



## LM139-MIL クワッド差動コンパレータ

### 1 特長

- 広い電源電圧範囲
    - 単一電源: 2V~36V (30Vでテスト)
    - デュアル電源:  $\pm 1V \sim \pm 18V$  ( $\pm 15V$ でテスト)
  - 電源電圧に影響されない低い電源消費電流: 0.8mA (標準値)
  - 低い入力バイアス電流: 25nA (標準値)
  - 低い入力オフセット電流: 3nA (標準値)
  - 低い入力オフセット電圧: 2mV (標準値)
  - 同相入力電圧範囲にグランドが含まれる
  - 差動入力電圧範囲が最大定格電源電圧と同じ:  $\pm 36V$
  - 低い出力飽和電圧
  - TTL、MOS、CMOS互換出力
  - MIL-PRF-38535準拠の製品については、特に記述のない限り、すべてのパラメータはテスト済みです。
- 他のすべての製品については、量産プロセスにすべてのパラメータのテストが含まれているとは限りません。

### 2 アプリケーション

- 産業用
- オートモーティブ (車載)
  - インフォテインメントおよびクラスタ
  - 車体制御モジュール
- 電源監視
- 発振器
- ピーク検出器
- 論理電圧変換

### 3 概要

LM139-MILデバイスは4つの独立した電圧コンパレータで構成され、広い電圧範囲の単一電源で動作するよう設計されています。デュアル電源での動作も可能です。この場合、2つの電源の差が2V~36Vで、 $V_{CC}$ が入力同相電圧よりも1.5V以上高いことが条件です。消費電流は、電源電圧に依存しません。出力を他のオープン・コレクタ出力に接続し、ワイヤードAND関係を構築できます。

LM139-MILデバイスは、軍事用温度範囲-55°C~+125°C全体での動作が規定されています。

#### 製品情報<sup>(1)</sup>

型番	パッケージ	本体サイズ(公称)
LM139-MIL	CDIP (14)	21.30mm×7.60mm
	LCCC (20)	8.90mm×8.90mm
	CFP (14)	9.20mm×6.29mm
	SOIC (14)	8.70mm×3.90mm

(1) 提供されているすべてのパッケージについては、巻末の注文情報を参照してください。

#### 概略回路図



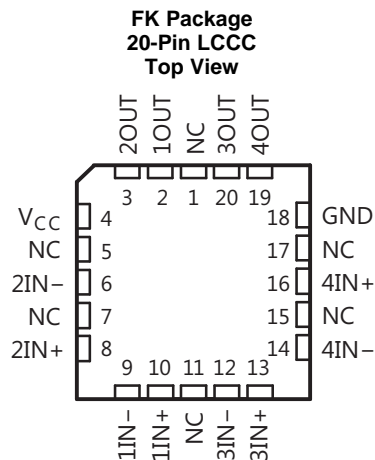
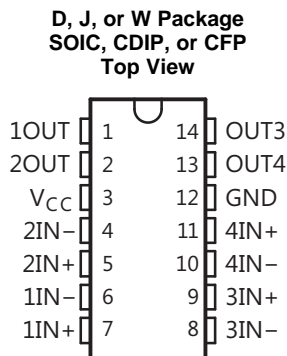
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## 4 改訂履歴

日付	改訂内容	注
2017年6月	*	初版

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



NC = no internal connection.

### Pin Functions

PIN			I/O <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
NAME	D, J, W	FK		
1IN+	7	10	I	Positive input pin of the comparator 1
1IN–	6	9	I	Negative input pin of the comparator 1
1OUT	1	2	O	Output pin of the comparator 1
2IN+	5	8	I	Positive input pin of the comparator 2
2IN–	4	6	I	Negative input pin of the comparator 2
2OUT	2	3	O	Output pin of the comparator 2
3IN+	9	13	I	Positive input pin of the comparator 3
3IN–	8	12	I	Negative input pin of the comparator 3
3OUT	14	20	O	Output pin of the comparator 3
4IN+	11	16	I	Positive input pin of the comparator 4
4IN–	10	14	I	Negative input pin of the comparator 4
4OUT	13	19	O	Output pin of the comparator 4
GND	12	18	—	Ground
V <sub>CC</sub>	3	4	—	Supply pin
NC	—	1	—	No connect (no internal connection)
		5		
		7		
		11		
		15		
		17		

