





SN74AVC1T45 SCES530I - DECEMBER 2003 - REVISED MARCH 2024

SN74AVC1T45 Single-Bit Dual-Supply Bus Transceiver With Configurable Voltage **Translation and 3-State Outputs**

1 Features

TEXAS

INSTRUMENTS

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree[™] package
- Fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.2V to 3.6V power-supply range
- V_{CC} isolation feature if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the high-impedance state
- DIR input circuit referenced to V_{CCA}
- ±12mA output drive at 3.3V
- I/Os are 4.6V tolerant
- I_{off} supports partial-power-down mode operation
- Typical maximum data rates
 - 500Mbps (1.8V to 3.3V translation)
 - 320Mbps (<1.8V to 3.3V translation)
 - 320Mbps (translate to 2.5V or 1.8V)
 - 280Mbps (translate to 1.5V)
 - 240Mbps (translate to 1.2V)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100mA per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
 - ±2000V Human Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - ±1000V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- Personal electronic
- Industrial
- Enterprise
- Telecom

3 Description

This single-bit noninverting bus transceiver uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The SN74AVC1T45 is optimized to operate with V_{CCA}/ V_{CCB} set at 1.4V to 3.6V. It is operational with V_{CCA} / V_{CCB} as low as 1.2V. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA}. V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The B port is designed to track $V_{\text{CCB}}.$ V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. This allows for universal low-voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

The SN74AVC1T45 is designed for asynchronous communication between two data buses. The logic levels of the direction-control (DIR) input activate either the B-port outputs or the A-port outputs. The device transmits data from the A bus to the B bus when the B-port outputs are activated and from the B bus to the A bus when the A-port outputs are activated. The input circuitry on both A and B ports always is active and must have a logic HIGH or LOW level applied to prevent excess I_{CC} and I_{CCZ}.

The SN74AVC1T45 is designed so that the DIR input is powered by V_{CCA}.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using Ioff. The Ioff circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

The V_{CC} isolation feature is designed so that if either V_{CC} input is at GND, then both ports are in the highimpedance state.

NanoFree package technology is а major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	PACKAGE SIZE ⁽²⁾					
	DCK (SOT, 6)	2mm × 2.1mm					
SN74AVC1T45	DBV (SOT-23, 6)	2.9mm × 2.8mm					
SN74AVC1145	DRL (SOT-5X3, 6)	1.6mm × 1.6mm					
	YZP (DSBGA, 6)	1.75mm × 1.25mm					

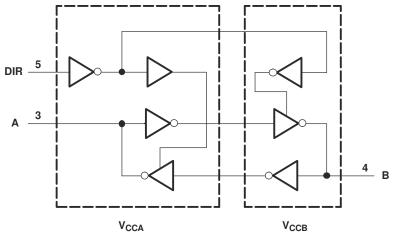
Package Information

For more information, see Section 11. (1)

(2)The package size (length × width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.







Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)



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4 Pin Configuration and Functions

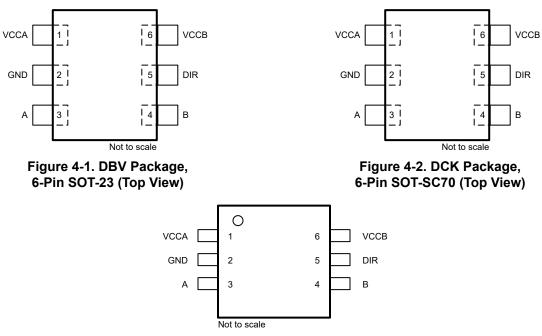


Figure 4-3. DRL Package, 6-Pin SOT-5X3 (Top View)

See mechanical drawings in Section 11 for dimensions.



Table 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		DESCRIPTION
V _{CCA}	1	Р	A-port supply voltage. $1.2V \le V_{CCA} \le 3.6V$
GND	2	G	Ground
A	3	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
В	4	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB} .
DIR	5	I	Direction control signal
V _{CCB}	6	Р	B-port supply voltage. $1.2V \le V_{CCB} \le 3.6V$.

