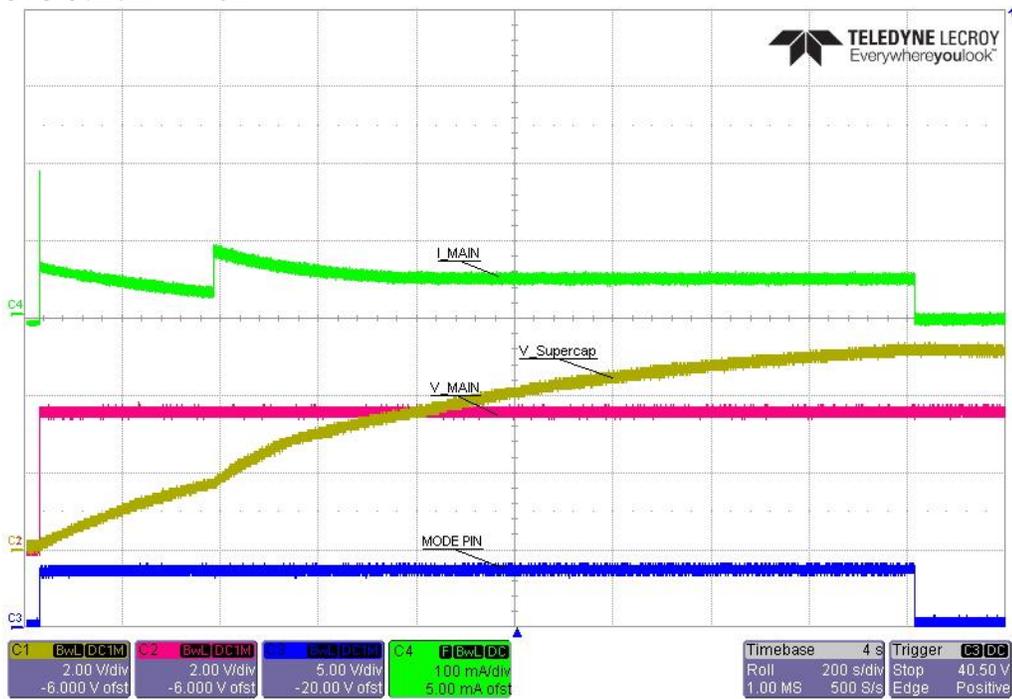


MAIN Voltage = 5.4V
 SYS Current = 0A



2.1.3 Supercap Charge; Input current limit Variant 2 (R7 = 130mohm, R5 = 0, R13 = R14 = R15 = DNP, R16=49.9ohm); Maximal charge current: 50mA , maximal precharge current = 50mA

MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 0A

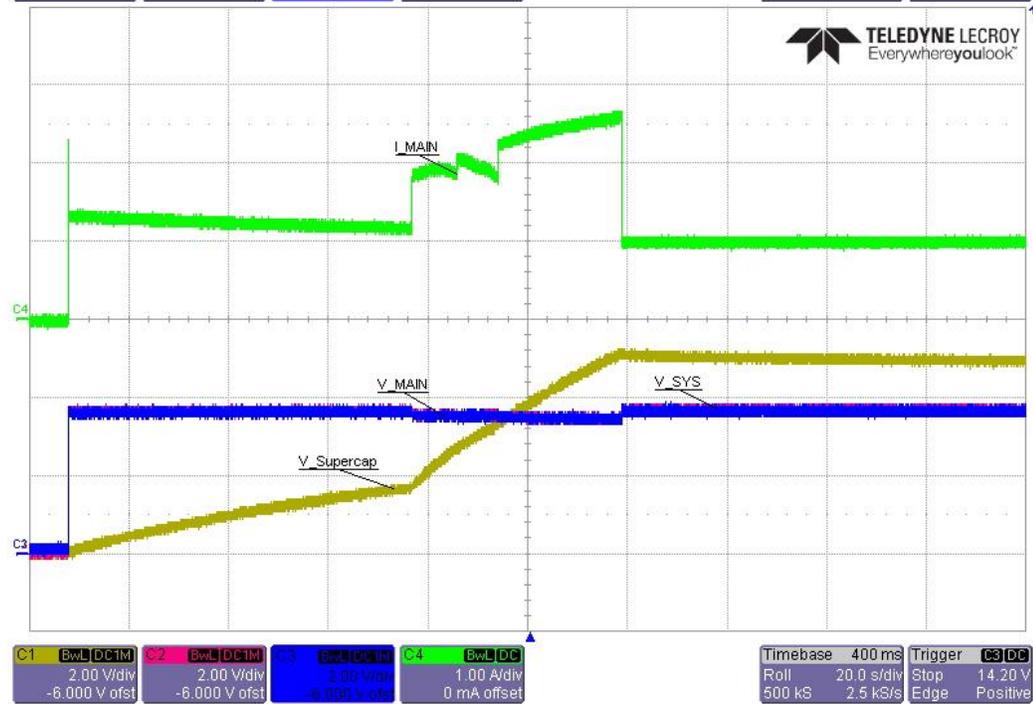
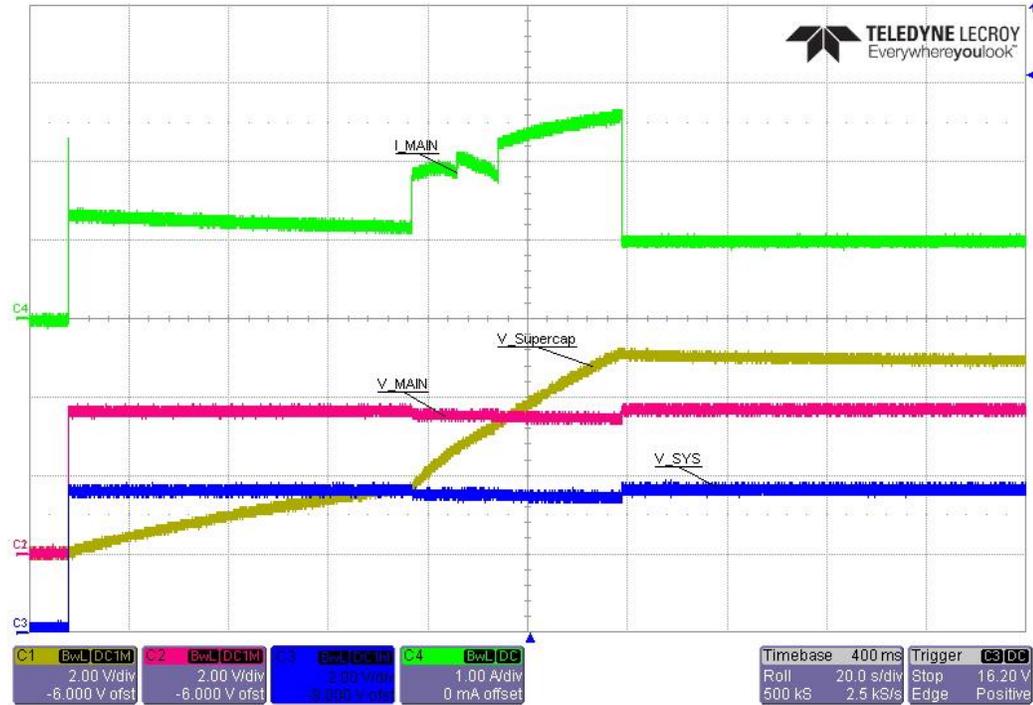


