TVS3300 33-V Flat-Clamp Surge Protection Device

1 Features

- Protection Against 1 kV, 42 Ω IEC 61000-4-5 Surge Test for Industrial Signal Lines
- Max Clamping Voltage of 40 V at 35 A of 8/20 µs Surge Current
- Standoff Voltage: 33 V
- Tiny 1.1 mm² WCSP and 4 mm² SON Footprints
- Survives Over 4,000 Repetitive Strikes of 30 A 8/20 µs Surge Current at 125°C
- Robust Surge Protection
  - IEC61000-4-5 (8/20 µs): 35 A
  - IEC61643-321 (10/1000 µs): 4 A
- Low Leakage Current
  - 19 nA Typical at 27°C
  - 28 nA Typical at 85°C
- Low Capacitance: 130 pF
- Integrated Level 4 IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Protection

2 Applications

- Industrial Sensors
- PLC I/O Modules
- 24 V Power Lines or Digital Switching Lines
- 4/20 mA Loops
- Appliances
- Medical Equipment
- Motor Drivers

3 Description

The TVS3300 robustly shunts up to 35 A of IEC 61000-4-5 fault current to protect systems from high power transients or lightning strikes. The device offers a solution to the common industrial signal line EMC requirement to survive up to 1 kV IEC 61000-4-5 open circuit voltage coupled through a 42 Ω impedance. The TVS3300 uses a unique feedback mechanism to ensure precise flat clamping during a fault, assuring system exposure below 40 V. The tight voltage regulation allows designers to confidently select system components with a lower voltage tolerance, lowering system costs and complexity without sacrificing robustness.

In addition, the TVS3300 is available in small 1 mm × 1.1 mm WCSP and 2 mm × 2 mm SON footprints which are ideal for space constrained applications, offering up to a 90 percent reduction in size compared to industry standard SMA and SMB packages. The extremely low device leakage and capacitance ensure a minimal effect on the protected line. To ensure robust protection over the lifetime of the product, TI tests the TVS3300 against 4000 repetitive surge strikes at high temperature with no shift in device performance.

The TVS3300 is part of TI’s Flat-Clamp family of surge devices. For more information on the other devices in the family, see the Device Comparison Table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>PACKAGE</th>
<th>BODY SIZE (NOM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300</td>
<td>WCSP (4)</td>
<td>1.062 mm × 1.116 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SON (6)</td>
<td>2.00 mm × 2.00 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Footprint Comparison

Voltage Clamp Response to 8/20 µs Surge Event

An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.
Table of Contents

1 Features ................................................................. 1
2 Applications .......................................................... 1
3 Description ............................................................ 1
4 Revision History ......................................................... 2
5 Device Comparison Table ............................................ 3
6 Pin Configuration and Functions ................................. 4
7 Specifications .......................................................... 5
   7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings .................................. 5
   7.2 ESD Ratings - JEDEC ........................................ 5
   7.3 ESD Ratings - IEC ............................................. 5
   7.4 Recommended Operating Conditions ................. 5
   7.5 Thermal Information ......................................... 5
   7.6 Electrical Characteristics ................................. 6
   7.7 Typical Characteristics .................................. 7
8 Detailed Description ................................................ 9
   8.1 Overview .......................................................... 9
   8.2 Functional Block Diagram ................................. 9
   8.3 Feature Description ......................................... 9
8.4 Reliability Testing .................................................. 9
8.5 Device Functional Modes ...................................... 9
9 Application and Implementation ............................. 11
   9.1 Application Information ................................... 11
   9.2 Typical Application ......................................... 11
10 Power Supply Recommendations ......................... 12
11 Layout ................................................................. 13
   11.1 Layout Guidelines ........................................... 13
   11.2 Layout Example ............................................. 13
12 Device and Documentation Support ....................... 15
   12.1 Documentation Support .................................. 15
   12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates . 15
   12.3 Community Resources ................................... 15
   12.4 Trademarks .................................................. 15
   12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution ...................... 15
   12.6 Glossary ...................................................... 15
13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information ...... 15

