











I P5866T

JAJSOY4B - MAY 2023 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2023

LP5866T 6×18 LED 大電流マトリクス ドライバ、8 ビット アナログおよび 8/16 ビット PWM 調光付き

1 特長

- LED マトリクスのトポロジ:
 - 108 の LED ドットに対する 6 のスキャン スイッチを 備えた 18 個の定電流シンク
 - 1~6 に構成できるスキャン スイッチ
- 動作電圧範囲:
 - V_{CC}/V_{LED} 範囲:2.7V~5.5V
 - 1.8V、3.3V、5V 互換のロジックピン
- 18 個の高精度定電流シンク:
 - 電流シンクあたり 100mA (V_{CC} ≥ 3.3V)
 - デバイス間誤差:±5%
 - チャネル間誤差:±5%
 - 位相シフトによる過渡電力の平衡化
- 極めて低い消費電力:
 - シャットダウン モード: I_{CC} ≦ 1µA (EN = Low 時)
 - スタンバイ モード: I_{CC} ≦ 10µA (EN = High かつ CHIP_EN = 0 (データ保持) 時)
 - アクティブ モード:I_{CC} = 5mA (標準値)、チャネル 電流 = 12.5mA
- 柔軟な調光オプション:
 - 各 LED ドットを個別にオン / オフ制御
 - アナログ調光法 (電流ゲイン制御)
 - すべての LED ドットに対するグローバル 7 ステ ップ最大電流 (MC) 設定
 - 3 グループの 7 ビット カラー電流 (CC) RGB 設定
 - 各 LED ドットに対する個別の 8 ビットドット電 流 (DC) 設定
 - 可聴ノイズが発生しない周波数を使った PWM 調 光
 - すべての LED ドットに対するグローバル 8 ビッ トPWM 調光法
 - LED ドットを任意に割り当てるための 3 つのプ ログラム可能な8ビットPWM調光法グループ
 - 各 LED ドットに対する個別の 8 ビットまたは 16 ビット PWM 調光法
- データ通信量を最小限に抑えるための完全にアドレス 指定可能な SRAM
- 個別の LEDドット開放 / 短絡検出
- ゴースト除去および低輝度補償機能
- インターフェイス オプション
 - 1MHz (最大値) の I²C インターフェイス (IFS = Low 時)
 - 12MHz (最大値) の SPI インターフェイス (IFS = High 時)

2 アプリケーション

- LED アニメーションおよび表示:
 - 大型およびスマート家電
 - グローバル RGB キーボードのバックライト
 - 屋外キーパッドのバックライト
 - ビデオ監視および IP カメラ用 IR モジュール
 - 光学モジュール内のレーザー・ダイオード

3 概要

LP5866T は、大電流で高性能の LED マトリクス ドライバ です。本デバイスは、N (N = 6/8/11) スイッチング MOSFET を備えた 18 の定電流シンクを内蔵しており、を サポートします。LP5866T は、最大 108 の LED ドットま たは 36 の RGB LED に対応する 6 個の MOSFET を内 蔵しています。

LP5866T はアナログ調光法と PWM 調光法の両方をサ ポートしています。アナログ調光法の場合、各 LED ドット を 256 ステップで調整できます。 PWM 調光法の場合、内 蔵の8ビットまたは16ビット構成可能PWMジェネレータ が、滑らかで可聴ノイズの発生しない調光制御を実現しま す。各 LED ドットを 8 ビット グループ PWM に任意に割り 当てることで、調光制御をまとめて行うこともできます。

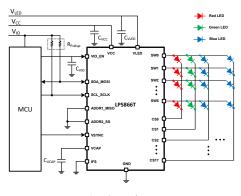
LP5866T デバイスは、データ通信量を最小限に抑えるた めに、完全にアドレス指定可能な SRAM を実装していま す。上側と下側のゴーストを除去するため、ゴーストキャン セル回路を内蔵しています。LP5866T は LED 開放 / 短 絡検出機能もサポートしています。LP5866Tでは、1MHz (最大値) の I²C と 12MHz (最大値) の SPI が使用できま

パッケージ情報

部品番号	パッケージ ⁽¹⁾	本体サイズ (公称)
LP5866T	RKP (VQFN, 40)	5.00mm × 5.00mm

利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、データシートの末尾 にある注文情報を参照してください。





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4 Device Comparison

PART NUMBER	MATERIAL	LED DOT NUMBER	MAX CURRENT PER CS	PACKAGE ⁽²⁾	SOFTWARE COMPATIBLE
LP5861T	LP5861TRSMR	18 × 1 = 18	125mA	VQFN-32	
LPS0011	LP5861TMRSMR ⁽¹⁾	18 × 1 = 18	125MA	VQFN-32	
LP5866T	LP5866TRKPR	18 × 6 = 108			
LP30001	LP5866TMRKPR ⁽¹⁾	10 * 0 = 100			
LP5868T	LP5868TRKPR	10.0.111		0mA VQFN-40	
LP30001	LP5868TMRKPR ⁽¹⁾	18 × 8 = 144	100mA	VQFN-40	
LDEGGOT	LP5860TRKPR	40 44 - 400			
LP5860T	LP5860TMRKPR ⁽¹⁾	18 × 11 = 198			
LP5861	LP5861RSMR	18 × 1 = 18		VQFN-32	
LP5862	LP5862RSMR	18 × 2 = 36		VQFN-32	Yes
LF3002	LP5862DBTR	10 ^ 2 - 30		TSSOP-38	
LP5864	LP5864RSMR	18 × 4 = 72		VQFN-32	
LF3004	LP5864MRSMR ⁽¹⁾	10 ^ 4 - 72		VQFIN-32	
	LP5866RKPR		50mA	VQFN-40	
LP5866	LP5866DBTR	18 × 6 = 108		TSSOP-38	
	LP5866MDBTR ⁽¹⁾			1330F-36	
LP5868	LP5868RKPR	18 × 8 = 144	1	VQFN-40	
LP5860	LP5860RKPR	18 × 11 = 198		VQFN-40	
LPOODU	LP5860MRKPR ⁽¹⁾	10 * 11 - 190		V Q F IN-40	

Extended Temperature devices, supporting -55° C to approximately 125°C operating ambient temperature. The same packages are hardware compatible. (1)

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

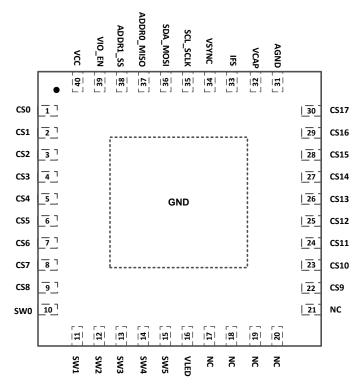


図 5-1. LP5866T RKP Package 40-Pin VQFN with Exposed Thermal Pad Top View

表 5-1. Pin Functions

P	IN	I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION
1	CS0	0	Current sink 0. If not used, this pin must be floating.
2	CS1	0	Current sink 1. If not used, this pin must be floating.
3	CS2	0	Current sink 2. If not used, this pin must be floating.
4	CS3	0	Current sink 3. If not used, this pin must be floating.
5	CS4	0	Current sink 4. If not used, this pin must be floating.
6	CS5	0	Current sink 5. If not used, this pin must be floating.
7	CS6	0	Current sink 6. If not used, this pin must be floating.
8	CS7	0	Current sink 7. If not used, this pin must be floating.
9	CS8	0	Current sink 8. If not used, this pin must be floating.
10	SW0	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 0. If not used, this pin must be floating.
11	SW1	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 1. If not used, this pin must be floating.
12	SW2	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 2. If not used, this pin must be floating.
13	SW3	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 3. If not used, this pin must be floating.
14	SW4	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 4. If not used, this pin must be floating.
15	SW5	0	High-side PMOS switch output for scan line 5. If not used, this pin must be floating.
16	VLED	Power	Power input for high-side switches.
17	NC	-	No connection.
18	NC	-	No connection.
19	NC	-	No connection.
20	NC	-	No connection.



表 5-1. Pin Functions (続き)

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION			
NO.	NAME	1/0	DESCRIPTION			
21	NC	-	No connection.			
22	CS9	0	Current sink 9. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
23	CS10	0	Current sink 10. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
24	CS11	0	Current sink 11. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
25	CS12	0	Current sink 12. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
26	CS13	0	Current sink 13. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
27	CS14	0	Current sink 14. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
28	CS15	0	Current sink 15. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
29	CS16	0	Current sink 16. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
30	CS17	0	Current sink 17. If not used, this pin must be floating.			
31	AGND	Ground	Analog ground. Must be connected to exposed thermal pad and common ground pla			
32	VCAP	0	Internal LDO output. An 1µF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND. Place the capacitor as close to the device as possible.			
33	IFS	1	Interface type select. I ² C is selected when IFS is low. SPI is selected when IFS is high. A resistor must be connected between VIO and this pin.			
34	VSYNC	1	External synchronize signal for display mode 2 and mode 3.			
35	SCL_SCLK	I	I ² C clock input or SPI clock input. Pull up to VIO when configured as I ² C.			
36	SDA_MOSI	I/O	I ² C data input or SPI leader output follower input. Pull up to VIO when configured as I ² C.			
37	ADDR0_MISO	I/O	I ² C address select 0 or SPI leader input follower output.			
38	ADDR1_SS	1	I ² C address select 1 or SPI follower select.			
39	VIO_EN	Power,I	Power supply for digital circuits and chip enable. An 1nF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND and be placed as close to the device as possible.			
40	VCC	Power	Power supply for device. A 1µF capacitor must be connected between this pin with GND and be placed as close to the device as possible.			
Exposed Thermal Pad	GND	Ground	Must be connected to AGND and common ground plane.			

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage on V _{CC} / V _{LED} / VIO / EN / CS / SW / SDA / SCL / SCLK / MOSI / MISO / SS / ADDR0 / ADDR1 / VSYNC / IFS		-0.3	6	V
Voltage on VCAP		-0.3	2	V
TJ	Junction temperature	– 55	150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±3000	V
V _(ESD)	Liectiostatic discriatge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-002, all pins ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

- JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
Input voltage on V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V
Input voltage on V _{LED}	LED supply voltage	2.7	5.5	V
Input voltage on VIO_EN		1.65	5.5	V
Voltage on SDA / SCL / SCLK / MOSI / MISO / SS / ADDRx / VSYNC / IFS			VIO	V
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	-40	85	°C
T _A	Operating ambient temperature - LP5860TMRKPR, LP5866TMRKPR and LP5868TMRKPR	-55	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		LP5860T, LP5868T, LP5866T	
	THERMAL METRIC	RKP (VQFN)	UNIT
		40 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	31.4	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	22.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	12.0	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.3	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	12.0	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	3.5	°C/W

Product Folder Links: LP5866T

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資料に関するフィードバック(ご意見やお問い合わせ) を送信



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{LED} = 5V, VIO = 1.8V and T_A = -40°C to +85°C(T_A = -55°C to +125°C for LP5860TMRKPR, LP5866TMRKPR and LP5868TMRKPR); Typical values are at T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	= 25°C (unless otherwise specified) TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power su	upplies					
V _{CC}	Device supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V _{UVR}	Undervoltage restart	V _{CC} rising, Test mode			2.5	V
V _{UVF}	Undervoltage shutdown	V _{CC} falling, Test mode	1.9			V
V _{UV_HYS}	Undervoltage shutdown hysteresis			0.3		V
V _{CAP}	Internal LDO output	V _{CC} = 2.7V to 5.5V		1.78		V
	Shutdown supply current I _{SHUTDOWN}	V_{EN} = 0, CHIP_EN = 0 (bit), ADDx = 0; measure the total current from V_{CC} and V_{LED}		0.1	1.5	μA
I _{CC}	Standby supply current I _{STANDBY}	V_{EN} = 3.3V, CHIP_EN = 0 (bit), measure the total current from V_{CC} and V_{LED}		5.5	12	μΑ
	Active mode supply current I _{NORMAL}	V_{EN} = 3.3V, CHIP_EN = 1 (bit), all channels I _{OUT} = 12.5 mA (MC = 1, CC = 127, DC = 256), measure the current from V_{CC}		4.3	6	mA
V _{LED}	LED supply voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V _{VIO}	VIO supply voltage		1.65		5.5	V
I _{VIO}	VIO supply current	Interface idle			5	μA
Output S	tages					
	Constant current sink output range (CS0	2.7 <= V _{CC} < 3.3V, PWM = 100%	0.1		75	mA
I _{CS}	- CS17)	V _{CC} >= 3.3V PWM = 100%	0.1		100	mA
I _{LKG}	Leakage current (CS0 – CS17)	channels off, up_deghost = 0, V _{CS} =5V		0.1	1	μA
lerr_DD Device to device current error, lerr_DD = (lave-lset)/lset×100%		All channels ON. Current set to 1 mA. MC = 0 CC = 17 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 25 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
	All channels ON. Current set to 50 mA. MC = 4 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-5		5	%	
		All channels ON. Current set to 75 mA. MC=5 CC=64 DC=255 PWM=100%	-5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 100 mA. MC = 6 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 1 mA. MC = 0 CC = 17 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	-5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 25 mA. MC = 2 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
I _{ERR_CC}	Channel to channel current error, $I_{ERR_CC} = (I_{OUTX} - I_{AVE}) / I_{AVE} \times 100\%$	All channels ON. Current set to 50 mA. MC = 4 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 75 mA. MC=5 CC=64 DC=255 PWM=100%	-5		5	%
		All channels ON. Current set to 100 mA. MC = 6 CC = 127 DC = 255 PWM = 100%	– 5		5	%
f	LED PWM frequency	PWM_Fre = 1, PWM = 100%		62.5		KHz
t _{PWM}	LED FYVIVI Hequency	PWM_Fre = 0, PWM = 100%		125		KHz

