

TPS77301/315/316/318/327/328/333/350 WITH RESET OUTPUT TPS77401/415/418/427/428/433/450 WITH POWER GOOD OUTPUT 250-mA LDO REGULATORS WITH 8-PIN MSOP PACKAGING

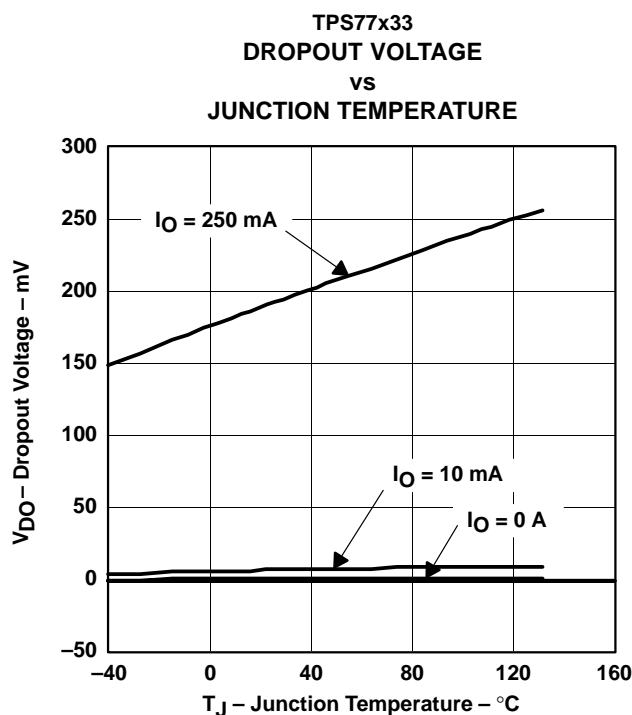
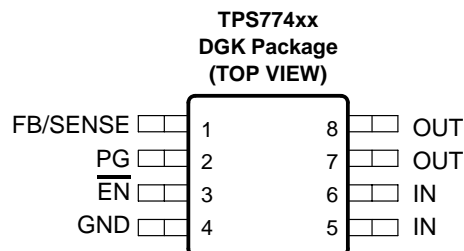
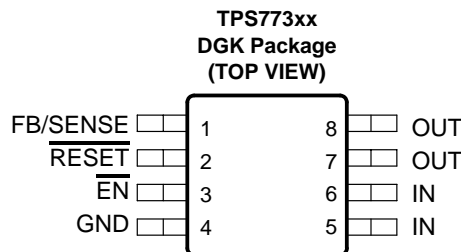
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- Open Drain Power-On Reset With 220-ms Delay (TPS773xx)
- Open Drain Power-Good (PG) Status Output (TPS774xx)
- 250-mA Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator
- Available in 1.5-V, 1.6-V (TPS77316 Only), 1.8-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.3-V, 5.0-V Fixed Output and Adjustable Versions
- Dropout Voltage Typically 200 mV at 250 mA (TPS77333, TPS77433)
- Ultralow 92- μ A Quiescent Current (Typ)
- 8-Pin MSOP (DGK) Package
- Low Noise (55 μ V_{rms}) Without an External Filter (Bypass) Capacitor (TPS77318, TPS77418)
- 2% Tolerance Over Specified Conditions For Fixed-Output Versions
- Fast Transient Response
- Thermal Shutdown Protection
- See the TPS779xx Family of Devices for Active High Enable

description

The TPS773xx and TPS774xx are low-dropout regulators with integrated power-on reset and power good (PG) function respectively. These devices are capable of supplying 250 mA of output current with a dropout of 200 mV (TPS77333, TPS77433). Quiescent current is 92 μ A at full load dropping down to 1 μ A when device is disabled. These devices are optimized to be stable with a wide range of output capacitors including low ESR ceramic (10 μ F) or low capacitance (1 μ F) tantalum capacitors. These devices have extremely low noise output performance (55 μ V_{rms}) without using any added filter capacitors. TPS773xx and TPS774xx are designed to have fast transient response for larger load current changes.

The TPS773xx or TPS774xx is offered in 1.5-V, 1.6 V (TPS77316 only), 1.8-V, 2.7-V, 2.8-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V fixed-voltage versions and in an adjustable version (programmable over the range of 1.5 V to 5.5 V). Output voltage tolerance is 2% over line, load, and temperature ranges. The TPS773xx and TPS774xx families are available in 8-pin MSOP (DGK) packages.



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**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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TPS77301/315/316/318/327/328/333/350 WITH $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT
TPS77401/415/418/427/428/433/450 WITH POWER GOOD OUTPUT
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description (continued)

Because the PMOS device behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low (typically 200 mV at an output current of 250 mA for 3.3-volt option) and is directly proportional to the output current. Additionally, since the PMOS pass element is a voltage-driven device, the quiescent current is very low and independent of output loading (typically 92 μA over the full range of output current, 0 mA to 250 mA). These two key specifications yield a significant improvement in operating life for battery-powered systems.

The device is enabled when the $\overline{\text{EN}}$ pin is connected to a low-level input voltage. This LDO family also features a sleep mode; applying a TTL high signal to $\overline{\text{EN}}$ (enable) shuts down the regulator, reducing the quiescent current to less than 1 μA at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

The TPS773xx features an integrated power-on reset, commonly used as a supply voltage supervisor (SVS), or reset output voltage. The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output of the TPS773xx initiates a reset in DSP, microcomputer or microprocessor systems at power up and in the event of an undervoltage condition. An internal comparator in the TPS773xx monitors the output voltage of the regulator to detect an undervoltage condition on the regulated output voltage. When OUT reaches 95% of its regulated voltage, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will go to a high-impedance state after a 220-ms delay. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will go to low-impedance state when OUT is pulled below 95% (i.e. over load condition) of its regulated voltage.

For the TPS774xx, the power good terminal (PG) is an active high output, which can be used to implement a power-on reset or a low-battery indicator. An internal comparator in the TPS774xx monitors the output voltage of the regulator to detect an undervoltage condition on the regulated output voltage. When OUT falls below 82% of its regulated voltage, PG will go to a low-impedance state. PG will go to a high-impedance state when OUT is above 82% of its regulated voltage.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T _J	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	PACKAGED DEVICES MSOP (DGK)			
	TYP		TPS773xx SYMBOL		TPS774xx SYMBOL
-40°C to 125°C	5.0	TPS77350DGK	AGN	TPS77450DGK	AGW
	3.3	TPS77333DGK	AGM	TPS77433DGK	AGV
	2.8	TPS77328DGK	AGK	TPS77428DGK	AGT
	2.7	TPS77327DGK	AGJ	TPS77427DGK	AGS
	1.8	TPS77318DGK	AGH	TPS77418DGK	AGQ
	1.6	TPS77316DGK	AWF	—	—
	1.5	TPS77315DGK	AGG	TPS77415DGK	AGP
	Adjustable 1.5 V to 5.5 V	TPS77301DGK	AGF	TPS77401DGK	AGO

NOTE: The TPS77301 and TPS77401 are programmable using an external resistor divider (see application information). The DGK package is available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to the device type (e.g., TPS77301DGKR).

