

具有 DCP 和 CDP 控制器的 TUSB217A-Q1 USB 2.0 高速信号调节器

1 特性

- 符合面向汽车应用的 AEC-Q100 标准
 - 器件温度等级 2：
 - 40°C 至 105°C T_A
- 宽电源电压范围：2.3V 至 6.5V
- 超低 USB 断开和关断功耗
- 可提供 USB 2.0 高速信号调节
- 与 USB 2.0、OTG 2.0 和 BC 1.2 兼容
- 支持低速、全速和高速信号传输
- 集成 BC 1.2 充电下行端口 (CDP) 和专用充电端口 (DCP) 的控制器可按每个 DCP/CDP 引脚自动变化
- 主机/器件无关
- 支持长达 5m 的电缆
 - 通过外部下拉电阻器值实现四种可选的信号增强（边沿升压与直流升压）设置
 - 通过上拉或下拉实现三种可选的 RX 均衡设置，以补偿高损耗应用中的 ISI 抖动
- 支持长达 10m 的电缆和两台 TUSB217A-Q1 器件
- 可扩展解决方案 - 器件可通过菊花链连接，以用于高损耗应用
- RWB 与 TUSB214 和 TUSB216 引脚兼容

2 应用

- 汽车信息娱乐系统与仪表组
- 汽车音响主机
- 有源电缆、电缆扩展器、背板

3 说明

TUSB217A-Q1 是第三代 USB 2.0 高速信号调节器，旨在补偿传输通道中的交流损失（由于电容性负载）和直流损失（由于电阻性负载）。

TUSB217A-Q1 采用了专利设计，可通过边缘加速器来对 USB 2.0 高速信号的传输边缘进行加速，并通过直流升压功能来提高静态电平。此外，TUSB217A-Q1 还具有预均衡功能，可提高接收器的灵敏度并补偿较长线缆应用中的码间串扰 (ISI) 抖动。USB 低速和全速信号特征不受 TUSB217A-Q1 的影响。

TUSB217A-Q1 可在不改变数据包计时或不增加传播延迟的情况下提高信号质量。

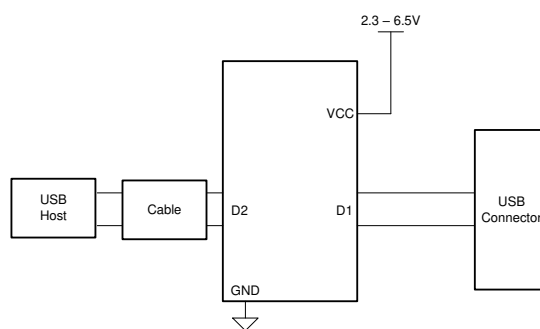
TUSB217A-Q1 可使用长达 5 米的线缆帮助系统通过 USB 2.0 高速近端眼图合规性测试。

TUSB217A-Q1 与 USB On-The-Go (OTG) 和电池充电 (BC 1.2) 协议兼容。集成的 BC 1.2 电池充电控制器可通过控制引脚启用。

器件信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 (标称值)
TUSB217A-Q1	X2QFN (12RWB)	1.60mm x 1.60mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装，请参阅数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。



简化版原理图



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4 Revision History

注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
September 2021	*	Initial Release

5 Device Comparison

	TUSB211-Q1	TUSB212-Q1	TUSB214-Q1	TUSB216-Q1	TUSB217A-Q1
Supply (V)	3.3	3.3	3.3	2.3 to 6.5	2.3 to 6.5
DC Boost		3 levels	3 levels	Tandem with AC Boost	Tandem with AC Boost
RX pre-equalization for ISI compensation				3 levels	3 levels
Charging Downstream Port (CDP) controller			Always ON	Pin Controlled	Always ON. Dynamically selected by DCP/CDP pin
Dedicated Charging Port (DCP) controller					Always ON. Dynamically selected by DCP/CDP pin
Cable length compensation for near-end high-speed eye mask Compliance (pre-channel before redriver/post-channel after redriver) (meter - gauge)	2/1 - 28AWG	4/2 - 28AWG	4/2 - 28AWG	6/3 - 28AWG (10 - 24AWG with one redriver on each end)	6/3 - 28AWG (10 - 24AWG with one redriver on each end)
Cable length compensation for far-end high-speed eye mask Compliance (pre-channel before redriver/post-channel after redriver) (meter - gauge)	5/3 - 28AWG	8/6 - 28AWG	8/6 - 28AWG	10/8 - 26AWG (10 - 28AWG with one redriver on each end)	10/8 - 26AWG (10 - 28AWG with one redriver on each end)

6 Pin Configuration and Functions

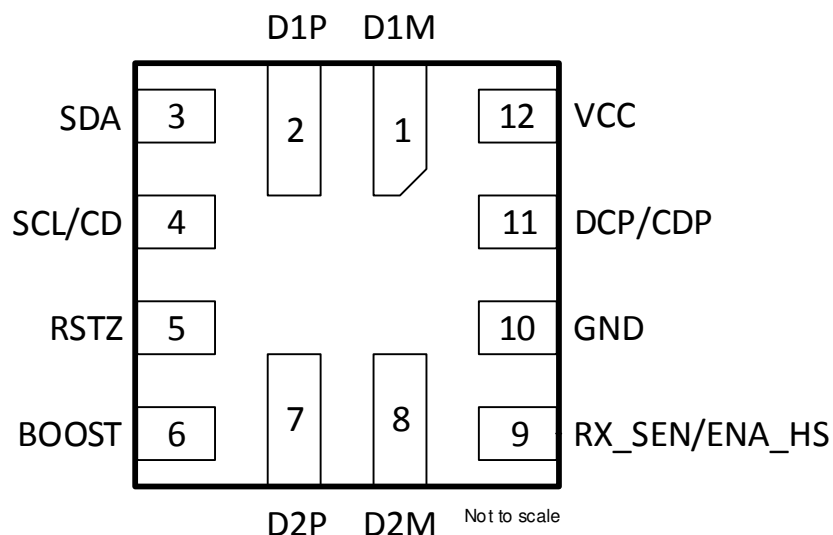


图 6-1. TUSB217A-Q1 RWB 12-Pin X2QFN Top View

表 6-1. Pin Functions

PIN (RWB)		I/O	INTERNAL PULLUP/PULLDOWN	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO. (RWB)			
BOOST	6	I	N/A	USB High-speed boost select via external pull down resistor. Both edge boost and DC boost are controlled by a single pin in non-I2C mode. In I2C mode edge boost and DC boost can be individually controlled. Sampled upon power up. Does not recognize real time adjustments. Auto selects BOOST LEVEL = 3 when left floating.
DCP/CDP	11	I	500 k Ω PU	DCP or CDP mode selection. Low=DCP and High=CDP TUSB217A-Q1RWB BC1.2 controller is always enabled.
RX_SEN ⁽²⁾ /ENA_HS	9	I/O	N/A	In I2C mode: Reserved for TI test purpose. In non-I2C mode: At reset: 3-level input signal RX_SEN. USB High-speed RX Equalization Setting to Compensate ISI Jitter H (pin is pulled high) – high RX equalization (high loss channel) M (pin is left floating) – medium RX equalization (medium loss channel) L (pin is pulled low) – low RX equalization (low loss channel) After reset: Output signal ENA_HS. Flag indicating that channel is in High-speed mode. Asserted upon: 1. Detection of USB-IF High-speed test fixture from an unconnected state followed by transmission of USB TEST_PACKET pattern. 2. Squelch detection following USB reset with a successful HS handshake [HS handshake is declared to be successful after single chirp J chirp K pair where each chirp is within 18 μ s – 128 μ s].
D2P	7	I/O	N/A	USB High-speed positive port.
D2M	8	I/O	N/A	USB High-speed negative port.
GND	10	P	N/A	Ground
D1M	1	I/O	N/A	USB High-speed negative port..
D1P	2	I/O	N/A	USB High-speed positive port.
SDA ⁽¹⁾	3	I/O	500 k Ω PU 1.8 M Ω PD	I2C Mode: Bidirectional I2C data pin [7-bit I2C slave address = 0x2C]. In non I2C mode: Reserved for TI test purpose.
VCC	12	P	N/A	Supply power

表 6-1. Pin Functions (continued)

PIN (RWB)		I/O	INTERNAL PULLUP/PULLDOWN	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO. (RWB)			
RSTN	5	I	500 k Ω PU 1.8 M Ω PD	Device disable/enable. Low – Device is at reset and in shutdown, and High - Normal operation. Recommend 0.1- μ F external capacitor to GND to ensure clean power on reset if not driven. If the pin is driven, it must be held low until the supply voltage for the device reaches within specifications.
SCL ⁽¹⁾ /CD	4	I/O	When RSTN asserted there is a 500 k Ω PD	In I2C mode: I2C clock pin [I2C address = 0x2C]. Non I2C mode: After reset: Output CD. Flag indicating that a USB device is attached (connection detected). Asserted from an unconnected state upon detection of DP or DM pull-up resistor. De-asserted upon detection of disconnect.