Product Folder Links: LP5866T

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 V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{LED} = 5V, VIO = 1.8V and T_A = -40°C to +85°C(T_A = -55°C to +125°C for LP5860TMRKPR, LP5866TMRKPR and LP5868TMRKPR); Typical values are at T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP M	AX	UNIT
		I _{OUT} = 100mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5% (only apply to LP5860TMRKPR, LP5866TMRKPR and LP5868TMRKPR)			0.8	V
V_{SAT}	Output saturation voltage	I _{OUT} = 100mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5% (only apply to LP5860TRKPR, LP5866TRKPR and LP5868TRKPR)			0.7	V
		I _{OUT} = 75mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5%			0.6	V
		I _{OUT} = 25mA, decreasing output voltage, when the LED current has dropped 5%			0.5	V
		V _{LED} = 2.7 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA		450		mΩ
		V _{LED} = 2.7 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA, LP5860MRKPR and LP5864MRSMR		450		mΩ
		V _{LED} = 3.8 V, I _{SW} = 200mA		380		mΩ
R_{SW}	High-side PMOS ON resistance	V _{LED} = 3.8 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA, LP5860MRKPR and LP5864MRSMR		380		mΩ
		V _{LED} = 5 V, I _{SW} = 200 mA		310		mΩ
		V _{LED} = 5V, I _{SW} = 200 mA, LP5860MRKPR and LP5864MRSMR		310		mΩ
Logic Inte	erfaces				•	
V _{LOGIC_IL}	Low-level input voltage, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx, VSYNC, IFS			0.3 x \	/IO	V
V _{LOGIC_IH}	High-level input voltage, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx, VSYNC, IFS		0.7 x VIO			V
V _{EN_IL}	Low-level input voltage of EN				0.4	V
V _{EN_IH}	High-level input voltage of EN	When V _{CAP} powered up	1.4			V
I _{LOGIC_I}	Input current, SDA, SCL, SCLK, MOSI, SS, ADDRx		-1		1	μΑ
V _{LOGIC_O}	Low-level output voltage, SDA, MISO	I _{PULLUP} = 3 mA			0.4	٧
V _{LOGIC_O}	High-level output voltage, MISO	I _{PULLUP} = –3 mA	0.7 x VIO			V
Protectio	n Circuits					
V _{LOD_TH}	Thershold for channel open detection			0.25		V
V _{LSD_TH}	Thershold for channel short detection		V _L	_{ED} – 1		V
T _{TSD}	Thermal-shutdown junction temperature			150		°C
T _{HYS}	Thermal shutdown temperature hysteresis			15		°C

6.6 Timing Requirements

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
MISC. Tim	ming Requirements			•	
f _{OSC}	Internal oscillator frequency		31.2		MHz
f _{OSC_ERR}	Device to device oscillator frequency error	-3%		3%	
t _{POR_H}	Wait time from UVLO disactive to device NORMAL			500	μs
t _{CHIP_EN}	Wait time from setting Chip_EN (Register) =1 to device NORMAL			100	μs
t _{RISE}	LED output rise time		10		ns



		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
t _{FALL}	LED output fall time		15		ns
t _{VSYNC_H}	The minimum high-level pulse width of VSYNC	200			μs
SPI timing	requirements				
f _{SCLK}	SPI Clock frequency			12	MHz
1	Cycle time	83.3			ns
2	SS active lead-time	50			ns
3	SS active leg time	50			ns
4	SS inactive time	50			ns
5	SCLK low time	36			ns
6	SCLK high time	36			ns
7	MOSI set-up time	20			ns
8	MOSI hold time	20			ns
9	MISO disable time			30	ns
10	MISO data valid time			35	ns
C _b	Bus capacitance	5		40	pF
I ² C fast m	ode timing requirements	<u> </u>			
f _{SCL}	I ² C clock frequency	0		400	KHz
1	Hold time (repeated) START condition	600			ns
2	Clock low time	1300			ns
3	Clock high time	600			ns
4	Setup time for a repeated START condition	600			ns
5	Data hold time	0			ns
6	Data setup time	100			ns
7	Rise time of SDA and SCL			300	ns
8	Fall time of SDA and SCL			300	ns
9	Setup time for STOP condition	600			ns
10	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition	1.3			μs
I ² C fast m	ode plus timing requirements	<u> </u>			
f _{SCL}	I ² C clock frequency	0		1000	KHz
1	Hold time (repeated) START condition	260			ns
2	Clock low time	500			ns
3	Clock high time	260			ns
4	Setup time for a repeated START condition	260			ns
5	Data hold time	0			ns
6	Data setup time	50			ns
7	Rise time of SDA and SCL			120	ns
8	Fall time of SDA and SCL			120	ns
9	Setup time for STOP condition	260			ns
10	Bus free time between a STOP and a START condition	0.5			μs

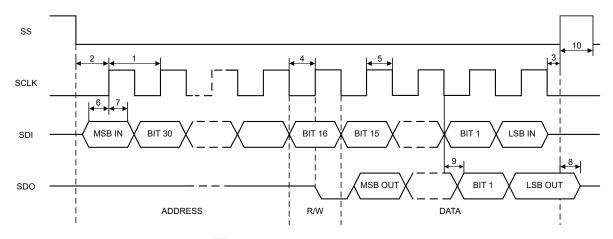


図 6-1. SPI Timing Parameters

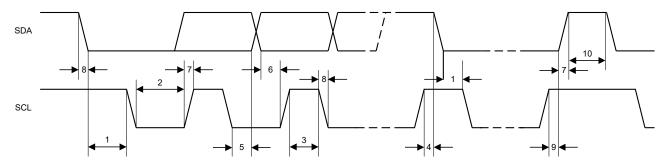
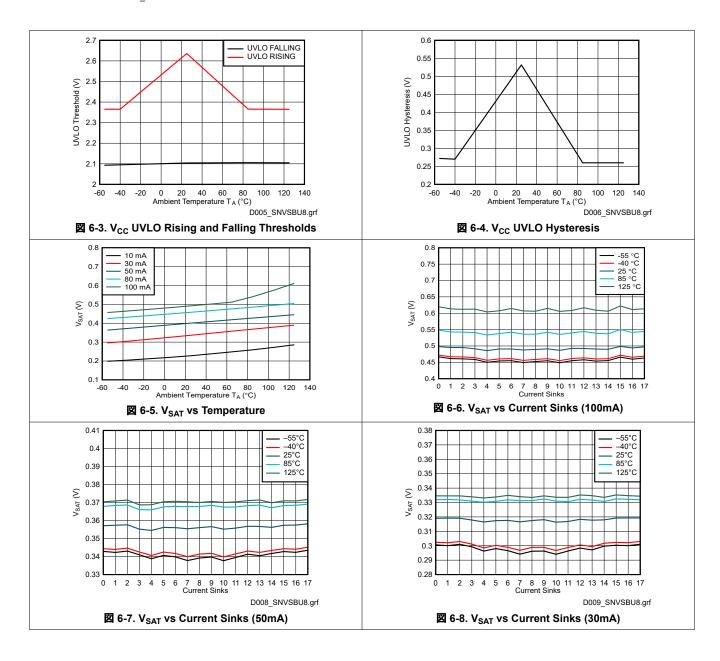


図 6-2. I²C Timing Parameters



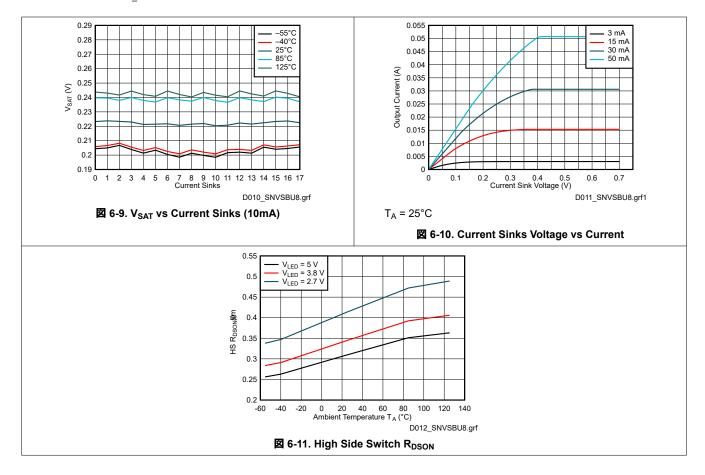
6.7 Typical Characteristics

Unless specified otherwise, typical characteristics apply over the full ambient temperature range ($-55^{\circ}C < T_A < +125^{\circ}C$ for LP5866TMRKPR, LP5864MRSMR, and LP5866MDBTR while $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < +85^{\circ}C$ for the other devices), $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_{IO} = 3.3V$, $V_{LED} = 5V$, $I_{LED\ Peak} = 50$ mA, $C_{VLED} = 1\mu$ F, $C_{VCC} = 1\mu$ F.



6.7 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Unless specified otherwise, typical characteristics apply over the full ambient temperature range ($-55^{\circ}C < T_A < +125^{\circ}C$ for LP5866TMRKPR, LP5864MRSMR, and LP5866MDBTR while $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < +85^{\circ}C$ for the other devices), $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_{IO} = 3.3V$, $V_{LED} = 5V$, $I_{LED\ Peak} = 50$ mA, $C_{VLED} = 1\mu$ F, $C_{VCC} = 1\mu$ F.





7 Detailed Description

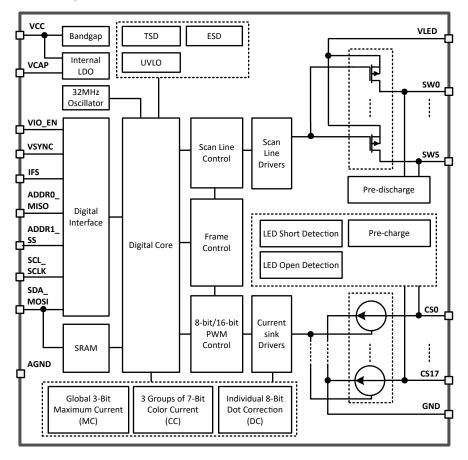
7.1 Overview

The LP5866T is an 6 × 18 LED matrix driver. The device integrates 6 switching FETs with 18 constant current sinks. One LP5866T device can drive up to 108 LED dots or 36 RGB pixels by using time-multiplexing matrix scheme.

The LP5866T supports both analog dimming and PWM dimming methods. For analog dimming, the current gain of each individual LED dot can be adjusted with 256 steps through 8-bits dot correction. For PWM dimming, the integrated 8-bits or 16-bits configurable, > 20KHz PWM generators for each LED dot enable smooth, vivid animation effects without audible noise. Each LED can also be mapped into a 8-bits group PWM to achieve the group control with minimum data traffic.

The LP5866T device implements full addressable SRAM. The device supports entire SRAM data refresh and partial SRAM data update on demand to minimize the data traffic. The LP5866T implements the ghost cancellation circuit to eliminate both upside and downside ghosting. The LP5866T also uses low brightness compensation technology to support high density LED pixels. Both 1MHz (maximum) I²C and 12MHz (maximum) SPI interfaces are available in the LP5866T.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Time-Multiplexing Matrix

The LP5866T device uses a time-multiplexing matrix scheme to support up to 108 LED dots with one chip. The device integrates 18 current sinks with 6 scan lines to drive $18 \times 6 = 108$ LED dots or $6 \times 6 = 36$ RGB pixels. In matrix control scheme, the device scans from Line 0 to Line 5 sequentially as shown in $\boxed{2}$ 7-1. Current gain and PWM duty registers are programmable for each LED dot to support individual analog and PWM dimming.

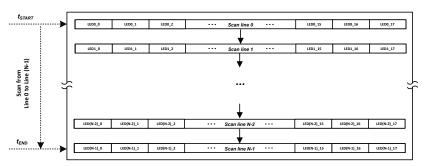


図 7-1. Scan Line Control Scheme

There are 6 high-side p-channel MOSFETs (PMOS) integrated in LP5866T device. The time-multiplexing matrix timing sequence follows the \boxtimes 7-2.

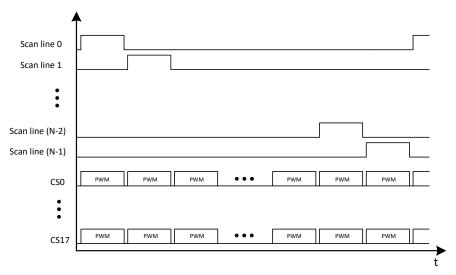


図 7-2. Time-Multiplexing Matrix Timing Sequence



One cycle time of the line switching can be calculated as below:

$$t_{line\ switch} = t_{PWM} + t_{SW\ BLK} + 2 \times t_{phase\ shift}$$
 (1)

- t_{PWM} is the current sink active time, which equals to 8µs (PWM frequency set at 125kHz) or 16µs (PWM frequency set at 62.5kHz) by configuring 'PWM_Fre' in Dev_initial register.
- t_{SW_BLK} is the switch blank time, which equals to 1μs or 0.5μs by configuring 'SW_BLK' in Dev_config1 register.
- t_{phase_shift} is the PWM phase shift time, which equal to 0 or 125ns by configuring 'PWM_Phase_Shift' in Dev_config1 register.

Total display time for one complete sub-period is t_{sub_period} and can be calculated by the following equation:

$$t_{\text{sub period}} = t_{\text{line switch}} \times \text{Scan_line}\#$$
 (2)

· Scan line# is the scan line number determined by 'Max Line Num' in Dev initial register.

