www.ti.com

Tablet PC and Netbook 2-Series Cell Li-Ion Battery Gas Gauge and Protection

Check for Samples: bq28400

FEATURES

- Fully Integrated Gas Gauge and Analog Monitoring with Protection in a Single Package
- 2-Series Cell Li-Ion or Li-Polymer Battery Packs
- Flexible Memory Architecture with Integrated Flash Memory
- Zero-Volt and Pre-Charge Mode
- Full Array of Programmable Protection:
 - OV (Overvoltage)
 - UV (Undervoltage)
 - SC (Short Circuit)
 - OT (Overtemperature)
 - CIM (Cell Imbalance)
- Accurate CEDV Gauging Algorithm with Self Discharge Compensation
- High Accuracy Analog Interface with Two Independent ADCs:
 - High Resolution 16-Bit Integrator for Coulomb Counting
 - 16-Bit Delta-Sigma ADC with a 16-Channel Multiplexer for Voltage, Current, and Temperature
- High Side Protection FET Drive
- Fully Integrated Internal Clock Synthesizer with No External Components Required
- Two-Wire SMBus v1.1 Compliant Communications

- Reduced Power Modes (Typical Battery Pack Operating Range Conditions)
 - Low Power
 - Shutdown
- 20-Pin TSSOP Package (RoHS-Compliant)
- JEITA/Enhanced Charging
- Supports SHA-1 Authentication Responder

APPLICATIONS

- Tablet PCs
- Slate PCs
- Netbooks/Notebooks
- Smartbooks

DESCRIPTION

The bq28400 device is a fully integrated gas gauge and analog monitoring management solution that provides protection and control for 2-series cell Li-lon battery packs in a single TSSOP package.

Implementing the optimum balance of quick response analog hardware-based monitoring and control along with an integrated fast CPU provides the ideal pack-based or in-system Li-lon battery solution. The bq28400 also provides flexible user programmable settings stored in flash memory for control of critical system parameters such as overcurrent, short circuit, under/overvoltage, and over/undertemperature conditions.

The bq28400 communicates with the system host via a two-wire SMBus 1.1 compatible interface, providing high-accuracy reporting and control of battery pack operation. The FET drive and TSSOP package enable a lower cost and small footprint solution along with a simple layout and routing on narrow pack PCBs.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

т	PACK	(AGE ⁽¹⁾
T _A	20-PIN TSSOP (PW) Tube	20-PIN TSSOP (PW) Tape and Reel
-40°C to 85°C	bq28400PW ⁽²⁾	bq28400PWR ⁽³⁾

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
- (2) A single tube quantity is 50 units.
- (3) A single reel quantity is 2000 units.



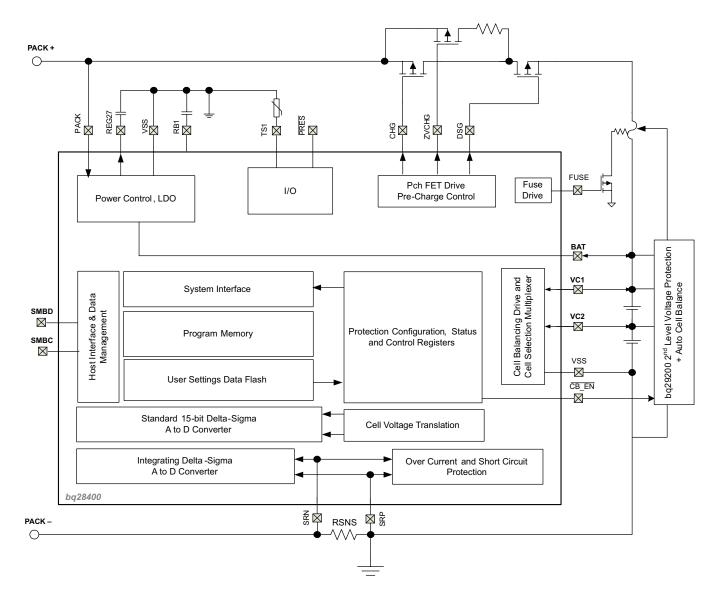
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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

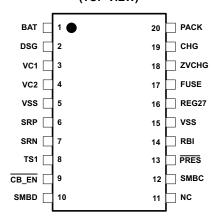
BLOCK DIAGRAM and TYPICAL IMPLEMENTATION



Product Folder Link(s): bq28400



bq28400 PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN NAME	PIN NUMBER	TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
BAT	1	Р	Alternate supply input
DSG	2	0	P-channel discharge FET gate drive
VC1	3	AI	Sense input for the most positive cell. Also external cell balancing drive output for the most positive cell
VC2	4	AI	Sense input for the lowest cell. Also external cell balancing drive output for the lowest cell
VSS	5	Р	Device ground
SRP	6	Al	Differential Coulomb Counter input or SRP oversampled ADC input
SRN	7	Al	Differential Coulomb Counter input or SRN oversampled ADC input
TS1	8	1	Thermistor 1 input. Connect NTC from this pin to VSS pin
CB_EN	9	0	Output signal to control cell balancing
SMBD	10	I/OD	SBS data
NC	11	_	No connection, leave floating
SMBC	12	I/OD	SBS clock
PRES	13	1	System present
RBI	14	Р	RAM backup pin to provide backup potential to the internal DATA RAM if power is momentarily lost, by using a capacitor attached between RBI and VSS
VSS	15	Р	Device ground
REG27	16	Р	2.7-V regulator. Connect a capacitor between REG27 and VSS
FUSE	17	0	Push-pull fuse circuit drive
ZVCHG	18	0	P-channel precharge FET gate drive
CHG	19	0	P-channel charge FET gate drive
PACK	20	Р	Alternate supply input

