

## CDx4HCT00 Quadruple 2-Input NAND Gates with TTL-Compatible Inputs

### 1 Features

- LSTTL input logic compatible
  - $V_{IL(max)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IH(min)} = 2\text{ V}$
- CMOS input logic compatible
  - $I_I \leq 1\text{ }\mu\text{A}$  at  $V_{OL}$ ,  $V_{OH}$
- Buffered inputs
- 4.5 V to 5.5 V operation
- Wide operating temperature range:  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+125^\circ\text{C}$
- Supports fanout up to 10 LSTTL loads
- Significant power reduction compared to LSTTL logic ICs

### 2 Applications

- [Alarm / tamper detect circuit](#)
- S-R latch

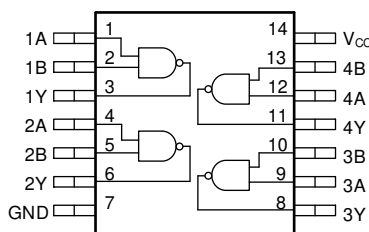
### 3 Description

This device contains four independent 2-input NAND gates. Each gate performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A \bullet B}$  in positive logic.

#### Device Information

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup> | BODY SIZE (NOM)    |
|-------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| CD74HCT00M  | SOIC (14)              | 8.65 mm × 3.90 mm  |
| CD74HCT00E  | PDIP (14)              | 19.30 mm × 6.40 mm |
| CD54HCT00J  | CDIP (14)              | 19.94 mm × 7.62 mm |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



**Device functional pinout**



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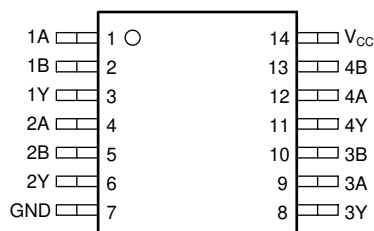
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## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

| DATE         | REVISION | NOTES                                                                   |
|--------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| January 2021 | *        | Initial Release - Device split from <a href="#">SCHS116</a> data sheet. |

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Figure 5-1. D, N, or J Package  
14-Pin SOIC, PDIP, or CDIP  
Top View**

## Pin Functions

| PIN             |     | I/O    | DESCRIPTION         |
|-----------------|-----|--------|---------------------|
| NAME            | NO. |        |                     |
| 1A              | 1   | Input  | Channel 1, Input A  |
| 1B              | 2   | Input  | Channel 1, Input B  |
| 1Y              | 3   | Output | Channel 1, Output Y |
| 2A              | 4   | Input  | Channel 2, Input A  |
| 2B              | 5   | Input  | Channel 2, Input B  |
| 2Y              | 6   | Output | Channel 2, Output Y |
| GND             | 7   | —      | Ground              |
| 3Y              | 8   | Output | Channel 3, Output Y |
| 3A              | 9   | Input  | Channel 3, Input A  |
| 3B              | 10  | Input  | Channel 3, Input B  |
| 4Y              | 11  | Output | Channel 4, Output Y |
| 4A              | 12  | Input  | Channel 4, Input A  |
| 4B              | 13  | Input  | Channel 4, Input B  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | 14  | —      | Positive Supply     |

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                  |                                                   |                                                                     | MIN  | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply voltage                                    |                                                                     | –0.5 | 7   | V    |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | Input clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>                | V <sub>I</sub> < –0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V |      | ±20 | mA   |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | Output clamp current <sup>(2)</sup>               | V <sub>O</sub> < –0.5 V or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V |      | ±20 | mA   |
| I <sub>O</sub>   | Continuous output current                         | V <sub>O</sub> > –0.5 V or V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V |      | ±25 | mA   |
|                  | Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND |                                                                     |      | ±50 | mA   |
| T <sub>J</sub>   | Junction temperature <sup>(3)</sup>               | Plastic package                                                     |      | 150 | °C   |
|                  |                                                   | Hermetic package or die                                             |      | 175 | °C   |
|                  | Maximum lead temperature (soldering 10s)          | SOIC - lead tips only                                               |      | 300 | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature                               |                                                                     | –65  | 150 | °C   |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) Guaranteed by design.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

|                                      |                         |                                                                                | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| <b>CD74HCT00 IN N (PDIP) PACKAGE</b> |                         |                                                                                |       |      |
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub>                   | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>              | ±500  | V    |
|                                      |                         | Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup> | ±750  |      |

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                 |                                |                                  | MIN | NOM | MAX             | UNIT |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply voltage                 |                                  | 4.5 |     | 5.5             | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub> | High-level input voltage       | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2   |     |                 | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub> | Low-level input voltage        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V |     |     | 0.8             | V    |
| V <sub>I</sub>  | Input voltage                  |                                  | 0   |     | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| V <sub>O</sub>  | Output voltage                 |                                  | 0   |     | V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |
| t <sub>i</sub>  | Input transition time          | V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V          |     |     | 500             | ns   |
|                 |                                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V          |     |     | 400             |      |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating free-air temperature |                                  | –55 |     | 125             | °C   |