(1) I =input, O = output, P = power, G = ground

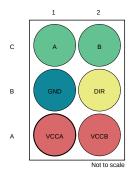


Figure 4-4. YZP Package, 6-Pin DSBGA (Bottom View)

Legend						
Power	Input or Output					
Ground	Input					

Table 4-2. Pin Functions

			DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		DESCRIPTION
A1	V _{CCA}	Р	A-port supply voltage. $1.2V \le V_{CCA} \le 3.6V$
A2	V _{CCB}	Р	B-port supply voltage. $1.2V \le V_{CCB} \le 3.6V$.
B1	GND	G	Ground
B2	DIR	I	Direction control signal
C1	A	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
C2	В	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB} .

(1) I =input, O = output, P = power, G = ground



5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA} , V _{CCB}	Supply voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
		I/O ports (A port)	-0.5	4.6	
VI	Input voltage ⁽²⁾	I/O ports (B port)	$\begin{array}{c c} -0.5 \\ \hline -0.5 \\ \hline orts (A port) & -0.5 \\ \hline orts (B port) & -0.5 \\ \hline rol inputs & -0.5 \\ \hline rt & -0.5 \\ \hline rt & -0.5 \\ \hline rt & -0.5 \\ \hline v_{C} \\ \hline rt & -0.5 \\ V_{C} \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$	4.6	V
		Control inputs	-0.5	4.6	
V	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	state ⁽²⁾	B port	-0.5	4.6	v
V		A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
Vo	voltage applied to any output in the high of low state() (of	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	v
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
I _O	Continuous output current	·	-50	50	mA
	Continuous current through V_{CCA} , V_{CCB} , or GND		-100	100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 4.6V maximum if the output current ratings are observed.

5.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000		
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾		V	
	Machine model, per A115-A	200		

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2) (3)}

			V _{CCI}	V _{cco}	MIN	MAX	UNIT			
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V			
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V			
			1.2V to 1.95V		V _{CCI} × 0.65					
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.95V to 2.7V		1.6		V			
	voltage		2.7V to 3.6V		2					
			1.2V to 1.95V			V _{CCI} × 0.35				
VIL	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	1.95V to 2.7V			0.7	V			
	voltage		2.7V to 3.6V			0.8				
			1.2V to 1.95V		V _{CCA} × 0.65					
VIH	V _{IH} High-level input voltage	DIR (referenced to V _{CCA})	1.95V to 2.7V		1.6		V			
	voltage		2.7V to 3.6V		2					
V _{IL} Low-level input voltage						1.2V to 1.95V			V _{CCA} × 0.35	
		DIR (referenced to V _{CCA})	1.95V to 2.7V			0.7	V			
	voltage		2.7V to 3.6V			0.8				
VI	Input voltage	1			0	3.6	V			
	Output to the sec	Active state			0	V _{CCO}				
Vo	Output voltage	3-state			0	3.6	V			
				1.2V		-3				
				1.4V to 1.6V		-6				
I _{OH}	High-level output cu	irrent		1.65V to 1.95V		-8	mA			
				2.3V to 2.7V		-9				
				3V to 3.6V		–12				
				1.2V		3				
				1.4V to 1.6V		6				
I _{OL}	Low-level output cu	rrent		1.65V to 1.95V		8	mA			
				2.3V to 2.7V		9				
				3V to 3.6V		12				
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise	or fall rate				5	ns/V			
T _A	Operating free-air te	emperature			-40	85	°C			