4 Revision History

Changes from Revision B (April 2017) to Revision C Page

• Data Sheet revised to match other TVSxx00 family devices ................................................................. 1

Changes from Revision A (March 2017) to Revision B Page

• Updated standard for (10/1000 µs) from IEC 61000-4-5 to IEC 61643-321 in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table ........ 5

Changes from Original (Feb 2017) to Revision A Page

• Added SON package option .................................................. 1
• Added ±11-kV Contact Discharge (SON) to the Features section ................................................................. 1
• Added Peak pulse—clamping direction specs for SON package in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table .............. 5
• Added IEC 61000-4-2 contact discharge spec for SON package in the ESD Ratings - IEC table ......................... 5
• Added $T_A = 27^\circ$C condition to dynamic resistance in the Electrical Characteristics table .................................. 5
## 5 Device Comparison Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>$V_{rwm}$</th>
<th>$V_{clamp}$ at $I_{pp}$</th>
<th>$I_{pp}$ (8/20 µs)</th>
<th>$V_{rwm}$ leakage (nA)</th>
<th>Package Options</th>
<th>Polarity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVS0500</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS1400</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>18.4</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS1800</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS2200</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>27.7</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS2700</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>32.5</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>WCSP, SON</td>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

## YZF Package 4-Pin WCSP Top View

![YZF Package 4-Pin WCSP Top View](image)

## DRV Package 6-Pin SON Top View

![DRV Package 6-Pin SON Top View](image)

## Pin Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>B1, B2</td>
<td>4, 5, 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GND</td>
<td>A1, A2</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, exposed thermal pad</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

\( T_A = 27^\circ C \) (unless otherwise noted)\(^{(1)}\)

| Maximum Surge | IEC 61000-4-5 Current (8/20 µs) | 35 | A |
| IEC 61000-4-5 Power (8/20 µs) | 1330 | W |
| IEC 61643-321 Current (10/1000 µs) - WCSP | 4 | A |
| IEC 61643-321 Power (10/1000 µs) - WCSP | 150 | W |
| IEC 61643-321 Current (10/1000 µs) - DRV | 3.5 | A |
| IEC 61643-321 Power (10/1000 µs) - DRV | 125 | W |

| Maximum Forward Surge | IEC 61000-4-5 Current (8/20 µs) | 50 | A |
| IEC 61000-4-5 Power (8/20 µs) | 80 | W |
| IEC 61643-321 Current (10/1000 µs) | 23 | A |
| IEC 61643-321 Power (10/1000 µs) | 60 | W |

| EFT | IEC 61000-4-4 EFT Protection | 80 | A |
| I\(_{BR}\) | DC Breakdown Current - DRV | 10 | mA |
| I\(_F\) | DC Forward Current | 500 | mA |
| \( T_A \) | Ambient Operating Temperature | -40 to 125 | \(^\circ\)C |
| \( T_{stg} \) | Storage Temperature | -65 to 150 | \(^\circ\)C |

\(^{(1)}\) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Rating may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Condition. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### 7.2 ESD Ratings - JEDEC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALUE</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( V_{(ESD)} )</td>
<td>Electrostatic discharge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins(^{(1)})</td>
<td>( \pm2000 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins(^{(2)})</td>
<td>( \pm500 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

\(^{(2)}\) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 7.3 ESD Ratings - IEC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALUE</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( V_{(ESD)} )</td>
<td>Electrostatic discharge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 contact discharge</td>
<td>( \pm11 )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 air-gap discharge</td>
<td>( \pm30 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7.4 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>NOM</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( V_{RWM} )</td>
<td>Reverse Stand-off Voltage</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7.5 Thermal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>THERMAL METRIC(^{(1)})</th>
<th>TVS3300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( R_{qJA} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( R_{qJC(top)} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YZF (WCSP)</td>
<td>173.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRV (SON)</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

