

TMUXHS4446 USB-C 10Gbps 代替モード クロスバー マルチプレクサ

1 特長

- パッシブ双方向 USB-C 代替モード マルチプレクサにより USB と DisplayPort 信号を切り替え
- レーンあたり最大 10Gbps の USB 3.2 (Gen 2.0) および最大 10Gbps の DisplayPort 2.1 (UHBR10) をサポート
- ソース/ホストおよびシンク/デバイス アプリケーションと互換
- 3dB 差動 BW : 9.5GHz
- 動的特性
 - 挿入損失: -1.6dB (5GHz)
 - 反射損失: -18dB (5GHz)
- 0V~1.8V の同相電圧 (CMV) をサポート
- 適応型 CMV トラッキング
- 6V 許容の SBU ピンにより VBUS への短絡イベントに耐性
- GPIO ピンまたは I²C により設定可能
- 1.8V と 3.3V の両方の I²C をサポート
- 電源電圧、V_{CC}: 3.3V
- 動作時消費電力: 340μA
- 低いスタンバイ消費電力: 0.5μA (ピン モード)
- 拡張産業用温度範囲: -40°C~105°C
- 3mm × 6mm の QFN パッケージで供給

2 アプリケーション

- PC およびノートパソコン
- テレビ
- ゲーム
- ドッキング ステーション
- ホームシアターおよびエンターテインメント
- ファクトリオートメーション / 制御
- 電子 POS (EPOS)
- スマートフォン
- タブレット

3 概要

TMUXHS4446 は、高速の双方向パッシブ クロスポイントスイッチ、すなわちクロスバー (XBAR) です。このデバイスは、USB-C インターフェイスとも呼ばれる USB Type-C 経由の信号を、3.2 Gen2 SuperSpeed と DisplayPort1.4/2.1 (最大 10Gbps UHBR10) の間で切り替えるために使用されます。このデバイスは、DisplayPort 補助チャンネルに使用される低速 SBU 信号の切り替えも行います。TMUXHS4446 は、同相電圧 (CMV) 範囲が 0V~1.8V、差動振幅が 0V~1800mVpp の差動信号をサポートしています。適応型 CMV トラッキングにより、デバイスを通るチャンネルが同相電圧範囲全体にわたって変化しないようにしています。

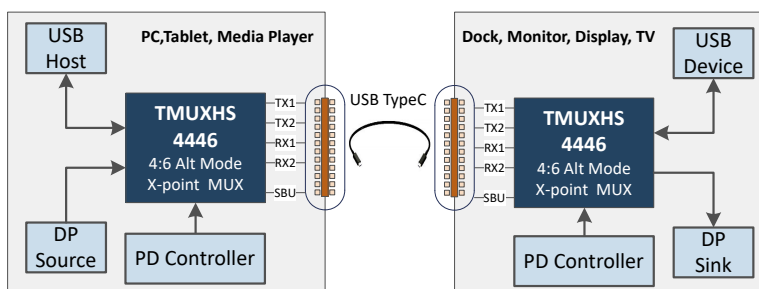
TMUXHS4446 の動的特性が可能にした高速スイッチングでは、信号アイダイアグラムの減衰は最小化され、発生するジッタは非常に低いレベルに抑えられます。このデバイスのシリコン設計は、高い周波数の信号帯域でも優れた周波数応答が得られるように最適化されています。TMUXHS4446 のシリコン信号トレースとスイッチ ネットワークは、最良のペア内スキュー性能が得られるように整合されています。

TMUXHS4446 は、産業用および高信頼性用途などの多数の堅牢なアプリケーションに適した拡張産業用温度範囲 (-40°C から 105°C) で動作します。

パッケージ情報

部品番号	パッケージ (1)	パッケージ サイズ (2)
TMUXHS4446	RET (WQFN, 40)	6mm × 3mm

- 供給されているすべてのパッケージについては、[セクション 10](#) を参照してください。
- パッケージ サイズ (長さ × 幅) は公称値であり、該当する場合はピンも含まれます。



アプリケーション使用事例



Table of Contents

1 特長	1	6.4 Device Functional Modes.....	10
2 アプリケーション	1	7 Application and Implementation	14
3 概要	1	7.1 Application Information.....	14
4 Pin Configuration and Functions	3	7.2 Typical Application: USB-C with DP Alternate Mode - Source.....	14
5 Specifications	5	7.3 Power Supply Recommendations.....	18
5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings.....	5	7.4 Layout.....	18
5.2 ESD Ratings.....	5	8 Device and Documentation Support	19
5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions.....	5	8.1 Device Support.....	19
5.4 Thermal Information.....	5	8.2 Documentation Support.....	19
5.5 Electrical Characteristics.....	6	8.3 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法.....	19
5.6 High-Speed Performance Parameters.....	6	8.4 サポート・リソース.....	19
5.7 Switching Characteristics.....	7	8.5 Trademarks.....	19
5.8 I ² C Timing Characteristics.....	7	8.6 静電気放電に関する注意事項.....	19
5.9 Typical Characteristics.....	8	8.7 用語集.....	19
6 Detailed Description	9	9 Revision History	19
6.1 Overview.....	9	10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	19
6.2 Functional Block Diagram.....	9		
6.3 Feature Description.....	10		

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

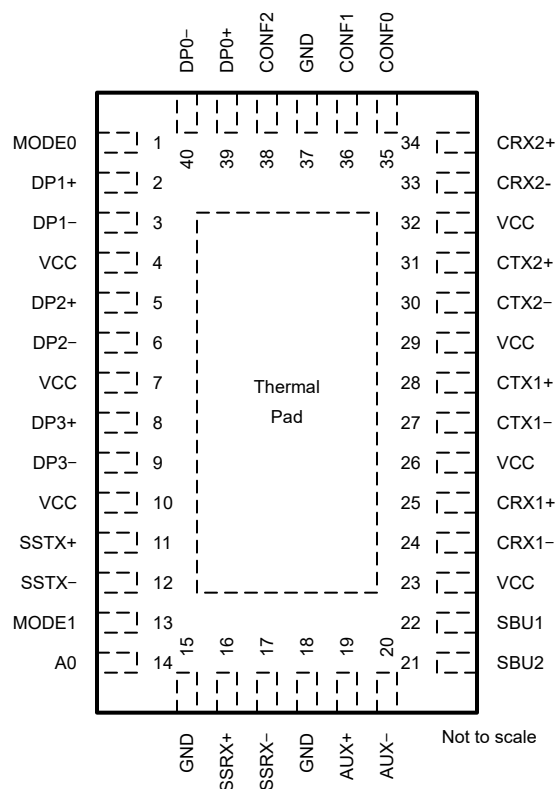


図 4-1. RET Package With Thermal Pad (40 Pin QFN - Top View)

表 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
DP0+	39	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP0
DP0-	40	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP0
DP1+	2	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP1
DP1-	3	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP1
DP2+	5	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP2
DP2-	6	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP2
DP3+	8	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for DisplayPort DP3
DP3-	9	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for DisplayPort DP3
SSTX+	11	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB TX pins
SSTX-	12	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB TX pins
SSRX+	16	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB RX pins
SSRX-	17	HS I/O	System-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB RX pins
CRX1-	24	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C RX pins
CRX1+	25	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C RX pins
CTX1-	27	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C TX pins
CTX1+	28	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C TX pins

表 4-1. Pin Functions (続き)