## 6.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                              | CD74HCT00 |          | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|------|
|                               |                                              | N (PDIP)  | D (SOIC) |      |
|                               |                                              | 14 PINS   | 14 PINS  |      |
| R <sub>θJA</sub>              | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 62.8      | 91.4     | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 50.6      | 50.3     | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJB</sub>              | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 42.6      | 47.2     | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JT</sub>               | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 30.2      | 15.2     | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JB</sub>               | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 42.3      | 46.9     | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | N/A       | N/A      | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER        |                                     | TEST CONDITIONS                                     |                                       | V <sub>CC</sub> | Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> ) |     |      |               |     |      |                |     |     | UNIT |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|------|---------------|-----|------|----------------|-----|-----|------|
|                  |                                     |                                                     |                                       |                 | 25°C                                             |     |      | –40°C to 85°C |     |      | –55°C to 125°C |     |     |      |
|                  |                                     |                                                     |                                       |                 | MIN                                              | TYP | MAX  | MIN           | TYP | MAX  | MIN            | TYP | MAX |      |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | High-level output voltage           | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> | I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA              | 4.5 V           | 4.4                                              |     |      | 4.4           |     |      | 4.4            |     |     | V    |
|                  |                                     |                                                     | I <sub>OH</sub> = –4 mA               | 4.5 V           | 3.98                                             |     |      | 3.84          |     |      | 3.7            |     |     |      |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Low-level output voltage            | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> | I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA               | 4.5 V           |                                                  |     | 0.1  |               |     | 0.1  |                |     | 0.1 | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Low-level output voltage            |                                                     | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA                | 4.5 V           |                                                  |     | 0.26 |               |     | 0.33 |                |     | 0.4 | V    |
| I <sub>I</sub>   | Input leakage current               | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> and GND            | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                    | 5.5 V           |                                                  |     | ±0.1 |               |     | ±1   |                |     | ±1  | μA   |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply current                      | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND             | I <sub>O</sub> = 0                    | 5.5 V           |                                                  |     | 2    |               |     | 20   |                |     | 40  | μA   |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub> | Additional Quiescent Device Current | One A input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 2.1                | Other inputs at 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> | 4.5 V to 5.5 V  |                                                  | 100 | 648  |               |     | 810  |                |     | 882 | μA   |
|                  |                                     | One B input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 2.1                | Other inputs at 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> | 4.5 V to 5.5 V  |                                                  | 100 | 396  |               |     | 495  |                |     | 539 |      |
| C <sub>i</sub>   | Input capacitance                   |                                                     |                                       |                 |                                                  |     | 10   |               |     | 10   |                |     | 10  | pF   |

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER       |                   | FROM   | TO | TEST<br>CONDITIO<br>NS | V <sub>CC</sub> | Operating free-air temperature (T <sub>A</sub> ) |     |     |               |     |     |                |     |     | UNIT |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------|----|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|-----|----------------|-----|-----|------|
|                 |                   |        |    |                        |                 | 25°C                                             |     |     | –40°C to 85°C |     |     | –55°C to 125°C |     |     |      |
|                 |                   |        |    |                        |                 | MIN                                              | TYP | MAX | MIN           | TYP | MAX | MIN            | TYP | MAX |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | Propagation delay | A or B | Y  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF | 4.5 V           | 20                                               |     |     | 25            |     |     | 30             |     |     | ns   |
|                 |                   | A or B | Y  | C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF | 5 V             | 8                                                |     |     |               |     |     |                |     |     |      |
| t <sub>t</sub>  | Transition-time   |        | Y  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF | 4.5 V           | 15                                               |     |     | 19            |     |     | 22             |     |     | ns   |

## 6.7 Operating Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range; typical values measured at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise noted).

| PARAMETER |                                        | TEST CONDITIONS | $V_{CC}$       | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| $C_{pd}$  | Power dissipation capacitance per gate | No load         | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |     | 25  |     | pF   |

## 6.8 Typical Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

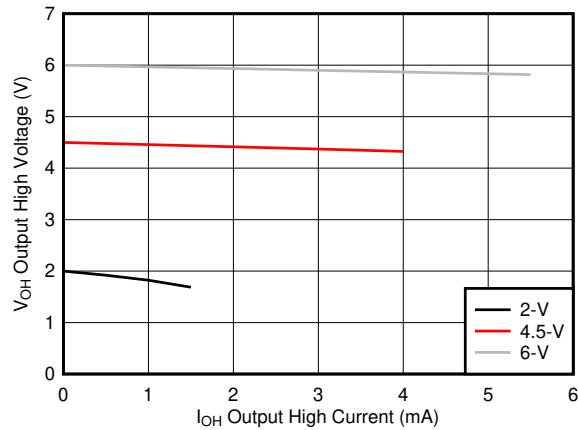


Figure 6-1. Typical output voltage in the high state ( $V_{OH}$ )

