

## LMK1D121x 低附加抖动 LVDS 缓冲器

### 1 特性

- 高性能 LVDS 时钟缓冲器系列：高达 2GHz
  - 2:12 差分缓冲器 (LMK1D1212)
  - 2:16 差分缓冲器 (LMK1D1216)
- 电源电压：1.71V 至 3.465V
- 低附加抖动：156.25MHz 下小于 12kHz 至 20MHz 范围内的 60fs RMS 最大值
  - 超低相位本底噪声：-164dBc/Hz (典型值)
- 超低传播延迟：< 575ps (最大值)
- 输出延迟：20ps (最大值)
- 高摆幅 LVDS (升压模式)：500mV VOD (典型值, AMP\_SEL 设置为 1 时)
- 通用输入接受 LVDS、LVPECL、LVCMOS、HCSL 和 CML 信号电平
- LVDS 基准电压 ( $V_{AC\_REF}$ ) 适用于容性耦合输入
- 工业温度范围：-40°C 至 105°C
- 采用封装
  - LMK1D1212：6mm × 6mm 40 引脚 VQFN (RHA)
  - LMK1D1216：7mm × 7mm 48 引脚 VQFN (RGZ)

### 2 应用

- 电信及网络
- 医疗成像
- 测试和测量
- 无线基础设施
- 专业音频、视频和标牌

### 3 说明

LMK1D1212 时钟缓冲器通过超小延迟，将两个中的任一可选时钟输入 (IN0 和 IN1) 分配给 12 对差分 LVDS 时钟输出 (OUT0 至 OUT11)。类似地，LMK1D1216 将分配 16 对差分 LVDS 时钟输出 (OUT0 至 OUT15)。LMK1D121x 系列可接受两个时钟源传入一个输入多路复用器。输入可以为 LVDS、LVPECL、LP-HCSL、HCSL、CML 或 LVCMOS。

LMK1D121x 专为驱动 50Ω 传输线路而设计。在单端模式下驱动输入时，对未使用的负输入引脚施加适当的偏置电压 (请参阅图 9-6)。

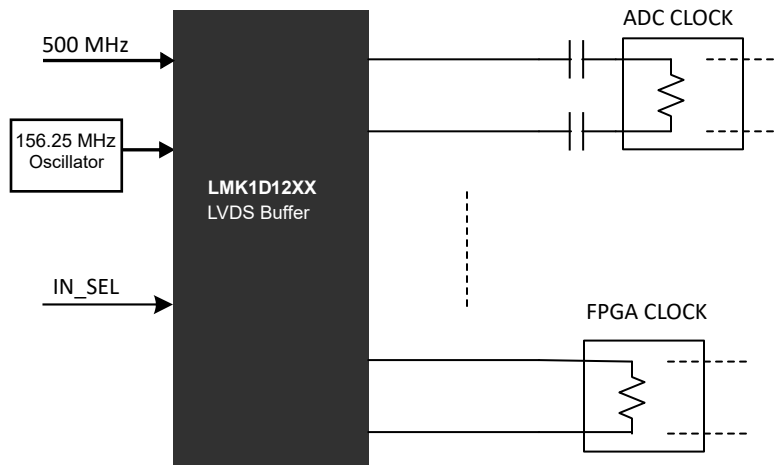
IN\_SEL 引脚用于选择要发送到输出的输入。如果该引脚保持开路，该引脚将禁用输出 (静态低电平)。该器件支持失效防护功能。该器件还整合了输入迟滞，可防止在没有输入信号的情况下输出随机振荡。

该器件可在 1.8V、2.5V 或 3.3V 电源环境下工作，额定温度范围是 -40°C 至 105°C (环境温度)。

#### 器件信息

| 器件型号 <sup>(1)</sup> | 封装        | 封装尺寸 (标称值)      |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| LMK1D1212           | VQFN (40) | 6.00mm × 6.00mm |
| LMK1D1216           | VQFN (48) | 7.00mm × 7.00mm |

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。



应用示例



## Table of Contents

|                                                  |           |                                                                  |           |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1 特性</b> .....                                | <b>1</b>  | 9.3 Feature Description.....                                     | <b>14</b> |
| <b>2 应用</b> .....                                | <b>1</b>  | 9.4 Device Functional Modes.....                                 | <b>15</b> |
| <b>3 说明</b> .....                                | <b>1</b>  | <b>10 Application and Implementation</b> .....                   | <b>18</b> |
| <b>4 Revision History</b> .....                  | <b>2</b>  | 10.1 Application Information.....                                | <b>18</b> |
| <b>5 Device Comparison Table</b> .....           | <b>3</b>  | 10.2 Typical Application.....                                    | <b>18</b> |
| <b>6 Pin Configuration and Functions</b> .....   | <b>4</b>  | 10.3 Power Supply Recommendations.....                           | <b>21</b> |
| <b>7 Specifications</b> .....                    | <b>6</b>  | 10.4 Layout.....                                                 | <b>22</b> |
| 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings.....                | <b>6</b>  | <b>11 Device and Documentation Support</b> .....                 | <b>24</b> |
| 7.2 ESD Ratings.....                             | <b>6</b>  | 11.1 Documentation Support.....                                  | <b>24</b> |
| 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions.....        | <b>6</b>  | 11.2 接收文档更新通知.....                                               | <b>24</b> |
| 7.4 Thermal Information.....                     | <b>6</b>  | 11.3 支持资源.....                                                   | <b>24</b> |
| 7.5 Electrical Characteristics.....              | <b>7</b>  | 11.4 Trademarks.....                                             | <b>24</b> |
| 7.6 Typical Characteristics.....                 | <b>10</b> | 11.5 静电放电警告.....                                                 | <b>24</b> |
| <b>8 Parameter Measurement Information</b> ..... | <b>12</b> | 11.6 术语表.....                                                    | <b>24</b> |
| <b>9 Detailed Description</b> .....              | <b>14</b> | <b>12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</b> ..... | <b>24</b> |
| 9.1 Overview.....                                | <b>14</b> |                                                                  |           |
| 9.2 Functional Block Diagram.....                | <b>14</b> |                                                                  |           |

## 4 Revision History

注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

| <b>Changes from Revision * (October 2021) to Revision A (April 2023)</b>                                                             | <b>Page</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| • Added Device Comparison Table for TI LMK1D devices.....                                                                            | <b>3</b>    |
| • Changed the LMK1D1212 IN0_N pin number from pin 9 to pin 8.....                                                                    | <b>4</b>    |
| • Changed the LMK1D1212 IN0_P pin number from pin 8 to pin 9.....                                                                    | <b>4</b>    |
| • Changed the LMK1D1216 IN0_N pin number from pin 10 to pin 9.....                                                                   | <b>4</b>    |
| • Changed the LMK1D1216 IN0_P pin number from pin 9 to pin 10.....                                                                   | <b>4</b>    |
| • Moved the <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> and <i>Layout</i> sections to the <i>Application and Implementation</i> section..... | <b>21</b>   |

## 5 Device Comparison Table

| Device     | Device Type | Features                                               | Output Swing | Package   | Body Size         |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------|
| LMK1D2108  | Dual 1:8    | Global output enable and swing control via pin control | 350 mV       | VQFN (48) | 7.00 mm x 7.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D2106  | Dual 1:6    | Global output enable and swing control via pin control | 350 mV       | VQFN (40) | 6.00 mm x 6.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D2104  | Dual 1:4    | Global output enable and swing control via pin control | 350 mV       | VQFN (28) | 5.00 mm x 5.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D2102  | Dual 1:2    | Global output enable and swing control via pin control | 350 mV       | VQFN (16) | 3.00 mm x 3.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D1216  | 2:16        | Global output enable control via pin control           | 350 mV       | VQFN (48) | 7.00 mm x 7.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D1212  | 2:12        | Global output enable control via pin control           | 350 mV       | VQFN (40) | 6.00 mm x 6.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D1208P | 2:8         | Individual output enable control via pin control       | 350 mV       | VQGN (40) | 6.00 mm x 6.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D1208I | 2:8         | Individual output enable control via I2C               | 350 mV       | VQFN (40) | 6.00 mm x 6.00 mm |
|            |             |                                                        | 500 mV       |           |                   |
| LMK1D1208  | 2:8         | Global output enable control via pin control           | 350 mV       | VQFN (28) | 5.00 mm x 5.00 mm |
| LMK1D1204P | 2:4         | Individual output enable control via pin control       | 350 mV       | VQGN (28) | 5.00 mm x 5.00 mm |
| LMK1D1204  | 2:4         | Global output enable control via pin control           | 350 mV       | VQFN (16) | 3.00 mm x 3.00 mm |

## 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

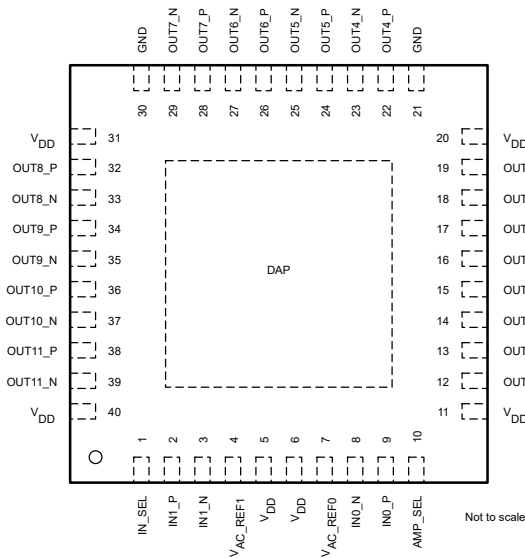


图 6-1. LMK1D1212: RHA Package 40-Pin VQFN  
Top View

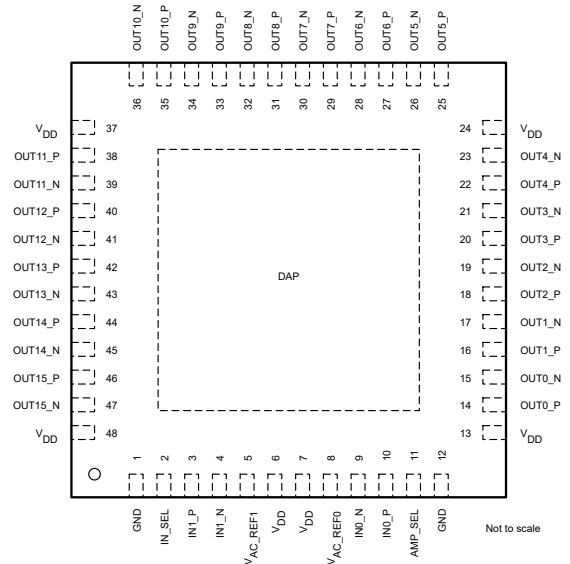


图 6-2. LMK1D1216: RGZ Package 48-Pin VQFN  
Top View

表 6-1. Pin Functions

| PIN                                   |           |           | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME                                  | LMK1D1212 | LMK1D1216 |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| DIFFERENTIAL/SINGLE-ENDED CLOCK INPUT |           |           |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| IN0_P                                 | 9         | 10        | I                   | Primary: Differential input pair or single-ended input                                                                       |
| IN0_N                                 | 8         | 9         |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| IN1_P                                 | 2         | 3         | I                   | Secondary: Differential input pair or single-ended input. Note that INP0, INN0 are used indistinguishably with IN0_P, IN0_N. |
| IN1_N                                 | 3         | 4         |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| INPUT SELECT                          |           |           |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| IN_SEL                                | 1         | 2         | I                   | Input Selection with an internal 500-kΩ pullup and 320-kΩ pulldown resistor; selects input port. See <a href="#">表 9-2</a> . |
| AMPLITUDE SELECT                      |           |           |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| AMP_SEL                               | 10        | 11        | I                   | Output amplitude swing select with an internal 500-kΩ pullup and 320-kΩ pulldown. See <a href="#">表 9-3</a> .                |
| BIAS VOLTAGE OUTPUT                   |           |           |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| V <sub>AC_REF0</sub>                  | 7         | 8         | O                   | Bias voltage output for capacitive coupled inputs. If used, TI recommends using a 0.1-μF capacitor to GND on this pin.       |
| V <sub>AC_REF1</sub>                  | 4         | 5         |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| DIFFERENTIAL CLOCK OUTPUT             |           |           |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| OUT0_P                                | 12        | 14        | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 0                                                                                       |
| OUT0_N                                | 13        | 15        |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| OUT1_P                                | 14        | 16        | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 1                                                                                       |
| OUT1_N                                | 15        | 17        |                     |                                                                                                                              |
| OUT2_P                                | 16        | 18        | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 2                                                                                       |
| OUT2_N                                | 17        | 19        |                     |                                                                                                                              |