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
CTX2-	30	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C TX pins
CTX2+	31	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C TX pins
CRX2-	33	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential negative signal for USB-C RX pins
CRX2+	34	HS I/O	Connector-side, high-speed differential positive signal for USB-C RX pins
AUX+	19	LS I/O	System-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU pin
AUX-	20	LS I/O	System-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU pin
SBU1	22	LS I/O	Connector-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU1 pin
SBU2	21	LS I/O	Connector-side, low-speed SBU signal for USB-C SBU2 pin
MODE0	1	CTRL	Control mode selection MODE0 = 1, I ² C control MODE0 = 0, GPIO or pin control through CONF[2:0]
MODE1	13	CTRL	I ² C logic level control (MODE0 = 1) MODE1 = 0, 1.8V I ² C logic level MODE1 = 1, 3.3V I ² C logic level
CONF0	35	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
A1		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) Configurable I ² C target address bit
CONF1	36	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
SCL		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) I ² C clock input
CONF2	38	CTRL	GPIO control (MODE0 = 0) Switch configuration control for high-speed and low-speed pins. Refer to the Device Functional Modes section for details.
SDA		CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) I ² C data input
A0	14	CTRL	I ² C control (MODE0 = 1) Configurable I ² C target address bit
VCC	4, 7, 10, 23, 26, 29, 32	P	Power
GND	15, 18, 37, Thermal Pad	G	Ground

(1) HS I/O = High-Speed Input/Output, LS I/O = Low-Speed Input/Output, CTRL = Control Inputs, P = Power, G = Ground

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC-ABSMAX}	Supply voltage	−0.5	4	V
V _{HS-ABSMAX}	High Speed Differential I/O pin voltage ([SS/C]Tx[+/-], [SS/C]Rx[+/-], DPx[+/-])	−0.5	2.4	V
V _{L S-ABSMAX}	Low Speed I/O pin voltage (AUX[+/-], SBUx)	−0.5	6.0	V
V _{CTR-ABSMAX}	Control pin voltage (MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0], A[1:0], SDA, SCL)	−0.5	V _{CC} +0.4	V
T _{J-ABSMAX}	Junction temperature	−65	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	−65	150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

5.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±1000

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

5.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V _{CC-RAMP}	Supply voltage ramp time		0.1		100	ms
⁽¹⁾ DR _{HS}	Data rate, high speed datapaths (Cx to DPx/SSx)	Differential AC coupled interfaces			10	Gbps
⁽¹⁾ DR _{SBU}	Data rate, SBU/AUX paths	Differential or single ended signals			1	Gbps
V _{IH-GPIO}	Input high voltage on GPIO pins	A[1:0], MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0] pins	0.75 * V _{CC}			V
V _{IL-GPIO}	Input low voltage on GPIO pins	A[1:0], MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0] pins			0.4	V
V _{IH-I2C}	Input high voltage on I2C pins	SDA, SCL pins; 3.3V I2C mode	0.75 * V _{CC}			V
		SDA, SCL pins; 1.8V I2C mode	1.3			V
V _{IL-I2C}	Input low voltage on I2C pins	SDA, SCL pins; 3.3V I2C mode			0.25 * V _{CC}	V
		SDA, SCL pins; 1.8V I2C mode			0.5	V
V _{IO -LS}	I/O voltage on low speed pins	SBUx and AUX[+/-] pins	−0.45		V _{CC}	V
I _{HS-SW}	Current through high speed switch	Cx[p or n] to DPx/SSx[p or n]			12	mA
V _{DIFF-HS}	High-speed signal pins differential voltage		0		1.8	V _{pp}
V _{CM}	High speed signal pins common mode voltage		0		1.8	V
T _A	Operating free-air/ambient temperature		−40		105	°C

- (1) Actual data rates can be more or less depending on link budget, margin and performance of other link elements

5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TMUXHS4446	UNIT
		RET (WQFN)	
		40 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance - High K	33.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	26.4	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	13.2	°C/W

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TMUXHS4446	UNIT
		RET (WQFN)	
		40 PINS	
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.6	°C/W
Ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	13.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	3.4	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

5.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature and supply voltage range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Pin (VCC)						
I _{CC}	Device active current	0V ≤ V _{CM} ≤ 1.8V		380	530	μA
I _{STDN}	Device shutdown current	All switches open; CONF[2:0] = 000, I ² C mode		5	10	μA
		All switches open; CONF[2:0] = 000, GPIO Mode		0.5	2.5	μA
High Speed Pins ([SS/C]Txx[+/-], [SS/C]Rxx[+/-], DPx[+/-])						
C _{ON}	Output ON capacitance to GND	f = 5GHz		0.3		pF
C _{OFF}	Output OFF capacitance to GND	CONF[2:1] = 00		0.3		pF
I _{IH,HS,SEL}	Input high current, selected high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 1.8V for selected port p and n pins			6	μA
I _{IH,HS,NSEL}	Input high current, non-selected high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 1.8V for non-selected port			110	μA
I _{IL,HS}	Input low current, high-speed pins	V _{IN} = 0V			1	μA
I _{FS,HS}	Failsafe leakage current for HS data pins	Data pins = 1.8V V _{CC} = 0V			10	μA
R _{A,p2n}	DC Impedance between C[Tx/Rx]x+ and C[Tx/Rx]x- pins			20		KΩ
SBU Pins (SBUx, AUX[+/-])						
I _{IH,SBU}	Input high current, SBU, AUX pins	V _{IN} = V _{CC} for selected port			0.16	μA
I _{IL,SBU}	Input low current, SBU, AUX pins	V _{IN} = 0V			0.1	μA
I _{FS,SBU}	Failsafe leakage current for SBU pins	SBU pins = 3.6V, V _{CC} = 0V			10	μA
C _{ON,SBU}	Output ON capacitance to GND	f = 1MHz		6	8	pF
C _{OFF,SBU}	Output OFF capacitance to GND	f = 1MHz		6	8	pF
R _{ON,SBU}	Output ON resistance	0 ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 3.3V; I _O = −8mA		7		Ω
Control Pins (MODE[1:0], CONF[2:0], A[1:0], SDA, SCL)						
I _{IH,CTRL}	Input high current, control pins	V _{IN} = V _{CC}			1	μA
I _{IL,CTRL}	Input low current, control pins	V _{IN} = 0V			1	μA
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			20		pF

5.6 High-Speed Performance Parameters

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BW_{HS}	-3dB bandwidth for high-speed paths - DP and USB	-3dB loss compared to DC frequency point at 10Mhz	9.5		GHz
I_L	Differential insertion loss, $V_{CM-HS} = 0.6V$	$f = 10MHz$	-0.9		dB
		$f = 2.7GHz$	-1.2		
		$f = 4GHz$	-1.4		
		$f = 5GHz$	-1.6		
R_L	Differential return loss $V_{CM-HS} = 0.6V$	$f = 10MHz$	-22		dB
		$f = 2.7GHz$	-20		
		$f = 4GHz$	-16		
		$f = 5GHz$	-18		

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
O _{IRR}	Differential OFF isolation	f = 10MHz		–60		dB
		f = 2.7GHz		–26		
		f = 4GHz		–22		
		f = 5GHz		–21		
X _{TALK}	Differential crosstalk	f = 10MHz		–50		dB
		f = 2.7GHz for DP2-DP1 or CTX1-CTX2		–28		dB
		f = 2.7GHz for all other channel combinations		–40		dB
		f = 5.0GHz for DP2-DP1 or CTX1-CTX2		–22		dB
		f = 5.0GHz for all other channel combinations		–38		dB
BW _{SBU}	–3dB bandwidth for SBU pins	–3dB loss compared to DC frequency point at 10Mhz		1000		MHz

5.7 Switching Characteristics

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Device Switching Time						
t _{SW_POWER_ON}	Device power ON time			80		μs
t _{SW_POWER_OFF}	Device power OFF time			160		ns
High Speed Pins						
t _{PD}	Switch propagation delay	f = 1GHz		70		ps
t _{SW_CM_SHIFT}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from CTXx/ CRXx side with CMV difference <1.8V		1.2		us
t _{SW}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from CTXx/ CRXx side with CMV difference <100mV		120		ns
t _{SK_INTRA}	Intra-pair output skew between + and - pins for same channel	f = 1GHz		2.5		ps
t _{SK_INTER}	Inter-pair output skew between channels	f = 1GHz		16		ps
SBU Pins						
t _{PD-SBU}	Switch propagation delay			220		ps
t _{SW-SBU}	Switching time to change from one switching mode to another	Biased from SBUx side with VIN = 3.3V		450		ns
t _{SK-SBU}	Output skew between SBU1 and SBU2 pins	f = 1MHz		2.5		ps