5.4 Thermal Information

			SN74AVC1T45				
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DBV	DCK	DRL	YZP	UNIT	
			6 P	INS	1		
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	183.4	211.4	236.2	130		
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	102.5	145.2	135.2	54		
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	92.6	65.7	111.7	51	°C/W	
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	39.5	47.0	16.5	1	0/11	
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	63.4	65.4	111.0	50		
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	AMETER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	v	V	٦	Γ _A = 25°C		–40°C to	85°C	UNIT	
PAR	AMEIER	TEST CONDI	TIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
		Ι _{ΟΗ} = –100μΑ		1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V				V _{CCO} - 0.2			
		I _{OH} = -3mA		1.2V	1.2V		0.95					
V _{ОН}		I _{OH} = -6mA	V _I = V _{IH}	1.4V	1.4V				1.05		V	
		I _{OH} = -8mA		1.65V	1.65V				1.2			
		I _{OH} = -9mA	-	2.3V	2.3V				1.75			
		I _{OH} = -12mA		3V	3V				2.3			
		I _{OL} = 100μA		1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V					0.2		
		I _{OL} = 3mA		1.2V	1.2V		0.15					
		I _{OL} = 6mA	$V_{I} = V_{IL}$	1.4V	1.4V					0.35	V	
V _{OL}		I _{OL} = 8mA		1.65V	1.65V					0.45	v	
		I _{OL} = 9mA		2.3V	2.3V					0.55		
		I _{OL} = 12mA		3V	3V					0.7		
l _l	DIR	$V_I = V_{CCA}$ or GND		1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V	-0.25	±0.025	0.25	-1	1	μA	
I	A port	$-V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{V}$,	0V	0 to 3.6V	-1	±0.1	1	-5	5	μA	
off	B port	$v_1 0 v_0 = 0.003.00$		0 to 3.6V	0V	-1	±0.1	1	-5	5		
I	B port	$V_0 = V_{CCO}$ or GND.	,	0V	3.6V	-2.5	±0.5	2.5	-5	5		
oz	A port	$V_0 = V_{CC0}$ of GND, $V_1 = V_{CC1}$ or GND		3.6V	0V	-2.5	±0.5	2.5	-5	5	μA	
				1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V					10		
I _{CCA}		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND,	I _O = 0	0V	3.6V					-2	μA	
				3.6V	0V					10		
				1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V					10		
ССВ		$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND,	I _O = 0	0V	3.6V					10	μA	
				3.6V	0V					-2		
	- I _{CCB} Table 8-3)	$V_{I} = V_{CCI}$ or GND,	I _O = 0	1.2V to 3.6V	1.2V to 3.6V					20	μA	
Ci	Control inputs	V _I = 3.3V or GND		3.3V	3.3V		2.5				pF	
C _{io}	A or B port	V _O = 3.3V or GND		3.3V	3.3V		6				pF	

 V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port. (1)

(2)

All unused data inputs of the device must be held at V_{CCI} or GND for proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*. (3)

5.6 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.2V

DADAMETED	FROM	то	V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCB} = 1.5V	V _{CCB} = 1.8V	V _{CCB} = 2.5V	V _{CCB} = 3.3V		
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	ТҮР	UNIT	
t _{PLH}	А	в	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.4	20	
t _{PHL}	A	D	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.4	ns	
t _{PLH}	В	А	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7	20	
t _{PHL}	D	A .	3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.7	ns	
t _{PHZ}	סוס	– DIR	А	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2	3.7	20
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2	3.7	ns	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	5.3	4.3	4	3.3	3.7	ns	
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В	5.3	4.3	4	3.3	3.7	115	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	•	8.6	7.3	6.8	6.1	6.4	20	
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A	8.6	7.3	6.8	6.1	6.4	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В	8.3	7.8	7.7	7.5	5.8	20	
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR		8.3	7.8	7.7	7.5	5.8	ns	

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.2V$ (see Figure 6-1)

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the Section 8.1.1 section.

5.7 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.5V ± 0.1V

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCB} = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V _{CCB} = 1.8V ± 0.15V		V _{CCB} = 2.5V ± 0.2V		V _{CCB} = 3.3V ± 0.3V		UNIT
		(001201)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	2.9	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.2	0.5	4.2	0.5	3.8	ns
t _{PHL}	A	D	2.9	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.2	0.5	4.2	0.5	3.8	115
t _{PLH}	в	А	2.6	0.6	5.5	0.4	5.3	0.3	4.9	0.3	4.8	ns
t _{PHL}	D	~	2.6	0.6	5.5	0.4	5.3	0.3	4.9	0.3	4.8	115
t _{PHZ}	DIR	A	3.8	1.6	6.7	1.5	6.8	0.3	6.9	0.9	6.9	ns
t _{PLZ}			3.8	1.6	6.7	1.5	6.8	0.3	6.9	0.9	6.9	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	P	5.1	1.8	8.1	1.6	7.1	1.1	4.7	1.4	4.5	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В	5.1	1.8	8.1	1.6	7.1	1.1	4.7	1.4	4.5	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	•	7.7		13.6		12.4		9.6		9.3	ns
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A	7.7		13.6		12.4		9.6		9.3	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	Р	6.7		12.3		12		11.1		10.7	
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В	6.7		12.3		12		11.1		10.7	ns

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the Section 8.1.1 section.



