

# Bodo's Power Systems®

## Powering IGBT Drivers with Fly-Buck™

*The insulated-gate bipolar transistor (IGBT) is widely used as the main power-carrying device in high-voltage and high-current systems. These types of systems include variable-frequency AC motor drives (VFD), industrial uninterruptible power supply (UPS) systems and solar inverters.*

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In these applications, IGBTs are often configured in a bridge connection, and switch on and off alternately to drive high-current pulses into the motor coils or transformer windings. The reliability and robustness of an IGBT-based system is critical as it handles power from kilowatt to megawatt level.

Compared to the whole system, the IGBT gate driver only consumes “pea-sized” power, or just a few watts. However, it is the driver that helps to ensure that the IGBT has reliable switching. The high-voltage and current swing in the IGBT switching presents great challenges to the driver design, and usually requires a dedicated bias power supply.

### IGBT gate driver supply requirements

Multiple isolated positive and negative voltage rails are often required to power the IGBT drivers in a system. The positive voltage is for turning on the IGBT. It should hold a steady voltage level as it affects the turn-on speed. The negative bias is required for a reliable IGBT turn-off. During the switching transient, the high  $dv/dt$  swing could induce the gate voltage to jump high momentarily. If the gate driver bias is not pulled at a low enough negative potential, it could lead to the IGBT falsely turning on and increase the risk of high-current shoot-through. Isolation is another requirement for the driver bias supply. In a multi-phase IGBT system, the high-side driver needs an isolated bias for each phase. Sometimes the preference is to have isolation for low-side IGBTs as well to avoid any ground noise interference. Figure 1 shows the gate drivers for two IGBTs in a half-bridge configuration, which needs two pair of bipolar voltage rails.

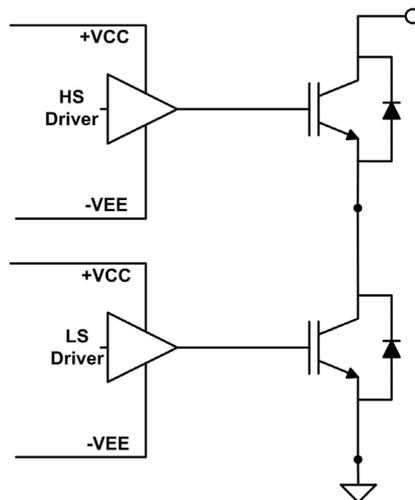


Figure 1: Gate drivers with bipolar bias for two IGBTs

Push-pull, flyback and forward converters have been the common choices of isolated power supply topologies for IGBT driver bias. The bias outputs are obtained through an open-loop switching or auxiliary transformer winding feedback control. The open-loop operation gives poor line and load regulation. It relies on a stable input DC source and post-stage low dropout (LDO) regulators to produce stable bias rails.

On the other hand, the auxiliary winding feedback method adds more required windings and pins to the transformer. The cross regulation between outputs is not optimal. However, the Fly-Buck™ converter can readily take on the task. The topology uses a transformer in a buck converter instead of an inductor to generate isolated outputs (Figure 2). It controls the secondary side outputs by regulating the primary side output similar to a normal buck. The Fly-Buck uses the pri-

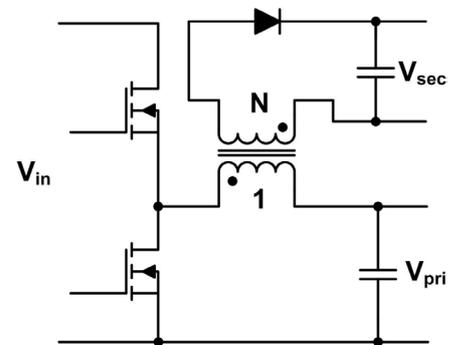


Figure 2: Fly-Buck converter topology

mary output to clamp the secondary outputs through coupled windings. This primary-side regulation makes it easy to obtain well-controlled isolated voltages without needing an auxiliary winding or optocoupler feedback. In general, the topology has balanced cross-regulation performance, and the switching operation is less noisy.