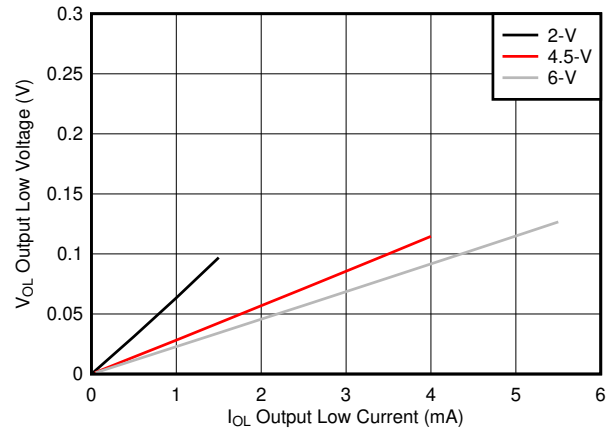


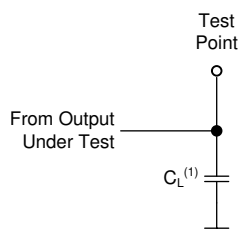
Figure 6-2. Typical output voltage in the low state ( $V_{OL}$ )

## 7 Parameter Measurement Information

Phase relationships between waveforms were chosen arbitrarily. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_t < 6 \text{ ns}$ .

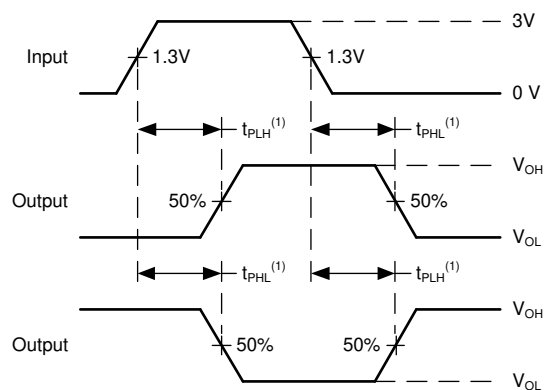
For clock inputs,  $f_{\text{max}}$  is measured when the input duty cycle is 50%.

The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.



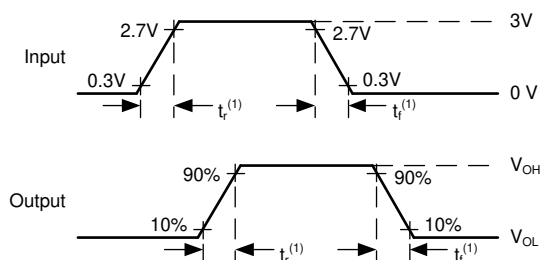
(1)  $C_L$  includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.

**Figure 7-1. Load Circuit for Push-Pull Outputs**



(1) The greater between  $t_{PLH}^{(1)}$  and  $t_{PHL}^{(1)}$  is the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

**Figure 7-2. Voltage Waveforms, Propagation Delays**



(1) The greater between  $t_r$  and  $t_f$  is the same as  $t_t$ .

**Figure 7-3. Voltage Waveforms, Input and Output Transition Times**

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

This device contains four independent 2-input NAND gates. Each gate performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A \bullet B}$  in positive logic.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram

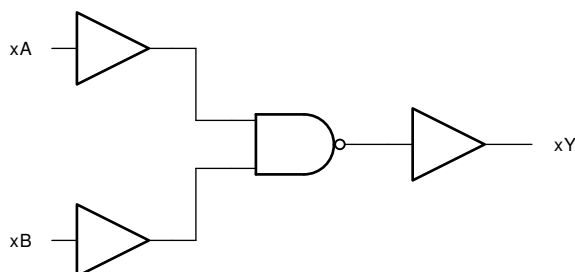


Figure 8-1. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic) for the CD74HCT00

### 8.3 Balanced CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

This device includes balanced CMOS push-pull outputs. The term "balanced" indicates that the device can sink and source similar currents. The drive capability of this device may create fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. It is important for the output power of the device to be limited to avoid damage due to overcurrent. The electrical and thermal limits defined in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* must be followed at all times.

Unused push-pull CMOS outputs should be left disconnected.

### 8.4 TTL-Compatible CMOS Inputs

This device includes TTL-compatible CMOS inputs. These inputs are specifically designed to interface with TTL logic devices by having a reduced input voltage threshold.

TTL-compatible CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, and the maximum input leakage current, given in the *Electrical Characteristics*, using Ohm's law ( $R = V \div I$ ).

