1 Features
- IEC 61000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Protection
  - ±15-kV Contact Discharge
  - ±17-kV Air Gap Discharge
- IEC 61000-4-4 EFT Protection
  - 80 A (5/50 ns)
- IEC 61000-4-5 Surge Protection
  - 2.5 A (8/20 µs)
- IO Capacitance:
  - 0.18 to 0.20 pF (Typical)
  - 0.20 to 0.23 pF (Maximum)
- DC Breakdown Voltage: 6.4 V (Typical)
- Ultra Low Leakage Current: 10-nA (Maximum)
- Low ESD Clamping Voltage: 15 V at 16 A TLP
- Low Insertion Loss: 26.9 GHz (–3 dB Bandwidth, DPL)
- Supports High Speed Interfaces up to 20 Gbps
- Industrial Temperature Range: –40°C to +125°C
- Industry Standard 0201 and 0402 footprints

2 Applications
- End Equipment
  - Laptops and Desktops
  - Mobile and Tablets
  - Set-Top Boxes
  - TV and Monitors
  - USB Dongles
  - Docking Stations
- Interfaces
  - USB Type-C
  - Thunderbolt 3
  - USB 3.1 Gen 2
  - HDMI 2.0/1.4
  - USB 3.0
  - DisplayPort 1.3
  - PCI Express 3

3 Description
The TPD1E01B04 is a bidirectional TVS ESD protection diode array for USB Type-C and Thunderbolt 3 circuit protection. The TPD1E01B04 is rated to dissipate ESD strikes at the maximum level specified in the IEC 61000-4-2 international standard (Level 4).

This device features a 0.18 to 0.20-pF (typical) IO capacitance making it ideal for protecting high-speed interfaces up to 20 Gbps such as USB 3.1 Gen2 and Thunderbolt 3. The low dynamic resistance and low clamping voltage ensure system level protection against transient events.

The TPD1E01B04 is offered in the industry standard 0201 (DPL) package and 0402 (DPY) packages.

Device Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>PACKAGE</th>
<th>BODY SIZE (NOM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPD1E01B04</td>
<td>X2SON</td>
<td>0.60 mm x 0.30 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>X1SON</td>
<td>1.00 mm x 0.60 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application

USB Type-C Connector

TPD1E01B04 (x4)

TPD4E0S0U06

TPD4E0S0U06

TPD1E01B04 (x4)
4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision B (May 2016) to Revision C  Page
- Added "and 0402 (DPY) packages." to the Description, and package "X1SON (2)" to the Device Information table ........ 1
- Added the DPY Package to the Pin Configuration and Functions .............................................................. 3
- Added the DPY (X1SON) package to the Thermal Information table .......................................................... 4
- Added DPY values to $C_L$ Line capacitance in the Electrical Characteristics table ........................................ 5
- Added "(DPL Package)" to the title of Figure 6 .............................................................................................. 6
- Added Figure 7 ........................................................................................................................................... 6
- Added curves for the DPY package to Figure 10 and Figure 11 ................................................................. 6
- Added curve for the DPY package to Figure 17 .......................................................................................... 13

Changes from Revision A (March 2016) to Revision B  Page
- Made changes to the Electrical Characteristics table. Updated limits for $V_{HOLD}$ ........................................ 1

Changes from Original (March 2016) to Revision A  Page
- Changed device status from Product Preview to Production Data ............................................................ 1
5 Pin Configuration and Functions

Pin Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN NO.</th>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>IO</td>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>ESD Protected Channel. If used as ESD IO, connect pin 2 to ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>IO</td>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>ESD Protected Channel. If used as ESD IO, connect pin 1 to ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)\(^{(1)}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrical fast transient</td>
<td>80</td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak pulse</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td>W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TA</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tstg</td>
<td>–65</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V(ESD) Electrostatic discharge</td>
<td>Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001(^{(1)}) | ±2500 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101(^{(2)}) | ±1000 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 ESD Ratings—IEC Specification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V(ESD) Electrostatic discharge</td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 contact discharge | ±15000 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 air-gap discharge | ±17000 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.4 Recommended Operating Conditions
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VIO</td>
<td>–3.6</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TA</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.5 Thermal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thermal Metric(^{(1)})</th>
<th>TPD1E01B04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DPL (X2SON)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance</td>
<td>582</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance</td>
<td>264.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-board thermal resistance</td>
<td>394.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-top characterization parameter</td>
<td>36.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-board characterization parameter</td>
<td>394.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.
### 6.6 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>TEST CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{RWM}$ Reverse stand-off voltage</td>
<td>$I_O &lt; 10 \text{ nA}$</td>
<td>-3.6</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{BRF}$ Breakdown voltage, IO pin to GND</td>
<td>Measured as the maximum voltage before device snaps back into $V_{HOLD}$ voltage</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{BRR}$ Breakdown voltage, GND to IO pin</td>
<td></td>
<td>-6.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{HOLD}$ Holding voltage</td>
<td>$I_O = 1 \text{ mA, } T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{CLAMP}$ Clamping voltage</td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 1 \text{ A, TLP, from IO to GND}$</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 5 \text{ A, TLP, from IO to GND}$</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 16 \text{ A, TLP, from IO to GND}$</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 1 \text{ A, TLP, from GND to IO}$</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 5 \text{ A, TLP, from GND to IO}$</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$I_{pp} = 16 \text{ A, TLP, from GND to IO}$</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{LEAK}$ Leakage current, IO to GND</td>
<td>$V_{IO} = \pm2.5 \text{ V}$</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$R_{DYN}$ Dynamic resistance</td>
<td>IO to GND</td>
<td>0.57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GND to IO</td>
<td>0.57</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$C_L$ Line capacitance</td>
<td>DPL Package $V_{IO} = 0 \text{ V, } f = 1 \text{ MHz, IO to GND}$</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td></td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DPY Package $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>0.23</td>
<td></td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.7 Typical Characteristics