5.8 I²C Timing Characteristics

For pins SDA, SCL and A[1:0] when the device is in I²C control mode (MODE0 = H)

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f _{SCL}	Clock frequency on SCL pin				400	kHz
t _{CH}	Clock HIGH time on SCL pin		0.6			μs
t _{CL}	Clock LOW time on SCL pin		1.3			μs
t _{SETSTA}	Start or repeated start condition setup time		0.6			μs
t _{HSTA}	Start or repeated start condition hold time		0.6			μs
t _{SETDAT}	Data setup time		100			ns
t _{HDAT}	Data hold time		0		0.9	μs
t _r	Input rise time		20 + 0.1 C _b ⁽¹⁾		300	ns
t _f	Input fall time		20 + 0.1 C _b ⁽¹⁾		300	ns
t _{SETSTO}	Stop condition setup time		0.6			us
t _{SP}	Pulse width of spikes which must be suppressed by the input filter				50	ns

For pins SDA, SCL and A[1:0] when the device is in I²C control mode (MODE0 = H)

PARAMETER			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{VD-DAT}	Data valid time				0.9	μs
t _{VD-ACK}	Data valid acknowledge time				0.9	μs

(1) C_b = total bus capacitance of one bus line in pF

5.9 Typical Characteristics

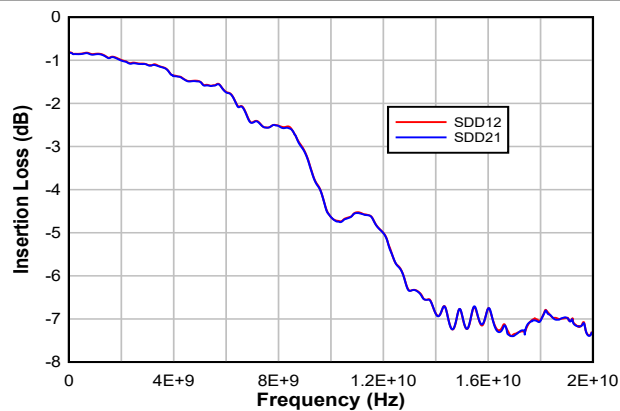


Figure 5-1. Insertion Loss for a Typical Channel at Nominal PVT

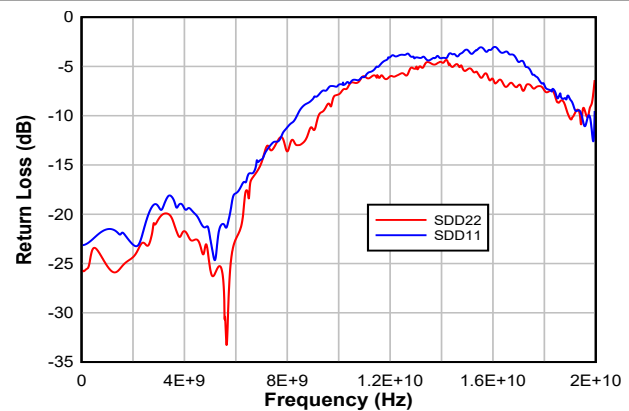


Figure 5-2. Return Loss for a Typical Channel at Nominal PVT

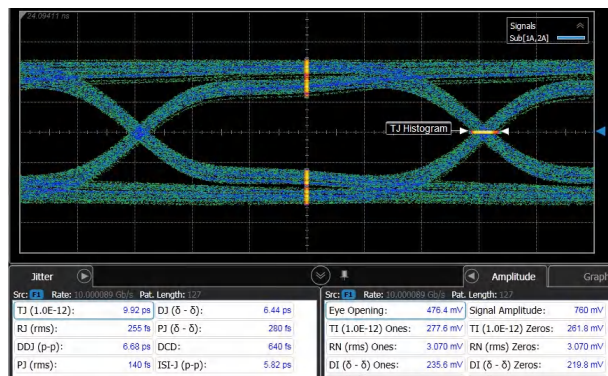


Figure 5-3. Eye Diagram at 10Gbps Through Baseline Setup (Cal-Trace, no DUT)

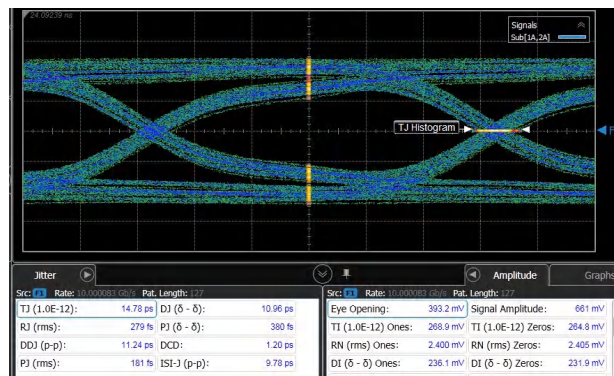


Figure 5-4. Eye Diagram at 10Gbps Through TMUXHS4446 (Cal-Trace + DUT)

6 Detailed Description

6.1 Overview

The TMUXHS4446 is a high-speed bidirectional passive crosspoint (Xbar) switch in mux or demux configurations. This device is used to switch between USB 3.2 Gen2 SuperSpeed and DisplayPort 1.4/2.1 (up to 10Gbps UHBR10) signals over a USB Type-C interface. The device also provides switching for the low-speed SBU signals typically used for DisplayPort auxiliary channels. The SBU pins are 6V tolerant to survive a short-to-VBUS event. The TMUXHS4446 supports differential signaling with common mode voltage range (CMV) from 0V to 1.8V and with differential amplitude from 0V to 1800mVpp. Adaptive CMV tracking enables the channel through the device to remain unchanged for the entire common-mode voltage range.

The dynamic characteristics of the TMUXHS4446 allows high-speed switching, minimum attenuation to the signal eye diagram, and with very little added jitter. The silicon design is optimized for excellent frequency response at higher frequency spectrum of the signals, and the silicon signal traces and switch network are matched for best intra-pair skew performance.

The TMUXHS4446 provides two forms of control modes: GPIO and I²C. In the GPIO mode the control pins are set high or low. In the I²C mode, an external I²C controller (such as USB PD controller) sets the mux configurations and device control. The control configuration flexibility allows compatibility with a wide variety of USB PD controllers.

