

Inductor Selection for the TAS2552 Boosted Class-D Amplifier

AIP Audio

ABSTRACT

TAS2552 boosted class-D amplifier contains a DC/DC converter which requires a properly sized inductor for optimal performance. This application report explains how to choose an inductor for the TAS2552.

Contents

TAS2552 Boost Converter	2
Boost Inductor and Input Capacitor Selection	3
Boost Inductor and THD+N	4
Revision History	4

Figures

Figure 1. Boost Converter Circuit	2
Figure 2. THD+N vs. Output Power	4

TAS2552 Boost Converter

The boost converter inside the TAS2552 creates 8.5 V from a 3.0-V to 5.5-V input voltage on the VBAT terminal. This boosted voltage supplies the class-D output stage enabling up to 4 W of power into an 8-Ohm load.

Setting bit D6 in register 2 enables the boost converter. Setting bit D5 in register 2 enables auto pass through mode, which configures the boost converter for class-G mode, automatically turning the boost on or off, depending on the signal level. The threshold and the deactivation delay for auto pass through mode is configurable in register 20. For details, see 7.5.22 in the TAS2552 data sheet.

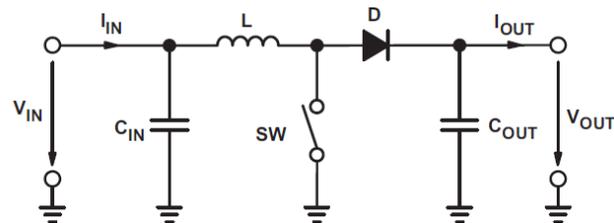


Figure 1. Boost Converter Circuit

[Figure 1](#) shows the equivalent circuit of the TAS2552 Boost Converter. The boost converter requires external passive components for proper operation: The input capacitor C_{IN} , the boost inductor L and the output capacitor C_{OUT} .

The TAS2552's internal logic controls the duty cycle of SW. When SW is closed, the current through L increases which builds a magnetic field and stores energy in the inductor. When SW opens, the (decreasing) current through the inductor charges the capacitor C_{OUT} . The diode prevents discharging the capacitor when SW is closed. The voltage across C_{OUT} is a function of the input voltage and the duty cycle (assuming ideal components).

The switch and diode are internal to the TAS2552, C_{OUT} attenuates ripple on the output and should be a low ESR (X5R or better dielectric material) ceramic capacitor (10 μ F, 16 V). The capacitor must maintain its 10- μ F specification at the boost voltage (8.5 V for the TAS2552).

Boost Inductor and Input Capacitor Selection

The boost inductor and the input capacitor determine the maximum output current and the stability of the boost converter.

The size of the inductor has a direct effect on the maximum output current because of the relationship between ripple current and inductance. Higher inductance has lower ripple current.

Ripple current ΔI_L is the amount the current through the inductor changes for each switching cycle. The inductor must be able to handle a total current of $I_{\max} + \Delta I_L / 2$ without saturating. Due to parasitic capacitor ESR, the ripple current will also produce a ripple voltage. The ripple current is a parameter with the following trade-offs:

- Low ripple current = high inductance, low ripple voltage
- High ripple current = high saturation current, high ripple voltage

For the TAS2552, a ripple current of 20% of the maximum current is a good estimate for a balanced trade-off between inductance and saturation current.

$$\Delta I_L = 0.2 \times I_{\max}$$

Example:

$$I_{\max} = 3 \text{ A}, \Delta I_L = 0.2 \times 3 \text{ A} = 600 \text{ mA}$$

The inductance is a function of input voltage, output voltage, switching frequency and ripple current:

$$L = V_{\text{IN}} \times (V_{\text{OUT}} - V_{\text{IN}}) / (\Delta I_L \times f_s \times V_{\text{OUT}})$$

f_s for the TAS2552 is 1.75 MHz; therefore,

$$L = 3.0 \text{ V} \times (8.5 \text{ V} - 3.0 \text{ V}) / (0.6 \text{ A} \times 1.75 \text{ MHz} \times 8.5 \text{ V}) = 1.9 \mu\text{H}$$

The input capacitor is required to stabilize the boost converter by supplying peak currents. Like the output capacitor, a low ESR ceramic capacitor (X5R or better) should be used. To ensure stability, the product of the boost inductor and the input capacitor, $L \times C_{\text{IN}}$, must be greater than $10\text{e-}12 \text{ s}^2$.