(1) I = Input, O = Output

## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		36	V
V <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input voltage <sup>(3)</sup>		±36	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage range (either input)	–0.3	36	V
I <sub>K</sub>	Input current <sup>(4)</sup>		–50	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage		36	V
I <sub>O</sub>	Output current		20	mA
	Duration of output short circuit to ground <sup>(5)</sup>	Unlimited		
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating virtual-junction temperature		150	°C
	Case temperature for 60 s	FK package	260	°C
	Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 60 s	J package	300	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to network ground.
- (3) Differential voltages are at xIN+ with respect to xIN–.
- (4) Input current flows through parasitic diode to ground and will turn on parasitic transistors that will increase I<sub>CC</sub> and may cause output to be incorrect. Normal operation resumes when input is removed.
- (5) Short circuits from outputs to V<sub>CC</sub> can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	±500
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>	±750

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	2	30	V
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature	–55	125	°C

### 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		LM139-MIL				UNIT
		D (SOIC)	J (CDIP)	W (CFP)	FK (LCCC)	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	98.8	89.5	156.2	82.5	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(top)</sub>	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	64.3	46.1	86.7	60.7	°C/W
R <sub>θJB</sub>	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	59.7	78.7	154.6	59.4	°C/W
ψ <sub>JT</sub>	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	25.7	3	56.5	53	°C/W
ψ <sub>JB</sub>	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	59.3	71.8	133.5	58.4	°C/W
R <sub>θJC(bot)</sub>	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	—	24.2	14.3	9.7	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS <sup>(1)</sup>		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IO}$	Input offset voltage	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V to } 30\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = V_{ICR}\text{ min}$ , $V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2	5	mV
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$			9	
$I_{IO}$	Input offset current	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3	25	nA
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$			100	
$I_{IB}$	Input bias current	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		-25	-100	nA
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$			-300	
$V_{ICR}$	Common-mode input-voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0 to $V_{CC} - 1.5$		V
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$		0 to $V_{CC} - 2$		
$A_{VD}$	Large-signal differential-voltage amplification	$V_{CC+} = \pm 7.5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = -5\text{ V to } +5\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		200		V/mV
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current	$V_{ID} = 1\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} = 5\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.1		nA
			$V_{OH} = 30\text{ V}$	$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -1\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		150	400	mV
			$T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$			700	
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	$V_{ID} = -1\text{ V}$ , $V_{OL} = 1.5\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	6	16		mA
$I_{CC}$	Supply current (four comparators)	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , No load	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.8	2	mA

(1) All characteristics are measured with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified.

(2) The voltage at either input or common-mode must not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is  $V_{CC+} - 1.5\text{ V}$ ; however, one input can exceed  $V_{CC}$ , and the comparator will provide a proper output state as long as the other input remains in the common-mode range. Either or both inputs can go to 30 V without damage.

## 6.6 Switching Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	UNIT
Response time	$R_L$ connected to 5 V through 5.1 k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	100-mV input step with 5-mV overdrive	1.3	$\mu\text{s}$
		TTL-level input step	0.3	

(1)  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

(2) The response time specified is the interval between the input step function and the instant when the output crosses 1.4 V.

