TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
TPS54526
JAJSLO0D – MAY 2012 – REVISED APRIL 2021

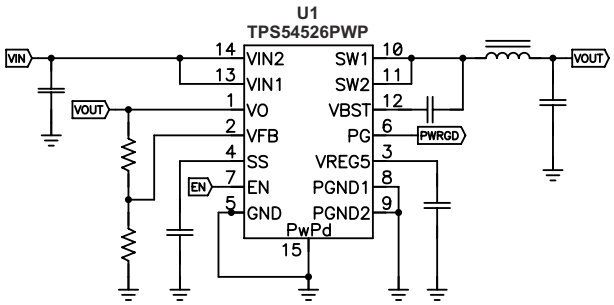
TPS54526 Eco-mode™ 搭載、4.5V～18V 入力、5.5A、同期整流式降圧コンバータ

1 特長

- 高速過渡応答を可能にする D-CAP2™ モード
- 低出力リップルで、出力セラミック・コンデンサが使用可能
- 広い V_{IN} 入力電圧範囲:4.5V～18V
- 出力電圧範囲:0.76V～5.5V
- 低デューティ・サイクルのアプリケーションに対して最適化された高効率の内蔵 FET
  – 63Ω (ハイサイド) および 33mΩ (ローサイド)
- 高効率、シャットダウン時 10µA 未満
- 高い初期バンドギャップ・リファレンス精度
- 調整可能なソフト・スタート
- プリバイアス印加のソフト・スタート
- スイッチング周波数 (f_{SW}):650kHz
- サイクル単位の過電流制限
- パワー・グッド出力
- 自動スキップ Eco-mode™ による軽負荷時の高い効率

2 アプリケーション

- 幅広い範囲の低電圧システム用アプリケーション
  – デジタル・テレビ用電源
  – 高精細 Blu-ray Disc™ プレーヤ
  – ネットワーク・ホーム・ターミナル
  – デジタル・セットトップ・ボックス (STB)



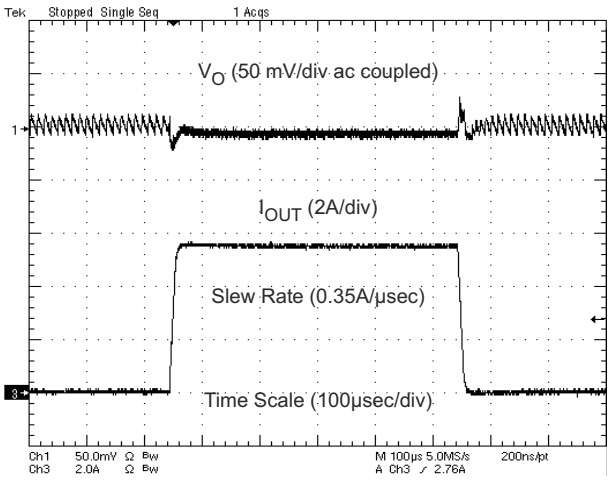
3 概要

TPS54526 は、適応型オン時間、D-CAP2™ モードの同期整流式降圧コンバータです。このデバイスを採用することで、各種機器の電源バス・レギュレータに対して、コスト効果が高く、部品数の少ない、低スタンバイ電流のソリューションを実現できます。本デバイスの主制御ループは、外部補償部品なしで非常に高速な過渡応答が得られる D-CAP2™ モード制御を使用しています。適応型オン時間制御により、重負荷時には PWM モード動作、軽負荷時には Eco-mode™ 動作へシームレスに移行できます。Eco-mode™ により、このデバイスは軽負荷条件時に高い効率を維持できます。また、低 ESR (等価直列抵抗) の出力コンデンサ (例:POSCAP、SP-CAP) と超低 ESR セラミック・コンデンサの両方をサポートできる独自の回路も備えています。このデバイスは、4.5V～18V の VIN 入力で動作します。出力電圧は 0.76V～5.5V に設定できます。このデバイスは調整可能なソフト・スタート時間とパワー・グッド機能も備えています。TPS54526 は 14 ピンの HTSSOP パッケージと 16 ピンの QFN パッケージで供給され、–40℃～85℃で動作するよう設計されています。

製品情報(1)

部品番号	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)
TPS54526	HTSSOP (14)	5.00mm × 4.40mm
	VQFN (16)	4.00mm x 4.00mm

(1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。



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4 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision C (June 2014) to Revision D (April 2021) — **Page**

- 文書全体にわたって表、図、相互参照の採番方法を更新 ... 1
- Updated 式 3 ... 13

Changes from Revision B (January 2014) to Revision C (June 2014) — **Page**

- 新しい TI 標準フォーマットに合わせてデータシートを変更 ... 1
- Added the Handling Ratings table ... 4
- Added the Timing Requirements table ... 6
- Added the Power Supply Recommendations section ... 17

Changes from Revision A (July 2013) to Revision B (January 2014) — **Page**

- データシートのタイトルを『4.5-V to 18-V Input, 5.5-A Synchronous Step-Down Converter with Eco-mode™』から『4.5-V to 18-V Input, 3-A Synchronous Step-Down Converter with Eco-mode™』に変更 ... 1

Changes from Revision * (May 2012) to Revision A (May 2013) — **Page**

- Changed the Over/Under Voltage Protection section. From: "as the high-side MOSFET driver turns off and the low-side MOSFET turns on" To: "as both the high-side and low-side MOSFET drivers turn off" ... 10

