

TS5A3159A 1Ω SPDTアナログ・スイッチ

5Vおよび3.3Vシングル・チャネル2:1マルチプレクサ/デマルチプレクサ

1 特長

- Break-Before-Makeスイッチングを規定
- パワーダウン・モードでの絶縁、 $V_{+} = 0$
- TS5A3159デバイスと端子互換
- 低いオン抵抗(1Ω)
- 制御入力は5.5V許容
- 低い電荷注入
- 非常に優れたオン抵抗マッチング
- 低い全高調波歪(THD)
- 1.65V～5.5Vの単電源で動作
- JESD 78、Class II準拠で100mA超のラッチアップ性能
- ESD性能はJESDに準拠しテスト済み
 - 人体モデルで2000V (A114-B、クラスII)
 - 1000V、荷電デバイス・モデル(C101)

2 アプリケーション

- 携帯電話
- 携帯情報端末
- ポータブル機器
- オーディオおよびビデオ信号のルーティング
- 低電圧のデータ収集システム
- 通信用回路
- モデム
- ハードディスク
- コンピュータ・ペリフェラル
- ワイヤレス端末およびペリフェラル

3 概要

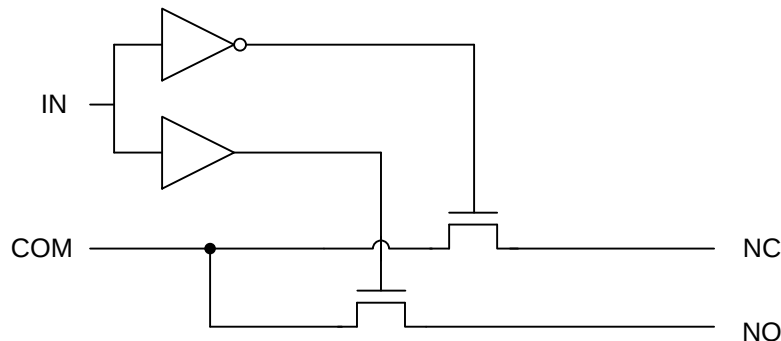
TS5A3159Aデバイスは単極双投(SPDT)アナログ・スイッチで、1.65V～5.5Vで動作するように設計されています。このデバイスはオン抵抗が低く、オン抵抗マッチングが非常に優れており、Break-Before-Make機能によってチャネル間の信号転送時に信号が歪むのを防ぎます。このデバイスは、全高調波歪(THD)性能が非常に優れており、極めて低消費電力です。これらの特長から、このデバイスは携帯用オーディオ・アプリケーションに適しています。

製品情報⁽¹⁾

型番	パッケージ	本体サイズ(公称)
TS5A3159ADBVR	SOT-23 (6)	2.90mm×1.60mm
TS5A3159ADCKR	SC70 (6)	2.00mm×1.25mm
TS5A3159AYZPR	DSBGA (6)	1.41mm×0.91mm

(1) 提供されているすべてのパッケージについては、データシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。

ブロック図



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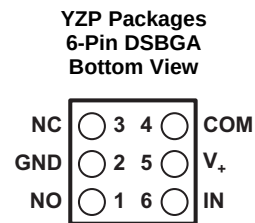
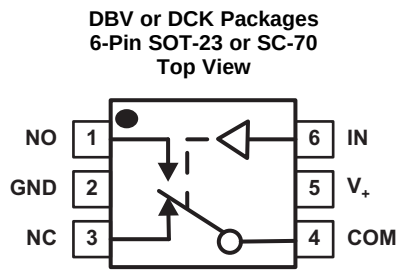
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4 改訂履歴

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Revision E (November 2015) から Revision F に変更	Page
• Changed the YZP package From: 8 Pins To: 6 Pins in the <i>Thermal Information</i> table	4
Revision D (June 2015) から Revision E に変更	Page
• Changed Pin Descriptions	3
Revision C (May 2010) から Revision D に変更	Page
• 「アプリケーション」セクション、「製品情報」表、「ピン機能」表、「ESD定格」表、「熱に関する情報」表、「代表的特性」セクション、「機能説明」セクション、「デバイスの機能モード」セクション、「アプリケーションと実装」セクション、「電源に関する推奨事項」セクション、「レイアウト」セクション、「デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート」セクション、「メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報」セクションを追加	1

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



NO – Normally open
NC – Normally closed

Pin Functions

NAME	PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
	SOT-23, SC-70	DSBGA		
COM	4	C2	I/O	Common switch port
GND	2	B1	—	Ground
IN	6	A2	I/O	Switch select. High = COM connected to NO; Low = COM connected to NC
NC	3	C1	I/O	Normally closed switched port
NO	1	A1	—	Normally open switch port
V+	5	B2	I	Power supply

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V ₊	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾		−0.5	6.5	V
V _{NO} , V _{NC} , V _{COM}	Analog voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾		−0.5	V ₊ + 0.5	V
I _K	Analog port diode current	V _{NC} , V _{NO} , V _{COM} < 0	−50		mA
I _{NO} , I _{NC} , I _{COM}	ON-state switch current	V _{NO} , V _{NC} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊	−200	200	mA
	ON-state peak switch current ⁽⁶⁾		−400	400	mA
V _I	Digital input voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾		−0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V _I < 0	−50		mA
I ₊	Continuous current through V ₊			100	mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND		−100	100	mA
T _A	Absolute maximum operating temperature ⁽⁷⁾	DBV or DCK package		150	°C
		YZP package		125	

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration <10% duty cycle.
- (7) The lifetime of the device will be reduced if the device operates continually at this temperature.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	V
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO}	Switch input/output voltage	0	V_+	V
V_+	Supply voltage	1.65	5.5	V
V_I	Control input voltage	0	5.5	V
T_A	Operating temperature	–40	85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TS5A3159A			UNIT
		DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC-70)	YZP (DSBGA)	
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	165	259	123	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.5 Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply

 $V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH									
V _{COM} , V _{NO} , V _{NC} Analog signal						0		V ₊	V
r _{peak}	Peak ON resistance	0 ≤ (V _{NO} or V _{NC}) ≤ V ₊ , I _{COM} = −100 mA,	Switch on, see Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V	0.8		1.1	Ω
				Full		1.5			
r _{on}	ON-state resistance	V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 2.5 V, I _{COM} = −100 mA,	Switch on, see Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V	0.7		0.9	Ω
				Full		1.1			
Δr _{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 2.5 V, I _{COM} = −100 mA,	Switch on, see Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V	0.05		0.1	Ω
				Full		0.1			
r _{on(flat)}	ON-state resistance flatness	0 ≤ (V _{NO} or V _{NC}) ≤ V ₊ , I _{COM} = −100 mA,	Switch on, see Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V	0.15			Ω
		V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1 V, 1.5 V, 2.5 V, I _{COM} = −100 mA,	Switch on, see Figure 14	25°C		0.1		0.25	
			Full				0.25		
I _{NC(OFF)} , I _{NO(OFF)}	NC, NO OFF leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 1 V, V _{COM} = 1 V to 4.5 V, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 4.5 V, V _{COM} = 1 V to 4.5 V,	Switch off, see Figure 15	25°C	5.5 V	−20	2	20	nA
				Full		−100		100	
I _{NC(PWROFF)} , I _{NO(PWROFF)}		V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0 to 5.5 V, V _{COM} = 5.5 V to 0,	Switch off, see Figure 15	25°C	0 V	−1	0.2	1	μA
				Full		−20		20	
I _{NC(ON)} , I _{NO(ON)}	NC, NO ON leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 1 V, V _{COM} = Open, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 4.5 V, V _{COM} = Open,	Switch on, see Figure 16	25°C	5.5 V	−20	2	20	nA
				Full		−100		100	
I _{COM(PWROFF)}	COM OFF leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0 to 5.5 V, V _{COM} = 5.5 V to 0,	Switch off, see Figure 15	25°	0 V	−1	0.1	1	μA
				Full		−20		20	
I _{COM(ON)}	COM ON leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = Open, V _{COM} = 1 V, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = Open, V _{COM} = 4.5 V,	Switch on, see Figure 16	25°C	5.5 V	−20	2	20	nA
				Full		−100		100	
DIGITAL INPUT (IN)									
V _{IH}	Input logic high			Full		2.4		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.8	
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	5.5 V	−2		2	nA
				Full		100		100	
DYNAMIC									
t _{ON}	Turnon time	V _{COM} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, see Figure 18	25°C	5 V	1	12	30	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		35	
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	V _{COM} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, see Figure 18	25°C	5 V	1	5	20	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		30	
t _{BBM}	Break-before-make time	V _{NC} = V _{NO} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, see Figure 19	25°C	5 V	6			ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		20	
Q _C	Charge injection	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, see Figure 23	25°C	5 V	−20			pC
C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	NC, NO OFF capacitance	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch off, see Figure 17	25°C	5 V	18			pF
C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	NC, NO ON capacitance	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch on, see Figure 17	25°C	5 V	55			pF
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch on, see Figure 17	25°C	5 V	55			pF
C _I	Digital input capacitance	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V	2			pF
BW	Bandwidth	R _L = 50 Ω,	Switch on, see Figure 20	25°C	5 V	100			MHz

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply (continued)

 $V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
O_{ISO} Off isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, Switch off, see Figure 21	25°C	5 V		–64		dB
X_{TALK} Crosstalk	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, Switch on, see Figure 22	25°C	5 V		–64		dB
THD Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600 \Omega$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $f = 200 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$, see Figure 24	25°C	5 V		0.004%		
SUPPLY							
I_+ Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, Switch on or off	25°C Full	5.5 V		10 500		nA