- (1) Pull-up resistors for SDA and SCL pins in I²C mode should be R_{Pull-up} (depending on I2C bus voltage). If both SDA and SCL are pulled up at power-up the device enters into I²C mode.
- (2) Pull-down and pull-up resistors for RX_SEN pin must follow R_{RXSEN1} and R_{RXSEN2} resistor recommendations in non I²C mode.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage range	VCC	- 0.3	7	V
Voltage range USB data	DxP, DxM	- 0.3	5.5	V
Voltage range on BOOST pin	BOOST	-0.3	1.98	V
Voltage range other pins	RX_SEN, DCP/CDP, SDA, SCL, RSTN	-0.3	5.5	V
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		- 65	150	°C
Maximum junction temperature, T _{J(max)}			125	°C

- (1) Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

7.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 ⁽²⁾	±750

- (1) AEC Q100-002 HBM ESD Classification Level 2
 (2) AEC Q100-011 CDM ESD Classification Level C4A

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.3	5	6.5	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature (AEC-Q100)	- 40		105	°C
T _J	Junction temperature (AEC-Q100)			115	°C
V _{I2C_BUS}	I2C Bus Voltage	1.62		3.6	V
DxP, DxM	Voltage range USB data	0		3.6	V
BOOST	Voltage range BOOST pin	0		1.98	V
DIGITAL	Voltage range other pins (SCL, SDA, RSTN, DCP/CDP)	0		3.6	V
RX_SEN	Voltage range RX_SEN pin	0		5.0	V

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		RWB (X2QFN)	UNIT
		12 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	137.4	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	62	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	67.2	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.9	°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	67.3	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
POWER						
I _{ACTIVE_HS}	High Speed Active Current	USB channel = HS mode. 480 Mbps traffic. V _{CC} supply stable, with Boost = Max		22	36	mA
I _{IDLE_HS}	High Speed Idle Current	USB channel = HS mode, no traffic. V _{CC} supply stable, Boost = Max		22	36	mA
I _{HS_SUSPEND}	High Speed Suspend Current	USB channel = HS Suspend mode. V _{CC} supply stable		0.75	1.4	mA
I _{FS}	Full-Speed Current	USB channel = FS mode, 12 Mbps traffic, V _{cc} supply stable		0.75	1.4	mA
I _{DISCONN}	Disconnect Power	Host side application. No device attachment.		0.80	1.4	mA
I _{SHUTDN}	Shutdown Power	RSTN driven low, V _{CC} supply stable		60	115	μA
CONTROL PIN LEAKAGE						
I _{LKG_FS}	Pin failsafe leakage current for SDA, RSTN	V _{CC} = 0 V, pin at V _{IH, max}		10	15	μA
I _{LKG_FS}	Pin failsafe leakage current for RX_SEN	V _{CC} = 0 V, pin at V _{IH, max}		6	15	μA
I _{LKG_FS}	Pin failsafe leakage current for SCL	V _{CC} = 0 V, pin at V _{IH, max}			70	nA
INPUT RSTN						
V _{IH}	High level input voltage		1.5		3.6	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0		0.5	V
I _{IH}	High level input current	V _{IH} = 3.6 V, R _{PU} enabled			±15	μA
I _{IL}	Low level input current	V _{IL} = 0V, R _{PU} enabled			±20	μA
INPUT DIGITAL						
V _{IH}	High level input voltage (DCP/ CDP)		1.5		3.6	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage (DCP/ CDP)		0		0.5	V
I _{IL}	Low level input current	V _{IL} = 0V			±20	μA
I _{IH}	High level input current	V _{IH} = 3.6 V			±15	μA
INPUT RX_SEN (3-level input, for mid level leave pin floating)						
V _{IH(Max)}	Maximum High level input voltage	VCC = 2.3V to 6.5V			5.0	V
V _{IH(Min)}	Minimum High level input voltage	VCC > 4.5V	3.3			V
		VCC = 2.3V to 4.5V (% of VCC)	75			%
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage	VCC > 4.5V			0.75	V
		VCC = 2.3V to 4.5V (% of VCC)			15	%
INPUT BOOST						
R _{BOOST_LVL0}	External pulldown resistor for BOOST Level 0				160	Ω
R _{BOOST_LVL1}	External pulldown resistor for BOOST Level 1		1.5	1.8	2	k Ω
R _{BOOST_LVL2}	External pulldown resistor for BOOST Level 2		3.4	3.6	3.96	k Ω
R _{BOOST_LVL3}	External pulldown resistor for BOOST Level 3 to remove upper limit for resistor value, can be left open		7.5			k Ω
OUTPUTS CD, ENA_HS						
V _{OH}	High level output voltage for CD and ENA_HS	I _O = - 50 μA, VCC >= 3.0V	2.5			V
V _{OH}	High level output voltage for CD	I _O = - 25 μA, VCC = 2.3V	1.7			V

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	High level output voltage for ENA_HS	I _O = - 25 μ A, VCC = 2.3V	1.8			V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage for CD and ENA_HS	I _O = 50 μ A			0.3	V
I²C						
C _{I2C_BUS}	I ² C Bus Capacitance		4		150	pF
I _{OL}	I ² C open drain output current	V _{OL} = 0.4V	1.5			mA
V _{IL}	2.3V ≤ VCC ≤ 4.3V, V _{I2C_BUS} = 1.8V +/-10%	R _{Pull-up} = 1.6k Ω to 2.5k Ω , % of V _{I2C_BUS}			25	%
V _{IL}	V _{I2C_BUS} = 3.3V +/-10%	R _{Pull-up} = 2.8k Ω to 7k Ω , % of V _{I2C_BUS}			25	%
V _{IH}	2.3V ≤ VCC ≤ 4.3V, V _{I2C_BUS} = 1.8V +/-10%	R _{Pull-up} = 1.6k Ω to 2.5k Ω , % of V _{I2C_BUS}	80			%
V _{IH}	V _{I2C_BUS} = 3.3V +/-10%	R _{Pull-up} = 2.8k Ω to 7k Ω , % of V _{I2C_BUS}	75			%
R _{Pull-up}	V _{I2C_BUS} = 1.8V +/-10%		1.6	2	2.5	k Ω
R _{Pull-up}	V _{I2C_BUS} = 3.3V +/-10%		2.8	4.7	7	k Ω
SCL Frequency					100	kHz
DxP, DxM						
C _{IO_DXX}	Capacitance to GND	Measured with VNA at 240 MHz, VCC supply stable, Redriver off		2.5		pF

(1) All typical values are at VCC = 5 V, and T_A = 25°C.

7.6 Switching Characteristics

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
DxP, DxM USB Signals						
F _{BR_DXX}	Bit Rate	USB channel = HS mode. 480 Mbps traffic. VCC supply stable			480	Mbps
t _{R/F_DXX}	Rise/Fall time		100			ps

(1) All typical values are at VCC = 5 V, and T_A = 25°C.

7.7 Timing Requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
POWER UP TIMING					
T _{RSTN_PW}	Minimum width to detect a valid RSTN signal assert when the pin is actively driven low	100			μs
T _{STABLE}	V _{CC} must be stable before RSTN de-assertion	300			μs
T _{READY}	Maximum time needed for the device to be ready after RSTN is de-asserted.			500	μs
T _{RAMP}	V _{CC} ramp time			100	ms
T _{RAMP}	V _{CC} ramp time	0.2			ms
I2C (STD)					
t _{SUSTO}	Stop setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns-1000ns), SDA (T _r =6.5ns-106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4			μs
t _{HDSTA}	Start hold time, SCL (T _r =600ns-1000ns), SDA (T _f =6.5ns-106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4			μs
t _{SUSTA}	Start setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns-1000ns), SDA (T _r =6.5ns-106.5ns), 100kHz STD	4.7			μs
t _{SUDAT}	Data input or False start/stop, setup time, SCL (T _r =600ns-1000ns), SDA (T _r =6.5ns-106.5ns), 100kHz STD	250			ns
t _{HDDAT}	Data input or False start/stop, hold time, SCL (T _r =600ns-1000ns), SDA (T _r =6.5ns-106.5ns), 100kHz STD	5			μs
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between START and STOP conditions	4.7			μs
t _{LOW}	Low period of the I _{2C} clock	4.7			μs
t _{HIGH}	High period of the I _{2C} clock	4			μs
t _F	Fall time of both SDA and SCL signals			300	ns
t _R	Rise time of both SDA and SCL signals			1000	ns

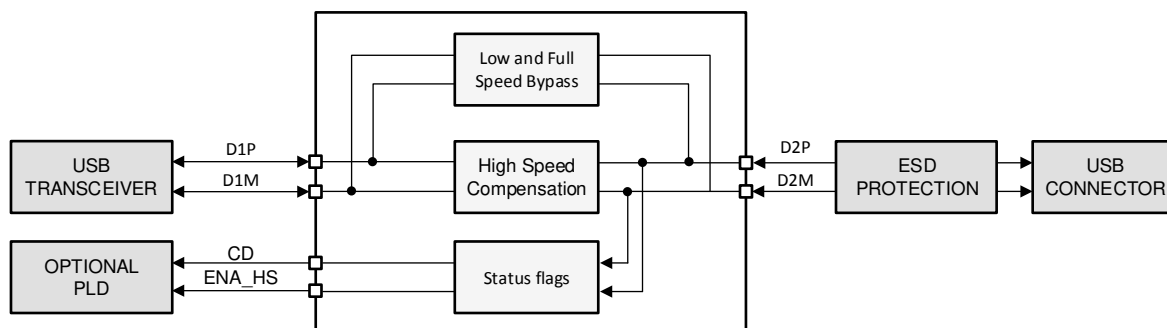
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TUSB217A-Q1 is a USB High-Speed (HS) signal conditioner designed to compensate for ISI signal loss in a transmission channel. TUSB217A-Q1 has a patented design for USB Low Speed (LS) and Full Speed (FS) signals. It does not alter the signal characteristics. HS signals are compensated. The design is compatible with USB On-The-Go (OTG) and Battery Charging (BC) specifications.