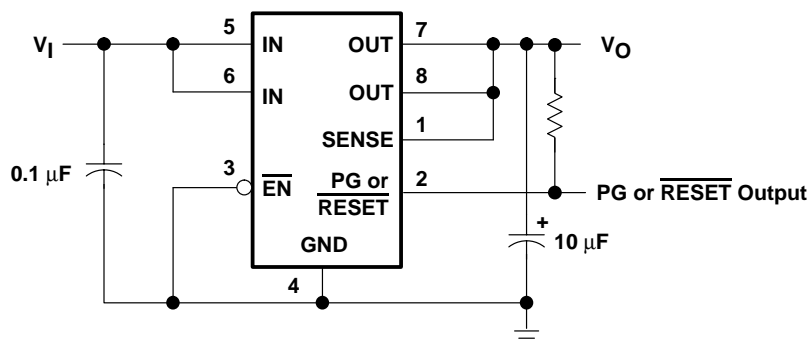


Figure 1. Typical Application Configuration (For Fixed Output Options)

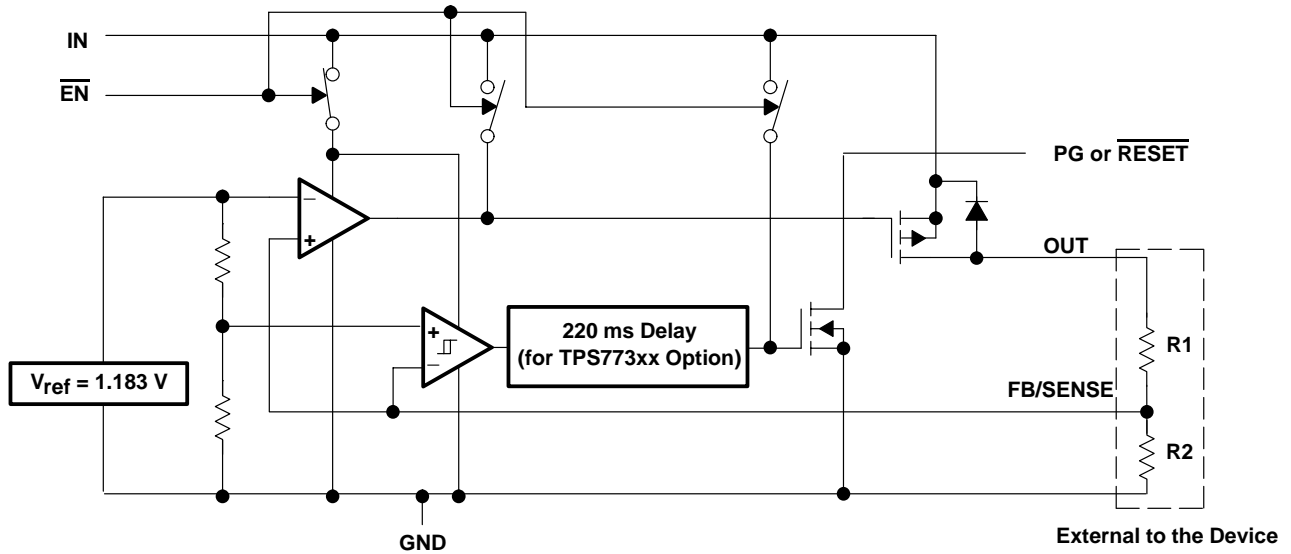


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250-mA LDO REGULATORS WITH 8-PIN MSOP PACKAGING

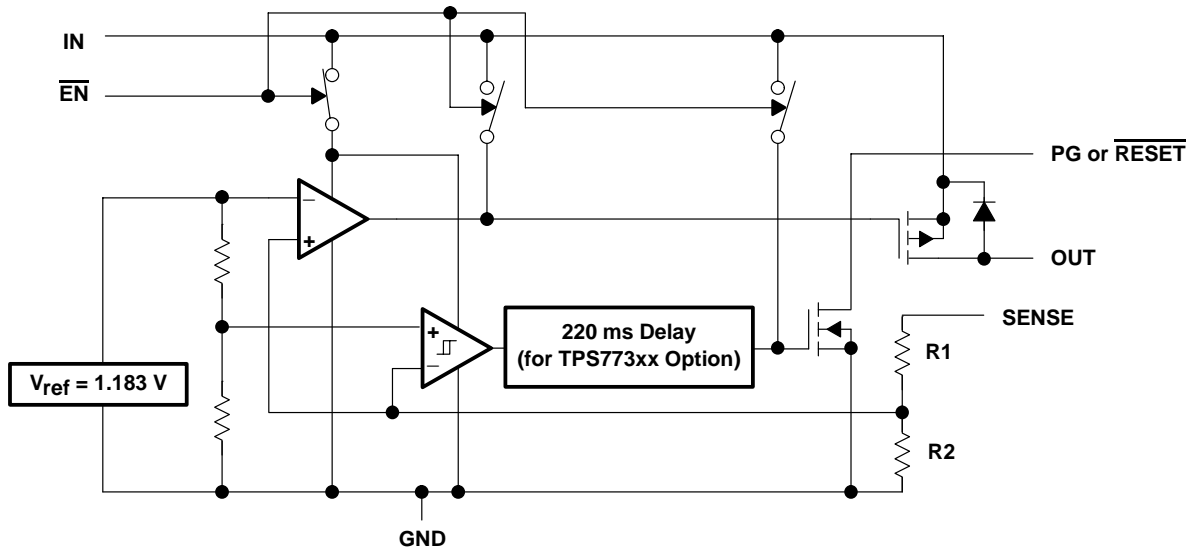
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functional block diagrams

adjustable version



fixed-voltage version



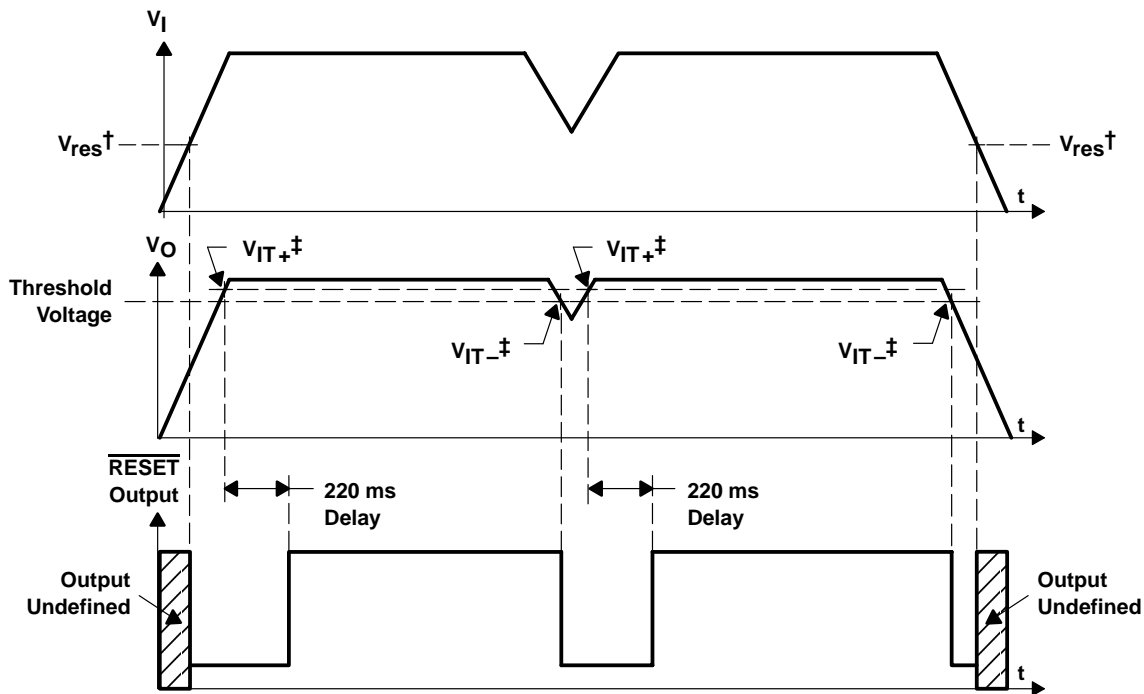
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Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
TPS773XX			
FB/SENSE	1	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (sense input for fixed options)
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	2	O	Reset output
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	3	I	Enable input
GND	4		Regulator ground
IN	5, 6	I	Input voltage
OUT	7, 8	O	Regulated output voltage
TPS774XX			
FB/SENSE	1	I	Feedback input voltage for adjustable device (sense input for fixed options)
PG	2	O	Power good
$\overline{\text{EN}}$	3	I	Enable input
GND	4		Regulator ground
IN	5, 6	I	Input voltage
OUT	7, 8	O	Regulated output voltage

TPS773xx $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ timing diagram



$^\dagger V_{res}$ is the minimum input voltage for a valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. The symbol V_{res} is not currently listed within EIA or JEDEC standards for semiconductor symbology.