**表 6-1. Pin Functions (continued)**

| PIN             |                      |                      | TYPE <sup>(1)</sup> | DESCRIPTION                                                                                   |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NAME            | LMK1D1212            | LMK1D1216            |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT3_P          | 18                   | 20                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 3                                                        |
| OUT3_N          | 19                   | 21                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT4_P          | 22                   | 22                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 4                                                        |
| OUT4_N          | 23                   | 23                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT5_P          | 24                   | 25                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 5                                                        |
| OUT5_N          | 25                   | 26                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT6_P          | 26                   | 27                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 6                                                        |
| OUT6_N          | 27                   | 28                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT7_P          | 28                   | 29                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 7                                                        |
| OUT7_N          | 29                   | 30                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT8_P          | 32                   | 31                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 8                                                        |
| OUT8_N          | 33                   | 32                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT9_P          | 34                   | 33                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 9                                                        |
| OUT9_N          | 35                   | 34                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT10_P         | 36                   | 35                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 10                                                       |
| OUT10_N         | 37                   | 36                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT11_P         | 38                   | 38                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 11                                                       |
| OUT11_N         | 39                   | 39                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT12_P         | —                    | 40                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 12                                                       |
| OUT12_N         | —                    | 41                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT13_P         | —                    | 42                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 13                                                       |
| OUT13_N         | —                    | 43                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT14_P         | —                    | 44                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 14                                                       |
| OUT14_N         | —                    | 45                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| OUT15_P         | —                    | 46                   | O                   | Differential LVDS output pair number 15                                                       |
| OUT15_N         | —                    | 47                   |                     |                                                                                               |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE  |                      |                      |                     |                                                                                               |
| V <sub>DD</sub> | 5, 6, 11, 20, 31, 40 | 6, 7, 13, 24, 37, 48 | P                   | Device power supply (1.8 V, 2.5 V, or 3.3 V)                                                  |
| GROUND          |                      |                      |                     |                                                                                               |
| GND             | 21, 30               | 1, 12                | G                   | Ground                                                                                        |
| MISC            |                      |                      |                     |                                                                                               |
| DAP             | DAP                  | DAP                  | G                   | Die Attach Pad. Connect to the printed circuit board (PCB) ground plane for heat dissipation. |

(1) G = Ground, I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

## 7 Specifications

### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

|                  |                                    | MIN  | MAX                   | UNIT |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | Supply voltage                     | −0.3 | 3.6                   | V    |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | Input voltage                      | −0.3 | 3.6                   | V    |
| V <sub>O</sub>   | Output voltage                     | −0.3 | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V    |
| I <sub>IN</sub>  | Input current                      | −20  | 20                    | mA   |
| I <sub>O</sub>   | Continuous output current          | −50  | 50                    | mA   |
| T <sub>J</sub>   | Junction temperature               |      | 135                   | °C   |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature <sup>(2)</sup> | −65  | 150                   | °C   |

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) Device unpowered

### 7.2 ESD Ratings

|                    |                         |                                                                                 | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins <sup>(1)</sup>     | ±3000 | V    |
|                    |                         | Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002, all pins <sup>(2)</sup> | ±1000 |      |

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                 |                                |                                                       | MIN   | NOM | MAX   | UNIT |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> | Core supply voltage            | 3.3-V supply                                          | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V    |
|                 |                                | 2.5-V supply                                          | 2.375 | 2.5 | 2.625 |      |
|                 |                                | 1.8-V supply                                          | 1.71  | 1.8 | 1.89  |      |
| Supply Ramp     | Supply voltage ramp            | Requires monotonic ramp (10-90 % of V <sub>DD</sub> ) | 0.1   |     | 20    | ms   |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating free-air temperature |                                                       | −40   |     | 105   | °C   |
| T <sub>J</sub>  | Operating junction temperature |                                                       | −40   |     | 135   | °C   |

### 7.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                              | LMK1D1212  | LMK1D1216  | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------|
|                               |                                              | RHA (VQFN) | RGZ (VQFN) |      |
|                               |                                              | 40 PINS    | 48 PINS    |      |
| R <sub>θJA</sub>              | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 30.3       | 30.5       | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 21.6       | 21.2       | °C/W |
| R <sub>θJB</sub>              | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 13.1       | 12.9       | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JT</sub>               | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 0.4        | 0.4        | °C/W |
| Ψ <sub>JB</sub>               | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 13         | 12.8       | °C/W |

| THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup> |                                              | LMK1D1212  | LMK1D1216  | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------|
|                               |                                              | RHA (VQFN) | RGZ (VQFN) |      |
|                               |                                              | 40 PINS    | 48 PINS    |      |
| R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>         | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 4.5        | 4.5        | °C/W |

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5 %, –40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 105°C. Typical values are at V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V, 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                                                                                               |                                                                                      | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                               | MIN                   | TYP                   | MAX                   | UNIT            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| <b>POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS</b>                                                                                     |                                                                                      |                                                                                                               |                       |                       |                       |                 |
| IDD <sub>STAT</sub>                                                                                                     | Core supply current, static (LMK1D1212)                                              | All outputs enabled and unterminated, f = 0 Hz                                                                |                       | 65                    |                       | mA              |
| IDD <sub>STAT</sub>                                                                                                     | Core supply current, static (LMK1D1216)                                              | All outputs enabled and unterminated, f = 0 Hz                                                                |                       | 70                    |                       | mA              |
| IDD <sub>100M</sub>                                                                                                     | Core supply current (LMK1D1212)                                                      | All outputs enabled, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω, f = 100 MHz                                                      |                       | 105                   | 130                   | mA              |
| IDD <sub>100M</sub>                                                                                                     | Core supply current (LMK1D1216)                                                      | All outputs enabled, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω, f = 100 MHz                                                      |                       | 120                   | 150                   | mA              |
| <b>IN_SEL/AMP_SEL CONTROL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS (Applies to V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5%, 2.5 V ± 5% and 3.3 V ± 5%)</b> |                                                                                      |                                                                                                               |                       |                       |                       |                 |
| V <sub>I3</sub>                                                                                                         | Tri-state input                                                                      | Open                                                                                                          |                       | 0.4 × V <sub>CC</sub> |                       | V               |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                         | Input high voltage                                                                   | Minimum input voltage for a logical "1" state in table 1                                                      | 0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub> |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 | V               |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                         | Input low voltage                                                                    | Maximum input voltage for a logical "0" state in table 1                                                      | –0.3                  |                       | 0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V               |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                         | Input high current                                                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> can be 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V with V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>                             |                       |                       | 30                    | μA              |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                         | Input low current                                                                    | V <sub>DD</sub> can be 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V with V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>                             | –30                   |                       |                       | μA              |
| R <sub>pull-up</sub>                                                                                                    | Input pullup resistor                                                                |                                                                                                               |                       | 500                   |                       | kΩ              |
| R <sub>pull-down</sub>                                                                                                  | Input pulldown resistor                                                              |                                                                                                               |                       | 320                   |                       | kΩ              |
| <b>SINGLE-ENDED LVCMOS/LVTTL CLOCK INPUT (Applies to V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5%, 2.5 V ± 5% and 3.3 V ± 5%)</b>        |                                                                                      |                                                                                                               |                       |                       |                       |                 |
| f <sub>IN</sub>                                                                                                         | Input frequency                                                                      | Clock input                                                                                                   | DC                    |                       | 250                   | MHz             |
| V <sub>IN,S-E</sub>                                                                                                     | Single-ended Input Voltage Swing                                                     | Assumes a square wave input with two levels                                                                   | 0.4                   |                       | 3.465                 | V               |
| dV <sub>IN</sub> /dt                                                                                                    | Input Slew Rate (20% to 80% of the amplitude)                                        |                                                                                                               | 0.05                  |                       |                       | V/ns            |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                         | Input high current                                                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.465 V                                                          |                       |                       | 60                    | μA              |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                         | Input low current                                                                    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V                                                              | –30                   |                       |                       | μA              |
| C <sub>IN,SE</sub>                                                                                                      | Input capacitance                                                                    | at 25°C                                                                                                       |                       | 3.5                   |                       | pF              |
| <b>DIFFERENTIAL CLOCK INPUT (Applies to V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5%, 2.5 V ± 5% and 3.3 V ± 5%)</b>                     |                                                                                      |                                                                                                               |                       |                       |                       |                 |
| f <sub>IN</sub>                                                                                                         | Input frequency                                                                      | Clock input                                                                                                   |                       |                       | 2                     | GHz             |
| V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub>                                                                                               | Differential input voltage peak-to-peak {2 × (V <sub>INP</sub> – V <sub>INN</sub> )} | V <sub>ICM</sub> = 1 V (V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V)<br>V <sub>ICM</sub> = 1.25 V (V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V/3.3 V) | 0.3<br>0.3            |                       | 2.4<br>2.4            | V <sub>PP</sub> |
| V <sub>ICM</sub>                                                                                                        | Input common-mode voltage                                                            | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> > 0.4 V (V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V/2.5 V/3.3 V)                                       | 0.25                  |                       | 2.3                   | V               |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                                                                                                         | Input high current                                                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465 V, V <sub>INP</sub> = 2.4 V, V <sub>INN</sub> = 1.2 V                                 |                       |                       | 30                    | μA              |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                                                                                                         | Input low current                                                                    | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465 V, V <sub>INP</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>INN</sub> = 1.2 V                                   | –30                   |                       |                       | μA              |
| C <sub>IN,SE</sub>                                                                                                      | Input capacitance (Single-ended)                                                     | at 25°C                                                                                                       |                       | 3.5                   |                       | pF              |