5.8 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCB} = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V _{CCB} = 1.8V ± 0.15V		V _{CCB} = 2.5V ± 0.2V		V _{CCB} = 3.3V ± 0.3V		UNIT	
			ТҮР	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
t _{PLH}	А	В	2.7	0.6	5.3	0.5	5	0.4	3.9	0.4	3.4	n 0	
t _{PHL}	A	D	2.7	0.6	5.3	0.5	5	0.4	3.9	0.4	3.4	ns	
t _{PLH}	В	А	2.3	0.5	5.2	0.4	5	0.3	4.6	0.2	4.4	ns	
t _{PHL}	D	A	2.3	0.5	5.2	0.4	5	0.3	4.6	0.2	4.4	115	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	А	3.8	1.6	5.9	1.6	5.9	1.6	5.9	0.5	6	ns	
t _{PLZ}	DIK		3.8	1.6	5.9	1.6	5.9	1.6	5.9	0.5	6		
t _{PHZ}	DIR	в	5	1.8	7.7	1.4	6.8	1	4.4	1.4	5.3	nc	
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В	5	1.8	7.7	1.4	6.8	1	4.4	1.4	5.3	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	А	7.3		12.9		11.8		9		8.7		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾		A	7.3		12.9		11.8		9		8.7	ns	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	_	6.5		11.2		10.9		9.8		9.4		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	אוט	В	6.5		11.2		10.9		9.8		9.4	ns	

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8V ± 0.15V (see Figure 6-1)

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the Section 8.1.1 section.

5.9 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$ (see Figure 6-1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCB} = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V _{CCB} = 1.8V ± 0.15V		V _{CCB} = 2.5V ± 0.2V		V _{CCB} = 3.3V ± 0.3V		UNIT
		(001201)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	А	В	2.6	0.5	4.9	0.4	4.6	0.3	3.4	0.3	3	ne
t _{PHL}	A	В	2.6	0.5	4.9	0.4	4.6	0.3	3.4	0.3	3	ns
t _{PLH}	В	А	2.2	0.4	4.2	0.3	3.8	0.2	3.4	0.2	3.3	ns
t _{PHL}	D	A	2.2	0.4	4.2	0.3	3.8	0.2	3.4	0.2	3.3	115
t _{PHZ}	DIR	А	2.8	0.3	3.8	0.8	3.8	0.4	3.8	0.5	3.8	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIK	A	2.8	0.3	3.8	0.8	3.8	0.4	3.8	0.5	3.8	
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	4.9	2	7.6	1.5	6.5	0.6	4.1	1	4	ns
t _{PLZ}	DIX		4.9	2	7.6	1.5	6.5	0.6	4.1	1	4	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	פוס	٨	7.1		11.8		10.3		7.5		7.3	ns
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	A	7.1		11.8		10.3		7.5		7.3	
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR		5.4		8.6		8.1		7		6.6	
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	אוט	В	5.4		8.6		8.1		7		6.6	ns

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the Section 8.1.1 section.

5.10 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCB} =	V _{CCB} = 1.5V ± 0.1V		V _{CCB} = 1.8V ± 0.15V		2.5V 2V	V _{CCB} = 3.3V ± 0.3V		UNIT		
		(001201)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX			
t _{PLH}	А	^	В	2.6	0.4	4.7	0.3	4.4	0.2	3.3	0.2	2.8	ns	
t _{PHL}		В	2.6	0.4	4.7	0.3	4.4	0.2	3.3	0.2	2.8	115		
t _{PLH}	В	А	2.2	0.4	3.8	0.3	3.4	0.2	3	0.1	2.8	ns		
t _{PHL}	D	A	2.2	0.4	3.8	0.3	3.4	0.2	3	0.1	2.8	115		
t _{PHZ}	DIR		DIR	А	3.1	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	ns
t _{PLZ}		A	3.1	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	1.3	4.3	115		
t _{PHZ}	DIR	В	4	0.7	7.4	0.6	6.5	0.7	4	1.5	4.9	ns		
t _{PLZ}	DIK	В	4	0.7	7.4	0.6	6.5	0.7	4	1.5	4.9	115		
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	А	6.2		11.2		9.9		7		6.7	ns		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR		6.2		11.2		9.9		7		6.7			
t _{PZH} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	В	5.7		8.9		8.5		7.2		6.8	20		
t _{PZL} ⁽¹⁾	DIR	D	5.7		8.9		8.5		7.2		6.8	ns		