6.2 Functional Block Diagram

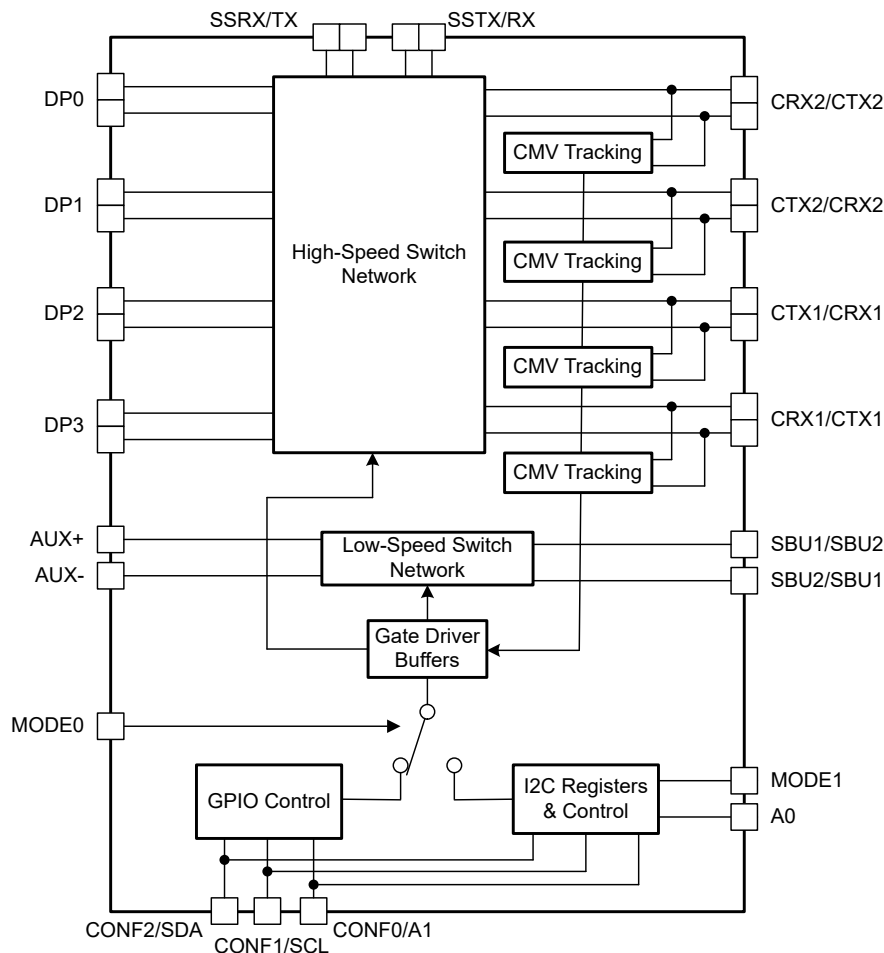


図 6-1. TMUXHS4446 Functional Block Diagram

6.3 Feature Description

6.3.1 High-Speed Differential Signal Switching

Based on the data sent to the control pins, TMUXHS4446 provides the following muxing options:

- USB SS only: connects only one group of TX & RX signals on the USB-C connector to a USB source/sink.
- USB SS only (flipped): enables the *USB SS only* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- 4 Ln DP: connects both groups of TX/RX signals on the USB-C connector to a DisplayPort source/sink.
- 4 Ln DP (flipped): enables the *4 Ln DP* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- 2 Ln DP + USB SS: connects one group of TX/RX signals to a DisplayPort source/sink and connects the other group to a USB source/sink.
- 2 Ln DP + USB SS (flipped): enables the *2 Ln DP + USB SS* mode when the USB-C connector is flipped around.
- Open (powered down): opens all switch and cuts of power to the device.
- Open (powered on): opens all switches but keeps power to the device.

6.3.2 Low-Speed SBU Signal Switching

The TMUXHS4446 provides switching for the low-speed sideband signals for DisplayPort that are transmitted over the SBU lines on the USB-C connector. These signals are connected to the AUX+ and AUX– pins. The switch is required to route the signals to the right locations if the USB-C connector is flipped. The SBU pins are 6V tolerant.

6.3.3 GPIO and I²C Control Modes

The TMUXHS4446 can toggle between GPIO and I²C control modes through the MODE0 pin being driven high or low. When set to GPIO mode (MODE0 = low), the CONF[2:0] pins are driven either high or low to set the switch configurations. When set to I²C mode (MODE0 = high), an external I²C controller (for example, a PD controller) writes into the TMUXHS4446 register bits through the SDA and SCL pins to set mux configurations and device control.

The MODE1 pin is used to control the logic level of the I²C data. If MODE1 is high, then the logic level is 3.3V and 1.8V if MODE1 is low.

6.4 Device Functional Modes

This section describes how to configure the TMUXHS4446 control pins to configure device modes and mux configurations.

表 6-1 shows how MODE0 and MODE1 pins are used to set device control configuration modes.

表 6-1. Control Mode Configuration

Control Mode	MODE0	MODE1
GPIO/Pin Control Mode	0	X
I ² C (1.8V logic)	1	0
I ² C (3.3V logic)	1	1

表 6-2 shows I²C Register sets. A1 and A0 (Byte 1, bits 2 and 1) are set by pins 35 and 14. CONF[2:0] (Byte 3, bits 2-0) sets the device configurations in I²C mode.

表 6-2. I²C Control

Byte # & Description	Register Bits							
	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Byte 1, I ² C Secondary Target address	1	0	1	0	1	A1	A0	0/1 (W/R)
Byte 2, Device ID (read only)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Byte 3, Selection control (read/write)	0	0	0	0	0	CONF[2]	CONF[1]	CONF[0]

表 6-3 shows how CONF[2:0] pins in GPIO mode and registers Byte 3, bits 2-0 (CONF[2:0]) as shown in 表 6-2 sets mux configurations in source applications.

表 6-3. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Source Applications

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle DFP Pin Assignment (Source)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C, E 4 Ln DP	C, E Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
	CONF[2:0] = 000	CONF[2:0] = 001	CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011	CONF[2:0] = 110	CONF[2:0] = 111
SSTX	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X	CTX1	CTX2
SSRX	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X	CRX1	CRX2
DP0	X	X	X	X	CRX2	CRX1	CRX2	CRX1
DP1	X	X	X	X	CTX2	CTX1	CTX2	CTX1
DP2	X	X	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X
DP3	X	X	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X
AUX+	X	X	X	X	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2
AUX-	X	X	X	X	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1

図 6-2 illustrates pictorial view of the TMUXHS4446 mux configurations for a source application based on 表 6-3. In this illustration all signals are differential with both positive and negative pins, but shown as single for brevity.