6.6 Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply

 $V_+ = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH							
V_{COM}, V_{NO}, V_{NC} Analog signal range				0		V_+	V
r_{peak} Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	3 V		1.3 2	1.6	Ω
r_{on} ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	3 V		1.2 1.7	1.5	Ω
Δr_{on} ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}$, 0.8 V , $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	3 V		0.1 0.15	0.15	Ω
$r_{on(flat)}$ ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C	3 V		0.2		Ω
	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 2 \text{ V}$, 0.8 V , $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full			0.15 0.3	0.3	
$I_{NC(OFF)}, I_{NO(OFF)}$ NC, NO off leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}$ to 3 V , or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}$ to 3 V , Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C Full	3.6 V	–20 –50	2	20 50	nA
$I_{NC(PWROFF)}, I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 0$ to 3.6 V , $V_{COM} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ to 0 , Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C Full	0 V	–1 –15	0.2	1 15	μA
$I_{NC(ON)}, I_{NO(ON)}$ NC, NO on leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} =$ Open, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} =$ Open, Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C Full	3.6 V	–10 –20	2	10 20	nA
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ COM off leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ to 0 , $V_{COM} = 0$ to 3.6 V , Switch off, See Figure 15	25° Full	0 V	–1 –15	0.2	1 15	μA
$I_{COM(ON)}$ COM on leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} =$ Open, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}$, or V_{NC} or $V_{NO} =$ Open, $V_{COM} = 3 \text{ V}$, Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C Full	3.6 V	–10 –20	2	10 20	nA
DIGITAL INPUT (IN)							
V_{IH} Input logic high		Full		2.4		5.5	V
V_{IL} Input logic low		Full		0		0.8	
I_{IH}, I_{IL} Input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V}$ or 0	25°C Full	3.6 V	–2 –100		2 100	nA
DYNAMIC							
t_{ON} Turnon time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C Full	3.3 V $3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	5 3	16	35 50	ns
t_{OFF} Turnoff time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C Full	3.3 V $3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1 1	9	20 30	ns

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply (continued)

 $V_+ = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{BBM}	Break-before-make time	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$,	$C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 19	25°C	3.3 V		9		ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		40	
Q_C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$,	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 23	25°C	3.3 V		-11		pC
$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$	NC, NO OFF capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND,	Switch off, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		18		pF
$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$	NC, NO ON capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND,	Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
$C_{COM(ON)}$	COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND,	Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		55		pF
C_I	Digital input capacitance	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$,	Switch on, See Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		100		MHz
O_{ISO}	Off isolation	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$,	Switch off, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		-64		dB
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$,	Switch on, See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		-64		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$,	$f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 24	25°C	3.3 V		0.01%		
SUPPLY									
I_+	Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	Switch on or off	25°C	3.6 V		10	25	nA
				Full				100	

6.7 Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply

 $V_+ = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH									
V _{COM} , V _{NO} , V _{NC} Analog signal range						0		V ₊	V
r _{peak}	Peak ON resistance	0 ≤ (V _{NO} or V _{NC}) ≤ V ₊ , I _{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C	2.3 V	1.8	2.5		Ω
				Full			2.7		
r _{on}	ON-state resistance	V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.8 V, I _{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C	2.3 V	1.5	2		Ω
				Full			2.4		
Δr _{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 1.8 V, I _{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C	2.3 V	0.15	0.2		Ω
				Full			0.2		
r _{on(flat)}	ON-state resistance flatness	0 ≤ (V _{NO} or V _{NC}) ≤ V ₊ , I _{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C	2.3 V	0.6			Ω
		V _{NO} or V _{NC} = 0.8 V, 1.8 V, I _{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C		0.6	1		
						Full		1	
I _{NC(OFF)} , I _{NO(OFF)}	NC, NO OFF leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0.5 V, V _{COM} = 0.5 V to 2.3 V, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 2.3 V, V _{COM} = 0.5 V to 2.3 V,	Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C	2.7 V	−20	2	20	nA
				Full		−50		50	
I _{NC(PWROFF)} , I _{NO(PWROFF)}		V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0 to 3.6 V, V _{COM} = 3.6 V to 0,	Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C	0 V	−1	0.1	1	μA
				Full		−10		10	
I _{NC(ON)} , I _{NO(ON)}	NC, NO ON leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 0.5 V, V _{COM} = Open, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 2.2 V, V _{COM} = Open,	Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C	2.7 V	−10	2	10	nA
				Full		−20		20	
I _{COM(PWROFF)}	COM OFF leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 2.7 V to 0, V _{COM} = 0 to 2.7 V,	Switch off, See Figure 15	25°	0 V	−1	0.1	10	μA
				Full		−10		20	
I _{COM(ON)}	COM ON leakage current	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = Open, V _{COM} = 0.5 V, or V _{NC} or V _{NO} = Open, V _{COM} = 2.2 V,	Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C	2.7 V	−10	2	10	nA
				Full		−20		20	
DIGITAL INPUT (IN)									
V _{IH}	Input logic high			Full		1.8		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.6	
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	2.7 V	−2		2	nA
				Full		20		20	
DYNAMIC									
t _{ON}	Turnon time	V _{COM} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V	5	22	40	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	5		50	
t _{OFF}	Turnoff time	V _{COM} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V	2	6	35	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		50	
t _{BBM}	Break-before-make time	V _{NC} = V _{NO} = V ₊ , R _L = 50 Ω,	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V	2	13	35	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	2		45	
Q _C	Charge injection	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 23	25°C	2.5 V		−7		pC
C _{NC(OFF)} , C _{NO(OFF)}	NC, NO OFF capacitance	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch off, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		18		pF
C _{NC(ON)} , C _{NO(ON)}	NC, NO ON capacitance	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND,	Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		55		pF
C _I	Digital input capacitance	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	R _L = 50 Ω,	Switch on, See Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		100		MHz

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply (continued)

 $V_+ = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
O_{ISO} Off isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, Switch off, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		–64		dB
X_{TALK} Crosstalk	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, Switch on, See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		–64		dB
THD Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600 \Omega$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, $f = 20 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$, See Figure 24	25°C	2.5 V		0.02%		
SUPPLY							
I_+ Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, Switch on or off	25°C Full	2.7 V		10 20	50	nA

6.8 Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply

 $V_+ = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH							
V_{COM} , V_{NO} , V_{NC} Analog signal range				0		V_+	V
r_{peak} Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	1.65 V		5	15	Ω
r_{on} ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	1.65 V		2	2.5 3.5	Ω
Δr_{on} ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	1.65 V		0.15	0.4 0.4	Ω
$r_{on(Flat)}$ ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq (V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{NC}) \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -8 \text{ mA}$, Switch on, See Figure 14	25°C Full	1.65 V		5	4.5	Ω
$I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$ NC, NO OFF leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V to } 1.65 \text{ V}$, Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C Full	1.95 V	–5 –20	2	5 20	nA
$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0$, Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C Full	0 V	–1 –5	0.1	1 5	μA
$I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$ NC, NO ON leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C Full	1.95 V	–5 –20	2	5 20	nA
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$ COM OFF leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0$, $V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, Switch off, See Figure 15	25°C Full	0 V	–1 –5	0.1	7 5	μA
$I_{COM(ON)}$ COM ON leakage current	$V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{Open}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NC} \text{ or } V_{NO} = \text{Open}$, $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, Switch on, See Figure 16	25°C Full	1.95 V	–5 –20	2	5 20	nA
DIGITAL INPUT (IN)							
V_{IH} Input logic high		Full		1.5		5.5	V
V_{IL} Input logic low		Full		0		0.6	
I_{IH} , I_{IL} Input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or } 0$	25°C Full	1.95 V	–2 20		2 20	nA
DYNAMIC							
t_{ON} Turnon time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C Full	1.8 V 1.65 V to 1.95 V	10 10	35	70 75	ns

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

TS5A3159A

JAJSEJ3F – JUNE 2005 – REVISED JANUARY 2018

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Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply (continued)
 $V_+ = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{OFF} Turnoff time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C	1.8 V	2	15	40	ns
		Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2		50	
t_{BBM} Break-before-make time	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_+$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		22		ns
		Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2		70	
Q_C Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 23	25°C	1.8 V		–4		pC
$C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$ NC, NO OFF capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch off, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V		18		pF
$C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$ NC, NO ON capacitance	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
$C_{COM(ON)}$ COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch on, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V		55		pF
C_I Digital input capacitance	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V		2		pF
BW Bandwidth	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, Switch on, See Figure 20	25°C	1.8 V		105		MHz
O_{ISO} Off isolation	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch off, See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		64		dB
X_{TALK} Crosstalk	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Switch on, See Figure 22	25°C	1.8 V		64		dB
THD Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 24	25°C	1.8 V		0.06%		
SUPPLY							
I_+ Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND, Switch on or off	25°C	1.95 V		5	15	μA
		Full				50	

6.9 Typical Characteristics

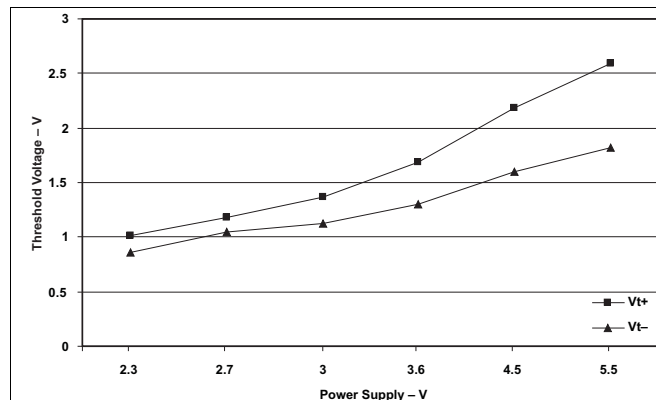


Figure 1. Logic Threshold vs Power Supply

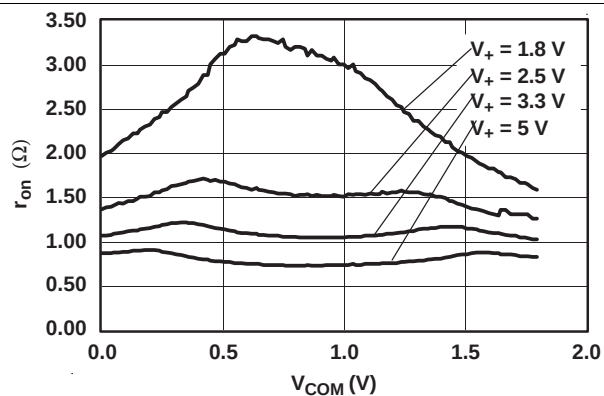


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

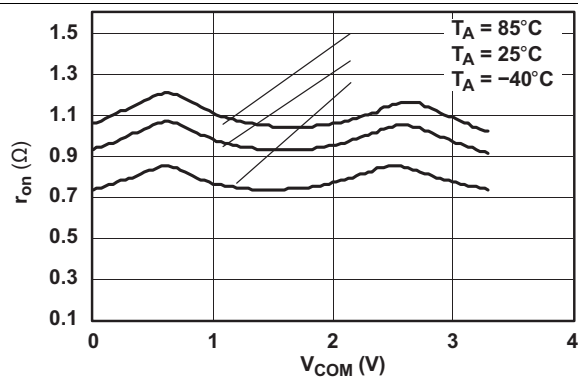


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 3.3$ V)