 $^{(1) \}quad P = Power \ Connection, \ O = Digital \ Output, \ AI = Analog \ Input, \ I = Digital \ Input, \ I/OD = Digital \ Input/Output$



THERMAL INFORMATION

		bq28400	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	PW	UNITS
		20 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (2)	91.7	
$\theta_{\text{JC(top)}}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance (3)	20.4	
$\theta_{\sf JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance (4)	45.6	0000
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter (5)	0.5	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter (6)	43.3	
$\theta_{JC(bottom)}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance (7)	n/a	

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.
- (2) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
- (3) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.
- (4) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.
- (5) The junction-to-top characterization parameter, ψ_{JT} , estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA} , using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (6) The junction-to-board characterization parameter, ψ_{JB}, estimates the junction temperature of a device in a real system and is extracted from the simulation data for obtaining θ_{JA}, using a procedure described in JESD51-2a (sections 6 and 7).
- (7) The junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the exposed (power) pad. No specific JEDEC standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (1)

		Value/Unit
Supply voltage range, V _{MAX}	PACK w.r.t. V _{SS}	–0.3 to 34 V
	VC1, BAT	V _{VC2} –0.3 to V _{VC2} + 8.5 or 34 V, whichever is lower
	VC2	V_{VSRP} –0.3 to V_{VSRP} + 8.5 V
	SRP, SRN	–0.3 to V _{REG27}
	General Purpose open-drain I/O pins: SMBD, SMBC	V _{SS} -0.3 V to 6 V
Input voltage range, V _{IN}	General Purpose push-pull I/O pins: TS1, PRES, CB_EN	-0.3 V to V _{REG27} + 0.3 V
	Input voltage range to all other pins, V _{IN} relative to V _{SS}	-0.3 V to V _{REG27} + 0.3 V
	DSG, CHG, ZVCHG	-0.3 to BAT
	FUSE	-0.3 to [BAT or PACK] (whichever is lower)
	RBI, REG27	–0.3 to 2.75 V
Maximum Operational VSS current, I _{SS}		50 mA
Ambient Temperature, T _A		−20 to 110°C
Storage temperature range, T _{STG}		−65 to 150°C
ECD Human Bady Madal(2)	All pins except VC1 and VC2	2 kV
ESD Human Body Model (2)	VC1 and VC2	1 kV
ESD Machine Model	All pins	200 V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The human body model is a 100-pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5-k Ω resistor into each pin.



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		PIN	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	Cupply voltage	PACK			V _{BAT} + 5	V
	Supply voltage	BAT	3.8		V _{VC2} + 5	V
V _(STARTUP)	Minimum startup voltage	Start up voltage at PACK		5.2	5.5	V
		VC1, BAT	V _{VC2}		V _{VC2} + 5	V
		VC2	V_{VSRP}		V _{VSRP} + 5	٧
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range	VC1 – VC2	0		5	V
		PACK			18.75	٧
		SRP to SRN	-0.3		1	V
C _(REG27)	External 2.7 V REG capacitor		1			μF
T _{OPR}	Operating temperature		-20		85	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Typical values stated where $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 3.8 \text{ V}$ to 18.75 V over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
General Pu	rpose I/O		·			
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	SMBD, SMBC, PRES	2			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	SMBD, SMBC, PRES			0.8	V
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	$\overline{\text{PRES}}$, $I_L = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	V _{REG27} - 0.5			V
M	High level Free entert	$V_{BAT} = 3.8 \text{ V to 9 V, C}_{L} = 1 \text{ nF}$	3	$V_{BAT} - 0.3$	8.6	V
$V_{OH(FUSE)}$	High level Fuse output	$V_{BAT} = 9 \text{ V to } 10 \text{ V, } C_L = 1 \text{ nF}$	7.5	8	9	
t _{R(FUSE)}	FUSE output rise time	C _L = 1 nF, V _{OH(FUSE)} = 0 V to 5 V			10	μs
I _{O(FUSE)}	FUSE output current	FUSE active	-3			mA
Z _{O(FUSE)}	FUSE output impedance			2	6	kΩ
V _{FUSE_DET}	FUSE Detect Input Voltage		0.8	2	3.2	V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	SMBD, SMBC, TS1, I _L = 7 mA			0.4	V
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			5		pF
I _(VOUT)	VOUT source currents	V_O active, $V_O = V_{REG27} - 0.6 \text{ V}$	-3			mA
I _{LKG(VOUT)}	VOUT leakage current	V _O inactive	-0.2		0.2	μA
I _{LKG}	Input leakage current	SMBD, SMBC, PRES, TS1			1	μA
$R_{\text{PD(SMBx)}}$	SMBD and SMBC, pull-down resistor	$T_A = -20$ °C to 100°C	600	950	1300	kΩ
R _{PAD}	Pad resistance	TS1		87	110	Ω
Supply Cur	rent					•
I _{CC}	Normal Mode	No flash memory write, No I/O activity		400		μA
I _{LPM}	Low-Power Mode	CPU=HALT CHG=DSG=PCHG=OFF LDO ON but no load, no communication, BAT = 7.2 V		55		μA
I _{SHUTDOWN}	Shutdown Mode	$T_A = -20$ °C to 110°C		0.5	1	μA
REG27 Pow	ver On Reset		1			1
V _{REG27IT} -	Negative-going voltage	input, at REG27	2.22	2.29	2.34	V
V _{REG27IT+}	Positive-going voltage i	nput, at REG27	2.25	2.5	2.6	V
Flash						•
	Data retention		10			Years

⁽¹⁾ By default: SMBus has internal pull-down.



