

# AN-1499 DP83846 to DP83848C/I/YB PHYTER™ System Rollover Document

#### **ABSTRACT**

This is an informational document detailing points to be considered when updating an existing 10/100 Mb/s Ethernet design, using Texas Instruments DP83846 Ethernet Physical Layer (PHY) product, to the new DP83848C/I/YB PHYTER product. Although the basic functions of the device are similar, differences include feature set, pin functions, package and pinout, and possibly register operation. The impact to a design is dependant on which, and how, features of the previous device are used or implemented.

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# 1 Required Changes

This section documents the hardware changes required to transition to DP83848C/I/YB. There are three minor but required circuit changes, which are required for proper operation of the device.

# 1.1 Package

DP83848C/I/YB uses 48LQFP package. The differences in package between DP83848C/I/YB and DP83846 are shown in Table 1. For more information on the 48LQFP package, please visit <a href="http://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>

**Table 1. Packaging Differences** 

	DP83848C/I/YB	
Package	48-LQFP	80-LQFP
Footprint	7x7mm	12x12mm
Package Drawing	VBH48A	VHG80A

# 1.2 Pinout

DP83846 has 80 pins while DP83848C/I/YB has 48 pins. For the list of pins not applicable in DP83848C/I/YB and the pinmap from DP83846 to DP83848C/I/YB, see Appendix A.

## 1.3 PCB Modification

This section describes the DP83846 circuit design modification required to use the DP83848C/I/YB in a similar PCB.

#### 1.3.1 **PFBOUT**

Parallel capacitors (10  $\mu$ F Tantalum capacitor and 0.1  $\mu$ F) should be placed close to pin 23 (PFBOUT, the output of the regulator) in DP83848C/I/YB. In DP83848C/I/YB, pin 18 (PFBIN1) and 37 (PFBIN2) should be externally connected to pin 23 as shown in Figure 1. A small 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor should be placed close to pin 18 and pin 37. DP83846 does not require a similar connection.



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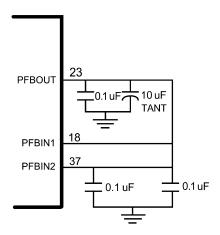


Figure 1. Special Connection in DP83848C/I/YB

#### 1.3.2 Bias Resistor

Internal circuitry biasing of the DP83848C/I/YB has changed from previous devices.

Table 2. Bias Resistor Values

	DP83848C/I/YB	DP83846
Bias Resistor Value	4.87K Ohm	9.31K Ohm

# 1.3.3 Termination and PMD Biasing

Termination of the PMD receive pair (TPRD±) on the previous physical layer devices consisted of a pair of 54.9  $\Omega$ , AC biased to GND. This value, when seen in parallel with the internal receiver circuitry, provided an equivalent of 100  $\Omega$  impedance. In DP83848C/I/YB, the internal receiver circuitry has changed and now requires a pair of 49.9  $\Omega$  resistors, biased to V<sub>DD</sub> of the device.

This matching of the termination resistors and common biasing between the receiver and transmitter of the DP83848C/I/YB allows the addition of the Auto-MDIX feature to the device.

**Table 3. Termination and Biasing Differences** 

	DP83848C/I/YB	DP83846
TX Termination	49.9 Ω	49.9 Ω
TX Bias	3.3 V	3.3 V
RX Termination	49.9 Ω	54.9 Ω
RX Bias	3.3 V	AC to GND



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For a graphic explanation of this, see Figure 2 and Figure 3.

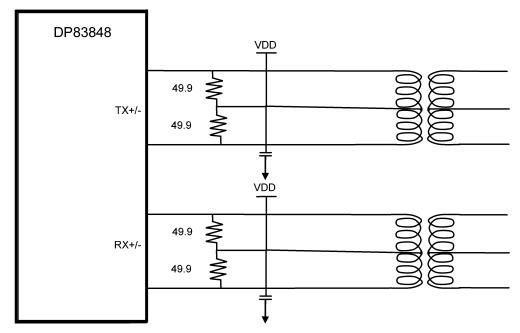


Figure 2. DP83848C/I/YB PMD Connections (Termination and Biasing)

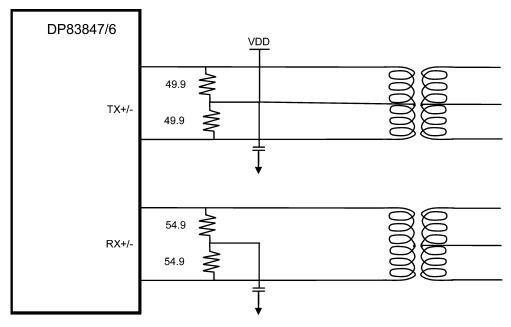


Figure 3. DP83846 PMD Connections (Termination and Biasing)

# 2 Potential Changes

The following section describes the specific changes that may be implemented in DP83848C/I/YB depending on the application.