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 3.3V ± 0.3V (see Figure 6-1)

(1) The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the Section 8.1.1 section.

5.11 Operating Characteristics

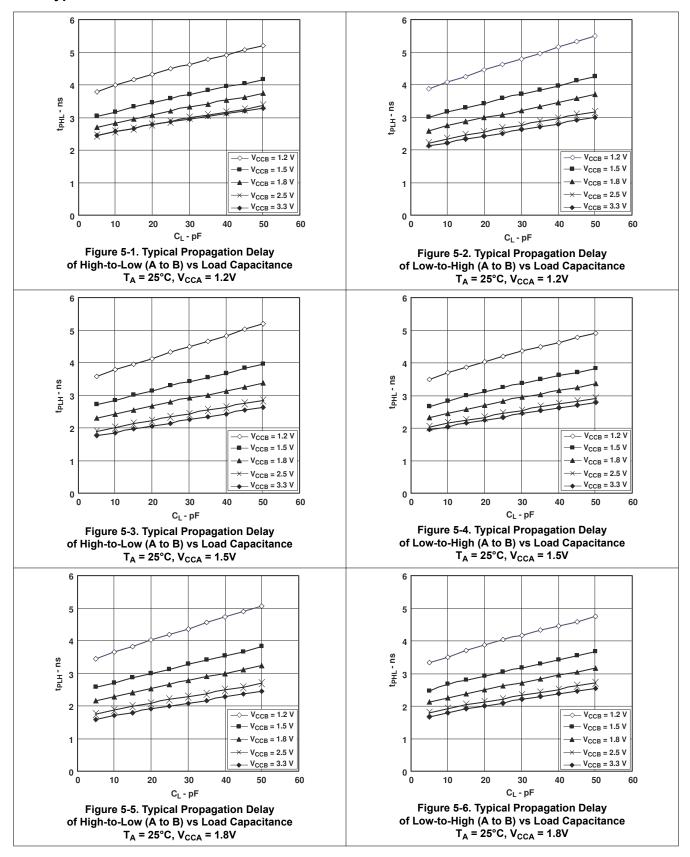
T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.2V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.5V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 1.8V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 2.5V	V _{CCA} = V _{CCB} = 3.3V	UNIT	
		CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP		
C (1)	A-port input, B-port output	C _L = 0pF, f = 10MHz,	3	3	3	3	4	pF	
C _{pdA} ⁽¹⁾	B-port input, A-port output	$t_r = t_f = 1$ ns	13	13	14	15	15		
C (1)	A-port input, B-port output	C _L = 0pF, f = 10MHz,	13	13	14	15	15	۶Ē	
C _{pdB} ⁽¹⁾	B-port input, A-port output	$t_r = t_f = 1$ ns	3	3	3	3	3	рF	