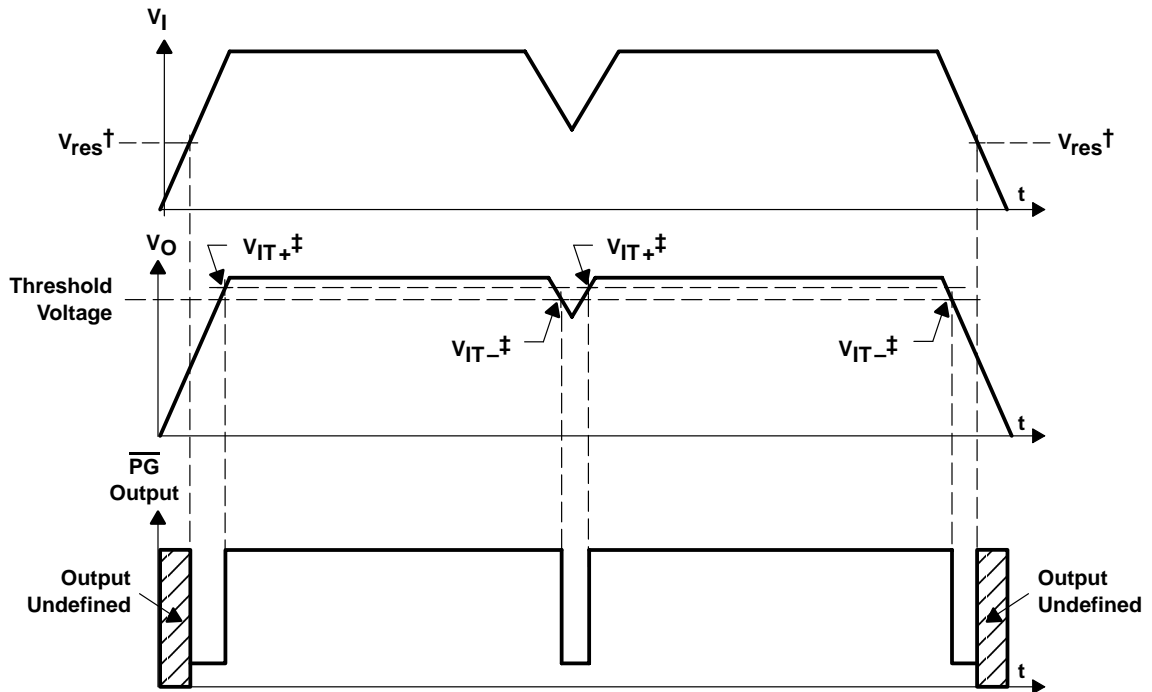
$^\ddagger V_{IT-}$ – Trip voltage is typically 5% lower than the output voltage ($95\%V_O$) V_{IT-} to V_{IT+} is the hysteresis voltage.



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TPS774xx PG timing diagram



$^\dagger V_{res}$ is the minimum input voltage for a valid PG. The symbol V_{res} is not currently listed within EIA or JEDEC standards for semiconductor symbology.

$^\ddagger V_{IT}$ – Trip voltage is typically 18% lower than the output voltage ($82\%V_o$) V_{IT-} to V_{IT+} is the hysteresis voltage.

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)†

Input voltage range‡, V_I	-0.3 V to 13.5 V
Voltage range at \overline{EN}	-0.3 V to 16.5 V
Maximum \overline{RESET} voltage (TPS773xx)	16.5 V
Maximum PG voltage (TPS774xx)	16.5 V
Peak output current	Internally limited
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Output voltage, V_O (OUT, FB)	5.5 V
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J	-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C
ESD rating, HBM	2 kV

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

‡ All voltage values are with respect to network terminal ground.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE – FREE-AIR TEMPERATURES

PACKAGE	AIR FLOW (CFM)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	$T_A < 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
DGK	0	266.2	3.84	376 mW	3.76 mW/°C	207 mW	150 mW
	150	255.2	3.92	392 mW	3.92 mW/°C	216 mW	157 mW
	250	242.8	4.21	412 mW	4.12 mW/°C	227 mW	165 mW

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, V_I §	2.7	10	V
Output voltage range, V_O	1.5	5.5	V
Output current, I_O (see Note 1)	0	250	mA
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J (see Note 1)	-40	125	°C

§ To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following equation: $V_{I(\min)} = V_{O(\max)} + V_{DO(\max \text{ load})}$.

NOTE 1: Continuous current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating junction temperature range ($T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0\text{ V}$, $C_O = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output voltage (see Notes 2 and 4)	Adjustable voltage	$1.5\text{ V} \leq V_O \leq 5.5\text{ V}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_O			V
		$1.5\text{ V} \leq V_O \leq 5.5\text{ V}$	$0.98V_O$	$1.02V_O$		
	1.5-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $2.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.5			V
		$2.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.470	1.530		
	1.6-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $2.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.6			V
		$2.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.568	1.632		
	1.8-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $2.8\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.8			V
		$2.8\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	1.764	1.836		
	2.7-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	2.7			
		$3.7\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	2.646	2.754		
	2.8-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.8\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	2.8			
		$3.8\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	2.744	2.856		
	3.3-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $4.3\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	3.3			
		$4.3\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	3.234	3.366		
5.0-V Output	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $6.0\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	5.0				
	$6.0\text{ V} < V_{\text{IN}} < 10\text{ V}$	4.900	5.100			
Quiescent current (GND current) (see Notes 2 and 4)		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	92			μA
			125			
Output voltage line regulation ($\Delta V_O/V_O$) (see Note 3)		$V_O + 1\text{ V} < V_I \leq 10\text{ V}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.005			%/V
		$V_O + 1\text{ V} < V_I \leq 10\text{ V}$	0.05			%/V
Load regulation		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1			mV
Output noise voltage		BW = 300 Hz to 100 kHz, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, TPS77318, TPS77418	55			μVrms
Output current limit		$V_O = 0\text{ V}$	0.9	1.3		A
Peak output current		2 ms pulse width, 50% duty cycle	400			mA
Thermal shutdown junction temperature			144			$^\circ\text{C}$
Standby current		$\overline{\text{EN}} = V_I$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1			μA
		$\overline{\text{EN}} = V_I$	3			μA
FB input current	Adjustable voltage	FB = 1.5 V	1			μA
High level enable input voltage			2			V
Low level enable input voltage			0.7			V
Enable input current			-1	1		μA
Power supply ripple rejection (TPS77318, TPS77418)		f = 1 kHz, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	55			dB

NOTES: 2. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.7 V or $V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1\text{ V}$, whichever is greater. Maximum input voltage = 10 V, minimum output current 1 mA.

3. If $V_O < 1.8\text{ V}$ then $V_{I(\text{max})} = 10\text{ V}$, $V_{I(\text{min})} = 2.7\text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line regulation (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I(\text{max})} - 2.7\text{ V})}{100} \times 1000$$

If $V_O > 2.5\text{ V}$ then $V_{I(\text{max})} = 10\text{ V}$, $V_{I(\text{min})} = V_O + 1\text{ V}$:

$$\text{Line regulation (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I(\text{max})} - (V_O + 1))}{100} \times 1000$$

4. $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$ to 250 mA



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating junction temperature range ($T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C), $V_I = V_O(\text{typ}) + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $\overline{\text{EN}} = 0\text{ V}$, $C_O = 10\ \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
PG (TPS774xx)	Minimum input voltage for valid PG	$I_{(\text{PG})} = 300\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{(\text{PG})} \leq 0.8\text{ V}$		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage	V_O decreasing	79		85	$\%V_O$
	Hysteresis voltage	Measured at V_O		0.5		$\%V_O$
	Output low voltage	$V_I = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{(\text{PG})} = 1\text{ mA}$		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current	$V_{(\text{PG})} = 5\text{ V}$			1	μA
Reset (TPS773xx)	Minimum input voltage for valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$	$I_{(\text{RESET})} = 300\ \mu\text{A}$		1.1		V
	Trip threshold voltage	V_O decreasing	92		98	$\%V_O$
	Hysteresis voltage	Measured at V_O		0.5		$\%V_O$
	Output low voltage	$V_I = 2.7\text{ V}$, $I_{(\text{RESET})} = 1\text{ mA}$		0.15	0.4	V
	Leakage current	$V_{(\text{RESET})} = 5\text{ V}$			1	μA
	RESET time-out delay			220		ms
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage (see Note 5)	2.8-V Output	$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	270		mV
			$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$		475	
	3.3-V Output	$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	200			
		$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$		330		
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage (see Note 5)	5.0-V Output	$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	125		
			$I_O = 250\text{ mA}$		190	

NOTE 5: I_N voltage equals $V_O(\text{typ}) - 100\text{ mV}$; 1.5 V, 1.6 V, 1.8-V, and 2.7-V dropout voltage limited by input voltage range limitations (i.e., 3.3 V input voltage needs to drop to 3.2 V for purpose of this test).