VDD = 1.8 V ± 5 %, -40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 105°C. Typical values are at VDD = 1.8 V, 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                             |                                                                               | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                               | MIN  | TYP | MAX   | UNIT             |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----|-------|------------------|
| <b>LVDS DC OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                               |      |     |       |                  |
| VOD                                   | Differential output voltage magnitude   V <sub>OUTP</sub> - V <sub>OUTN</sub> | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                                                                                                  | 250  | 350 | 450   | mV               |
| VOD                                   | Differential output voltage magnitude   V <sub>OUTP</sub> - V <sub>OUTN</sub> | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω, AMP_SEL = 1                                                                                     | 400  | 500 | 650   | mV               |
| ΔVOD                                  | Change in differential output voltage magnitude                               | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                                                                                                  | -15  |     | 15    | mV               |
| ΔVOD                                  | Change in differential output voltage magnitude                               | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω, AMP_SEL = 1                                                                                     | -20  |     | 20    | mV               |
| V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>                   | Steady-state, common-mode output voltage                                      | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω (V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V)                                                                        | 1    |     | 1.2   | V                |
|                                       |                                                                               | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω (V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V/3.3 V)                                                                  | 1.1  |     | 1.375 |                  |
| V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>                   | Steady-state, common-mode output voltage                                      | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω (V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V), AMP_SEL = 1                                                           | 0.8  |     | 1.05  | V                |
|                                       |                                                                               | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω (V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V/3.3 V), AMP_SEL = 1                                                     | 0.9  |     | 1.15  |                  |
| ΔV <sub>OC(SS)</sub>                  | Change in steady-state, common-mode output voltage                            | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                                                                                                  | -15  |     | 15    | mV               |
| ΔV <sub>OC(SS)</sub>                  | Change in steady-state, common-mode output voltage                            | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω, AMP_SEL = 1                                                                                     | -20  |     | 20    | mV               |
| <b>LVDS AC OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b> |                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                               |      |     |       |                  |
| V <sub>ring</sub>                     | Output overshoot and undershoot                                               | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω, f <sub>OUT</sub> = 491.52 MHz                                                                   | -0.1 |     | 0.1   | V <sub>OD</sub>  |
| V <sub>OS</sub>                       | Output AC common-mode voltage                                                 | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                                                                                                  |      | 50  | 100   | mV <sub>pp</sub> |
| V <sub>OS</sub>                       | Output AC common-mode voltage                                                 | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω, AMP_SEL = 1                                                                                     |      | 75  | 150   | mV <sub>pp</sub> |
| I <sub>OS</sub>                       | Short-circuit output current (differential)                                   | V <sub>OUTP</sub> = V <sub>OUTN</sub>                                                                                                                         | -12  |     | 12    | mA               |
| I <sub>OS(cm)</sub>                   | Short-circuit output current (common-mode)                                    | V <sub>OUTP</sub> = V <sub>OUTN</sub> = 0                                                                                                                     | -24  |     | 24    | mA               |
| t <sub>PD</sub>                       | Propagation delay                                                             | V <sub>IN,DIFF(P-P)</sub> = 0.3 V, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                   | 0.3  |     | 0.575 | ns               |
| t <sub>SK, O</sub>                    | Output skew                                                                   | Skew between outputs with the same load conditions (12 and 16 channels) <sup>(2)</sup>                                                                        |      |     | 20    | ps               |
| t <sub>SK, PP</sub>                   | Part-to-part skew                                                             | Skew between outputs on different parts subjected to the same operating conditions with the same input and output loading.                                    |      |     | 200   | ps               |
| t <sub>SK, P</sub>                    | Pulse skew                                                                    | 50% duty cycle input, crossing point-to-crossing-point distortion <sup>(3)</sup>                                                                              | -20  |     | 20    | ps               |
| t <sub>RJIT(ADD)</sub>                | Random additive jitter (rms)                                                  | f <sub>IN</sub> = 156.25 MHz with 50% duty-cycle, Input slew rate = 1.5V/ns, Integration range = 12 kHz to 20 MHz, with output load R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω |      | 45  | 60    | fs, RMS          |

VDD = 1.8 V ± 5 %, -40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 105°C. Typical values are at VDD = 1.8 V, 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER                                                                |                                                                                                                                             | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | MIN | TYP  | MAX   | UNIT   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-------|--------|
| Phase noise                                                              | Phase Noise for a carrier frequency of 156.25 MHz with 50% duty-cycle, Input slew rate = 1.5V/ns with output load R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω | PN <sub>1kHz</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     | -143 |       | dBc/Hz |
|                                                                          |                                                                                                                                             | PN <sub>10kHz</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | -150 |       |        |
|                                                                          |                                                                                                                                             | PN <sub>100kHz</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                               |     | -157 |       |        |
|                                                                          |                                                                                                                                             | PN <sub>1MHz</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     | -160 |       |        |
|                                                                          |                                                                                                                                             | PN <sub>floor</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     | -164 |       |        |
| MUX <sub>ISO</sub>                                                       | Mux Isolation                                                                                                                               | f <sub>IN</sub> = 156.25 MHz. The difference in power level at f <sub>IN</sub> when the selected clock is active and the unselected clock is static versus when the selected clock is inactive and the unselected clock is active. |     | 80   |       | dB     |
| ODC                                                                      | Output duty cycle                                                                                                                           | With 50% duty cycle input                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 45  |      | 55    | %      |
| t <sub>R</sub> /t <sub>F</sub>                                           | Output rise and fall time                                                                                                                   | 20% to 80% with R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω                                                                                                                                                                                          |     |      | 300   | ps     |
| t <sub>R</sub> /t <sub>F</sub>                                           | Output rise and fall time                                                                                                                   | 20% to 80% with R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 Ω (AMP_SEL = 1)                                                                                                                                                                            |     |      | 300   | ps     |
| V <sub>AC_REF</sub>                                                      | Reference output voltage                                                                                                                    | VDD = 2.5 V, I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 100 μA                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.9 | 1.25 | 1.375 | V      |
| <b>POWER SUPPLY NOISE REJECTION (PSNR) V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V/ 3.3 V</b> |                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |      |       |        |
| PSNR                                                                     | Power Supply Noise Rejection (f <sub>carrier</sub> = 156.25 MHz)                                                                            | 10 kHz, 100 mVpp ripple injected on V <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                |     | -70  |       | dBc    |
|                                                                          |                                                                                                                                             | 1 MHz, 100 mVpp ripple injected on V <sub>DD</sub>                                                                                                                                                                                 |     | -50  |       |        |

- (1) Measured between single-ended/differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.
- (2) For the dual bank devices, the inputs are phase aligned and have 50% duty cycle.
- (3) Defined as the magnitude of the time difference between the high-to-low and low-to-high propagation delay times at an output.

## 7.6 Typical Characteristics

图 7-1 and 图 7-2 capture the variation of the LMK1D1216 current consumption with input frequency, supply voltage, and AMP\_SEL. The LMK1D1212 follows a similar trend. 图 7-3 and 图 7-4 show the variation of the differential output voltage (VOD) swept across frequency for AMP\_SEL = 0 and AMP\_SEL = 1. This result is applicable to LMK1D1212 as well.

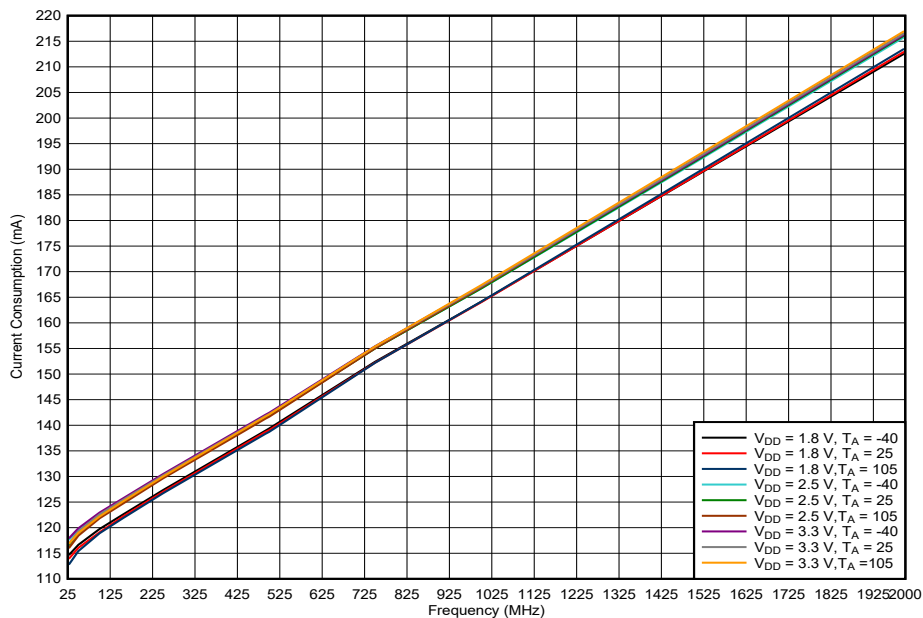


图 7-1. LMK1D1216 Current Consumption vs. Frequency, AMP\_SEL = 0

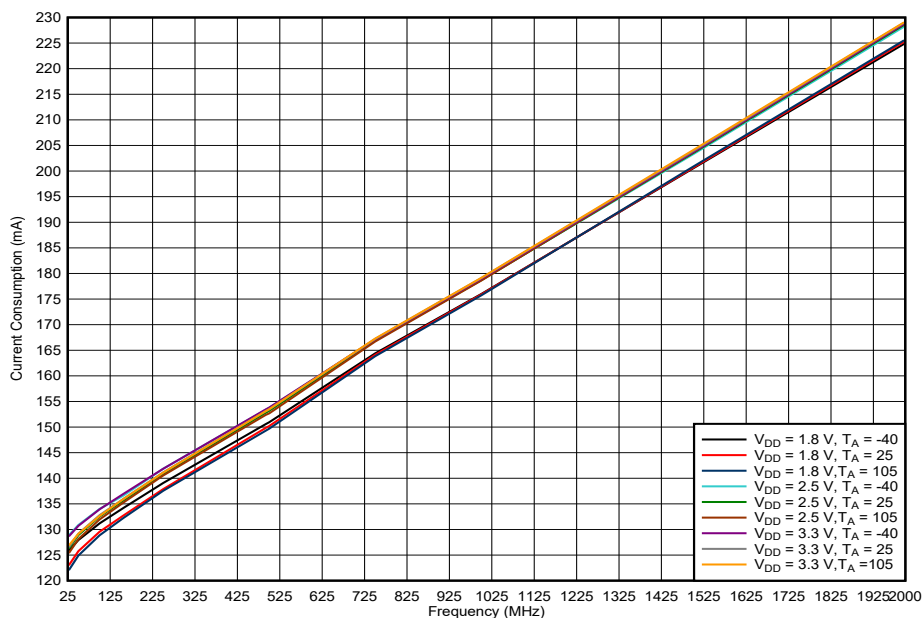


图 7-2. LMK1D1216 Current Consumption vs. Frequency, AMP\_SEL = 1

## 7.6 Typical Characteristics

图 7-1 和 图 7-2 捕获 LMK1D1216 的电流消耗随输入频率、供电电压和 AMP\_SEL 的变化。LMK1D1212 遵循类似趋势。图 7-3 和 图 7-4 显示差分输出电压 (VOD) 随频率变化的结果，AMP\_SEL = 0 和 AMP\_SEL = 1。此结果适用于 LMK1D1212 也是如此。