## 6.7 Typical Characteristics

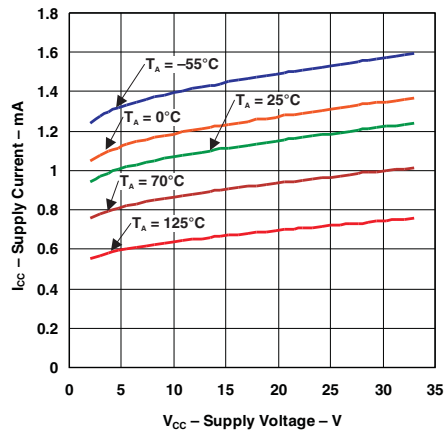


Figure 1. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

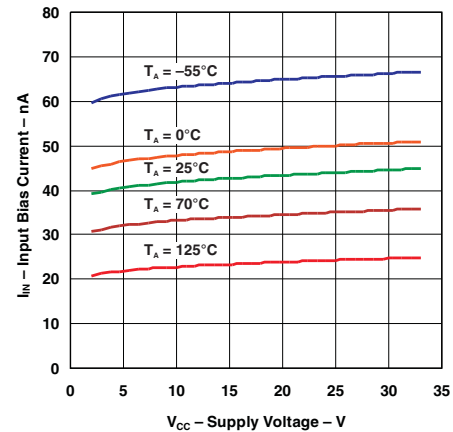


Figure 2. Input Bias Current vs Supply Voltage

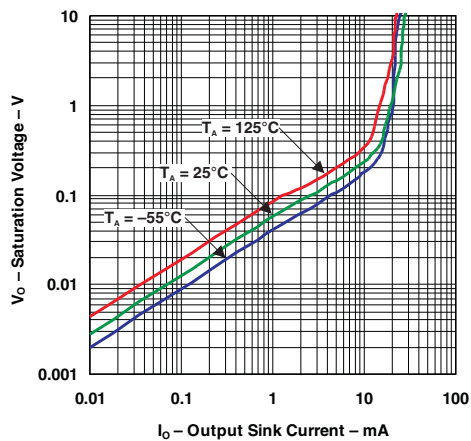


Figure 3. Output Saturation Voltage

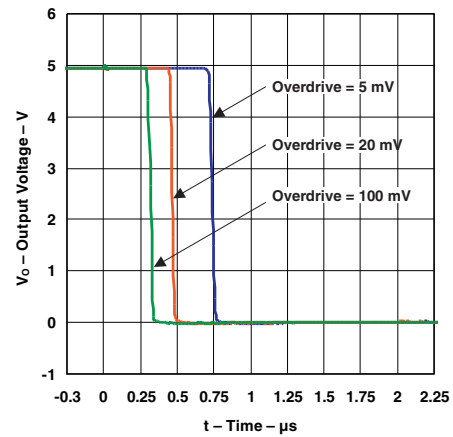


Figure 4. Response Time for Various Overdrives  
Negative Transition

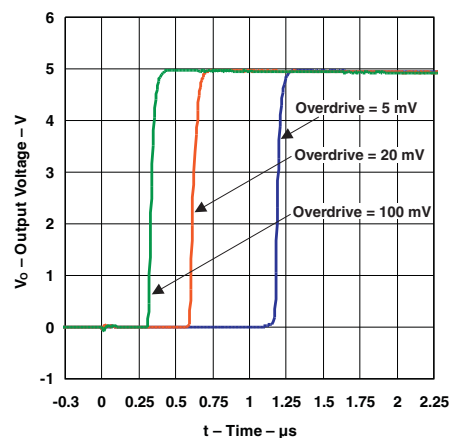


Figure 5. Response Time for Various Overdrives  
Positive Transition

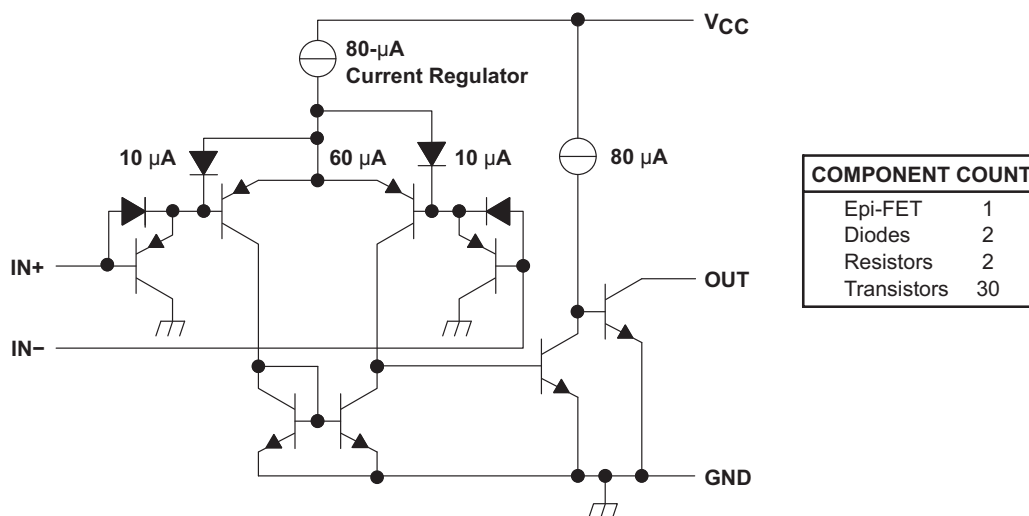
## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The LM139-MIL is a quad comparators with the ability to operate up to an absolute maximum of 36 V on the supply pin. This standard device has proven ubiquity and versatility across a wide range of applications. This is due to very wide supply voltages range (2 V up to 32 V), low  $I_q$ , and fast response of the device.