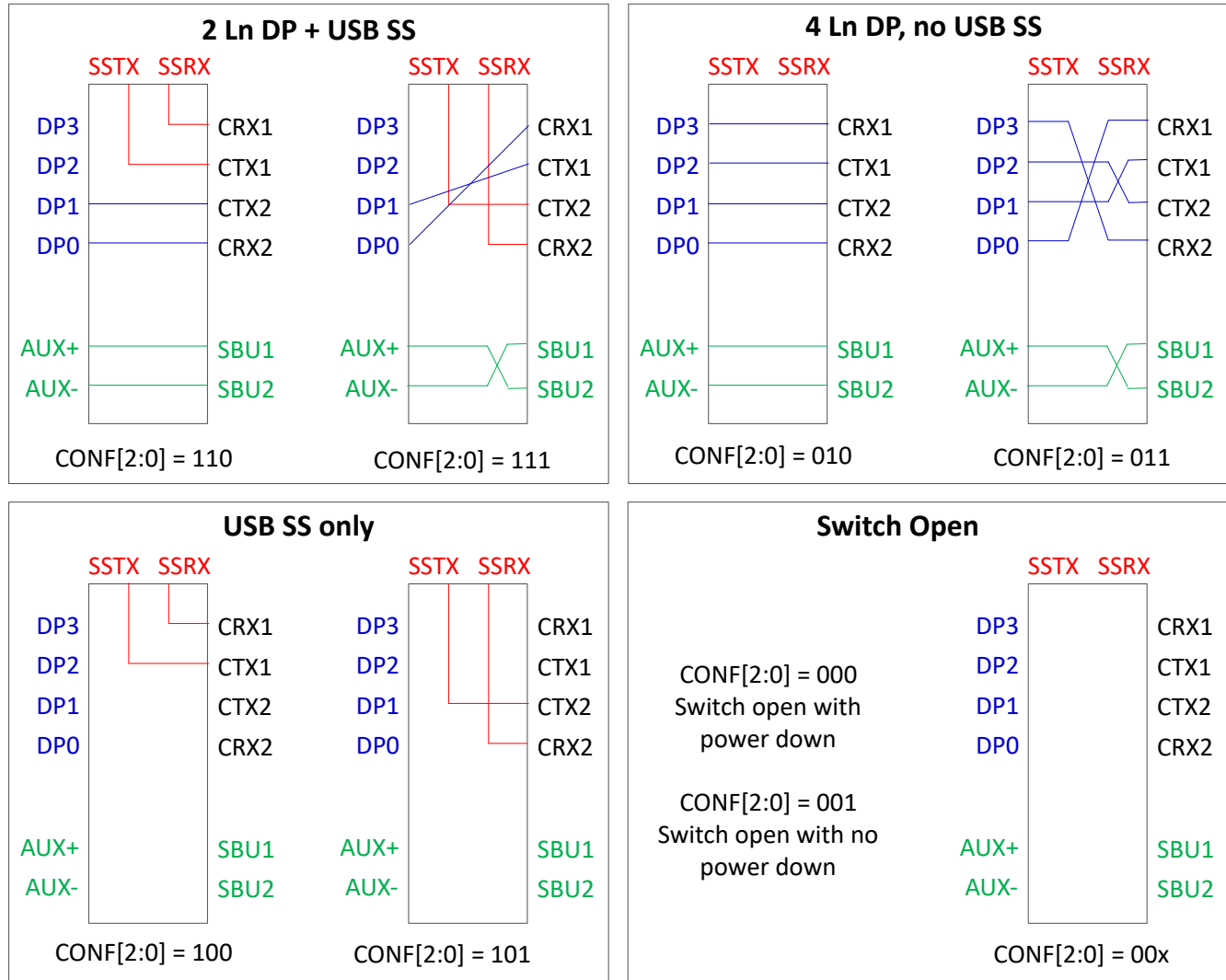


図 6-2. TMUXHS4446 Signal Flow Diagrams in Different Configurations for Source Applications

The sink side signal flow can also be constructed based on 表 6-4.

表 6-4. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Sink Applications

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle UFP Pin Assignment (Sink)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C 4 Ln DP	C Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
			CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011	CONF[2:0] = 110	CONF[2:0] = 111
SSTX	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X	CTX1	CTX2
SSRX	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X	CRX1	CRX2
DP0	X	X	X	X	CTX2	CTX1	CTX2	CTX1
DP1	X	X	X	X	CRX2	CRX1	CRX2	CRX1
DP2	X	X	X	X	CRX1	CRX2	X	X
DP3	X	X	X	X	CTX1	CTX2	X	X
AUX+	X	X	X	X	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1

表 6-4. High-Speed and Low-Speed Channel Mapping for Sink Applications (続き)

System-Side Channel	Connector-Side Channel Connected To System-Side Channel							
	Open (powered down)	Open (powered on)	USB-C USB 3.x		DP Alt Mode Receptacle UFP Pin Assignment (Sink)			
			USB SS only	USB SS only Flip	C 4 Ln DP	C Flip 4 Ln DP	D 2 Ln DP + USB SS	D Flip 2 Ln DP + USB SS
			CONF[2:0] = 000	CONF[2:0] = 001	CONF[2:0] = 100	CONF[2:0] = 101	CONF[2:0] = 010	CONF[2:0] = 011
AUX-	X	X	X	X	SBU1	SBU2	SBU1	SBU2

7 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

7.1 Application Information

The TMUXHS4446 is an analog crosspoint or crossbar mux/demux or switch specially designed for USB Type-C or USB-C alternate mode applications. The device supports USB SS signaling up to 10Gbps and alternate mode signaling such as DisplayPort up to 10Gbps.

The crosspoint selection of the device is typically configured by a USB power delivery (PD) controller by an I²C interface. The TMUXHS4446 is an analog mux which can be used in USB Type-C ecosystem with DP as alternate mode in two distinct application configurations: one is for DP Source/USB Host, the other one for the DP Sink/USB Device/Dock. 図 7-1 shows a typical application block diagrams for these two cases: left source and right sink.

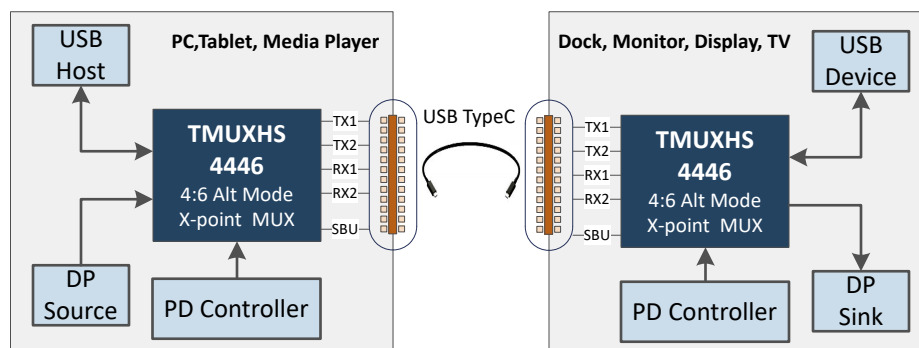


図 7-1. TMUXHS4446 in USB Type-C Source and Sink Applications

7.2 Typical Application: USB-C with DP Alternate Mode - Source

図 7-2 shows a simplified schematic diagram for a typical USB Type-C source application. Implementation for a sink use case is similar.

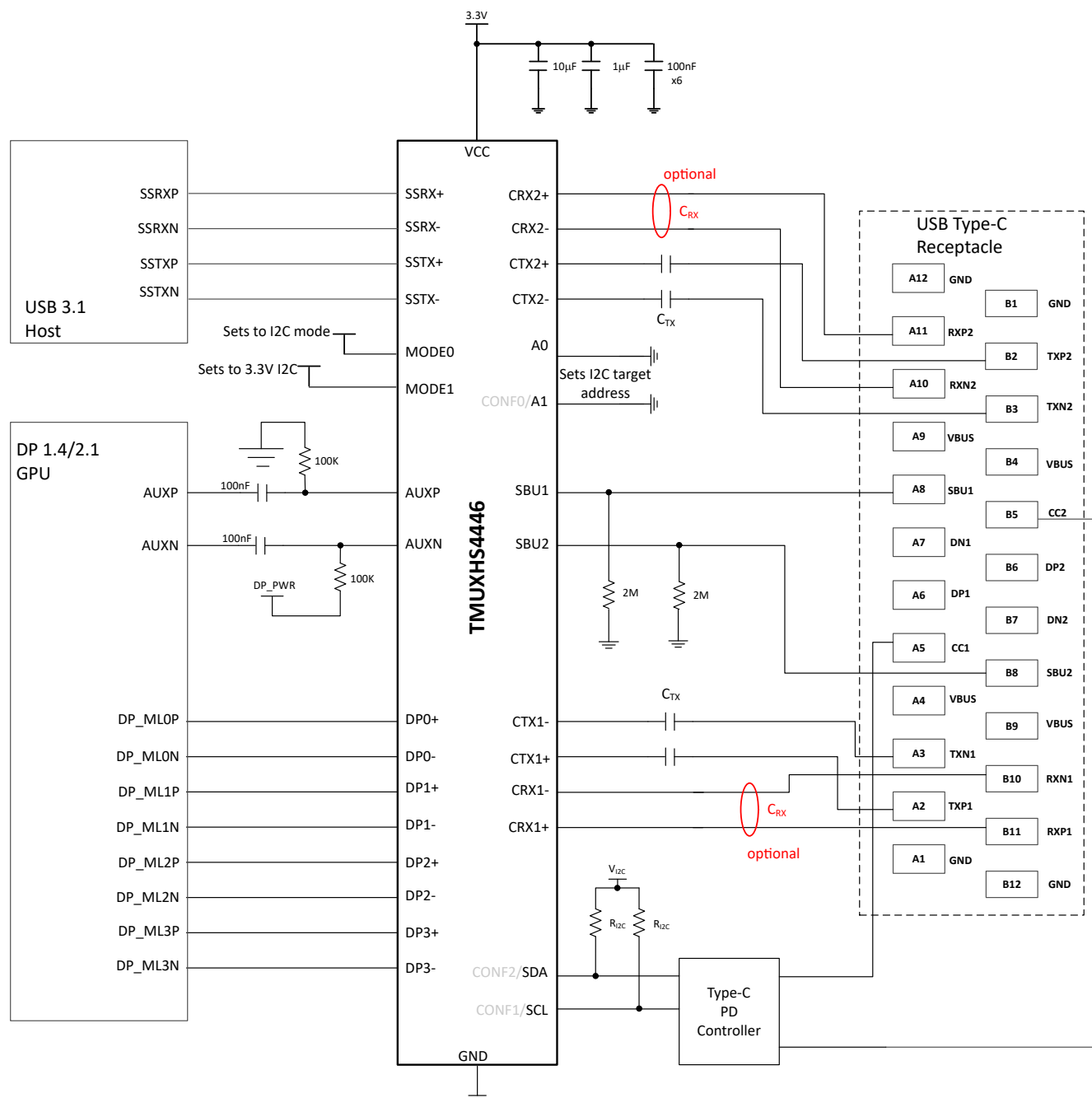


図 7-2. Application Schematic for TMUXHS446 in a Typical USB Type-C Source Use Case

7.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters shown in 表 7-1.