Typical values stated where $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 3.8 \text{ V}$ to 18.75 V over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

P	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITION ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Flash programming write-cycles		20k			Cycles
t _{ROWPROG}	Row programming time				2	ms
t _{MASSERASE}	Mass-erase time				250	
t _{PAGEERASE}	Page-erase time				25	
I _{CC(PROG)}	Flash-write supply current			4	6	mA
I _{CC(ERASE)}	Flash-erase supply	$T_A = -40$ °C to 0°C		8	22	
	current	T _A = 0°C to 85°C		3	15	
RAM Backu	p					
	RBI data-retention	$V_{RBI} > V_{(RBI)MIN}$, $V_{REG27} < V_{REG27IT}$, $T_A = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 110°C		20	1500	nA
I _(RBI)	input current	$V_{RBI} > V_{(RBI)MIN}$, $V_{REG27} < V_{REG27IT}$, $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 70°C			500	IIA
V _(RBI)	RBI data-retention vol	tage ⁽²⁾	1			V
Internal LDC)		·			
V _{REG}	Regulator output voltage	I _{REG27} = 10 mA, T _A = -20°C to 85°C	2.5	2.7	2.75	V
		PACK and BAT \leq 4.5 V, T _A = -20° C to 110°C	3			
I_{REG}	Regulator Output	4.5 V < PACK and BAT ≤ 6.8 V	10			mA
IREG	Current $ \begin{aligned} 6.8 \text{ V} < \text{PACK and BAT} &\leq 18.7 \text{ 5 V}, \\ T_{\text{A}} &= -20^{\circ}\text{C to } 70^{\circ}\text{C} \end{aligned} $					
$\Delta V_{(REGTEMP)}$	Regulator output change with temperature	I_{REG} = 10 mA, T_A = -20°C to 85°C		±0. 5%		
$\Delta V_{(REGLINE)}$	Line regulation	I _{REG} = 10 mA		±2	±4	mV
$\Delta V_{(REGLOAD)}$	Load regulation	I _{REG} = 0.2 to 10 mA		±20	±40	mV
I _(REGMAX)	Current limit		25		50	mA

⁽²⁾ Specified by design. Not production tested.

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Typical values stated where $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 3.8 \text{ V}$ to 18.75 V over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

F	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SRx Wake f	rom Sleep		<u> </u>			1
		V _{WAKE} = 1.2 mV	0.2	1.2	2	
.,		V _{WAKE} = 2.4 mV	0.4	2.4	3.6	1 ,,
V _{WAKE_ACR}	Accuracy of V _{WAKE}	V _{WAKE} = 5 mV	2	5	6.8	mV
		V _{WAKE} = 10 mV	5.3	10	13	
V _{WAKE_TCO}	Temperature drift of V _V	WAKE accuracy		0.5		%/°C
t _{WAKE}	Time from application of	of current and wake of bq28400		0.2	1	ms
Coulomb C	ounter					
	Input voltage range		-0.20		0.25	V
	Conversion time	Single conversion		250		ms
	Effective resolution	Single conversion	15			Bits
	Integral nonlinearity	$T_A = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		±0.007	±0.034	%FSR
	Offset error (3)	$T_A = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		10		μV
	Offset error drift			0.3	0.5	μV/°C
	Full-scale error (4)		-0.8%	0.2%	0.8%	
	Full-scale error drift				150	PPM/°C
	Effective input resistance	ADC enabled	2.5			ΜΩ
ADC						
	Input voltage range for	TS1	-0.2		0.8 x V _{REG27}	V
	Conversion time			31.5		ms
	Resolution (no missing	codes)	16			Bits
	Effective resolution			15		Bits
	Integral nonlinearity	-0.1 V to 0.8 x V _{ref}			±0.020	%FSR
	Offset error (5)			70	160	μV
	Offset error drift			25		μV/°C
	Full-scale error	V _{IN} = 1 V	-0.8%	±0.2%	0.4%	
	Full –scale error drift				150	PPM/°C
	Effective input resistan	ce	8			ΜΩ
External Ce	II Balance Drive					
D	Internal pull-down resistance for external	Cell balance ON for VC1, VCx – VCx + 4 V, where x = 1 to 2		3.7		kΩ
R _{BAL_drive}	cell balance	Cell balance ON for VC2, VCx – VCx + 4 V, where x = 1 to 2		1.75		K\$2
Cell Voltage	Monitor					
	CELL Voltage	$T_A = -10^{\circ}\text{C to } 60^{\circ}\text{C}$		±10	±20	
	Measurement Accuracy	$T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		±10	±35	mV

⁽³⁾ Post-Calibration Performance

Uncalibrated performance. This gain error can be eliminated with external calibration.

Channel to Channel Offset



Typical values stated where $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2 \text{ V}$, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = 0.20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = 0$