Programmable signal gain through an external resistor permits fine tuning device performance to optimize signals. This helps pass USB HS electrical compliance tests at the connector. Additional RX sensitivity, tuned by external pull-up resistor and pull-down resistor, allows to overcome attenuation in cables. The TUSB217A-Q1 allows application in series to cover longer distances, or high loss transmission paths. A maximum of 4 devices can be daisy-chained.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 High-speed Boost

The high-speed booster (combination of edge boost and DC boost) improves the eye width for USB2.0 high-speed signals. It is direction independent and by that is compatible to OTG systems. The BOOST pin is configuring the booster strength with different values of pull down resistors to set 4 levels of boosts, alternatively the boost level can be set via I2C register according to [节 8.4.6](#). Internal circuitry of the signal conditioner reduces possible overshoot.

8.3.2 RX Sensitivity

The RX_SEN pin is a tri-level pin. It is used to set the equalization gain of the device according to system channel inter-symbol interference (ISI) loss. RX equalization can be increased to compensate for the higher ISI loss of the channel for example due to a long cable.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Low-speed (LS) Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 automatically detects a LS connection and does not enable signal compensation. CD pin is asserted high but ENA_HS will be low.

8.4.2 Full-speed (FS) Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 automatically detects a FS connection and does not enable signal compensation. CD pin is asserted high but ENA_HS will be low

8.4.3 High-speed (HS) Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 automatically detects a HS connection and will enable signal compensation as determined by the configuration of the RX_SEN pin and the external pull down resistance on its BOOST pin.

CD pin and ENA_HS pin are asserted high when high-speed boost is active.

8.4.4 High-speed Downstream Port Electrical Compliance Test Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 will detect HS compliance test fixture and enter downstream port high-speed eye diagram test mode. CD pin will be low and ENA_HS pin is asserted high when TUSB217A-Q1 is in HS eye compliance test mode.

If RSTN pin is asserted low and de-asserted high while TUSB217A-Q1 is operating in HS functional mode, TUSB217A-Q1 may transition to HS eye compliance test mode and CD asserts low and ENA_HS remains high. When this occurs signal compensation is enabled.

8.4.5 Shutdown Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 can be disabled when its RSTN pin is asserted low. DP, DM traces are continuous through the device in shutdown mode. The USB channel is still fully operational, but there is neither signal compensation, nor any indication from the CD pin as to the status of the channel.

表 8-1. CD and ENA_HS Pins in Different Modes

MODE	CD	ENA_HS
Low-speed	HIGH	LOW
Full-speed	HIGH	LOW
High-speed	HIGH	HIGH
High-speed downstream port electrical test	LOW	HIGH
Shutdown	LOW	LOW

8.4.6 I²C Mode

TUSB217A-Q1 supports 100 KHz I2C for device configuration, status read back and test purposes. For detail electrical and functional specifications refer to I2C Bus Specification 2.1, 2001 – STANDARD MODE. This controller is enabled after SCL and SDA pins are sampled high shortly after return from shutdown. In this mode, the CSR can be accessed by I2C read/write transaction to 7-bit slave address 0x2C. It is advised to set CFG_ACTIVE bit before changing values. This halts the FSM, and reset it after all changes are made. This ensure proper startup into high-speed mode.

8.4.7 BC 1.2 Battery Charging Controller

Battery charging controller feature is always enabled in TUSB217A-Q1 RWB and supports both CDP charging downstream port functionality and DCP dedicated charging port functionality depending on DCP/CDP pin. When DCP/CDP pin is high the BC 1.2 controller supports CDP mode and when DCP/CDP pin is low BC 1.2 controller supports DCP mode. DCP/CDP pin can be dynamically controlled. When host or hub is disabled DCP/CDP pin can be set low to support DCP mode and when host or hub is enabled DCP/CDP pin can be set to high to support CDP. Downstream VBUS should be toggled after the DCP/CDP pin change so BC 1.2 handshake starts over to indicate charging mode change.

DCP/CDP pin has an internal pull up resistor. When DCP/CDP pin is left unconnected the BC 1.2 controller will be in CDP mode.

表 8-2. TUSB217A-Q1 RWB Battery Charging Controller Modes

Pin 11 (DCP/CDP)	CDP	DCP
Low	NO	YES
High	YES	NO

8.5 TUSB217A-Q1 Registers

表 8-3 lists the memory-mapped registers for the TUSB217A-Q1 registers. All register offset addresses not listed in 表 8-3 should be considered as reserved locations and the register contents should not be modified.

表 8-3. TUSB217A-Q1 Registers

Offset	Acronym	Register Name	Section
0x1	EDGE_BOOST	This register is setting EDGE BOOST level.	Go
0x3	CONFIGURATION	This register is selecting device mode.	Go
0xE	DC_BOOST	This register is setting DC BOOST level.	Go
0x25	RX_SEN	This register is setting RX Sensitivity level.	Go

Complex bit access types are encoded to fit into small table cells. 表 8-4 shows the codes that are used for access types in this section.

表 8-4. TUSB217A-Q1 Access Type Codes

Access Type	Code	Description
Read Type		
RH	H R	Set or cleared by hardware Read
Write Type		
W	W	Write
Reset or Default Value		
-n		Value after reset or the default value

8.5.1 EDGE_BOOST Register (Offset = 0x1) [reset = X]

EDGE_BOOST is shown in 图 8-1 and described in 表 8-5.

Return to [Summary Table](#).

This register is setting EDGE BOOST level.

图 8-1. EDGE_BOOST Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
ACB_LVL				RESERVED			
RH/W-X				RH/W-X			

表 8-5. EDGE_BOOST Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	ACB_LVL	RH/W	X	XXXXb (sampled at startup from BOOST pin) 0000b to 1111b range 0x0 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 0 (lowest edge boost setting) 0x3 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 1 0x6 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 2 0xA = BOOST PIN LEVEL 3 0xF = (highest edge boost setting)
3-0	RESERVED	RH/W	X	These bits are reserved bits and set by hardware at reset. When this register is modified the software should first read these reserved bits and rewrite with the same values

8.5.2 CONFIGURATION Register (Offset = 0x3) [reset = X]

CONFIGURATION is shown in 图 8-2 and described in 表 8-6.

Return to [Summary Table](#).

This register is selecting device mode.

图 8-2. CONFIGURATION Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED							CFG_ACTIVE
RH/W-X							RH/W-0x1

表 8-6. CONFIGURATION Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-1	RESERVED	RH/W	X	These bits are reserved bits and set by hardware at reset. When this register is modified the software should first read these reserved bits and rewrite with the same values
0	CFG_ACTIVE	RH/W	0x1	Configuration mode After reset, if I2C mode is true (SCL and SDA are both pulled high) set the bit to get into configuration mode and clear to return to normal mode. 0x0 = NORMAL MODE 0x1 = CONFIGURATION MODE

8.5.3 DC_BOOST Register (Offset = 0xE) [reset = X]

DC_BOOST is shown in [图 8-3](#) and described in [表 8-7](#).

Return to [Summary Table](#).

This register is setting DC BOOST level.

图 8-3. DC_BOOST Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RESERVED				DCB_LVL			
RH/W-X				RH/W-X			

表 8-7. DC_BOOST Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-4	RESERVED	RH/W	X	These bits are reserved bits and set by hardware at reset. When this register is modified the software should first read these reserved bits and rewrite with the same values
3-0	DCB_LVL	RH/W	X	XXXXb (sampled at startup from BOOST pin) 0000b to 1111b range 0x0 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 0 (lowest dc boost setting) 0x2 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 1 and 2 0x6 = BOOST PIN LEVEL 3 0xF = (highest dc boost setting)

8.5.4 RX_SEN Register (Offset = 0x25) [reset = X]

RX_SEN is shown in [图 8-4](#) and described in [表 8-8](#).