The time-multiplexing matrix scheme time diagram is shown in 🗵 7-3. The t_{CS_ON_Shift} is the current sink turning on shift by configuring 'CS_ON_Shift' bit in Dev_config1 register.

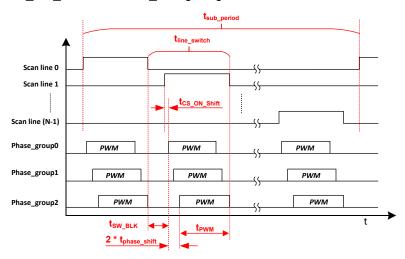


図 7-3. Time-Multiplexing Matrix Timing Diagram

The LP5866T device implements de-ghosting and low brightness compensation to remove the side effects of matrix topology:

- **De-ghosting**: Both upside de-ghosting and downside de-ghosting are implemented to eliminate the LED's unexpected weak turn-on.
 - Upside_de-ghosting: discharge each scan line during blank state. By configuring the 'Up_Deghost' in Dev_config3 register, the LP5866T discharges and clamps the scan line switch to a certain voltage.
 - Downside_deghosting: pre-charge each current sink voltage during blank state. The de-ghosting capability can be adjusted through the 'Down_Deghost' in Dev_config3 register.
- Low Brightness Compensation: three groups compensation are implemented to overcome the color-shift and non-uniformity in low brightness conditions. The compensation capability can be through 'Comp_Group1', 'Comp_Group2', and 'Comp_Group3' in Dev_config2 register.
 - Compensation_group 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
 - Compensation group 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
 - Compensation_group 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

資料に関するフィードバック(ご意見やお問い合わせ) を送信

English Data Sheet: SNVSCE3

7.3.2 Analog Dimming (Current Gain Control)

Analog dimming of LP5866T is achieved by configuring the current gain control. There are several methods to control the current gain of each LED.

- · Global 3-bits Maximum Current (MC) setting without external resistor
- 3 Groups of 7-bits Color Current (CC) setting
- Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) setting

注

When setting to small output current in low brightness situation, adjusting MC to a small value firstly can get smaller output saturation voltage.

7.3.2.1 Global 3-Bits Maximum Current (MC) Setting

The MC is used to set the maximum current I_{OUT_MAX} for each current sink, and this current is the maximum peak current for each LED dot. The MC can be set with 7 steps from 7.5 mA to 100 mA. When the device is powered on, the MC data is set to default value, which is 37.5 mA.

For data refresh Mode 1, MC data is effective immediately after new data is updated. For Mode 2 and Mode 3, to avoid unexpected MC data change during high speed data refreshing, MC data must be changed when all channels are off and new MC data is only updated when the 'Chip_EN' bit in Chip_en register is set to 0, and after the 'Chip_EN' returns to 1, the new MC data is effective. 'Down_Deghost' and 'Up_Deghost' in Dev_config3 work in the similar way with MC.

3-BITS MAXIMUM CURRENT REGISTER I_{OUT_MAX} **Binary Decimal** mA 000 0 7.5 001 1 12.5 010 2 25 3 (Default) 011 (Default) 37.5 (Default) 100 4 50 101 5 75 110 6 100

表 7-1. Maximum Current (MC) Register Setting



7.3.2.2 3 Groups of 7-Bits Color Current (CC) Setting

The LP5866T device is able to adjust the output current of three color groups separately. For each color, the device has 7-bits data in 'CC_Group1', 'CC_Group2', and 'CC_Group3'. Thus, all color group currents can be adjusted in 128 steps from 0% to 100% of the maximum output current, I_{OUT_MAX}.

The 18 current sinks have fixed mapping to the three color groups:

- CC-Group 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
- CC-Group 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
- CC-Group 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

表 7-2. 3 Groups of 7-bits Color Current (CC) Setting

7-BITS CC_GROUP1/CC_GRO	<u> </u>	RATIO OF OUTPUT CURRENT TO I _{OUT_MAX}
Binary	Decimal	%
000 0000	0	0
000 0001	1	0.79
000 0010	2	1.57
100 0000 (default)	64 (default)	50.4 (default)
111 1101	125	98.4
111 1110	126	99.2
111 1111	127	100

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7.3.2.3 Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) Setting

The LP5866T can individually adjust the output current of each LED by using dot current function through DC setting. The device allows the brightness deviations of the LEDs to adjusted be individually. Each output DC is programmed with an 8-bit depth, so the value can be adjusted with 256 steps within the range from 0% to 100% of ($I_{OUT\ MAX} \times CC/127$).

表 7-3. Individual 8-bit Dot Current (DC) Setting

2 To marriada o Sit Pot Garron (PO) Gotting										
REGISTER	RATIO OF OUTPUT CURRENT TO I _{OUT_MAX} × CC/127									
Decimal	%									
0	0									
1	0.39									
2	0.78									
128 (Default)	50.2 (Default)									
253	99.2									
254	99.6									
255	100									
	Pecimal 0 1 2 128 (Default) 253 254									

In summary, the current gain of each current sink can be calculated as below:

$$I_{OUT}$$
 (mA) = $I_{OUT MAX} \times (CC/127) \times (DC/255)$ (3)

For time-multiplexing scan scheme, if the scan number is N, each LED dot's average current I_{AVG} is shown as below:

$$I_{AVG}$$
 (mA) = $I_{OUT}/N = I_{OUT\ MAX} \times (CC/127) \times (DC/255)/N$ (4)

7.3.3 PWM Dimming

There are several methods to control the PWM duty cycle of each LED dot.

7.3.3.1 Individual 8-Bit / 16-Bit PWM for Each LED Dot

Every LED has an individual 8-bit or 16-bit PWM register that is used to change the LED brightness by PWM duty. The LP5866T uses an enhanced spectrum PWM (ES-PWM) algoithm to achieve 16-bit depth with high refresh rate and this can avoid flicker under high speed camera. Comparing with conventional 8-bit PWM, 16-bit PWM can help to achieve ultimate high dimming resolution in LED animation applications.

7.3.3.2 Programmable Groups of 8-Bit PWM Dimming

The group PWM Control is used to select LEDs into 1 to 3 groups while each group has a separate register for PWM control. Every LED has 2-bit selection in LED_DOT_GROUP Registers (x = 0, 1, ..., 29) to select whether the LED dot belongs to one of the three groups or not:

- 00: not a member of any group
- 01: member of group 1
- 10: member of group 2
- 11: member of group 3

7.3.3.3 8-Bit PWM for Global Dimming

The Global PWM Control function affects all LEDs simultaneously.

The final PWM duty cycle can be calculated as below:

$$PWM_{\text{Final}(8-\text{bit})} = PWM_{\text{Individual}(8-\text{bit})} \times PWM_{\text{Group}(8-\text{bit})} \times PWM_{\text{Global}(8-\text{bit})}$$
(5)

The LP5866T supports 125kHz or 62.5kHz PWM output frequency. The PWM frequency is selected by configuring the 'PWM_Fre' in Dev_initial register. An internal 31.2MHz oscillator is used for generating PWM outputs. The oscillator's high accuracy design ($f_{OSC_ERR} \le \pm 3\%$) enables a better synchronization if multiple LP5866T devices are connected together.

A PWM phase-shifting scheme is implemented in each current sink to avoid the current overshot when turning on simultaneously. As the LED drivers are not activated simultaneously, the peak load current from the pre-stage power supply is significantly decreased. This scheme also reduces input-current ripple and ceramic-capacitor audible ringing. LED drivers are grouped into three different phases. By configuring the 'PWM_Phase_Shift' in Dev config1 register, which is default off, the LP5866T supports $t_{\text{phase shift}} = 125$ ns shifting time shown in $\boxtimes 7$ -4.

- Phase 1: CS0, CS3, CS6, CS9, CS12, CS15.
- Phase 2: CS1, CS4, CS7, CS10, CS13, CS16.
- Phase 3: CS2, CS5, CS8, CS11, CS14, CS17.

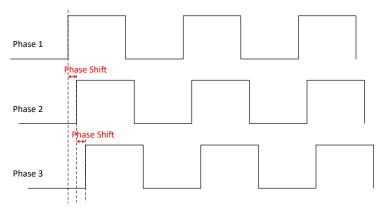


図 7-4. Phase Shift

To avoid high current sinks output ripple during line switching, current sinks can be configured to turn on with 1 clock delay (62.5ns or 31.25ns according to the PWM frequency) after lines turn on, as shown in \boxtimes 7-3. This function can be configured by 'CS_ON_Shift' in Dev_config1 register.

The LP5866T allows users to configure the dimming scale either exponentially (Gamma Correction) or linearly through the 'PWM_Scale_Mode' in Dev_config1 register. If a human-eye-friendly dimming curve is desired, using the internal fixed exponential scale is an easy approach. If a special dimming curve is desired, using the linear scale with software correction is recommended. The LP5866T supports both linear and exponential dimming curves under 8-bit and 16-bit PWM depth. \boxtimes 7-5 is an example of 8-bit PWM depth.

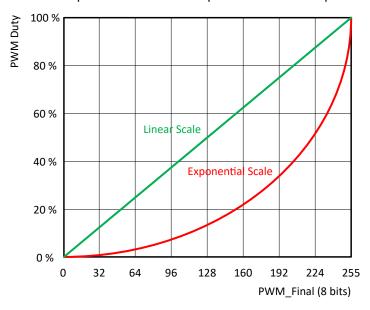


図 7-5. Linear and Exponential Dimming Curves

In summary, the PWM control method is illustrated as **27-6**:

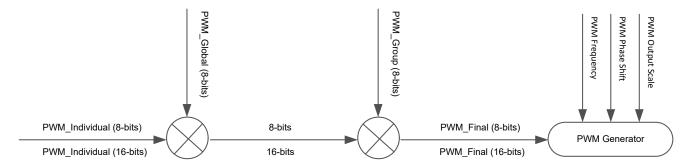


図 7-6. PWM Control Scheme

7.3.4 ON and OFF Control

The LP5866T device supports the individual ON and OFF control of each LED. For indication purpose, users can turn on and off the LED directly by writing 1-bit ON and OFF data to the corresponding Dot_onoffx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17) register.

7.3.5 Data Refresh Mode

The LP5866T supports three data refresh modes: Mode 1, Mode 2, and Mode 3, by configuring 'Data Ref Mode' in Dev initial register.

Mode 1: 8-bit PWM data without VSYNC command. Data is sent out for display instantly after received. With Mode1, users can refresh the corresponding dots' data only instead of updating the whole SRAM. It is called 'on demand data refresh', which can save the total data volume effectively. As shown in ☑ 7-7, the red LED dots can be refreshed after sending the corresponding data while the others kept the same with last frame.

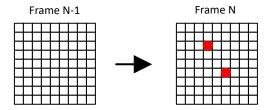


図 7-7. On Demand Data Refresh - Mode 1

Mode 2: 8-bit PWM data with VSYNC command. Data is held and sent out simultaneously by frame after receiving the VSYNC command.

Mode 3: 16-bit PWM data with VSYNC command. Data is held and sent out simultaneously by frame after receiving the VSYNC command.

Frame control is implemented in Mode 2 and Mode 3. Instead of refreshing the output instantly after data is received (Mode 1), the device holds the data and refreshes the whole frame data by a fixed frame rate, f_{VSYNC} . Usually, 24Hz, 50Hz, 60Hz, 120Hz or even higher frame rate is selected to achieve vivid animation effects. Whole SRAM Data Refresh is shown in \boxtimes 7-8, a new frame is updated after receiving the VSYNC command.

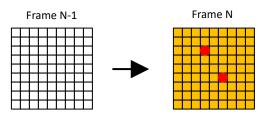


図 7-8. Whole SRAM Data Refresh

Comparing with Mode 1, Mode 2 and Mode 3 provide a better synchronization when multiple LP5866T devices used together. A high-level pulse width longer than t_{SYNC_H} is required at the beginning of each VSYNC frame. \boxtimes 7-9 shows the VSYNC connections and \boxtimes 7-10 shows the timing requirements.

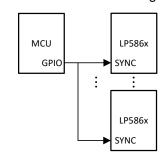


図 7-9. Multiple Devices Sync

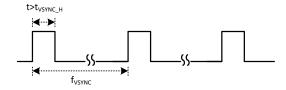


図 7-10. VSYNC Timing

Table 8-4 is the summary of the 3 data refresh modes.

表 7-4. Data Refresh Mode

MODE TYPE	PWM RESOLUTION	PWM OUTPUT	EXTERNAL VSYNC
Mode 1	8 Bits	Data update instantly	No
Mode 2	8 Bits	Data undata by frama	Yes
Mode 3	16 Bits	Data update by frame	165

7.3.6 Full Addressable SRAM

SRAM is implemented inside the LP5866T device to support data writing and reading at the same time.

Although data refresh mechanisms are not the same for Mode 1 and Mode 2/3, the data writing and reading follow the same method. Uses can update partial of the SRAM data only or the whole SRAM page simultaneously. The LP5866T supports auto-increment function to minimize data traffic and increase data transfer efficiency.

Please be noted that 16-bit PWM (Mode 3) and 8-bit PWM (Mode 1 and Mode 2) are assigned with different SRAM addresses.

English Data Sheet: SNVSCE3

7.3.7 Protections and Diagnostics

7.3.7.1 LED Open Detection

The LP5866T includes LED open detection (LOD) for the fault caused by any opened LED dot. The threshold for LED open is 0.25V typical. LED open detection is only performed when PWM \geq 25 (Mode 1 and Mode 2) or PWM \geq 6400 (Mode 3) and voltage on CSn is detected lower than open threshold for continuously 4 subperiods.

