ABSTRACT
The TSC2006 Microsoft® Windows® CE (WinCE) 6.0 touch driver has been developed with an SPI™ control interface; the code has been tested on a Samsung® SC32442 application processor. This application report discusses the TSC2006 driver, including the hardware connection between the TSC2006 and the platform, the WinCE 6.0 driver code structure, and the installation. Project collateral discussed in this application report can be downloaded from the following URL: http://www.ti.com/lit/zip/SBAA167.

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1 Introduction
The TSC2006 WinCE 6.0 driver was developed for helping users of the TSC2006 touch screen controller device from Texas Instruments to quickly set up, run, and use the device and to shorten software driver development time. The TSC2006 touch driver was coded on the standard WinCE touch device driver platform-dependent device (PDD) layer; the PDD layer was further split to have an additional processor-dependent layer (PDL) to make the TSC2006 driver easy to port into different host processors. See TI application report SLAA187 for additional details on both PDD and PDL. The driver was developed and tested using a TSC2006EVM board and the Samsung SMDK platform with an SC32442 application processor.

2 Connections
The TSC2006 device must be wired and connected to a host processor to which the device driver code is ported and executed. In developing the TSC2006 drivers for this application, the TI TSC2006EVM board and the Samsung platform with the SC32442A application processor were used.

The host processor controls the TSC2006 through an interface that consists of five digital signals:
- The four-wire SPI bus: MISO, MOSI, SS, and SCLK;
- The touch pen-down and/or data ready interrupt, PINTDAV.

See Figure 1 for the connections between the TSC2006 device and the SMDK2442 applications processor.

On the TSC2006EVM board, a connector to J2 was made in order to wire the five digital signals MISO, MOSI, SS, SCLK, and PINTDAV. For details on J2 and other aspects of the TSC2006EVM, see the TSC2006EVM User Guide.

On the Samsung SMDK2442 platform, the original touch module connected on the SMDK2442 main board was removed and replaced with the connections as shown in Figure 1. See Reference 4 and other relevant Samsung documentation for additional information about the Samsung SMDK2442 platform.
In addition to the five digital signal pins, the TSC2006 touch panel input signals, X+, X-, Y+ and Y-, are connected to the corresponding pins on the Samsung SMDK2442 touch panel, as Figure 1 indicates.

Figure 1. TSC2006 Connection to SC32442 Application Processor

3 Device Driver

Figure 2 shows the details of the TSC2006 touch device driver code file structure.

Figure 2. TSC2006 WinCE 6.0 Driver Files with SPI Control Interface

3.1 Serial Peripheral Interface

The SPI bus is the control and data bus through which the host processor sends address and control commands to the TSC2006 and reads the touch screen coordinates or other data back from the device. The SPI communication code was developed as a library and is available in the directory TSCLIB. The host configuration for the SPI is summarized in Table 1.
void HWInitSPI(BOOL InPowerHandle)
{
  int i=0,Value=0;
  // GPIO PIN Configuration //
  // enable SPI unit clock (the clock should be enabled first)
  //g_pClockRegs->CLKCON |= S3C_CLK_EN_SPI;
  //g_pClockRegs->CLKCON |= (0x1 << 18);
  // set up GPE
  g_pGPIORegs->GPEDN = (g_pGPIORegs->GPEDN & ~(7<<11))|(1<<13)|(0x1 << 11);
  g_pGPIORegs->GPECON = ((g_pGPIORegs->GPECON&0xf03fffff)
    | (0x2 << 26) //Configure GPE13=> SPICLK ,
    | (0x2 << 24) //GPE12=>SPIMOSI0
    | (0x2 << 22) ); //GPE11=>SPIMISO0 */
  // set up GPG
  g_pGPIORegs->GPGCON=((g_pGPIORegs->GPGCON&0xffffffcf)|0x10); // Master(GPIO_Output)
  g_pGPIORegs->GPGDAT &= ~(0x1<<2); // De-Activate nSS
  // SPI Module Configuration //
  //Configure Rate Prescaler Register (SPPRE0).
  g_pSPIRegs->SPPRE0 = 0x00; //if PCLK=50Mhz,SPICLK=25Mhz
  //Configure SPI CONTROL REGISTER (SPCON0)
  g_pSPIRegs->SPCON0 = (0<<6)|(0<<5) //SMOD = 00 (SPI Mode Select=Polling)
    | (1<<4) //ENSCK = 1 (Enable SPI Clock)
    | (1<<3) //MSTR = 1 (Master Mode)
    | (0<<2) //CPOL = 0 (Clock Polarity Select )
    | (1<<1) //CPHA=0 (Clock Phase Select )
    | (0<<0); //TAGD=0 (normal)*??????*
  //SPI PIN CONTROL REGISTER (SPPIN0)
  g_pSPIRegs->SPPIN0 = (0<<2)
  //ENMUL = 0 (Disable Multi Master error detect )
  //Writing 0xff 10 times
  for(i=0;i<10;i++)
  {
    while(!(g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1)); //Check for Rx Ready
    g_pSPIRegs->SPTDAT0=0xff;
    Value=g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0;
    HWSPIMWait(1);
  }
  HWStopFrame();
  return;
}