The open-drain output allows the user to configure the output logic low voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) and allows the comparator to be used in AND functionality.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



**Figure 6. Schematic (Each Comparator)**

### 7.3 Feature Description

The comparator consists of a PNP Darlington pair input, allowing the device to operate with very high gain and fast response with minimal input bias current. The input Darlington pair creates a limit on the input common-mode voltage capability, allowing the comparator to accurately function from ground to ( $V_{CC} - 1.5$  V) differential input. Allow for ( $V_{CC} - 2$  V) at cold temperature.

The output consists of an open-collector NPN (pulldown or low-side) transistor. The output NPN sinks current when the negative input voltage is higher than the positive input voltage and the offset voltage. The  $V_{OL}$  is resistive and scales with the output current. See the [Specifications](#) section for  $V_{OL}$  values with respect to the output current.

### 7.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 7.4.1 Voltage Comparison

The comparator operates solely as a voltage comparator, comparing the differential voltage between the positive and negative pins and outputting a logic low or high impedance (logic high with pullup) based on the input differential polarity.

## 8 Application and Implementation

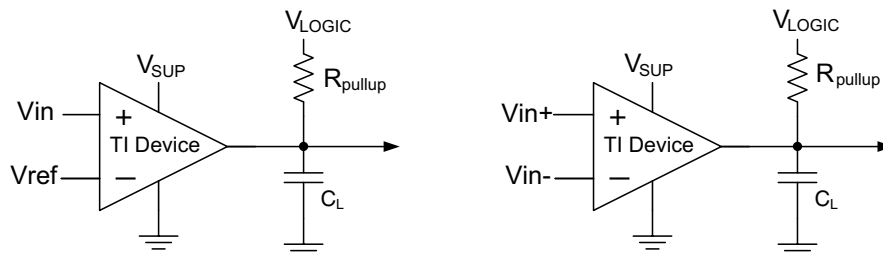
### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Validate and test the design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

Typically, a comparator compares either a single signal to a reference, or to two different signals. Many users take advantage of the open-drain output to drive the comparison logic output to a logic voltage level to an MCU or logic device. The wide supply range and high voltage capability makes the LM139-MIL device optimal for level shifting to a higher or lower voltage.

### 8.2 Typical Application



**Figure 7. Single-Ended and Differential Comparator Configurations**

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 1](#) as the input parameters.

**Table 1. Design Parameters**

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input Voltage Range	0 V to Vsup-1.5 V
Supply Voltage	4.5 V to VCC maximum
Logic Supply Voltage	0 V to VCC maximum
Output Current (R <sub>PULLUP</sub> )	1 $\mu$ A to 4 mA
Input Overdrive Voltage	100 mV
Reference Voltage	2.5 V
Load Capacitance (C <sub>L</sub> )	15 pF

#### 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When using the LM139-MIL in a general comparator application, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
- Minimum overdrive voltage
- Output and drive current
- Response time

##### 8.2.2.1 Input Voltage Range

When choosing the input voltage range, the input common-mode voltage range ( $V_{ICR}$ ) must be taken in to account. If temperature operation is above or below 25°C the  $V_{ICR}$  can range from 0 V to  $V_{CC} - 2$  V. This limits the input voltage range to as high as  $V_{CC} - 2$  V and as low as 0 V. Operation outside of this range can yield incorrect comparisons.



The following list describes the outcomes of some input voltage situations.