 \boxtimes 7-11 shows the detection circuit of LOD function. When open fault is detected, 'Global_LOD' bit in Fault_state register is set to 1 and detailed fault state for each LED is also monitored in register Dot_lodx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17). All open fault indicator bits can be cleared by setting LOD_clear = 0Fh after the open condition is removed.

LOD removal function can be enabled by setting 'LOD_removal' bit in Dev_config2 register to 1. This function turns off the current sink of the open channel when scanning to the line where the opened LED is included.

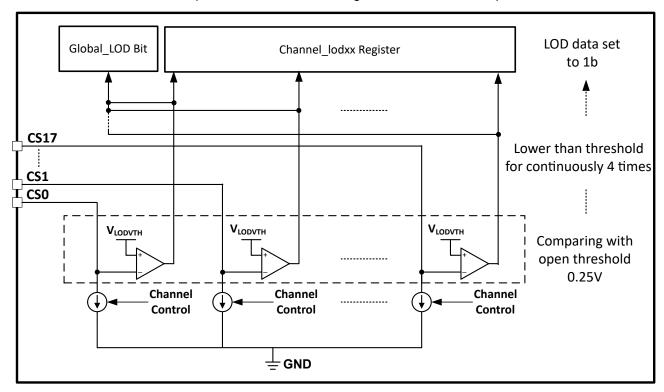


図 7-11. LOD Circuits

7.3.7.2 LED Short Detection

The LP5866T includes LED short detection (LSD) for the fault caused by any shorted LED. Threshold for channel short is (VLED - 1) V typical. LED short detection only performed when PWM \geq 25 (Mode 1 and Mode 2) or PWM \geq 6400 (Mode 3) and voltage on CSn is detected higher than short threshold for continuously 4 subperiods. As there is parasitic capacitance for the current sink, to make sure the LSD result is correct, setting the LED current higher than 0.5mA is recommended.

The image below shows the detection circuit of LSD function. When short fault is detected, 'Global_LSD bit' in Fault_state register is set to 1 and detailed fault state for every channel are also monitored in register Dot_lsdx (x = 0, 1, ..., 17). All short fault indicator bits can be cleared by setting LSD_clear = 0Fh after the short condition is removed.

LSD removal function can be enabled by setting 'LSD_removal' bit in Dev_config2 register to 1. This function turns off the upside deghosting function of the scan line where short LED is included.

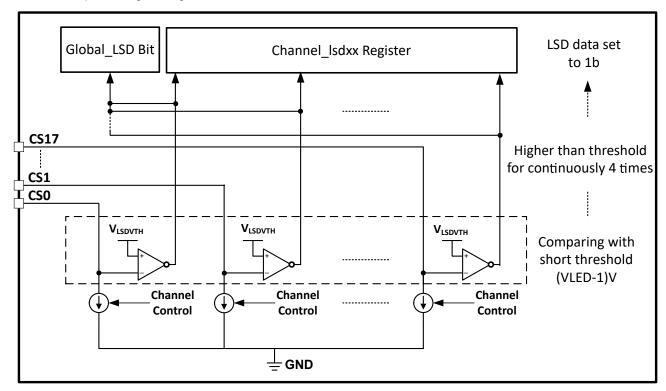


図 7-12. LSD Circuit

7.3.7.3 Thermal Shutdown

The LP5866T device implements thermal shutdown mechanism to protect the device from damage due to overheating. When the junction temperature rises to 160°C (typical) and above, the device switches into shutdown mode. The LP5866T exits thermal shutdown when the junction temperature of the device drops to 145°C (typical) and below.

7.3.7.4 UVLO (Under Voltage Lock Out)

The LP5866T has an internal comparator that monitors the voltage at VCC. When VCC is below V_{UVF} , reset is active and the LP5866T enters INITIALIZATION state.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

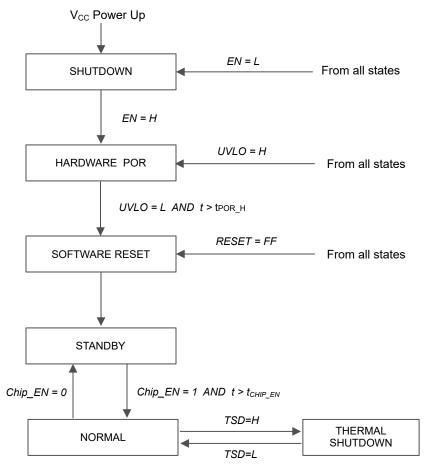


図 7-13. Device Functional Modes

- SHUTDOWN: The device enters into SHUTDOWN mode from all states on VCC power up or EN pin is low.
- HARDWARE POR: The device enters into HARDWARE POR when Enable pin is high or VCC fall under V_{UVF} causing UVLO=H from all states.
- SOFTWARE RESET: The device enters into SOFTWARE RESET mode when VCC rise higher than V_{UVR} with the time t > t_{POR_H}. In this mode, all the registers are reset. Entry can also be from any state when the RESET (register) = FFh or UVLO is low.
- STANDBY: The device enters the STANDBY mode when Chip_EN (register) = 0. In this mode, device enters into low power mode, but the I²C/SPI are still available for Chip_EN only and the registers' data are retained.
- NORMAL: The device enters the NORMAL mode when 'Chip_EN' = 1 with the time t > t_{CHIP_EN}.
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN: The device automatically enters the THERMAL SHUTDOWN mode when the junction temperature exceeds 160°C (typical). If the junction temperature decreases below 145°C (typical), the device returns to the NORMAL mode.

7.5 Programming

7.5.1 Interface Selection

The LP5866T supports two communication interfaces: I²C and SPI. If IFS is high, ithe device enters into SPI mode. If IFS is low, the device enters into I²C mode.

表 7-5. Interface Selection

INTERFACE TYPE	ENTRY CONDITION
I ² C	IFS = Low
SPI	IFS = High

7.5.2 I²C Interface

The LP5866T is compatible with I²C standard specification. The device supports both fast mode (400KHz maximum) and fast plus mode (1MHz maximum).

7.5.2.1 I²C Data Transactions

The data on SDA line must be stable during the HIGH period of the clock signal (SCL). In other words, state of the data line can only be changed when clock signal is LOW. START and STOP conditions classify the beginning and the end of the data transfer session. A START condition is defined as the SDA signal transitioning from HIGH to LOW while SCL line is HIGH. A STOP condition is defined as the SDA transitioning from LOW to HIGH while SCL is HIGH. The bus leader always generates START and STOP conditions. The bus is considered to be busy after a START condition and free after a STOP condition. During data transmission, the bus leader can generate repeated START conditions. First START and repeated START conditions are functionally equivalent.

Each byte of data has to be followed by an acknowledge bit. The acknowledge related clock pulse is generated by the leader. The leader releases the SDA line (HIGH) during the acknowledge clock pulse. The device pulls down the SDA line during the 9th clock pulse, signifying an acknowledge. The device generates an acknowledge after each byte has been received.

There is one exception to the acknowledge after every byte rule. When the leader is the receiver, it must indicate to the transmitter an end of data by not acknowledging (negative acknowledge) the last byte clocked out of the follower. This negative acknowledge still includes the acknowledge clock pulse (generated by the leader), but the SDA line is not pulled down.

7.5.2.2 I²C Data Format

The address and data bits are transmitted MSB first with 8-bits length format in each cycle. Each transmission is started with Address Byte 1, which are divided into 5-bits of the chip address, 2 higher bits of the register address, and 1 read/write bit. The other 8 lower bits of register address are put in Address Byte 2. The device supports both independent mode and broadcast mode. The auto-increment feature allows writing / reading several consecutive registers within one transmission. If not consecutive, a new transmission must be started.

表 7-6. I²C Data Format

Address Byte1			Chip Address	Register	R/W							
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
Independent	1	0	0	ADDR1	ADDR0	9 th bit	8 th bit	R: 1 W: 0				
Broadcast	1	0	1	0	1	9" DIL	0 DII	K. 1 W. U				
		Register Address										
Address Byte2	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
	7 th bit	6 th bit	5 th bit	4 th bit	3 th bit	2 th bit	1 th bit	0 th bit				

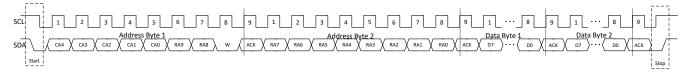


図 7-14. I²C Write Timming

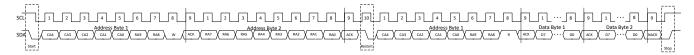


図 7-15. I²C Read Timing

7.5.2.3 Multiple Devices Connection

The LP5866T enters into I 2 C mode if IFS is connected to GND. The ADDR0/1 pin is used to select the unique I 2 C follower address for each device. The SCL and SDA lines must each have a pullup resistor (4.7K Ω for 400KHz, 2K Ω for 1MHz) placed somewhere on the line and remain HIGH even when the bus is idle. VIO_EN can either be connected with VIO power supply or GPIO. It's suggested to put one 1nF cap as closer to VIO_EN pin as possible. Up to four LP5866T follower devices can share the same I 2 C bus by the different ADDR configurations.

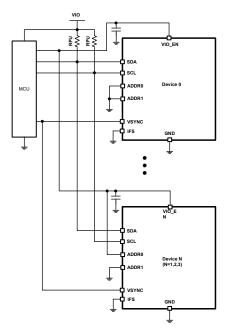


図 7-16. I²C Multiple Devices Connection

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7.5.3 Programming

7.5.3.1 SPI Data Transactions

MISO output is normally in a high impedance state. When the follower-select pin SS for the device is active (low) the MISO output is pulled low for read only. During write cycle MISO stays in high-impedance state. The follower-select signal SS must be low during the cycle transmission. SS resets the interface when high. Data is clocked in on the rising edge of the SCLK clock signal, while data is clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK.

7.5.3.2 SPI Data Format

The address and data bits are transmitted MSB first with 8-bits length format in each cycle. Each transmission is started with Address Byte 1, which contains 8 higher bits of the register address. The Address Byte 2 is started with 2 lower bits of the register address and 1 read/write bit. The auto-increment feature allows writing / reading several consecutive registers within one transmission. If not consecutive, a new transmission must be started.

表 7-7. SPI Data Format

Address Byte1	Register Address													
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0						
	9 th bit	8 th bit	7 th bit	6 th bit	5 th bit	4 th bit	3 th bit	2 th bit						
Address Byte2	Register	Address												
	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0						
	1 th bit	0 th bit	R: 0 W: 1	Don't Care										

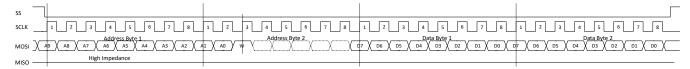


図 7-17. SPI Write Timing

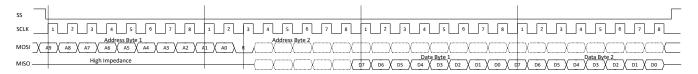


図 7-18. SPI Read Timing

7.5.3.3 Multiple Devices Connection

The device enters into SPI mode if IFS is pulled high to VIO through a pullup resistor($4.7K\Omega$ recommended). VIO_EN can either be connected with VIO power supply or GPIO. It's suggested to put one 1nF cap as closer to VIO_EN pin as possible. In SPI mode host can address as many devices as there are follower select pins on host.

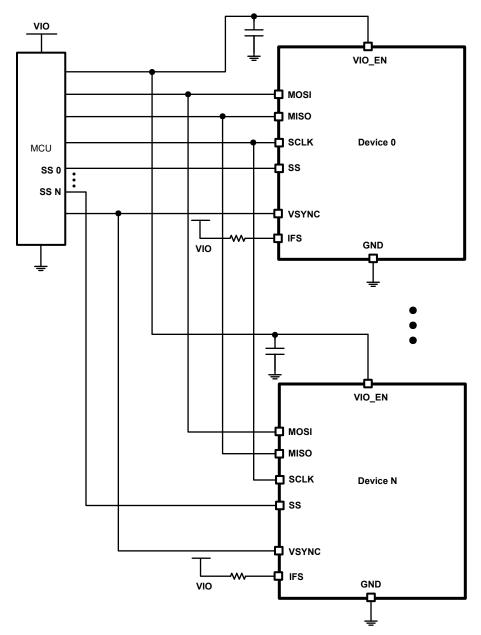


図 7-19. SPI Multiple Devices Connection



7.6 Register Maps

This section provides a summary of the register maps. For detailed register functions and descriptions, please refer to *LP5866T 11x18 LED Matrix Driver Register Maps*.