### Fly-Buck driver bias considerations

When using a Fly-Buck to power IGBT drivers, the optimal configuration of the supply for the system should be evaluated. Depending on the application case, there are several ways to configure the outputs as one Fly-Buck can provide the bipolar voltages for one or multiple IGBT drivers. For a single IGBT, the driver bias needs one pair of positive and negative outputs. For two IGBTs in a half bridge, the bias supply should have four outputs. For a typical three-phase AC motor, the six IGBTs require at least eight bias outputs for the gate drivers, as the three bottom side IGBTs share the common ground and can use the same bias rails for the drivers.

From a cost perspective, a centralized power supply that covers the whole system's



is a constant on-time (COT) synchronous buck converter. It can operate in a wide input range of 4.5V to 65V, and has 1.5A current capability with integrated FETs and can be used for Fly-Buck applications.

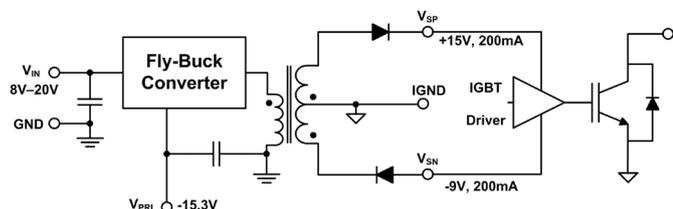


Figure 5: Two-output Fly-Buck power supply powering a single IGBT driver

The eight-output reference design is for the 24V-based input voltage, and the input is allowed to vary from 20V to 30V. The power supply provides +15V and -8V bias rails with 100 mA current capability for each IGBT driver. The reference board is shown in Figure 6 uses one transformer with four second-



Figure 6: Reference board of the eight-output Fly-Buck bias design

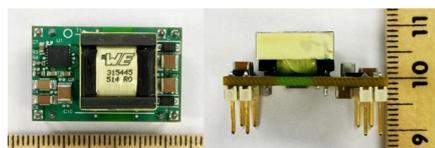


Figure 7: Reference board of the two-output Fly-Buck bias design

ary windings, where the +15V and -8V rails are produced by a voltage-split circuit. The primary voltage is set at 10.5V, and the turns ratio is set at 2.3:1 to get a total 23V from one secondary winding.

Three pairs of the isolated +15V, -8V outputs with 100 mA current is for the three top IGBTs. The other bipolar outputs have 300 mA output current for the three bottom IGBT drivers combined. So the average

current on the primary side is at about 1.4A, which is enough margin from the 2.1A peak current limit of the LM5160 Fly-Buck IC.

The +15V output with the Zener clamp has stable voltage, within five percent regulation over line or load variation. Note that the -8V outputs can endure all variations from the single-winding output, which can hold below -6.5V at full load. The peak power efficiency is about 82 percent. The design was validated with 1200V IGBTs and 6A gate driver in a three-phase system.

The two-output design is for the 12V-based system. It has an input range of 8V-20V, and generates +15V and -9V outputs at 200 mA max current. It uses the inverting buck setting in order to operate at the low-input voltage level, and has separate windings for the bipolar outputs. The primary output is set at -15.3V, and the turns ratio is 1:0.6:1. It achieves five percent regulation for both outputs, and has better efficiency with 87 percent peak. This reference board also features a module-like design, with a compact size of 28x18-mm and a DIP 22-pin package footprint (Figure 7).

The tradeoff between the two designs is clear. The centralized design with one converter IC and one transformer is more cost-effective for a three-phase motor system,

but the single-driver design doubles the bias power capability and has better performance. They suit different applications depending on the system needs.

### Summary

The Fly-Buck converter brings a cost-effective and simple-to-use power solution to power the IGBT driver in the AC motor drives and inverters. The Fly-Buck features the primary side regulation. It also can provide good cross-regulation, wide-input operation, and low-noise interference, so it can meet the stringent requirements posted in these application spaces. For different IGBT-based systems, the converter can be configured to power one or more IGBT drivers giving your design greater flexibility.

### References

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