

SN74CBTLV1G125-Q1 低電圧シングル FET バス・スイッチ

1 特長

- 車載アプリケーション向けに AEC-Q100 認定済み
 - デバイス温度グレード 1:
 - 40°C ~ +125°C、 T_A
- 2つのポート間を5 Ω スイッチで接続
- データI/Oポートのレール・ツー・レール・スイッチング
- I_{off} により部分的パワーダウン・モード動作をサポート

2 アプリケーション

- 換気扇

3 概要

SN74CBTLV1G125は、シングル高速ライン・スイッチです。このスイッチは、出力イネーブル(\overline{OE})入力がHIGHのときディセーブルになります。

このデバイスは、 I_{off} を使用する部分的パワーダウン・アプリケーション用に完全に動作が規定されています。 I_{off} 機能により、電源オフ時に損傷を引き起こすような電流がデバイスに逆流しないことが保証されます。デバイスは、電源オフ時は絶縁されています。

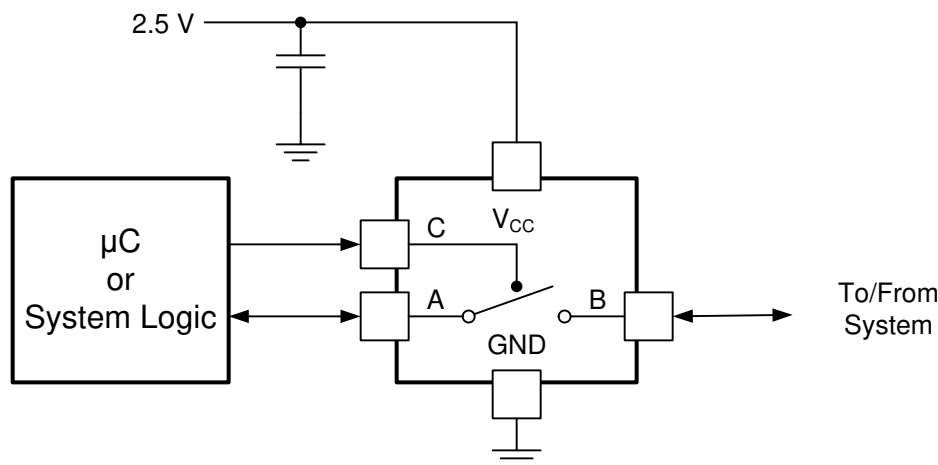
電源オンまたは電源オフ時に高インピーダンス状態を確保するため、 \overline{OE} はプルアップ抵抗経路で V_{CC} に接続します。この抵抗の最小値は、ドライバの電流シンク能力によって決定されます。

製品情報⁽¹⁾

| 発注型番 | パッケージ | 本体サイズ |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------|
| SN74CBTLV1G125-Q1 | SOT-23 (DBV) (5) | 2.90mmx1.60mm |

(1) 提供されているすべてのパッケージについては、巻末の注文情報を参照してください。

アプリケーション回路図



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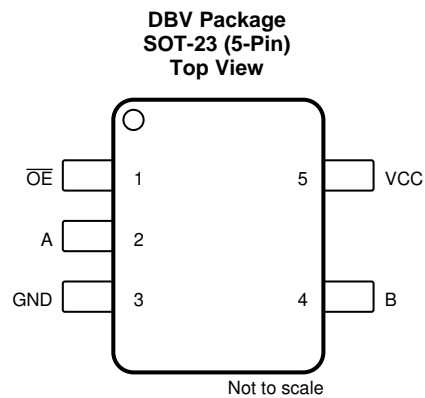
4 改訂履歴

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

| Revision A (December 2018) から Revision B に変更 | Page |
|--|------|
| • 「特長」で「車載アプリケーション向けに認定済み」を「車載アプリケーション向けに AEC-Q100 認定済み」に変更 | 1 |
| • Changed the <i>ESD Ratings</i> table notes | 4 |
| • Changed the T_A MAX value From: 85°C To 125°C in the <i>Recommended Operating Conditions</i> | 4 |

| 2009年8月発行のものから更新 | Page |
|---|------|
| • 「アプリケーション」一覧、「製品情報」表、「ESD定格」表、「機能説明」セクション、「デバイスの機能モード」セクション、「アプリケーションと実装」セクション、「電源に関する推奨事項」セクション、「レイアウト」セクション、「デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート」セクション、「メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報」セクションを追加 | 1 |