Figure 1. Positive TLP Curve

Figure 2. Negative TLP Curve

Figure 3. 8-kV IEC Waveform

Figure 4. –8-kV IEC Waveform

Figure 5. Surge Curve (t_{p} = 8/20µs), IO pin to GND

Figure 6. Capacitance vs. Bias Voltage (DPL Package)
Typical Characteristics (continued)

![Graph 1: Capacitance vs. Bias Voltage (DPY Package)]

![Graph 2: Leakage Current vs. Temperature]

![Graph 3: DC Voltage Sweep I-V Curve]

![Graph 4: Capacitance vs. Frequency]

![Graph 5: Insertion Loss]
Typical Characteristics (continued)

Figure 12. USB3.1 Gen 2 10-Gbps Eye Diagram (Bare Board)

Figure 13. USB3.1 Gen 2 10-Gbps Eye Diagram (with TPD1E01B04DPL)
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview
The TPD1E01B04 device is a bidirectional ESD Protection Diode with ultra-low capacitance. This device can dissipate ESD strikes above the maximum level specified by the IEC 61000-4-2 International Standard. The ultra-low capacitance makes this device ideal for protecting any super high-speed signal pins including Thunderbolt 3. The low capacitance allows for extremely low losses even at RF frequencies such as USB 3.1 Gen 2, Thunderbolt 3, or antenna applications.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Protection
The I/O pins can withstand ESD events up to ±15-kV contact and ±17-kV air gap. An ESD-surge clamp diverts the current to ground.

7.3.2 IEC 61000-4-4 EFT Protection
The I/O pins can withstand an electrical fast transient burst of up to 80 A (5/50 ns waveform, 4 kV with 50-Ω impedance). An ESD-surge clamp diverts the current to ground.

7.3.3 IEC 61000-4-5 Surge Protection
The I/O pins can withstand surge events up to 2.5 A and 27 W (8/20 µs waveform). An ESD-surge clamp diverts this current to ground.

7.3.4 IO Capacitance
The capacitance between each I/O pin to ground is 0.18 pF (typical) and 0.20 pF (maximum). This device supports data rates up to 20 Gbps.

7.3.5 DC Breakdown Voltage
The DC breakdown voltage of each I/O pin is ±6.4 V (typical). This ensures that sensitive equipment is protected from surges above the reverse standoff voltage of ±3.6 V.

7.3.6 Ultra Low Leakage Current
The I/O pins feature an ultra-low leakage current of 10 nA (maximum) with a bias of ±2.5 V

7.3.7 Low ESD Clamping Voltage
The I/O pins feature an ESD clamp that is capable of clamping the voltage to 9.2 V (I_{PP} = 5 A).

7.3.8 Supports High Speed Interfaces
This device is capable of supporting high speed interfaces up to 20 Gbps, because of the extremely low IO capacitance.

7.3.9 Industrial Temperature Range
This device features an industrial operating range of –40°C to +125°C.
Feature Description (continued)

7.3.10 Easy Flow-Through Routing Package

The layout of this device makes it simple and easy to add protection to an existing layout. The packages offers flow-through routing, requiring minimal modification to an existing layout.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

The TPD1E01B04 device is a passive integrated circuit that triggers when voltages are above $V_{BRF}$ or below $V_{BRR}$. During ESD events, voltages as high as ±17 kV (air) can be directed to ground via the internal diode network. When the voltages on the protected line fall below the trigger levels of TPD1E01B04 (usually within 10s of nano-seconds) the device reverts to passive.
8 Application and Implementation

NOTE
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI’s customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information
The TPD1E01B04 is a diode type TVS which is used to provide a path to ground for dissipating ESD events on high-speed signal lines between a human interface connector and a system. As the current from ESD passes through the TVS, only a small voltage drop is present across the diode. This is the voltage presented to the protected IC. The low $R_{\text{DYN}}$ of the triggered TVS holds this voltage, $V_{\text{CLAMP}}$, to a safe level for the protected IC.