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V _O	Output voltage	vs Output current	2, 3
		vs Junction temperature	4, 5
	Ground current	vs Junction temperature	6
	Power supply rejection ratio	vs Frequency	7
	Output spectral noise density	vs Frequency	8
Z _o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	9
V _{DO}	Dropout voltage	vs Input voltage	10
		vs Junction temperature	11
	Line transient response		12, 14
	Load transient response		13, 15
	Output voltage and enable pulse	vs Time	16
	Equivalent series resistance (ESR)	vs Output current	18 – 21



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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

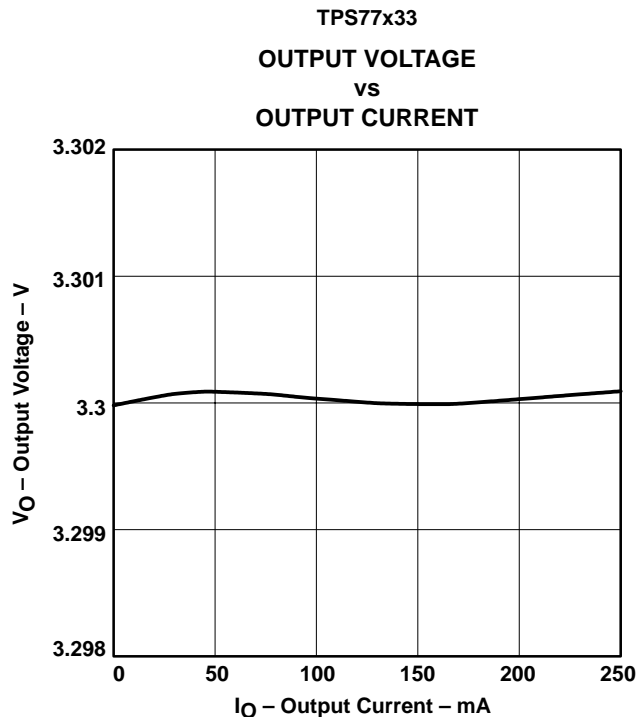


Figure 2

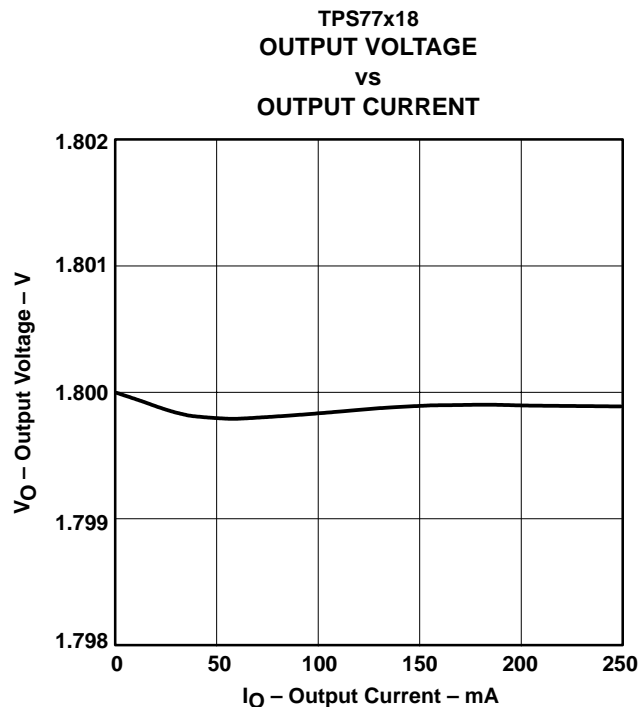


Figure 3

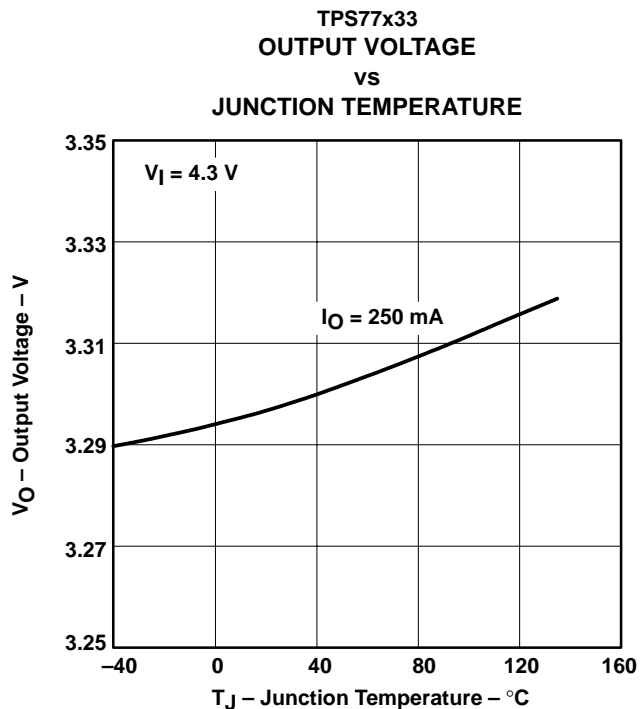


Figure 4

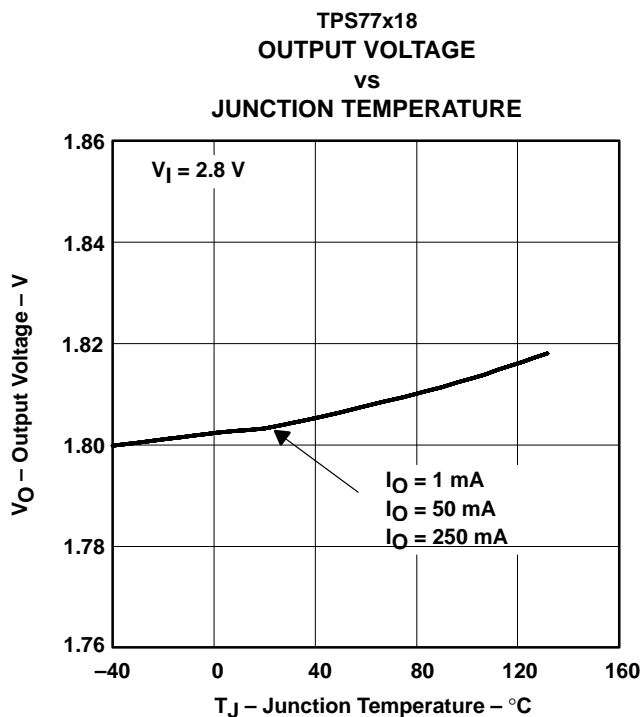


Figure 5



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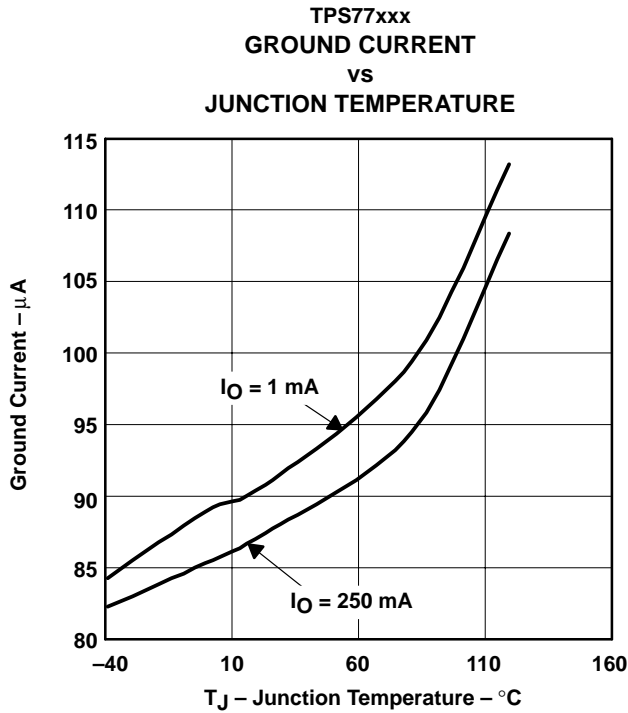