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

| PIN | | I/O | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-------------------|
| NAME | NO. | | |
| \overline{OE} | 1 | I | Active low enable |
| A | 2 | I/O | Switch I/O |
| GND | 3 | - | Ground |
| B | 4 | I/O | Switch I/O |
| V _{CC} | 5 | - | Power Supply |

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|-----|----------------------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage range | -0.5 | 4.6 | V |
| V _I | Input voltage range ⁽²⁾ | -0.5 | 4.6 | V |
| | Continuous channel current | | 128 | mA |
| I _{IK} | Input clamp current | | -50 | mA |
| | | | | V _{I/O} < 0 |
| T _{stg} | Storage temperature range | -65 | 150 | °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

6.2 ESD Ratings

| | | VALUE | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---|-------|
| V _(ESD) | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾ HBM ESD Classification Level 2 | ±2000 |
| | | Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 CDM ESD Classification Level C5 | ±1000 |

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|------|
| V _{CC} | Supply voltage | 2.3 | 3.6 | V |
| V _{IH} | High-level control input voltage | V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 1.7 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 2 | |
| V _{IL} | Low-level control input voltage | V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 0.7 | V |
| | | V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V | 0.8 | |
| T _A | Operating free-air temperature | -40 | 125 | °C |

- (1) All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number [SCBA004](#).

6.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | | SN74CBTLV1G125-Q1 | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|------|
| | | SOT-23 (DBV) | |
| | | 5 PINS | |
| R _{θJA} | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 249.2 | °C/W |
| R _{θJC(top)} | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 174.2 | °C/W |
| R _{θJB} | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 83.9 | °C/W |
| ψ _{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 67.3 | °C/W |
| ψ _{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 83.5 | °C/W |
| R _{θJC(bot)} | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | n/a | °C/W |

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP ⁽¹⁾ | MAX | UNIT |
|--------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|-----|--------------------|----------|---------------|
| V_{IK} | | $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$, $I_I = -18\text{ mA}$ | | | | -1.2 | V |
| I_I | | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | ± 1 | μA |
| I_{off} | | $V_{CC} = 0$, V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6 V , $\overline{OE} = 3.6\text{ V}$ | | | | 15 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC} = 0$, V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6 V , $\overline{OE} = 0\text{ V}$ | | | | 100 | |
| I_{CC} | | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$, $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | 10 | μA |
| ΔI_{CC} ⁽²⁾ | Control inputs | $V_{CC} = 3.6\text{ V}$, One input at 3 V , Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND | | | | 300 | μA |
| C_i | Control inputs | $V_I = 3\text{ V}$ or 0 | | | | 2.5 | pF |
| $C_{io(OFF)}$ | | $V_O = 3\text{ V}$ or 0 , $\overline{OE} = V_{CC}$ | | | | 7 | pF |
| r_{on} ⁽³⁾ | $V_{CC} = 2.3\text{ V}$, TYP at $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ | $V_I = 0$ | $I_I = 32\text{ mA}$ | 7 | 10 | Ω | |
| | | | $I_I = 24\text{ mA}$ | 7 | 10 | | |
| | $V_I = 1.7\text{ V}$ | $I_I = 15\text{ mA}$ | 15 | 25 | | | |
| | | $I_I = 15\text{ mA}$ | 15 | 25 | | | |
| | $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$ | $V_I = 0$ | $I_I = 32\text{ mA}$ | 5 | 7 | | |
| | | | $I_I = 24\text{ mA}$ | 5 | 7 | | |
| | | $V_I = 2.4\text{ V}$ | $I_I = 15\text{ mA}$ | 10 | 15 | | |

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted), $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

(2) This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.

(3) Measured by the voltage drop between A and B terminals at the indicated current through the switch. On-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (A or B) terminals.