表 7-8. Register Section/Block Access Type Codes

Access Type	Code	Description
Read Type	5000	
R	R	Read
RC	R	Read
	С	to Clear
R-0	R	Read
	-0	Returns 0
Write Type	,	
W	W	Write
W0CP	W	W
	0C	0 to clear
	Р	Requires privileged access
Reset or Default Value		
-n		Value after reset or the default value

Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
Chip_en	000h	R/W		Reserved Chip_EN							00h
Dev_initial	001h	R/W	Reserved	Reserved Max_Line_Num Data_Ref_Mode PWM_Fre							5Eh
Dev_config1	002h	R/W	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	SW_BLK	PWM_Sc ale_Mode	PWM_Ph ase_Shift	CS_ON_ Shift	00h
Dev_config2	003h	R/W	Comp_	Group3	Comp_	Group2	Comp_	Group1	LOD_rem oval	LSD_rem oval	00h
Dev_config3	004h	R/W	Down_I	Down_Deghost Up_Deghost				ximum_Cur	rent	Up_Degh ost_enabl e	47h
Global_bri	005h	R/W				PWM_	Global				FFh
Group0_bri	006h	R/W				PWM_	Group1				FFh
Group1_bri	007h	R/W				PWM_	Group2				FFh
Group2_bri	008h	R/W				PWM_	Group3				FFh
R_current_set	009h	R/W	Reserved				CC_Group1				40h
G_current_set	00Ah	R/W	Reserved				CC_Group2	2			40h
B_current_set	00Bh	R/W	Reserved				CC_Group3	3			40h
Dot_grp_sel0	00Ch	R/W	Dot L0-C	S3 group	Dot L0-C	S2 group	Dot L0-C	S1 group	Dot L0-C	S0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel1	00Dh	R/W	Dot L0-C	S7 group	Dot L0-C	S6 group	Dot L0-C	S5 group	Dot L0-C	S4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel2	00Eh	R/W	Dot L0-C	S11 group	Dot L0-C	S10 group	Dot L0-C	S9 group	Dot L0-C	S8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel3	00Fh	R/W	Dot L0-C	S15 group	Dot L0-C	S14 group	Dot L0-C	S13 group	Dot L0-C	S12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel4	010h	R/W		Rese	erved		Dot L0-C	S17 group	Dot L0-C	S16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel5	011h	R/W	Dot L1-C	S3 group	Dot L1-C	S2 group	Dot L1-C	S1 group	Dot L1-C	S0 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel6	012h	R/W	Dot L1-C	S7 group	Dot L1-C	S6 group	Dot L1-C	S5 group	Dot L1-C	S4 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel7	013h	R/W	Dot L1-C	S11 group	Dot L1-C	S10 group	Dot L1-C	S9 group	Dot L1-C	S8 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel8	014h	R/W	Dot L1-C	S15 group	Dot L1-C	S14 group	Dot L1-C	S13 group	Dot L1-C	S12 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel9	015h	R/W		Rese	erved		Dot L1-C	S17 group	Dot L1-C	S16 group	00h
Dot_grp_sel10	016h	R/W	Dot L2-C	S3 group	Dot L2-C	S2 group	Dot L2-C	S1 group	Dot L2-C	S0 group	00h



Register D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D٥ Default Address Type Acronym 017h R/W Dot L2-CS7 group Dot L2-CS6 group Dot L2-CS5 group Dot L2-CS4 group 00h Dot_grp_sel11 Dot_grp_sel12 018h R/W Dot L2-CS11 group Dot L2-CS10 group Dot L2-CS9 group Dot L2-CS8 group 00h019h R/W Dot_grp_sel13 Dot L2-CS15 group Dot L2-CS14 group Dot L2-CS13 group Dot L2-CS12 group 00h Dot L2-CS17 group 01Ah R/W Dot L2-CS16 group 00h Dot_grp_sel14 Reserved Dot_grp_sel15 01Bh R/W Dot L3-CS3 group Dot L3-CS2 group Dot L3-CS1 group Dot L3-CS0 group 00hDot_grp_sel16 01Ch R/W Dot L3-CS7 group Dot L3-CS6 group Dot L3-CS5 group Dot L3-CS4 group 00h Dot L3-CS11 group Dot L3-CS10 group Dot L3-CS8 group Dot_grp_sel17 01Dh R/W Dot L3-CS9 group 00h R/W Dot_grp_sel18 01Eh Dot L3-CS15 group Dot L3-CS14 group Dot L3-CS13 group Dot L3-CS12 group 00h Dot_grp_sel19 01Fh R/W Dot L3-CS17 group Dot L3-CS16 group 00h Dot grp sel20 020h R/W Dot L4-CS3 group Dot L4-CS2 group Dot L4-CS1 group Dot L4-CS0 group 00hDot_grp_sel21 021h R/W Dot L4-CS7 group Dot L4-CS6 group Dot L4-CS4 group 00h Dot L4-CS5 group 022h R/W Dot L4-CS11 group 00h Dot_grp_sel22 Dot L4-CS10 group Dot L4-CS9 group Dot L4-CS8 group Dot_grp_sel23 023h R/W Dot L4-CS15 group Dot L4-CS14 group Dot L4-CS13 group Dot L4-CS12 group 00h 024h R/W 00h Dot_grp_sel24 Reserved Dot L4-CS17 group Dot L4-CS16 group 025h R/W Dot L5-CS3 group Dot L5-CS2 group Dot L5-CS1 group Dot L5-CS0 group 00hDot_grp_sel25 Dot_grp_sel26 026h R/W Dot L5-CS7 group Dot L5-CS6 group Dot L5-CS5 group Dot L5-CS4 group 00h R/W Dot_grp_sel27 027h Dot L5-CS11 group Dot L5-CS10 group Dot L5-CS9 group Dot L5-CS8 group 00h028h R/W Dot_grp_sel28 Dot L5-CS15 group Dot L5-CS14 group Dot L5-CS13 group Dot L5-CS12 group 00hDot_grp_sel29 029h R/W Reserved Dot L5-CS17 group Dot L5-CS16 group 00h Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot I 0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot I 0-Dot L0-Dot_onoff0 043h R/W **FFh** CS4 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot_onoff1 044h R/W CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 **CS11** CS10 FFh CS8 onoff CS9 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot_onoff2 045h R/W CS17 CS16 03h Reserved onoff onoff Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot_onoff3 046h R/W FFh CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-FFh Dot_onoff4 047h R/W **CS15** CS14 CS13 CS12 **CS11** CS10 CS8 onoff CS9 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot onoff5 048h R/W Reserved CS17 CS16 03honoff onoff Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot onoff6 049h R/W FFh CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff Dot L2-Dot I 2-Dot I 2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot I 2-Dot L2-Dot L2-R/W Dot_onoff7 04Ah CS15 **CS14 CS13** CS12 **CS11** CS10 **FFh** CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot I 2-Dot L2-Dot_onoff8 04Bh R/W Reserved **CS17** CS16 03h onoff onoff Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot_onoff9 04Ch R/W **FFh** CS7 onoff CS6 onoff CS5 onoff CS4 onoff CS3 onoff CS2 onoff CS1 onoff CS0 onoff Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-04Dh R/W FFh Dot_onoff10 CS15 **CS14** CS13 CS12 **CS11** CS10 CS9 onoff CS8 onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff onoff Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot_onoff11 04Eh R/W Reserved CS17 CS16 03h onoff



Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
Dot_onoff12	04Fh	R/W	Dot L4- CS7 onoff	Dot L4- CS6 onoff	Dot L4- CS5 onoff	Dot L4- CS4 onoff	Dot L4- CS3 onoff	Dot L4- CS2 onoff	Dot L4- CS1 onoff	Dot L4- CS0 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff13	050h	R/W	Dot L4- CS15 onoff	Dot L4- CS14 onoff	Dot L4- CS13 onoff	Dot L4- CS12 onoff	Dot L4- CS11 onoff	Dot L4- CS10 onoff	Dot L4- CS9 onoff	Dot L4- CS8 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff14	051h	R/W			Rese	erved			Dot L4- CS17 onoff	Dot L4- CS16 onoff	03h
Dot_onoff15	052h	R/W	Dot L5- CS7 onoff	Dot L5- CS6 onoff	Dot L5- CS5 onoff	Dot L5- CS4 onoff	Dot L5- CS3 onoff	Dot L5- CS2 onoff	Dot L5- CS1 onoff	Dot L5- CS0 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff16	053h	R/W	Dot L5- CS15 onoff	Dot L5- CS14 onoff	Dot L5- CS13 onoff	Dot L5- CS12 onoff	Dot L5- CS11 onoff	Dot L5- CS10 onoff	Dot L5- CS9 onoff	Dot L5- CS8 onoff	FFh
Dot_onoff17	054h	R/W			Rese	erved			Dot L5- CS17 onoff	Dot L5- CS16 onoff	03h
Fault_state	064h	R			Rese	erved			Global_L OD	Global_L SD	00h
Dot_lod0	065h	R	Dot L0- CS7 LOD	Dot L0- CS6 LOD	Dot L0- CS5 LOD	Dot L0- CS4 LOD	Dot L0- CS3 LOD	Dot L0- CS2 LOD	Dot L0- CS1 LOD	Dot L0- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod1	066h	R	Dot L0- CS15 LOD	Dot L0- CS14 LOD	Dot L0- CS13 LOD	Dot L0- CS12 LOD	Dot L0- CS11 LOD	Dot L0- CS10 LOD	Dot L0- CS9 LOD	Dot L0- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod2	067h	R			Rese	erved			Dot L0- CS17 LOD	Dot L0- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod3	068h	R	Dot L1- CS7 LOD	Dot L1- CS6 LOD	Dot L1- CS5 LOD	Dot L1- CS4 LOD	Dot L1- CS3 LOD	Dot L1- CS2 LOD	Dot L1- CS1 LOD	Dot L1- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod4	069h	R	Dot L1- CS15 LOD	Dot L1- CS14 LOD	Dot L1- CS13 LOD	Dot L1- CS12 LOD	Dot L1- CS11 LOD	Dot L1- CS10 LOD	Dot L1- CS9 LOD	Dot L1- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod5	06Ah	R			Rese	erved			Dot L1- CS17 LOD	Dot L1- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod6	06Bh	R	Dot L2- CS7 LOD	Dot L2- CS6 LOD	Dot L2- CS5 LOD	Dot L2- CS4 LOD	Dot L2- CS3 LOD	Dot L2- CS2 LOD	Dot L2- CS1 LOD	Dot L2- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod7	06Ch	R	Dot L2- CS15 LOD	Dot L2- CS14 LOD	Dot L2- CS13 LOD	Dot L2- CS12 LOD	Dot L2- CS11 LOD	Dot L2- CS10 LOD	Dot L2- CS9 LOD	Dot L2- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod8	06Dh	R			Rese	erved			Dot L2- CS17 LOD	Dot L2- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod9	06Eh	R	Dot L3- CS7 LOD	Dot L3- CS6 LOD	Dot L3- CS5 LOD	Dot L3- CS4 LOD	Dot L3- CS3 LOD	Dot L3- CS2 LOD	Dot L3- CS1 LOD	Dot L3- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod10	06Fh	R	Dot L3- CS15 LOD	Dot L3- CS14 LOD	Dot L3- CS13 LOD	Dot L3- CS12 LOD	Dot L3- CS11 LOD	Dot L3- CS10 LOD	Dot L3- CS9 LOD	Dot L3- CS8 LOD	00h
Dot_lod11	070h	R			Rese	erved			Dot L3- CS17 LOD	Dot L3- CS16 LOD	00h
Dot_lod12	071h	R	Dot L4- CS7 LOD	Dot L4- CS6 LOD	Dot L4- CS5 LOD	Dot L4- CS4 LOD	Dot L4- CS3 LOD	Dot L4- CS2 LOD	Dot L4- CS1 LOD	Dot L4- CS0 LOD	00h
Dot_lod13	072h	R	Dot L4- CS15 LOD	Dot L4- CS14 LOD	Dot L4- CS13 LOD	Dot L4- CS12 LOD	Dot L4- CS11 LOD	Dot L4- CS10 LOD	Dot L4- CS9 LOD	Dot L4- CS8 LOD	00h



Register D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 Default **Address** Type Acronym Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot_lod14 073h R Reserved CS17 CS16 00h LOD LOD Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot lod15 074h R 00h CS0 LOD CS7 LOD CS6 LOD CS5 LOD CS4 LOD CS3 LOD CS2 LOD CS1 LOD Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-075h Dot_lod16 R CS15 **CS14 CS13** CS12 CS11 CS10 00hCS9 LOD CS8 LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD LOD Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot lod17 076h R Reserved CS17 CS16 00h LOD LOD Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-086h 00h Dot Isd0 R CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot L0-Dot_lsd1 087h R CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 00h CS8 LSD CS9 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot L0-Dot L0-088h R Reserved CS17 CS16 00h Dot_lsd2 LSD LSD Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot_lsd3 089h R 00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot L1-Dot_lsd4 08Ah R CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 00h CS9 LSD CS8 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot I 1-Dot I 1-08Bh R CS17 CS16 00h Dot_lsd5 Reserved LSD LSD Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot Isd6 08Ch R 00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot L2-Dot_lsd7 08Dh R CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 CS11 CS10 00h CS9 LSD CS8 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot L2-Dot L2-CS17 CS16 Dot_lsd8 08Eh R Reserved 00hLSD LSD Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot Isd9 08Fh R 00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot L3-Dot_lsd10 090h R CS15 CS14 **CS13 CS12** CS11 CS10 00h CS8 LSD CS9 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot L3-Dot L3-091h 00h Dot_lsd11 R Reserved CS17 CS16 LSD LSD Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot Isd12 092h R 00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot L4-Dot Isd13 093h R CS15 CS14 **CS13 CS12** CS11 CS10 00h CS9 LSD CS8 LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD LSD Dot L4-Dot L4-094h Dot_lsd14 R Reserved CS17 CS16 00hLSD LSD Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot Isd15 095h R 00h CS7 LSD CS6 LSD CS5 LSD CS4 LSD CS3 LSD CS2 LSD CS1 LSD CS0 LSD Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot L5-Dot_lsd16 096h R CS15 CS14 CS13 CS12 **CS11** CS10 00h