表 7-1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
Supply voltage, V_{CC}	3.3V
AC coupling capacitors for TX pins on USB-C connector side, C_{TX}	220nF
I ² C pullup resistor, R_{I2C}	2k Ω
I ² C pullup voltage, V_{I2C}	3.3V

表 7-1. Design Parameters (続き)

PARAMETER	VALUE
DP Auxiliary channel pullup voltage, DP_PWR	3.3V
DP Auxiliary channel coupling capacitor, C _{AUX}	100nF

7.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

During implementation of a USB Type-C with DP alternate mode, the AC coupling capacitors must be placed carefully. [図 7-3](#) depicts the AC coupling capacitor placement for typical applications. Note TMUXHS4446 supports a V_{cm} range, not exceeding the typical range of 0 – 1.8V. Note the AC caps are used only on TX pins on both source and sink ends. However, if there is an application where such V_{cm} range is not assured, TI recommends to make changes on AC coupling capacitor placements. [図 7-4](#) illustrates such implementation. Additional optional AC coupling capacitors are used for RX pins. In detailed source schematic shown in [図 7-2](#) such capacitors are marked as C_{RX} and TI recommends them to be 0.5μF.

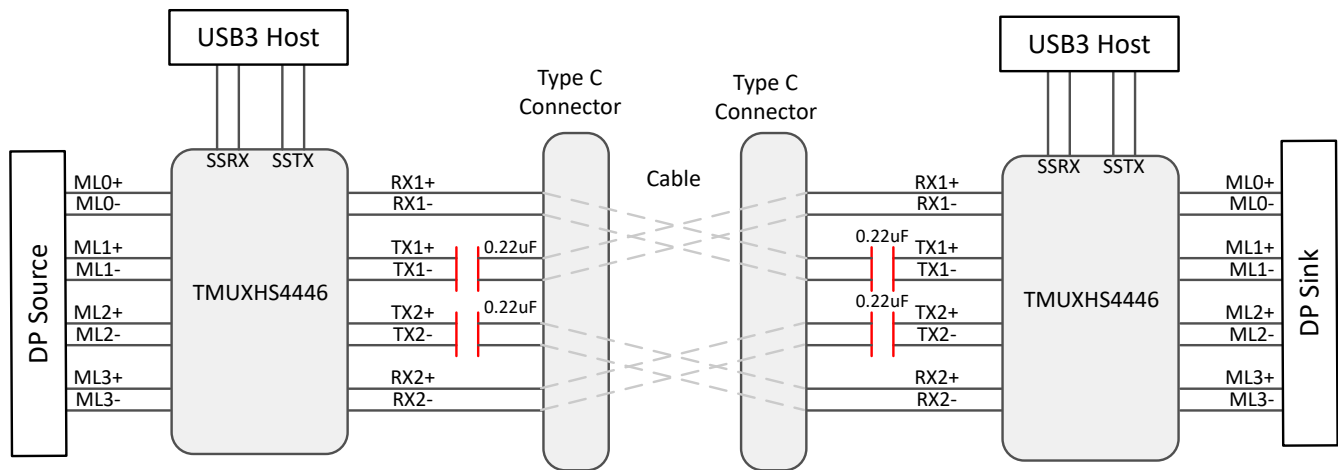


図 7-3. Typical Placement of AC Coupling Capacitors with V_{cm} ≤ 1.8V

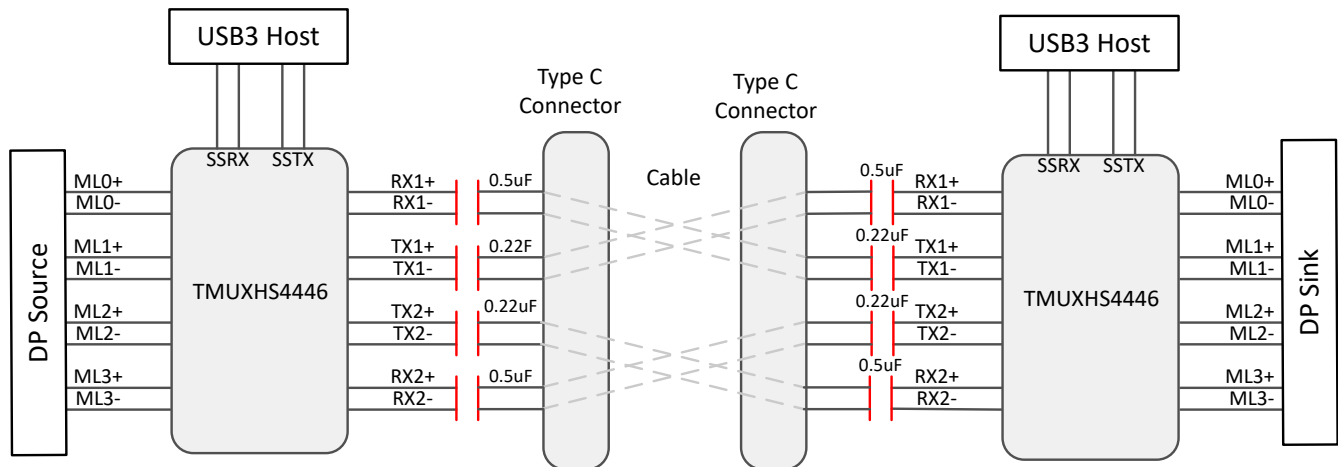


図 7-4. Placement of AC coupling Capacitors with V_{cm} > 1.8V

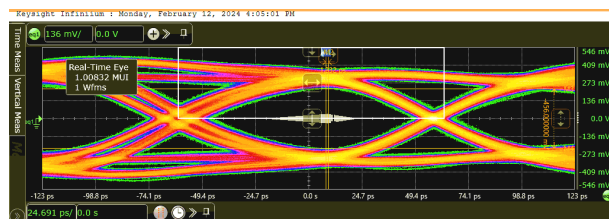
7.2.3 Application Curves

[図 7-5](#) through [図 7-8](#) illustrate DisplayPort 1.4 Tx compliance results at HBR3 8.1Gbps. Eye diagrams (in scope, no cable model) are compared from the baseline setup and from the same setup plus TMUXHS4446 board. The

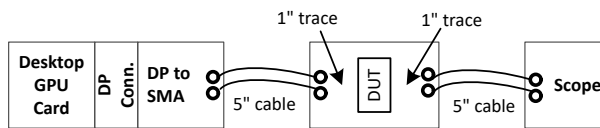
diagrams are for lane 0. Other lanes also result in to similar eye diagrams. Jitter degradation through TMUXHS4446 is minimal.