(1) Power dissipation capacitance per transceiver

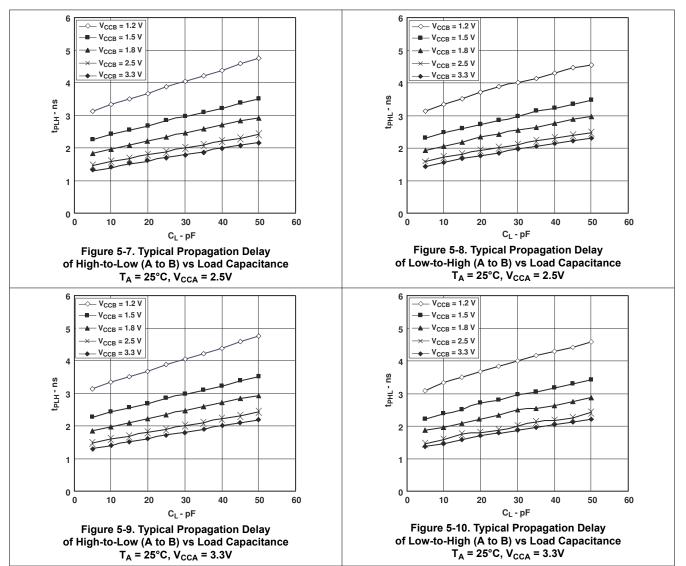


5.12 Typical Characteristics



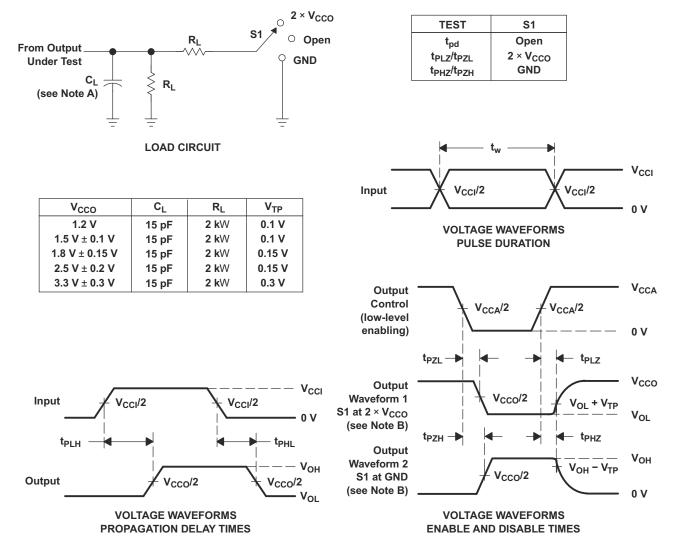


5.12 Typical Characteristics (continued)





6 Parameter Measurement Information



- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50 \text{ W}$, $dv/dt \ge 1 \text{ V/ns}$.
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
 - E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
 - F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
 - G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
 - H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
 - I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

Figure 6-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

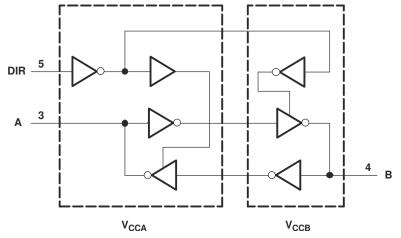


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The SN74AVC1T45 is single-bit, dual-supply, noninverting voltage level translation. V_{CCA} supports pin A and the direction control pin, and V_{CCB} supports pin B. The A port can accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.2 to 3.6V. The high on DIR allows data transmission from A to B and a low on DIR allows data transmission from B to A.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Fully Configurable

The fully configurable dual-rail design allows each port to operate over the full 1.2V to 3.6V power-supply range. Both V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2V and 3.6V making the device an excellent choice for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.2V, 1.8V, 2.5V, and 3.3V).

7.3.2 Support High-Speed Translation

SN74AVC1T45 can support high data-rate application. The translated signal data rate can be up to 500Mbps when signal is translated from 1.8V to 3.3V.

7.3.3 I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation

I_{off} will prevent backflow current by disabling I/O output circuits when device is in partial-power-down mode.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

INPUT DIR ⁽¹⁾	OPERATION							
L	B data to A bus							
Н	A data to B bus							

Table 7-1. Function Table

(1) Input circuits of the data I/Os always are active.



8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The SN74AVC1T45 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The maximum data rate can be up to 500Mbps when device translate signal from 1.8V to 3.3V.