Return to [Summary Table](#).

This register is setting RX Sensitivity level.

图 8-4. RX_SEN Register

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RX_SEN							
RH/W-X							

表 8-8. RX_SEN Register Field Descriptions

Bit	Field	Type	Reset	Description
7-0	RX_SEN	RH/W	X	XXXXb (sampled at startup from RX_SEN pin) 00000000b to 11111111b range 0x0 = RX_SEN LEVEL LOW 0x33 = RX_SEN LEVEL MID 0x66 = RX_SEN LEVEL HIGH 0xFF = (highest setting)

9.2.1 Design Requirements

TUSB217A-Q1 requires a valid reset signal as described in the *power supply recommendations* section. The capacitor at RSTN pin is not required if a micro controller drives the RSTN pin according to recommendations.

For this design example, use the parameters shown in [表 9-1](#), [表 9-2](#) and [表 9-3](#)

表 9-1. Design Parameters for 5-V Supply With High Loss System

PARAMETER				VALUE ⁽¹⁾
V _{CC}				5 V ±10%
I ² C support required in system (Yes/No)				No
Edge and DC Boost	R _{BOOST}		BOOST Level	Boost Level 1: R _{BOOST} = 1.8 kΩ
	0-Ω		0	
	1.8 kΩ ±1%		1	
	3.6 kΩ ±1%		2	
	Do Not Install (DNI)		3	
RX Sensitivity	R _{RXSEN1}	R _{RXSEN2}	RX_SEN Level	High RX Sensitivity Level: R _{RXSEN1} = 37.5 kΩ R _{RXSEN2} = 12.5 kΩ
	22 kΩ - 40 kΩ (27 kΩ typical)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Low	
	Do Not Install (DNI)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Medium	
	37.5 kΩ ⁽²⁾	12.5 kΩ	High	

(1) These parameters are starting values for a high loss system. Further tuning might be required based on specific host and/or device as well as cable length and loss profile. These settings are not specific to a 5V supply system could be applicable to 3.3V supply system as well.

(2) This resistor is needed for a 5V supply to divide the voltage down so the RX_SEN pin voltage does not exceed 5.0V

表 9-2. Design Parameters for 3.3-V Supply With Low to Medium Loss System

PARAMETER				VALUE ⁽¹⁾
V _{CC}				3.3 V ±10%
I ² C support required in system (Yes/No)				No
Edge and DC Boost	R _{BOOST}		BOOST Level	Boost Level 0: R _{BOOST} = 0-Ω
	0-Ω		0	
	1.8 kΩ ±1%		1	
	3.6 kΩ ±1%		2	
	Do Not Install (DNI)		3	
RX Sensitivity	R _{RXSEN1}	R _{RXSEN2}	RX_SEN Level	Medium RX Sensitivity Level: R _{RXSEN1} = DNI R _{RXSEN2} = DNI
	22 kΩ - 40 kΩ (27 kΩ typical)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Low	
	Do Not Install (DNI)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Medium	
	Do Not Install (DNI)	22 kΩ - 40 kΩ (27 kΩ typical)	High	

(1) These parameters are starting values for a low to medium loss system. Further tuning might be required based on specific host and/or device as well as cable length and loss profile. These settings are not specific to a 3.3V supply system could be applicable to 5V supply system as well.

表 9-3. Design Parameters for 2.3-V to 4.3-V VBAT Supply With Low to Medium Loss System

PARAMETER				VALUE ⁽¹⁾
V _{CC}				2.3 V to 4.3V
I ² C support required in system (Yes/No)				No
Edge and DC Boost	R _{BOOST}		BOOST Level	Boost Level 0: R _{BOOST} = 0- Ω
	0- Ω		0	
	1.8 k Ω ±1%		1	
	3.6 k Ω ±1%		2	
	Do Not Install (DNI)		3	
RX Sensitivity	R _{RXSEN1}	R _{RXSEN2}	RX_SEN Level	Medium RX Sensitivity Level: R _{RXSEN1} = DNI R _{RXSEN2} = DNI
	22 k Ω - 40 k Ω (27 k Ω typical)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Low	
	Do Not Install (DNI)	Do Not Install (DNI)	Medium	
	37.5 k Ω ⁽²⁾	12.5 k Ω	High	

(1) These parameters are starting values for a low to medium loss system. Further tuning might be required based on specific host and/or device as well as cable length and loss profile. These settings are not specific to a 2.3V-4.3V supply system could be applicable to 5V supply system as well.

(2) This resistor is needed for a VBAT supply (2.3V - 4.3V) to divide the voltage down so the RX_SEN pin voltage does not exceed 5.0V

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The ideal BOOST setting is dependent upon the signal chain loss characteristics of the target platform. The recommendation is to start with BOOST level 0, and then increment to BOOST level 1, and so on. Same applies to the RX sensitivity setting where it is recommended to plan for the required pads or connections to change boost settings, but to start with RX sensitivity level Low.

In order for the TUSB217A-Q1 to recognize any change to the BOOST setting, the RSTN pin must be toggled. This is because the BOOST pin is latched on power up and the pin is ignored thereafter.

Note

The TUSB217A-Q1 compensates for extra attenuation in the signal path according to the configuration of the RX_SEN pin. This maximum recommended voltage for this pin is 5 V when selecting the highest RX sensitivity level.

Placement of the device is also dependent on the application goal. 表 9-4 summarizes our recommendations.

表 9-4. Platform Placement Guideline

PLATFORM GOAL	SUGGESTED TUSB217A-Q1 PLACEMENT
Pass USB Near End Mask at the receptacle	Close to measurement point (connector)
Pass USB Far End Eye Mask at the plug	Close to USB PHY
Cascade multiple TUSB217A-Q1s to improve device enumeration	Midway between each USB interconnect

表 9-5. Table of Recommended Settings

BOOST and RX_SEN settings ⁽¹⁾ for channel loss		
Pre-channel cable length (Between USB PHY and TUSB217A-Q1)	BOOST	RX_SEN
0-3 meter	Level 0	Medium or High
2-5 meter	Level 1	Medium or High
Post-channel cable length (Between TUSB217A-Q1 and inter-connect)	BOOST	RX_SEN
0-2 meter	Level 0	Medium or High
1-4 meter	Level 1	Medium or High

(1) These parameters are starting values for different cable lengths. Further tuning might be required based on specific host and/or device as well as cable length and loss profile.

9.2.2.1 Test Procedure to Construct USB High-speed Eye Diagram

Note

USB-IF certification tests for High-speed eye masks require the *mandated use* of the USB-IF developed test fixtures. These test fixtures do not require the use of oscilloscope probes. Instead they use SMA cables. More information can be found at the USB-IF Compliance Updates Page. It is located under the *Electrical Specifications* section, ID 86 dated March 2013.

The following procedure must be followed before using any oscilloscope compliance software to construct a USB High-speed Eye Mask:

9.2.2.1.1 For a Host Side Application

1. Configure the TUSB217A-Q1 to the desired BOOST setting
2. Power on (or toggle the RSTN pin if already powered on) the TUSB217A-Q1
3. Using SMA cables, connect the oscilloscope and the USB-IF host-side test fixture to the TUSB217A-Q1
4. Enable the host to transmit USB TEST_PACKET
5. Execute the oscilloscope USB compliance software.
6. Repeat the above steps in order to re-test TUSB217A-Q1 with a different BOOST setting (must reset to change)

9.2.2.1.2 For a Device Side Application

1. Configure the TUSB217A-Q1 to the desired BOOST setting
2. Power on (or toggle the RSTN pin if already powered on) the TUSB217A-Q1
3. Connect a USB host, the USB-IF device-side test fixture, and USB device to the TUSB217A-Q1. Ensure that the USB-IF device test fixture is configured to the 'INIT' position
4. Allow the host to enumerate the device
5. Enable the device to transmit USB TEST_PACKET
6. Using SMA cables, connect the oscilloscope to the USB-IF device-side test fixture and ensure that the device-side test fixture is configured to the 'TEST' position.
7. Execute the oscilloscope USB compliance software.
8. Repeat the above steps in order to re-test TUSB217A-Q1 with a different BOOST setting (must reset to change)