2.2 Voltage Drop input vs. output

2.2.1 Supercap Charge; no input current limit (R7 = 0, R5 not populated)

MAIN Voltage = 3.6V

SYS Current = 1A

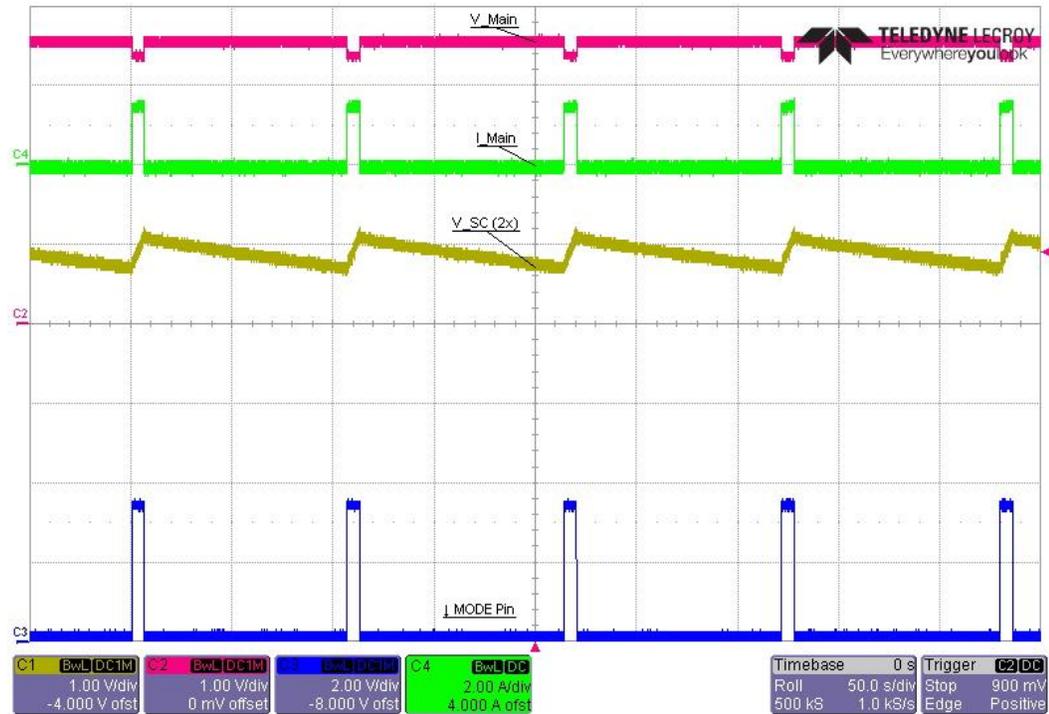


2.3 Supercap recharge cycle

2.3.1 no input current limit (R7 = 0, R5 not populated)

A supercap discharge resistor R_discharge was assembled for this measurement. The resistor was connected between the supercap voltage (V_SC (2x)) and ground. It forces a discharge of the supercaps.

MAIN Voltage = 3.6V
 SYS Current = 0A
 R_discharge = 100ohm



2.4 Supercap balancing

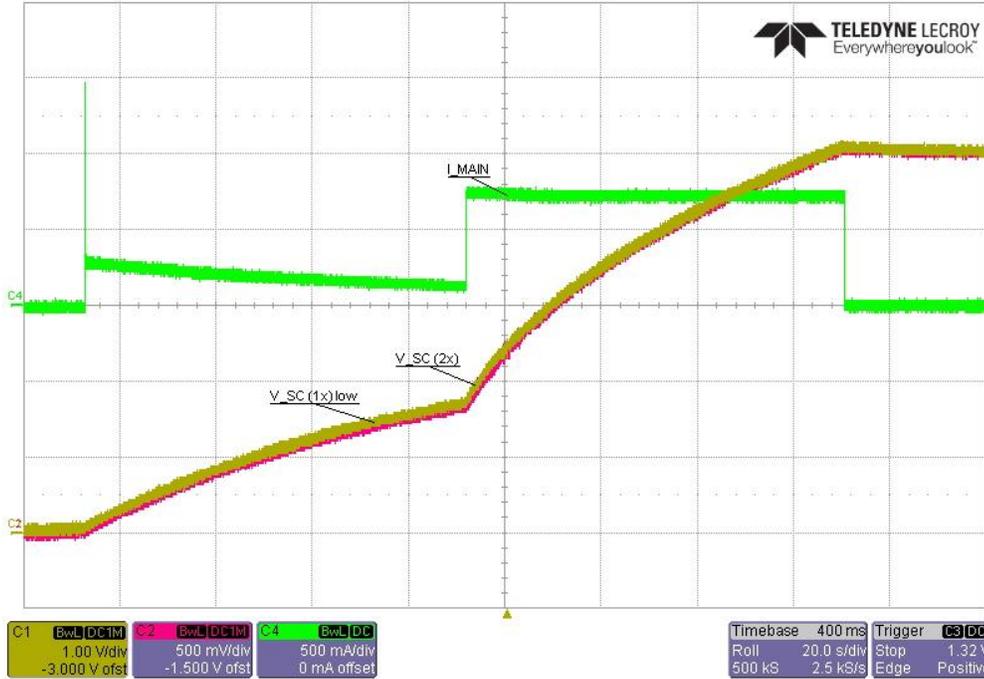
2.4.1 no input current limit (R7 = 0, R5 not populated)