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## 2.1 TX ER

Older designs using the DP83846 may use the TX\_ER pin. This signal allows the system MAC to force DP83846 to deliberately corrupt the transmitted packet by inserting bad symbol codes. A similar function can be accomplished by having the MAC signal the PHY to stop transmission mid-packet. By stopping mid-packet, the receiving node will interpret the packet as having a bad CRC. Upper layers can then decide to receive or reject the packet in question. Since the function on the TX\_ER pin can be more easily attained with the latter method, the TX\_ER pin was not included on the DP83848. If the TX\_ER pin is used as an input to any device, the pin should be pulled low to ensure that it does not float.

#### 2.2 MII Interface

The MII interface is used to connect the PHY to the MAC in 10/100 Mbps systems. For a 5 V MII application, it is recommended to use 33  $\Omega$  series resistor between the MAC and DP83848C/I/YB. The MII interface is a nibble-wide interface that consists of a transmit interface, receive interface and control signals. The transmit interface is comprised of the following signals:

- Transmit data bus, TXD[0:3] (pins 3,4,5 and 6 in DP83848C/I/YB)
- Transmit enable signal, TX\_EN (pin 2 in DP83848C/I/YB)
- Transmit clock, TX\_CLK (pin 1 in DP83848C/I/YB) that runs at 2.5 MHz in 10 Mbps mode and 25 MHz in 100 Mbps mode

The receive interface is comprised of the following signals:

- Receive data bus, RXD[0:3] (pin 43, 44, 45 and 46 in DP83848C/I/YB)
- Receive error signal, RX\_ER (pin 41 in DP83848C/I/YB)
- Receive data valid, RX\_DV (pin 39 in DP83848C/I/YB)
- Receive clock, RX\_CLK (pin 38 in DP83848C/I/YB) for synchronous data transfer that runs at 2.5 MHz in 10 Mbps mode and 25 MHz in 100 Mbps mode

#### 2.3 PHY Address

In a given system, multiple PHYs can be controlled by a single MII management interface. In order to support this, each PHY must have a unique address. DP83848C/I/YB facilitates this with PHY address strap options.

In DP83848C/I/YB, RXD0:3 and COL are used to set the PHY address. While DP83846 requires external 5K  $\Omega$  pull-ups or pull-downs to set the PHY address, pin COL has a weak internal pullup and RXD0:3 have weak internal pull\_downs in DP83848C/I/YB. Hence, the default setting for PHY address in DP83848C/I/YB is 01h. External 2.2K  $\Omega$  pull\_ups and pull\_downs can be added to change the PHY address from the default.

#### 2.4 Flow Control

In DP83846, pin RX\_ER can be strapped low to indicate full duplex flow control support and left floating otherwise. Since flow control is a function of MAC layer, the MAC must set the bit in the ANAR register in order to indicate full duplex flow control support in DP83848C/I/YB.

# 2.5 Physical Layer ID Register

The PHYsical Layer ID (PHYID) register allows system software to determine applicability of device specific software based on the vendor model number. The vendor model number is represented by bits 9 to 4 in PHYIDR2. The vendor model number in DP83848C/I/YB is 001001b. In DP83846, the vendor model number is 000010b.

**Table 4. Register Change for Vendor Model Numbers** 

Register Address	Register Name	Register Description	Device	
Hex			DP83848C/I/YB	DP83846
03h	PHYIDR2	PHY ID 2	5C90h	5C23h



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#### 2.6 Software Reset

A soft reset in the DP83848C/I/YB by setting bit 15 in the BMCR, resets the device and sets all the registers to their default or strapped settings. This includes Power Down, bit 11 in the BMCR, unless the PWR\_DOWN/INT pin is externally strapped. For previous TI devices, such as the DP83847 and DP83846, asserting software reset, by setting BMCR, bit 15, the Power Down register setting, BMCR, bit 11, does not get reset.

## 3 Informational Changes

This section describes the new features offered in DP83848C/I/YB and the changes required to implement them.