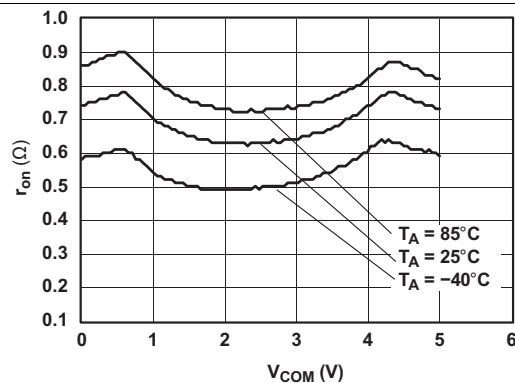


Figure 4. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 5$ V)

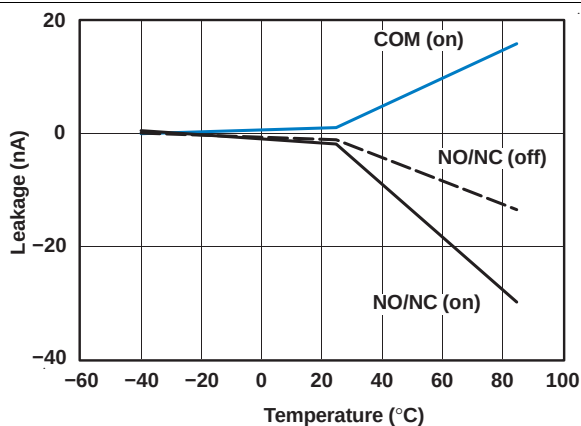


Figure 5. Leakage Current vs Temperature ($V_+ = 3.3$ V)

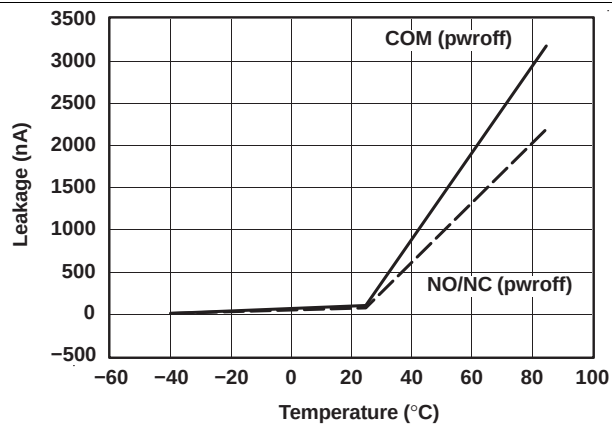


Figure 6. Leakage Current vs Temperature ($V_+ = 5$ V)

Typical Characteristics (continued)

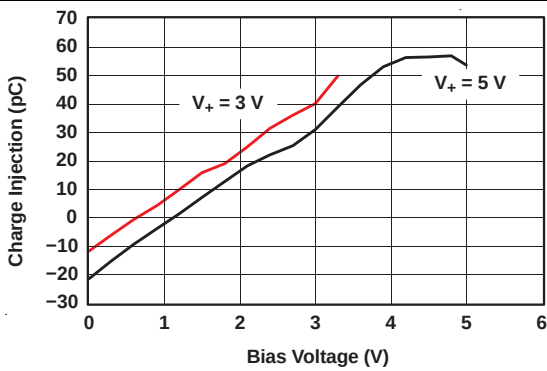


Figure 7. Charge Injection vs Bias Voltage

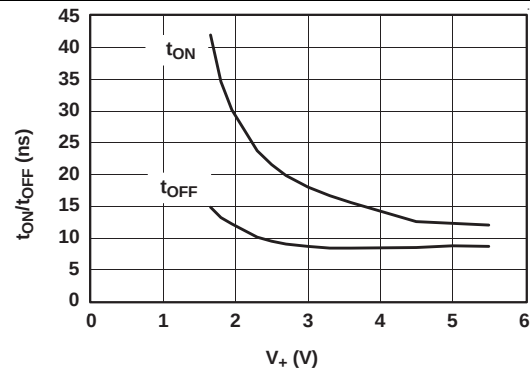


Figure 8. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

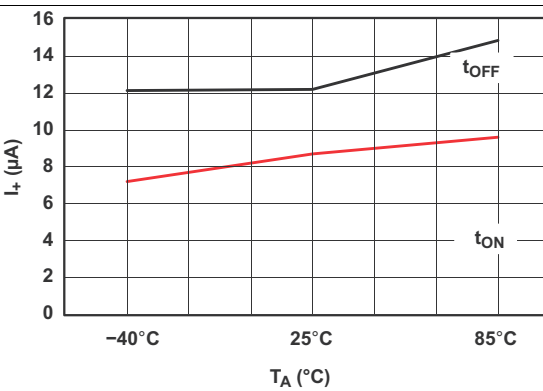


Figure 9. I_+ vs Temperature

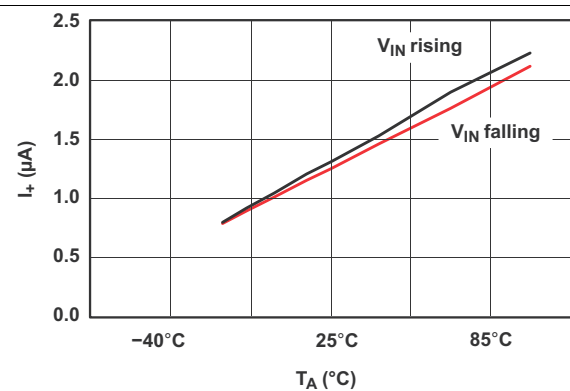


Figure 10. I_+ vs Temperature

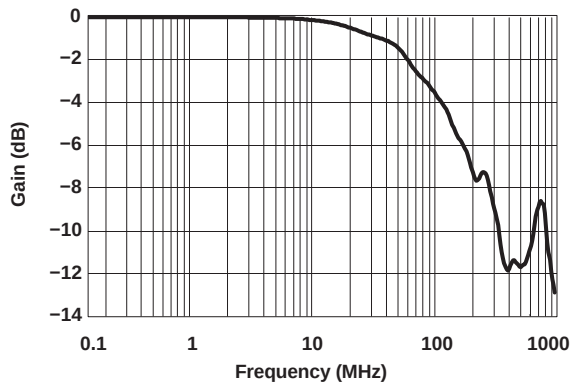


Figure 11. Bandwidth ($V_+ = 5$ V)

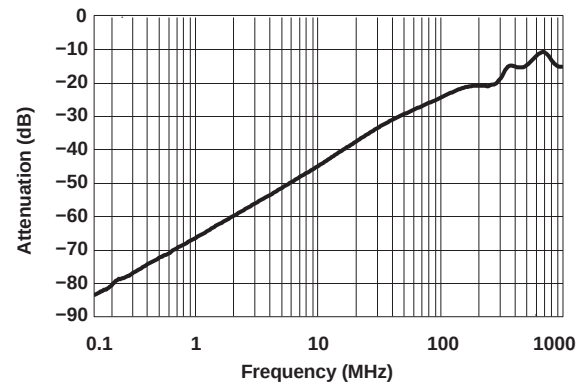


Figure 12. Attenuation vs Frequency

Typical Characteristics (continued)

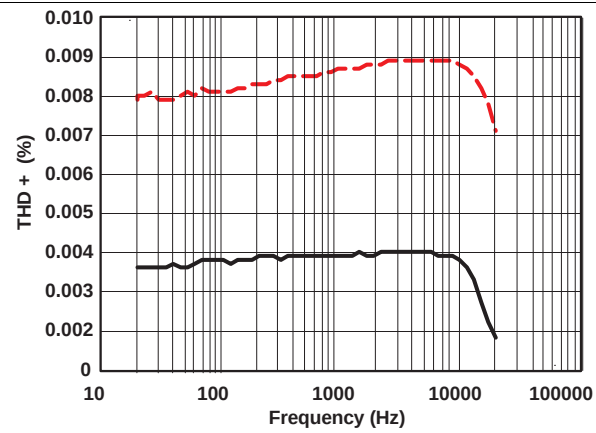


Figure 13. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency
($V_+ = 5\text{ V}$)

7 Parameter Measurement Information

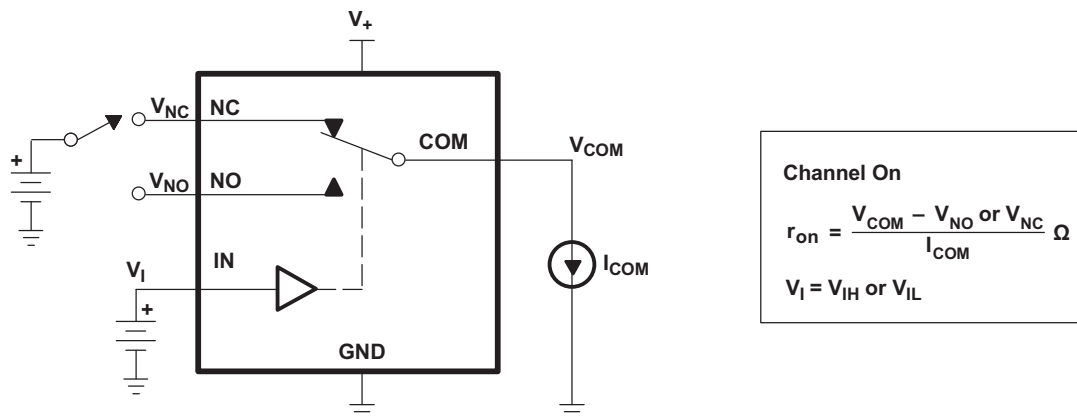


Figure 14. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

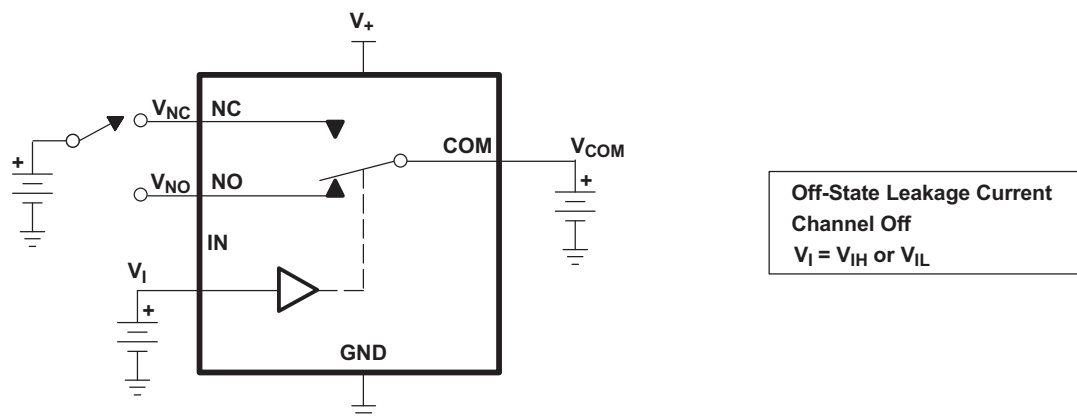


Figure 15. OFF-State Leakage Current ($I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{NC(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(PWROFF)}$, $I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$)