8.1.1 Enable Times

Calculate the enable times for the SN74AVC1T45 using the following formulas:

- t_{PZH} (DIR to A) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PLH} (B to A)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to A) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to B) + t_{PHL} (B to A)
- t_{PZH} (DIR to B) = t_{PLZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PLH} (A to B)
- t_{PZL} (DIR to B) = t_{PHZ} (DIR to A) + t_{PHL} (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the SN74AVC1T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched; the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 8-1 shows an example of the SN74AVC1T45 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

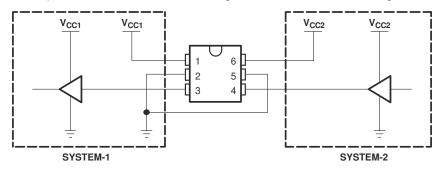


Figure 8-1. Unidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1	V _{CCA}	V _{CC1}	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)
2	GND	GND	Device GND
3	A	OUT	Output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage.
4	В	IN	Input threshold value depends on V_{CC2} voltage.
5	DIR	DIR	GND (low level) determines B-port to A-port direction.
6	V _{CCB}	V _{CC2}	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 8-1.

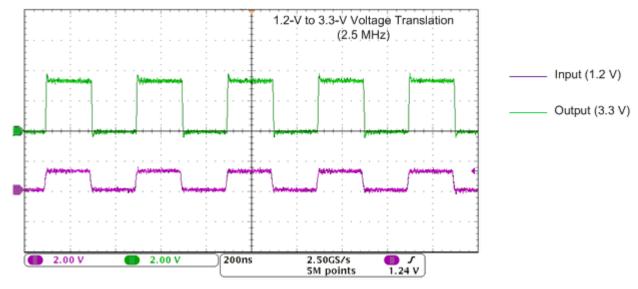
Table 8-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES					
Input voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V					
Output voltage range	1.2V to 3.6V					

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- · Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the SN74AVC1T45 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the VIH of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the VIL of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the SN74AVC1T45 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.



8.2.1.3 Application Curve

Figure 8-2. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz



8.2.2 Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

Figure 8-3 shows the SN74AVC1T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Because the SN74AVC1T45 does not have an output-enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 when changing directions.

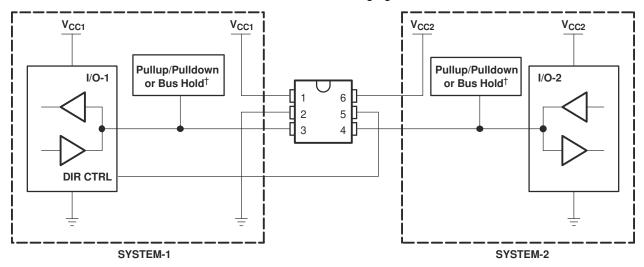


Figure 8-3. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

The following table provides data transmission from SYSTEM-1 to SYSTEM-2 and then from SYSTEM-2 to SYSTEM-1.

STATE	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	DESCRIPTION					
1	Н	Out	In	SYSTEM-1 data to SYSTEM-2					
2	Н	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	SYSTEM-2 is getting ready to send data to SYSTEM-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown. ⁽¹⁾					
3	L	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	DIR bit is flipped. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on pullup or pulldown. ⁽¹⁾					
4	L	In	Out	SYSTEM-2 data to SYSTEM-1					

Table 8-2. Data Transmission: SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2

(1) SYSTEM-1 and SYSTEM-2 must use the same conditions (for example, both pullup or both pulldown).

8.2.2.1 Design Requirements

Refer to Section 8.2.1.1.

8.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Refer to Section 8.2.1.2.

8.2.2.3 Application Curve

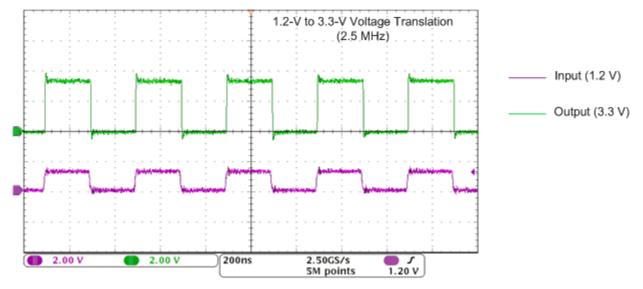


Figure 8-4. Translation Up (1.2V to 3.3V) at 2.5MHz

8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The SN74AVC1T45 device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB}. V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V, and V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.2V to 3.6V. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} respectively allowing for low-voltage, bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2V, 1.5 -V, 1.8V, and 3.3V voltage nodes.

8.3.1 Power-Up Considerations

A proper power-up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies. To guard against such power-up problems, take the following precautions:

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Power up V_{CCA}.
- 3. V_{CCB} can be ramped up along with or after V_{CCA} .