DP83846 DP83848C/I/YB System Interfaces **RMII** Yes No SNI Yes Nο **JTAG** Available in DP83848I and DP83848YB No Auto-MDIX No Yes **Energy Detect** Yes No LED Outputs 3 No CLK-to-MAC Output Yes Nο Power Down/Interrupt Yes No **Temperature Range** 0 to 70°C Yes Yes -40\_to\_85°C Available in DP83848I No -40\_to\_125°C Available in DP83848YB No **Power Consumption** Active Power (Typ) 264mW 495mW

Table 5. New Features of DP83848C/I/YB

# 3.1 Auto-Negotiation and LED Pins

DP83846 has dedicated AN0, AN1 and AN\_EN (pins 25, 26 and 27) for enabling and configuring auto\_negotiation. In addition, LED pins 28 to 33 were used to indicate Speed, Receive, Transmit, Link, Collision and Duplex status. DP83848C/I/YB has only three pins multiplexed for auto-negotiation function and LED status indication. Pin 26 has multiple functions, indicating Activity and Collision status, combined with enabling auto\_negotiation. Pin 28 indicates link status and controls the advertised and forced mode (AN0) of DP83848C/I/YB. Pin 27 indicates speed status and controls the advertised and forced mode (AN1) of DP83848C/I/YB. DP83848C/I/YB does not have separate pins to indicate transmit and receive activity status.

Table 6. DP83848C/I/YB Pin for Auto-Negotiation and LED

DP83848C/I/YB Pin Number	Auto-Negotiation function	LED function
26	Auto-Negotiation enable	Activity and collision status
27	Controls the advertised and forced mode (AN1)	Speed status
28	Controls the advertised and forced mode (AN0)	Link status

Table 7. DP83848C/I/YB Auto-Negotiation Modes

AN_EN	AN0	AN1	Forced Mode	
0	0	0	10 Base-T, Half-Duplex	
0	0	1	10 Base-T, Full-Duplex	
0	1	0	100 Base-TX, Half-Duplex	



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AN_EN	AN0	AN1	Forced Mode	
0	1	1	100 Base-TX, Full-Duplex	
AN_EN	AN0	AN1	Advertised Mode	
1	0	0	10 Base-T, Half/Full-Duplex	
1	0	1	100 Base-TX, Half/Full-Duplex	
1	1	0	10 Base-T, Half/Full-Duplex 100 Base-TX, Half/Full-Duplex	
1	1	1	10 Base-T, Half/Full-Duplex 100 Base-TX, Half/Full-Duplex	

Table 7. DP83848C/I/YB Auto-Negotiation Modes (continued)

#### 3.2 RMII Interface

The RMII interface can be used to connect the MAC to PHY in 10/100 Mbps systems using a reduced number of pins. By utilizing this feature, significant PCB space savings can be realized within the system, especially one with a large number of physical layer devices.

DP83848C/I/YB uses an external 50 MHz clock (X1) as reference for both transmit and receive in the RMII mode. This is provided by an external oscillator. RX\_DV should be pulled high using a 2.2K  $\Omega$  resistor to enable RMII mode.

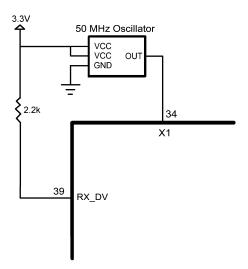


Figure 4. RMII Selection on DP83848C/I/YB

# 3.3 SNI Mode

DP83848C/I/YB incorporates a 10Mb Serial Network Interface (SNI) that allows a simple data interface for 10Mb only system. While there is no defined standard for this interface, it is based on the earlier Texas Instruments 10Mb physical layer devices. The following pins are used in SNI mode:

- TX CLK
- TX\_EN
- TXD\_0
- RX\_CLK
- RXD\_0
- CRS
- COL



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# 3.4 AUTO MDIX Setting

Auto\_MDIX removes cabling complications and simplifies end-customer applications by allowing either a straight or a cross-over cable to be used without changing the system configuration. Auto\_MDIX is enabled by default in the DP83848C/I/YB. In order to disable Auto\_MDIX, pin 41 (RX\_ER) should be pulled to ground using a 2.2K  $\Omega$  resistor. When enabled, this function utilizes auto\_negotiation to determine the proper configuration for transmission and reception of data and subsequently selects the appropriate MDI pair for MDI/MDIX operation.