LSD

LSD

LSD

LSD

CS9 LSD

LSD

LSD

CS8 LSD



Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
Dot_lsd17	097h	R		Dot L5- Dot L5- CS17 CS16 LSD LSD							
LOD_clear	0A7h	W		Reserved LOD_Clear							
LSD_clear	0A8h	W		Rese	erved			LSD_	_Clear		00h
Reset	0A9h	W				Re	eset				00h
DC0	100h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC1	101h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC2	102h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC3	103h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC4	104h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC5	105h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC6	106h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC7	107h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC8	108h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC9	109h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC10 DC11	10Ah 10Bh	R/W R/W				t current set					80h 80h
DC11	10GH	R/W				t current set t current set					80h
DC12	10Dh	R/W				t current set					80h
DC13	10Eh	R/W				t current set					80h
DC15	10Fh	R/W				t current set					80h
DC16	110h	R/W				t current set					80h
DC17	111h	R/W				t current set					80h
DC18	112h	R/W				ot current se	-				80h
DC19	113h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC20	114h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC21	115h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS3			80h
DC22	116h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS4			80h
DC23	117h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS5			80h
DC24	118h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS6			80h
DC25	119h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS7			80h
DC26	11Ah	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS8			80h
DC27	11Bh	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L1-CS9			80h
DC28	11Ch	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS10			80h
DC29	11Dh	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS11			80h
DC30	11Eh	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS12			80h
DC31	11Fh	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS13			80h
DC32	120h	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS14			80h
DC33	121h	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for Dot	L1-CS15			80h
DC34	122h	R/W				t current set					80h
DC35	123h	R/W				t current set					80h
DC36	124h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC37	125h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC38	126h	R/W				ot current se					80h
DC39	127h	R/W			LED do	ot current se	tting for Dot	L2-CS3			80h



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Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
DC40	128h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L2-CS4			80h
DC41	129h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L2-CS5			80h
DC42	12Ah	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L2-CS6			80h
DC43	12Bh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L2-CS7			80h
DC44	12Ch	R/W				t current se					80h
DC45	12Dh	R/W				t current se					80h
DC46	12Eh	R/W				current set					80h
DC47	12Fh	R/W				t current set					80h
DC48	130h	R/W				current set					80h
DC49	131h	R/W				current set					80h
DC50	132h	R/W				current set					80h
DC51	133h	R/W				current set					80h
DC52	134h	R/W				current set					80h
DC53	135h	R/W				current set					80h
DC54	136h	R/W				t current se					80h
DC55	137h	R/W				t current se					80h
DC56	138h	R/W				t current se					80h
DC57	139h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS3			80h
DC58	13Ah	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS4			80h
DC59	13Bh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS5			80h
DC60	13Ch	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS6			80h
DC61	13Dh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS7			80h
DC62	13Eh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS8			80h
DC63	13Fh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L3-CS9			80h
DC64	140h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS10			80h
DC65	141h	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for D	ot L3-CS11			80h
DC66	142h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for De	ot L3-CS12			80h
DC67	143h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS13			80h
DC68	144h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS14			80h
DC69	145h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS15			80h
DC70	146h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS16			80h
DC71	147h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L3-CS17			80h
DC72	148h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS0			80h
DC73	149h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS1			80h
DC74	14Ah	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS2			80h
DC75	14Bh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS3			80h
DC76	14Ch	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS4			80h
DC77	14Dh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS5			80h
DC78	14Eh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS6			80h
DC79	14Fh	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS7			80h
DC80	150h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS8			80h
DC81	151h	R/W			LED do	t current se	tting for D	ot L4-CS9			80h
DC82	152h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L4-CS10			80h
DC83	153h	R/W			LED do	t current set	ting for D	ot L4-CS11			80h
DC84	154h	R/W			LED dot	current set	ting for Do	ot L4-CS12			80h



Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
DC85	155h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L4-CS13			80h
DC86	156h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for [Oot L4-CS14			80h
DC87	157h	R/W			LED	dot current	setting for [Oot L4-CS15			80h
DC88	158h	R/W			LED	dot current	setting for [Oot L4-CS16			80h
DC89	159h	R/W			LED	dot current	setting for [Oot L4-CS17			80h
DC90	15Ah	R/W			LE	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS0			80h
DC91	15Bh	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS1			80h
DC92	15Ch	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS2			80h
DC93	15Dh	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS3			80h
DC94	15Eh	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS4			80h
DC95	15Fh	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS5			80h
DC96	160h	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS6			80h
DC97	161h	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS7			80h
DC98	162h	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS8			80h
DC99	163h	R/W			LEI	D dot curren	t setting for	Dot L5-CS9			80h
DC100	164h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS10			80h
DC101	165h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for [Oot L5-CS11			80h
DC102	166h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS12			80h
DC103	167h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS13			80h
DC104	168h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS14			80h
DC105	169h	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS15			80h
DC106	16Ah	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS16			80h
DC107	16Bh	R/W			LEC	dot current	setting for D	Oot L5-CS17			80h
pwm_bri0	200h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L0-	-CS0 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS0	00h
pwm_bri1	201h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L0-0	CS1 OR 16-I	bits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS0	00h
pwm_bri2	202h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L0-	-CS2 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS1	00h
pwm_bri3	203h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L0-0	CS3 OR 16-I	oits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS1	00h
pwm_bri4	204h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L0-	-CS4 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS2	00h
pwm_bri5	205h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L0-0	CS5 OR 16-I	oits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS2	00h
pwm_bri6	206h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L0-	-CS6 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS3	00h
pwm_bri7	207h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L0-0	CS7 OR 16-I	oits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS3	00h
pwm_bri8	208h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L0-	-CS8 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS4	00h
pwm_bri9	209h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L0-0	CS9 OR 16-I	bits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS4	00h
pwm_bri10	20Ah	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM f	or Dot L0-	CS10 OR 16	6-bits PWM I	ower 8 bits [7	7:0] for Do	t L0-CS5	00h
pwm_bri11	20Bh	R/W	8-bits	s PWM fo	r Dot L0-C	S11 OR 16-	bits PWM hi	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	ot L0-CS5	00h
pwm_bri12	20Ch	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM f	or Dot L0-	CS12 OR 16	6-bits PWM I	ower 8 bits [7	7:0] for Do	t L0-CS6	00h
pwm_bri13	20Dh	R/W	8-bits	s PWM fo	r Dot L0-C	S13 OR 16-	bits PWM h	igher 8 bits [1	15:8] for Do	ot L0-CS6	00h
pwm_bri14	20Eh	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM f	or Dot L0-	CS14 OR 16	6-bits PWM I	ower 8 bits [7	7:0] for Do	t L0-CS7	00h
pwm_bri15	20Fh	R/W	8-bits	s PWM fo	r Dot L0-C	S15 OR 16-	bits PWM h	igher 8 bits [1	15:8] for D	ot L0-CS7	00h
pwm_bri16	210h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM f	or Dot L0-	CS16 OR 16	6-bits PWM I	ower 8 bits [7	7:0] for Do	t L0-CS8	00h
pwm_bri17	211h	R/W	8-bits	s PWM fo	r Dot L0-C	S17 OR 16-	bits PWM h	igher 8 bits [1	15:8] for D	ot L0-CS8	00h
pwm_bri18	212h	R/W	8-b	its PWM	for Dot L1	-CS0 OR 16	-bits PWM lo	ower 8 bits [7	:0] for Dot	L0-CS9	00h
pwm_bri19	213h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM fo	or Dot L1-0	CS1 OR 16-I	bits PWM hig	gher 8 bits [1	5:8] for Do	t L0-CS9	00h
pwm_bri20	214h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM f	or Dot L1-	CS2 OR 16-	bits PWM lo	wer 8 bits [7:	0] for Dot	L0-CS10	00h
pwm_bri21	215h	R/W	8-bits	s PWM fo	r Dot L1-C	S3 OR 16-b	its PWM hig	her 8 bits [15	:8] for Dot	L0-CS10	00h



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Register	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
Acronym											
pwm_bri22	216h	R/W						r 8 bits [7:0]			00h
pwm_bri24	217h 218h	R/W R/W						r 8 bits [15:8 r 8 bits [7:0]			00h 00h
pwm_bri24 pwm_bri25	219h	R/W						r 8 bits [15:8			00h
pwm_bri26	21Ah	R/W						r 8 bits [7:0]	•		00h
pwm_bri27	21Bh	R/W						r 8 bits [15:8			00h
pwm_bri28	21Ch	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]			00h
pwm_bri29	21Dh	R/W						er 8 bits [15:8	<u> </u>		00h
pwm_bri30	21Eh	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]			00h
pwm_bri31	21Fh	R/W	8-bits	PWM for De	ot L1-CS13	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	er 8 bits [15:8	B] for Dot I	_0-CS15	00h
pwm_bri32	220h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for E	Oot L1-CS14	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L	0-CS16	00h
pwm_bri33	221h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for De	ot L1-CS15	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	er 8 bits [15:8	B] for Dot I	_0-CS16	00h
pwm_bri34	222h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for E	Oot L1-CS16	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L	0-CS17	00h
pwm_bri35	223h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for D	ot L1-CS17	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	er 8 bits [15:8] for Dot I	_0-CS17	00h
pwm_bri36	224h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM for	Dot L2-CS0	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L	1-CS0	00h
pwm_bri37	225h	R/W	8-bits	S PWM for [Oot L2-CS1	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	er 8 bits [15:8	B] for Dot I	_1-CS0	00h
pwm_bri38	226h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM for	Dot L2-CS2	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L	1-CS1	00h
pwm_bri39	227h	R/W						er 8 bits [15:8	-		00h
pwm_bri40	228h	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]	<u>'</u>		00h
pwm_bri41	229h	R/W						er 8 bits [15:8	-		00h
pwm_bri42	22Ah	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]	'		00h
pwm_bri43	22Bh	R/W						er 8 bits [15:8			00h
pwm_bri44	22Ch	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]	1		00h
pwm_bri45	22Dh 22Eh	R/W R/W						er 8 bits [15:8 er 8 bits [7:0	-		00h 00h
pwm_bri46 pwm_bri47	22Fh	R/W						er 8 bits [15:	-		00h
pwm_bri48	230h	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0	-		00h
pwm_bri49	231h	R/W						er 8 bits [15:			00h
pwm_bri50	232h	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0	_		00h
pwm_bri51	233h	R/W						er 8 bits [15:	•		00h
pwm_bri52	234h	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0			00h
pwm_bri53	235h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for D	ot L2-CS17	OR 16-bits	PWM high	er 8 bits [15:	8] for Dot	L1-CS8	00h
pwm_bri54	236h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM for	Dot L3-CS0	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L	1-CS9	00h
pwm_bri55	237h	R/W	8-bits	s PWM for [Oot L3-CS1	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	er 8 bits [15:8	B] for Dot I	_1-CS9	00h
pwm_bri56	238h	R/W	8-bit	s PWM for	Dot L3-CS2	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	r 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L1	-CS10	00h
pwm_bri57	239h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for D	ot L3-CS3	OR 16-bits F	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L	1-CS10	00h
pwm_bri58	23Ah	R/W	8-bit	s PWM for	Dot L3-CS4	OR 16-bits	PWM lowe	r 8 bits [7:0]	for Dot L1	-CS11	00h
pwm_bri59	23Bh	R/W	8-bits	PWM for D	ot L3-CS5	OR 16-bits F	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L	1-CS11	00h
pwm_bri60	23Ch	R/W						r 8 bits [7:0]			00h
pwm_bri61	23Dh	R/W						r 8 bits [15:8			00h
pwm_bri62	23Eh	R/W						r 8 bits [7:0]			00h
pwm_bri63	23Fh	R/W						r 8 bits [15:8	-		00h
pwm_bri64	240h	R/W						er 8 bits [7:0]	<u></u>		00h
pwm_bri65	241h	R/W						er 8 bits [15:8			00h
pwm_bri66	242h	R/W	8-bits	FVVM for E	Jot L3-CS12	UK 16-bits	PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0]	TOT DOT L	1-CS15	00h



Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
pwm_bri67	243h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for I	Dot L3-CS1	3 OR 16-bits	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:	8] for Dot L	1-CS15	00h
pwm_bri68	244h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for	Dot L3-CS	14 OR 16-bit	s PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0	for Dot L1	-CS16	00h
pwm_bri69	245h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for I	Dot L3-CS1	OR 16-bits	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:	8] for Dot L	1-CS16	00h
pwm_bri70	246h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for	Dot L3-CS	16 OR 16-bit	s PWM lowe	r 8 bits [7:0	for Dot L1	-CS17	00h
pwm_bri71	247h	R/W	8-bits	PWM for I	Dot L3-CS1	7 OR 16-bits	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:	8] for Dot L	1-CS17	00h
pwm_bri72	248h	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM fo	or Dot L4-CS	0 OR 16-bit	s PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0	for Dot L2	-CS0	00h
pwm_bri73	249h	R/W	8-bits	s PWM for	Dot L4-CS	1 OR 16-bits	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:	8] for Dot L	2-CS0	00h
pwm_bri74	24Ah	R/W	8-bi	ts PWM fo	or Dot L4-CS	S2 OR 16-bit	s PWM lowe	er 8 bits [7:0	for Dot L2	-CS1	00h
pwm_bri75	24Bh	R/W	8-bits	s PWM for	Dot L4-CS	3 OR 16-bits	PWM highe	r 8 bits [15:	B] for Dot L	2-CS1	00h
pwm_bri76	24Ch	R/W					s PWM lowe	-			00h
pwm_bri77	24Dh	R/W					PWM highe	-			00h
pwm_bri78	24Eh	R/W					s PWM lowe	-			00h
pwm_bri79	24Fh	R/W					PWM highe		•		00h
pwm_bri80	250h	R/W					s PWM lowe		•		00h
pwm_bri81	251h	R/W					PWM highe		-		00h
pwm_bri82	252h	R/W					ts PWM low		-		00h
pwm_bri83	253h	R/W					s PWM high	-	-		00h
pwm_bri84	254h	R/W					ts PWM low		-		00h
pwm_bri85	255h	R/W					s PWM high	-	•		00h
pwm_bri86	256h	R/W					ts PWM low		-		00h
pwm_bri87	257h	R/W					s PWM high		-		00h
pwm_bri88	258h	R/W					ts PWM low	-	-		00h
pwm_bri89	259h	R/W					s PWM high				00h
pwm_bri90	25Ah	R/W					s PWM lowe	-			00h
pwm_bri91	25Bh	R/W					PWM highe				00h
pwm_bri92	25Ch	R/W					S PWM lowe				00h
pwm_bri93	25Dh	R/W R/W					PWM higher	-	-		00h
pwm_bri94	25Eh						s PWM lowe				00h
pwm_bri95	25Fh 260h	R/W R/W					PWM highe	-	•		00h
pwm_bri96							PWM lowe				00h
pwm_bri97 pwm_bri98	261h 262h	R/W R/W					PWM higher PWM lowe				00h 00h
pwm_bri99	263h	R/W					PWM higher				00h
pwm_bri100	264h	R/W					s PWM lowe				00h
pwm_bri101	265h	R/W					PWM highe				00h
pwm_bri102	266h	R/W					s PWM lowe				00h
pwm_bri103	267h	R/W					PWM highe	•	•		00h
pwm_bri104	268h	R/W					s PWM lowe		-		00h
pwm_bri105	269h	R/W					PWM highe				00h
pwm_bri106	26Ah	R/W					s PWM lowe	•	•		00h
pwm_bri107	26Bh	R/W					PWM highe				00h
pwm_bri108	26Ch	R/W	2 2.13				bits [7:0] for				00h
pwm_bri109	26Dh	R/W					bits [15:8] fo				00h
pwm_bri110	26Eh	R/W					bits [7:0] for				00h
pwm_bri111	26Fh	R/W					bits [15:8] fo				00h
h44111_0111111	20111	17/77			io-bito F W	ivi ingrici o i	ono [10.0] 10	DOI 10-03	•		0011



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Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
pwm_bri112	270h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS	2		00h
pwm_bri113	271h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L3-C	32		00h
pwm_bri114	272h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS	3		00h
pwm_bri115	273h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L3-C5	33		00h
pwm_bri116	274h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS	4		00h
pwm_bri117	275h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L3-CS	64		00h
pwm_bri118	276h	R/W						Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri119	277h	R/W						or Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri120	278h	R/W						Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri121	279h	R/W						or Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri122	27Ah	R/W						Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri123	27Bh	R/W						or Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri124	27Ch	R/W						Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri125	27Dh	R/W						or Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri126	27Eh	R/W						Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri127	27Fh	R/W						or Dot L3-CS			00h
pwm_bri128	280h	R/W						Dot L3-CS1			00h
pwm_bri129	281h	R/W			16-bits PWI	√ higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	10		00h
pwm_bri130	282h	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 l	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	1		00h
pwm_bri131	283h	R/W			16-bits PWI	M higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	11		00h
pwm_bri132	284h	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	2		00h
pwm_bri133	285h	R/W			16-bits PWI	√ higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	12		00h
pwm_bri134	286h	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	3		00h
pwm_bri135	287h	R/W			16-bits PWI	√l higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	13		00h
pwm_bri136	288h	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	4		00h
pwm_bri137	289h	R/W			16-bits PWI	√ higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	14		00h
pwm_bri138	28Ah	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	5		00h
pwm_bri139	28Bh	R/W			16-bits PWI	√ higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	15		00h
pwm_bri140	28Ch	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	6		00h
pwm_bri141	28Dh	R/W			16-bits PWI	√l higher 8 b	oits [15:8] fo	r Dot L3-CS	16		00h
pwm_bri142	28Eh	R/W			16-bits PW	/M lower 8 b	oits [7:0] for	Dot L3-CS1	7		00h
pwm_bri143	28Fh	R/W			16-bits PWI						00h
pwm_bri144	290h	R/W						Dot L4-CS			00h
pwm_bri145	291h	R/W						or Dot L4-C9			00h
pwm_bri146	292h	R/W						Dot L4-CS			00h
pwm_bri147	293h	R/W						or Dot L4-C9			00h
pwm_bri148	294h	R/W						Dot L4-CS			00h
pwm_bri149	295h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	32		00h
pwm_bri150	296h	R/W						Dot L4-CS			00h
pwm_bri151	297h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	33		00h
pwm_bri152	298h	R/W						Dot L4-CS			00h
pwm_bri153	299h	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	64		00h
pwm_bri154	29Ah	R/W			16-bits PV	VM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	5		00h
pwm_bri155	29Bh	R/W			16-bits PW	M higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	S5		00h
pwm_bri156	29Ch	R/W			16-bits PV	VM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	6		00h



Register Acronym	Address	Туре	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Default
pwm_bri157	29Dh	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C	S6		00h
pwm_bri158	29Eh	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L4-CS	57		00h
pwm_bri159	29Fh	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C	S7		00h
pwm_bri160	2A0h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L4-CS	8		00h
pwm_bri161	2A1h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	8 bits [15:8] f	or Dot L4-C	S8		00h
pwm_bri162	2A2h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L4-CS	9		00h
pwm_bri163	2A3h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	8 bits [15:8] f	or Dot L4-C	S9		00h
pwm_bri164	2A4h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	10		00h
pwm_bri165	2A5h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C5	S10		00h
pwm_bri166	2A6h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	11		00h
pwm_bri167	2A7h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C	S11		00h
pwm_bri168	2A8h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	12		00h
pwm_bri169	2A9h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-CS	S12		00h
pwm_bri170	2AAh	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	13		00h
pwm_bri171	2ABh	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-CS	S13		00h
pwm_bri172	2ACh	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	14		00h
pwm_bri173	2ADh	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-CS	S14		00h
pwm_bri174	2AEh	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	15		00h
pwm_bri175	2AFh	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	S15		00h
pwm_bri176	2B0h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	16		00h
pwm_bri177	2B1h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-CS	S16		00h
pwm_bri178	2B2h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L4-CS	17		00h
pwm_bri179	2B3h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L4-C9	S17		00h
pwm_bri180	2B4h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	0		00h
pwm_bri181	2B5h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	3 bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S0		00h
pwm_bri182	2B6h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	51		00h
pwm_bri183	2B7h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S1		00h
pwm_bri184	2B8h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	2		00h
pwm_bri185	2B9h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S2		00h
pwm_bri186	2BAh	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	3		00h
pwm_bri187	2BBh	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S3		00h
pwm_bri188	2BCh	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	64		00h
pwm_bri189	2BDh	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	8 bits [15:8] f	or Dot L5-C	S4		00h
pwm_bri190	2BEh	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	5		00h
pwm_bri191	2BFh	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	3 bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S5		00h
pwm_bri192	2C0h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	6		00h
pwm_bri193	2C1h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S6		00h
pwm_bri194	2C2h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	3 bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	7		00h
pwm_bri195	2C3h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S7		00h
pwm_bri196	2C4h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	B bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	8		00h
pwm_bri197	2C5h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S8		00h
pwm_bri198	2C6h	R/W			16-bits F	PWM lower 8	B bits [7:0] fo	r Dot L5-CS	9		00h
pwm_bri199	2C7h	R/W			16-bits P\	WM higher 8	B bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-C	S9		00h
pwm_bri200	2C8h	R/W			16-bits P	WM lower 8	bits [7:0] for	Dot L5-CS	10		00h
pwm_bri201	2C9h	R/W			16-bits PV	VM higher 8	bits [15:8] fo	or Dot L5-CS	S10		00h

00h

00h



pwm_bri214

pwm_bri215

2D6h

2D7h

R/W

R/W

Register Address D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 Default Type Acronym R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS11 pwm_bri202 2CAh 00h pwm_bri203 2CBh R/W 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS11 00h pwm_bri204 2CCh R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS12 00h 2CDh R/W 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS12 00h pwm_bri205 2CEh R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS13 pwm_bri206 00h 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS13 pwm_bri207 2CFh R/W 00h 2D0h R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS14 00h pwm_bri208 2D1h R/W pwm_bri209 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS14 00h pwm_bri210 2D2h R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS15 00h pwm bri211 2D3h R/W 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS15 00h pwm_bri212 2D4h R/W 16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS16 00h 2D5h R/W 16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS16 00h pwm_bri213

16-bits PWM lower 8 bits [7:0] for Dot L5-CS17

16-bits PWM higher 8 bits [15:8] for Dot L5-CS17

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ter Links: LP58661
English Data Sheet: SNVSCE3



8 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The LP5866T integrates 18 constant current sinks with 6 switching FETs and one LP5866T can drive up to 108 LED dots or 36 RGB pixels and achieve great dimming effect. In smart home, gaming keyboards, and other human-machine interaction applications, the device can greatly improve user experience with small amount of components.

8.2 Typical Application

8.2.1 Application

☑ 8-1 shows an example of typical application, which uses one LP5866T to drive 66 common-anode RGB LEDs through I²C communication.

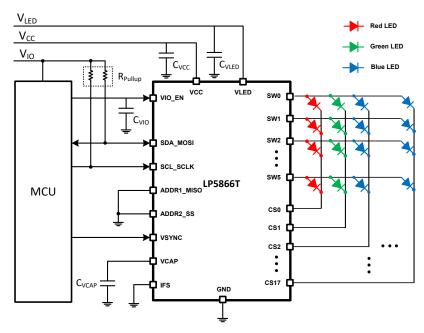


図 8-1. Typical Application - LP5866T Driving 36 RGB LEDs (108 LED Dots)

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8.2.2 Design Requirements

表 8-1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE				
VCC / VIO	3.3V				
VLED	5V				
RGB LED count	36				
Scan number	6				
Interface	I ² C				
LED maximum average current (red, green, blue)	16.67mA, 15mA, 13.33mA				
LED maximum peak current (red, green, blue)	100mA, 90mA, 80mA				

8.2.3 Detailed Design Procedure

LP5866T requires an external capacitor C_{VCAP} , whose value is 1 μ F connected from V_{CAP} to GND for proper operation of internal LDO. The device must be placed as close to the device as possible.

TI recommends that 1-µF capacitors be placed between VCC / VLED with GND, and a 1nF capacitor placed between VIO with GND. Place the capacitors as close to the device as possible.

Pull-up resistors $R_{pull-up}$ are requirement for SCL and SDA when using I^2C as communication method. In typical applications, TI recommends $1.8k\Omega$ to $4.7k\Omega$ resistors.

To decrease thermal dissipation from device to ambient, resistors R_{CS} can optionally be placed in serial with the LED. Voltage drop on these resistors must left enough margins for VSAT to ensure the device works normally.

8.2.3.1 Program Procedure

When selecting data refresh Mode 1, outputs are refreshed instantly after data is received.

When selecting data refresh Mode 2/3, VSYNC signal is required for synchronized display. Programming flow is showed as \boxtimes 8-2. To display full pixel of last frame, VSYNC pulse must be sent to the device after the end of last PWM. Time between two pulses t_{SYNC} must be larger than the whole PWM time of all Dots t_{frame} . Common selection like 60Hz, 90Hz, 120Hz or even higher refresh frequency can be supported. High pulse width longer than t_{SYNC_H} is required at the beginning of each VSYNC frame, and data must not be write to PWM registers during high pulse width.

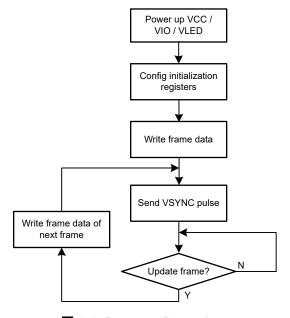


図 8-2. Program Procedure



8.2.4 Application Performance Plots

The following figures show the application performance plots.

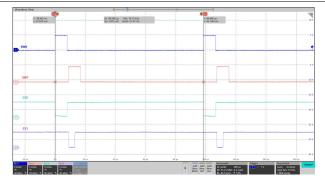
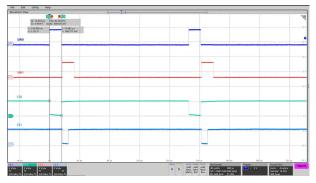
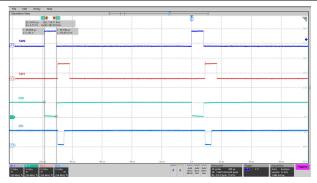


図 8-3. Scan Lines and Current Sinks Waveforms of SW0, SW1, CS0, CS1



PWM frequency = 62.5kHz

図 8-4. Scan Lines and Current Sinks Waveforms of SW0, SW1, CS0, CS1



PWM frequency = 125kHz

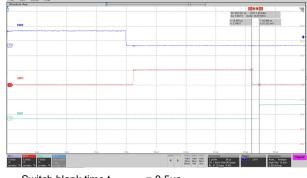


図 8-6. Scan Lines Switching Waveforms of SW0,

SW1, SW2

Switch blank time $t_{SW\ BLK} = 0.5 \mu s$

図 8-5. Scan Lines and Current Sinks Waveforms of SW0, SW1, CS0, CS1

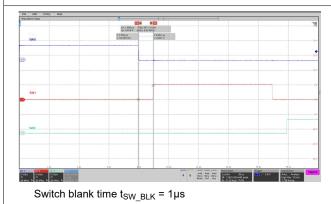
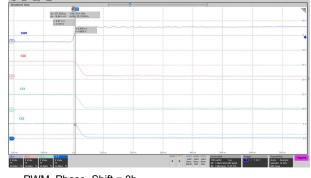
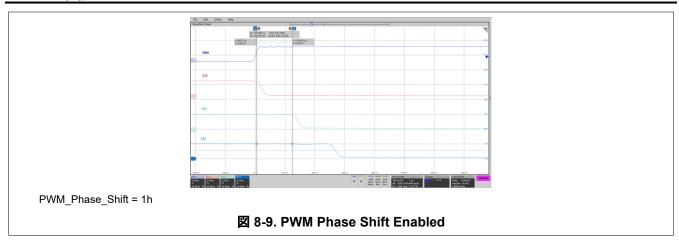


図 8-7. Scan Lines Switching Waveforms of SW0, SW1, SW2



PWM_Phase_Shift = 0h

図 8-8. PWM Phase Shift Disabled



8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

8.3.1 VDD Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866T is designed to operate from a 2.7V to 5.5V VDD voltage supply. This input supply must be well regulated and be able to provide the peak current required by the LED matrix. The resistance of the VDD supply rail must be low enough such that the input current transient does not cause the LP5866T VDD supply voltage to drop below the maximum POR voltage.