C1 = voltage across capacitors C25+C17

C2 = voltage across capacitor C25

MAIN Voltage = 3.2V

SYS Current = 0A

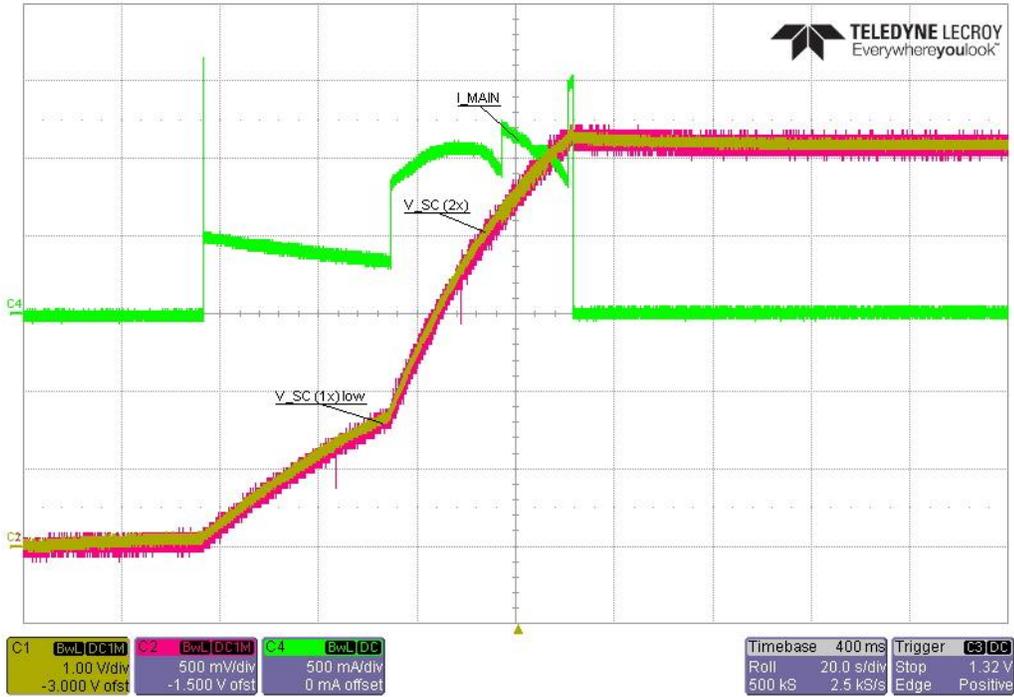


MAIN Voltage = 3.6V

SYS Current = 0A

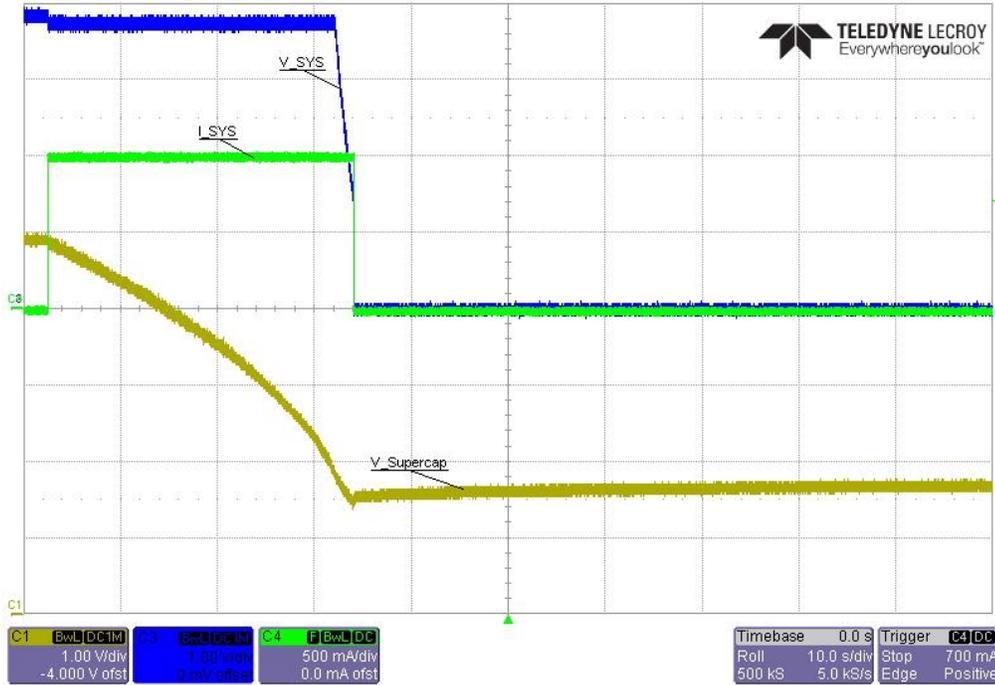


