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TRF79x0ATB NFC/HF RFID Reader Module

This evaluation module provides directions for TRF7960A and TRF7970A users to implement a 13.56-MHz NFC/RFID reader solution using the TRF79x0A IC connected to a Texas Instruments embedded microcontroller or microprocessor development platform. Examples of such development platforms are: the MSP-EXP430F5438 board, MSP-EXP430F5529 board, the ARM® Cortex™-M3/M4-based board, or any other TI embedded microcontroller platforms with the EM socket headers populated.

This document also covers the TRF79x0ATB module as it relates to using the module for evaluation and development purposes in conjunction with Texas Instruments Embedded Development platforms. It does not cover the in-depth details of the TRF79x0A NFC/RFID IC families, as those details are well documented in the data sheets for those parts, along with application reports that can be found on the product pages (see Section 12).

FCC/IC Regulatory Compliance:

- FCC – FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Part 15, Class A Compliant
- IC – INDUSTRY CANADA Class A Compliant
TRF79x0ATB Module Descriptions

The TRF79x0ATB evaluation modules are intended to allow the software application developer to get familiar with the functionalities of either of the TRF79x0A Multi-Standard Fully Integrated 13.56 MHz NFC/RFID reader ICs with the freedom to develop on their Texas Instruments Embedded microcontroller development platform of choice.

The TRF79x0ATB module is also intended to allow customer driven antenna tuning with onboard coil and customer driven antenna form factor design.

The module is hard wired for SPI communications, supports Slave Select and TRF79x0A Direct Mode 2 (default), Direct Mode 1 and Direct Mode 0 operations. The user also has access to and full control over the TRF79x0A EN2 and EN lines, allowing for design and development of ultra low power NFC/HF RFID systems.

The module has an onboard boost converter (TPS61222DCKT) that boosts +3.3 VDC in to +5 VDC out to TRF79x0A IC for +23 dBm (full transmitter power out) operations.

An impedance matching circuit from 4 Ω to 50 Ω is populated on the module and this is connected to a tuned 50 Ω antenna circuit, which consists of an onboard four turn coil with series and parallel passive elements (capacitors and a resistor).

Test points are available on the board for checking firmware operations with the oscilloscope or logic analyzer, impedance matching and for attaching external antenna.

Connection to Texas Instruments Microcontroller platforms are made via Samtec EM headers located on the underside of the board (Connectors P1/RF1 and P2/RF2).

![Figure 1. TRF7960ATB Evaluation Module](image-url)
2 TRF79x0ATB Connections and Technical Details

Table 1. Connector P1/RF1

<table>
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<th>Pin No</th>
<th>Signal Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>MOD</td>
<td>Direct mode, external modulation input</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>IRQ</td>
<td>Interrupt request (from TRF79x0A to MCU)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>SYS_CLK</td>
<td>Clock for MCU (optional)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>EN</td>
<td>Chip enable input (If EN = 0, then chip is in power-down mode).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>EN2</td>
<td>Pulse enable and selection of power down mode. If EN2 is connected to VIN, then VDD_X is active during power down to support the MCU. Pin can also be used for pulse wake-up from power-down mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>SLAVE SELECT</td>
<td>Slave Select, I/O_4 (Active Low)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>DATA_CLK</td>
<td>Data Clock Input for MCU Communication (from MCU)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>MOSI</td>
<td>I/O_7, Master Out, Slave In (Data In from MCU)</td>
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<td>Ground</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>MISO</td>
<td>I/O_6, Master In, Slave Out (Data Out from TRF7960)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pin No</td>
<td>Signal Name</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
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<td>--------</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>+3.3VDC IN</td>
<td>+VDC in (to TPS61222DCKT for generation of +5 VDC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>+3.3VDC IN</td>
<td>+VDC in (to TPS61222DCKT for generation of +5 VDC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
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<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>ASK/OOK</td>
<td>Direct mode, selection between ASK and OOK modulation (0 = ASK, 1 = OOK). Also can be configured to provide the received analog signal output (ANA_OUT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This schematic drives two separate layouts. (TRF7960ATB.brd and TRF7970ATB.brd) the only difference is the bottom side silkscreen.

Figure 3. TRF79x0ATB Module Schematic
MSP-EXP430F5438 Experimenter Board

The MSP430F5438 Experimenter Board (MSP-EXP430F5438) is a development platform for the latest generation MSP430 MCUs. It features a 100-pin socket that supports the MSP430F5438 data sheet and other devices with similar pinouts. The socket allows for quick upgrades to newer devices or quick applications changes. It is also compatible with many TI low-power RF wireless evaluation modules such as the CC2520EMK and the TRF79x0ATB module discussed in this document.