- When both IN– and IN+ are both within the common-mode range:
  - If IN– is higher than IN+ and the offset voltage, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current
  - If IN– is lower than IN+ and the offset voltage, the output is high impedance and the output transistor is not conducting
- When IN– is higher than common mode and IN+ is within common mode, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current
- When IN+ is higher than common mode and IN– is within common mode, the output is high impedance and the output transistor is not conducting
- When IN– and IN+ are both higher than common mode, the output is low and the output transistor is sinking current

#### **8.2.2.2 Minimum Overdrive Voltage**

Overdrive voltage is the differential voltage produced between the positive and negative inputs of the comparator over the offset voltage ( $V_{IO}$ ). To make an accurate comparison, the overdrive voltage ( $V_{OD}$ ) must be higher than the input offset voltage ( $V_{IO}$ ). Overdrive voltage can also determine the response time of the comparator, with the response time decreasing with increasing overdrive. [Figure 8](#) and [Figure 9](#) show positive and negative response times with respect to overdrive voltage.

#### **8.2.2.3 Output and Drive Current**

Output current is determined by the load and pullup resistance and logic and pullup voltage. The output current produces a low-level output voltage ( $V_{OL}$ ) from the comparator, where  $V_{OL}$  is proportional to the output current.

The output current can also effect the transient response.

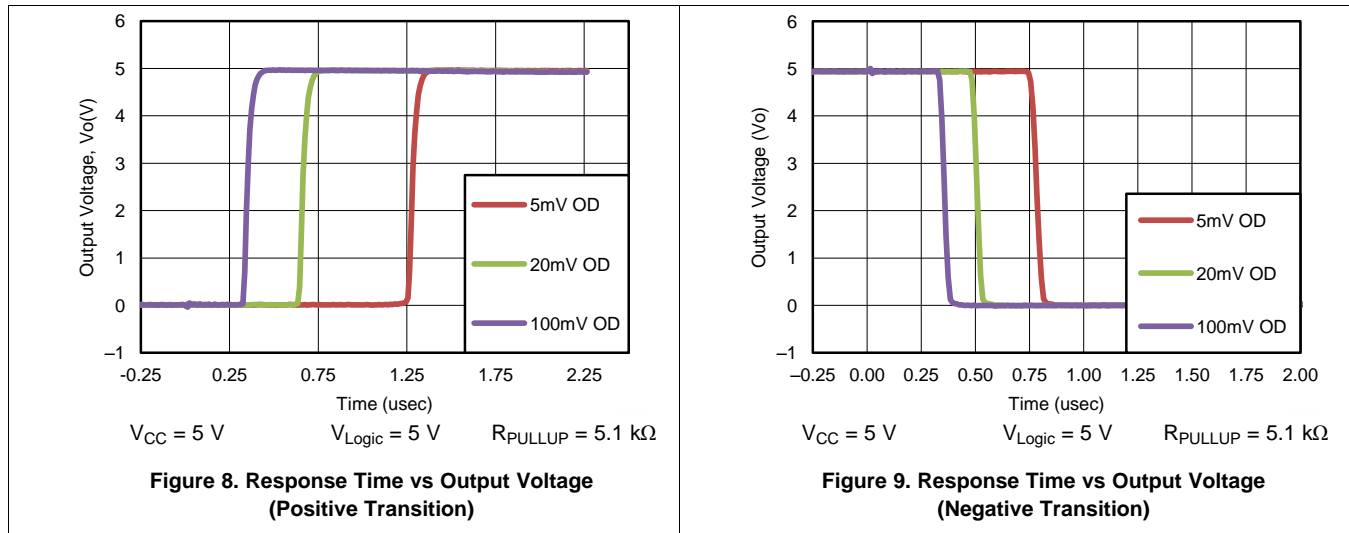
#### **8.2.2.4 Response Time**

Response time is a function of input over-drive. See the [Typical Characteristics](#) graphs for typical response times. The rise and fall times can be determined by the load capacitance ( $C_L$ ), load/pull-up resistance ( $R_{PULLUP}$ ) and equivalent collector-emitter resistance ( $R_{CE}$ ).

- The rise time ( $\tau_R$ ) is approximately  $\tau_R \sim R_{PULLUP} \times C_L$
- The fall time ( $\tau_F$ ) is approximately  $\tau_F \sim R_{CE} \times C_L$ 
  - $R_{CE}$  can be determined by taking the slope of [Figure 3](#) in its linear region at the desired temperature, or by dividing the  $V_{OL}$  by  $I_{OUT}$

### 8.2.3 Application Curves

Figure 8 and Figure 9 were generated with scope probe parasitic capacitance of 50 pF.