MAIN Voltage = 5.4V
 SYS Current = 0A

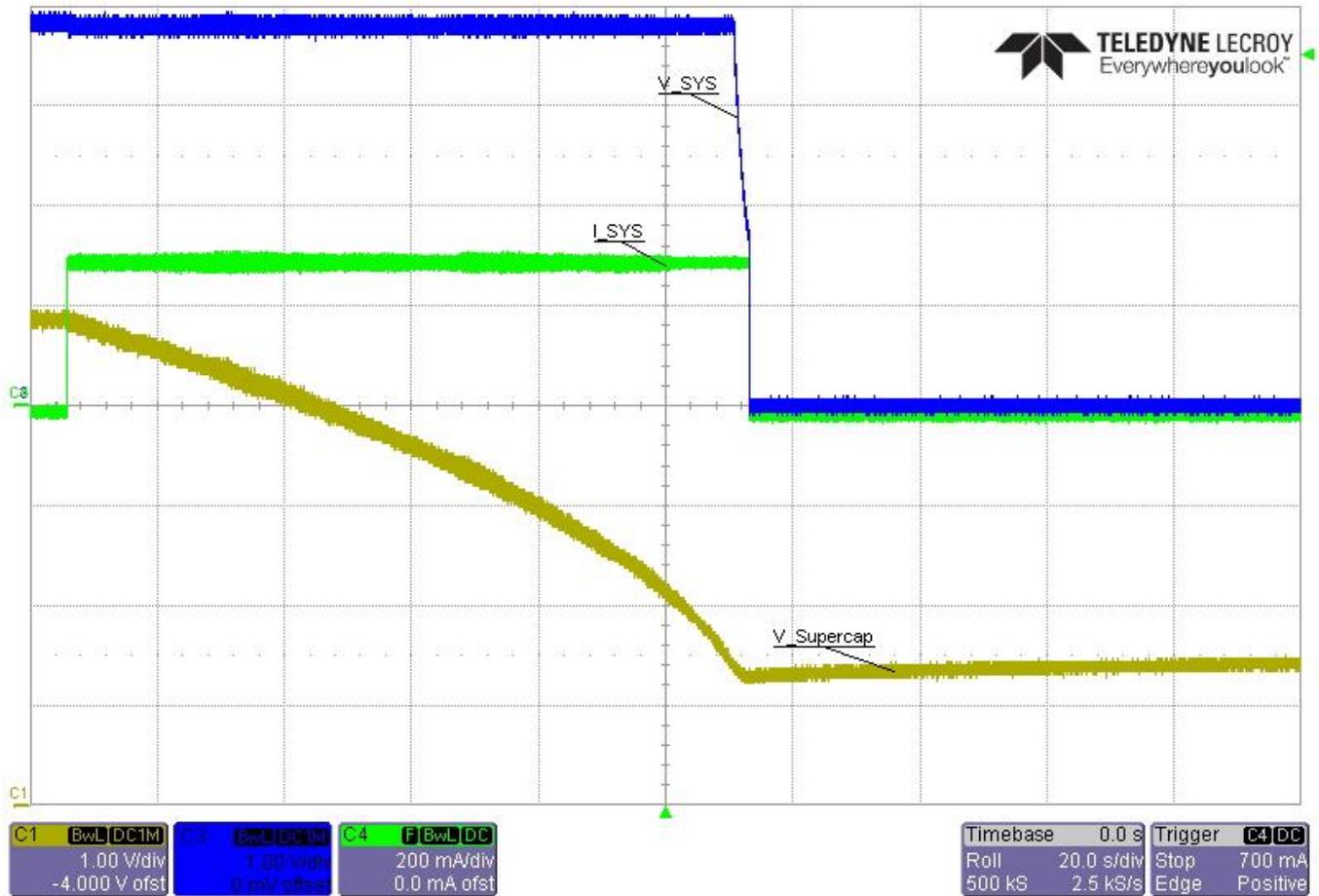


2.5 Supercap discharge time (Backup Mode)

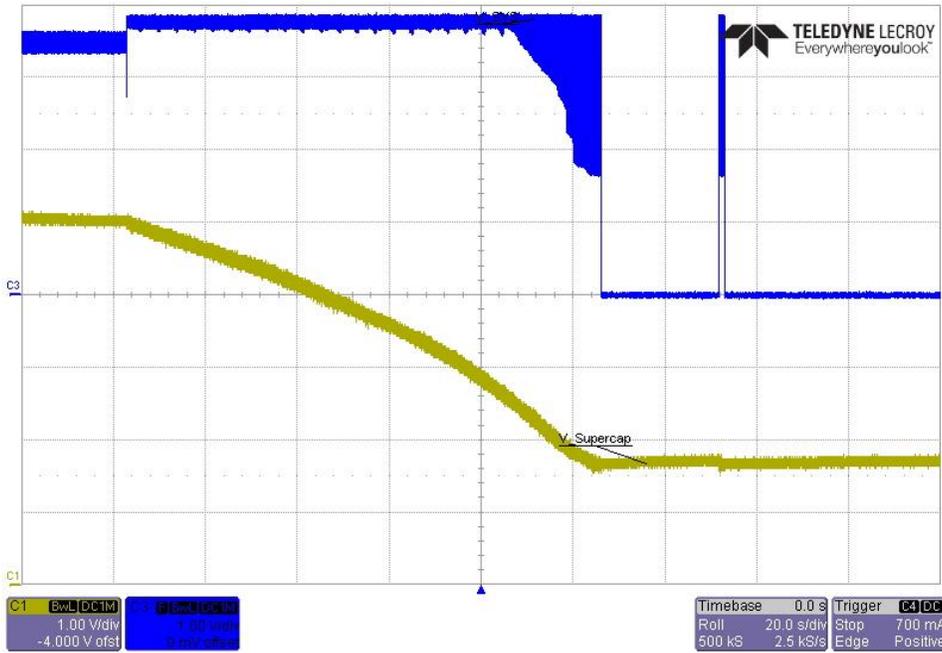
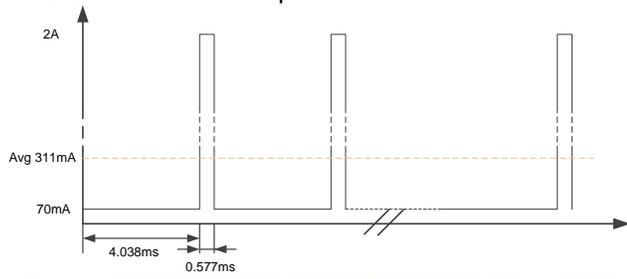
SYS Current = 1A