The Experimenter Board helps designers quickly learn and develop using the new F5xx MCUs, which provide the industry’s lowest active power consumption, more memory and leading integration for applications such as energy harvesting, wireless sensing and automatic metering infrastructure (AMI).

A TI Flash Emulation Tool, like the MSP-FET430UIF, is required to program and debug the MSP430 devices on the experimenter board.

Figure 4. MSP-EXP430F5438 Development Board
Figure 5. Debug Header (RF3) Logic Analyzer Connections for Monitoring SPI Communications Between MSP430F5438A and TRF79x0A on TRF79x0ATB Module

Figure 6. Firmware Development and Debug Setup for MSP-EXP430F5438 Experimenters Board
4 MSP-EXP430F5529 Experimenters Board

The MSP430F5529 Experimenter Board (MSP-EXP430F5529) is a development platform for the MSP430F5529 device, from the latest generation of MSP430 devices with integrated USB. The board is compatible with many TI low-power RF wireless evaluation modules such as the TRF79xxATB modules. The Experimenter Board helps designers quickly learn and develop using the new F55xx MCUs, which provide the industry's lowest active power consumption, integrated USB, and more memory and leading integration for applications such as NFC, HF RFID, energy harvesting, wireless sensing and automatic metering infrastructure (AMI).

The MSP430F5529 device on the experimenter board can be powered and debugged via the integrated ezFET, or via TI Flash Emulation Tool, like the MSP-FET430UIF.

The TRF79x0ATB module plugs into the RF1 and RF2 headers on this MSP-EXP board (see Figure 7 and Figure 8). For logic analyzer connection during firmware debug, user can use test points on TRF79x0ATB board or pins on header J12 (see Figure 9).

Figure 7. MSP-EXP430F5529 Development Board

Figure 8. MSP-EXP430F5539 RF EVM Header Pinouts (RF1 and RF2)
5 LM4F232 Evaluation Kit (EK-LM4F232)

The Tiva™ C Series LM4F232 USB+CAN Development Kit is a compact and versatile evaluation platform for the Tiva C series TM4C123GH6PGE ARM Cortex-M4F-based microcontroller. The evaluation kit design highlights the TM4C123GH6PGE microcontroller integrated USB 2.0 On-the-Go/Host/Device interface, CAN, analog, and low-power capabilities.

The evaluation kit features the TM4C123GH6PGE microcontroller in a 144-LQFP package, a color OLED display, USB OTG connector, a microSD card slot, a coin cell battery for use with the Tiva C Series low-power Hibernate mode, a temperature sensor, a three-axis accelerometer for motion detection, and easy access through holes to all of the available device signals.

The kit also includes extensive source code examples, allowing you to start building C code applications quickly.
The Stellaris® DK-LM3S9B96-EM2-TRF7960R Development Kit provides a feature-rich development platform for Ethernet, USB OTG/Host/Device, and CAN enabled Stellaris ARM Cortex-M3-based microcontrollers. Each board has an In-Circuit Debug Interface (ICDI) that provides hardware debugging functionality not only for the on-board Stellaris devices, but also for any Stellaris microcontroller-based target board. The development kit contains all cables, software, and documentation needed to develop and run applications for Stellaris microcontrollers easily and quickly. The Stellaris DK-LM3S9B96-EM2-TRF7960R Development Kit features: StellarisWare® Peripheral Library, USB Library, and Graphics Library in conjunction with ARM development tools from ARM tools partners. An EPI header to EM header interface board (DK-LM3S9B96-EM2) is needed for use with the TRF7960TB module.

Figure 11. DK-LM3S9B96-EM2-TRF7960R Development Platform
7 Quick Start

1. Plug TRF79x0ATB Module into microcontroller development platform of choice.

   NOTE: If DK-LM3S9B96 board, remove SDRAM module and replace with DK-LM3S9B96-EM2 interface board before attempting to mount TRF79x0ATB module.

2. Apply power.
3. Load the base application firmware specific to the platform that you are working with.
4. Test for basic communication and functionality.
5. Modify and Debug code as desired for specific application or protocol.
6. Test for advanced functionality as implemented by modified code.

