ABSTRACT

Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) gateways integrate numerous subsystems in a very small space. Though the HVAC gateways differ in style and functionality, they share similar digital interfacing challenges, such as communicating with different wireless modules. All of the use cases shown in the Block Diagram and Logic and Translation Use Cases sections of this document are commonly seen in HVAC gateway designs.

Logic gates, voltage translators, and other logic devices are utilized for many purposes throughout modern electronic systems. This document provides example solutions for common design challenges that can be solved using logic and translation. Not all of the solutions here appear in every system; however, all solutions shown are commonly used and effective.

There are dozens of logic families available from Texas Instruments, and it can be difficult to select the right one for the application. HVAC gateways vary in features, but the key design parameters remain the same making it easier to identify an appropriate family for this application. See Section 4 for help finding the right logic family for the use case.

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Trademarks

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For the purpose of this report, a simplified HVAC gateway system block diagram is used to illustrate the logic and translation use cases, see Figure 1. For a more complete view, see the interactive online end equipment reference diagram for HVAC gateway.
2 Optimizing Communication with Wireless Interfaces

It is common for HVAC gateways to utilize wireless interfaces such as Wi-Fi®, ZigBee®, or Bluetooth® to connect to a local network. In many designs, the simplest method to achieve this is to utilize pre-built and pre-approved modules. These modules often have limited voltage operation ranges, and to support their usage, voltage-level shifters are typically required between the extremely low power processor, often operating as low as 1.2 V, and the wireless module, commonly operating at 3.3 V.

The most common communication protocols used between the processor and wireless interface are secure digital input output (SDIO) and universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter (UART). Each is addressed specifically in the following sections.

2.1 SDIO Voltage Translation

![Figure 2. Using Voltage Translation with an SD Card Communication Bus](image)

- Enable communication when devices have mismatched logic voltage levels.
- Improve data rates over discrete translation solutions.
- Protect controller while SD Card is not connected.
- Find the right voltage level translator through the online parametric search tool.

2.2 UART Voltage Translation

![Figure 3. Using Voltage Translation with an SPI-Communication Bus](image)

- Enable communication when devices have mismatched logic voltage levels.
- Prevent damage to devices that cannot support higher voltage inputs.
- Improve data rates over discrete translation solutions.
- Provide protection from disconnected peripherals.
- Find the right voltage level translator through the online parametric search tool.
3 Logic and Translation Use Cases

3.1 Logic Use Cases

3.1.1 Drive Indicator LEDs

![Diagram of Logic as Indicator LED Driver Application Examples]

Figure 4. Using Logic as Indicator LED Driver Application Examples

- Add system indicators without controller interaction required.
- Most logic gates can drive low-current indicator LEDs (1 to 25 mA).
- Logic functions add configurability.
- Disable indicator LEDs as desired.
- Find the right logic solutions through the online parametric search tool.

3.1.2 Power Sequencing: Combine Power Good Signals

![Diagram of Power Sequencing: Combine Power Good Signals]

Figure 5. Using Logic to Combine Multiple Power-Good Signals

- Combine power good signals to drive an active low reset.
- Add power indicator LEDs without software or system controller interaction.
- See more about this use case in the Logic Minute video Combining Power Good Signals.
- Find the right AND gate through the online parametric search tool.
3.1.3 Debounce Switches and Buttons

![Debounce Switch Diagram]

**Figure 6. Using Logic to Prevent Multiple Triggers of a CMOS Input Due to Switch Bounce**

- Prevents multiple triggers of CMOS inputs due to switch bounce.
- Works when the system controller is asleep.
- Works without a system controller.
- Reduces controller code complexity, no software debounce required.
- See more about this use case in the Logic Minute video *Debounce a Switch*.
- Find the right Schmitt-trigger buffer through the online parametric search tool.

3.1.4 Tamper Detection: Latching Alarm Circuit with Reset

![Tamper Switch Diagram]

**Figure 7. Using Logic to Monitor a Normally Closed (NC) Tamper Switch**

- Flags any tampering
- Extremely low power
- Works while the controller sleeps.
- Can be used without a controller.
- See more about this use case in the Logic Minute video *Using an S-R Latch in Alarm Circuity*.
- Find the right NOR or NAND gate through the online parametric search tool.