TTL-compatible CMOS inputs require that input signals transition between valid logic states quickly, as defined by the input transition time or rate in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Failing to meet this specification will result in excessive power consumption and could cause oscillations. More details can be found in [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#).

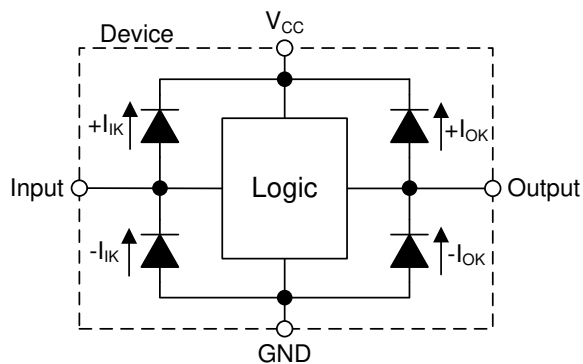
Do not leave TTL-compatible CMOS inputs floating at any time during operation. Unused inputs must be terminated at  $V_{CC}$  or GND. If a system will not be actively driving an input at all times, a pull-up or pull-down resistor can be added to provide a valid input voltage during these times. The resistor value will depend on multiple factors, however a 10-k $\Omega$  resistor is recommended and will typically meet all requirements.

### 8.5 Clamp Diode Structure

The inputs and outputs to this device have both positive and negative clamping diodes as depicted in [Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output](#).

#### CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* table can cause damage to the device. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.



**Figure 8-2. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output**

## 8.6 Device Functional Modes

**Table 8-1. Function Table**

| INPUTS |   | OUTPUT |
|--------|---|--------|
| A      | B | Y      |
| H      | H | L      |
| L      | X | H      |
| X      | L | H      |

## 9 Application and Implementation

### Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

In this application, the CD74HCT00 is used to create an active-low SR latch. The two additional gates can be used for a second active-low SR latch, individually used for their logic function, or the inputs can be grounded and both channels left unused. This device is used to drive the tamper indicator LED and provide one bit of data to the system controller. When the tamper switch outputs LOW, the output Q becomes HIGH. This output remains HIGH until the system controller addresses the event and sends a LOW signal to the R input which returns the Q output back to LOW.

### 9.2 Typical Application

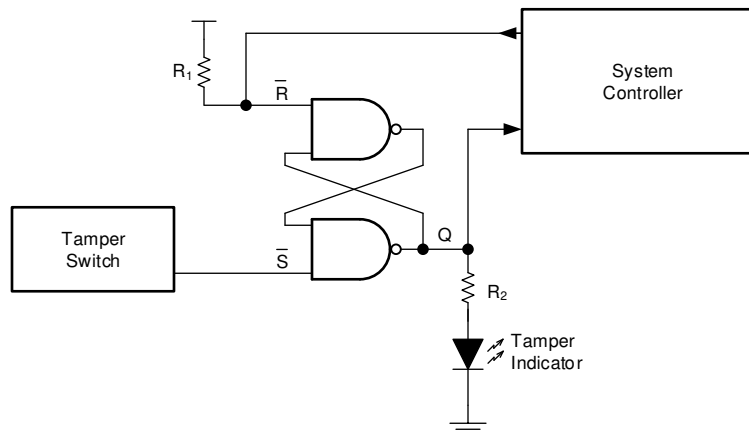


Figure 9-1. Typical application diagram

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

##### 9.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the device's electrical characteristics as described in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the total current to be sourced by all outputs of the CD74HCT00 plus the maximum static supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in *Electrical Characteristics* and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only source as much current as is provided by the positive supply source. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through  $V_{CC}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the CD74HCT00 plus the maximum supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current as can be sunk into its ground connection. Be sure not to exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The CD74HCT00 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF while still meeting all of the datasheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied, however it is not recommended to exceed 50 pF.

The CD74HCT00 can drive a load with total resistance described by  $R_L \geq V_O / I_O$ , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$ . When outputting in the high state, the

output voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the  $V_{CC}$  pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#).

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in [Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic \(SLL\) Packages and Devices](#).

#### CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(max)}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

#### 9.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross  $V_{IL(max)}$  to be considered a logic LOW, and  $V_{IH(min)}$  to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either  $V_{CC}$  or ground. These can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input is to be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The resistor size is limited by drive current of the controller, leakage current into the CD74HCT00, as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and the desired input transition rate. A 10-k $\Omega$  resistor value is often used due to these factors.

The CD74HCT00 has CMOS inputs and thus requires fast input transitions to operate correctly, as defined in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table. Slow input transitions can cause oscillations, additional power consumption, and reduction in device reliability.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

#### 9.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The positive supply voltage is used to produce the output HIGH voltage. Drawing current from the output will decrease the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OH}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*. The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OL}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

Push-pull outputs that could be in opposite states, even for a very short time period, should never be connected directly together. This can cause excessive current and damage to the device.