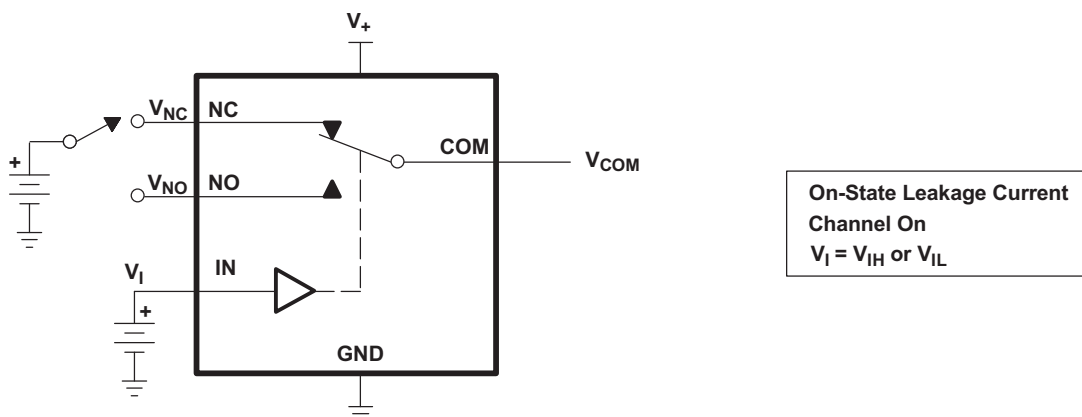


Figure 16. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NC(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

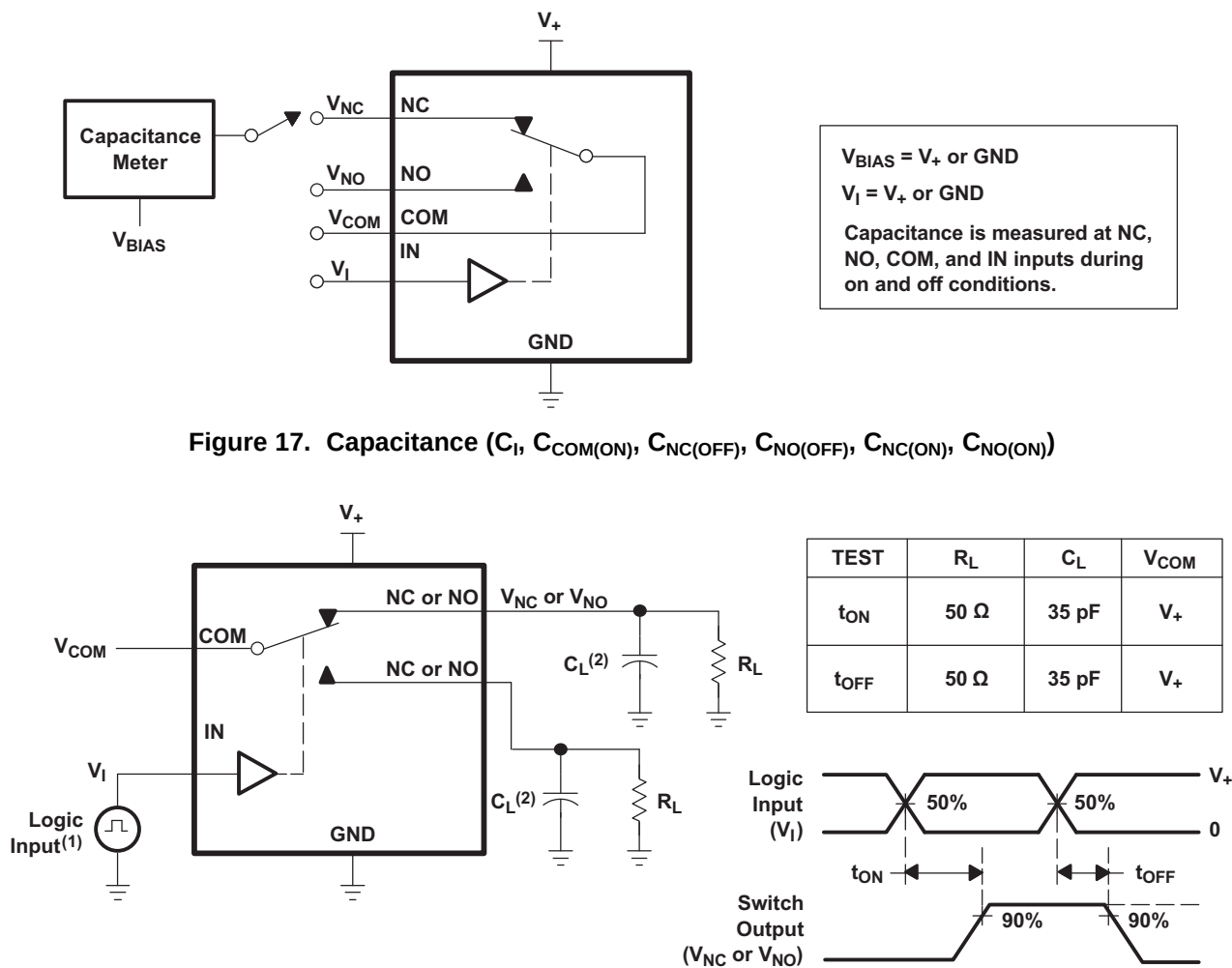
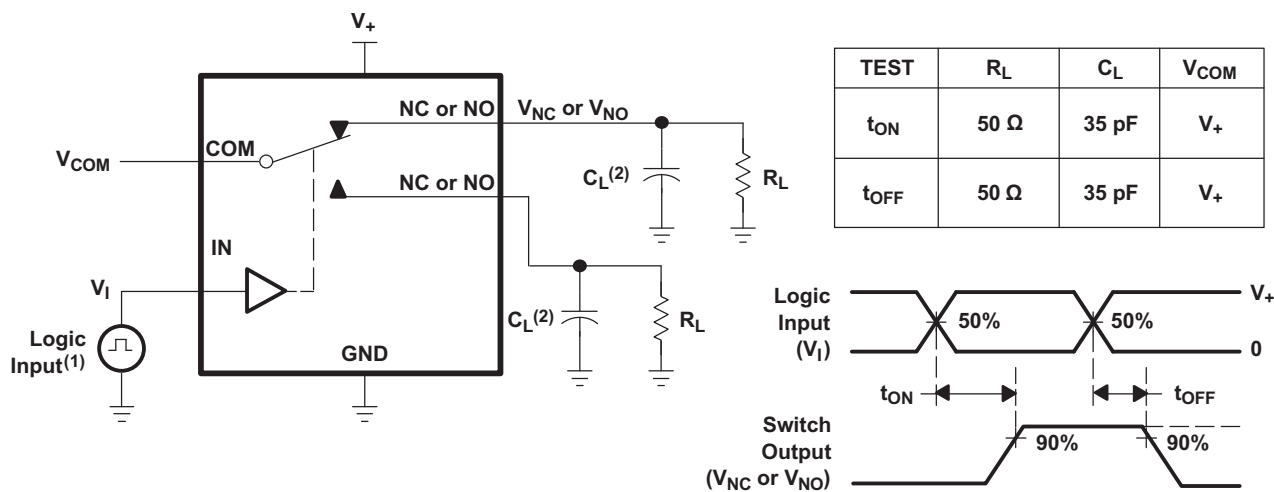
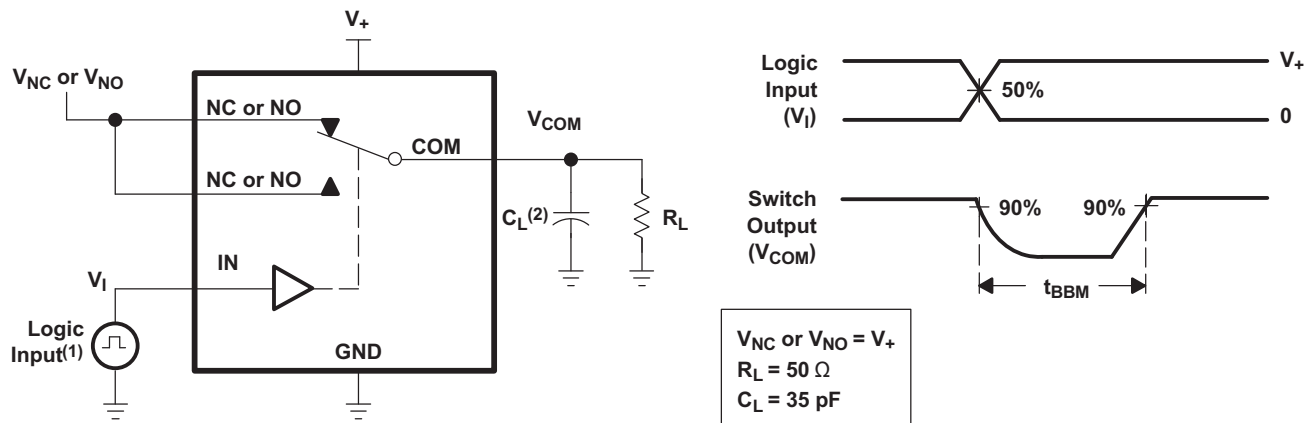


Figure 17. Capacitance (C_I , $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{NC(ON)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)