ı	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	(1)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Internal Ter	nperature Sensor						
T _{INT}	Temperature sensor ad	ccuracy			±3%		°C
Thermistor	Measurement Support						
R _{ERR}	Internal resistor drift				±230		PPM/°C
R	Internal resistor				18	20	kΩ
Internal The	ermal Shutdown						
T _{MAX}	Maximum REG27 temp	perature (6)		125		175	°C
T _{RECOVER}	Recovery hysteresis te	mperature (6)			10		
Current Pro	tection Thresholds						•
V _(OCD)	OCD detection thresho	ld voltage range, typical		50		200	mV
$\Delta V_{(OCDT)}$	OCD detection thresho	ld voltage program step			10		mV
V _(SCCT)	SCC detection thresho	ld voltage range, typical		-100		-300	mV
$\Delta V_{(SCCT)}$	SCC detection thresho	ld voltage program step			-50		mV
V _(SCDT)	SCD detection thresho	ld voltage range, typical		100		450	mV
$\Delta V_{(SCDT)}$	SCD detection thresho	ld voltage program step			50		mV
V _(OFFSET)	SCD, SCC, and OCD of	offset		-10		10	mV
V _(Scale_Err)	SCD, SCC, and OCD s	scale error		-10%		10%	
	tection Timing			1			
t _(OCDD)	Overcurrent in discharge	ne delav		1		31	ms
t _(OCDD_STEP)	OCDD Step options	,,			2		ms
t _(SCDD)	Short circuit in discharg	ne delav		0		1830	μs
t _(SCDD_STEP)	SCDD Step options	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			122		μs
	Short circuit in charge	delav		0	122	915	μs
t(SCCD)	SCCD Step options	uciay			61	313	μs
t(SCCD_STEP)	Current fault detect	V _{SRP-SRN} = V _{THRESH} + 12.5 mV,			01		μο
t _(DETECT)	time	$T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			35	160	μs
t _{ACC}	Overcurrent and short circuit delay time accuracy	Accuracy of typical delay time with no WDI	input	-50%		50%	
P-CH FET D	rive	•		•			
.,	Output voltage,	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{O(\text{FETONDSG})} = V_{(BAT)} - V_{(DSG)}, \\ R_{GS} = 1 \text{ MO}, T_{A} = -20 \text{ to } 110^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ BAT = 7.2 \text{ V}^{(7)} \\ \end{vmatrix} $		6	6.5	BAT	V
V _{O(FETON)}	charge and discharge FETs on	V _{O(FETONCHG)} = V _(PACK) - V _(CHG) , R _{GS} = 1 MΩ, T _A = -20 to 110°C, PACK = 7.2 V ⁽⁷⁾		6	6.5	PACK	V
V	Output voltage, charge and discharge	$V_{O(FETOFFDSG)} = V_{(BAT)} - V_{(DSG)},$ $T_A = -20^{\circ}C$ to 110°C, BAT = 7.2 V				0.2	V
V _{O(FETOFF)}	FETs off	$V_{O(FETOFFCHG)} = V_{(PACK)} - V_{(CHG)},$ $T_A = -20^{\circ}C$ to 110°C, PACK = 7.2 V				0.2	V
+	Rise time	C _L = 4700 pF	VDSG: 10% to 90%		40	200	
t _r	Mac mine	OL - 4100 PI	VCHG: 10% to 90%		40	200	- µs
t,	Fall time $C_1 = 4700 \text{ pF}$		VDSG : 90% to 10%		40	200	μο
t _f	. an unio	о _г 1100 bi	VCHG: 90% to 10%		40	200	

Product Folder Link(s): bq28400

⁽⁶⁾ Specified by design. Not production tested. (7) For a V_{BAT} or V_{PACK} input range of 3.8 V to 18.75 V, MIN $V_{O(FETON)}$ voltage is 9 V or $V_{(BAT)} - 1$ V, whichever is less.



Typical values stated where $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 7.2$ V, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -20^{\circ}$ C to 85°C and $V_{BAT} = V_{PACK} = 3.8$ V to 18.75 V over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

F	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	J ⁽¹⁾	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Pre-Charge/	ZVCHG FET Drive			'			,
V _(PreCHGON)	$V_{O(PreCHGON)} = V_{(PACK)}$ - $V_{(ZVCHG)}$, pre-charge FET on ⁽⁸⁾	R _{GS} = 1 MΩ, V _{PACK} = 10 V		9	9.5	10	V
V _(PreCHGOFF)	Output voltage, pre-charge FET off ⁽⁸⁾	$R_{GS} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 110°C				V _{BAT} – 0.5	V
t _r	Rise time	$C_L = 4700 \text{ pF},$ $R_G = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega$	V _{ZVCHG} : 10% to 90%		80	200	μs
t _f	Fall time	$C_L = 4700 \text{ pF},$ $R_G = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega$	$V_{ZVCHG:}$ 90% to 10%		1.7		ms
SMBus							
f _{SMB}	SMBus operating frequency	Slave mode, SMBC 50% duty cycle		10		100	kHz
f _{MAS}	SMBus master clock frequency	Master mode, no clock low slave extend	Master mode, no clock low slave extend		51.2		kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between	start and stop		4.7			μs
t _{HD:STA}	Hold time after (repeate	ed) start		4			μs
t _{SU:STA}	Repeated start setup ti	me		4.7			μs
t _{SU:STO}	Stop setup time			4			μs
t _{HD:DAT}	Data hold time	Receive mode Transmit mode		300			ns
t _{SU:DAT}	Data setup time			250			ns
t _{TIMEOUT}	Error signal/detect	See ⁽⁹⁾		25		35	ms
t _{LOW}	Clock low period			4.7			μs
t _{HIGH}	Clock high period	See (10)		4		50	μs
t _{LOW:SEXT}	Cumulative clock low slave extend time	See (11)				25	ms
t _{LOW:MEXT}	Cumulative clock low master extend time	See ⁽¹²⁾				10	ms
t _f	Clock/data fall time	See (13)				300	ns
t _r	Clock/data rise time	See (14)				1000	ns

⁽⁸⁾ For a V_{BAT} or V_{PACK} input range of 3.8 V to 18.75 V, MIN V_{O(FETON)} voltage is 9 V or V_(BAT) – 1 V, whichever is less.