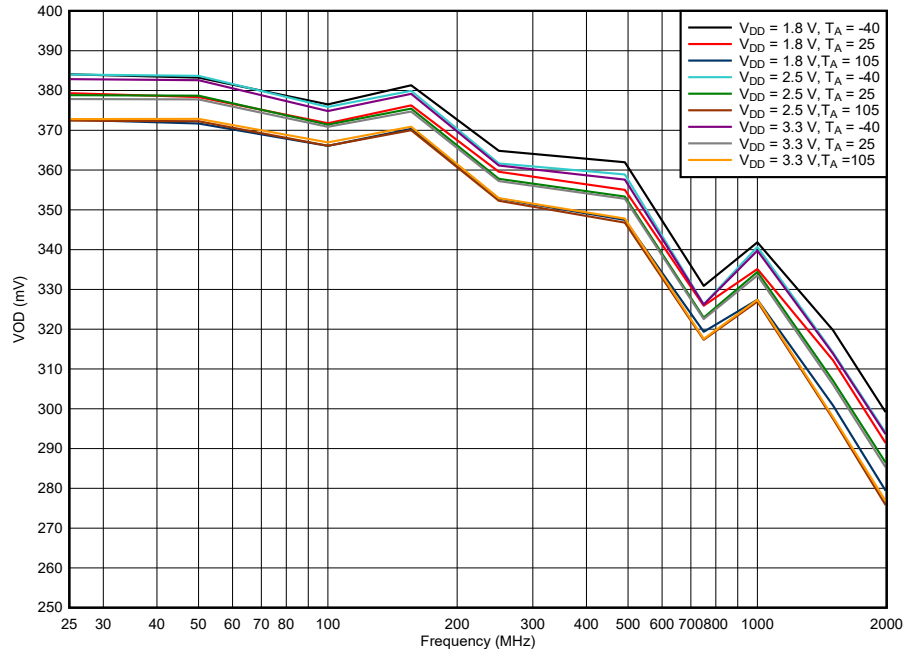


图 7-3. LMK1D1216 VOD vs. Frequency, AMP\_SEL = 0

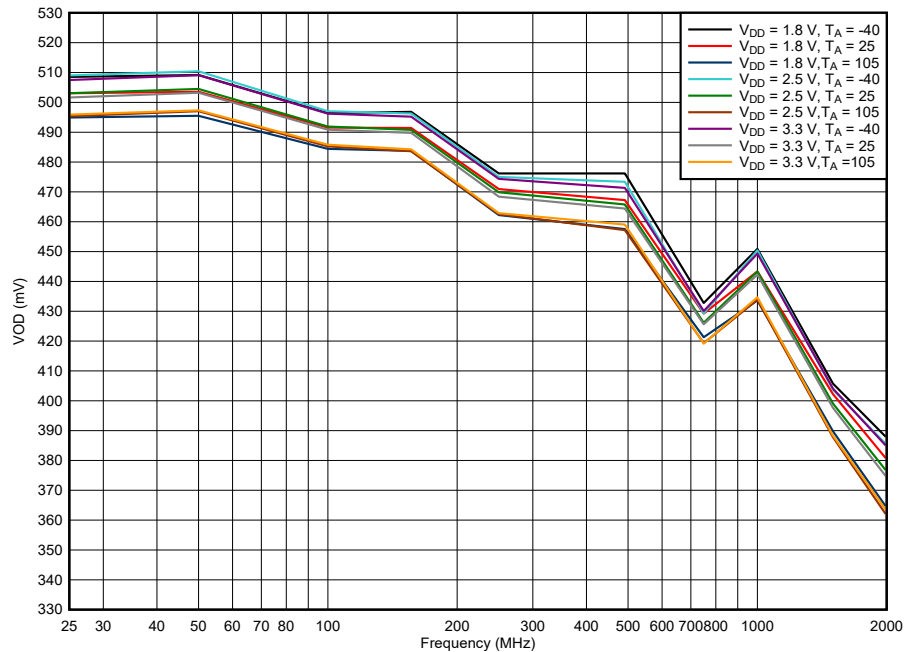


图 7-4. LMK1D1216 VOD vs. Frequency, AMP\_SEL = 1

## 8 Parameter Measurement Information

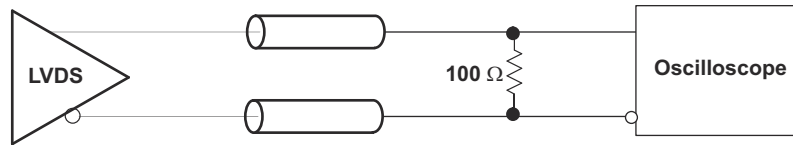


图 8-1. LVDS Output DC Configuration During Device Test

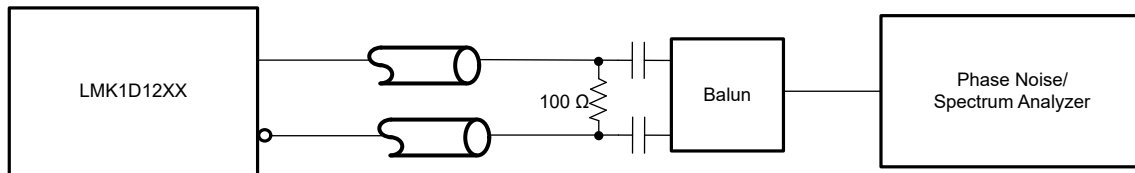


图 8-2. LVDS Output AC Configuration During Device Test

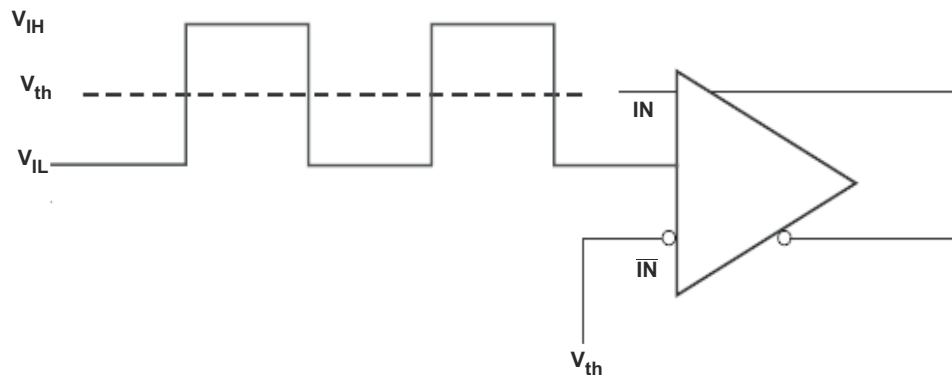


图 8-3. DC-Coupled LVCMOS Input During Device Test

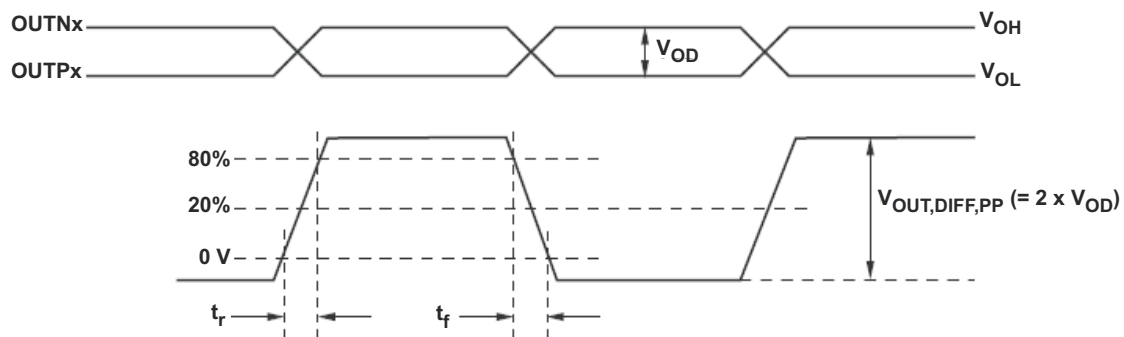
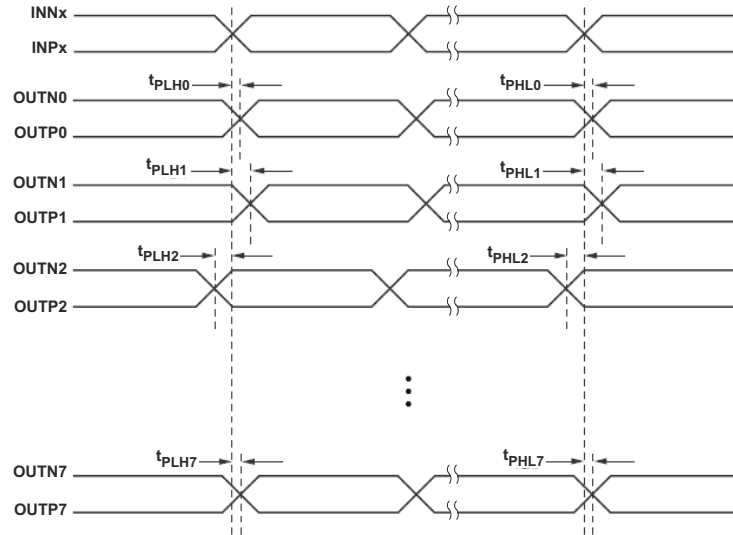
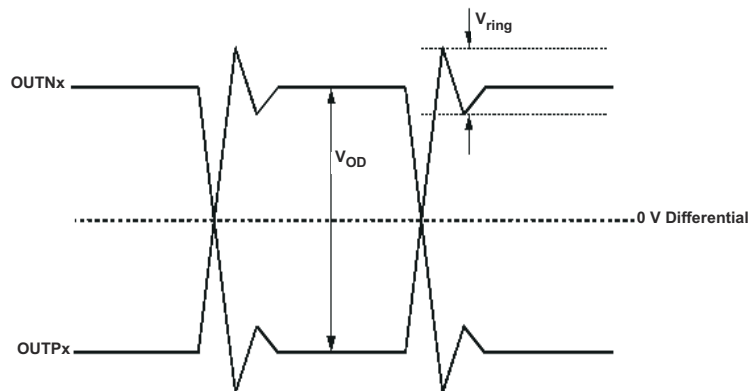


图 8-4. Output Voltage and Rise/Fall Time

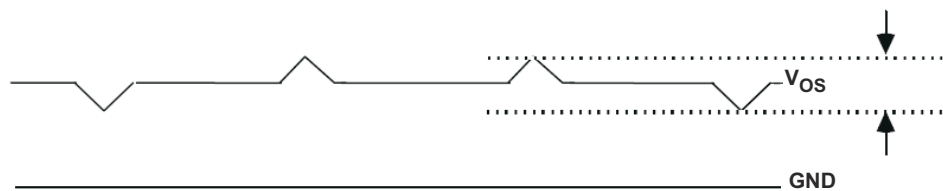


- A. Output skew is calculated as the greater of the following: the difference between the fastest and the slowest  $t_{PLHn}$  or the difference between the fastest and the slowest  $t_{PHLn}$  ( $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 7$ )
- B. Part-to-part skew is calculated as the greater of the following: the difference between the fastest and the slowest  $t_{PLHn}$  or the difference between the fastest and the slowest  $t_{PHLn}$  across multiple devices ( $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 7$ )

**图 8-5. Output Skew and Part-to-Part Skew**



**图 8-6. Output Overshoot and Undershoot**



**图 8-7. Output AC Common Mode**

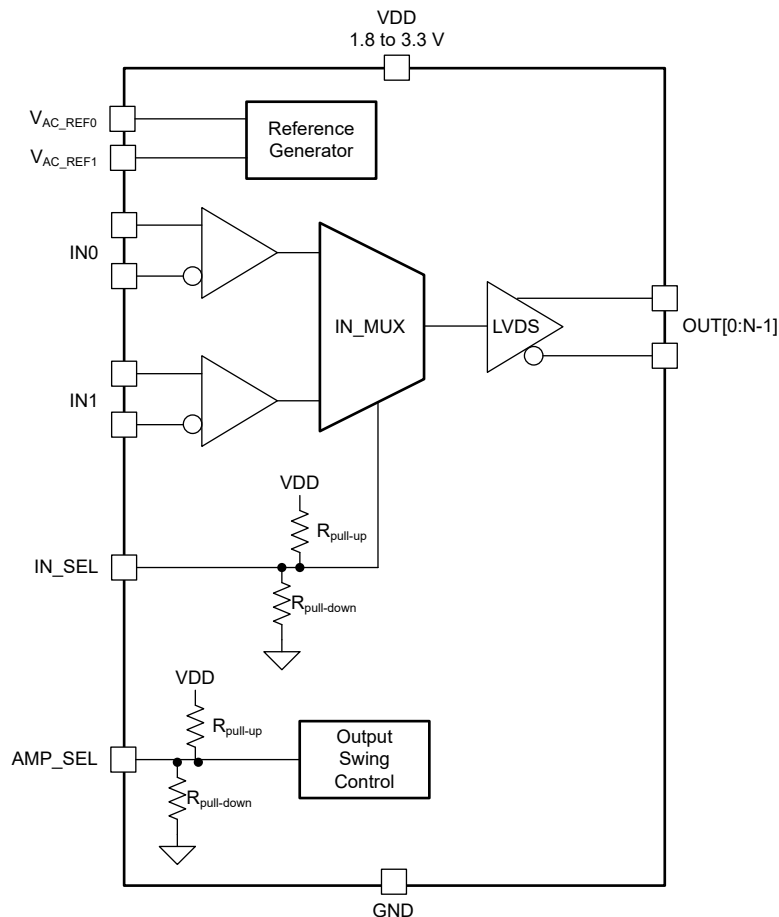
## 9 Detailed Description

### 9.1 Overview

The LMK1D121x LVDS drivers use CMOS transistors to control the output current. Therefore, proper biasing and termination are required to ensure correct operation of the device and to maximize signal integrity.