SYS Current = 0.3A



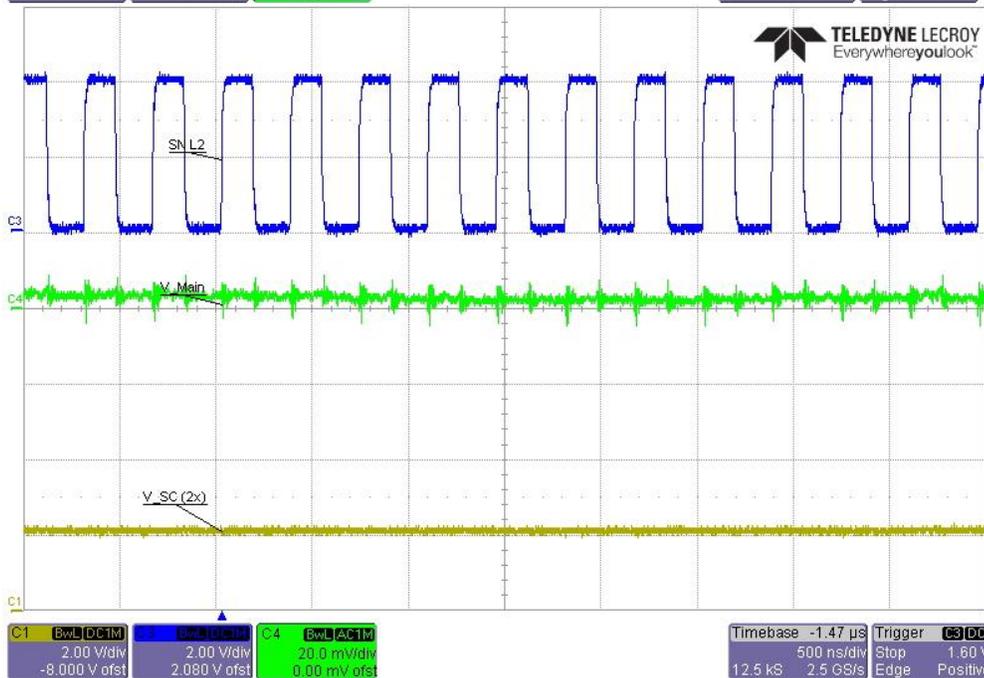
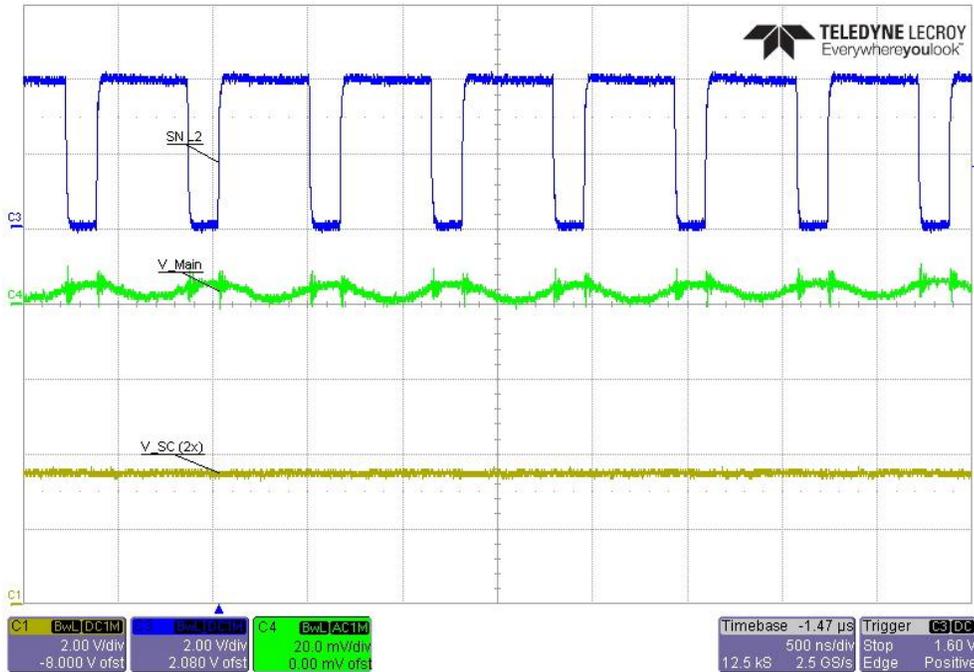
SYS Current = load profile:



2.6 Output Voltage Ripple

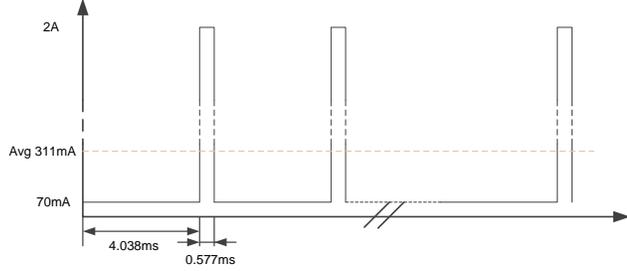
2.6.1 Backup Mode (Supercap discharge)

SYS Current = 1A

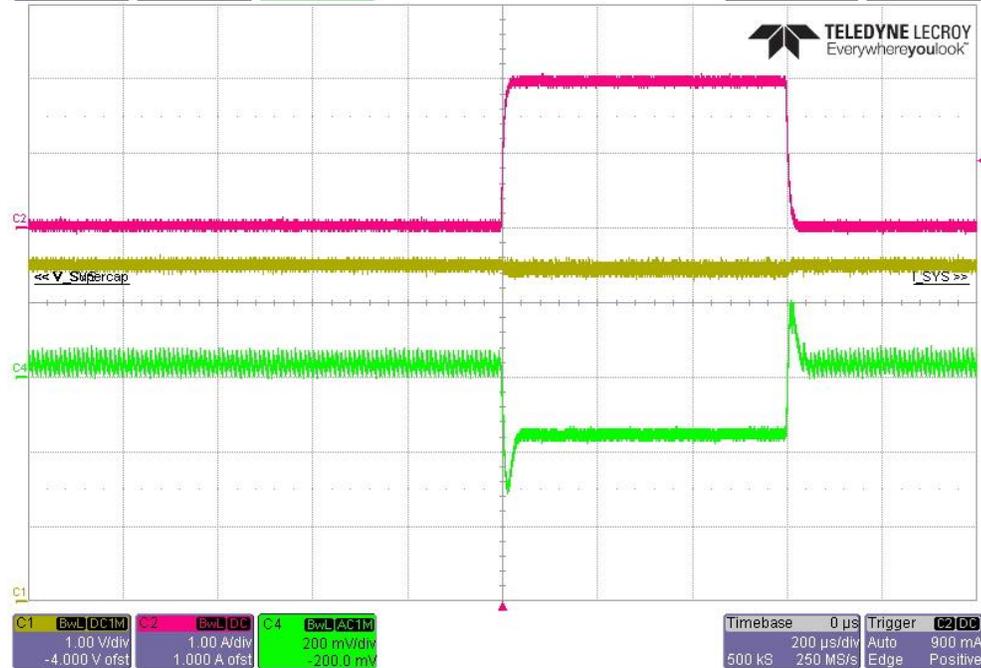
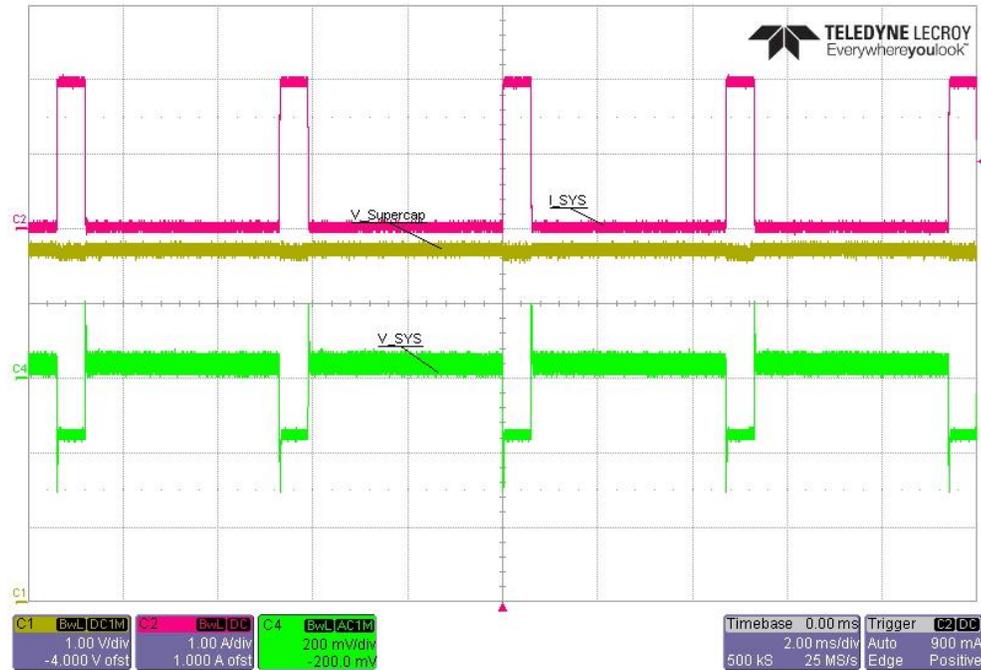