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions

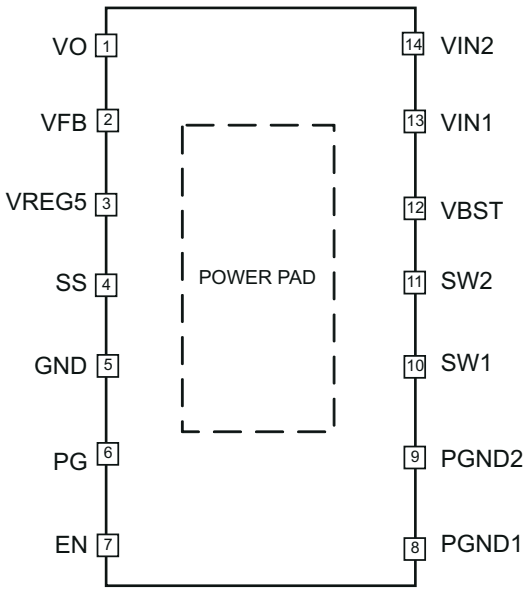

図 5-1. PWP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

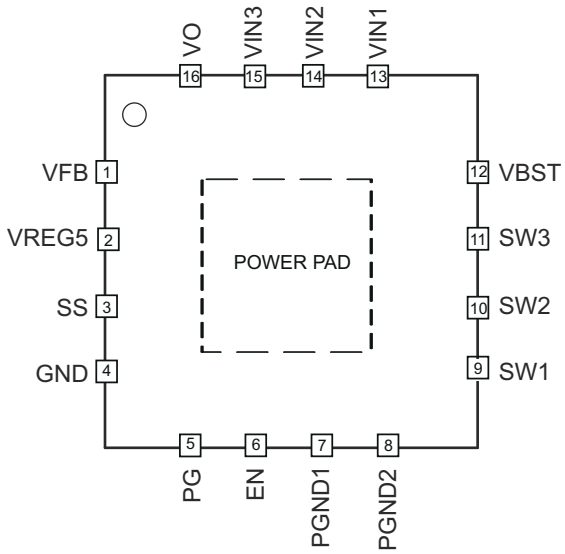

図 5-2. RSA PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

表 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN			DESCRIPTION
NAME	NUMBER(1)		
	PWP 14	RSA 16	
VO	1	16	Connect to output of converter. This pin is used for output discharge function.
VFB	2	1	Converter feedback input. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.
VREG5	3	2	5.5 V power supply output. A capacitor (typical 1 µF) should be connected to GND. VREG5 is not active when EN is low.
SS	4	3	Soft-start control. An external capacitor should be connected to GND.
GND	5	4	Signal ground pin.
PG	6	5	Open drain power good output.
EN	7	6	Enable control input. EN is active high and must be pulled up to enable the device.
PGND1, PGND2	8, 9	7, 8	Ground returns for low-side MOSFET. Also serve as inputs of current comparators. Connect PGND and GND strongly together near the IC.
SW1, SW2, SW3(1)	10, 11	9, 10, 11	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET. Also serve as inputs to current comparators.
VBST	12	12	Supply input for high-side NFET gate driver (boost terminal). Connect capacitor from this pin to respective SW1, SW2 terminals. An internal PN diode is connected between VREG5 to VBST pin.
VIN1, VIN2, VIN3(1)	13, 14	13, 14, 15	Power input and connected to high side NFET drain. Supply input for 5-V internal linear regulator for the control circuitry.
PowerPAD™	Back side	Back side	Thermal pad of the package. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation. Should be connected to PGND.

(1) SW3, VIN3 applies to 16 pin package only.

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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage range	VIN1, VIN2, EN	–0.3	20	V
	VBST	–0.3	26	V
	VBST (10 ns transient)	–0.3	28	V
	VBST (vs Sw1, SW2)	–0.3	6.5	V
	VFB, VO, SS, PG	–0.3	6.5	V
	SW1, SW2	–2	20	V
	SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	–3	22	V
Output voltage range	VREG5	–0.3	6.5	V
	PGND1, PGND2	–0.3	0.3	V
Voltage from GND to PowerPAD™, V_{diff}		–0.2	0.2	V
Operating junction temperature, T_J		–40	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–55	150	°C
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins(1)	–2	2	kV
		Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins(2)	–500	500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Supply input voltage range		4.5	18	V
V_I	Input voltage range	VBST	–0.3	24	V
		VBST (10 ns transient)	–0.3	27	
		VBST (vs Sw1, SW2)	–0.3	5.7	
		SS, PG	–0.3	5.7	
		EN	–0.3	18	
		VO, VFB	–0.3	5.5	
		SW1, SW2	–1.8	18	
		SW1, SW2 (10 ns transient)	–3	21	
		PGND1, PGND2	–0.3	0.1	
V_O	Output voltage range	VREG5	–0.3	5.7	V
I_O	Output Current range	I_{VREG5}	0	5	mA
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		–40	85	°C
T_J	Operating junction temperature		–40	150	°C

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6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC		TPS54526		UNITS
		PWP (14) PINS	RSA (16) PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	43.7	35.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCtop}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	33.1	40.6	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	28.4	12.3	
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.3	0.8	
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	28.2	12.4	
$R_{\theta JCbot}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	4.7	3.6	

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, V_{IN} = 12V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY CURRENT						
I_{VIN}	Operating - non-switching supply current	V_{IN} current, T_A = 25°C, EN = 5 V, V_{VFB} = 0.8 V		900	1400	µA
I_{VINSDN}	Shutdown supply current	V_{IN} current, T_A = 25°C, EN = 0 V		3.6	10	µA
LOGIC THRESHOLD						
V_{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage		1.6			V
V_{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage				0.6	V
R_{EN}	EN pin resistance to GND	V_{EN} = 12 V	220	440	880	kΩ
VFB VOLTAGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANCE						
V_{FBTH}	VFB threshold voltage	VFB voltage light load mode, T_A = 25°C, V_O = 1.05 V, I_O = 10mA		771		mV
		T_A = 25°C, V_O = 1.05 V, continuous mode	757	765	773	
		T_A = 0°C to 85°C, V_O = 1.05 V, continuous mode(1)	753		777	
		T_A = –40°C to 85°C, V_O = 1.05 V, continuous mode(1)	751		779	
I_{VFB}	VFB input current	V_{VFB} = 0.8 V, T_A = 25°C		0	±0.15	µA
R_{Dischg}	V_O discharge resistance	V_{EN} = 0 V, V_O = 0.5 V, T_A = 25°C		50	100	Ω
VREG5 OUTPUT						
V_{VREG5}	VREG5 output voltage	T_A = 25°C, 6 V < V_{IN} < 18 V, 0 < I_{VREG5} < 5 mA	5.2	5.5	5.7	V
V_{VREG5}	VREG5 Line regulation	6.0 V < V_{IN} < 18 V, I_{VREG5} = 5 mA			20	mV
V_{VREG5}	VREG5 Load regulation	0 mA < I_{VREG5} < 5 mA			100	mV
I_{VREG5}	VREG5 Output current	V_{IN} = 6 V, V_{VREG5} = 4 V, T_A = 25°C		60		mA
MOSFET						
R_{dsonh}	High side switch resistance	T_A = 25°C, V_{BST} - $V_{SW1,2}$ = 5.5 V		63		mΩ
R_{dsonl}	Low side switch resistance	T_A = 25°C		33		mΩ

