Programming the UCC3806 Features
by Jack Palczynski

INTRODUCTION

The UCC3806 is a pin for pin compatible BiCMOS replacement for the UC3846 and UC3856. Some functions in the UCC3806 are programmed differently and these methods are explained here. In particular, the CUR LIM ADJ pin programs the maximum peak current for the current sense amplifier. This function is completely compatible with previous ICs. The second function on this pin is the latch/non-latch feature for the shutdown pin. Programming latch or non-latch mode differs from the UC3846 and UC3856 and these changes will be explained here.

Current Limit Adjust

To review, the CUR LIM ADJ pin adjusts the maximum current peak on the current sense amplifier (pin 4 to 3) by the formula: \( V_{cl} = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{R_2 \times V_{REF}}{R_1 + R_2} - 0.5 \right) \). This can be verified by carefully following the path from the current sense amplifier to the CUR LIM ADJ pin. A second function is for shutdown mode programming. When the shutdown pin voltage exceeds 1V, the UCC3806 outputs shut down. At this point, a 190\( \mu \)A (typ) current sink pulls current from the CUR LIM ADJ pin to ground. If the voltage at the CUR LIM ADJ is above

Figure 1: UCC3806 BiCMOS Current Mode PWM Block Diagram
350mV (typ), then the IC remains latched off. If this voltage falls below 350mV at any time, the shutdown is unlatched and the IC restarts. Calculating the actual voltage on the CUR LIM ADJ pin is a simple, two source superposition problem.

\[
V = \frac{V_{REF} \times R_2}{R_1 + R_2}
\]

**Figure 2: Superposition with current sink = 0**

\[
V = \frac{V_{REF} \times 0}{R_1 + R_2}
\]

**Figure 3: Superposition with \(V_{REF} = 0\)**

\[
V = \frac{-190\mu A \times (R_1 + R_2)}{R_1 + R_2}
\]

Combining equations:

\[
V = \frac{(V_{REF} - (R_1 \times 300\mu A))}{(1 + R_1/R_2)} \quad \text{>350mV}
\]

**I LIM ADJ Latching Mode Voltage:**

\[
V = \frac{(V_{REF} - (R_1 \times 80\mu A))}{(1 + R_1/R_2)} < 350\text{mV}
\]

Solving either of these equations and solving the equation for a desired current limit pin voltage simultaneously gives closed form solutions for \(R_1\) and \(R_2\). Some solutions are shown below.

**Table of Approximate Resistor Value:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Latching Mode:</th>
<th>V (pin 4)</th>
<th>R1</th>
<th>R2</th>
<th>V (pin 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>16.5k</td>
<td>38.3k</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.77</td>
<td></td>
<td>15k</td>
<td>18.2k</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>14.7k</td>
<td>9.76k</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-Latching Mode:</th>
<th>V (pin 4)</th>
<th>R1</th>
<th>R2</th>
<th>V (pin 1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>54.9k</td>
<td>130k</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.77</td>
<td></td>
<td>54.9k</td>
<td>66.5k</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>51.1k</td>
<td>34k</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The internal current sink is specified to be between 80\(\mu\)A to 300\(\mu\)A. This is the dominant source for error for this application, thus worst case values are inserted into the above equation to determine latch and non-latch modes.
Softstart
The CUR LIM ADJ may also be used as a convenient soft start point. By adding a capacitor across R2, maximum current sense ramps up as the soft start capacitor charges. A diode may be added to force a quick discharge of the capacitor when IC power is removed.

SUMMARY
With a systematic approach, one may achieve a variety of maximum current peak levels and the desired shutdown mode. In addition, the UCC3806 allows for a programmed softstart by adding a capacitor to the CUR LIM ADJ pin. By understanding the internal workings of the UCC3806, designers will find many features which can be of great help in reducing parts count and current requirements.

REFERENCES

(2) J. Palczynski, “UCC BiCMOS Current Mode Control IC” Unitrode Integrated Circuits Corporation Applications Note U-144.

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