Two channels within the same device with the same input signals can be connected in parallel for additional output drive strength.

Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to  $V_{CC}$  or ground.

Refer to *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Add a decoupling capacitor from  $V_{CC}$  to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout* section.
2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is  $\leq 50$  pF. This is not a hard limit, however it will ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the CD74HCT00 to the receiving device(s).
3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than  $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)}) \Omega$ . This will ensure that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in megaohms; much larger than the minimum calculated above.

4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates, however the power consumption and thermal increase can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#).

### 9.2.3 Application Curve

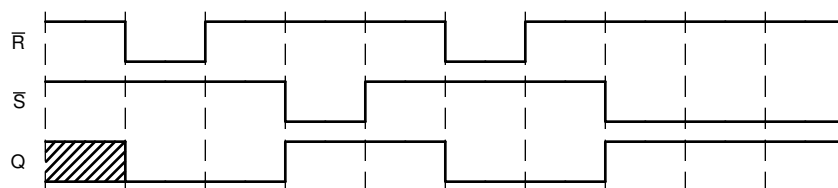


Figure 9-2. Application timing diagram

## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

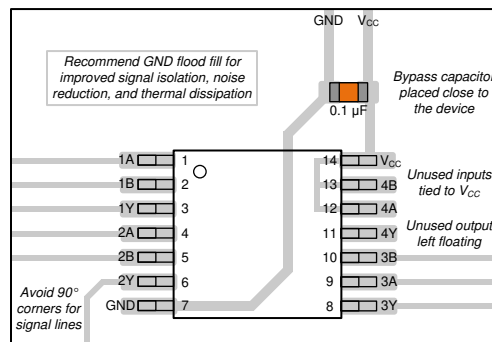
The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  and 1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in given example layout image.

## 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices inputs must not ever be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused; for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used. Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

### 11.2 Layout Example



**Figure 11-1. Example layout for the CD74HCT00.**

## 12 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

### 12.1 Documentation Support

### 12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](http://ti.com). Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 12.3 Support Resources

TI E2E™ [support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

### 12.4 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 12.6 Glossary

#### [TI Glossary](#)

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number          | Status<br>(1) | Material type<br>(2) | Package   Pins | Package qty   Carrier | RoHS<br>(3) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(4) | MSL rating/<br>Peak reflow<br>(5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking<br>(6)            |
|--------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| <a href="#">5962-8683101CA</a> | Active        | Production           | CDIP (J)   14  | 25   TUBE             | No          | SNPB                                 | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | 5962-8683101CA<br>CD54HCT00F3A |
| <a href="#">CD54HCT00F</a>     | Active        | Production           | CDIP (J)   14  | 25   TUBE             | No          | SNPB                                 | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | CD54HCT00F                     |
| CD54HCT00F.A                   | Active        | Production           | CDIP (J)   14  | 25   TUBE             | No          | SNPB                                 | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | CD54HCT00F                     |
| <a href="#">CD54HCT00F3A</a>   | Active        | Production           | CDIP (J)   14  | 25   TUBE             | No          | SNPB                                 | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | 5962-8683101CA<br>CD54HCT00F3A |
| CD54HCT00F3A.A                 | Active        | Production           | CDIP (J)   14  | 25   TUBE             | No          | SNPB                                 | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | 5962-8683101CA<br>CD54HCT00F3A |
| <a href="#">CD74HCT00E</a>     | Active        | Production           | PDIP (N)   14  | 25   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | CD74HCT00E                     |
| CD74HCT00E.A                   | Active        | Production           | PDIP (N)   14  | 25   TUBE             | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | N/A for Pkg Type                  | -55 to 125   | CD74HCT00E                     |
| <a href="#">CD74HCT00M</a>     | Obsolete      | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | -                     | -           | Call TI                              | Call TI                           | -55 to 125   | HCT00M                         |
| <a href="#">CD74HCT00M96</a>   | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -55 to 125   | HCT00M                         |
| CD74HCT00M96.A                 | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -55 to 125   | HCT00M                         |
| CD74HCT00M96G4                 | Active        | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -55 to 125   | HCT00M                         |
| <a href="#">CD74HCT00MT</a>    | Obsolete      | Production           | SOIC (D)   14  | -                     | -           | Call TI                              | Call TI                           | -55 to 125   | HCT00M                         |

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF CD54HCT00, CD74HCT00 :**

- Catalog : [CD74HCT00](#)
- Military : [CD54HCT00](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