**Figure 8. Using Logic to Monitor a Normally Open (NO) Tamper Switch**
3.2 Voltage Translation Use Cases

3.2.1 SPI Communication

Enable communication when devices have mismatched logic voltage levels.
Prevent damage to devices that cannot support higher voltage inputs.
Improve data rates over discrete translation solutions.
Provide protection from disconnected peripherals.
Find the right voltage level translator through the online parametric search tool.

Figure 9. Using Voltage Translation with an SPI-Communication Bus

3.2.2 SD Card Communication

Enable communication when devices have mismatched logic voltage levels.
Prevent damage to devices that cannot support higher voltage inputs.
Improve data rates over discrete translation solutions.
Protect controller while SD Card is not connected.
Find the right voltage level translator through the online parametric search tool.

Figure 10. Using Voltage Translation with an SD Card Communication Bus
4  Recommended Logic and Translation Families for HVAC Gateways

4.1  **AUP: Advanced Ultra-low-Power CMOS Logic and Translation**

Key Features: **SN74AUPxGxxxx**
- Low static- and dynamic-power consumption
- Wide $V_{CC}$ operating range: 0.8 to 3.6 V
- Input hysteresis allows for slow input transition rate
- Best in class for speed-power optimization
- $I_{off}$ spec for partial power down support

Packaging Options:
- DSBGA
- SC70
- SM8
- SON
- SOT, SOT-23
- UQFN
- US8
- X2SON

Key Features: **SN74AUPxTxxxx**
- Low static- and dynamic-power consumption
- 1.65-V to 3.6-V translation range
- Best in class for speed-power optimization
- $I_{off}$ spec for partial power down support

Find the right AUP family logic and voltage level translation devices through the [online parametric search tool](https://www.ti.com).  

4.2  **AXC: Advanced eXtremely low-voltage CMOS Translation**

Key Features
- Up and down translation across 0.65 V to 3.6 V
- Designed with glitch suppression circuitry to improve power sequencing performance
- Maximum quiescent current ($I_{CCA} + I_{CCB}$) as low as 6 µA (85°C maximum) and 14 µA (125°C maximum)
- Up to 500-Mbps support when translating from 1.8 V to 3.3 V
- $V_{CC}$ isolation feature – If either $V_{CC}$ input is below 100 mV, all I/Os outputs are disabled and become high impedance
- $I_{off}$ supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Operating temperature: –40°C to 125°C

Packaging Options:
- SC70
- SM8
- SON
- SOT, SOT-23
- UQFN
- US8
- X2SON

Find the right AXC family voltage level translation devices through the [online parametric search tool](https://www.ti.com).
4.3 **LVC: Low-Voltage CMOS Logic and Translation**

Key Features: SN74LVCxxxx
- Huge portfolio of logic functions
- LVC: 4+ channels per package
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs allow unidirectional down-translation with any function
- High-drive outputs (up to 32 mA)
- Up to 250-Mbps operation
- \( I_{\text{off}} \) supports partial-power-down mode operation.
- Packaging Options:
  - SOIC
  - TSSOP
  - VQFN
  - SOP
  - SSOP

Key Features: SN74LVCxGxxxx
- Put one, two, or three channels of any logic function right where they are needed
- Configurable gates available ('57, '58, '97, '98, '99 functions)
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs allow unidirectional down-translation with any gate or buffer
- High-drive outputs (up to 32 mA)
- Up to 250-Mbps operation
- \( I_{\text{off}} \) supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Packaging Options:
  - SOT-23
  - SC70
  - X2SON
  - SOT-5X3
  - SON
  - DSBGA

Key Features: SN74LVCxTxxxx
- LVCxT: Up and down translation across 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- 1, 2, 8, or 16 channels per device
- High-drive outputs (up to 32 mA)
- Up to 250-Mbps operation
- \( I_{\text{off}} \) supports partial-power-down mode operation

Find the right LVC family logic and voltage level translation devices through the [online parametric search tool](https://www.ti.com).

**Revision History**

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

**Changes from Original (December 2019) to A Revision**

- Changed every occurrence of smart thermostat to HVAC gateway in Section 1. .................................................. 2
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