 ⁽⁹⁾ The bq28400 times out when any clock low exceeds t_{TIMEOUT}.
 (10) t_{HIGH:MAX} is the minimum bus idle time. SMBC = SMBD = 1 for t > 50 μs causes reset of any transaction involving bq28400 that is in

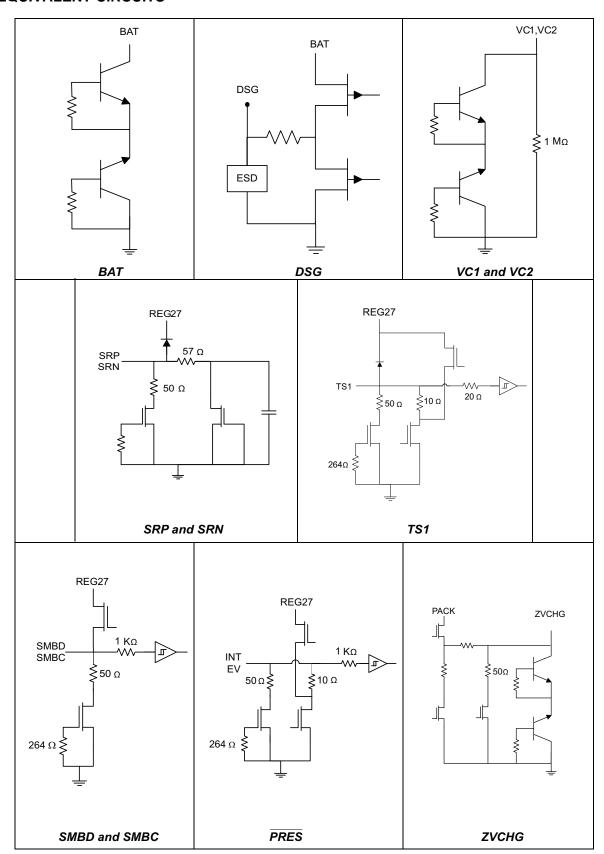
⁽¹¹⁾ t_{LOW:SEXT} is the cumulative time a slave device is allowed to extend the clock cycles in one message from initial start to the stop.

⁽¹²⁾ tLOW:MEXT is the cumulative time a master device is allowed to extend the clock cycles in one message from initial start to the stop.

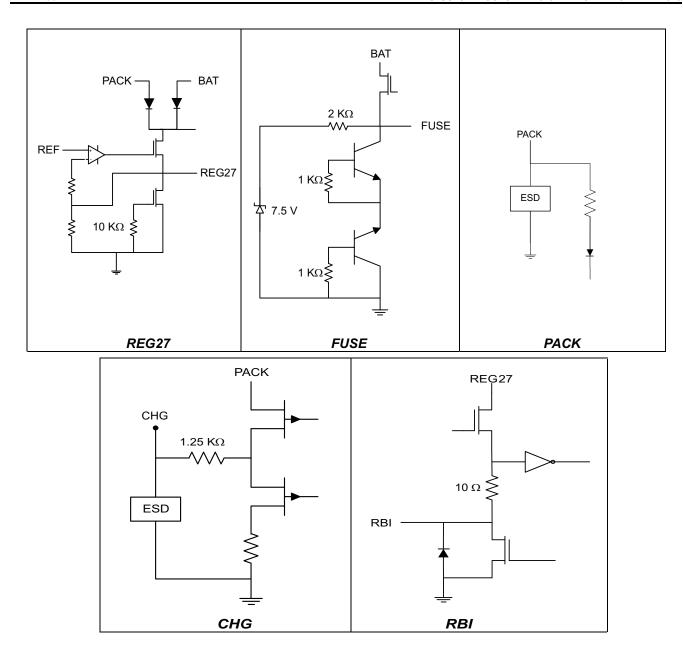
⁽¹³⁾ Rise time $t_r = V_{ILMAX} - 0.15$) to $(V_{IHMIN} + 0.15)$. (14) Fall time $t_f = 0.9V_{DD}$ to $(V_{ILMAX} - 0.15)$.



PIN EQUIVALENT CIRCUITS









TIMING CIRCUITS

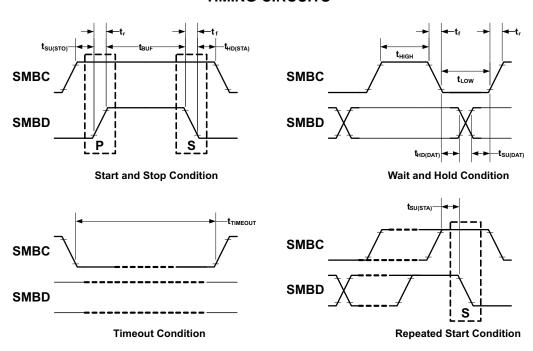


Figure 1. Timing Conditions

GENERAL OVERVIEW

The bq28400 has a flexible architecture that enables development of numerous battery-management solutions. The device is a fully integrated battery manager, as shown in the functional block diagram, and performs necessary calculations and control for a fully functional 2-series cell battery management system. The device provides flexible user settings that are stored in flash memory.

The bq28400 determines battery capacity by monitoring the amount of charge input or removal from 2-series cell Li-lon rechargeable batteries via a small value series sense resistor. The device then controls and reports the battery status using corrections for environmental and operating conditions. Additional control and monitoring is implemented for individual cell voltages, temperature, and current.