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Submit Documentation Feedback
Thermal Information (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>THERMAL METRIC(1)</th>
<th>TVS3300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>YZF (WCSP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 PINS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( R_{qJB} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-board thermal resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( Y_{JT} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-top characterization parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( Y_{JB} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-board characterization parameter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( R_{qJC(bot)} )</td>
<td>Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.6 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>TEST CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( I_{LEAK} )</td>
<td>Leakage Current Measured at ( V_{IN} = V_{RWM}, T_A = 27°C )</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Measured at ( V_{IN} = V_{RWM}, T_A = 85°C )</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>600</td>
<td></td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( V_F )</td>
<td>Forward Voltage ( I_{IN} = 1 \text{ mA} ) from GND to IO</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( V_{BR} )</td>
<td>Break-down Voltage ( I_{IN} = 1 \text{ mA} ) from IO to GND</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>35.8</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( V_{FCLAMP} )</td>
<td>Forward Clamp Voltage 35 A IEC 61000-4-5 Surge (8/20 (\mu)s) from GND to IO, 27°C</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( V_{CLAMP} )</td>
<td>Clamp Voltage 15 A IEC 61000-4-5 Surge (8/20 (\mu)s) from IO to GND, ( V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V} ) before surge, 27°C</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>35 A IEC 61000-4-5 Surge (8/20 (\mu)s) from IO to GND, ( V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V} ) before surge, 27°C</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( R_{DYN} )</td>
<td>8/20 (\mu)s surge dynamic resistance Calculated from ( V_{CLAMP} ) at 15 A and 30 A surge current levels, 27°C</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td>mΩ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( C_{IN} )</td>
<td>Input pin capacitance ( V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, 30 \text{ mV}_{pp}, \text{ IO to GND} )</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( SR )</td>
<td>Maximum Slew Rate 0-V(R_{RWM}) rising edge, sweep rise time and measure slew rate when ( I_{PEAK} = 1 \text{ mA}, 27°C )</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V/(\mu)s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0-V(R_{RWM}) rising edge, sweep rise time and measure slew rate when ( I_{PEAK} = 1 \text{ mA}, 105°C )</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V/(\mu)s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.7 Typical Characteristics

Figure 1. 8/20 µs Surge Response at 35 A

Figure 2. 8/20 µs Surge Response at 35 A Across Temperature

Figure 3. Capacitance vs Temperature Across Bias

Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature at 33 V

Figure 5. I/V Curve Across Temperature

Figure 6. Forward Voltage vs Temperature
Typical Characteristics (continued)

Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage (1 mA) vs Temperature

Figure 8. Max Surge Current (8/20 µs) vs Temperature

Figure 9. Dynamic Leakage vs Signal Slew Rate across Temperature
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview
The TVS3300 is a precision clamp with a low, flat clamping voltage during transient overvoltage events like surge and protecting the system with zero voltage overshoot.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

8.3 Feature Description
The TVS3300 is a precision clamp that handles 35 A of IEC 61000-4-5 8/20 µs surge pulse. The flat clamping feature helps keep the clamping voltage very low to keep the downstream circuits from being stressed. The flat clamping feature can also help end-equipment designers save cost by opening up the possibility to use lower-cost, lower voltage tolerant downstream ICs. The TVS3300 has minimal leakage under the standoff voltage of 33 V, making it an ideal candidate for applications where low leakage and power dissipation is a necessity. IEC 61000-4-2 and IEC 61000-4-4 ratings make it a robust protection solution for ESD and EFT events. Wide ambient temperature range of –40°C to +125°C a good candidate for most applications. Compact packages enable it to be used in small devices and save board area.

8.4 Reliability Testing
To ensure device reliability, the TVS3300 is characterized against 4000 repetitive pulses of 30 A IEC 61000-4-5 8/20 µs surge pulses at 125°C. The test is performed with less than 10 seconds between each pulse at high temperature to simulate worst case scenarios for fault regulation. After each surge pulse, the TVS3300 clamping voltage, breakdown voltage, and leakage are recorded to ensure that there is no variation or performance degradation. By ensuring robust, reliable, high temperature protection, the TVS3300 enables fault protection in applications that must withstand years of continuous operation with no performance change.