The proper LVDS termination for signal integrity over two 50-Ω lines is 100 Ω between the outputs on the receiver end. Either DC-coupled termination or AC-coupled termination can be used for LVDS outputs. TI recommends placing a termination resistor close to the receiver. If the receiver is internally biased to a voltage different than the output common-mode voltage of the LMK1D121x, AC coupling must be used. If the LVDS receiver has internal 100-Ω termination, external termination must be omitted.

### 9.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 9.3 Feature Description

The LMK1D121x is a low additive jitter LVDS fan-out buffer that can generate up to 12 (LMK1D1212) or 16 (LMK1D1216) copies of two selectable LVPECL, LVDS, LP-HCSL, HCSL, or LVCMOS inputs. The LMK1D121x can accept reference clock frequencies up to 2 GHz while providing low output skew.

表 9-1 lists the LMK1D1212 and LMK1D1216 outputs divided into two banks.

**表 9-1. Output Bank**

| Bank | LMK1D1212     | LMK1D1216     |
|------|---------------|---------------|
| 0    | OUT0 to OUT5  | OUT0 to OUT7  |
| 1    | OUT6 to OUT11 | OUT8 to OUT15 |

Apart from providing a very low additive jitter and low output skew, the LMK1D121x has an input select pin (IN\_SEL) and an output amplitude control pin (AMP\_SEL).

### 9.3.1 Fail-Safe Input and Hysteresis

The LMK1D121x family of devices is designed to support fail-safe input operation feature. This feature allows the user to drive the device inputs before  $V_{DD}$  is applied without damaging the device. Refer to [§ 7](#) for more information on the maximum input supported by the device. User should note that incorporating the fail-safe inputs also results in a slight increase in clock input pin capacitance.

The device also incorporates an input hysteresis which prevents random oscillation in absence of an input signal. Furthermore, this feature allows the input pins to be left open.

### 9.3.2 Input Mux

The LMK1D121x family of devices has a 2:1 input mux. This feature allows the user to select between the two clock inputs using the IN\_SEL pin and fan out the input to the outputs. More information on the input selection is provided in the next section.

## 9.4 Device Functional Modes

The two inputs of the LMK1D121x are internally muxed together and can be selected through the control pin (see [表 9-2](#)). Unused inputs can be left floating to reduce overall component cost. Both AC- and DC-coupling schemes can be used with the LMK1D121x to provide greater system flexibility.

**表 9-2. Input Selection**

| IN_SEL | ACTIVE CLOCK INPUT  |
|--------|---------------------|
| 0      | IN0_P, IN0_N        |
| 1      | IN1_P, IN1_N        |
| Open   | None <sup>(1)</sup> |

(1) The input buffers are disabled and the outputs are static.

The output amplitude of the banks of the LMK1D121x can be selected through the amplitude selection pin (see [表 9-3](#)). The higher output amplitude mode (boosted swing LVDS mode) can be used in applications which require higher amplitude either for better noise performance (higher slew rate) or if the receiver has swing requirements which the standard LVDS swing cannot meet.

**表 9-3. Amplitude Selection**

| AMP_SEL | OUTPUT AMPLITUDE (mV)                                                        |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0       | Bank 0: boosted LVDS swing (500 mV)<br>Bank 1: standard LVDS swing (350 mV)  |
| OPEN    | Bank 0: standard LVDS swing (350 mV)<br>Bank 1: standard LVDS swing (350 mV) |
| 1       | Bank 0: boosted LVDS swing (500 mV)<br>Bank 1: boosted LVDS swing (500 mV)   |

### 9.4.1 LVDS Output Termination

TI recommends unused outputs to be terminated differentially with a 100-Ω resistor for optimum performance, although unterminated outputs are also okay but will result in slight degradation in performance (Output AC common-mode  $V_{OS}$ ) in the outputs being used.

The LMK1D121x can be connected to LVDS receiver inputs with DC and AC coupling as shown in [图 9-1](#) and [图 9-2](#), respectively.

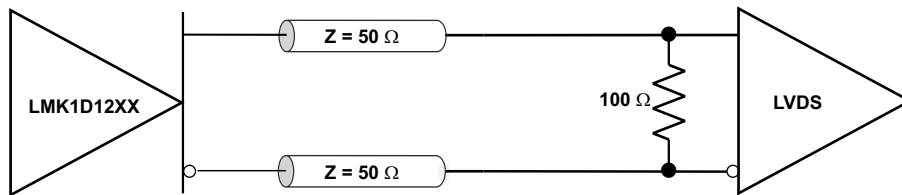


图 9-1. Output DC Termination

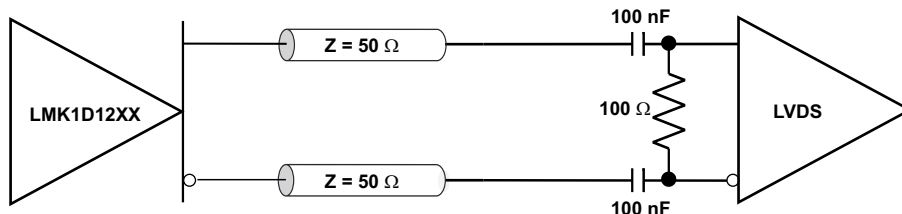


图 9-2. Output AC Termination (With the Receiver Internally Biased)

### 9.4.2 Input Termination

The LMK1D121x inputs can be interfaced with LVDS, LVPECL, LP-HCSL, HCSL, CML, or LVCMOS drivers.

LVDS drivers can be connected to LMK1D121x inputs with DC and AC coupling as shown 图 9-3 and 图 9-4, respectively.

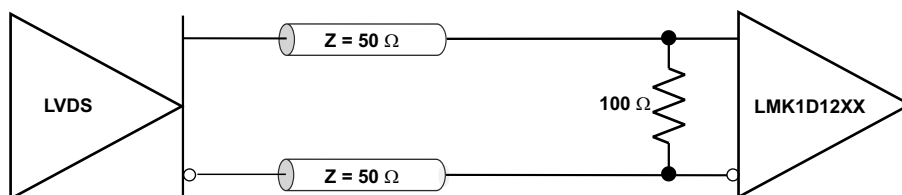


图 9-3. LVDS Clock Driver Connected to LMK1D121x Input (DC-Coupled)

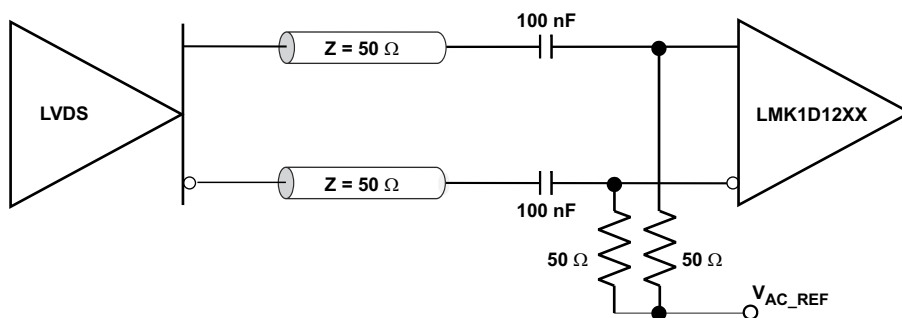


图 9-4. LVDS Clock Driver Connected to LMK1D121x Input (AC-Coupled)

图 9-5 shows how to connect LVPECL inputs to the LMK1D121x. The series resistors are required to reduce the LVPECL signal swing if the signal swing is  $>1.6 V_{pp}$ .

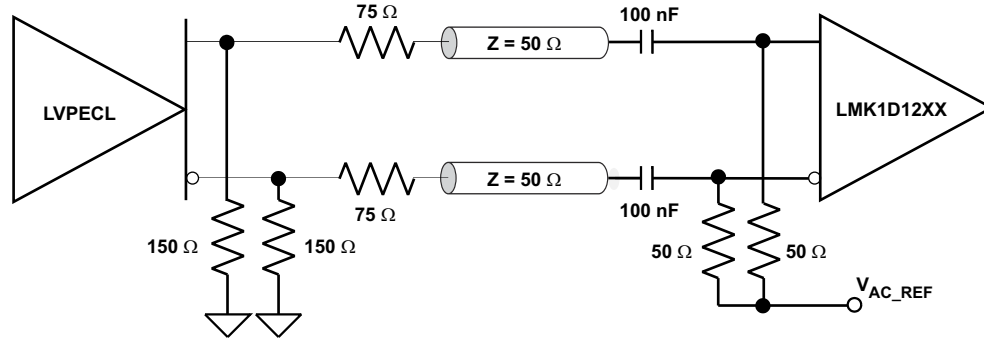


图 9-5. LVPECL Clock Driver Connected to LMK1D121x Input

图 9-6 shows how to couple a LVCMOS clock input to the LMK1D121x directly.

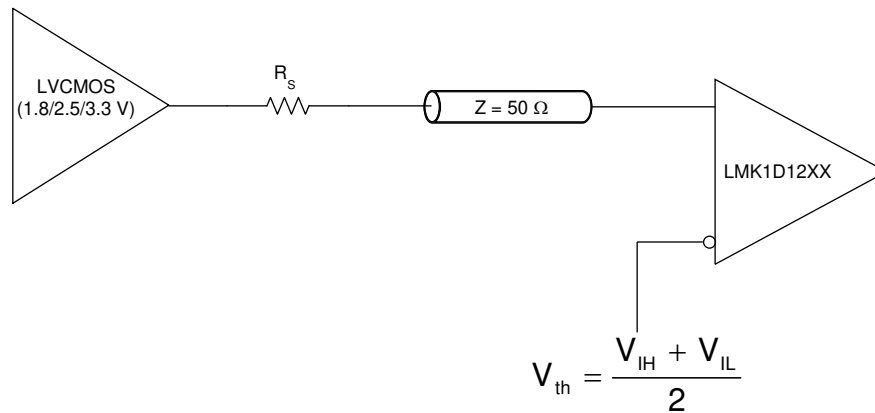


图 9-6. 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V LVCMOS Clock Driver Connected to LMK1D121x Input

For unused input, TI recommends grounding both input pins (INP, INN) using 1-kΩ resistors.

## 10 Application and Implementation

### 备注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 10.1 Application Information

The LMK1D121x is a low additive jitter universal to LVDS fan-out buffer with 2 selectable inputs. The small package size, low output skew, and low additive jitter make for a flexible device in demanding applications.