Figure 6

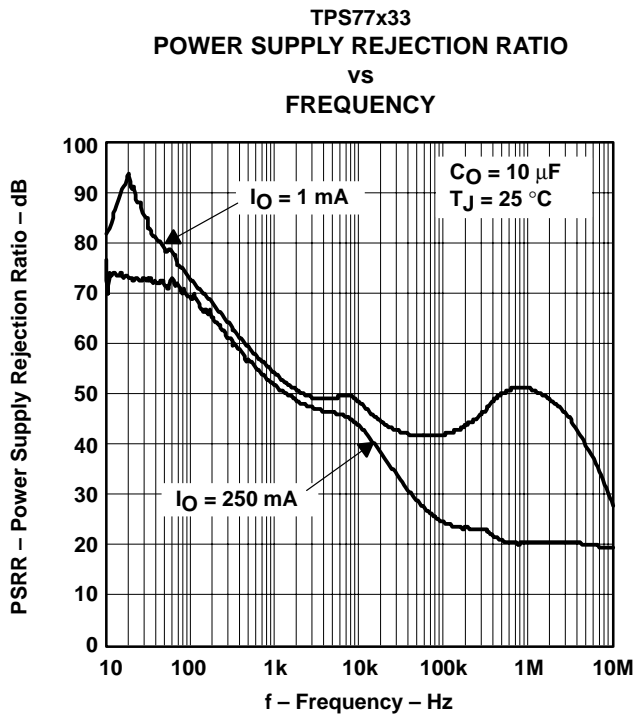


Figure 7

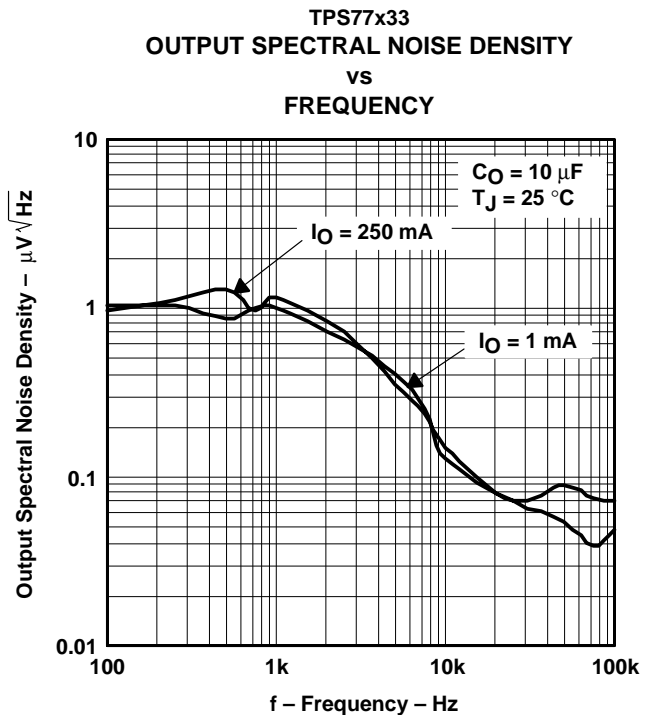


Figure 8



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

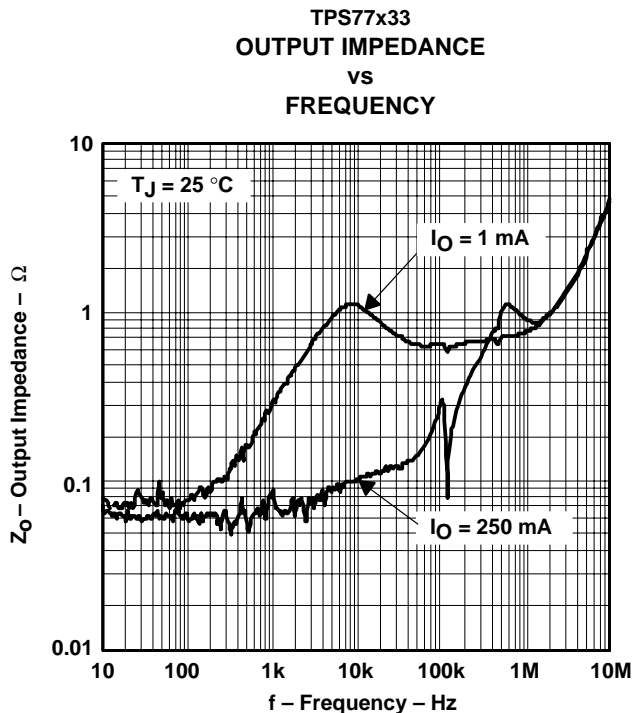


Figure 9

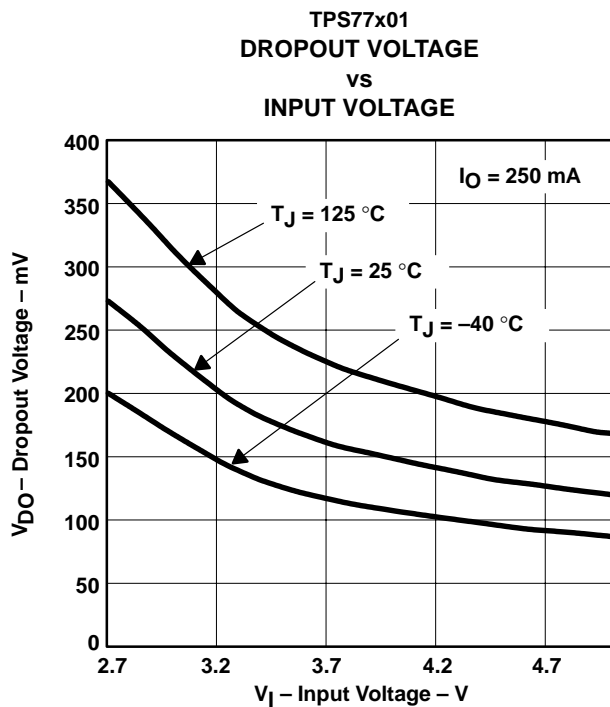


Figure 10

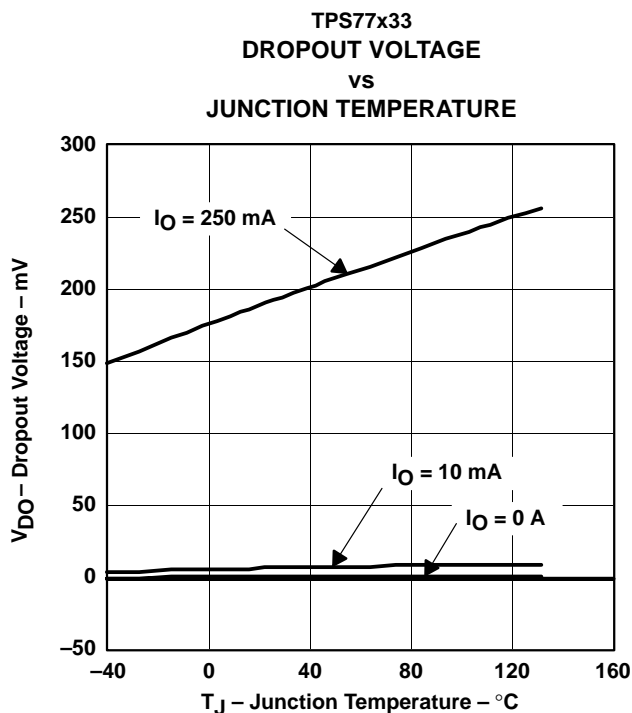


Figure 11

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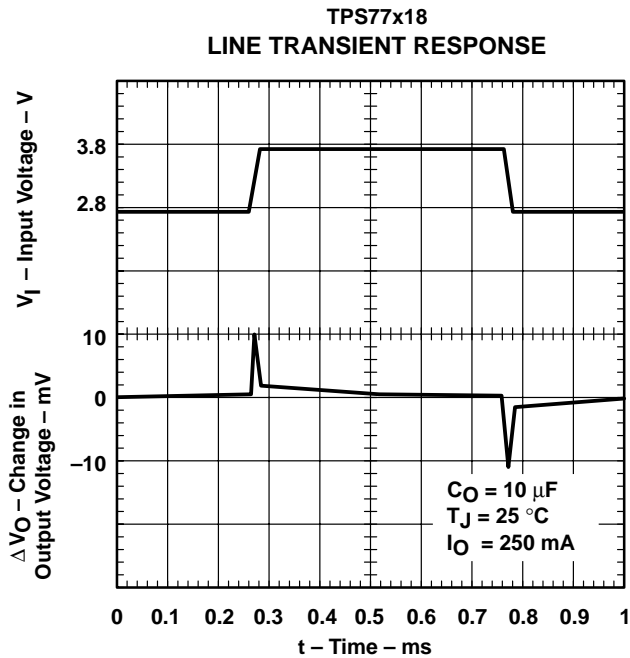