8.2 Typical Application

Figure 14. USB Type-C for Thunderbolt 3 ESD Schematic
Typical Application (continued)

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example eight TPD1E01B04DPL devices and two TPD4E05U06 devices are being used in a USB Type-C for Thunderbolt 3 application. This provides a complete ESD protection scheme.

Given the Thunderbolt 3 application, the parameters listed in Table 1 are known.

Table 1. Design Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGN PARAMETER</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signal range on superspeed Lines</td>
<td>0 V to 3.6 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating frequency on superspeed Lines</td>
<td>up to 10 GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signal range on CC, SBU, and DP/DM Lines</td>
<td>0 V to 5 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating frequency on CC, SBU, and DP/DM Lines</td>
<td>up to 480 MHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Signal Range

The TPD1E01B04 supports signal ranges between −3.6 V and 3.6 V, which supports the SuperSpeed pairs on the USB Type-C application. The TPD4E05U06 supports signal ranges between 0 V and 5.5 V, which supports the CC, SBU, and DP-DM lines.

8.2.2.2 Operating Frequency

The TPD1E01B04DPL has a 0.18 pF (typical) capacitance, which supports the Thunderbolt 3 data rates of 20 Gbps. The TPD4E05U06 has a 0.5-pF (typical) capacitance, which easily supports the CC, SBU, and DP-DM data rates.
8.2.3 Application Curves

Figure 15. USB 3.1 Gen 2 10-Gbps Eye Diagram (Bare Board)

Figure 16. USB 3.1 Gen 2 10-Gbps Eye Diagram (with TPD1E01B04DPL)

Figure 17. Insertion Loss
9 Power Supply Recommendations

This device is a passive ESD device so there is no need to power it. Take care not to violate the recommended I/O specification to ensure the device functions properly.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

- The optimum placement is as close to the connector as possible.
  - EMI during an ESD event can couple from the trace being struck to other nearby unprotected traces, resulting in early system failures.
  - The PCB designer must minimize the possibility of EMI coupling by keeping any unprotected traces away from the protected traces which are between the TVS and the connector.
- Route the protected traces as straight as possible.
- Eliminate any sharp corners on the protected traces between the TVS and the connector by using rounded corners with the largest radii possible.
  - Electric fields tend to build up on corners, increasing EMI coupling.

10.2 Layout Example

![Diagram of USB Type-C Mid-Mount, Hybrid Connector ESD Layout]

**Legend**

- Top Layer
- Bottom Layer
- Pin to GND
- VIA to V\(_{BUS}\) Plane
- VIA to other layer
- VIA to GND Plane

Figure 18. USB Type-C Mid-Mount, Hybrid Connector ESD Layout
11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation
For related documentation see the following:
TPD1E01B04 Evaluation Module User's Guide, SLVUAN5

11.2 Community Resources
The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks
E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

⚠️ These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — Ti Glossary.
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information
The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Orderable Device</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Package Qty</th>
<th>Eco Plan</th>
<th>Lead/Ball Finish</th>
<th>MSL Peak Temp</th>
<th>Op Temp (°C)</th>
<th>Device Marking</th>
<th>Samples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPD1E01B04DPLR</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>X2SON</td>
<td>DPL</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>15000</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>NIPDAU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPD1E01B04DPLT</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>X2SON</td>
<td>DPL</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>NIPDAU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPD1E01B04DPYR</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>X1SON</td>
<td>DPY</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>10000</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>NIPDAU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPD1E01B04DPYT</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>X1SON</td>
<td>DPY</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>NIPDAU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
- **ACTIVE**: Product device recommended for new designs.
- **LIFEBUY**: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
- **NRND**: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
- **PREVIEW**: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
- **OBSOLETE**: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS**: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
- **RoHS Exempt**: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
- **Green**: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) **MSL, Peak Temp.** - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer**: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken
continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

**REEL DIMENSIONS**

**TAPE DIMENSIONS**

- **A0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
- **B0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
- **K0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
- **W**: Overall width of the carrier tape
- **P1**: Pitch between successive cavity centers

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**

*All dimensions are nominal*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
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<th>Reel Width W1 (mm)</th>
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<th>P1 (mm)</th>
<th>W (mm)</th>
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Pack Materials-Page 1
**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**

*All dimensions are nominal*

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NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. SOA (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
DPL (R–PX2SON–N2) SMALL PACKAGE OUTLINE NO–LEAD

Example Board Layout

Example Stencil Design (Note E)

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
E. Maximum stencil thickness 0.127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
G. Side aperture dimensions over–print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.

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