Table 1. Host Configuration for SPI

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signal/Input</th>
<th>GPIO Pin</th>
<th>SPI Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GPE13</td>
<td>SPI CLK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>GPE12</td>
<td>SPI MOSI0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>GPE11</td>
<td>SPI MOSO0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>GPG2</td>
<td>SS_SPI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On the hardware side, there are four TSC2006 SPI bus pins. On the software side, the Samsung SC32442, SPI, and clock management control registers are set up to communicate with the TSC2006 through the SPI. This setup is implemented at the routine, HWInitSPI(). This method also includes the configuration of the TSC2006 configuration registers and the initialization routine for the TSC2006. The routine HWInitSPI() is available in the file S2442SPICComm.C.
TSC device-specific initialization is present in the TSC2006SPI.C routine. Here is a snippet of the initialization code.

```c
/// Function: BOOL InitSPI(BOOL bInPowerHandler)
/// Purpose: Initialize Processor for SPI Interface.
///
BOOL InitSPI(BOOL bInPowerHandler)
{
    int i=0,Value=0,V[3];
    // Allocate SPI Control Resources.
    if (!HWAllocateSPIResources( ))
        return(FALSE);
    // Setup SPI Interface at Host
    HWInitSPI(bInPowerHandler);
    // Software Reset
    HWSPICConvertFunction(CON_FN_SW_RESET);
    HWSPICConvertFunction(CON_FN_STOP);
    if(TSC_Controlled_Mode == 1 )
    {
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE|CFR0_ADDR,
                    (CFR0_TSC_CONV | CFR0_STS_NRML |CFR0_RM_12BIT | CFR0_CLK_2MHz |
                     CFR0_PVS_5mS| CFR0_PRE_1044|CFR0_SNS_2080| CFR0_LSM_ON),
                    0); //Configure CFR0
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE|CFR1_ADDR, (CFR1_BTD_2mS),0);//Configure CFR1
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE|CFR2_ADDR,
                    (CFR2_DAV1 | CFR2_ZONE_DIS | CFR2_MAVE_DIS),
                    0); //Configure CFR2
        // PSM=1 start conversion function 0001 (read xy ).
        HWSPICConvertFunction(CON_FN_12_BIT | XY_SCAN_FN);
    } else
    {
        //Configure CFR0 Register
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE | CFR0_ADDR,
                    (CFR0_HOST_CONV| CFR0_STS_NRML |CFR0_RM_12BIT | CFR0_CLK_2MHz |
                     CFR0_PVS_1mS | CFR0_DTW_ON), 0);
        //Configure CFR1 Register
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE | CFR1_ADDR, CFR1_BTD_2mS, 0);
        //Configure CFR2 Register
        HWSPICWrite(CTRL_BYTE_WRITE | CFR2_ADDR, (CFR2_PENIRQ | CFR2_MAVE_XYZ), 0);
        return(TRUE);
    }
```

Two other important SPI interface routines are the HWSPICWrite( ) and HWSPICRead( ). These routines allow the S3C2442 to control the TSC2006, performing touch data acquisition and reading the data back from the TSC2006. The complete SPI write and read transmission routines are defined in the TSC2006 product data sheet (Reference 1).
/// Function: HWSPIWrite Routine
/// Purpose: This routine allows the SMDK2442 to write to TSC2006
/// control register(s) using SPI bus.
///
/// BOOL HWSPIWrite(UINT8 CtrlByte, UINT16 RegValue, BOOL InPowerHandle)
{  
    UINT8 TxByte, MSB, LSB, i;  
    UINT16 temp;  
    if (!InPowerHandle)  
    {  
        HWStartFrame();  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Send the Register Address  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPTDAT0=CtrlByte;  
        Delay(10);  
        temp   = RegValue >> 8   ;  
        MSB    = (UINT8) temp;  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Send the MSB  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPTDAT0=MSB;  
        Delay(10);  
        LSB    = 0x00; //clear the variable  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Send the LSB  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPTDAT0=LSB;  
        HWStopFrame();  
    }  
    return (TRUE);  
}  

///////
// Function: HWSPIRead Routine
// Purpose: This routine allows the SMDK2442 to read from TSC2006
// control register(s) using SPI bus.
///////
UINT16 HWSPIRead(UINT8 CtrlByte,BOOL InPowerHandle)
{  
    UINT8 MSB, LSB, Dummy;  
    UINT16 finalValue;  
    if (!InPowerHandle)  
    {  
        HWStartFrame();  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Send the Control Byte to read the register  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPTDAT0=CtrlByte;  
        Delay(1);  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Read Dummy data  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0=0x00;  
        Dummy=g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0;  
        Delay(1);  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Read LSB  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0=0x00;  
        MSB=g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0;  
        Delay(1);  
        while(!((g_pSPIRegs->SPSTA0 & 0x1))); //Read LSB  
        g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0=0x00;  
        LSB=g_pSPIRegs->SPRDAT0;  
        Delay(1);  
        finalValue= (UINT16) MSB<<8;  
        finalValue |= (UINT16) LSB;  
        HWStopFrame();  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        RETAILMSG(DebugMsg, (TEXT("HW Tx Error...\r\n")));  
        return(FALSE);  
    }  
}
3.2 Touch Screen Driver

In the Samsung SMDK2442 system, the interrupt PINTDAV pin has been connected to the external interrupt EINT22, where the PINTDAV is fed to the S3C2442 GPG14 (J2.2) pin. The touch device driver is in the directory TOUCH, developed on the PDD layer of the standard touch screen device driver structure.