8.5 Device Functional Modes

8.5.1 Protection Specifications
The TVS3300 is specified according to both the IEC 61000-4-5 and IEC 61643-321 standards. This enables usage in systems regardless of which standard is required in relevant product standards or best matches measured fault conditions. The IEC 61000-4-5 standards requires protection against a pulse with a rise time of 8 µs and a half length of 20 µs, while the IEC 61643-321 standard requires protection against a much longer pulse with a rise time of 10 µs and a half length of 1000 µs.
Device Functional Modes (continued)

The positive and negative surges are imposed to the TVS3300 by a combinational waveform generator (CWG) with a 2-Ω coupling resistor at different peak voltage levels. For powered on transient tests that need power supply bias, inductances are usually used to decouple the transient stress and protect the power supply. The TVS3300 is post tested by assuring that there is no shift in device breakdown or leakage at $V_{\text{rwm}}$.

In addition, the TVS3300 has been tested according to IEC 61000-4-5 to pass a ±1 kV surge test through a 42-Ω coupling resistor and a 0.5 µF capacitor. This test is a common test requirement for industrial signal I/O lines and the TVS3300 will serve an ideal protection solution for applications with that requirement.

The TVS3300 allow integrates IEC 61000-4-2 level 4 ESD Protection and 80 A of IEC 61000-4-4 EFT Protection. These combine to ensure that the device can protect against most transient conditions regardless of length or type.

For more information on TI's test methods for Surge, ESD, and EFT testing, reference TI's IEC 61000-4-x Testing Application Note

8.5.2 Minimal Derating

Unlike traditional diodes the TVS3300 has very little derating of max power dissipation and ensures robust performance up to 125°C, shown in Figure 8. Traditional TVS diodes lose up to 50% of their current carrying capability when at high temperatures, so a surge pulse above 85°C ambient can cause failures that are not seen at room temperature. The TVS3300 prevents this and ensures that you will see the same level of protection regardless of temperature.

8.5.3 Transient Performance

During large transient swings, the TVS3300 will begin clamping the input signal to protect downstream conditions. While this prevents damage during fault conditions, it can cause leakage when the intended input signal has a fast slew rate. In order to keep power dissipation low and remove the chance of signal distortion, it is recommended to keep the slew rate of any input signal on the TVS3300 below 2.5 V/µs at room temperature and below 0.7 V/µs at 125°C shown in Figure 9. Faster slew rates will cause the device to clamp the input signal and draw current through the device for a few microseconds, increasing the rise time of the signal. This will not cause any harm to the system or to the device, however if the fast input voltage swings occur regularly it can cause device overheating.
9 Application and Implementation

NOTE
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI’s customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information
The TVS3300 can be used to protect any power, analog, or digital signal from transient fault conditions caused by the environment or other electrical components.

9.2 Typical Application

Figure 10. TVS3300 Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements
A typical operation for the TVS3300 would be protecting an analog output module on a PLC similar to Figure 10. In this example, the TVS3300 is protecting a 4-20 mA transmitter that uses the XTR115, a standard transmitter that has a nominal voltage of 24 V and a maximum input voltage of 40 V. Most industrial interfaces such as this require protection against ±1 kV surge test through a 42-Ω coupling resistor and a 0.5 µF capacitor, equaling roughly 24 A of surge current. Without any input protection, if a surge event is caused by lightning, coupling, ringing, or any other fault condition this input voltage will rise to hundreds of volts for multiple microseconds, violating the absolute maximum input voltage and harming the device. An ideal surge protection diode will maximize the useable voltage range while still clamping at a safe level for the system, TI’s Flat-Clamp technology provides the best protection solution.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure
If the TVS3300 is in place to protect the device, during a surge event the voltage will rise to the breakdown of the diode at 35.8 V, and then the TVS3300 will turn on, shunting the surge current to ground. With the low dynamic resistance of the TVS3300, large amounts of surge current will have minimal impact on the clamping voltage. The dynamic resistance of the TVS3300 is around 40 mΩ, which means 24 A of surge current will cause a voltage raise of 24 A × 40 mΩ = 0.96 V. Because the device turns on at 35.8 V, this means the XTR115 input will be exposed to a maximum of 35.8 V + 0.96 V = 36.76 V during surge pulses, well within the absolute maximum input voltage. This ensures robust protection of your circuit.
Typical Application (continued)

The small size of the device also improves fault protection by lowering the effect of fault current coupling onto neighboring traces. The small form factor of the TVS3300 allows the device to be placed extremely close to the input connector, lowering the length of the path fault current will take through the system compared to larger protection solutions.