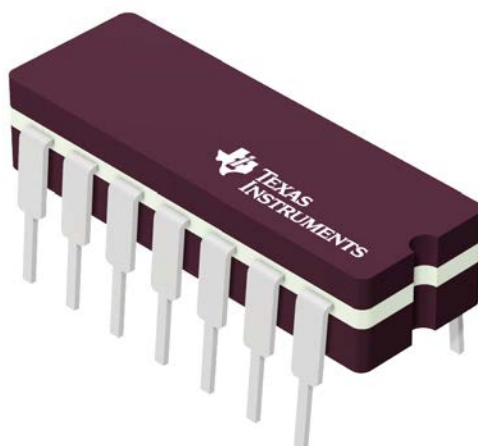
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

**J 14**

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

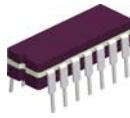
**CDIP - 5.08 mm max height**

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE

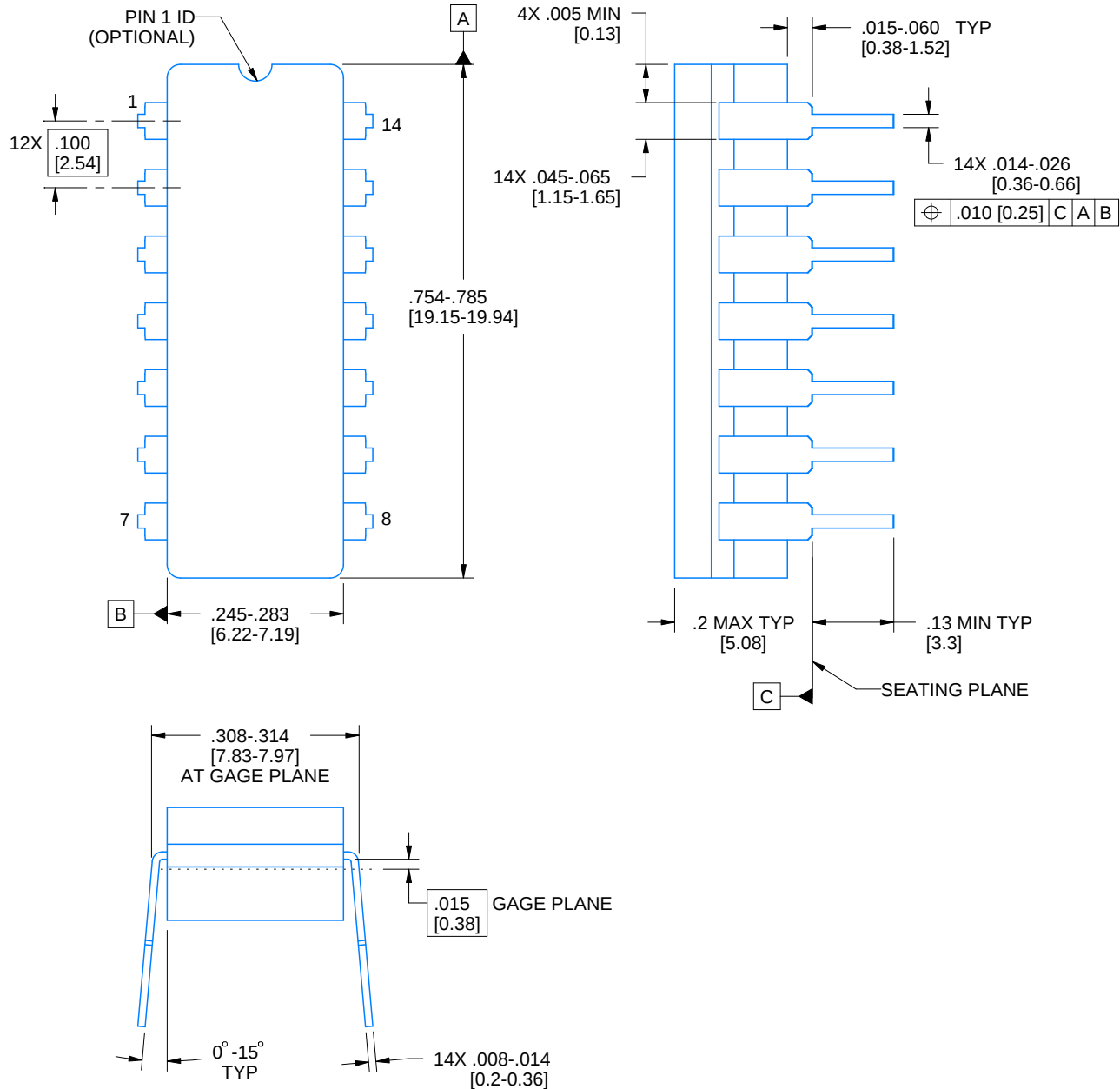


Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4040083-5/G

**J0014A****PACKAGE OUTLINE****CDIP - 5.08 mm max height**

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



4214771/A 05/2017

**NOTES:**

1. All controlling linear dimensions are in inches. Dimensions in brackets are in millimeters. Any dimension in brackets or parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
4. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only and on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
5. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 and GDIP1-T14.