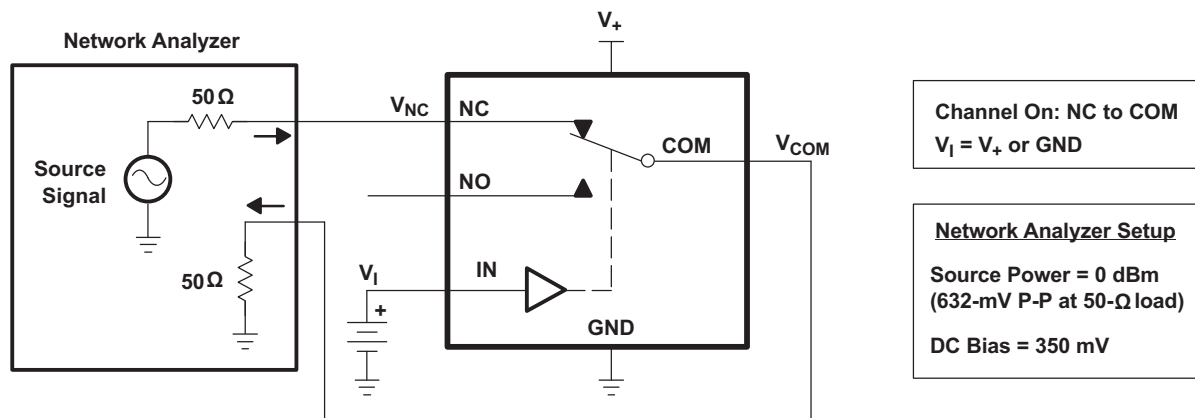
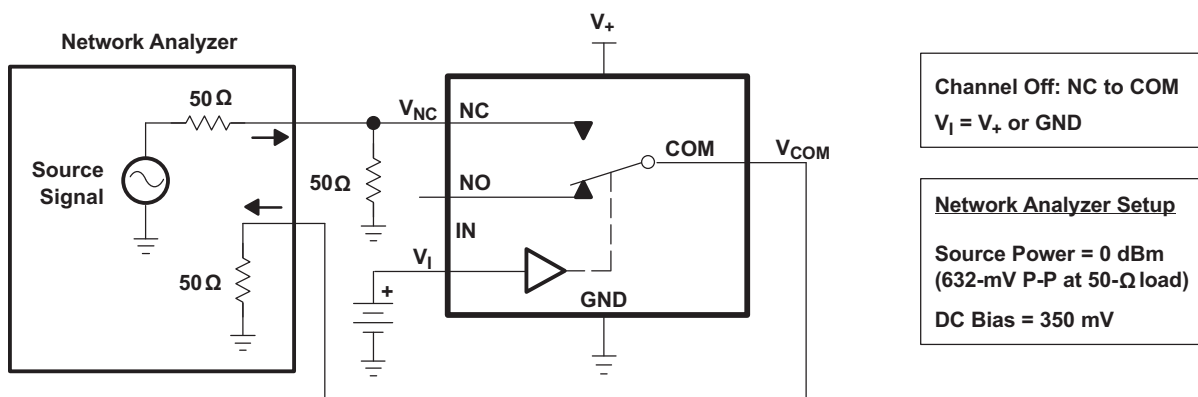


- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10$ MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5$ ns, $t_f < 5$ ns.
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff Time (t_{OFF})

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)


- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\text{PRR} \leq 10\ \text{MHz}$, $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$, $t_r < 5\ \text{ns}$, $t_f < 5\ \text{ns}$.
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 19. Break-Before-Make Time (t_{BBM})

Figure 20. Bandwidth (BW)

Figure 21. OFF Isolation (O_{ISO})

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

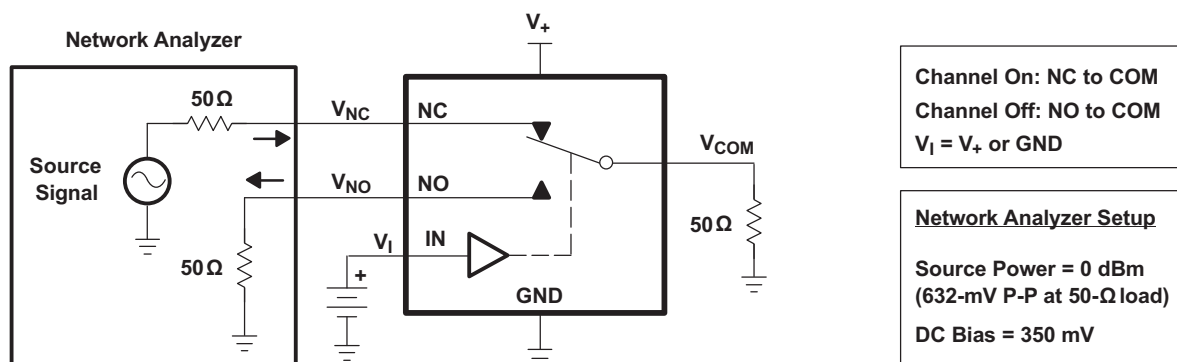
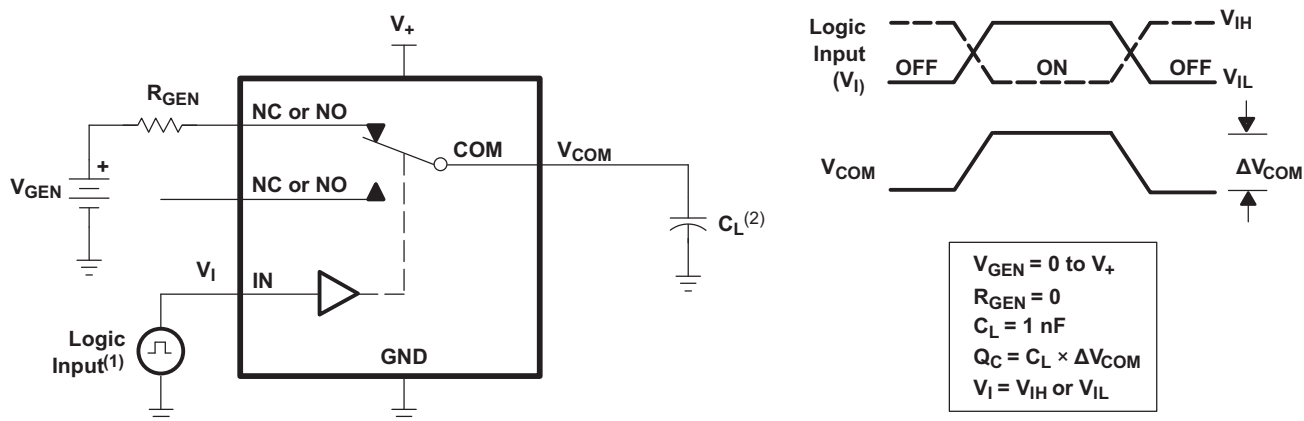
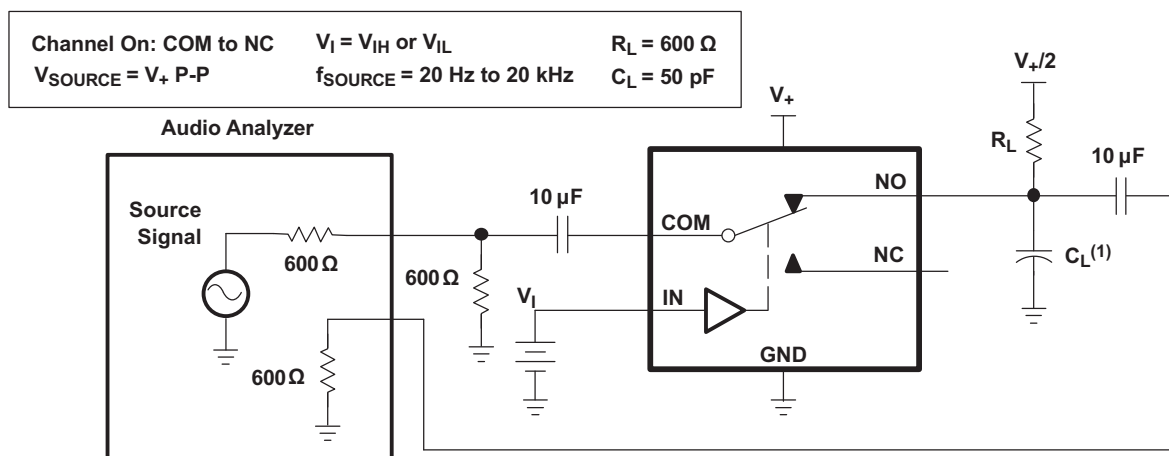


Figure 22. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\text{PRR} \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_0 = 50 \text{ } \Omega$, $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$.
- (2) C_1 includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 23. Charge Injection (Q_C)



- (1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 24. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

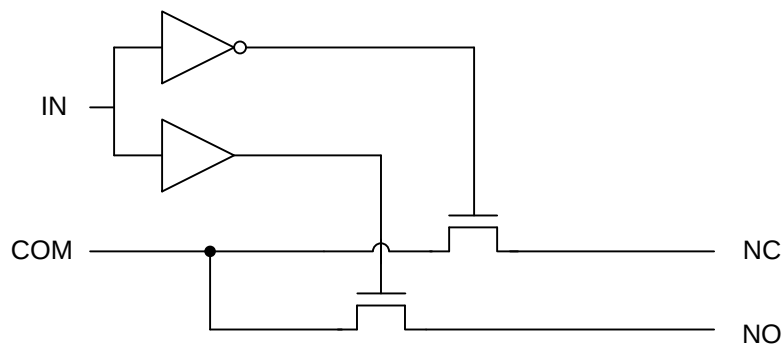
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS5A3159A is a single-pole-double-throw (SPDT) solid-state analog switch. The TS5A3159A, like all analog switches, is bidirectional. When powered on, each COM pin is connected to the NC pin. For this device, NC stands for *normally closed* and NO stands for *normally open*. If IN is low, COM is connected to NC. If IN is high, COM is connected to NO.

The TS5A3159A is a break-before-make switch. This means that during switching, a connection is broken before a new connection is established. The NC and NO pins are never connected to each other.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



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8.3 Feature Description

The low ON-state resistance, ON-state resistance matching, and charge injection in the TS5A3159A make this switch an excellent choice for analog signals that require minimal distortion. In addition, the low THD allows audio signals to be preserved more clearly as they pass through the device.

The 1.65-V to 5.5-V operation allows compatibility with more logic levels, and the bidirectional I/Os can pass analog signals from 0 V to V_+ with low distortion.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

[Table 1](#) lists the functional modes of the TS5A3159A.