7-5. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Setup - Baseline (no DUT)

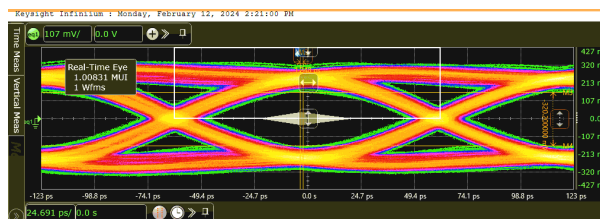


7-7. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Eye Diagram - Baseline Setup (no DUT)



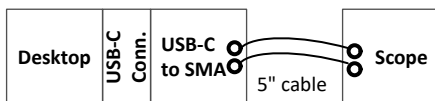
TMUXHS4446 EVB

7-6. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Setup - with TMUXHS4446

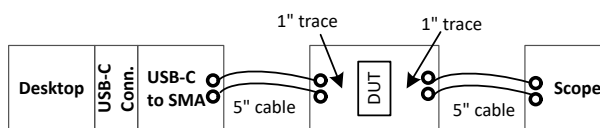


7-8. 8.1Gbps DP Compliance Eye Diagram - with TMUXHS4446

7-9 through 7-12 illustrate USB 3.x Gen2 Tx compliance results at 10Gbps. Eye diagrams (in scope, near end) are compared from the baseline setup and from the same setup plus TMUXHS4446 board. The diagrams are for lane 0. Other lanes also result in to similar eye diagrams. Jitter degradation through TMUXHS4446 is minimal.



7-9. 10Gbps USB Compliance Setup - Baseline (no DUT)



TMUXHS4446 EVB

7-10. 10Gbps USB Compliance Setup - with TMUXHS4446

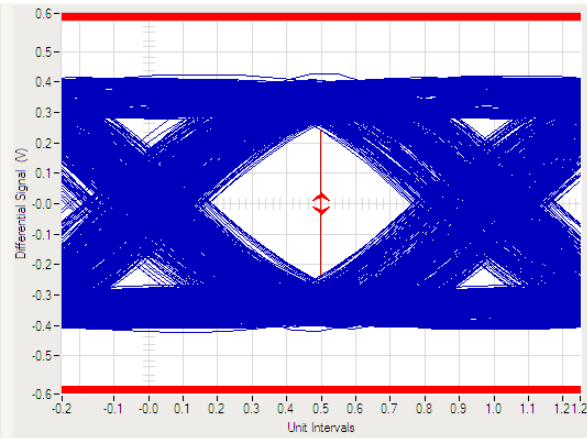


図 7-11. 10Gbps USB Compliance Eye Diagram - Baseline Setup (no DUT)

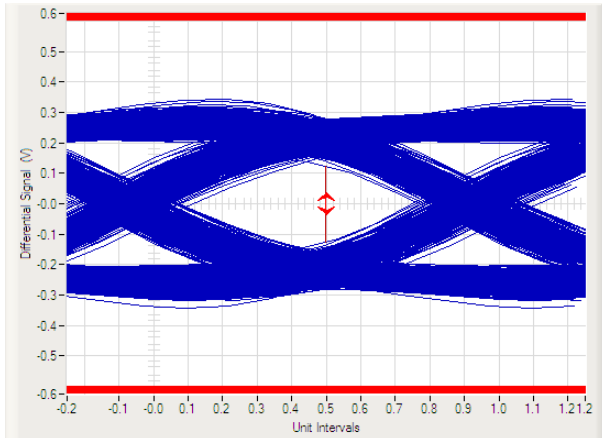


図 7-12. 10Gbps USB Compliance Eye Diagram - with TMUXHS4446

7.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TMUXHS4446 does not require a power supply sequence. However, TI recommends that the device is powered on after device supply V_{CC} is stable and in specification. TI also recommends to place ample decoupling capacitors at the device VCC near the pins.

7.4 Layout

7.4.1 Layout Guidelines

On a high-K board, TI always recommends to solder the PowerPAD™ integrated circuit package onto the thermal land. A thermal land is the area of solder-tinned-copper underneath the Power-pad package. On a high-K board, the TMUXHS4446 can operate over the full temperature range by soldering the Power-pad onto the thermal land without vias.

For high speed layout guidelines refer to the [High-Speed Layout Guidelines for Signal Conditioners and USB Hubs application note](#).

On a low-K board, use a 1-oz Cu trace to connect the GND pins to the thermal land for the device to operate across the temperature range. A general PCB design guide for Power-pad packages is provided in the [Power-pad Thermally-Enhanced Package application note](#).

7.4.2 Layout Example

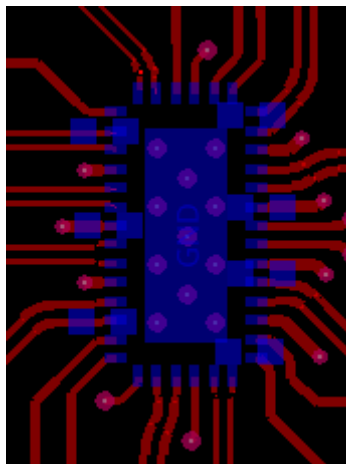


図 7-13. TMUXHS4446 Layout Example

8 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

8.1 Device Support

8.2 Documentation Support

8.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [High-Speed Layout Guidelines for Signal Conditioners and USB Hubs application note](#)
- Texas Instruments, [PowerPAD™ Thermally Enhanced Package application note](#)

8.3 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、www.tij.co.jp のデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。[通知] をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取ることができます。変更の詳細については、改訂されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

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8.7 用語集

[テキサス・インスツルメンツ用語集](#)

この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

9 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
February 2024	*	Initial Release

10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TMUXHS4446IRETR	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETR.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETT	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446IRETT.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 105	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETR	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETR.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETT	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446
TMUXHS4446RETT.A	Active	Production	WQFN (RET) 40	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TMX4446

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

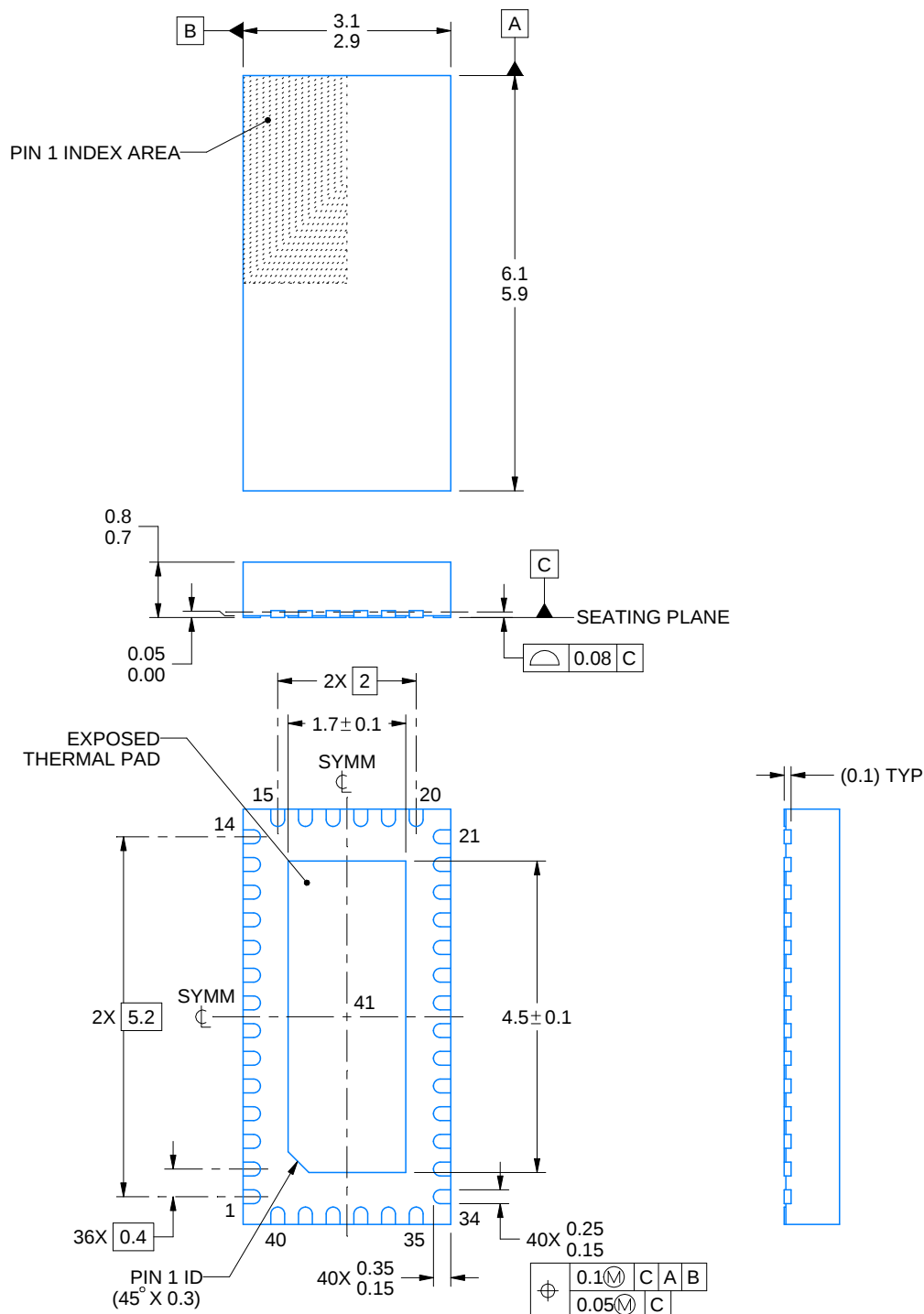
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WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4229203/A 11/2022