Finally, the low leakage of the TVS3300 will have low input power losses. At 33 V, the device will see typical 19 nA leakage for a constant power dissipation of less than 100 µW, a small quantity that will minimally effect overall efficiency metrics and heating concerns.

9.2.3 PLC Surge Protection Reference Design

For a detailed description of the TVS3300 advantages in a PLC Analog Input Module, reference TI's Surge Protection Reference Design for PLC Analog Input Module. This document describes the considerations and performance of the TVS3300 in a common industrial application.

9.2.4 Configuration Options

The TVS3300 can be used in either unidirectional or bidirectional configuration. By placing two TVS3300's in series with reverse orientation bidirectional operation can be used, allowing a working voltage of ±33 V. TVS3300 operation in bidirectional will be similar to unidirectional operation, with a minor increase in breakdown voltage and clamping voltage. The TVS3300 bidirectional performance has been characterized in the TVS3300 Configurations Characterization.

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TVS3300 is a clamping device so there is no need to power it. To ensure the device functions properly do not violate the recommended \( V_{IN} \) voltage range (0 V to 33 V).
11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

The optimum placement is close to the connector. EMI during an ESD event can couple from the trace being struck to other nearby unprotected traces, resulting in early system failures. The PCB designer must minimize the possibility of EMI coupling by keeping any unprotected traces away from the protected traces which are between the TVS and the connector.

Route the protected traces straight.

Eliminate any sharp corners on the protected traces between the TVS3300 and the connector by using rounded corners with the largest radii possible. Electric fields tend to build up on corners, increasing EMI coupling.

11.2 Layout Example

![Figure 11. TVS3300 WCSP Layout](image-url)
Layout Example (continued)

Figure 12. TVS3300 SON Layout
12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation
For related documentation see the following:
- Flat-Clamp TVS Evaluation Kit
- Surge Protection Reference Design for PLC Analog Input Module
- TVS3300 Evaluation Module User's Guide
- TVS3300DRV Evaluation Module User's Guide

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates
To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on Alert me to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resources
The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks
E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution
This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.6 Glossary
SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information
The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Orderable Device</th>
<th>Status (1)</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Package Qty</th>
<th>Eco Plan (2)</th>
<th>Lead/Ball Finish (6)</th>
<th>MSL Peak Temp (3)</th>
<th>Op Temp (°C)</th>
<th>Device Marking (4/5)</th>
<th>Samples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300DRVR</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>WSON</td>
<td>DRV</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>CU NIPDAU</td>
<td>Level-2-260C-1 YEAR</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>17JH</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300YZFR</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>Green (RoHS &amp; no Sb/Br)</td>
<td>SNAGCU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 125</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) **MSL, Peak Temp.** - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) **Lead/Ball Finish** - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### TAPE DIMENSIONS

- **Reel Diameter**: Diameter of the reel
- **Reel Width (W1)**: Width of the reel
- **Cavity**: Space in the middle of the reel
- **A0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
- **B0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
- **K0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
- **W**: Overall width of the carrier tape
- **P1**: Pitch between successive cavity centers

### PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
<th>Reel Diameter (mm)</th>
<th>Reel Width W1 (mm)</th>
<th>A0 (mm)</th>
<th>B0 (mm)</th>
<th>K0 (mm)</th>
<th>P1 (mm)</th>
<th>W (mm)</th>
<th>Pin1 Quadrant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300DRVR</td>
<td>WSON</td>
<td>DRV</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>180.0</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>1.15</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300YZFR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>180.0</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>1.17</td>
<td>1.22</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All dimensions are nominal*
## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
<th>Length (mm)</th>
<th>Width (mm)</th>
<th>Height (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300DRVR</td>
<td>WSON</td>
<td>DRV</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>210.0</td>
<td>185.0</td>
<td>35.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TVS3300YZFR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All dimensions are nominal*
Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.
NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If some or all are implemented, recommended via locations are shown.
6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.
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