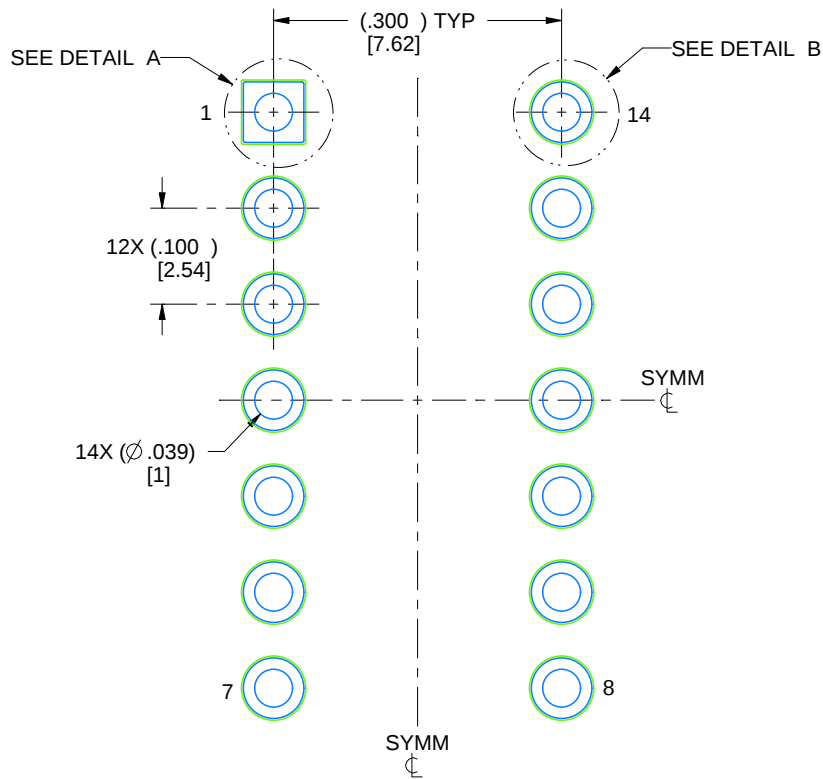
**TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**  
www.ti.com

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

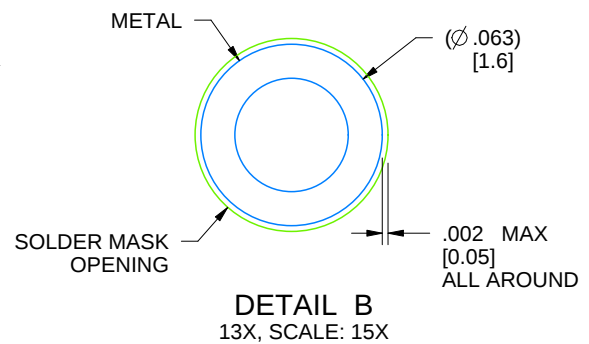
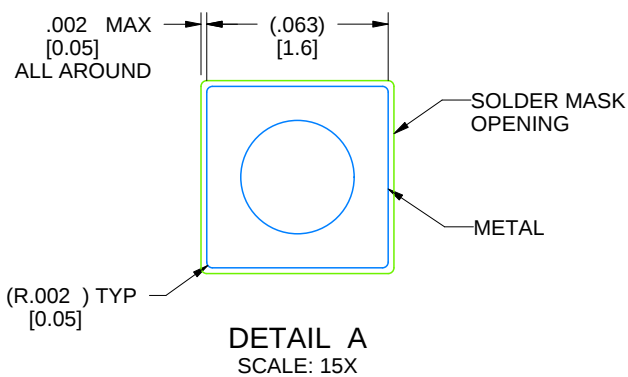
J0014A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED  
SCALE: 5X