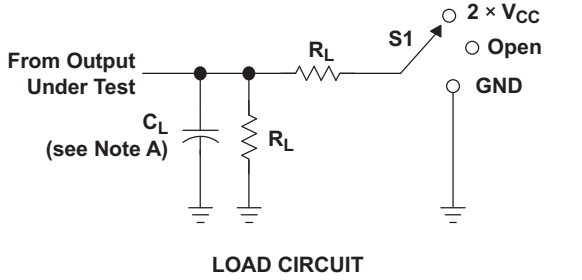
6.6 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see [Figure 1](#))

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.2\text{ V}$ | | $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$ $\pm 0.3\text{ V}$ | | UNIT |
|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|-----|---|-----|------|
| | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| t_{pd} ⁽¹⁾ | A or B | B or A | 0.15 | | 0.25 | | ns |
| t_{en} | \overline{OE} | A or B | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 | 7.5 | ns |
| t_{dis} | \overline{OE} | A or B | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 | 7.5 | ns |

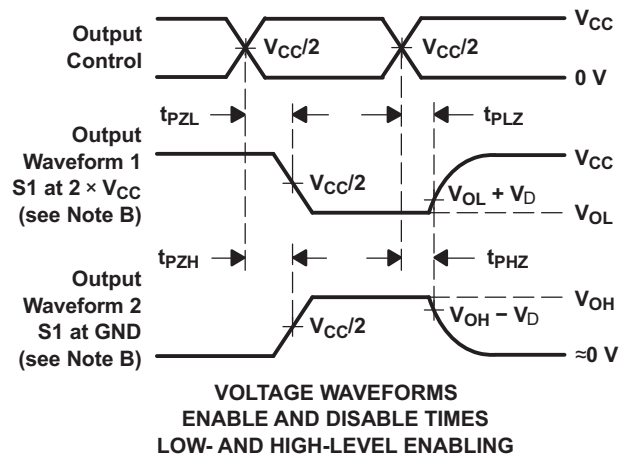
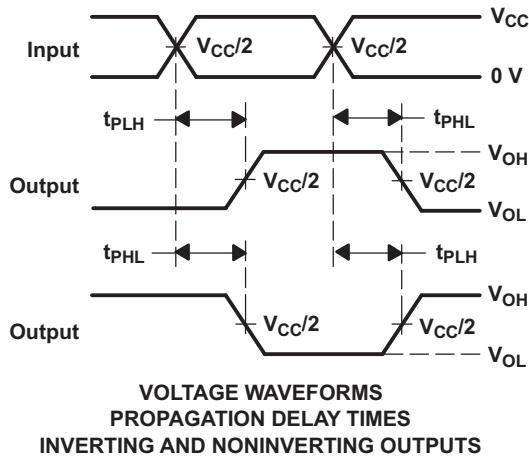
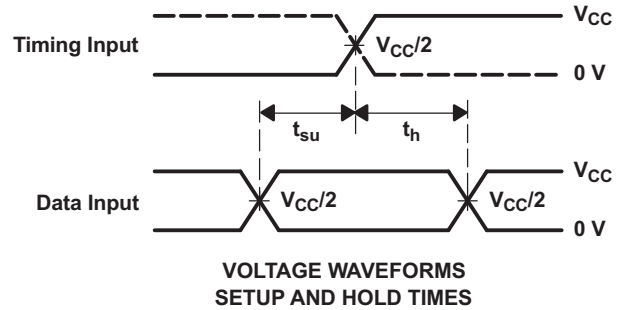
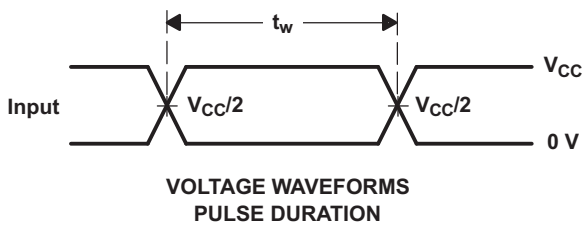
(1) The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical on-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance of 50 pF , when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