FEATURE SET

Safety Features

The bq28400 supports a wide range of battery and system protection features that can be configured. The primary safety features include:

- Cell over/undervoltage protection
- · Overcurrent during charge and discharge
- Short circuit
- Overtemperature during charge and discharge
- Device watchdog timer

The secondary safety features used to indicate more serious faults which can be used to control FET state or blow an in-line fuse to permanently disable the battery pack include:

- Safety overvoltage
- · Safety undervoltage
- Safety overcurrent in charge and discharge
- Safety overtemperature in charge and discharge
- Charge, pre-charge, and discharge FET fault
- · Cell imbalance detection

Charge Control

The bq28400 charge control features include:

- Reporting charging current needed for constant current charging and charging voltage needed for constant voltage charging to a smart charger using SMBus communications
- · Supports pre-charging/zero-volt charging
- Supports fast charging
- Supports charge inhibit and charge suspend if battery pack temperature is out of temperature range
- · Reports charging fault and also indicate charge status via charge and discharge alarms

Gas Gauging

The device uses advanced Compensated End-of-Discharge Voltage (CEDV) technology to measure and calculate the available charge capacity in battery cells under system use and environmental conditions. The device accumulates a measure of charge and discharge currents, then compensates the charge current measurement for temperature and the state-of-charge of the battery. The bq28400 further estimates battery self-discharge, adjusts the self-discharge estimation for temperature, and then updates internal status registers. These internal registers are made available to the system host via the two-wire SMBus.

The internal general-purpose SRAM can be powered by the RBI pin of the bq28400 if power is lost. Typically, a 0.1-µF capacitor provides the necessary voltage to the SRAM array during inadvertent momentary power loss.

See the bq28400 technical reference guide for further details.

Lifetime Data Logging

The bq28400 maintains the highest temperature value from the last device reset.

Power Modes

The bq28400 supports three power modes to reduce power consumption:

- In Normal Mode, the device performs measurements, calculations, protection decisions, and data updates in 1-second intervals. Between these intervals, the device is in a reduced power stage.
- In Sleep Mode, the bq28400 performs measurements, calculations, protection decisions and data updates in longer intervals. Between these intervals, the device is in a reduced power stage.
 - A wake function operates so that an exit from Sleep mode occurs when current flow, detection of failure,



or SMBus activity detected.

 In Shutdown Mode, the bq28400 is completely disabled by turning off all FETs and powering down the bq28400.

CONFIGURATION

Oscillator Function

The bq28400 fully integrates the system oscillator; therefore, no external components are required for this feature.

System Present Operation

The device checks the PRES pin periodically. If the PRES pin input is pulled to ground by the external system, the bq28400 detects this event as the presence of the system.

2-Series Cell Configuration

The bq28400 supports 2-series cell battery pack configurations.

Cell Balancing Configuration

If cell balancing is required, the bq28400 cell balance control enables a weak, internal pull-down for each VCx pin. The purpose of this weak pull-down is to enable an external FET for current bypass. Series resistors placed between the input VCx pins and the positive battery cell terminals control the VGS of the external FET. Alternatively, CB_EN output can be used with the bq29200 device to control the auto cell-balancing feature for the system (see Figure 5). Further details are provided in the APPLICATION INFORMATION section of this document.

BATTERY PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS

The bq28400 uses an integrating delta-sigma analog-to-digital converter (ADC) for current measurement, and a second delta-sigma ADC for individual cell voltage, battery voltage, and temperature measurements. The individual cell voltages, *Voltage*, *Current*, *AverageCurrent*, and *Temperature* are updated in 1-second intervals during normal operation.

Charge and Discharge Counting

The integrating ADC measures the charge and discharge flow of the battery by monitoring a small-value sense resistor between the SRP and SRN pins. The bq28400 integrating ADC measures bipolar signals across the SRP and SRN pins from -0.20~V to 0.25~V induced by current through the sense resistor (typically 5 m Ω to 20 m Ω). Charge activity is detected when $V_{SR} = V_{SRP} - V_{SRN}$ is positive and discharge activity when $V_{SR} = V_{SRP} - V_{SRN}$ is negative. The bq28400 continuously integrates the signal over time, using an internal counter and updates *RemainingCapacity* with the charge or discharge amount every second.

Voltage

While monitoring the SRP and SRN pins for charge and discharge currents, the bq28400 monitors the individual series cell voltages. The internal bq28400 ADC then measures the voltage, scales, applies offsets, and calibrates it appropriately.

NOTE

For accurate differential voltage sensing, the VSS ground should be connected directly to the most negative terminal of the battery stack, not to the positive side of the sense resistor. This minimizes the voltage drop across the PCB trace.

Voltage Calibration and Accuracy

The bq28400 is calibrated for voltage prior to shipping from TI. The bq28400 voltage measurement signal chain (ADC, high voltage translation, circuit interconnect) is calibrated for each cell. The external filter resistors, connected from each cell to the VCx input of the bq28400, are required to be 1 k Ω . If different voltage accuracy is desired, customer voltage calibration is required.

Product Folder Link(s): bq28400

www.ti.com

Current

The bq28400 uses the SRP and SRN inputs to measure and calculate the battery charge and discharge current using a 5-m Ω to 20-m Ω typical sense resistor.

Temperature

The bq28400 has an internal temperature sensor and input pin for an external temperature sensor. The bq28400 can be configured to use either the internal or external temperature sensor. The default setting for the bq28400 is for a Semitec 103AT thermistor as input to the TS1 pin. Reporting of measured temperature is available by way of the SBS Temperature command.



COMMUNICATIONS

The bq28400 uses SMBus v1.1 in Slave Mode per the SBS specification.