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over operating free-air temperature range, V_{IN} = 12V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CURRENT LIMIT						
I_{ocl}	Current limit	L_{OUT} = 1.5 µH(1),	6.1	6.9	8.4	A
THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
T_{SDN}	Thermal shutdown threshold	Shutdown temperature (1)		165		°C
		Hysteresis (1)		35		
SOFT START						
I_{SSC}	SS charge current	V_{SS} = 1.0 V	4.2	6.0	7.8	µA
I_{SSD}	SS discharge current	V_{SS} = 0.5 V	0.1	0.2		mA
POWER GOOD						
V_{THPG}	PG threshold	V_{VFB} rising (good)	85	90	95	%
		V_{VFB} falling (fault)		85		%
I_{PG}	PG sink current	V_{PG} = 0.5 V	2.5	5		mA
OUTPUT UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION						
V_{OVP}	Output OVP trip threshold	OVP detect	120	125	130	%
V_{UVP}	Output UVP trip threshold	UVP detect	60	65	70	%
		Hysteresis		10		%
UVLO						
V_{UVLO}	UVLO threshold	Wake up VREG5 voltage	3.31	3.61	3.91	V
		Fall VREG5 voltage	2.82	3.12	3.42	
		Hysteresis VREG5 voltage	0.37	0.49	0.61	

(1) Not production tested.

6.6 Timing Requirements

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ON-TIME TIMER CONTROL						
t_{ON}	On time	V_{IN} = 12 V, V_O = 1.05 V		155		ns
$t_{OFF(MIN)}$	Minimum off time	T_A = 25°C, V_{FB} = 0.7 V		260	330	ns
OUTPUT UNDERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION						
t_{OVPDEL}	Output OVP prop delay			10		µs
t_{UVPDEL}	Output UVP delay			0.25		ms
t_{UVPEN}	Output UVP enable delay	Relative to soft-start time		x 1.7		

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6.7 Typical Characteristics

V_{IN} = 12 V, T_A = 25 °C (unless otherwise noted)

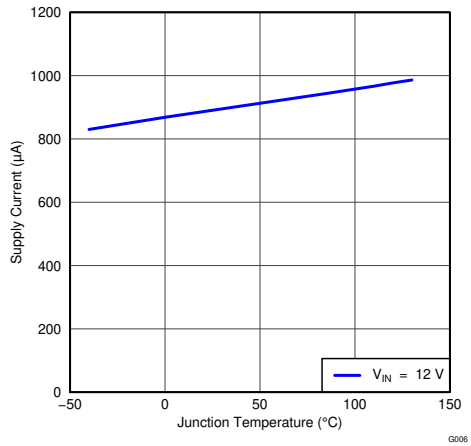


図 6-1. V_{IN} Current vs Junction Temperature

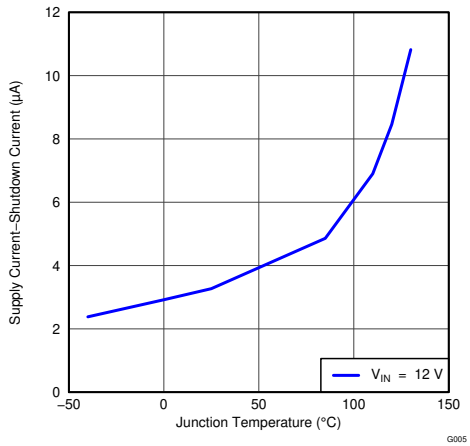


図 6-2. V_{IN} Shutdown Current vs Junction Temperature

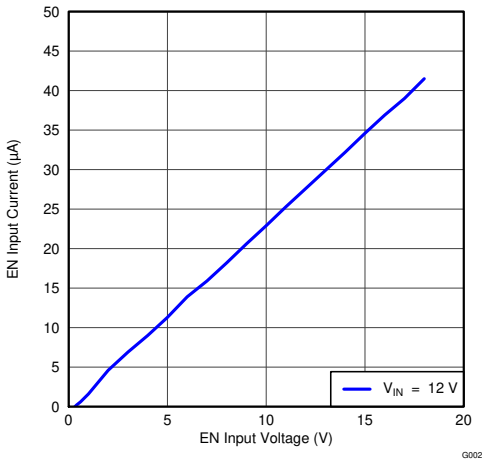
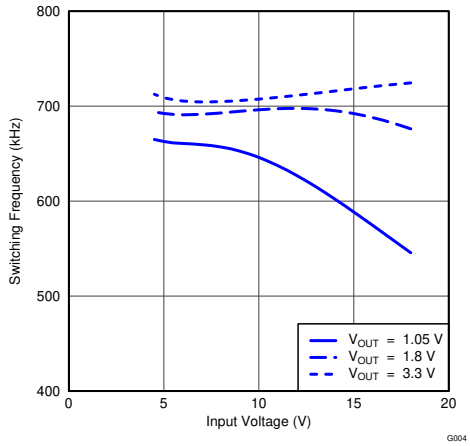