7 Parameter Measurement Information



| TEST | S1 |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| t_{PLH}/t_{PHL} | Open |
| t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL} | $2 \times V_{CC}$ |
| t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH} | GND |

| V_{CC} | C_L | R_L | V_D |
|---------------------------------|-------|--------------|--------|
| $2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$ | 30 pF | 500 Ω | 0.15 V |
| $3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$ | 50 pF | 500 Ω | 0.3 V |



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.
Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$, $t_r \leq 2\text{ ns}$.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

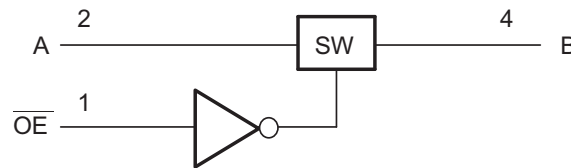
Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The SN74CBTLV1G125 device is a 1-channel 1:1 high-speed FET switch. The low ON-state resistance of the switch allows connections to be made with minimal propagation delay. The ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) pin is an active low logic control pin that controls the data flow. The FET is disabled when the output-enable (OE) input is high. This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off} . The I_{off} feature ensures that damaging current will not backflow through the device when it is powered down. The device has isolation during power off. To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to VCC through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

The SN74CBTLV1G125 features 5- Ω switch connection between ports, allowing for low signal loss across the switch. Rail-to-rail switching on data I/O allows for full voltage swing outputs. I_{off} supports partial-power-down mode operation, protecting the chip from voltages at output ports when it is not powered on.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 shows the functional modes of SN74CBTLV1G125.

Table 1. Function Table

| INPUT $\overline{\text{OE}}$ | FUNCTION |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| L | A port = B port |
| H | Disconnect |

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The SN74CBTLV1G125 can be used to switch a signal path. The switch is bidirectional, so the A and B pins can be used as either inputs or outputs. This switch is typically used when there is one signal path that needs to be isolated at certain times.

9.2 Typical Application

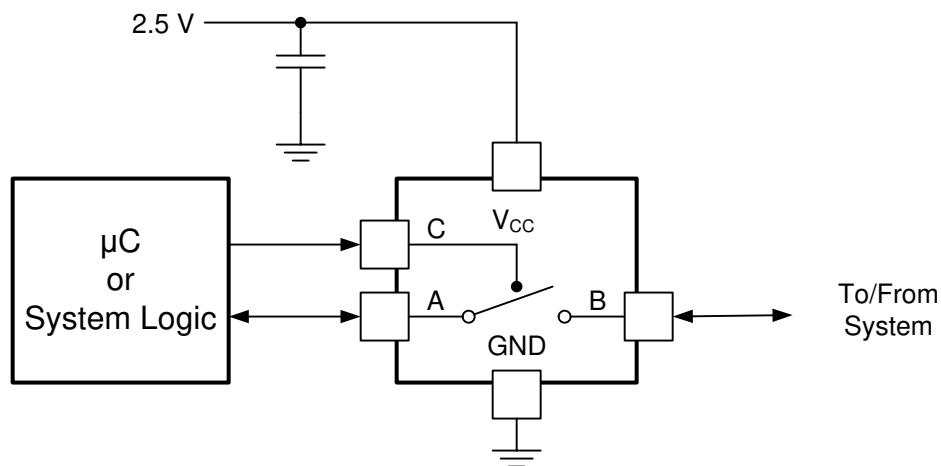


Figure 2. Typical Application

9.2.1 Design Requirements

The SN74CBTLV1G125 device can be properly operated without any external components. TI recommends pulling up the digital control pin (OE) to VCC or pulling down to GND to avoid undesired switch positions that could result from the floating pin. A floating digital pin could cause excess current consumption refer to [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#).

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When \overline{OE} is high, the active bus. This means that there is a low impedance path between the A and B pins. The 0.1- μ F capacitor on VCC is a decoupling capacitor and should be placed as close as possible to the device.