## 9 Power Supply Recommendations

For fast response and comparison applications with noisy or AC inputs, use a bypass capacitor on the supply pin to reject any variation on the supply voltage. This variation can affect the common-mode range of the comparator input and create an inaccurate comparison.

## 10 Layout

### 10.1 Layout Guidelines

To create an accurate comparator application without hysteresis, maintain a stable power supply with minimized noise and glitches, which can affect the high level input common-mode voltage range. To achieve this accuracy, add a bypass capacitor between the supply voltage and ground. Place a bypass capacitor on the positive power supply and negative supply (if available).

#### NOTE

If a negative supply is not being used, do not place a capacitor between the GND pin of the device and system ground.

### 10.2 Layout Example

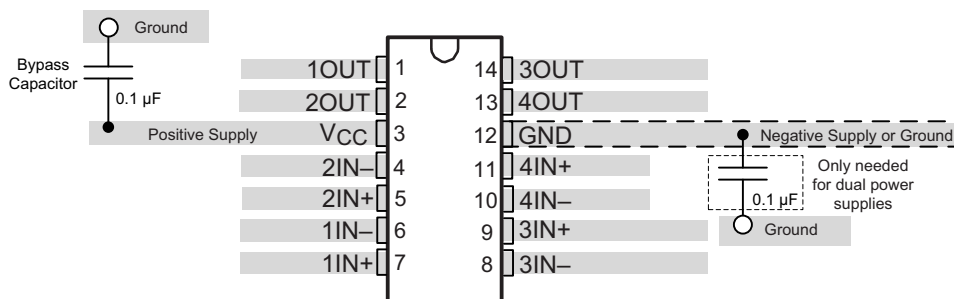


Figure 10. LM139-MIL Layout Example

## 11 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

### 11.1 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、[ti.com](http://ti.com)のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。右上の隅にある「通知を受け取る」をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取れます。変更の詳細については、修正されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

### 11.2 コミュニティ・リソース

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

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All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

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これらのデバイスは、限定的なESD (静電破壊) 保護機能を内蔵しています。保存時または取り扱い時は、MOSゲートに対する静電破壊を防止するために、リード線同士をショートさせておくか、デバイスを導電フォームに入れる必要があります。

### 11.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 12 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。これらの情報は、指定のデバイスに対して提供されている最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。このデータシートのブラウザ対応版については、左側にあるナビゲーションを参照してください。

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">77008012A</a>	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	77008012A LM139FKB
<a href="#">7700801CA</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801CA LM139JB
<a href="#">7700801DA</a>	Active	Production	CFP (W)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801DA LM139WB
<a href="#">JM38510/11201BCA</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510 /11201BCA
JM38510/11201BCA.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510 /11201BCA
<a href="#">LM139FK</a>	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139FK
LM139FK.A	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139FK
<a href="#">LM139FKB</a>	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	77008012A LM139FKB
LM139FKB.A	Active	Production	LCCC (FK)   20	55   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	77008012A LM139FKB
<a href="#">LM139J</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139J
LM139J.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139J
<a href="#">LM139JB</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801CA LM139JB
LM139JB.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801CA LM139JB
<a href="#">LM139W</a>	Active	Production	CFP (W)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139W
LM139W.A	Active	Production	CFP (W)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	LM139W
<a href="#">LM139WB</a>	Active	Production	CFP (W)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801DA LM139WB
LM139WB.A	Active	Production	CFP (W)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	7700801DA LM139WB
<a href="#">M38510/11201BCA</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   14	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	JM38510 /11201BCA

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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#### **OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF LM139-MIL :**

- Space : [LM139-SP](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Space - Radiation tolerant, ceramic packaging and qualified for use in Space-based application

W (R-GDFP-F14)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

**FK 20**

**LCCC - 2.03 mm max height**

8.89 x 8.89, 1.27 mm pitch

LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4229370VA\

**J 14**

## GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

**CDIP - 5.08 mm max height**

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.  
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

4040083-5/G



**J0014A****PACKAGE OUTLINE****CDIP - 5.08 mm max height**

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



4214771/A 05/2017

**NOTES:**

1. All controlling linear dimensions are in inches. Dimensions in brackets are in millimeters. Any dimension in brackets or parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
4. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only and on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
5. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 and GDIP1-T14.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

J0014A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN LINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED  
SCALE: 5X



4214771/A 05/2017

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