### 10.2 Typical Application

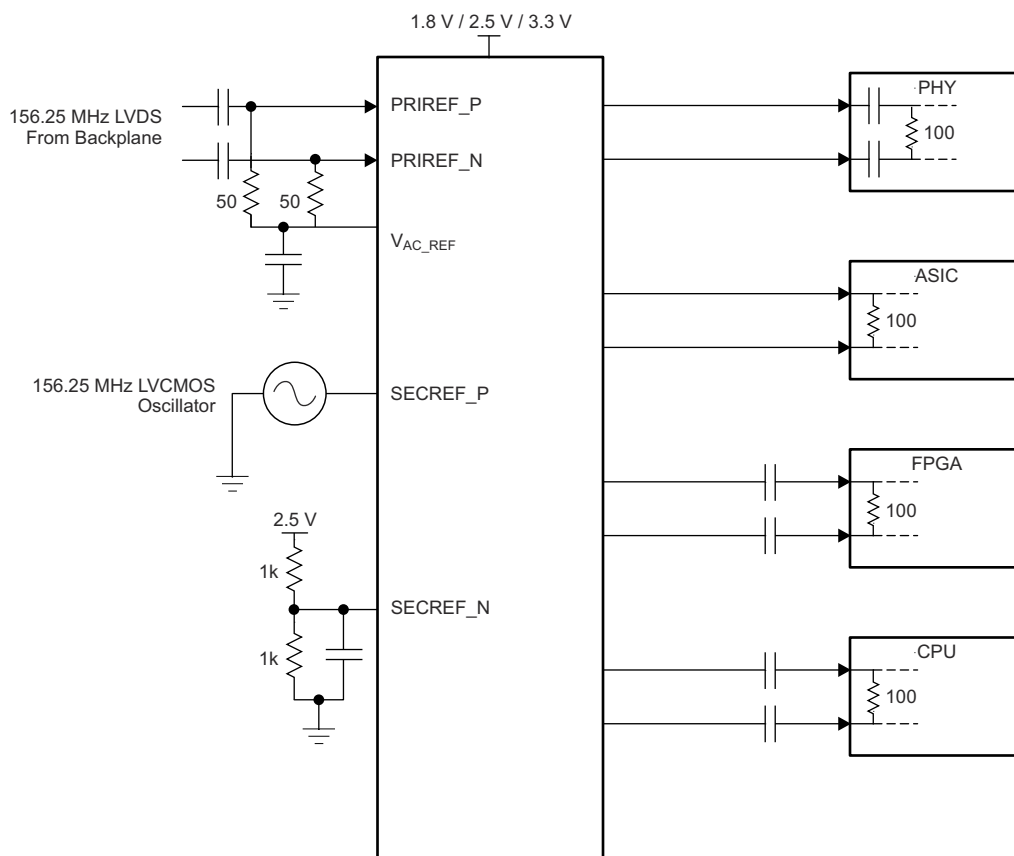


图 10-1. Fan-Out Buffer for Line Card Application

### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

The LMK1D121x shown in [Figure 10-1](#) is configured to select two inputs: a 156.25-MHz LVDS clock from the backplane, or a secondary 156.25-MHz LVCMOS 2.5-V oscillator. The LVDS clock is AC-coupled and biased using the integrated reference voltage generator. A resistor divider is used to set the threshold voltage correctly for the LVCMOS clock. 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitors are used to reduce noise on both  $V_{AC\_REF}$  and  $SECREF\_N$ . Either input signal can be then fanned out to desired devices, as shown. The configuration example is driving 4 LVDS receivers in a line card application with the following properties:

- The PHY device is capable of DC coupling with an LVDS driver such as the LMK1D121x. This PHY device features internal termination so no additional components are required for proper operation.
- The ASIC LVDS receiver features internal termination and operates at the same common-mode voltage as the LMK1D121x. Again, no additional components are required.
- The FPGA requires external AC coupling, but has internal termination. 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitors are placed to provide AC coupling. Similarly, the CPU is internally terminated, and requires only external AC-coupling capacitors.
- Unused outputs of the LMK1D121x device are terminated differentially with a 100- $\Omega$  resistor for optimum performance.

### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

See [Input Termination](#) for proper input terminations, dependent on single-ended or differential inputs.

See [LVDS Output Termination](#) for output termination schemes depending on the receiver application.

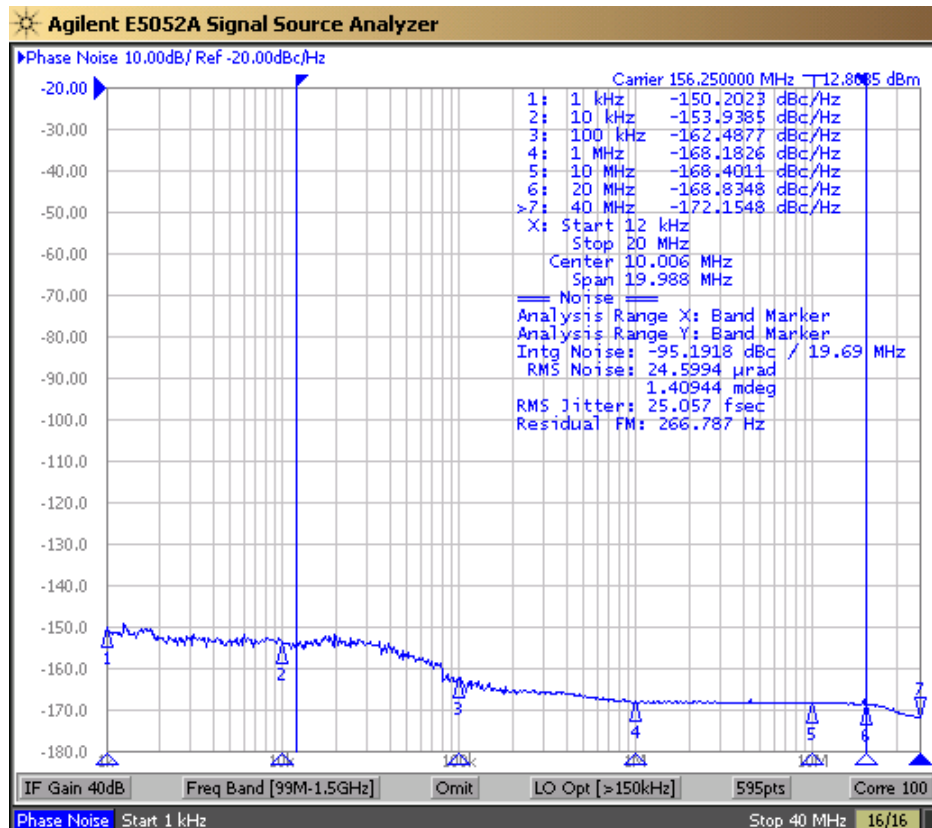
TI recommends unused outputs to be terminated differentially with a 100- $\Omega$  resistor for optimum performance, although unterminated outputs are also okay but will result in slight degradation in performance (Output AC common-mode  $V_{OS}$ ) in the outputs being used.

In this example, the PHY, ASIC, FPGA, and CPU require different schemes. Power-supply filtering and bypassing is critical for low-noise applications.

See [Power Supply Recommendations](#) for recommended filtering techniques. A reference layout is provided in [Low-Additive Jitter, Four LVDS Outputs Clock Buffer Evaluation Board](#) (SCAU043).

### 10.2.3 Application Curves

This section shows the low additive noise for the LMK1D1216. The low noise 156.25-MHz source with 25-fs RMS jitter, shown in 图 10-2, drives the LMK1D1216, resulting in 46.9-fs RMS when integrated from 12 kHz to 20 MHz (图 10-3). The resultant additive jitter is a low 39.7-fs RMS for this configuration. Note that this result applies to the LMK1D1212 device as well.



Note: Reference signal is a low-noise Rhode and Schwarz SMA100B

图 10-2. LMK1D1216 Reference Phase Noise, 156.25 MHz, 25-fs RMS (12 kHz to 20 MHz)

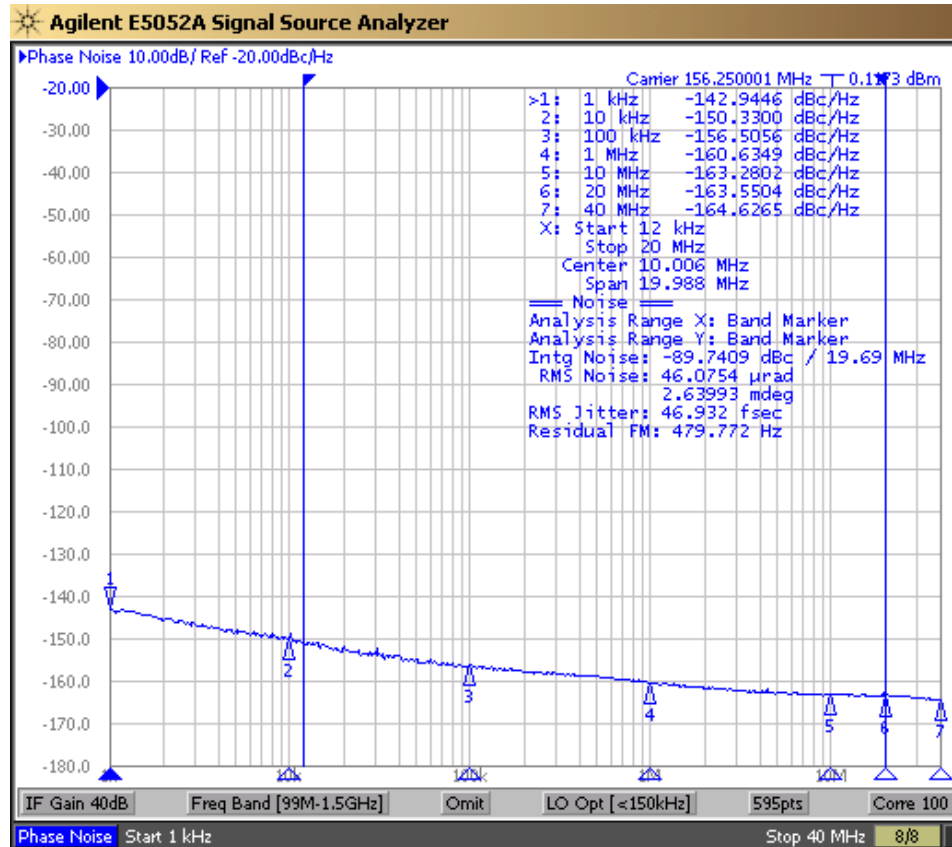


图 10-3. LMK1D1216 Output Phase Noise, 156.25 MHz, 46.9-fs RMS (12 kHz to 20 MHz)

### 10.3 Power Supply Recommendations

High-performance clock buffers are sensitive to noise on the power supply, which can dramatically increase the additive jitter of the buffer. Thus, it is essential to reduce noise from the system power supply, especially when jitter or phase noise is critical to applications.

Filter capacitors are used to eliminate the low-frequency noise from the power supply, where the bypass capacitors provide the low impedance path for high-frequency noise and guard the power-supply system against the induced fluctuations. These bypass capacitors also provide instantaneous current surges as required by the device and must have low equivalent series resistance (ESR). To properly use the bypass capacitors, they must be placed close to the power-supply pins and laid out with short loops to minimize inductance. TI recommends adding as many high-frequency (for example, 0.1- $\mu$ F) bypass capacitors as there are supply pins in the package. TI recommends, but does not require, inserting a ferrite bead between the board power supply and the chip power supply that isolates the high-frequency switching noises generated by the clock driver. These ferrite beads prevent the switching noise from leaking into the board supply. Choose an appropriate ferrite bead with low DC resistance because it is imperative to provide adequate isolation between the board supply and the chip supply, as well as to maintain a voltage at the supply pins that is greater than the minimum voltage required for proper operation.