V _{CCB}	V _{CCA}									
VCCB	0V	1.2V	1.5V	1.8V	2.5V	3.3V	UNIT			
0V	0	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5				
1.2V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1				
1.5V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	1				
1.8V	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	μA			
2.5V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1				
3.3V	<0.5	1	<1	<1	<1	<1				

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For device reliability, it is recommended to follow common printed-circuit board layout guidelines such as follows:

- · Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements.



8.4.2 Layout Example



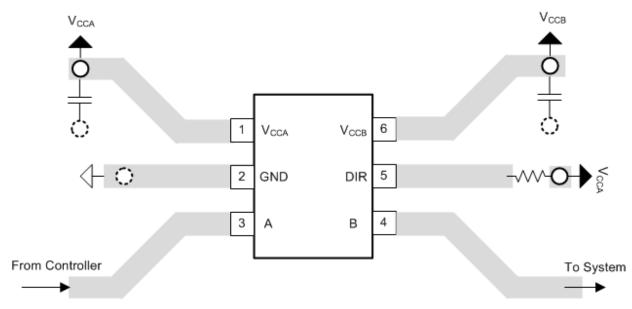


Figure 8-5. PCB Layout Example



9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.2 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

9.3 Trademarks

NanoFree[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments. TI E2E[™] is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

9.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.5 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

С	hanges from Revision H (October 2014) to Revision I (March 2024)	Page
•	Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document	1
•	Updated the package information table to include package lead size	1
•	Added Tjmax to the Absolute Maximum Ratings section	5

Changes from Revision G (January 2008) to Revision H (October 2014)

Page

 Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(DT1F, DT1R) (DT1H, DT1P)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(DT1F, DT1R) (DT1H, DT1P)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(DT1F, DT1R) (DT1H, DT1P)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	Call TI NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DT1R DT1H	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	DT1R DT1H	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TCF, TCR) (TCH, TCP)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TCF, TCR) (TCH, TCP)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TCF, TCR) (TCH, TCP)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TCF, TCR) (TCH, TCP)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TCF, TCR) (TCH, TCP)	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	4000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(1JW, TCR) TCH	Samples
SN74AVC1T45DRLRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	4000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(1JW, TCR) TCH	Samples
SN74AVC1T45YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(TC2, TCN)	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.



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⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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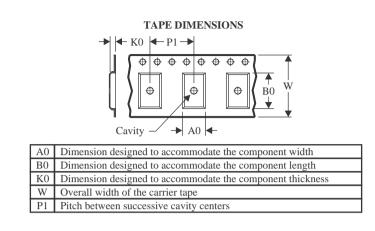


Texas

STRUMENTS

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



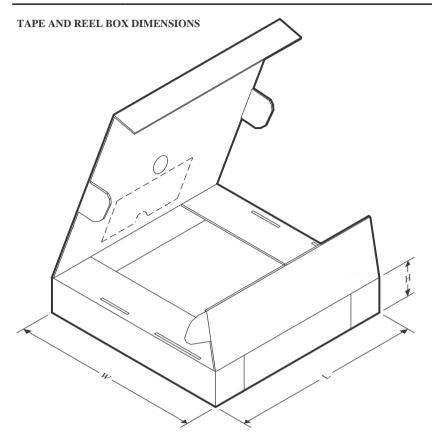
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AVC1T45DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVC1T45DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVC1T45DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVC1T45DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	4000	180.0	8.4	2.0	1.8	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AVC1T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

23-Mar-2024



*All dimensions are nominal	
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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AVC1T45DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AVC1T45DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AVC1T45DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AVC1T45DRLR	SOT-5X3	DRL	6	4000	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74AVC1T45YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

DBV0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.

- 4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- 5. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.



DBV0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



DBV0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



YZP0006



PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. NanoFree[™] package configuration.



YZP0006

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).



YZP0006

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



DRL0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side. 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-293 Variation UAAD



DRL0006A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
 7. Land pattern design aligns to IPC-610, Bottom Termination Component (BTC) solder joint inspection criteria.



DRL0006A

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOT - 0.6 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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