Figure 12

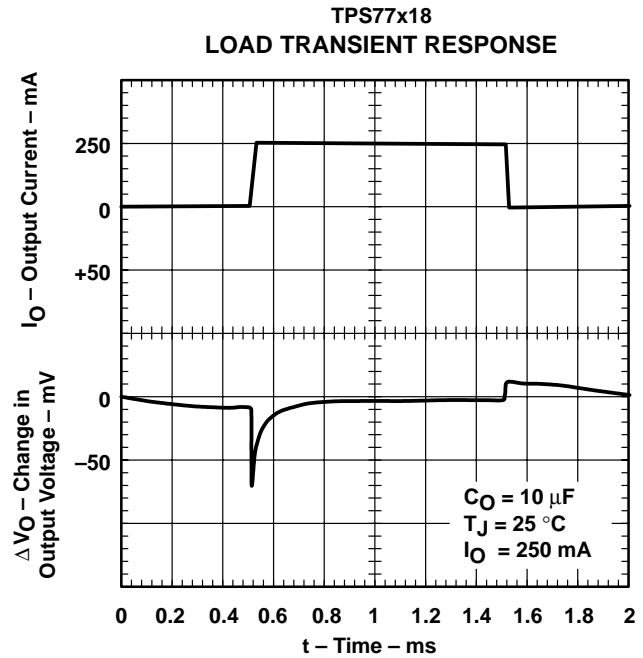


Figure 13

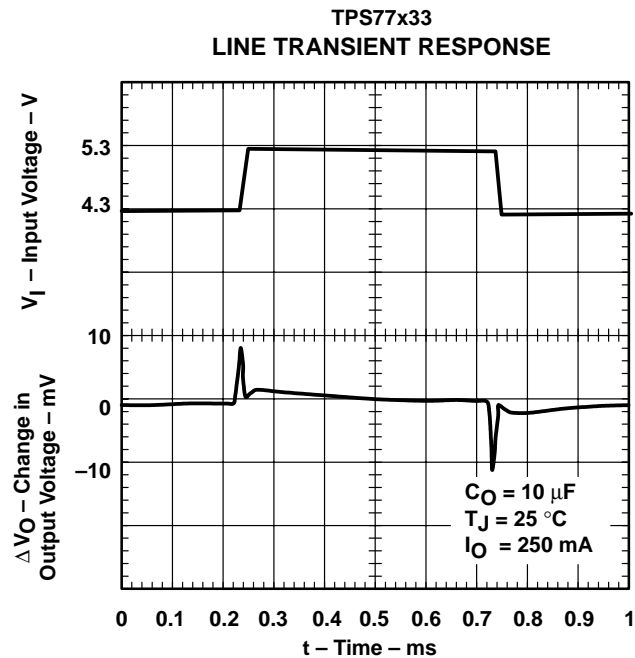


Figure 14

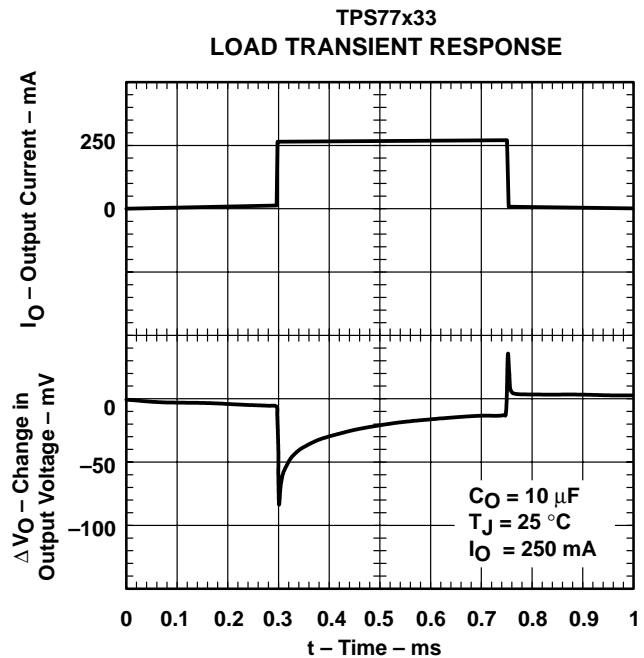


Figure 15



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

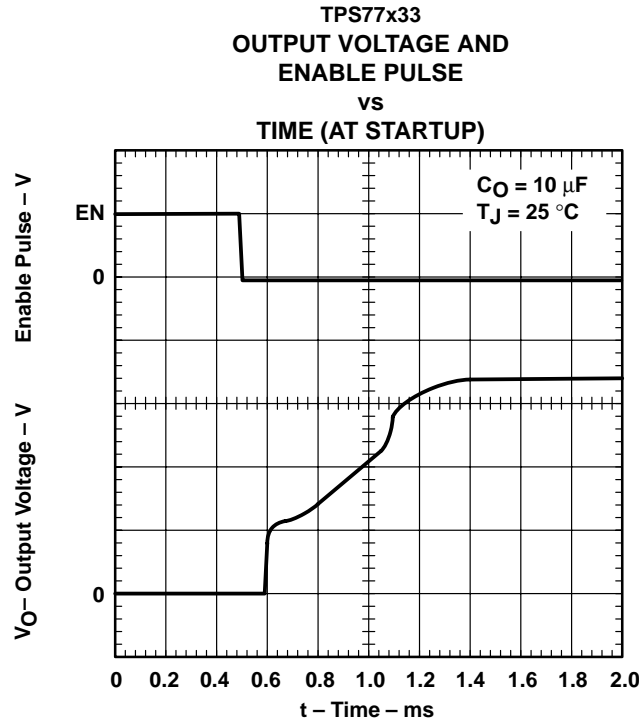


Figure 16

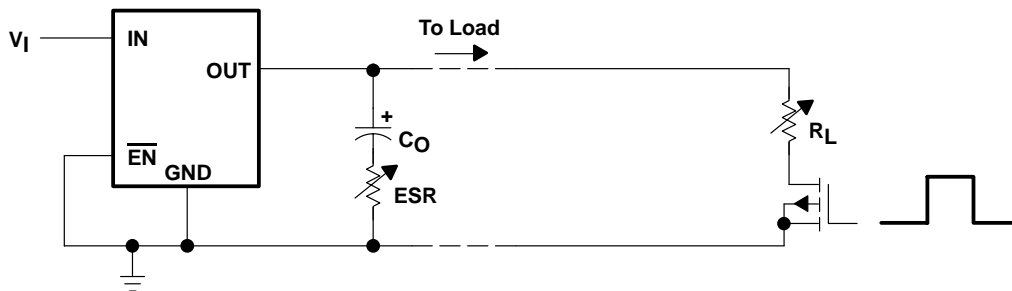


Figure 17. Test Circuit for Typical Regions of Stability (Figures 18 through 21) (Fixed Output Options)

TPS77301/315/316/318/327/328/333/350 WITH RESET OUTPUT
TPS77401/415/418/427/428/433/450 WITH POWER GOOD OUTPUT
250-mA LDO REGULATORS WITH 8-PIN MSOP PACKAGING