图 10-4 shows this recommended power-supply decoupling method.

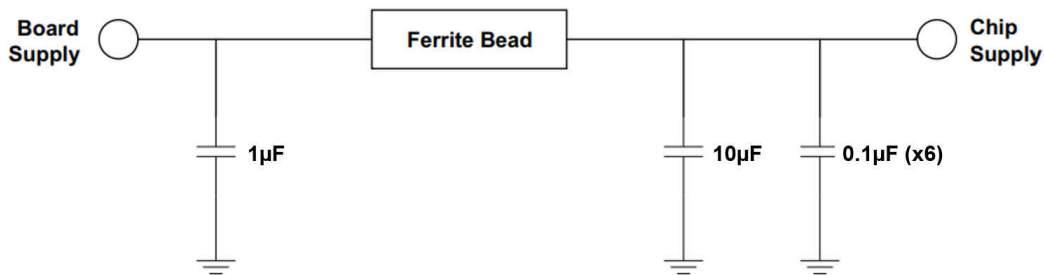


图 10-4. Power Supply Decoupling

## 10.4 Layout

### 10.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For reliability and performance reasons, the die temperature must be limited to a maximum of 135°C.

The device package has an exposed pad that provides the primary heat removal path to the printed circuit board (PCB). To maximize the heat dissipation from the package, a thermal landing pattern including multiple vias to a ground plane must be incorporated into the PCB within the footprint of the package. The thermal pad must be soldered down to ensure adequate heat conduction to of the package. 图 10-5 and 图 10-6 show the recommended top layer and via patterns for the 40-pin package (LMK1D1212).

### 10.4.2 Layout Examples

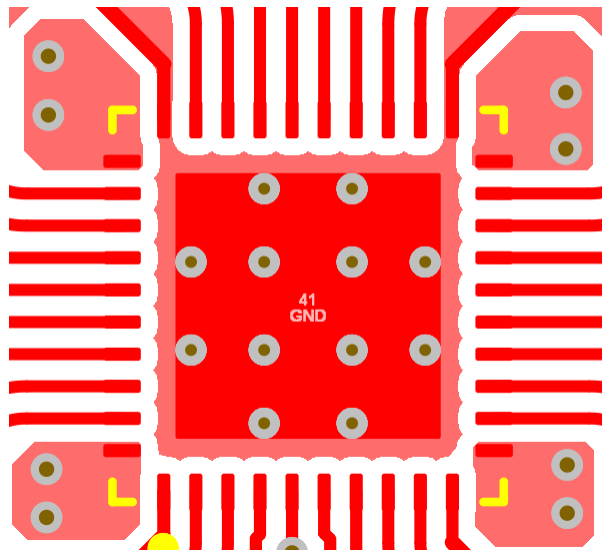


图 10-5. PCB layout example for LMK1D1212, Top Layer

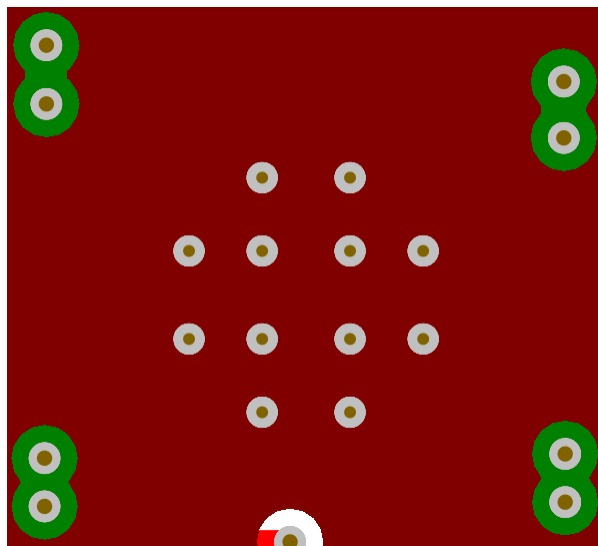


图 10-6. PCB Layout Example for LMK1D1212, GND Layer

## 11 Device and Documentation Support

### 11.1 Documentation Support

#### 11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [Low-Additive Jitter, Four LVDS Outputs Clock Buffer Evaluation Board user's guide](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Power Consumption of LVPECL and LVDS Analog design journal](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Using Thermal Calculation Tools for Analog Components application report](#)

#### 11.2 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](https://www.ti.com) 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [订阅更新](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

#### 11.3 支持资源

TI E2E™ [支持论坛](#) 是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题可获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的 [《使用条款》](#)。

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ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

#### 11.6 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

## 12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable part number         | Status<br>(1) | Material type<br>(2) | Package   Pins  | Package qty   Carrier | RoHS<br>(3) | Lead finish/<br>Ball material<br>(4) | MSL rating/<br>Peak reflow<br>(5) | Op temp (°C) | Part marking<br>(6) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| <a href="#">LMK1D1212RHAR</a> | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RHA)   40 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1212       |
| LMK1D1212RHAR.B               | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RHA)   40 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1212       |
| <a href="#">LMK1D1212RHAT</a> | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RHA)   40 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1212       |
| LMK1D1212RHAT.B               | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RHA)   40 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-1-260C-UNLIM                | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1212       |
| <a href="#">LMK1D1216RGZR</a> | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |
| LMK1D1216RGZR.B               | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |
| LMK1D1216RGZRG4               | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |
| LMK1D1216RGZRG4.B             | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 2500   LARGE T&R      | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |
| <a href="#">LMK1D1216RGZT</a> | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |
| LMK1D1216RGZT.B               | Active        | Production           | VQFN (RGZ)   48 | 250   SMALL T&R       | Yes         | NIPDAU                               | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR               | -40 to 105   | LMK1D<br>1216       |

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device          | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| LMK1D1212RHAR   | VQFN         | RHA             | 40   | 2500 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 6.3     | 6.3     | 1.1     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q2            |
| LMK1D1212RHAT   | VQFN         | RHA             | 40   | 250  | 180.0              | 16.4               | 6.3     | 6.3     | 1.1     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q2            |
| LMK1D1216RGZR   | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 2500 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 7.3     | 7.3     | 1.1     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q2            |
| LMK1D1216RGZRG4 | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 2500 | 330.0              | 16.4               | 7.3     | 7.3     | 1.1     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q2            |
| LMK1D1216RGZT   | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 250  | 180.0              | 16.4               | 7.3     | 7.3     | 1.1     | 12.0    | 16.0   | Q2            |

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device          | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| LMK1D1212RHAR   | VQFN         | RHA             | 40   | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| LMK1D1212RHAT   | VQFN         | RHA             | 40   | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |
| LMK1D1216RGZR   | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| LMK1D1216RGZRG4 | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 2500 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 35.0        |
| LMK1D1216RGZT   | VQFN         | RGZ             | 48   | 250  | 210.0       | 185.0      | 35.0        |

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

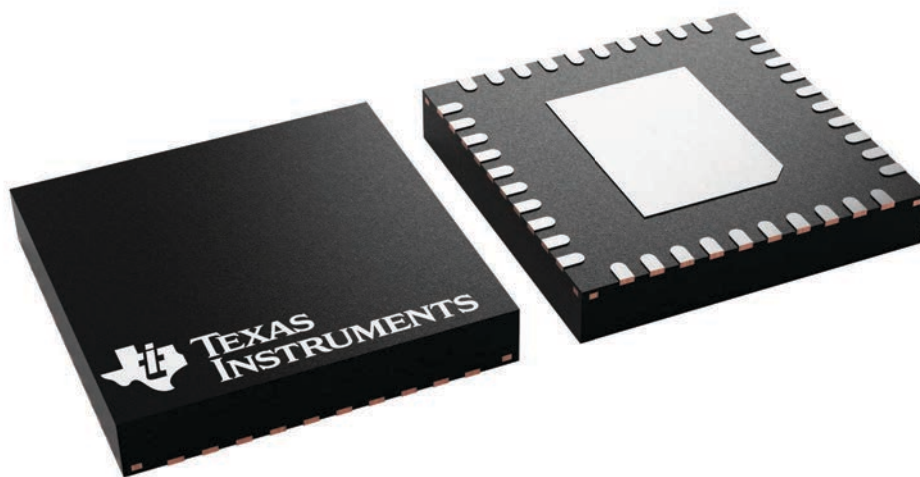
**RHA 40**

**VQFN - 1 mm max height**

6 x 6, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



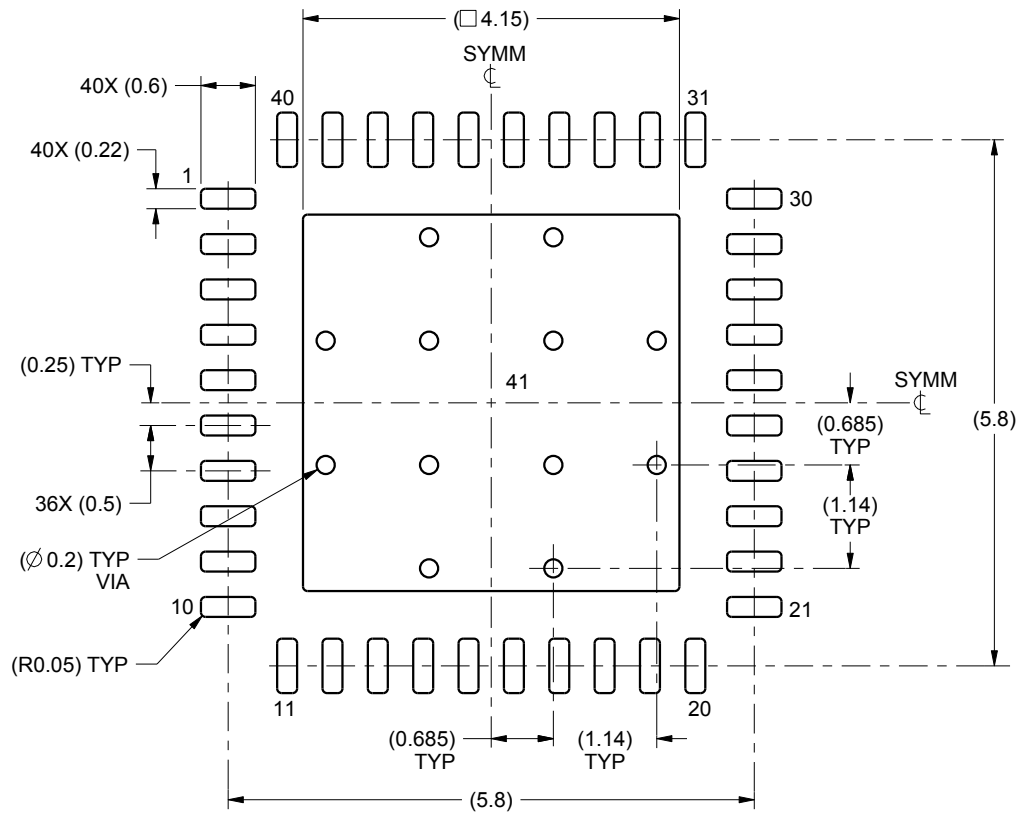
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

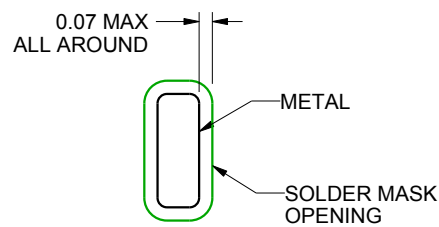
RHA0040B

VQFN - 1 mm max height

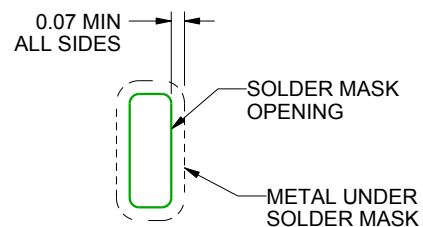
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
SCALE:12X