図 6-3. EN Current vs EN Voltage



I_O = 1A

図 6-4. Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage

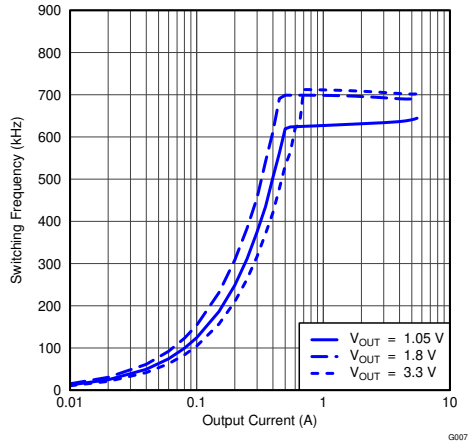


図 6-5. Switching Frequency vs Output Current

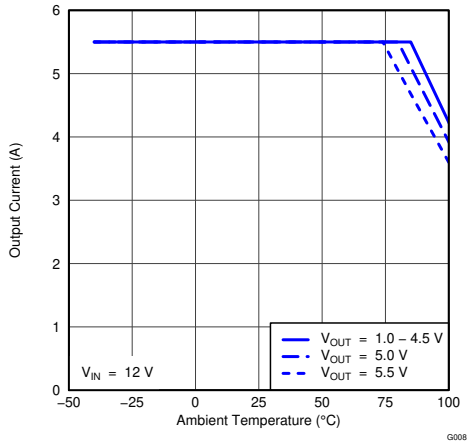


図 6-6. Output Current vs Ambient Temperature

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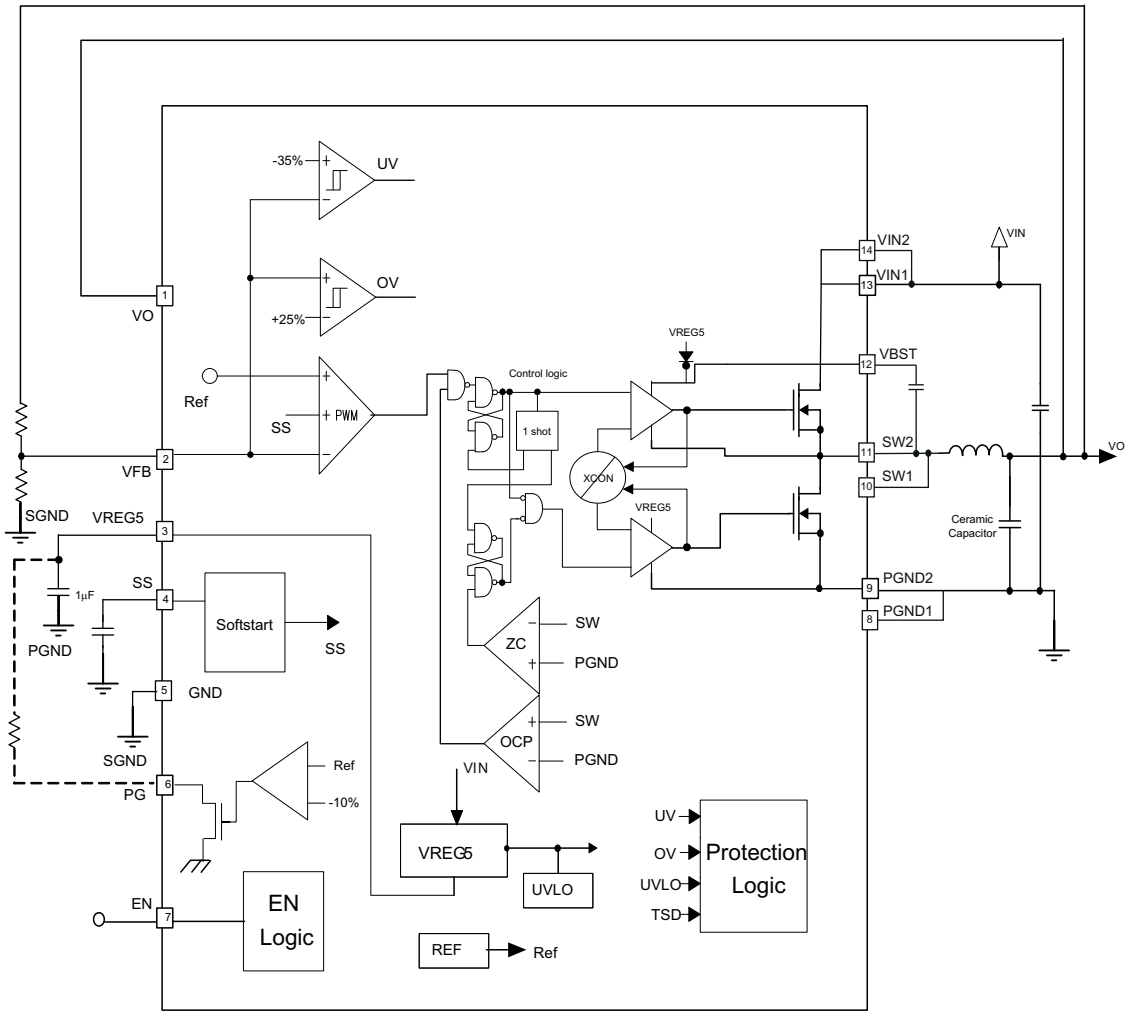
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS54526 is a 5.5-A synchronous step-down (buck) converter with two integrated N-channel MOSFETs and auto-skip Eco-mode™ to improve light lode efficiency. It operates using D-CAP2™ mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2™ control reduces the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



A. The block diagram shown is for the PWP 14 pin package. The QFN 16 pin package block diagram is identical except for the pin out.

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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS54526 is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2™ mode control. D-CAP2™ mode control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable with virtually no ripple at the output.

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. The MOSFET is turned off after the internal one-shot timer expires. The one-shot timer is set by the converter input voltage, VIN, and the output voltage, VO, to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2™ mode control.

7.3.2 PWM Frequency and Adaptive On-Time Control

TPS54526 uses an adaptive on-time control scheme and does not have a dedicated on board oscillator. The TPS54526 runs with a pseudo-constant frequency of 650 kHz by using the input voltage and output voltage to set the on-time one-shot timer. The on-time is inversely proportional to the input voltage and proportional to the output voltage, therefore, when the duty ratio is VOUT/VIN, the frequency is constant.