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
VS
OUTPUT CURRENT**

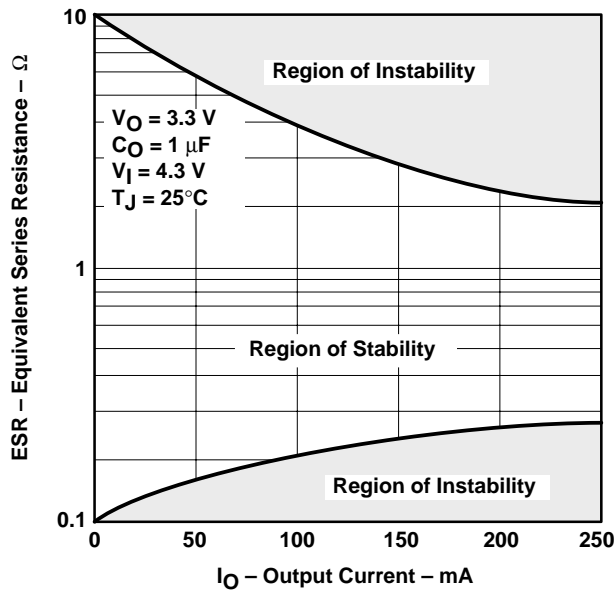


Figure 18

**TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
VS
OUTPUT CURRENT**

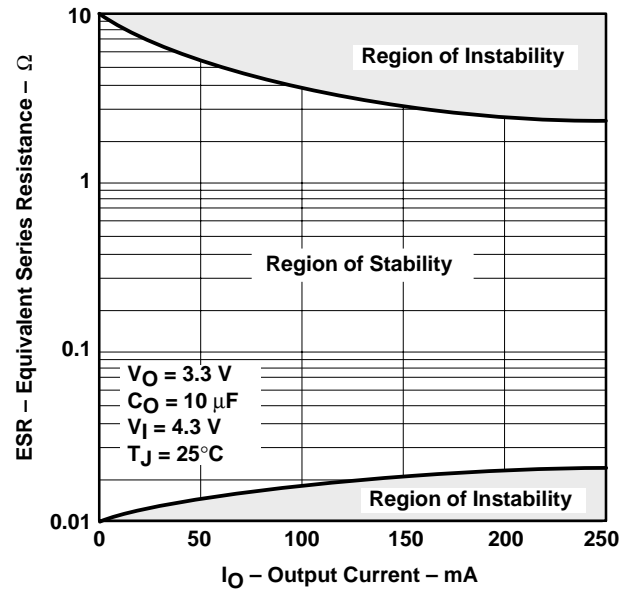


Figure 19

**TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
VS
OUTPUT CURRENT**

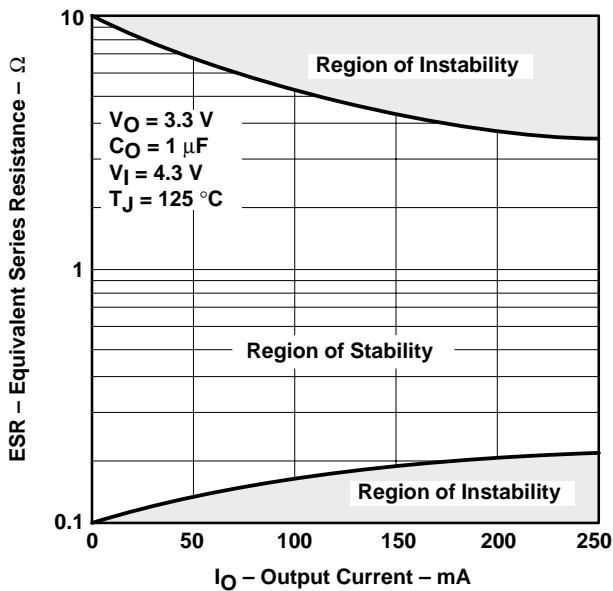


Figure 20

**TYPICAL REGION OF STABILITY
EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE†
VS
OUTPUT CURRENT**

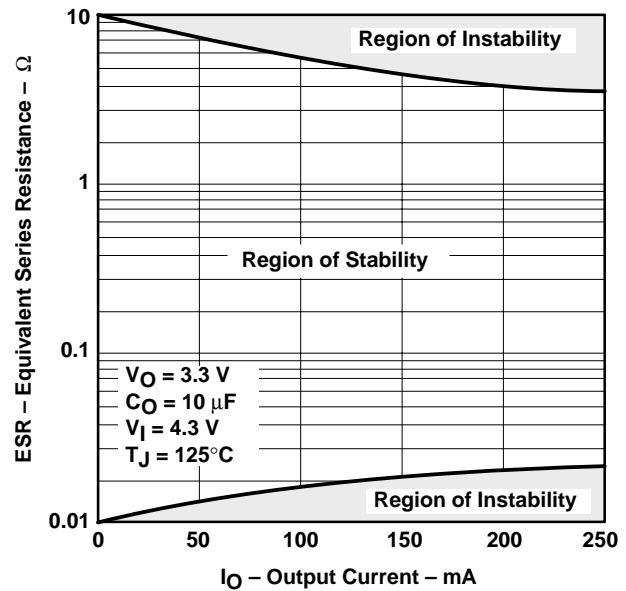


Figure 21

† Equivalent series resistance (ESR) refers to the total series resistance, including the ESR of the capacitor, any series resistance added externally, and PWB trace resistance to C_O .

APPLICATION INFORMATION

pin functions

enable ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)

The $\overline{\text{EN}}$ terminal is an input which enables or shuts down the device. If $\overline{\text{EN}}$ is a logic high, the device will be in shutdown mode. When $\overline{\text{EN}}$ goes to logic low, then the device will be enabled.

power good (PG) (TPS774xx)

The PG terminal is an open drain, active high output that indicates the status of V_{out} (output of the LDO). When V_{out} reaches 82% of the regulated voltage, PG will go to a high-impedance state. It will go to a low-impedance state when V_{out} falls below 82% (i.e. over load condition) of the regulated voltage. The open drain output of the PG terminal requires a pullup resistor.

sense (SENSE)

The SENSE terminal of the fixed-output options must be connected to the regulator output, and the connection should be as short as possible. Internally, SENSE connects to a high-impedance wide-bandwidth amplifier through a resistor-divider network and noise pickup feeds through to the regulator output. It is essential to route the SENSE connection in such a way to minimize/avoid noise pickup. Adding RC networks between the SENSE terminal and V_{out} to filter noise is not recommended because it may cause the regulator to oscillate.

feedback (FB)

FB is an input terminal used for the adjustable-output options and must be connected to an external feedback resistor divider. The FB connection should be as short as possible. It is essential to route it in such a way to minimize/avoid noise pickup. Adding RC networks between FB terminal and V_{out} to filter noise is not recommended because it may cause the regulator to oscillate.

reset ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$) (TPS773xx)

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ terminal is an open drain, active low output that indicates the status of V_{out} . When V_{out} reaches 95% of the regulated voltage, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will go to a high-impedance state after a 220-ms delay. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will go to a low-impedance state when V_{out} is below 95% of the regulated voltage. The open-drain output of the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ terminal requires a pullup resistor.

external capacitor requirements

An input capacitor is not usually required; however, a bypass capacitor (0.047 μF or larger) improves load transient response and noise rejection if the TPS773xx or TPS774xx is located more than a few inches from the power supply. A higher-capacitance capacitor may be necessary if large (hundreds of milliamps) load transients with fast rise times are anticipated.

Most low noise LDOs require an external capacitor to further reduce noise. This will impact the cost and board space. The TPS773xx and TPS774xx have very low noise specification requirements without using any external components.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS773xx or TPS774xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT (output of the LDO) and GND (signal ground) to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 1 μF provided the ESR meets the requirement in Figures 19 and 21. In addition, a low-ESR capacitor can be used if the capacitance is at least 10 μF and the ESR meets the requirements in Figures 18 and 20. Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described previously.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

external capacitor requirements (continued)

Ceramic capacitors have different types of dielectric material with each exhibiting different temperature and voltage variation. The most common types are X5R, X7R, Y5U, Z5U, and NPO. The NPO type ceramic type capacitors are generally the most stable over temperature. However, the X5R and X7R are also relatively stable over temperature (with the X7R being the more stable of the two) and are therefore acceptable to use. The Y5U and Z5U types provide high capacitance in a small geometry, but exhibit large variations over temperature; therefore, the Y5U and Z5U are not generally recommended for use on this LDO. Independent of which type of capacitor is used, one must make certain that at the worst case condition the capacitance/ESR meets the requirement specified in Figures 18 – 21.

Figure 22 shows the output capacitor and its parasitic impedances in a typical LDO output stage.