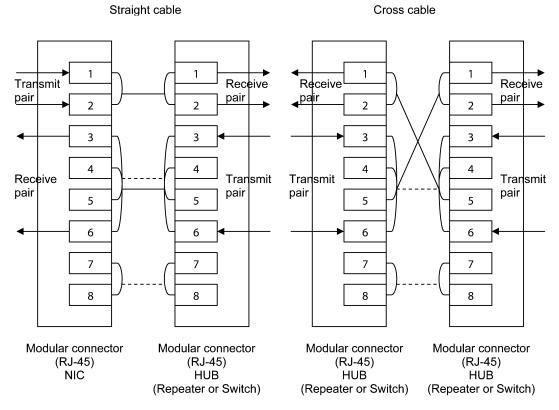


Figure 5. Auto\_MDIX Operation in DP83848C/I/YB

# 3.5 Energy Detect

Energy detect facilitates flexible and automatic power management based on detection of a signal on the cable. This enables an application to use an absolute minimum amount of power over time. Energy detect functionality is controlled via the Energy Detect Control Register (EDCR), address 0x1Dh. When energy detect is enabled and there is no activity on the cable, DP83848C/I/YB remains in a low-power mode while monitoring the receive pair in the transmission line. Activity on the line causes the DP83848C/I/YB to return to the normal power mode.

# 3.6 CLK\_to\_MAC Output

DP83848C/I/YB offers a clock output that can be routed directly to the MAC and act as the MAC reference clock, eliminating the need, hence, space and cost of an additional MAC clock source. In the MII mode, the clock output is 25 MHz and in the RMII mode, it is 50 MHz clock.

# 3.7 Power Down/Interrupt

DP83848C/I/YB offers a separate pin to indicate an interrupt based on various criteria defined by MISR and MICR registers. In DP83848C/I/YB, the PWR\_DOWN/INT pin (pin 7) can be asserted low to put the device in a power down state. In the interrupt mode, this pin is an open drain output and is asserted low when an interrupt condition occurs. It is recommended to use an external pull\_up resistor for proper operation of this function.



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# 4 References

- DP83848C PHYTER Commercial Temperature Single Port 10/100 Mb/s Ethernet Physical Layer Transceiver Data Sheet (SNOSAT2)
- DP83848I PHYTER Industrial Temperature Single Port 10/100 Mb/s Ethernet Physical Layer Transceiver Data Sheet (SNLS207)
- DP83848YB PHYTER Extreme Temperature Single Port 10/100 Mb/s Ethernet Physical Layer Transceiver (SNLS208)
- DP83846A DsPHYTER Single 10/100 Ethernet Transceiver (SNLS063)



# Appendix A Pinmap

Table 8. Pinmap

MII Interface Pins MDC	24		
MDC	24		
	31	37	MGMT DATA CLOCK
MDIO	30	36	MGMT DATA I/O
RXD0:3/PHYAD1:4	43,44,45,46	41,40, 39,38	MII RX DATA
RX_CLK	38	45	MII RX CLOCK
RX_ER/MDIX_EN	41	46	MII RX ERROR
RX_DV/MII_MODE	39	44	MII RX DATA VALID
TXD0:3	3,4,5,6	54,55, 85,59	MII TX DATA
TX_CLK	1	51	MII TX CLOCK
TX_EN	2	52	MII TX ENABLE
TX_ER	n/a	50	MII TX ERROR
COL/PHYAD0	42	60	MII COL DETECT
CRS/LED_CFG	40	61	MII CARRIER SENSE
PMD Interface Pins			
RD ±	13,14	10,11	RX DATA
TD ±	16,17	17,16	TX DATA
Clock Interface Pins			+
X1	34	67	XTAL/OSC INPUT
X2	33	66	XTAL OUTPUT
LED Interface Pins			
LED_ACT/COL/AN_EN	26	32	COL LED STATUS
LED_ACT/COL/AN_EN	26	33	DUPLEX LED STATUS
LED_LINK/AN_0	28	31	LINK LED STATUS
LED_SPEED/AN_1	27	28	SPEED LED STATUS
LED_ACT/COL/AN_EN	26	n/a	ACT LED STATUS
LED_RX/PHYAD4	n/a	29	RX ACTIVITY LED
LED_TX/PHYAD3	n/a	30	TX ACTIVITY LED
Reset Function Pin			
RESET_N	29	62	RESET
Strap Pins			
PHYAD0:4	42,43,44,45,46	33,32,31,30,29	PHY ADDRESS
MDIX_EN/RX_ER	41	n/a	AUTO MDIX ENABLE
MII_MODE/RX_DV	39	n/a	MII MODE SELECT
SNI_MODE	6	n/a	MII MODE SELECT
LED_CFG/CRS	40	61	LED CONFIGURATION
PAUSE_EN/RX_ER	n/a	46	PAUSE ENABLE
Bias Function Pins			<del>'</del>
RBIAS	24	3	BIAS RES CONNECTION
C1	n/a	n/a	REF BYPASS CAP
Test Mode Pins	J.		
AN_0/LED_LINK	28	25	TEST MODE SELECT
AN_1/LED_SPEED	27	26	TEST MODE SELECT
AN_EN/LED_ACT/COL	26	27	TEST MODE SELECT
Special Function Pins			
25MHz_OUT	25	n/a	25 MHz CLOCK OUTPUT