In the TSC2006 touch driver, the TSC2006 PINTDAV is enabled to detect any touch on the screen. PINTDAV triggers the DdsiTouchPanelGetPoint() routine on the PDD layer whenever PINTDAV becomes active, as shown here:

```c
void DdsiTouchPanelGetPoint(TOUCH_PANEL_SAMPLE_FLAGS *pTipStateFlags, INT *pUncalX, INT *pUncalY)
{
    static INT PrevX=0;
    static INT PrevY=0;
    static bool fPenDown = TRUE;
    if(g_pIORegs->EINTPEND & (1<<22))
    {
        g_pIORegs->EINTPEND = (1<<22);
        fPenDown = TRUE;
    }
    else
        fPenDown = FALSE;
    if (g_pINTregs->INTMSK & (1<<IRQ_TIMER3))
    {
        if(fPenDown)
        {
            if (!GetCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY))
            *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleIgnore;
            else
            {
                TransCoordinate(&PrevX, &PrevY);
                *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleValidFlag | TouchSampleDownFlag;
                *pUncalX = PrevX;
                *pUncalY = PrevY;
                TouchTimerStart();
            }
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouchChanged);
        }
        else
        {
            *pTipStateFlags = TouchSampleValidFlag;
            *pUncalX = PrevX;
            *pUncalY = PrevY;
            g_pIORegs->EINTPEND = (1<<22);
            g_pIORegs->EINTMASK &= ~(1<<22);
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouch);
            InterruptDone(gIntrTouchChanged);
        }
    }
}
```
4 Installation

This section presents the installation steps required to run the TSC2006 WinCE 6.0 drivers on the Samsung SMDK2442 platform. The SC32442 application processor BSP can be obtained from Samsung and should be installed. After the application processor BSP installation, it will be located on your PC in a standard location within the WinCE directory; for example, at C:\WinCE600\PLATFORM\ as SMDK2442.

To install the TSC2006 WinCE 6.0 driver into one of the SMDK2442 workspace, execute the following steps.

4.1 Step 1: Copy

Copy the following files and directories:

1. Copy all files inside TSC2006WinCE6Driver\INC\ into this directory:
   C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\INC\n
2. Copy TSC2006WinCE6Driver\Intr\intr.c file to this location:
   C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\Common\Intr\n
3. Copy the directories TSCLIB and TOUCH into:
   C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\DRIVERS\n
4.2 Step 2: Open

This step, in the Microsoft Visual Studio® 2005 Platform Builder IDE for CE 6.0, opens a new or existing SMDK2442 workspace. This procedure is ignored here.

4.3 Step 3: Modify

This step modifies the building device drivers to include the TI TSC2006 drivers.

1. Open the dirs file in the directory:
   C:\WINCE600\PLATFORM\SMDK2442\SRC\DRIVERS\n
2. Add in the TSCLIB just before the TOUCH.

   For example, the dirs file could be:
   
   DIRS=
   ceddk\n   keybd\n   PowerButton\n   pccard\n   serial\n   nleddrvr\n   BattDrv\n   cs8900\n   Display\n   Backlight\n   TSCLIB\n   Touch
4.4 Step 4: Update

This step updates the hardware-specific files so that the operating system will use the TSC2006 device drivers.

1. Open the existing platform.reg file from the parameter files section under the SMDK2442 in the PLATFORM window of the workspace.

2. Edit the platform.reg file such as to delete the old Touch.dll file, and to add in the TSC2006 Touch Screen Controller:

```plaintext
;*******************************************************************
;CESYSGEN IF CE_MODULES_POINTER
IF BSP_NOTOUCH !
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\HARDWARE\DEVICEMAP\TOUCH]
"DriverName"="touch.dll"
"MaxCalError"=dword:10
portrait
"CalibrationData"="491,632 115,124 110,1136 848,1136 852,132 "
ENDIF BSP_NOTOUCH !
;CESYSGEN ENDIF CE_MODULES_POINTER
;*******************************************************************
```

3. Save and close the updated platform.reg file.

4. Similarly, edit the platform.bib file, located in the same path as the platform.reg file, by replacing the existing entry of the touch related .dll files into the NK.bin image with the following entry in the platform.bib file:

```plaintext
;*******************************************************************
;CESYSGEN IF CE_MODULES_POINTER
IF BSP_NOTOUCH !
touch.dll $(FLATRELEASEDIR)\touch.dll NK SHK
ENDIF BSP_NOTOUCH !
;CESYSGEN ENDIF CE_MODULES_POINTER
;*******************************************************************
```

5. Save and close the updated platform.bib file.

5 References

The following documents are available for download through the Texas Instruments web site (www.ti.com), except where noted.

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