9.2.3 Application Curves

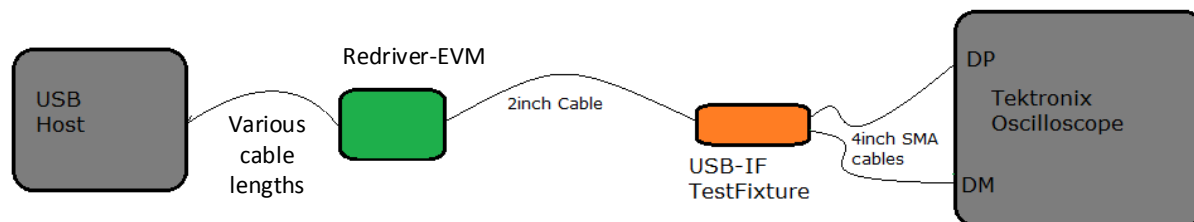


图 9-2. Near End Eye Measurement Set-Up With Pre-Channel Cable

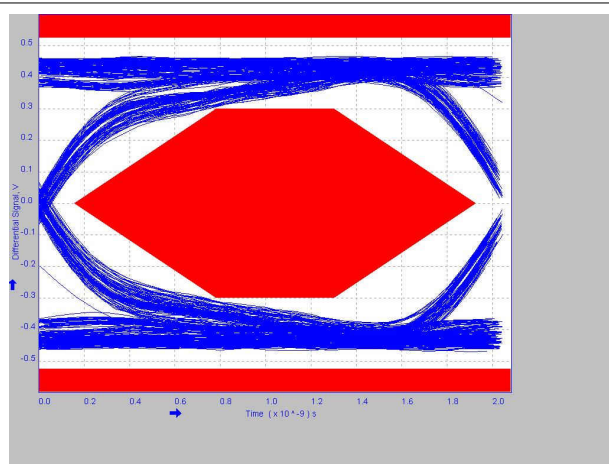


图 9-3. 2 Meter Pre-Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

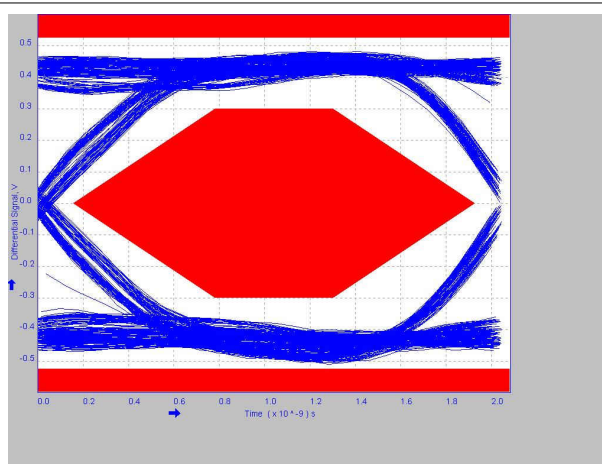


图 9-4. 2 Meter Pre-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=1
RX_SEN=MED

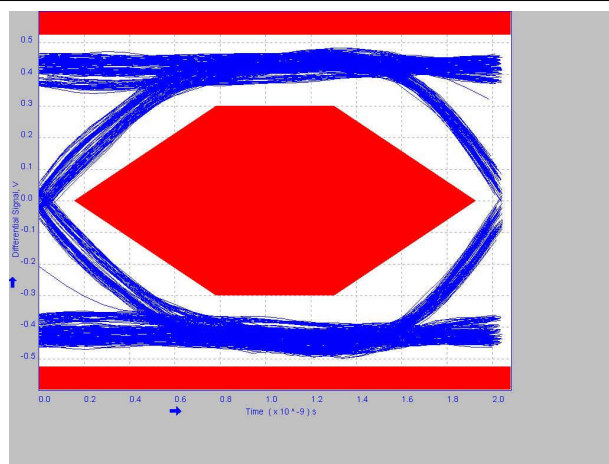


图 9-5. 2 Meter Pre-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=0
RX_SEN=HIGH

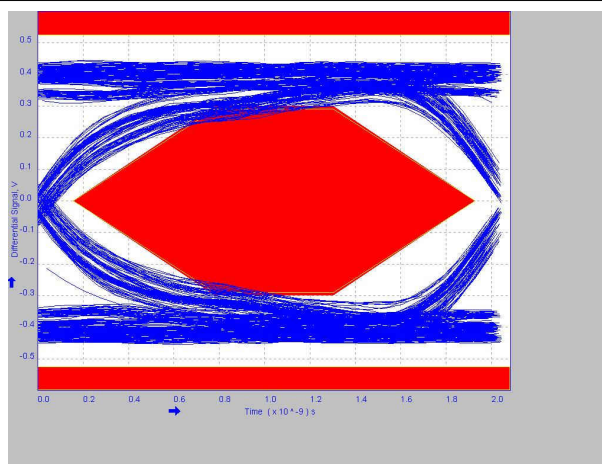


图 9-6. 3 Meter Pre-Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

9.2.3 Application Curves (continued)

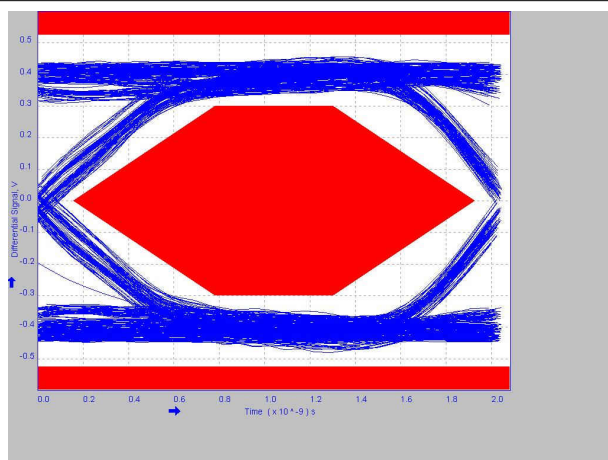


图 9-7. 3 Meter Pre-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=0
RX_SEN=HIGH

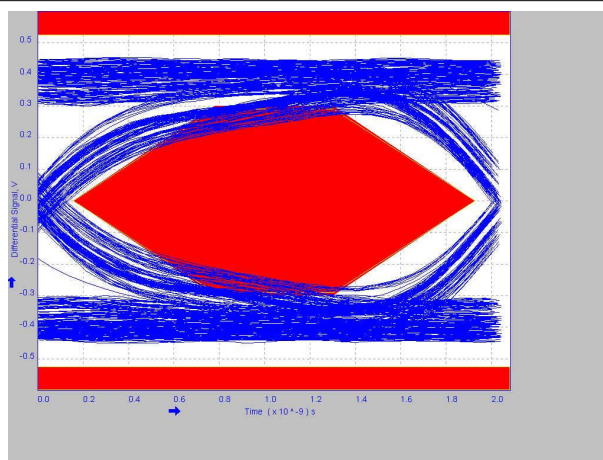


图 9-8. 5 Meter Without TUSB217A-Q1

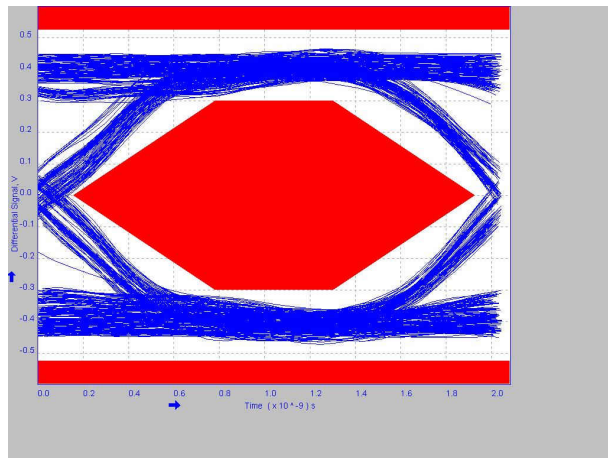


图 9-9. 5 Meter Pre-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=1
RX_SEN=MED

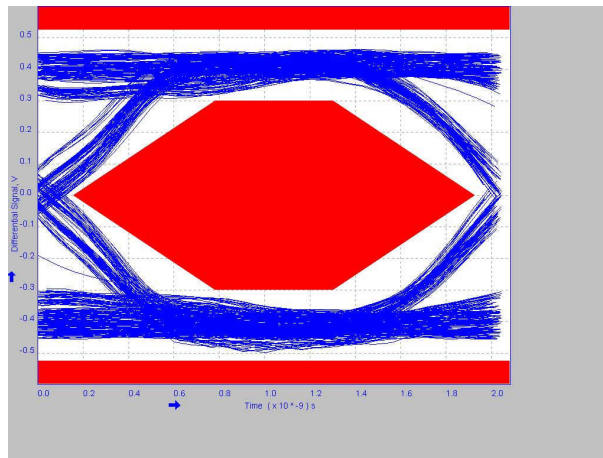


图 9-10. 5 Meter Pre-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=2
RX_SEN=MED