8.3.2 VLED Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866T is designed to operate with a 2.7V to 5.5V VLED voltage supply. The VLED supply must be well regulated and able to provide the peak current required by the LED configuration without voltage drop, under load transients like start-up or rapid brightness change. The resistance of the input supply rail must be low enough so that the input current transient does not cause the VLED supply voltage to drop below LED V_f + VSAT voltage.

8.3.3 VIO Input Supply Recommendations

LP5866T is designed to operate with a 1.65V to 5.5V VIO_EN voltage supply. The VIO_EN supply must be well regulated and able to provide the peak current required by the LED configuration without voltage drop under load transients like startup or rapid brightness change.

8.4 Layout

8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

Below guidelines for layout design can help to get a better on-board performance.

- The decoupling capacitors C_{VCC} and C_{VLED} for power supply must be close to the chip to have minimized the
 impact of high-frequency noise and ripple from power. C_{VCAP} for internal LDO must be put as close to chip as
 possible. GND plane connections to C_{VLED} and GND pins must be on TOP layer copper with multiple vias
 connecting to system ground plane. C_{VIO} for internal enable block also must be put as close to chip as
 possible.
- The exposed thermal pad must be well soldered to the board, which can have better mechanical reliability.
 This action can optimize heat transfer so that increasing thermal performance. The AGND pin must be connected to thermal pad and system ground.
- The major heat flow path from the package to the ambient is through copper on the PCB. Several methods
 can help thermal performance. Below exposed thermal pad of the device, putting much vias through the PCB
 to other ground layer can dissipate more heat. Maximizing the copper coverage on the PCB can increase the
 thermal conductivity of the board.
- Low inductive and resistive path of switch load loop can help to provide a high slew rate. Therefore, path of VLED SWx must be short and wide and avoid parallel wiring and narrow trace. Transient current in SWx pins is much larger than CSy pins, so that trace for SWx must be wider than CSy.

Product Folder Links: LP5866T

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8.4.2 Layout Example

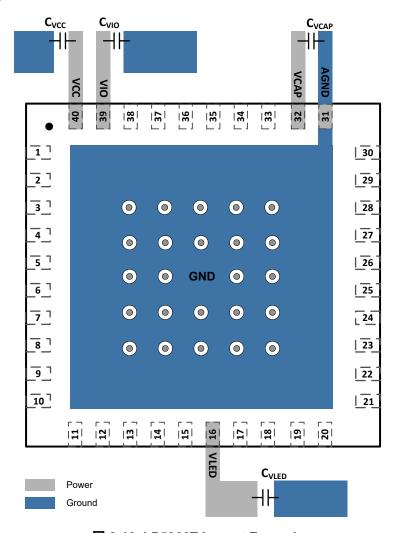


図 8-10. LP5866T Layout Example

9 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

9.1 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、www.tij.co.jp のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。[通知] をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取ることができます。 変更の詳細については、改訂されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

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9.5 用語集

テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集 この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

10 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

(Changes from Revision A (August 2023) to Revision B (November 2023)	Page
•	- タイトルを8ビットアナログおよび8または16ビットPWM調光搭載、11×18LED大電流マトリクスドライバに	
	新	1
_		

Changes from Revision * (May 2023) to Revision A (August 2023)

Page



11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

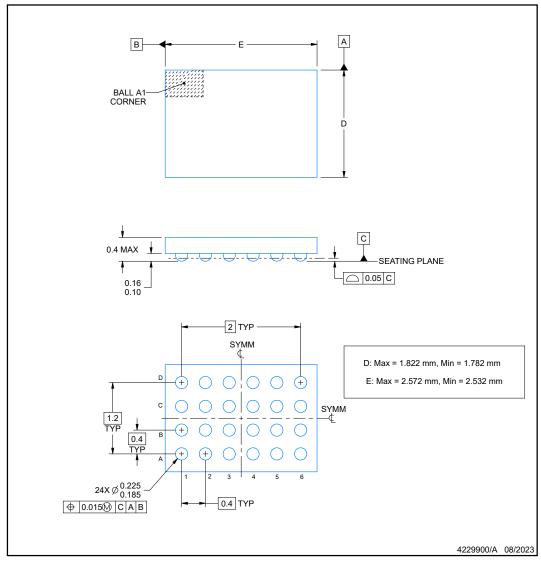
Product Folder Links: LP5866T

YBH0024-C02

PACKAGE OUTLINE

DSBGA - 0.4 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
 This drawing is subject to change without notice.



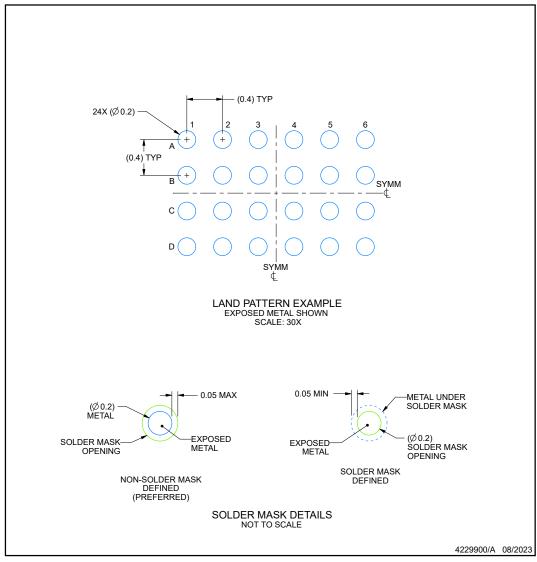


EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

YBH0024-C02

DSBGA - 0.4 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. See Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



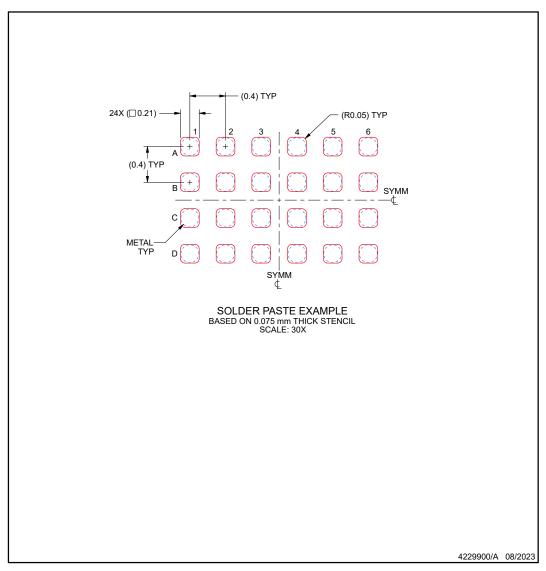


EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YBH0024-C02

DSBGA - 0.4 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
LP5866TMRKPR	Active	Production	VQFN (RKP) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	5866TM
LP5866TMRKPR.A	Active	Production	VQFN (RKP) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	5866TM
LP5866TRKPR	Active	Production	VQFN (RKP) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	LP5866T
LP5866TRKPR.A	Active	Production	VQFN (RKP) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	LP5866T

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

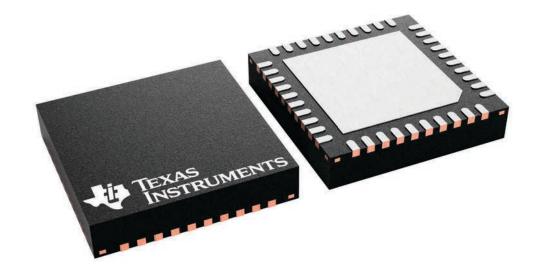
⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

5 x 5, 0.4 mm pitch

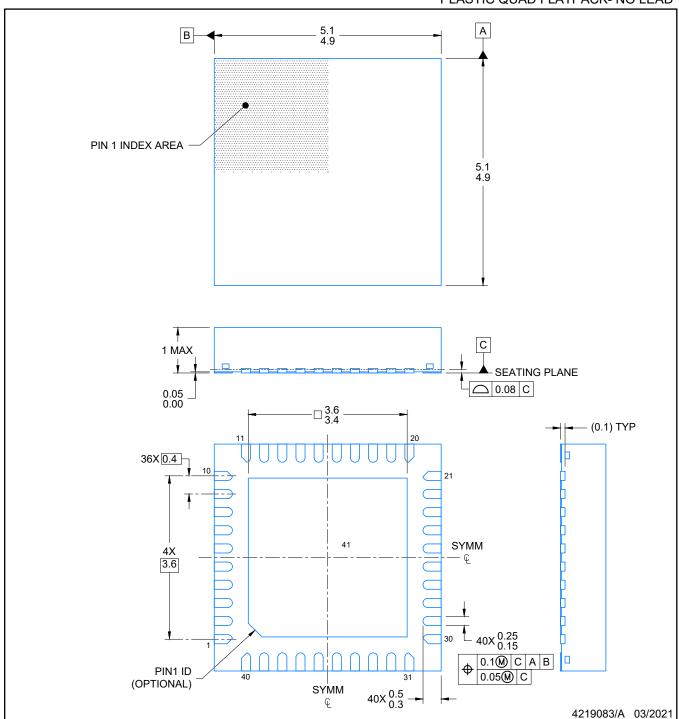
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



Instruments www.ti.com

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD

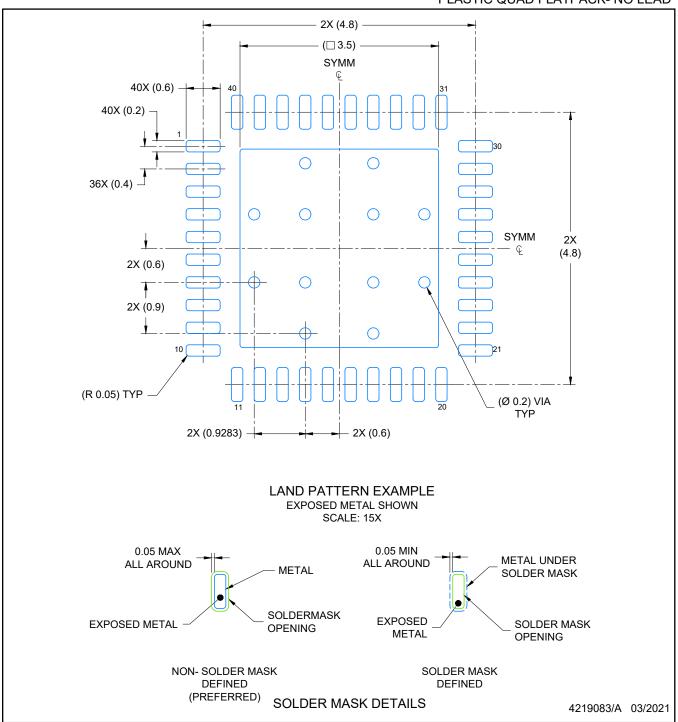


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD

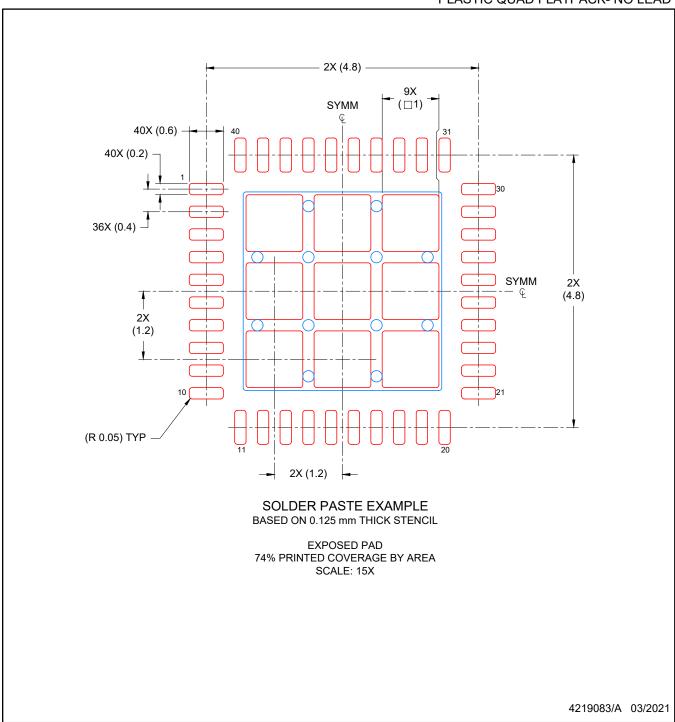


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK- NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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