2.7 Load Transient Response

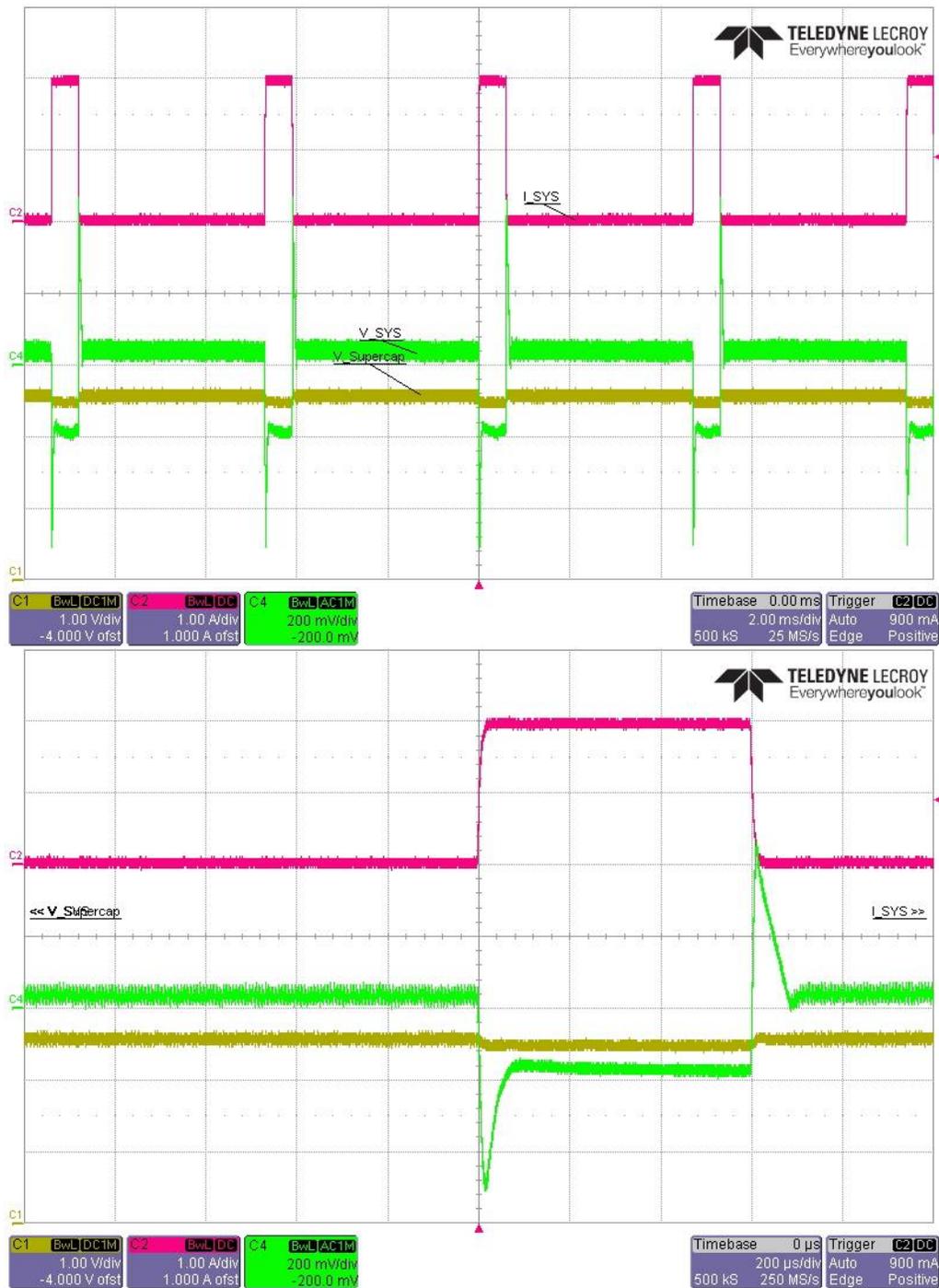
Load Profile:



2.7.1 Buck Backup Mode (Supercap Discharge)



2.7.2 Boost Backup Mode (Supercap Discharge)



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Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
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