How to Isolate Signal and Power in Isolated CAN Systems

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Introduction:

With the increase in the usage of signal isolation in many industrial and automotive applications, the need for isolated power has also increased. The benefits of isolation are lost if the power supplies on either side of the isolation barrier are simply shorted. At the same time, if the isolated power sub-systems are not designed carefully, it affects the overall system performance like temperature rise due to poor power transfer efficiency, data corruption due to emissions, and so on. To simplify the design process of isolated CAN sub-systems, this document provides various options (discrete and integrated) to isolate CAN signals and power.

Discrete implementation of isolated power:

Figure 1 shows an example of a discrete isolated signal and power solution for an isolated CAN subsystem. The isolated CAN functionality is achieved using a digital isolator ISO7721, which provides one channel in each direction for transmit (TXD) and receive (RXD) signals, and TCAN1042H, a fault protected CAN transceiver with flexible data-rate.

The SN6501 device is a push-pull transformer driver that can be used in conjunction with an external transformer, rectifier diodes and an LDO to generate the isolated power supply. Depending on the regulation needed, the LDO can be optional. For transformer driver currents up to 350 mA on the primary side of the transformer, the SN6501 would suffice. If the driver current needs to be larger, the SN6505A or SN6505B with 1A drive current may be more suitable.

By replacing the discrete isolator and CAN from Figure 1 with an isolated CAN device allows for a simplified signal chain as depicted in Figure 2. The isolated power solution is the same as the previous discrete implementation. The isolated CAN ISO1042 device in this design reduces the device count by one, improves the loop time and provides high levels of protection. This solution has all of the benefits of the previous discrete solution but with no additional drawbacks.

If there are multiple isolated CAN devices in the system powered from the same isolated power supply, this architecture makes the signal chain section compact as output of the LDO can be used to power all the isolated CAN devices. TIDA-01255 is a detailed reference design for the discrete implementation, that is applicable to automotive and industrial CAN systems.

Advantages of this solution:

- Higher power transfer efficiency (~ 70-80%) due to use of external transformer.
- Emissions can be minimized by lower switching frequencies of the transformer drivers.
- Flexibility of using any CAN transceiver or digital isolator or single chip isolated CAN.
- Isolated power supply has ability to provide current for multiple isolated CAN transceivers.

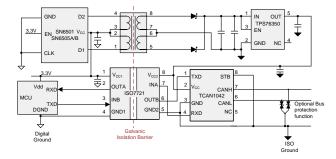


Figure 1. Discrete implementation of Isolated CAN sub-system

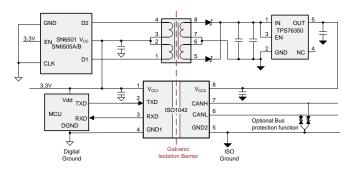


Figure 2. Discrete implementation of Isolated CAN sub-system with Isolated CAN transceiver



Drawbacks of this solution:

- Larger board space due to discrete components.
- Transformers are bulky and require more height, which restricts closer stacking of boards.
- Every isolation component needs to be certified individually.

Isolated CAN with integrated isolated power:

The same functionality of isolated CAN and power can be achieved with a two chip solution: a single device that integrates all the isolation functionality and a CAN transceiver. Figure 3 shows this implementation with ISOW7821, a 2 channel isolated data and power device along with the CAN transceiver TCAN1042H.

The integration of the transformer inside the ISOW7821 chip saves space not only in the X and Y dimension, but also in the Z (height) dimension. Additionally if the ISOW7821 device is placed on one side of the board and the CAN device is placed on the other side, it helps in further optimizing board space. For a more detailed design, refer the isolated CAN module with integrated power reference design TIDA-00893.

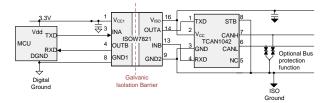


Figure 3. Integrated implementation of Isolated CAN sub-system

· Advantages of this solution:

- Compact solution, including lower height of the solution.
- Ease of certification and design due to only one isolated component.
- Reduces the burden of finding a suitably rated transformer.
- Flexibility of using any CAN transceiver.

· Drawbacks of this solution:

- Power transfer efficiency is limited to 50% due to the on-chip transformers.
- Since the transformer is integrated, the emissions are generally higher than discrete implementation due to higher switching frequencies. These can be addressed with

- stitching capacitors and good board layout. More details on reducing emissions can be found in this application note.
- Current capability of the isolation device determines the number of CAN transceivers that can be driven.

Special case

There could be instances when 3.3 V or 5 V is not readily available to power up the primary side in either the discrete or the integrated isolated power implementations. For ex. PLC applications may have a 24 V supply while automotive applications may have a 12 V battery. In these cases a suitable LDO can be added before the transformer driver SN650x as shown in Figure 4 to step down the voltage to the 5 V levels needed by the transformer driver. The transformer is driven by the high voltage power supply and the turns ratio is chosen to provide 5 V on the secondary side to power the isolated CAN. Since the transformer center tap is connected to higher voltage than the SN650x ratings, high voltage FETs are used to protect the outputs D1, D2 of the transformer drivers. Care must be taken to size the FETs to keep the Rds on as low as possible to reduce loss of efficiency.

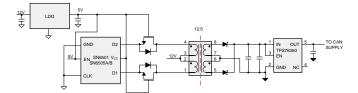


Figure 4. High primary side voltage

Conclusion

Choosing the right components for designing isolated CAN systems is critical. The selection of the discrete or integrated solutions depends on the trade-offs between size, ease of design versus efficiency, emissions. Discrete implementation of isolated power supplies provides higher efficiency of power transfer, lower emissions while the integrated solution for isolated power provides a compact solution for space critical applications.

Table 1. Alternative Device Recommendations

Device	Optimized Parameters	Performance Trade-Off
ISOW7841	4 Channel Digital Isolator With Integrated Power	4 channels for additional isolated signals
ISO1050	Isolated 5 V CAN Transceiver	Basic isolation, 1 Mbps

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