Table 1. Function Table

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
H	OFF	ON

9 Application and Implementation

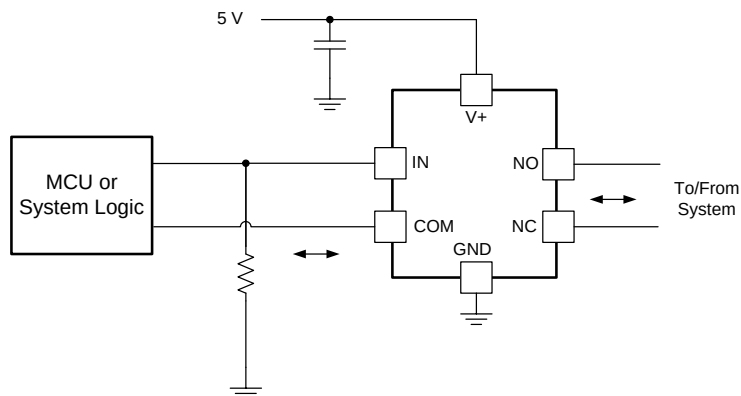
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TS5A3159A can be used in a variety of customer systems. The TS5A3159A can be used anywhere multiple analog or digital signals must be selected to pass across a single line.

9.2 Typical Application



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Figure 25. System Schematic for TS5A3159A

9.2.1 Design Requirements

In this particular application, V_+ was 5 V, although V_+ is allowed to be any voltage specified in [Recommended Operating Conditions](#). A decoupling capacitor is recommended on the V_+ pin. See [Power Supply Recommendations](#) for more details.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

In this application, IN is, by default, pulled low to GND. Choose the resistor size based on the current driving strength of the GPIO, the desired power consumption, and the switching frequency (if applicable). If the GPIO is open-drain, use pullup resistors instead.

9.2.3 Application Curve

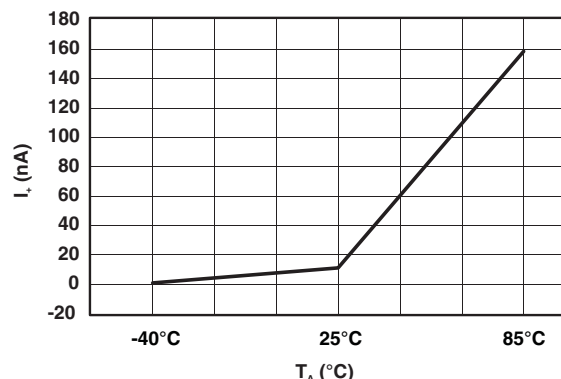


**Figure 26. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature
($V_+ = 5$ V)**

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1- μF bypass capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple pins labeled V_{CC} , then a 0.01- μF or 0.022- μF capacitor is recommended for each V_{CC} because the VCC pins are tied together internally. For devices with dual-supply pins operating at different voltages, for example V_{CC} and V_{DD} , a 0.1- μF bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1- μF and 1- μF capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to loop antenna theory, but different enough to warrant their own discussion. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. This is primarily due to the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width is increased to 1.414 times its width. This upsets the transmission line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self-inductance of the trace — resulting in the reflection. It is a given that not all PCB traces can be straight, and so they will have to turn corners. [Figure 27](#) shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

Unused switch I/Os, such as NO, NC, and COM, can be left floating or tied to GND. However, the IN pin must be driven high or low. Due to partial transistor turnon when control inputs are at threshold levels, floating control inputs can cause increased I_{CC} or unknown switch selection states.

11.2 Layout Example

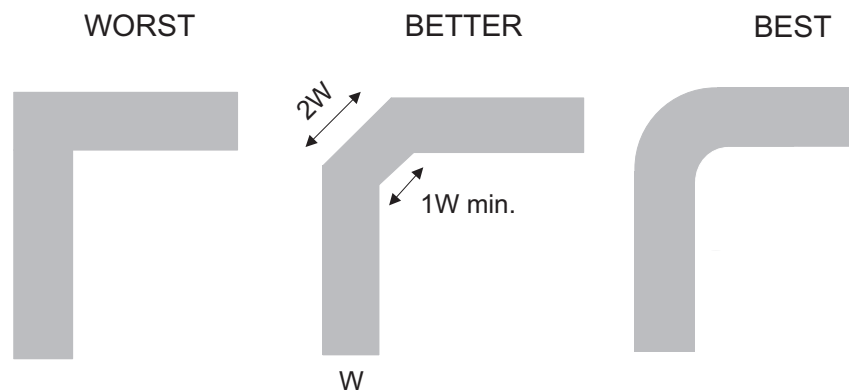


Figure 27. Trace Example

12 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

12.1 デバイス・サポート

12.1.1 デバイスの項目表記

表 2. パラメータの説明

記号	説明
V_{COM}	COM電圧
V_{NC}	NC電圧
V_{NO}	NO電圧
r_{on}	チャンネルがオンのときのCOMとNCポート間、またはCOMとNOポート間の抵抗
r_{peak}	規定電圧範囲内でのピーク・オン抵抗
Δr_{on}	チャンネル間の r_{on} の差
$r_{on(flat)}$	規定の条件の範囲における、チャンネルの r_{on} の最大値と最小値との差
$I_{NC(OFF)}$	ワーストケースの入力および出力条件で、対応チャンネル(NCからCOM)がオフ状態のとき、NCポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NC(PWROFF)}$	パワーダウン状況、 $V_+ = 0$ で、NCポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	ワーストケースの入力および出力条件で、対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオフ状態のとき、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	パワーダウン状況、 $V_+ = 0$ で、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NC(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NCからCOM)がオン状態、出力(COM)がオープンなとき、NCポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NO(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオン状態、出力(COM)がオープンなとき、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{COM(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(COMからNO、またはCOMからNC)がオン状態、出力(NCまたはNO)がオープンなとき、COMポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	パワーダウン状況、 $V_+ = 0$ で、COMポートで測定されるリーク電流
V_{IH}	制御入力(IN)の論理HIGHの最小入力電圧
V_{IL}	制御入力(IN)の論理LOWの最大入力電圧
V_I	(IN)の電圧
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	(IN)で測定されるリーク電流
t_{ON}	スイッチのターンオン時間。このパラメータは、規定された条件の範囲で、スイッチがオンになるときのデジタル制御(IN)信号とアナログ出力(COM、NC、NO)信号との間の伝搬遅延により測定されます。
t_{OFF}	スイッチのターンオフ時間。このパラメータは、規定された条件の範囲で、スイッチがオフになるときのデジタル制御(IN)信号とアナログ出力(COM、NC、NO)信号との間の伝搬遅延により測定されます。
t_{BBM}	Break-Before-Make時間。このパラメータは、規定された条件の範囲で、制御信号の状態が変化するときの2つの隣接するアナログ・チャンネル(NCおよびNO)の出力間の伝搬遅延により測定されます。
Q_C	電荷注入は、制御(IN)入力からアナログ(NC、NO、COM)出力への、望ましくない信号のカップリングの測定値です。この値はクーロン(C)単位で、制御入力のスウィッチングによって誘導される合計電荷により測定されます。電荷注入 $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_O$ で、 C_L は負荷容量、 ΔV_O はアナログ出力電圧の変化です。
$C_{NC(OFF)}$	対応チャンネル(NCからCOM)がオフのときのNCポートの容量
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオフのときのNOポートの容量
$C_{NC(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NCからCOM)がオンのときのNCポートの容量
$C_{NO(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオンのときのNOポートの容量
$C_{COM(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(COMからNC、またはCOMからNO)がオンのときのCOMポートの容量
C_{IN}	(IN)の容量
O_{ISO}	スイッチのオフ絶縁は、オフ状態のスイッチのインピーダンス測定値です。これは、オフ状態の対応チャンネル(NCからCOM、またはNOからCOM)で、特定の周波数についてdB単位で測定されます。
X_{TALK}	クロストークは、オンのチャンネルからオフのチャンネル(NCからNO、またはNOからNC)への、望ましくない信号カップリングの測定値です。この値は、特定の周波数について、dB単位で測定されます。
BW	スイッチの帯域幅。チャンネルのゲインがDCゲインより-3dB低くなる周波数です。
THD	全高調波歪は、アナログ・スイッチにより発生する信号の歪みです。この値は、2次、3次、およびさらに高次の高調波の値と、基本波の絶対振幅との比または二乗平均(RM)値として定義されます。
I_+	制御(IN)端子が V_+ またはGNDであるときの静的消費電流

12.2 ドキュメントのサポート

12.2.1 関連資料

関連資料については、以下を参照してください。

『低速またはフローティングCMOS入力の影響』、[SCBA004](#)

12.3 コミュニティ・リソース

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ オンライン・コミュニティ *TIのE2E (Engineer-to-Engineer)* コミュニティ。エンジニア間の共同作業を促進するために開設されたものです。e2e.ti.comでは、他のエンジニアに質問し、知識を共有し、アイデアを検討して、問題解決に役立てることができます。

設計サポート *TIの設計サポート* 役に立つE2Eフォーラムや、設計サポート・ツールをすばやく見つけることができます。技術サポート用の連絡先情報も参照できます。

12.4 商標

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 静電気放電に関する注意事項



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12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。この情報は、そのデバイスについて利用可能な最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。本データシートのブラウザ版を使用されている場合は、画面左側の説明をご覧ください。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TS5A3159ADBVR	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JAJR JAJH
TS5A3159ADBVR.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JAJR JAJH
TS5A3159ADBVT	Obsolete	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) 6	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	(JAJK, JAJR) JAJH
TS5A3159ADCKR	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JJK, JJR) JJH
TS5A3159ADCKR.B	Active	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(JJK, JJR) JJH
TS5A3159ADCKT	Obsolete	Production	SC70 (DCK) 6	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	(JJK, JJR) JJH
TS5A3159AYZPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZP) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JJN
TS5A3159AYZPR.B	Active	Production	DSBGA (YZP) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JJN