9.2.3 Application Curves

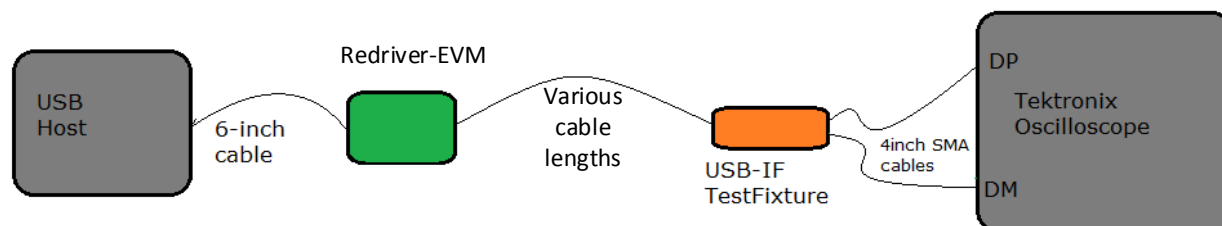


图 9-11. Near End Eye Measurement Set-Up With Post-Channel Cable

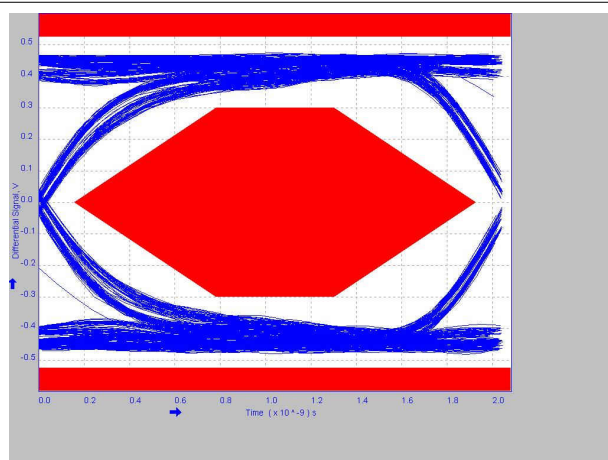


图 9-12. 6 Inches Post Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

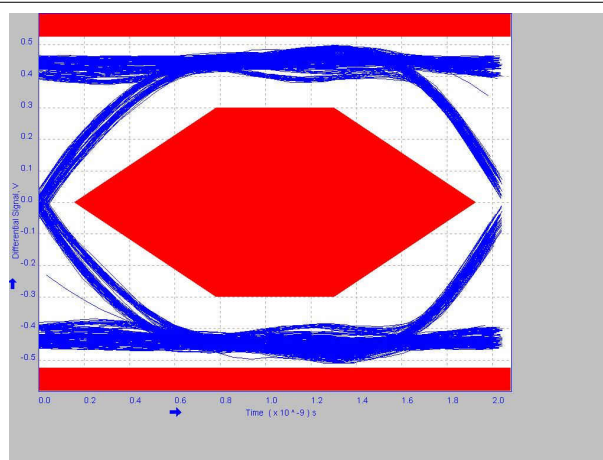


图 9-13. 6 Inches Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=0
RX_SEN=HIGH

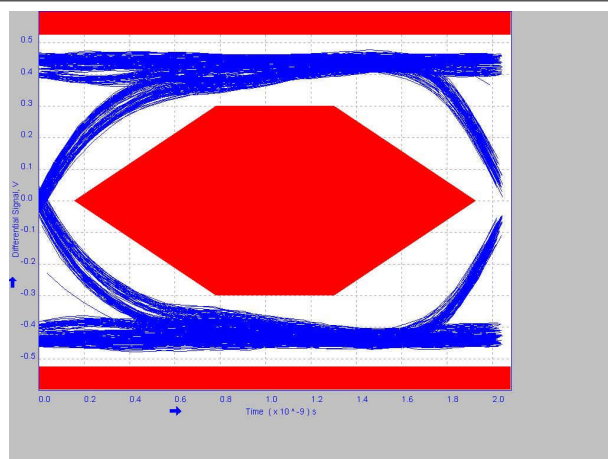


图 9-14. 1 Meter Post-Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

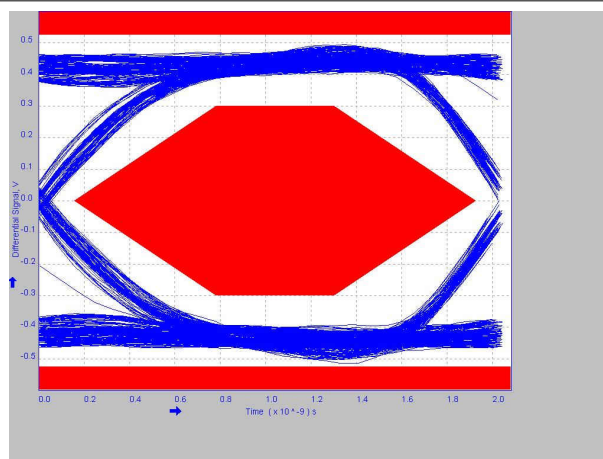


图 9-15. 1 Meter Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=0
RX_SEN=MED

9.2.3 Application Curves (continued)

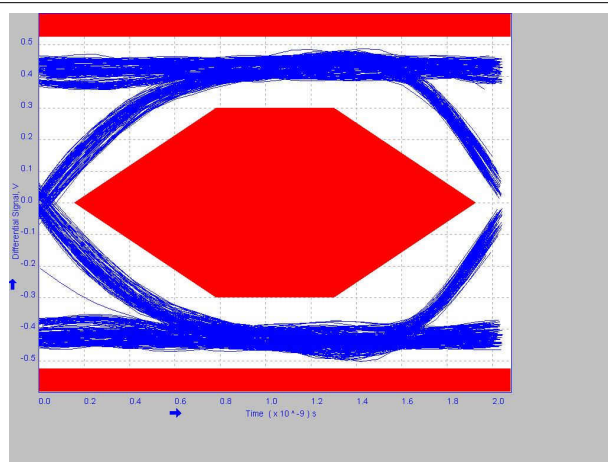


图 9-16. 1 Meter Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=0
RX_SEN=HIGH

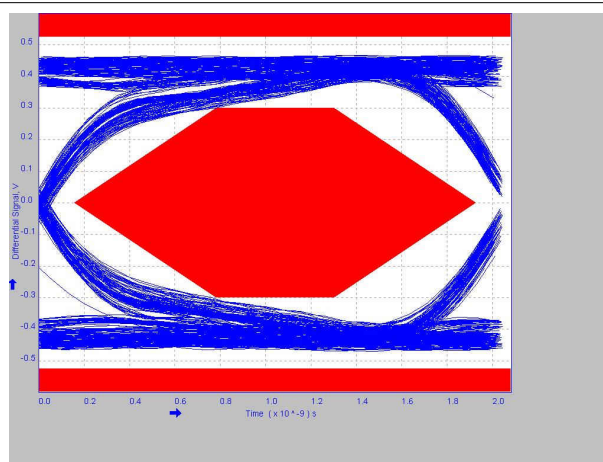


图 9-17. 2 Meter Post-Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

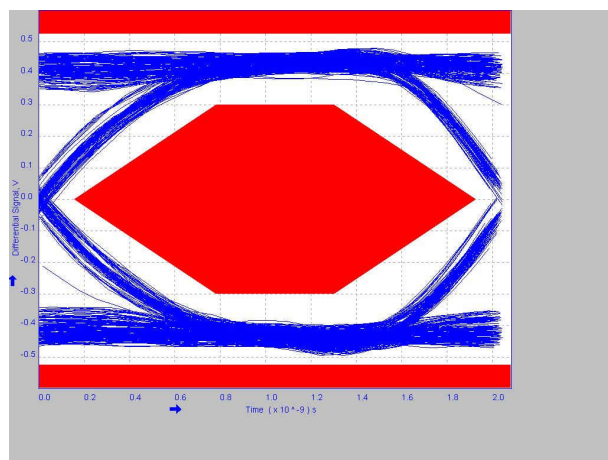


图 9-18. 2 Meter Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=1
RX_SEN=MED

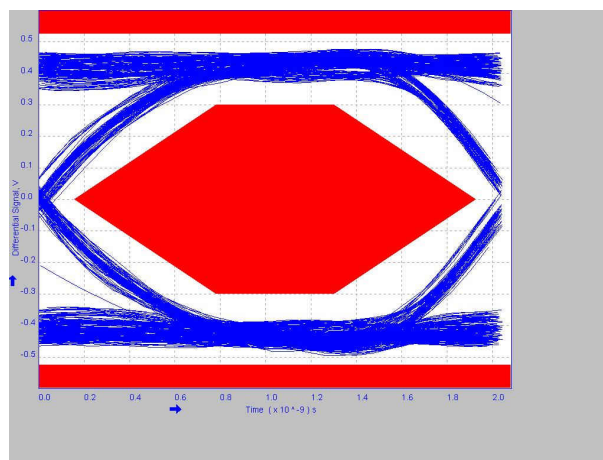


图 9-19. 2 Meter Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=1
RX_SEN=HIGH