SBS Commands

Table 1. SBS COMMANDS

SBS Command	Mode	Name	Format	Min Value	Max Value	Default Value	Unit
0x00	R/W	ManufacturerAccess	H2	0x0000	0xffff	_	
0x03	R/W	BatteryMode	H2	0x0000	0xe383	_	
0x08	R	Temperature	U2	0	65535	_	0.1°K
0x09	R	Voltage	U2	0	65535	_	mV
0x0a	R	Current	12	-32768	32767	_	mA
0x0b	R	AverageCurrent	12	-32768	32767	_	mA
0x0c	R	MaxError	U1	0	100	_	%
0x0d	R	RelativeStateOfCharge	U1	0	100	_	%
0x0f	R/W	RemainingCapacity	U2	0	65535	_	mAh or 10 mWh
0x10	R	FullChargeCapacity	U2	0	65535	7200	mAh
0x14	R	ChargingCurrent	U2	0	65534	2500	mA
0x15	R	ChargingVoltage	U2	0	65534	12600	mV
0x16	R	BatteryStatus	U2	0x0000	0xdbff	_	
0x17	R/W	CycleCount	U2	0	65535	0	
0x18	R/W	DesignCapacity	U2	0	65535	7200	mAh
0x19	R/W	DesignVoltage	U2	0	65535	10800	mV
0x1a	R/W	SpecificationInfo	H2	0x0000	0xffff	0x0031	
0x1b	R/W	ManufactureDate	U2	_	_	0	ASCII
0x1c	R/W	SerialNumber	H2	0x0000	0xffff	0x0001	
0x20	R/W	ManufacturerName	S12	_	_	Texas Inst.	ASCII
0x21	R/W	DeviceName	S8	_	_	bq28400	ASCII
0x22	R/W	DeviceChemistry	S5	_	_	LION	ASCII
0x23	R/W	ManufacturerData	S9	_	_	_	ASCII
0x2f	R/W	Authenticate	S21	_	_	_	ASCII
0x3e	R	CellVoltage2	U2	0	65535	_	mV
0x3f	R	CellVoltage1	U2	0	65535	_	mV

Extended SBS Commands

Table 2 shows the extended SBS commands for the device.

Table 2. Extended SBS Commands

SBS Cmd	Mode	Name	Format	Size in Bytes	Min Value	Max Value	Default Value	Unit
0x61	R/W	FullAccessKey	hex	4	0x00000000	0xfffffff		
0x63	R/W	AuthenKey3	hex	4	0x00000000	0xfffffff		
0x64	R/W	AuthenKey2	hex	4	0x00000000	0xfffffff	_	
0x65	R/W	AuthenKey1	hex	4	0x00000000	0xfffffff	_	
0x66	R/W	AuthenKey0	hex	4	0x00000000	0xfffffff		

16

Product Folder Link(s): bq28400



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Run Time to Empty

To predict how much run time the battery pack can supply to the host system, a "Run Time To Empty" value can be calculated.

The SBS host system needs to read, store, and update the following values during a discharging period and average them over a user-determined period of time:

- DSG bit of the BatteryStatus register (ensure that it is in discharge mode)
- AverageCurrent (mA)
 - Positive value = charge current
 - Negative value = discharge current
 - One minute rolling average of current (the user can accumulate this time for improved granularity)
- RemainingCapacity (mAh)

Then calculating:

RunTimeToEmpty = RemainingCapacity(avg mAh) ÷ AverageCurrent(avg mA) (The result will be in hours. For minutes, the user can take the above results and divide by 60.)

Charging Time to Full

To predict how much charging time before the battery pack is fully charged, a "Run Time To Full" value can be calculated.

The SBS host system needs to read, store, and update the following values during a charging period and average them over a user-determined period of time:

- DSG bit of the BatteryStatus register (specify in charge mode)
- AverageCurrent (mA)
 - Positive value = charge current
 - Negative value = discharge current
 - One minute rolling average of current (the user can accumulate this time for improved granularity)
- RemainingCapacity (mAh)

Then calculating:

RunTimeToFull = [FullChargeCapacity(avg mAh) - RemainingCapacity(avg mAh)] ÷ AverageCurrent(avg mA)

Remaining Capacity Alert

To provide enough time for action to be taken when the battery is below a pre-determined capacity, the user may implement a remaining capacity alarm alert in the SMBus host system. To do this, an SMBus read of the *RemainingCapacity* value should be completed then compared by the SMBus host to a user-selected value. If the read *RemainingCapacity* value is < the user's Remaining Capacity, then the host system should instruct the user of what action is needed.

Remaining Time Alert

Similar to the Remaining Capacity notification, the system operation may need an alarm notification based on time rather than remaining capacity. To do this, a determination of the *EndTimeToEmpty* (as discussed below) and compared by SMBus host to a user-selected remaining time limit value. If the *RemainingTimeLimit* value is < *EndTimeToEmpty*, then the host system should instruct the user of the action to be taken.



Cell Balancing

Cell balancing increases the useful life of battery packs. Cell-to-cell differences in self-discharge, capacity, and impedance can lead to different charge states among the cells; however, the charger terminates the charge based on the summed voltage only, which may leave some cells undercharged and others overcharged. To remedy this imbalance and to achieve the goal of having all cells reach 100% state-of-charge at charge termination, it is necessary to reduce the charge added to the overcharged cells by creating a current bypass during charging.

Cell balancing in the bq28400 is accomplished by connecting an external parallel bypass load to each cell and enabling the bypass load depending on each individual cell's charge state. The bypass load is typically formed by a P-CH MOSFET and a resistor. The series resistors that connect the cell tabs to VC1~VC2 pins of the bq28400 are required to be 1 k Ω . The bq28400 balances the cells during charge by discharging those cells above the threshold set in *Cell Balance Threshold*, if the maximum difference in cell voltages exceeds the value programmed in *Cell Balance Min*. During cell balancing, the bq28400 measures the cell voltages at an interval set in *Cell Balance Interval*. On the basis of the cell voltages, the bq28400 either selects the appropriate cell to discharge or adjusts the cell balance threshold up by the value programmed in *Cell Balance Window* when all cells exceed the cell balance threshold or the highest cell exceeds the cell balance threshold by the cell balance window.

Cell balancing only occurs when charging current is detected and the cell balance threshold is reset to the value in *Cell Balance Threshold* at the start of every charge cycle. The threshold is only adjusted once during any balance interval.