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

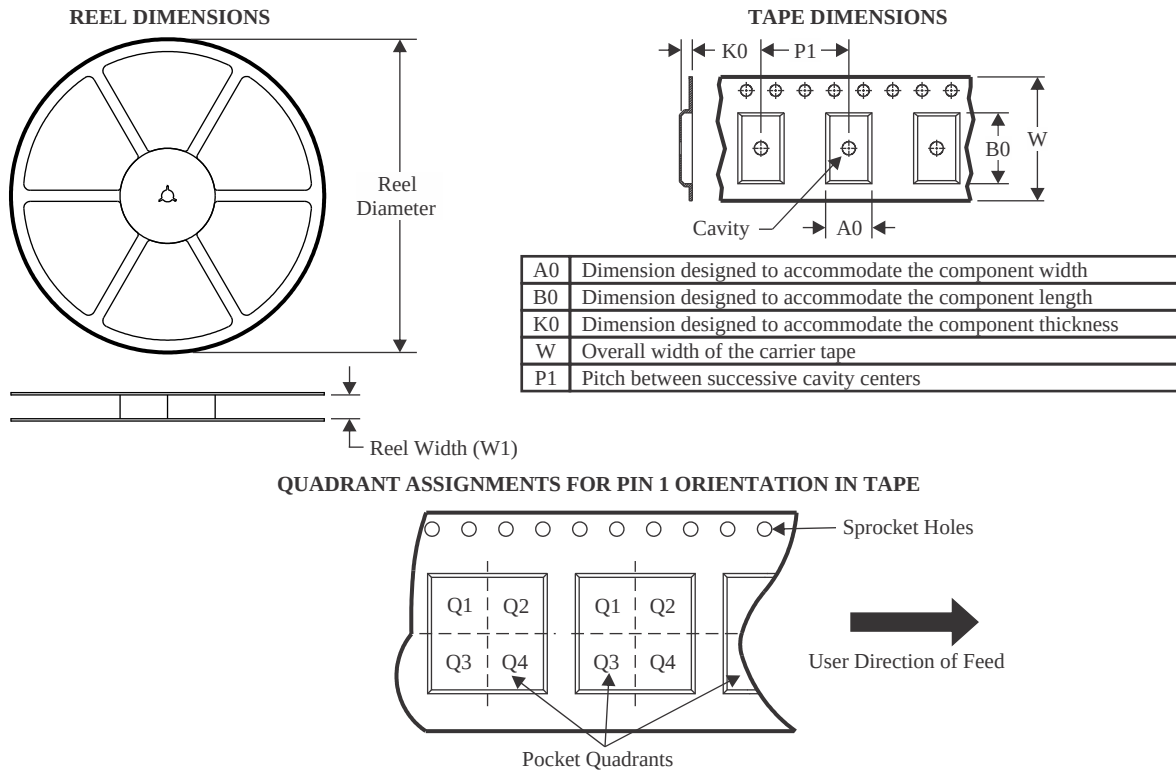
⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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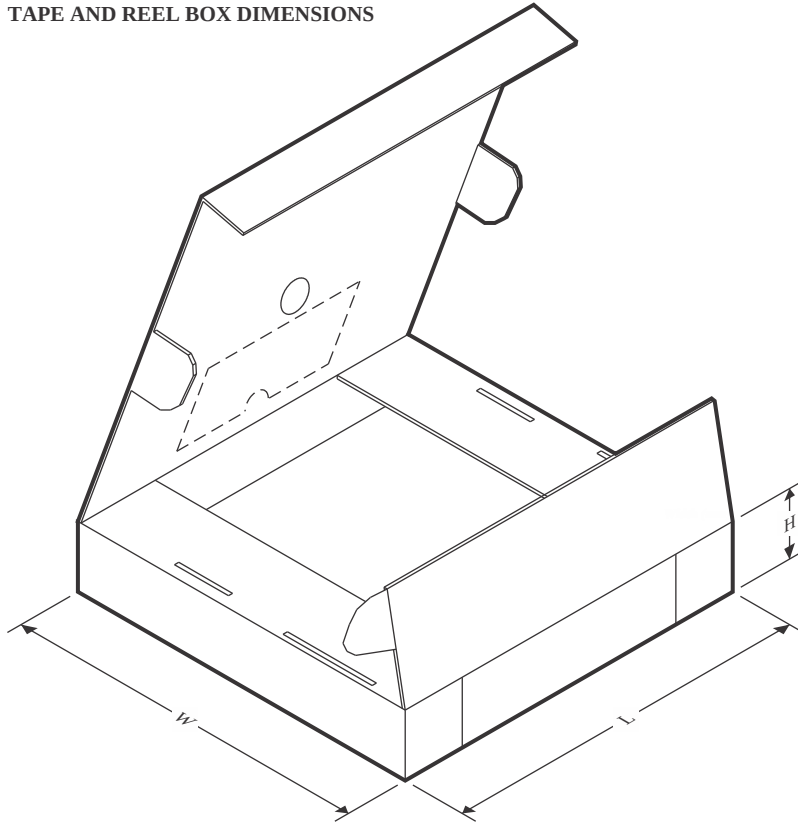
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A3159ADBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A3159ADCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.55	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A3159ADCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A3159AYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

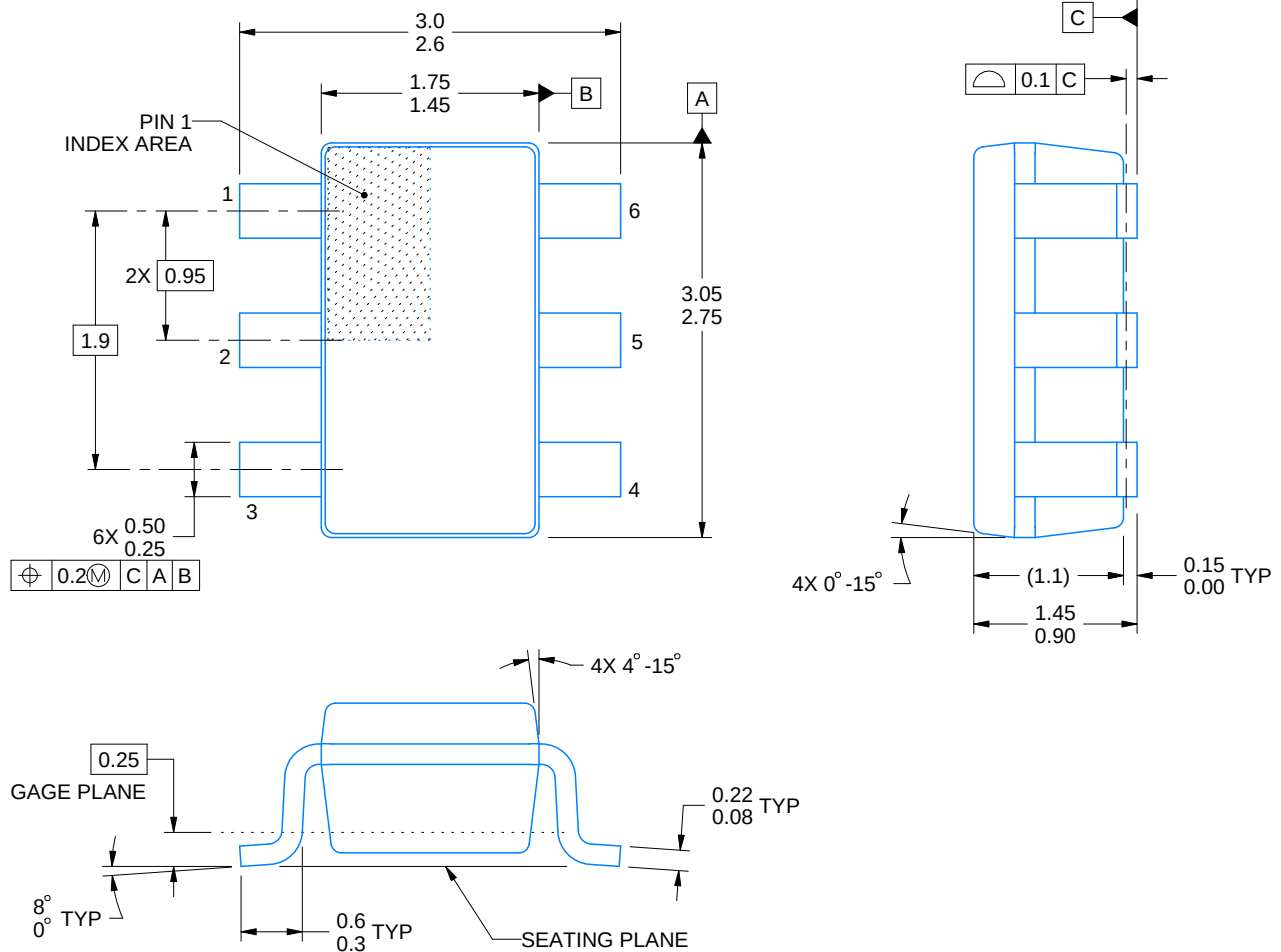


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A3159ADBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TS5A3159ADCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	205.0	200.0	33.0
TS5A3159ADCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TS5A3159AYZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

DBV0006A**PACKAGE OUTLINE****SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height**

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



4214840/G 08/2024

NOTES:

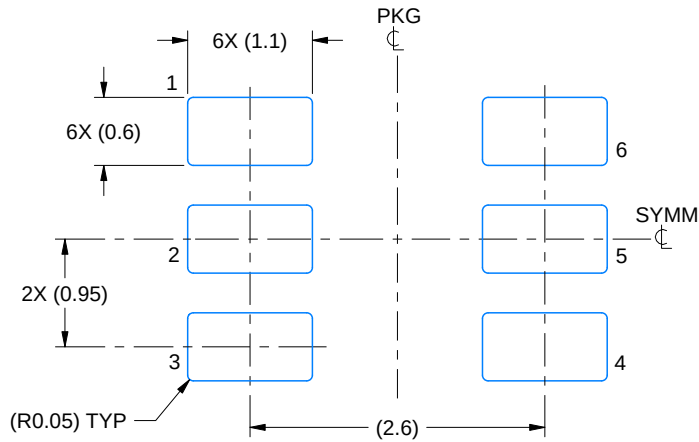
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 per side.
4. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
5. Reference JEDEC MO-178.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

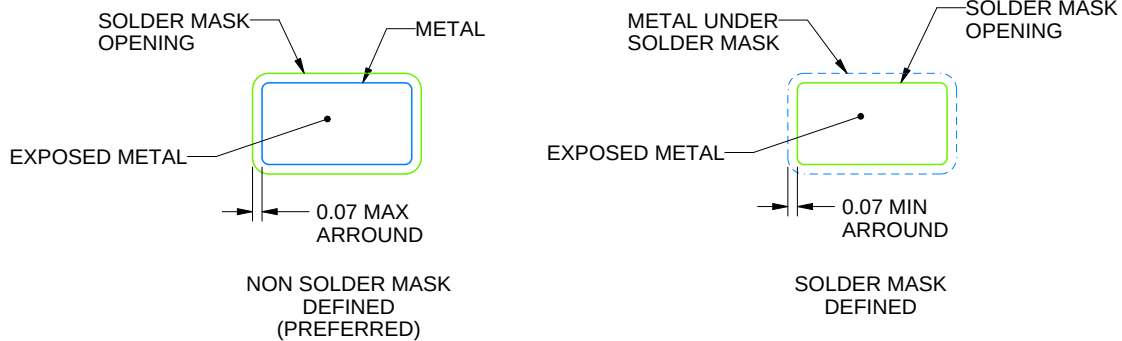
DBV0006A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214840/G 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