8 Base Application Firmware

TRF79x0ATB module base application firmware for various Texas Instruments Microcontrollers are available here:

10 Antenna Tuning Details

Module antenna as shipped is tuned for 50 Ω impedance at 13.56 MHz. It has a nominal bandwidth of 1.3 MHz, which results in a quality factor of approximately 10. Module antenna circuit has a board mounted U.FL connector installed for users that want to experiment with different tuning solutions or disconnect onboard antenna and experiment with antennas of their own design or application. Below are some design and application notes for users to reference if they want to change the antenna Q factor or experiment further on their own in order to serve their particular application directly.

TRF79x0ATB coil antenna tuning details starts with calculations to produce the theoretical values shown below (and based on measurements of antenna coil on Rev B board.) The coil value nominally measures 0.95 μH at 13.56 MHz and \( X_L = 0.8 + j80.8 = 0.990 \) @ 63.4°.

To calculate the necessary values required for course resonance tuning and proper Q setting of the antenna, the following formula is used.

\[
C_{RES(total)} = \frac{1}{\omega^2 L}
\]

\[
\text{where } \omega = 2\pi f
\]
therefore,
\[ C_{\text{RES(total)}} = \frac{1}{(2\pi \times 13.56 \text{ MHz})^2 \times 0.95 \ \mu \text{H}} \]
\[ C_{\text{RES(total)}} = 145.157 \ \text{pF} \] (2)

The dampening resistor value can now be calculated for a desired Q value using the formula:
\[ Q = \frac{R_{\text{PAR}}}{2\pi fL} \] (3)

therefore,
\[ R_{\text{PAR}} = 2\pi fLQ \] (4)

For Q = ~20 (ISO15693 operations):
\[ R_{\text{PAR}} = 1.29 \ \text{kΩ} \] (5)

(move to standard value of 1.3 kΩ)

For Q = ~10 (ISO14443 and ISO15693 operations):
\[ R_{\text{PAR}} = 647 \ \text{Ω} \] (6)

(move to standard value of 680 Ω)

Smith Chart simulation for \( R_{\text{PAR}} \) value = 1.3 kΩ reveals theoretical parallel and series capacitor values to be 97 pF and 51 pF, respectively. (This is < +2% change from the calculated total cap value.)

Smith Chart simulation for \( R_{\text{PAR}} \) value = 680 Ω (standard value) reveals theoretical parallel and series capacitor values to be 82 pF and 69 pF, respectively. (This is < +4% change from the calculated value.)
The calculations and simulations for a desired Q range of 5 to 20 results in Figure 12 and Figure 13 that indicate the required resistor and capacitance values should be populated.

**Figure 12. Theoretical Parallel Resistor Value for Desired Q**

**Figure 13. Theoretical Capacitance Values for Resonance at Desired Q**

Actual measurements on TRF79x0ATB module for high and lower Q value tuning solutions.
Higher Q Antenna Measurement Plots with Calculated Values (Q = ~20)

Lower Q Antenna Measurement Plots with Calculated Values (Q = ~10)
11 TRF79x0ATB Module Read Ranges

ISO15693 Transponder Read Ranges with TRF79x0ATB

ISO14443A Transponder Read Ranges with TRF79x0ATB

ISO14443B Transponder Read Ranges with TRF79x0ATB
References

12 References

- TRF7960A Product Page: http://www.ti.com/product/trf7960A
- TRF7970A Product Page: http://www.ti.com/product/trf7970A
- TRF7960ATB Schematic, BOM and Design files: http://www.ti.com/lit/zip/sloc221
- TPS61220, TPS61221, TPS61222 Low Input Voltage Step-Up Converter in 6 Pin SC-70 Package Data Sheet (SLVS776)
- MSP430F543x, MSP430F541x Mixed Signal Microcontroller Data Sheet (SLAS612)
- TRF7960A Multi-Protocol Fully Integrated 13.56-MHz RFID Reader/Writer IC Data Manual (SLOS732)
- TRF7970A Multi-Protocol Fully Integrated 13.56-MHz RFID/Near Field Communication (NFC) Transceiver IC Data Manual (SLOS743)
- MSP-EXP430F5438 Experimenter Board User's Guide (SLAU263)
- Stellaris® LM3S9B96 Development Kit User's Manual (SPMA036)
- Samtec Header and Mate Information
- Smith Chart Simulation Tool (licensed copy): http://www.fritz.dellsperger.net/
## Revision History

### Changes from Original (June 2013) to A Revision

<table>
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<td>• Corrected links in Section 12</td>
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NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.
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