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating listed in the Recommended Operating Conditions table. Each VCC terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1- μF bypass capacitor is recommended. If multiple pins are labeled VCC, then a 0.01- μF or 0.022- μF capacitor is recommended for each VCC because the VCC pins are tied together internally. For devices with dual supply pins operating at different voltages, for example VCC and VDD, a 0.1- μF bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. To reject different frequencies of noise, use multiple bypass capacitors in parallel. Capacitors with values of 0.1 μF and 1 μF are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to the loop antenna theory but are different enough to be discussed separately from the theory. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. A reflection occurs primarily because of the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width increases to 1.414 times the width. This increase upsets the transmission-line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self-inductance of the trace which results in the reflection. Not all PCB traces can be straight, and therefore; some traces must turn corners. Figure 3 shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example (BEST) maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

11.2 Layout Example

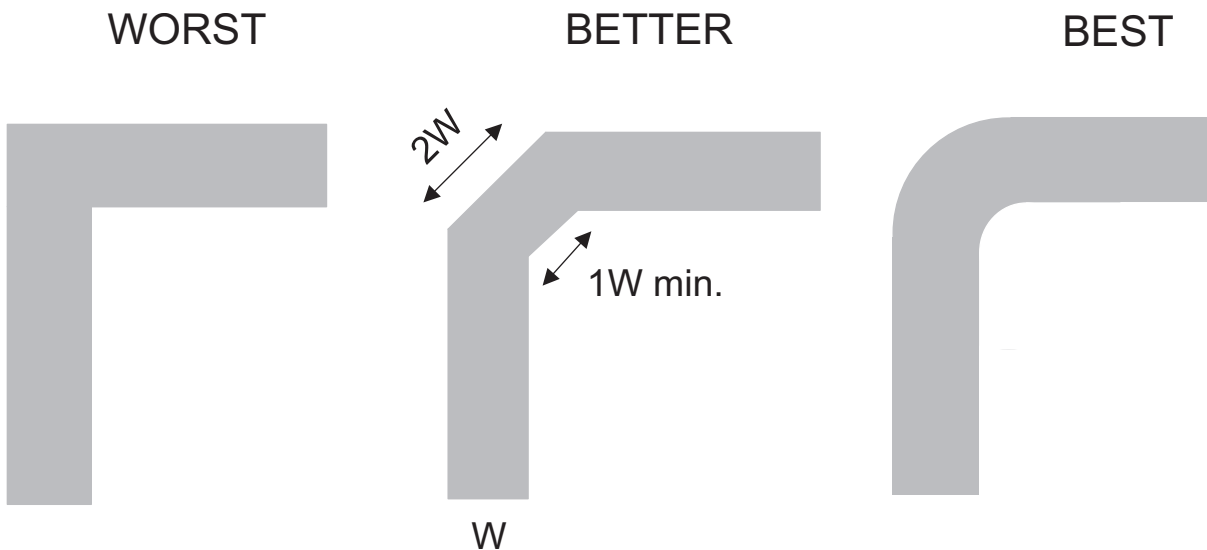


Figure 3. Example Layout

12 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

12.1 デバイス・サポート

12.2 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、ti.comのデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。右上の「アラートを受け取る」をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取れます。変更の詳細については、修正されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

12.3 コミュニティ・リソース

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

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12.4 商標

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

12.5 静電気放電に関する注意事項



すべての集積回路は、適切なESD保護方法を用いて、取扱いと保存を行うようにして下さい。

静電気放電はわずかな性能の低下から完全なデバイスの故障に至るまで、様々な損傷を与えます。高精度の集積回路は、損傷に対して敏感であり、極めてわずかなパラメータの変化により、デバイスに規定された仕様に適合しなくなる場合があります。

12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。この情報は、そのデバイスについて利用可能な最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。本データシートのブラウザ版を使用されている場合は、画面左側の説明をご覧ください。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead finish/ Ball material (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| 74CBTLV1G125DBVRQ1 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | RoHS & Green | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 125 | VCTO | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| 74CBTLV1G125DBVRQ1 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 179.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 74CBTLV1G125DBVRQ1 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 200.0 | 183.0 | 25.0 |

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214839/K 08/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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