To achieve the rated performance of 1% THD at 4-W output power, TI recommends a 2.2- μH , 3.5-A boost inductor with a 22- μF , 16-V, X5R ceramic input capacitor. The capacitor must maintain its 22- μF specification over the V_{IN} range.

Boost Inductor and THD+N

If the application requires a small size inductor, THD+N performance will deteriorate as shown in [Figure 2](#): THD+N vs. output power for a 2.2- μH , 3-A and a 1- μH , 3-A inductor, $V_{\text{BAT}} = 3.6\text{ V}$, boost = enabled, auto-pass-through = disabled, 8-Ohm load, digital input signal (1kHz sine wave):

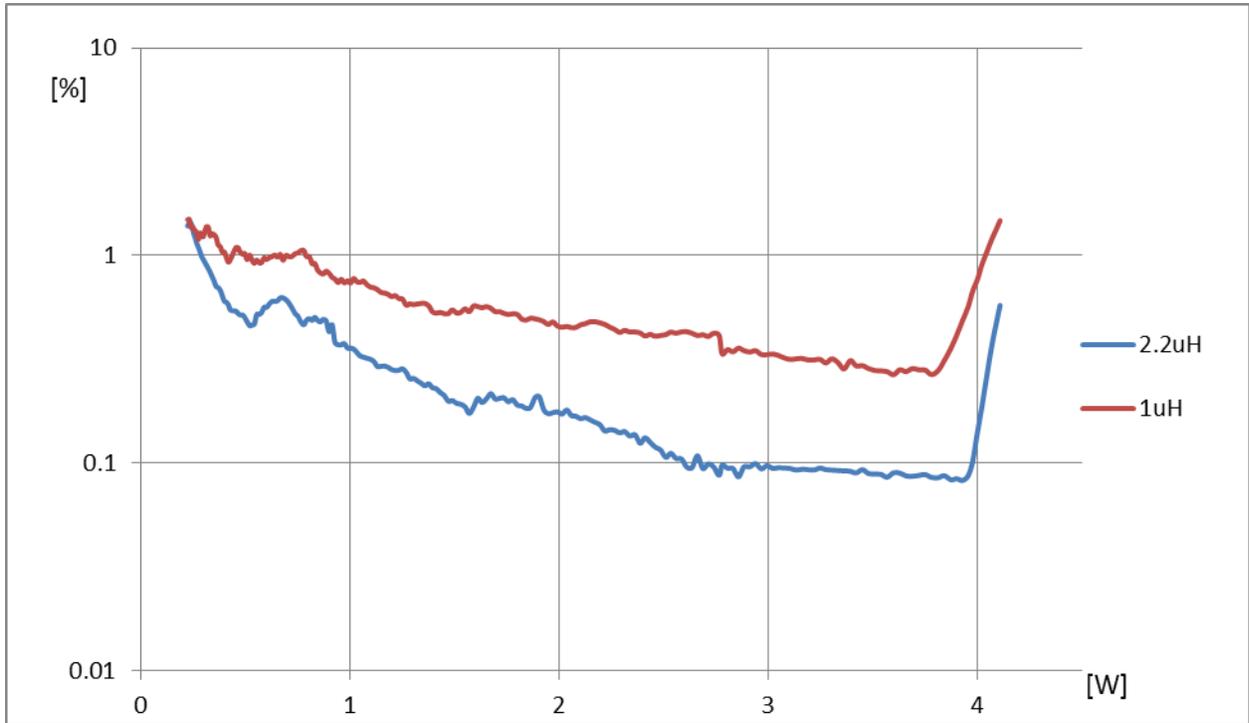


Figure 2. THD+N vs. Output Power

For best performance, a 2.2- μH inductor is recommended for the TAS2552.

Revision History

Changes from Original (April 2014) to A Revision	Page
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added <i>best performance</i> comment after Figure 2. 	4

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have **not** been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products

Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com
DSP	dsp.ti.com
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks
Interface	interface.ti.com
Logic	logic.ti.com
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity

Applications

Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Security	www.ti.com/security
Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video

TI E2E Community

e2e.ti.com