7.3.3 Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The soft start function is adjustable. When the EN pin becomes high, 6 µA current begins charging the capacitor which is connected from the SS pin to GND. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up. The equation for the slow start time is shown in 式 1. VFB voltage is 0.765 V and SS pin source current is 6 µA.

$$t_{SS}(ms) = \frac{C_{SS}(nF) \times V_{REF} \times 1.1}{I_{SS}(\mu A)} = \frac{C_{SS}(nF) \times 0.765 \times 1.1}{6} \quad (1)$$

The TPS54526 contains a unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft start becomes greater than feedback voltage V_{FB}), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by (1-D), where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-bias output, and ensure that the out voltage (VO) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation and the control loop is given time to transition from pre-biased start-up to normal mode operation.

7.3.4 Power Good

The TPS54526 has power-good open drain output. The power good function is activated after soft start has finished. The power good function becomes active after 1.7 times soft-start time. When the output voltage is within -10% of the target value, internal comparators detect power good state and the power good signal becomes high. Rpg resister value ,which is connected between PG and VREG5, is required from 25kΩ to 150kΩ. If the feedback voltage goes under 15% of the target value, the power good signal becomes low after a 5 µs internal delay.

7.3.5 VREG5

VREG5 is an internally generated voltage source used by the TPS54526. It is derived directly from the input voltage and is nominally regulated to 5.5 V when the input voltage is above 5.6 V. The output of the VREG5 regulator is the input to the internal UVLO function. VREG5 must be above the UVLO wake up threshold voltage (3.6 V typical) for the TPS54526 to function. Connect a 1 µF capacitor between pin 3 of the TPS54526 and power ground for proper regulation of the VREG5 output. The VREG5 output voltage is available for external use. It is recommended to use no more than 5 mA for external loads. The VREG5 output is disabled when the TPS54526 EN pin is open or pulled low.

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7.3.6 Output Discharge Control

TPS54526 discharges the output when EN is low, or the controller is turned off by the protection functions (OVP, UVP, UVLO and thermal shutdown). The output is discharged by an internal 50-Ω MOSFET which is connected from VO to PGND. The internal low-side MOSFET is not turned on during the output discharge operation to avoid the possibility of causing negative voltage at the output.

7.3.7 Current Protection

The output overcurrent protection (OCP) is implemented using a cycle-by-cycle valley detect control circuit. The switch current is monitored by measuring the low-side FET switch voltage between the SW pin and GND. This voltage is proportional to the switch current. To improve accuracy, the voltage sensing is temperature compensated.

During the on-time of the high-side FET switch, the switch current increases at a linear rate determined by V_{IN}, V_{OUT}, the on-time, and the output inductor value. During the on-time of the low-side FET switch, this current decreases linearly. The average value of the switch current is the load current I_{OUT}. If the measured voltage is above the voltage proportional to the current limit. Then, the device constantly monitors the low-side FET switch voltage, which is proportional to the switch current, during the low-side on-time.

The converter maintains the low-side switch on until the measured voltage is below the voltage corresponding to the current limit at which time the switching cycle is terminated and a new switching cycle begins. In subsequent switching cycles, the on-time is set to a fixed value and the current is monitored in the same manner.

There are some important considerations for this type of overcurrent protection. The load current one half of the peak-to-peak inductor current higher than the overcurrent threshold. Also when the current is being limited, the output voltage tends to fall as the demanded load current may be higher than the current available from the converter. This may cause the output under-voltage protection circuit to be activated. When the overcurrent condition is removed, the output voltage will return to the regulated value. This protection is non-latching.

7.3.8 Over/Under Voltage Protection

TPS54526 monitors a resistor divided feedback voltage to detect over and under voltage. When the feedback voltage becomes higher than 125% of the target voltage, the OVP comparator output goes high and the circuit latches as both the high-side and low-side MOSFET drivers turns off. When the feedback voltage becomes lower than 65% of the target voltage, the UVP comparator output goes high and an internal UVP delay counter begins. After 250 µs, the device latches off both internal top and bottom MOSFET. This function is enabled approximately 1.7 x softstart time.

7.3.9 UVLO Protection

Undervoltage lock out protection (UVLO) monitors the voltage of the V_{REG5} pin. When the V_{REG5} voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the TPS54526 is shut off. This is protection is non-latching.

7.3.10 Thermal Shutdown

TPS54526 monitors the temperature of itself. If the temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 165°C), the device is shut off. This is non-latch protection.

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7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Auto-Skip Eco-Mode™ Control

The TPS54526 is designed with Auto-Skip Eco-mode™ to increase light load efficiency. As the output current decreases from heavy load condition, the inductor current is also reduced and eventually comes to point that its rippled valley touches zero level, which is the boundary between continuous conduction and discontinuous conduction modes. The rectifying MOSFET is turned off when its zero inductor current is detected. As the load current further decreases the converter run into discontinuous conduction mode. The on-time is kept almost the same as it was in the continuous conduction mode so that it takes longer time to discharge the output capacitor with smaller load current to the level of the reference voltage. The transition point to the light load operation $I_{OUT(LL)}$ current can be calculated in 式 2.

$$I_{OUT(LL)} = \frac{1}{2 \times L \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \quad (2)$$

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8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

8.2 Typical Application

The TPS54526 is an adaptive on-time D-CAP2™ mode synchronous buck converter. Idea applications are: Digital TV Power Supply, High Definition Blu-ray Disc™ Player, Networking Home Terminal and Digital Set Top Box.