NON SOLDER MASK  
DEFINED  
(PREFERRED)



SOLDER MASK  
DEFINED

## SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4219052/A 06/2016

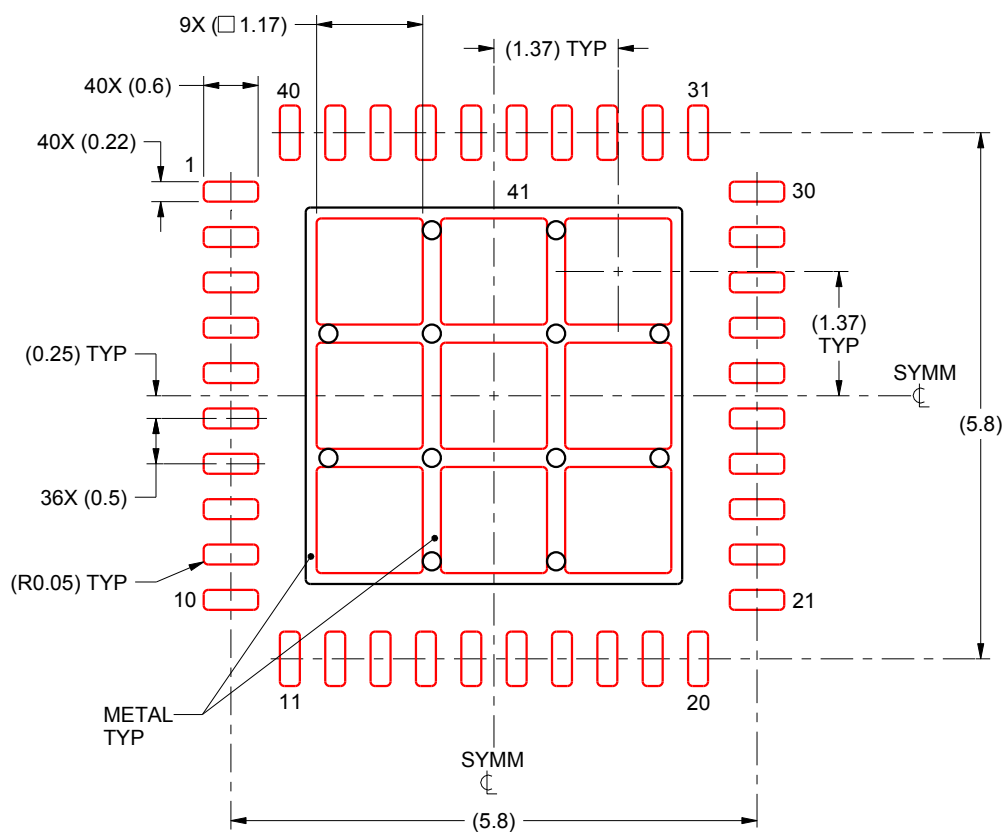
NOTES: (continued)

- This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 ([www.ti.com/lit/sluea271](http://www.ti.com/lit/sluea271)).

**RHA0040B**

### VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



## SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 41:  
72% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE  
SCALE:12X

4219052/A 06/2016

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

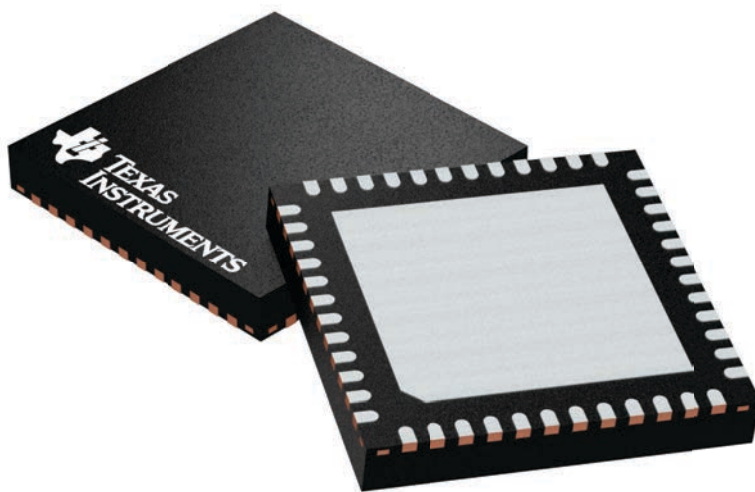
## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

**RGZ 48**

**VQFN - 1 mm max height**

7 x 7, 0.5 mm pitch

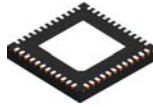
PLASTIC QUADFLAT PACK- NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4224671/A

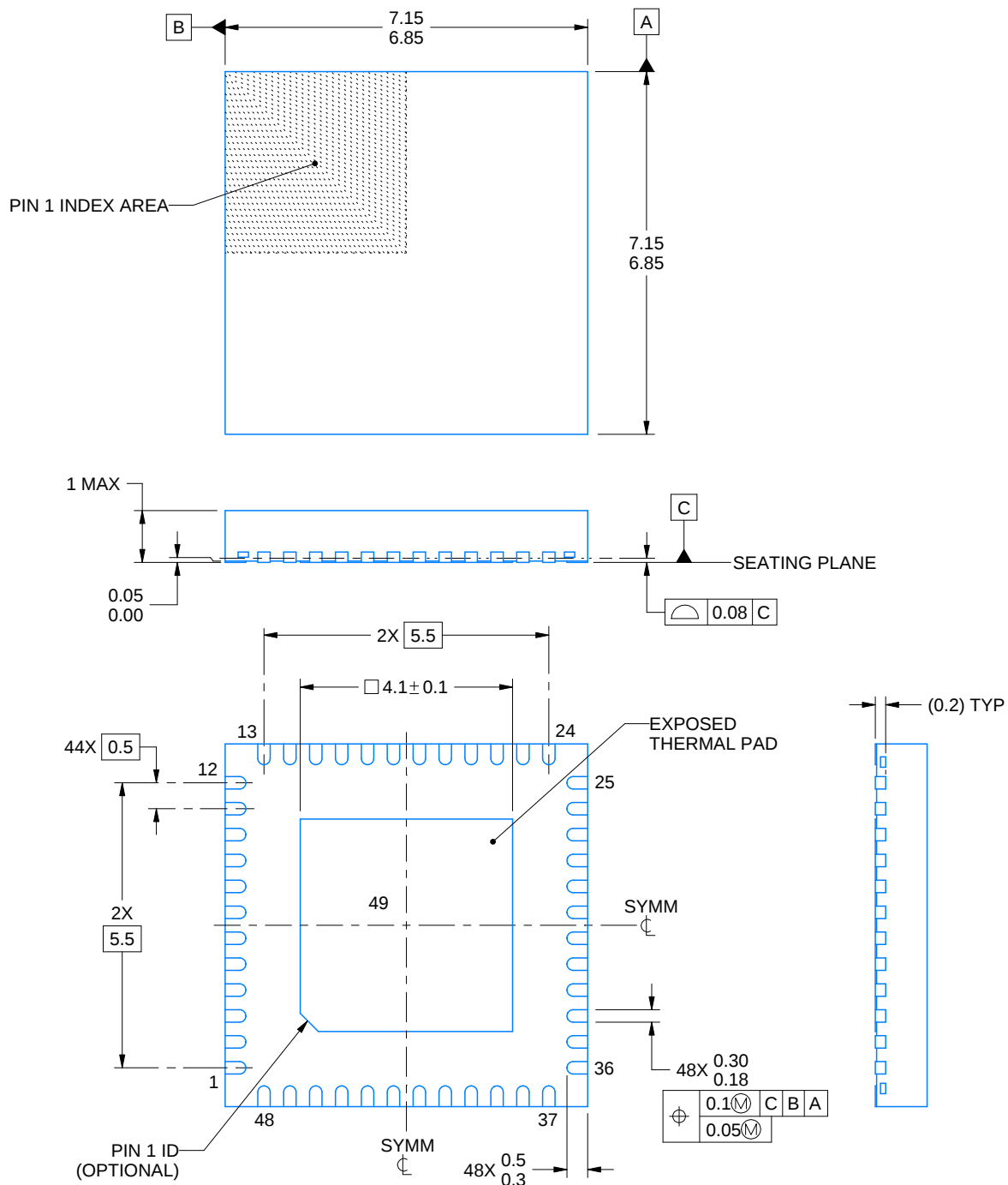
RGZ0048B



## PACKAGE OUTLINE

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4218795/B 02/2017

### NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

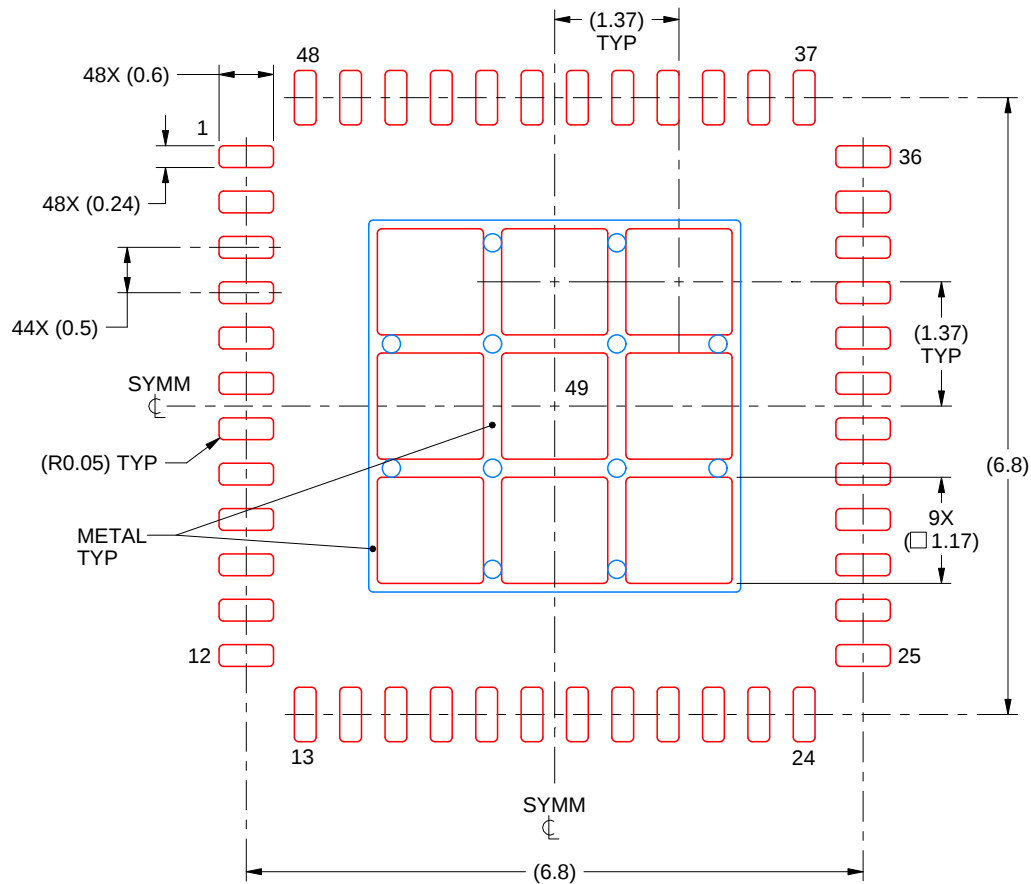


# EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

RGZ0048B

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



## SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 49  
73% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE  
SCALE:12X

4218795/B 02/2017

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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最后更新日期：2025 年 10 月