4214771/A 05/2017

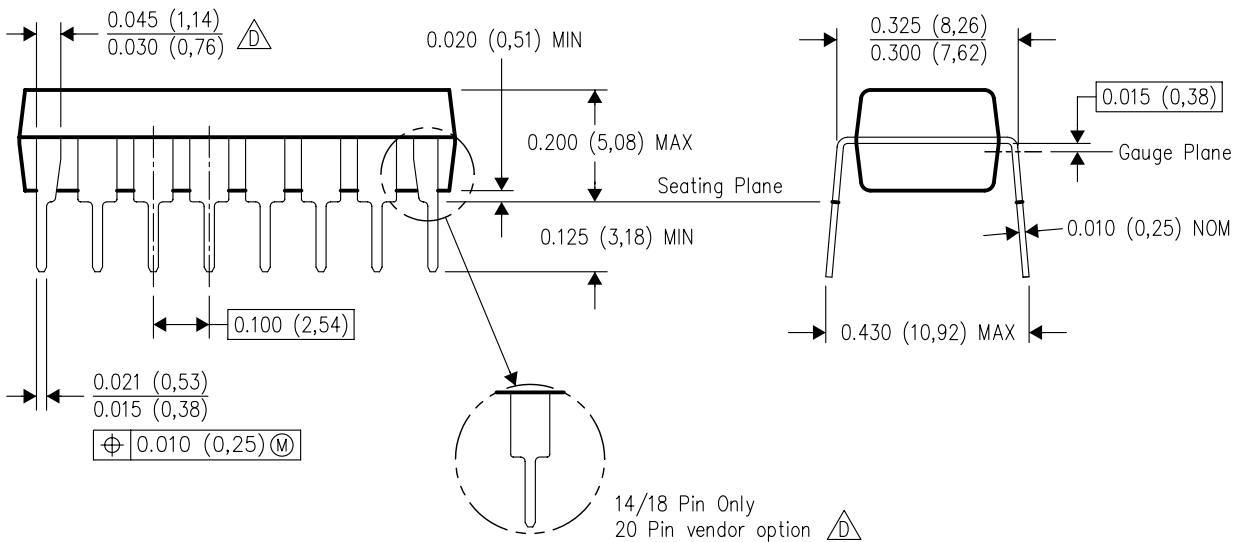
## N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

16 PINS SHOWN

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



| PINS **             | 14               | 16               | 18               | 20               |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| DIM                 |                  |                  |                  |                  |
| A MAX               | 0.775<br>(19,69) | 0.775<br>(19,69) | 0.920<br>(23,37) | 1.060<br>(26,92) |
| A MIN               | 0.745<br>(18,92) | 0.745<br>(18,92) | 0.850<br>(21,59) | 0.940<br>(23,88) |
| MS-001<br>VARIATION | AA               | BB               | AC               | AD               |



14/18 Pin Only  
20 Pin vendor option

4040049/E 12/2002

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
  - The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

**D0014A****PACKAGE OUTLINE****SOIC - 1.75 mm max height**

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



4220718/A 09/2016

**NOTES:**

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.43 mm, per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AB.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

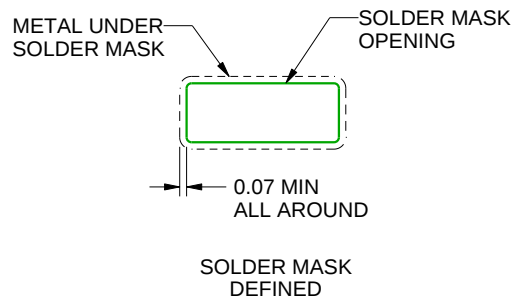
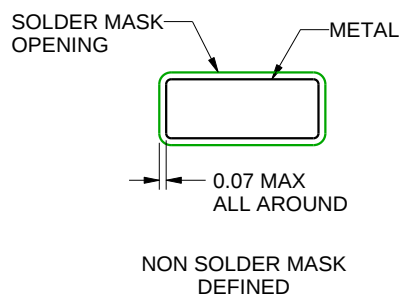
D0014A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:8X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220718/A 09/2016

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

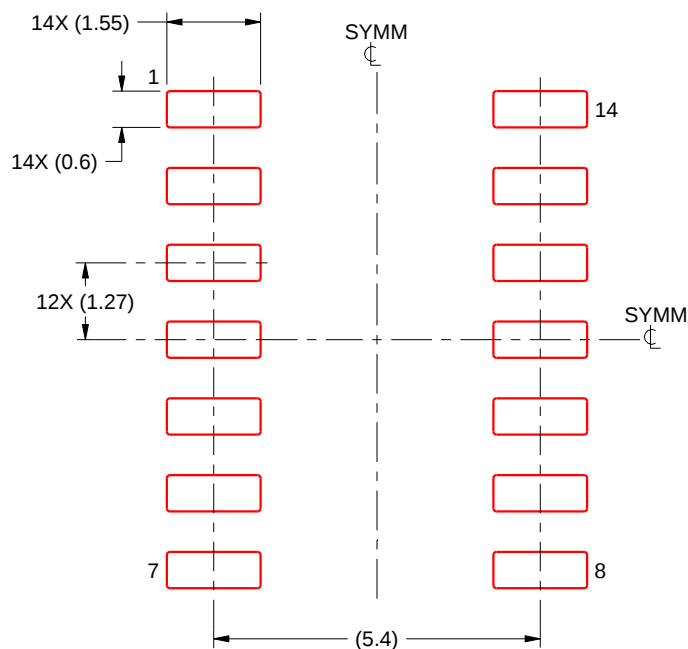
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

## EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

D0014A

SOIC - 1.75 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:8X

4220718/A 09/2016

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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