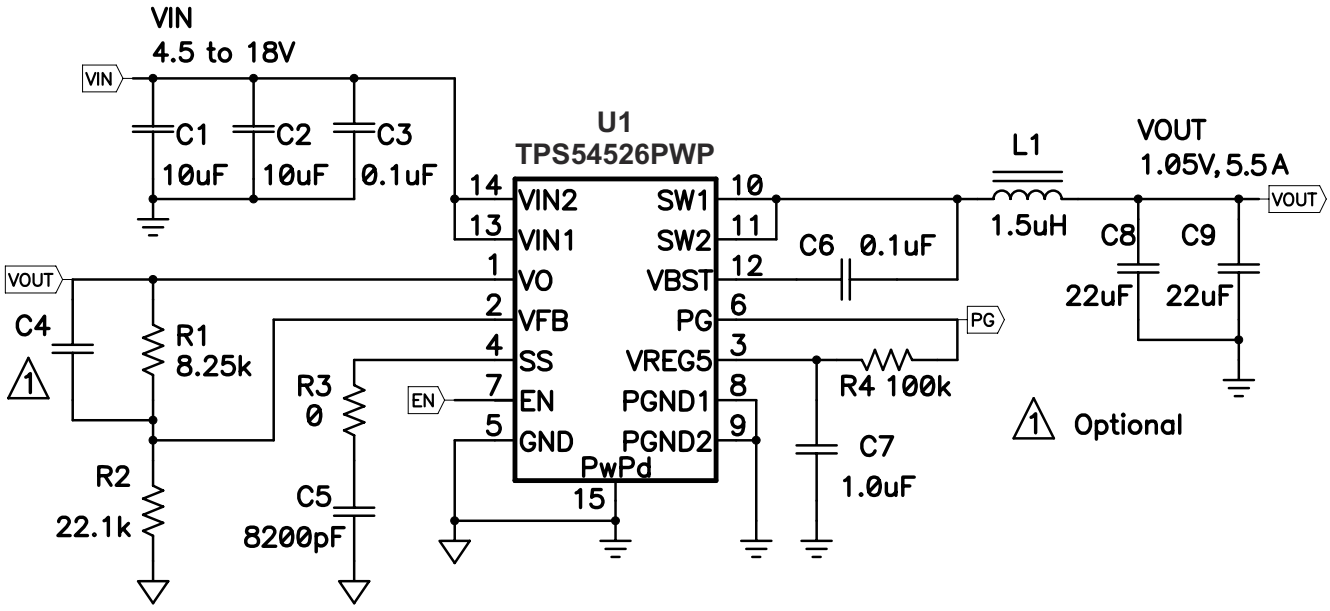

図 8-1. Schematic Diagram for This Design Example

8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the following input parameters.

表 8-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	VALUES
Input voltage range	4.5V – 18 V
Output voltage	1.05 V
Output current rating	0 – 5.5 A
Output voltage ripple	7 mV_{PP} (12 V_{IN} / 5.5 A)

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Step By Step Design Procedure

To begin the design process, the designer must know a the following application parameters:

- Input voltage range
- Output voltage
- Output current

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- Output voltage ripple
- Input voltage ripple

8.2.2.2 Output Voltage Resistors Selection

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using 式 3 to calculate V_{OUT}

To improve efficiency at very light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance will be more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current will be more noticeable

$$V_{OUT} = (0.7651 - 0.0011 \times VOUT_SET) \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

where VOUT_SET is target VOUT voltage (3)

8.2.2.3 Output Filter Selection

The output filter used with the TPS54526 is an LC circuit. This LC filter has double pole at:

$$F_P = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L_{OUT} \times C_{OUT}}} \quad (4)$$

At low frequencies, the overall loop gain is set by the output set-point resistor divider network and the internal gain of the TPS54526. The low frequency phase is 180 degrees. At the output filter pole frequency, the gain rolls off at a -40 dB per decade rate and the phase drops rapidly. D-CAP2™ introduces a high frequency zero that reduces the gain roll off to –20 dB per decade and increases the phase to 90 degrees one decade above the zero frequency. The inductor and capacitor selected for the output filter must be selected so that the double pole of 式 4 is located below the high frequency zero but close enough that the phase boost provided be the high frequency zero provides adequate phase margin for a stable circuit. To meet this requirement use the values recommended in 表 8-2

表 8-2. Recommended Component Values

Output Voltage (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	C4 (pF)(1)	L1 (µH)	C8 + C9 (µF)
1	6.81	22.1		1.0 - 1.5	22 - 68
1.05	8.25	22.1		1.0 - 1.5	22 - 68
1.2	12.7	22.1		1.0 - 1.5	22 - 68
1.5	21.5	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.8	30.1	22.1	5 - 22	1.5	22 - 68
2.5	49.9	22.1	5 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
3.3	73.2	22.1	5 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
5	124	22.1	5 - 22	3.3	22 - 68

(1) Optional

For higher output voltages at or above 1.8 V, additional phase boost can be achieved by adding a feed forward capacitor (C4) in parallel with R1.

Since the DC gain is dependent on the output voltage, the required inductor value increases as the output voltage increases. For higher output voltages above 1.8 V, additional phase boost can be achieved by adding a feed forward capacitor (C4) in parallel with R1

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using 式 5, 式 6 and 式 7. The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current. Use 650 kHz for f_{SW}.

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$$Ilp\text{-}p = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN\,(max)}} \bullet \frac{V_{IN\,(max)} - V_{OUT}}{L_O \bullet f_{SW}} \quad (5)$$

$$I_{lpeak} = I_O + \frac{Ilp\text{-}p}{2} \quad (6)$$

$$I_{Lo(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_O^2 + \frac{1}{12} Ilp\text{-}p^2} \quad (7)$$

For this design example, the calculated peak current is 6.01 A and the calculated RMS current is 5.5 A. The inductor used is a TDK SPM6530-1R5M100 with a peak current rating of 11.5 A and an RMS current rating of 11 A.

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS54526 is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 22uF to 68uF. Use 式 8 to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \bullet (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \bullet V_{IN} \bullet L_O \bullet f_{SW}} \quad (8)$$

For this design two TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22uF output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 mΩ each. The calculated RMS current is .284 A and each output capacitor is rated for 4 A.

8.2.2.4 Input Capacitor Selection

The TPS54526 requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A ceramic capacitor over 10 uF. is recommended for the decoupling capacitor. An additional 0.1 µF capacitor from pin 14 to ground is recommended to improve the stability of the over-current limit function. The capacitor voltage rating needs to be greater than the maximum input voltage.