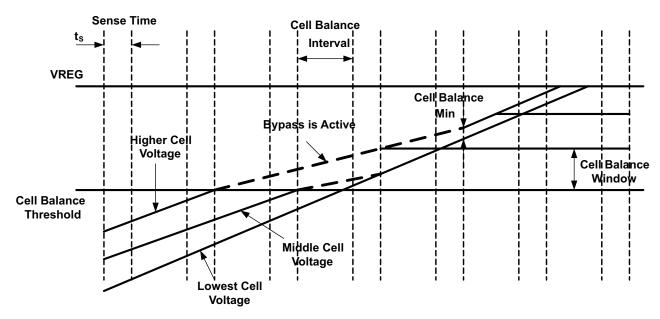


Figure 2. Cell Balance

The bq28400 supports cell balancing using an external MOSFET, as illustrated in Figure 3.

Figure 3 shows an example of a cell-balancing circuit for a 2-series cell application. In this circuit, Q1 and Q2 are the external MOSFETs—specifically, Si1023 P-channel MOSFETs. These FETs were chosen because of its low gate-to-source threshold voltage.



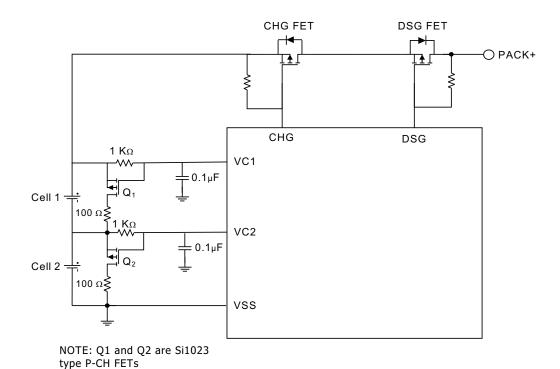


Figure 3. Internal Cell Balancing Control Circuit

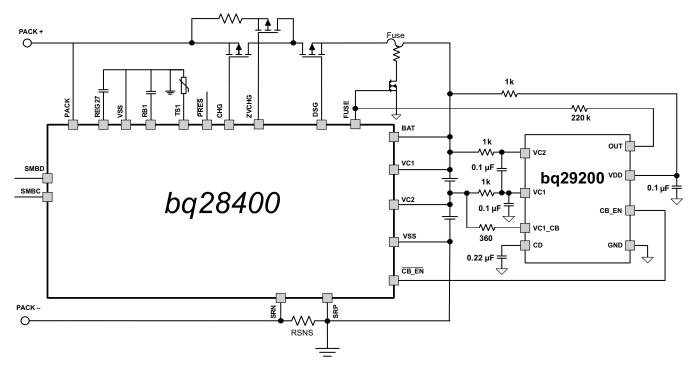


Figure 4. External Auto Cell Balancing Circuit

Layout Recommendations

For an accurate differential voltage sensing, the VSS ground should be connected directly to the most negative terminal of the battery stack, not to the positive side of the sense resistor. This minimizes the voltage drop across the PCB trace.



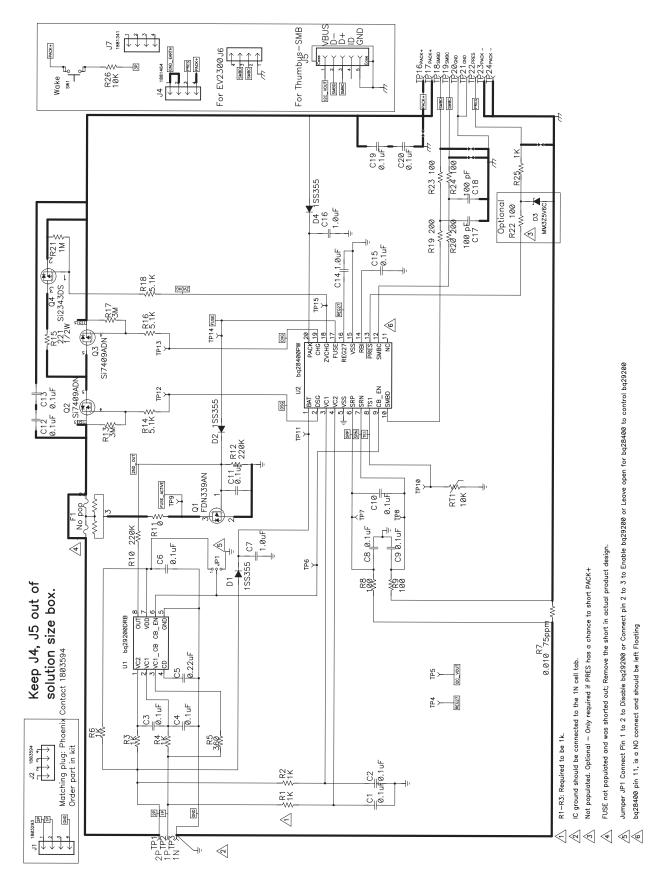


Figure 5. Application Schematic



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
BQ28400PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ28400	Samples
BQ28400PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ28400	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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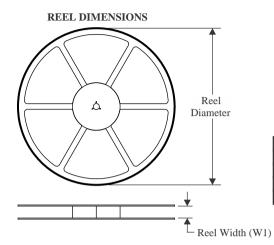


10-Dec-2020

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 12-Jul-2023

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device		Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
BQ28400PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.0	1.4	8.0	16.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 12-Jul-2023



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Device Package Type		Pins SPQ		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
BQ28400PWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	356.0	356.0	35.0	

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 12-Jul-2023

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
BQ28400PW	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5
BQ28400PW	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5
BQ28400PW	PW	TSSOP	20	70	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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