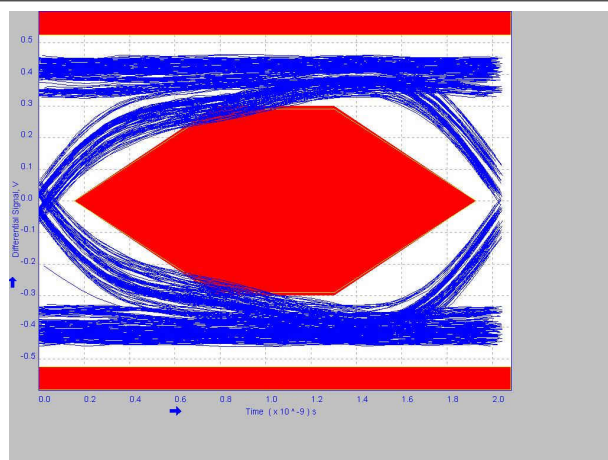


图 9-20. 4 Meter Post-Channel Without TUSB217A-Q1

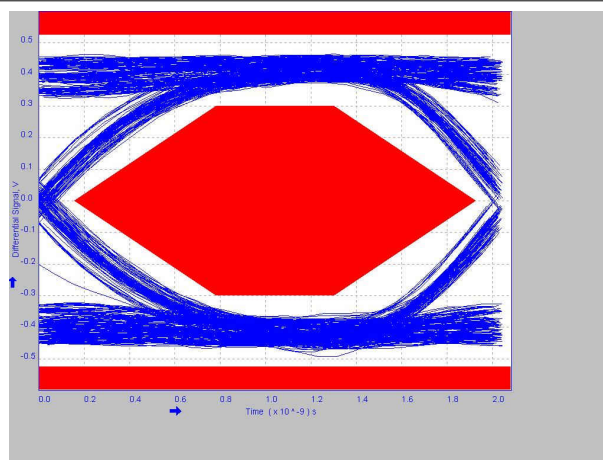


图 9-21. 4 Meter Post-Channel With TUSB217A-Q1 BOOST=2
RX_SEN=MED

10 Power Supply Recommendations

On power up, the interaction of the RSTN pin and power on ramp could result in digital circuits not being set correctly. The device should not be enabled until the power on ramp has settled to minimum recommended supply voltage or higher to ensure a correct power on reset of the digital circuitry. If RSTN cannot be held low by microcontroller or other circuitry until the power on ramp has settled, then an external capacitor from the RSTN pin to GND is required to hold the device in the low power reset state.

The RC time constant should be larger than five times of the power on ramp time (0 to V_{CC}). With a typical internal pullup resistance of 500 k Ω , the recommended minimum external capacitance is calculated as:

$$[\text{Ramp Time} \times 5] \div [500 \text{ k}\Omega] \tag{1}$$

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Although the land pattern has matched trace width to pad width, optimal impedance control is based on the user's own PCB stack-up. The recommendation is to maintain 90 Ω differential routing underneath the device.

11.2 Layout Example

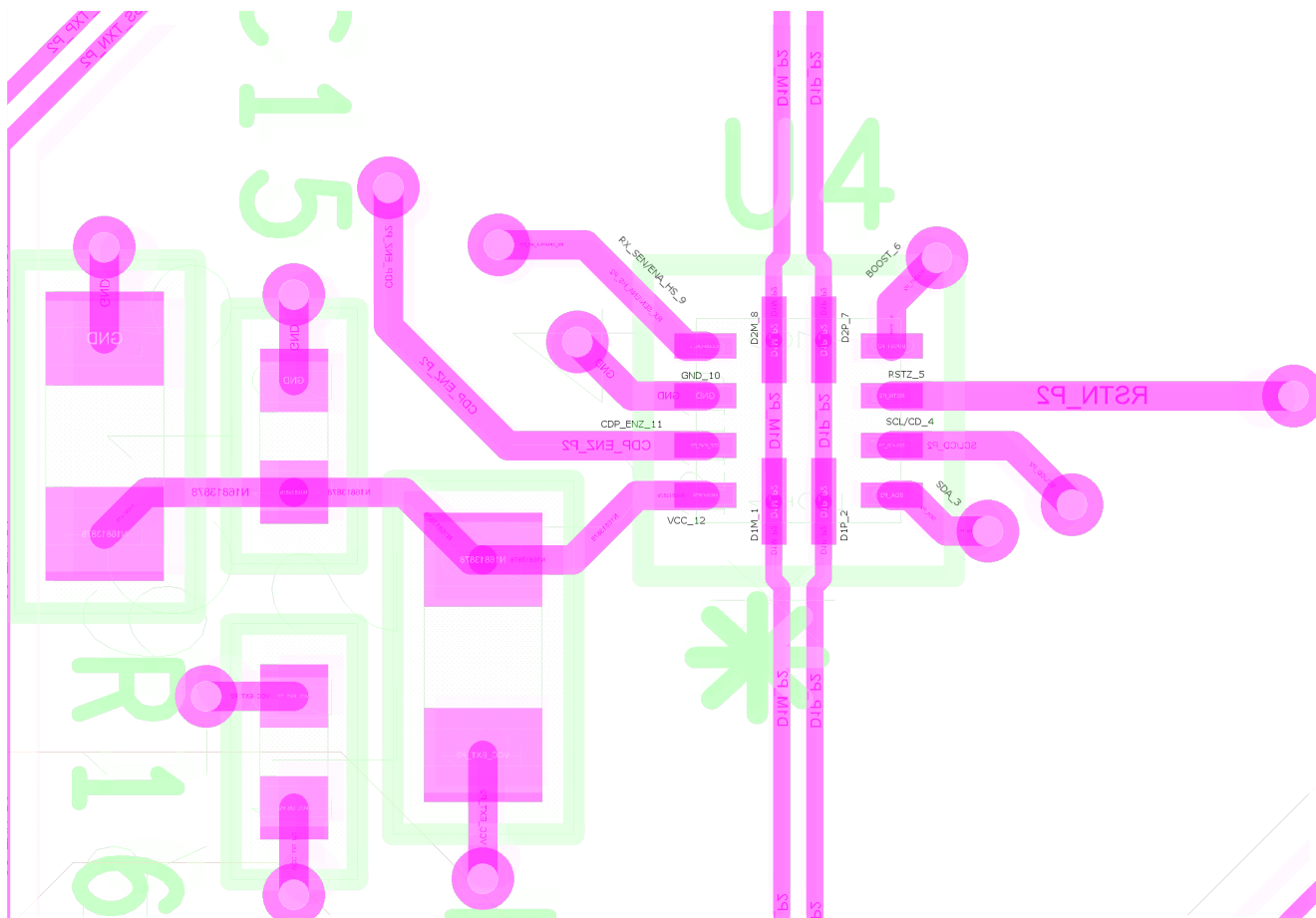


图 11-1. Layout Example

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 [ti.com](https://www.ti.com) 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [订阅更新](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

12.2 支持资源

TI E2E™ 支持论坛是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题可获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的《[使用条款](#)》。

12.3 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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12.4 静电放电警告



静电放电 (ESD) 会损坏这个集成电路。德州仪器 (TI) 建议通过适当的预防措施处理所有集成电路。如果不遵守正确的处理和安装程序，可能会损坏集成电路。

ESD 的损坏小至导致微小的性能降级，大至整个器件故障。精密的集成电路可能更容易受到损坏，这是因为非常细微的参数更改都可能会导致器件与其发布的规格不相符。

12.5 术语表

TI 术语表 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TUSB217ARWBRQ1	Active	Production	X2QFN (RWB) 12	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	7A
TUSB217ARWBRQ1.A	Active	Production	X2QFN (RWB) 12	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	7A
TUSB217ARWBTQ1	Active	Production	X2QFN (RWB) 12	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	7A
TUSB217ARWBTQ1.A	Active	Production	X2QFN (RWB) 12	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	7A