8.2.2.5 Bootstrap Capacitor Selection

A 0.1 µF ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST to SW pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

8.2.2.6 VREG5 Capacitor Selection

A 1.0 µF ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 to GND pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

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8.2.3 Application Curve

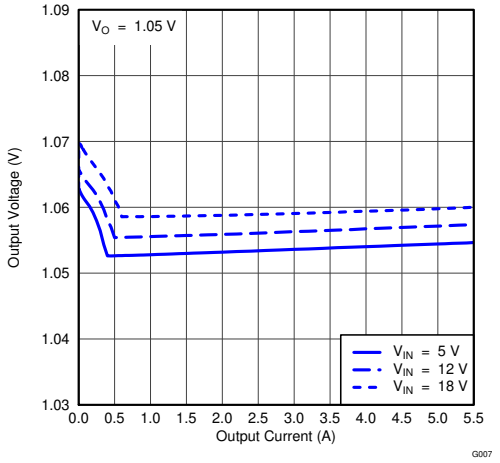


図 8-2. 1.05V Output Voltage vs Output Current

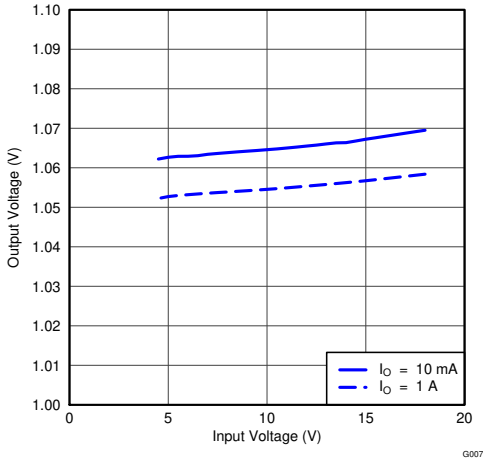


図 8-3. 1.05V Output Voltage vs Input Voltage

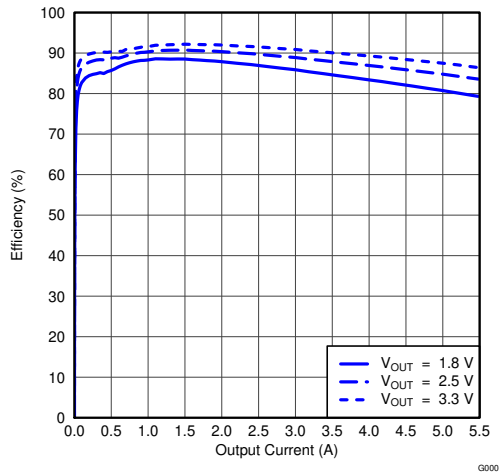


図 8-4. Efficiency vs Output Current

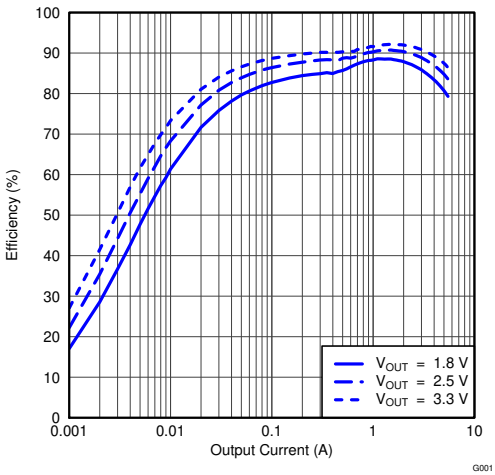
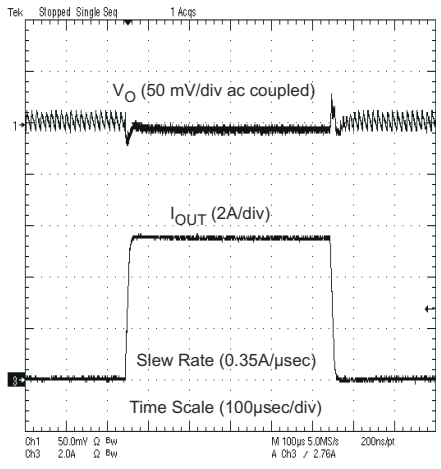


図 8-5. Light Load Efficiency vs Output Current



1.05 V 50 mA to 5.5 A

図 8-6. Load Transient Response

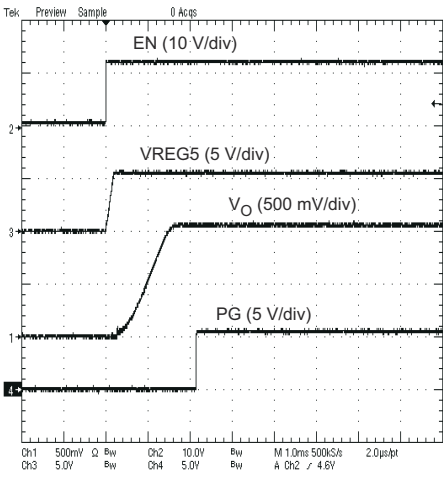
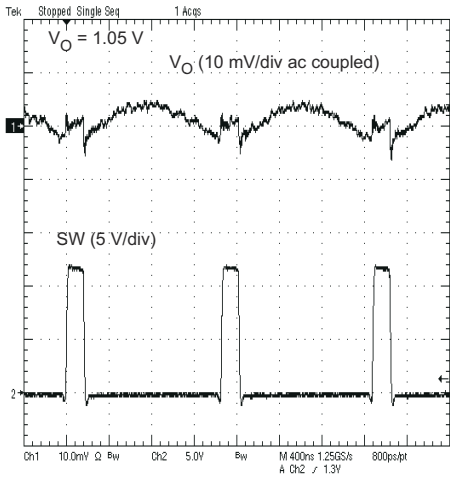
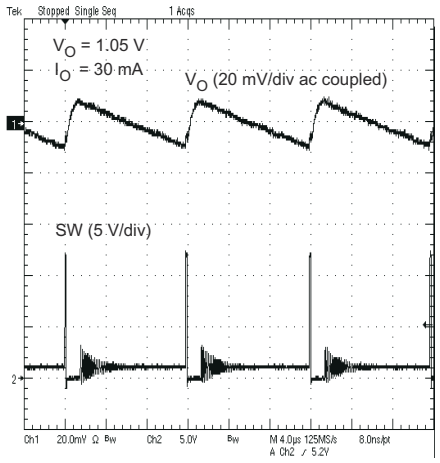