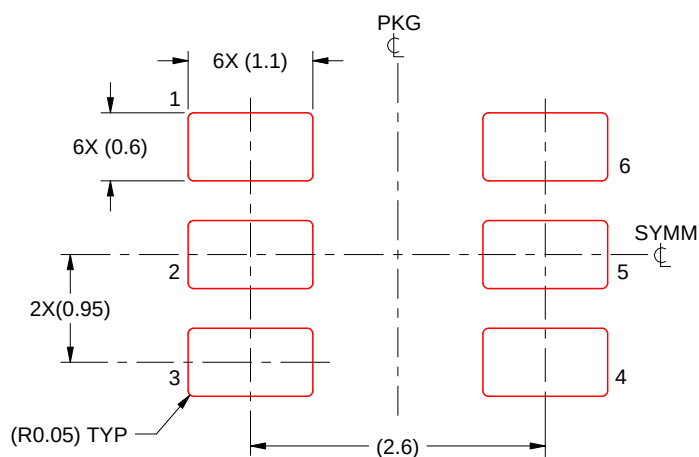
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0006A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR

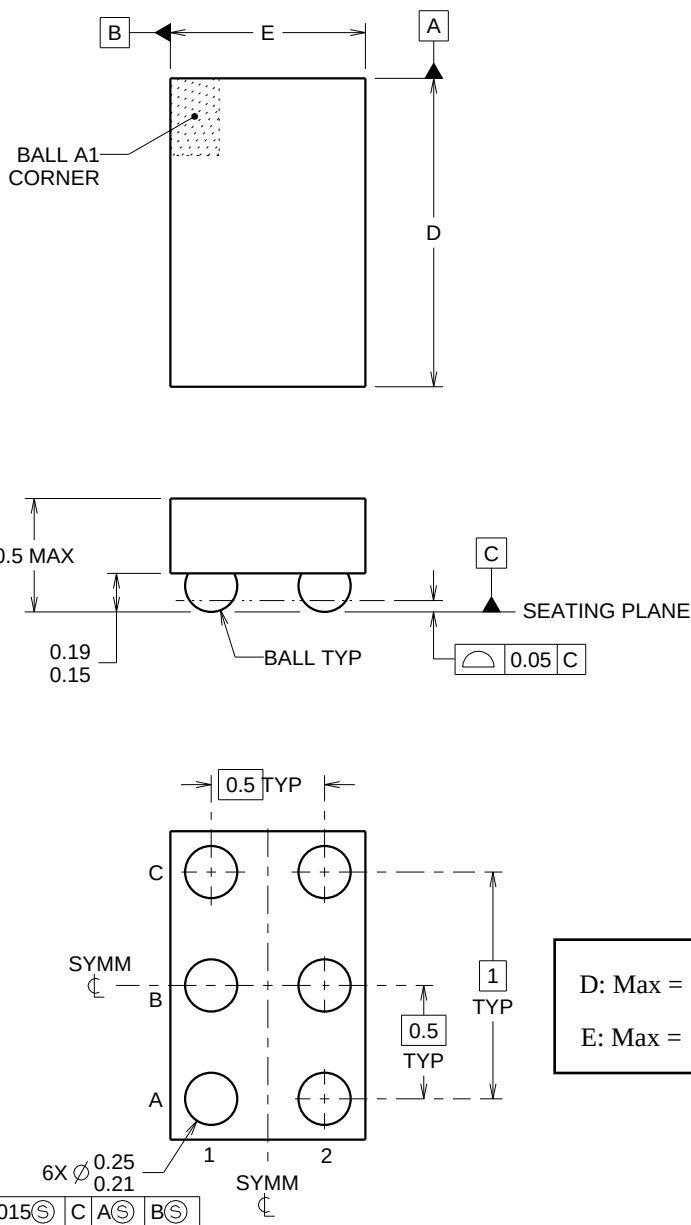
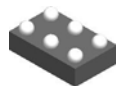


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

4214840/G 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



4219524/A 06/2014

NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

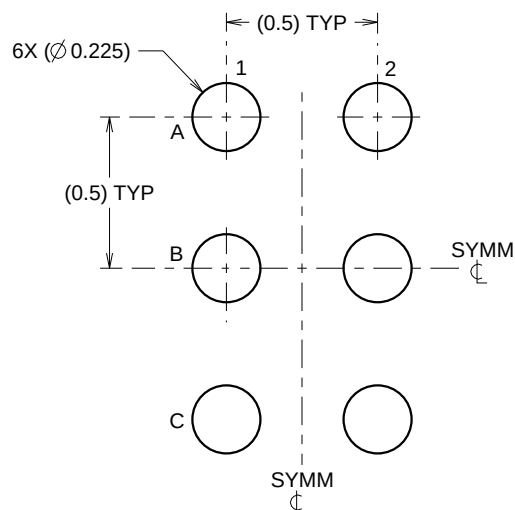
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. NanoFree™ package configuration.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

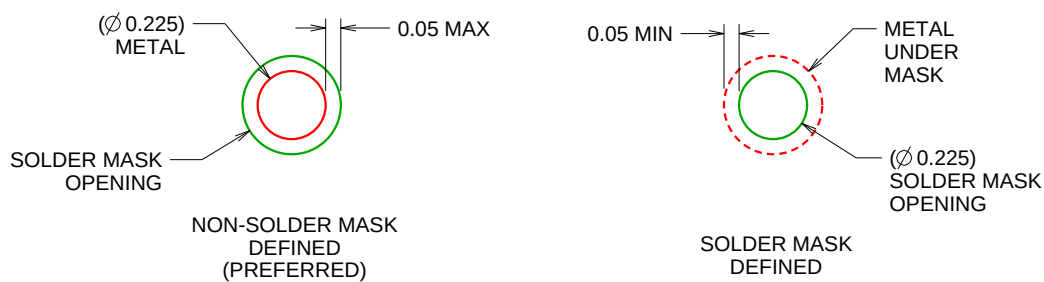
YZP0006

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:40X

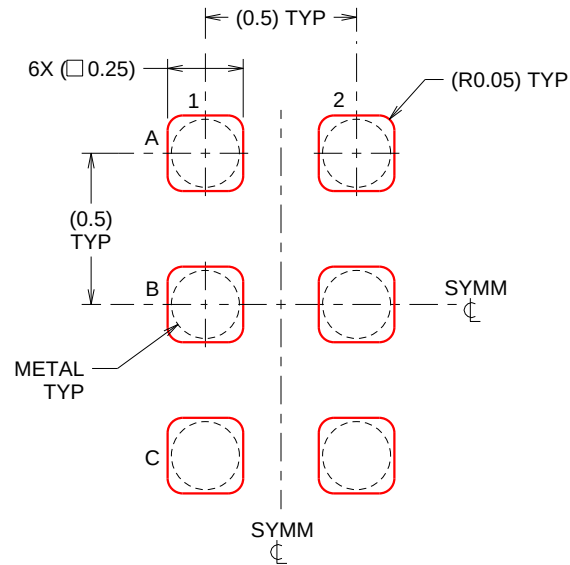


SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4219524/A 06/2014

NOTES: (continued)

- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).

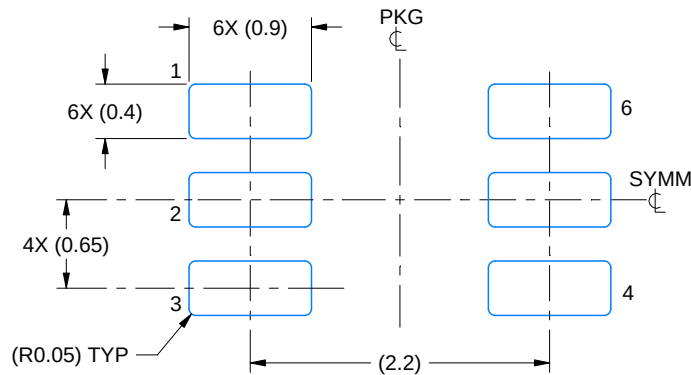


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
 BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
 SCALE:40X

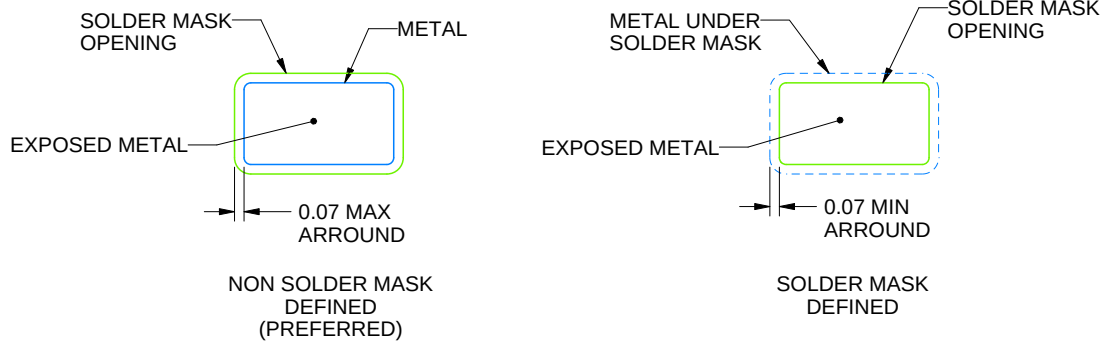
4219524/A 06/2014

NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:18X

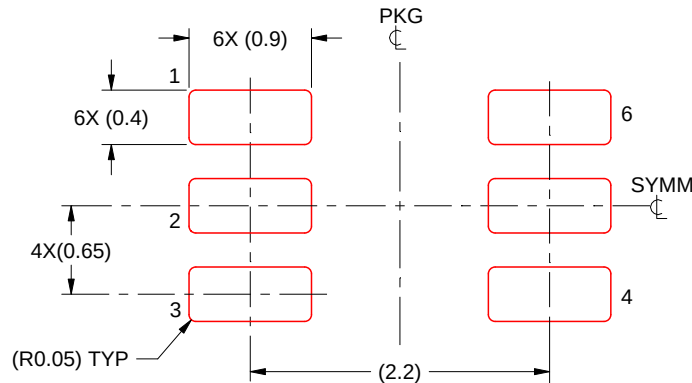


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL
SCALE:18X

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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