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

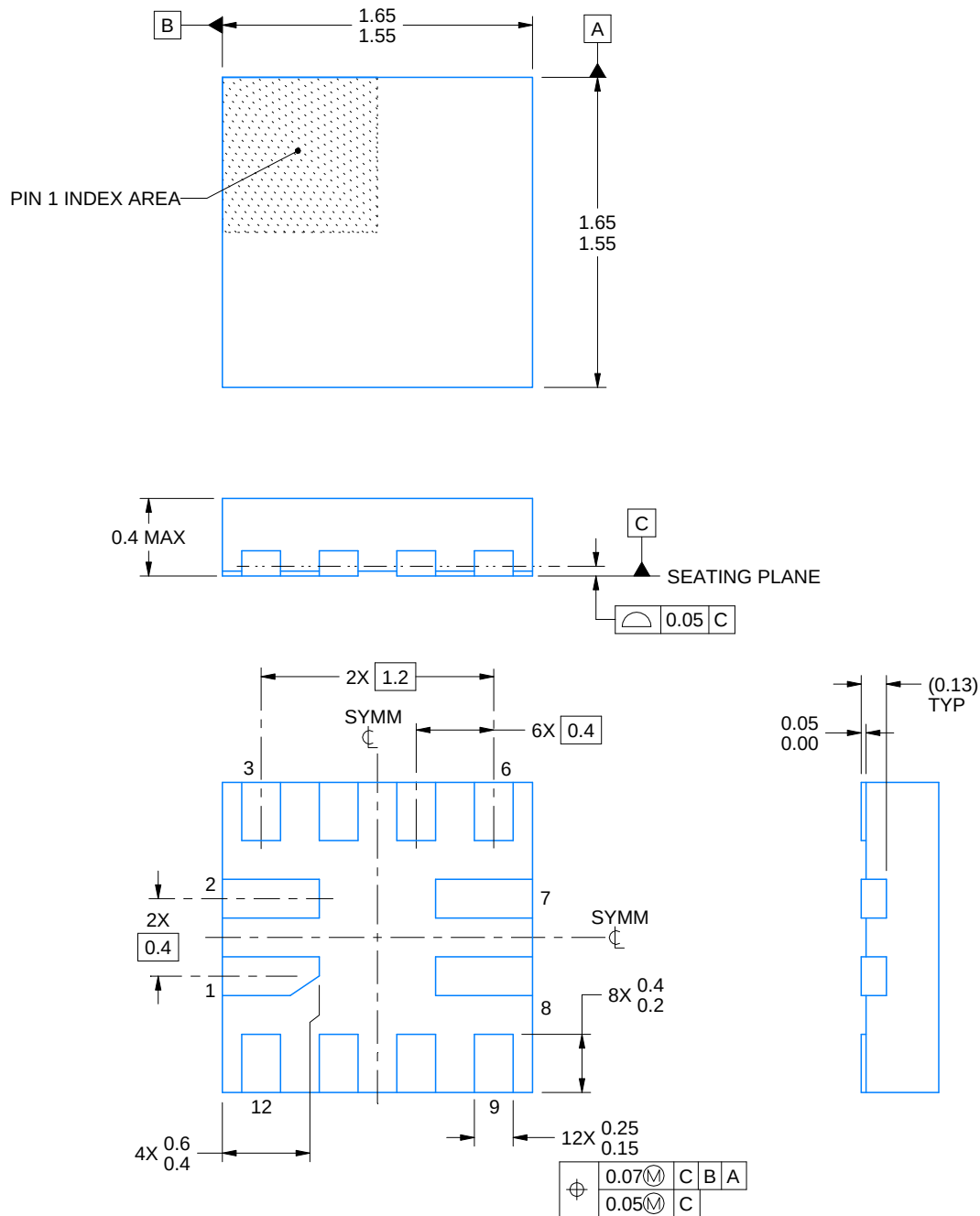
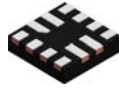
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TUSB217A-Q1 :

- Catalog : [TUSB217A](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product



4221631/B 07/2017

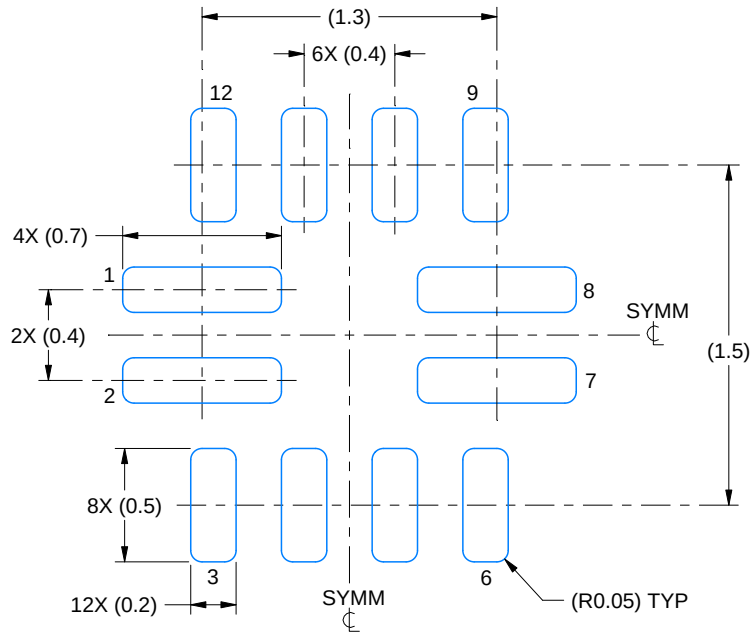
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

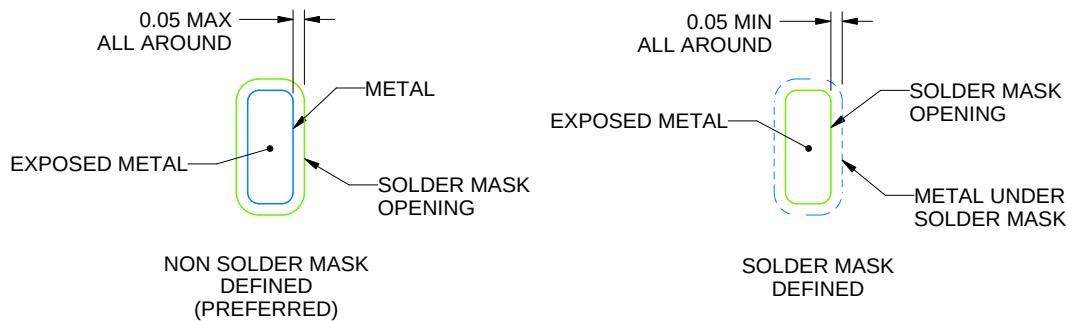
RWB0012A

X2QFN - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:30X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4221631/B 07/2017

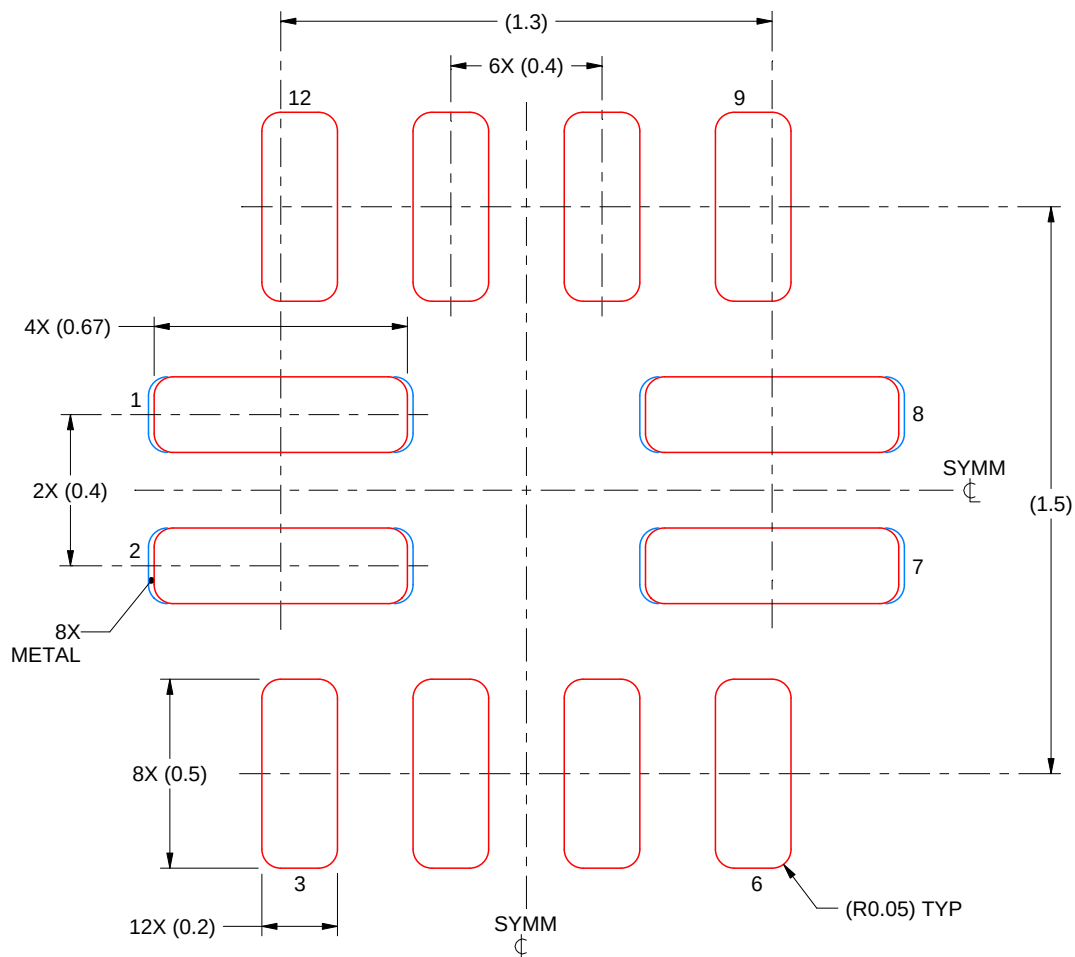
NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sl原因271).

RWB0012A

X2QFN - 0.4 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL

PADS 1,2,7 & 8
96% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
SCALE:50X

4221631/B 07/2017

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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