NOTES:

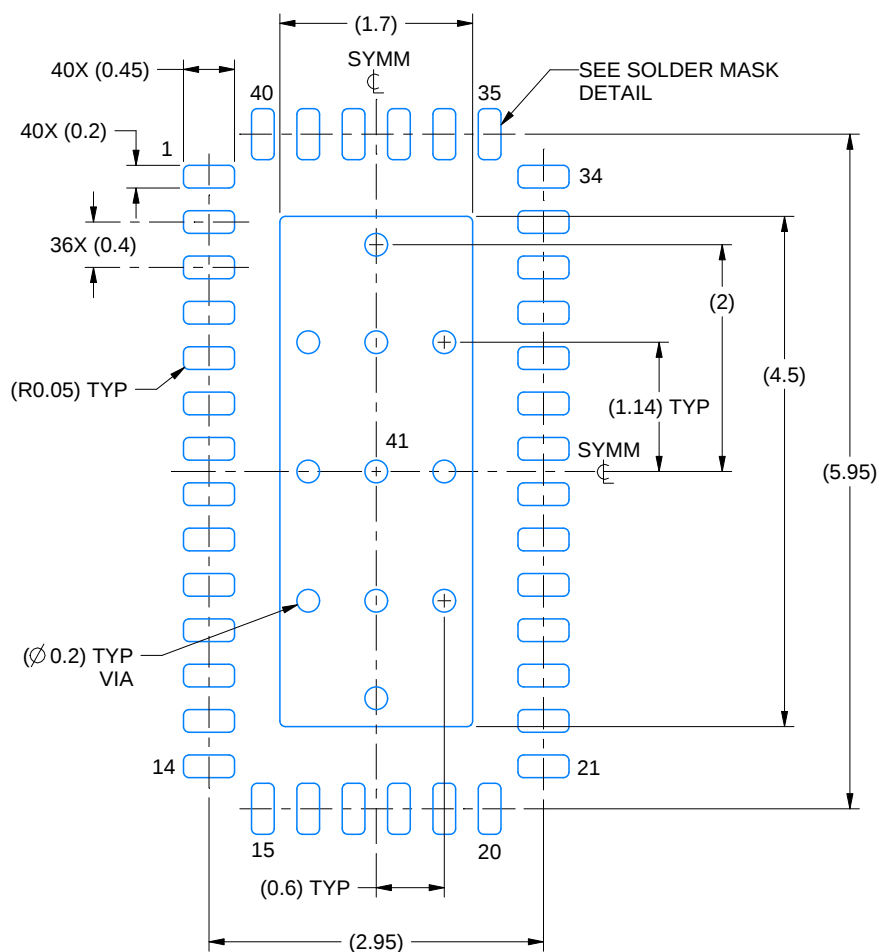
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

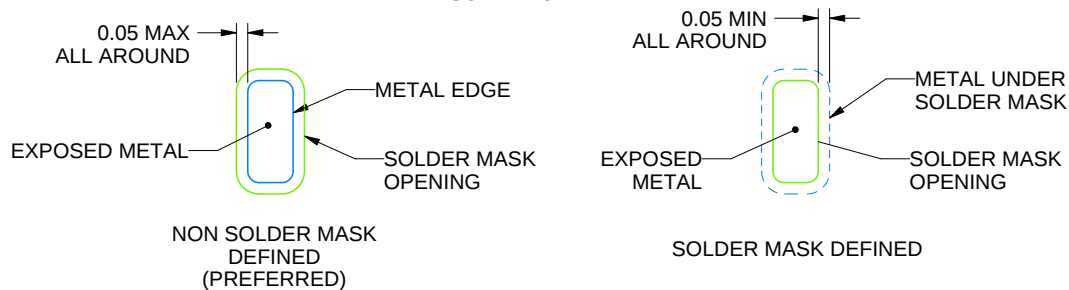
RET0040A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4229203/A 11/2022

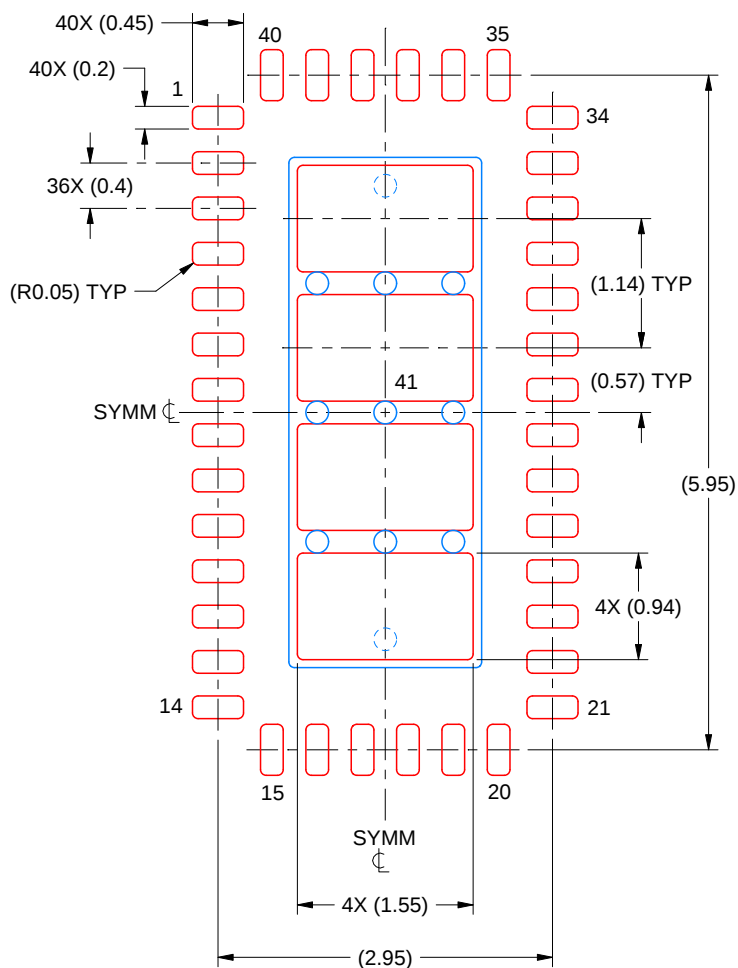
NOTES: (continued)

4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sluea271).
5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

RET0040A

WQFN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 MM THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 15X

EXPOSED PAD 41
76% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA UNDER PACKAGE

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NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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