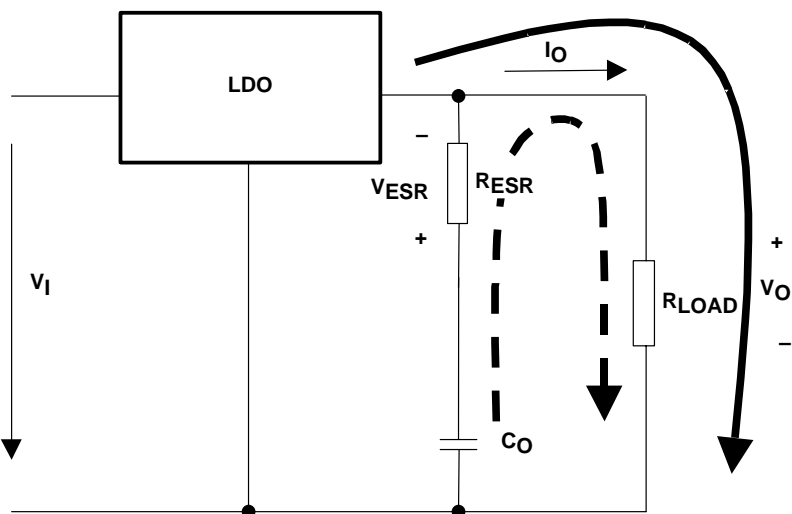


Figure 22. LDO Output Stage With Parasitic Resistances ESR

In steady state (dc state condition), the load current is supplied by the LDO (solid arrow) and the voltage across the capacitor is the same as the output voltage ($V_{C_{out}} = V_{out}$). This means no current is flowing into the C_{out} branch. If I_{out} suddenly increases (transient condition), the following occurs:

- The LDO is not able to supply the sudden current need due to its response time (t_1 in Figure 23). Therefore, capacitor C_{out} provides the current for the new load condition (dashed arrow). C_{out} now acts like a battery with an internal resistance, ESR. Depending on the current demand at the output, a voltage drop will occur at R_{ESR} . This voltage is shown as V_{ESR} in Figure 22.
- When C_{out} is conducting current to the load, initial voltage at the load will be $V_{out} = V_{C_{out}} - V_{ESR}$. Due to the discharge of C_{out} , the output voltage V_{out} will drop continuously until the response time t_1 of the LDO is reached and the LDO will resume supplying the load. From this point, the output voltage starts rising again until it reaches the regulated voltage. This period is shown as t_2 in Figure 23.

The figure also shows the impact of different ESRs on the output voltage. The left brackets show different levels of ESRs where number 1 displays the lowest and number 3 displays the highest ESR.

From above, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- The higher the ESR, the larger the droop at the beginning of load transient.
- The smaller the output capacitor, the faster the discharge time and the bigger the voltage droop during the LDO response period.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

conclusion

To minimize the transient output droop, capacitors must have a low ESR and be large enough to support the minimum output voltage requirement.

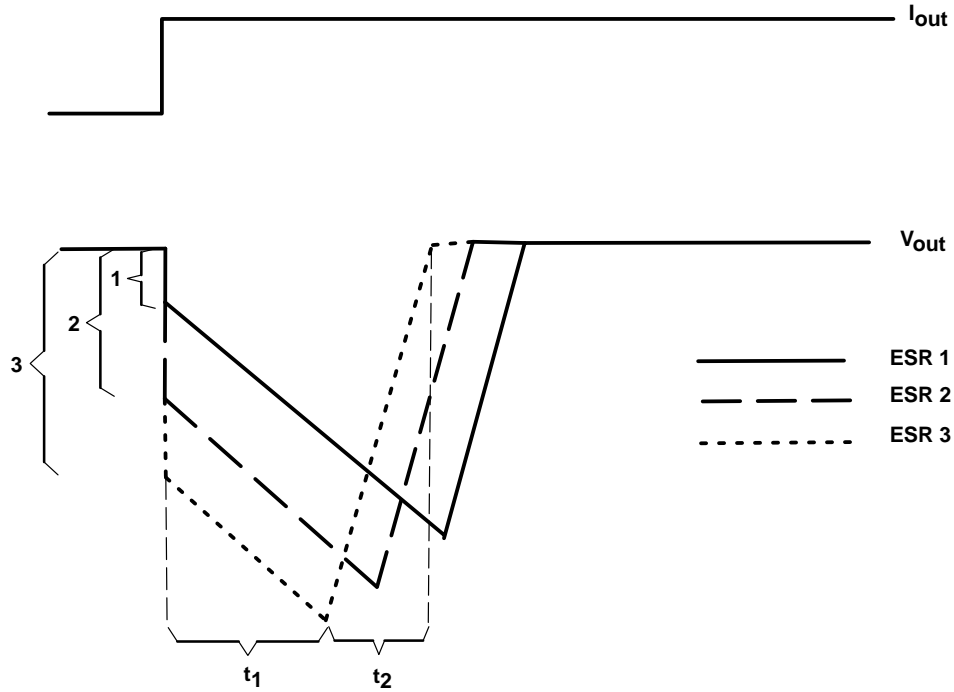


Figure 23. Correlation of Different ESRs and Their Influence to the Regulation of V_{out} at a Load Step From Low-to-High Output Current

TPS77301/315/316/318/327/328/333/350 WITH RESET OUTPUT
TPS77401/415/418/427/428/433/450 WITH POWER GOOD OUTPUT
250-mA LDO REGULATORS WITH 8-PIN MSOP PACKAGING

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

programming the TPS77x01 adjustable LDO regulator

The output voltage of the TPS77x01 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 24. The output voltage is calculated using:

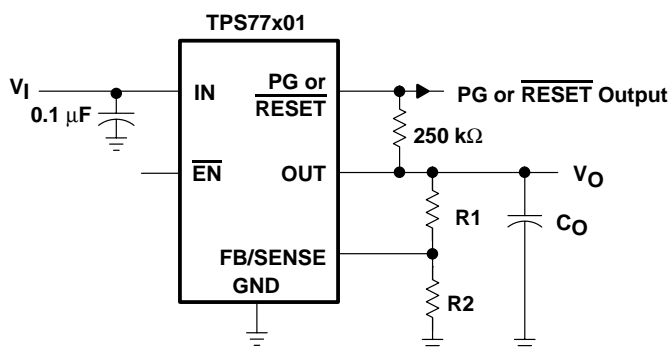
$$V_O = V_{ref} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \tag{1}$$

Where:

$$V_{ref} = 1.1834 \text{ V typ (the internal reference voltage)}$$

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50-μA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used but offer no inherent advantage and waste more power. Higher values should be avoided, as leakage currents at FB increase the output voltage error. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 30.1 kΩ to set the divider current at 50 μA and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_O}{V_{ref}} - 1\right) \times R2 \tag{2}$$



OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING GUIDE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	R1	R2	UNIT
2.5 V	33.5	30.1	kΩ
3.3 V	53.8	30.1	kΩ
3.6 V	61.5	30.1	kΩ

NOTE: To reduce noise and prevent oscillation, R1 and R2 need to be as close as possible to the FB/SENSE terminal.

Figure 24. TPS77x01 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

APPLICATION INFORMATION

regulator protection

The TPS773xx or TPS774xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse currents when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. When extended reverse voltage is anticipated, external limiting may be appropriate.

The TPS773xx or TPS774xx also features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS773xx or TPS774xx limits output current to approximately 0.9 A. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds 150°C(typ), thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled below 130°C(typ), regulator operation resumes.

power dissipation and junction temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{Jmax} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Where:

T_{Jmax} is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, i.e., 266.2°C/W for the 8-terminal MSOP with no airflow.

T_A is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_D = (V_I - V_O) \times I_O$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation will trigger the thermal protection circuit.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS77301DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGF	Samples
TPS77301DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGF	Samples
TPS77315DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGG	Samples
TPS77315DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGG	Samples
TPS77316DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AWF	Samples
TPS77316DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AWF	Samples
TPS77316DGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AWF	Samples
TPS77318DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGH	Samples
TPS77318DGKG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGH	Samples
TPS77318DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGH	Samples
TPS77328DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGK	Samples
TPS77328DGKG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGK	Samples
TPS77333DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGM	Samples
TPS77333DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGM	Samples
TPS77333DGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGM	Samples
TPS77350DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGN	Samples
TPS77350DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGN	Samples

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS77401DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGO	Samples
TPS77415DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGP	Samples
TPS77418DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGQ	Samples
TPS77418DGKG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGQ	Samples
TPS77428DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGT	Samples
TPS77433DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGV	Samples
TPS77433DGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGV	Samples
TPS77433DGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGV	Samples
TPS77450DGK	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	AGW	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS77301DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77315DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77316DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77318DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77333DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77350DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS77433DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS77301DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77315DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77316DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77318DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77333DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77350DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS77433DGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0

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