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# Table 8. Pinmap (continued)

DP83848C/I/YB Signal Name	DP83848C/I/YB Pin No	DP83846 Pin No	Description	
PWR_DOWN/INT	7	n/a	POWER DOWN/INT	
PFBIN1:2	18,37	n/a	POWER FEEDBACK IN	
PFBOUT	23	n/a	POWER FEEDBACK OUT	
Supply Pins	I	1		
$V_{DD}$	22,32,48	4,7,12, 14,24,35, 43,49,57, 65,72	3.3 V	
GND	15,19,35,36,47	2,6,9,13, 15,18,48, 73,34,42, 53,56,64, 19,76,79	GROUND	
Reserved Pins				
RESERVED	8,9,10,11,12,20	1,5,8, 20,21,22, 47,63,68, 69,70,71, 74,75,77, 78, 80	RES	



# **Appendix B Register Differences**

This section covers differences between the registers in DP83848C/I/YB and DP83846 applicable to software configuration of these devices.

All the IEEE specified registers of Texas Instruments physical layer devices comply with the respective IEEE standards. Only vendor specific registers have functions that may vary from device to device. If none of the vendor specific registers are modified, for operation in the system application, the devices will have similar operations. In designs that do access or adjust any of these optional registers, the system can use the PHY\_ID register, offset 03h, to detect which device is being used and make the appropriate changes in settings of device registers. Specific functions, of these vendor defined registers, may be available in another register, or possibly in a different bit within the same register location. For additional information, or more specific definitions, see the device-specific data sheets.

**Table 9. Register Bit Definitions** 

Register Address	Register		Device		
Hex	Name	Register Description	DP83848C/I/YB	DP83846	
00h	BMCR	Basic Mode Control	Bit 15 – Reset (See Section Section 2.6 for the difference in software reset)	Bit 15 – Reset (See Section Section 2.6 for the difference in software reset)	
03h	PHYIDR2	PHY ID 2	5C90h	5C23h	
04h	ANAR	Auto-Neg Adv	Bit 11 - ASM_DIR	Bit 11 - Res	
OCh	ANII DAD	Auto-Neg Link Partner	Bit 11 - ASM_DIR	Dit 40 and 44 Dag	
05h	ANLPAR	Ability	Bit 10 - Pause	Bit 10 and 11 - Res	
10h	PHYSTS	PHY Status	Bit 14 MDI-X mode	Bit 14 Res	
TON	PHISIS	PHY Status	Bit 7 MII Interrupt	Bit 7 - Res	
11h	MICR	MII Interrupt Control	Register to control test Interrupt, Interrupt Enable and Interrupt Output Enable	Res	
12h	MISR	Mll Interrupt Status	Register for Interrupt enable and status	Res	
			Bit 12 Res	Bit 12 BYP_4B5B	
	PCSR		Bit 11 Res	But 11 FREE_CLK	
16h		16h PCSR PCS Sub-Layer sts	PCS Sub-Layer cfg and	Bit 7 DESC_TIME	Bit 7 Unused
				Bit 1 Res	Bit 1 SCRAM_BYPASS
			Bit 0 Res	Bit 0 DESCRAM_BYPASS	
17h	RBR	RMII and Bypass	Configure or bypass RMii mode	Res	
18h	LEDCR	LED Direct Control	Control LED outputs	Res	
19h	PHYCR	PHY Control	Register changes (See data sheet)	Register changes (See data shee	
			Bit 15 10BT serial		
1Ah		10 Base-T Status/Control	Bits 14 to 12 Res	Bit 15:9 - Res	
		Status/Control	Bits 11:9 - SQUELCH		
1Bh	CDCTRL1	CD Test Control	Register changes (See datasheet)	Register changes (See data shee	
1Dh	EDCR	Energy Detect Control	Enable and control Energy Detect	Res	

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