図 8-7. Startup Waveform



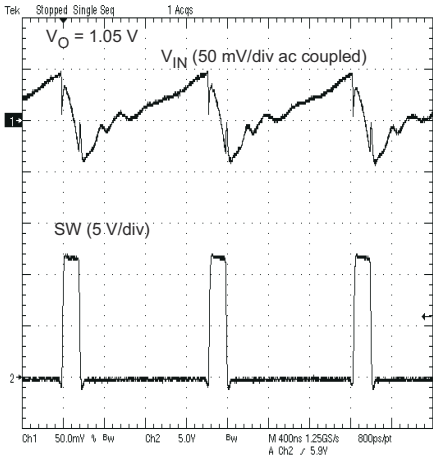
I_O= 5.5A

図 8-8. Voltage Ripple at Output



I_O = 30 mA

図 8-9. Eco-mode Voltage Ripple at Output



I_O= 5.5A

図 8-10. Voltage Ripple at Input

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9 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from an input voltage supply range between 4.5 V and 18 V. This input supply should be well regulated. If the input supply is located more than a few inches from the TPS54526 converter additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. An electrolytic capacitor with a value of 100 µF is a typical choice.

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10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

- Keep the input switching current loop as small as possible.
- Keep the SW node as physically small and short as possible to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions. Kelvin connections should be brought from the output to the feedback pin of the device.
- Keep analog and non-switching components away from switching components.
- Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
- Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
- VREG5 capacitor should be placed near the device, and connected PGND.
- Output capacitor should be connected to a broad pattern of the PGND.
- Voltage feedback loop should be as short as possible, and preferably with ground shield.
- Lower resistor of the voltage divider which is connected to the VFB pin should be tied to AGND.
- Providing sufficient via is preferable for VIN, SW and PGND connection.
- PCB pattern for VIN and SW should be as broad as possible.
- VIN Capacitor should be placed as near as possible to the device.
- The top side power ground (PGND) copper fill area near the IC should be as large as possible. This will aid in thermal dissipation as well lower conduction losses in the ground return
- Exposed pad of device must be connected to PGND with solder. The PGND area under the IC should be as large as possible and completely cover the exposed thermal pad. The bottom side of the board should contain a large copper area under the device that is directly connected to the exposed area with small diameter vias. Small diameter vias will prevent solder from being drawn away from the exposed thermal pad. Any additional internal layers should also contain copper ground areas under the device and be connected to the thermal vias.

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10.2 Layout Example

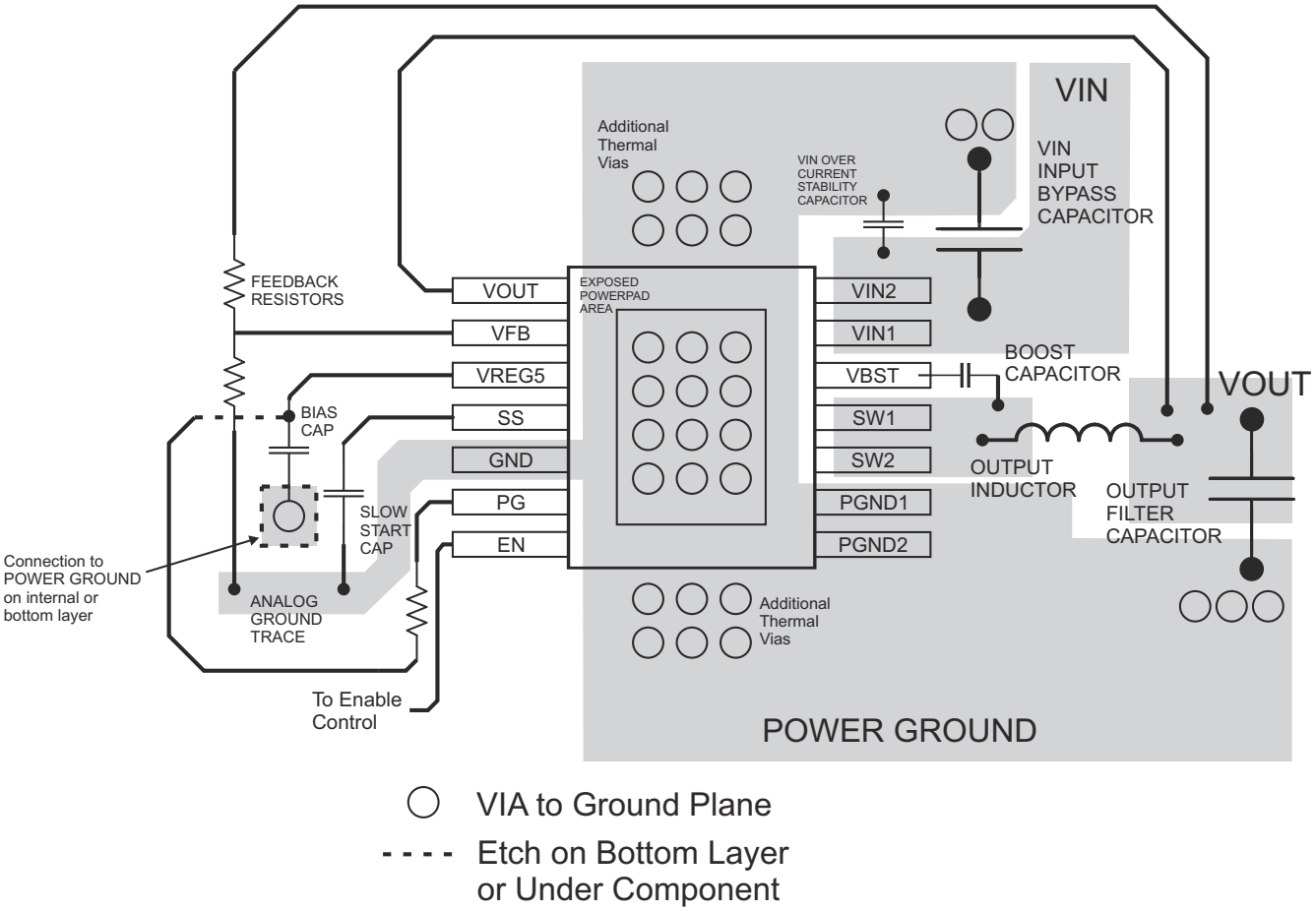

図 10-1. PCB Layout for PWP Package

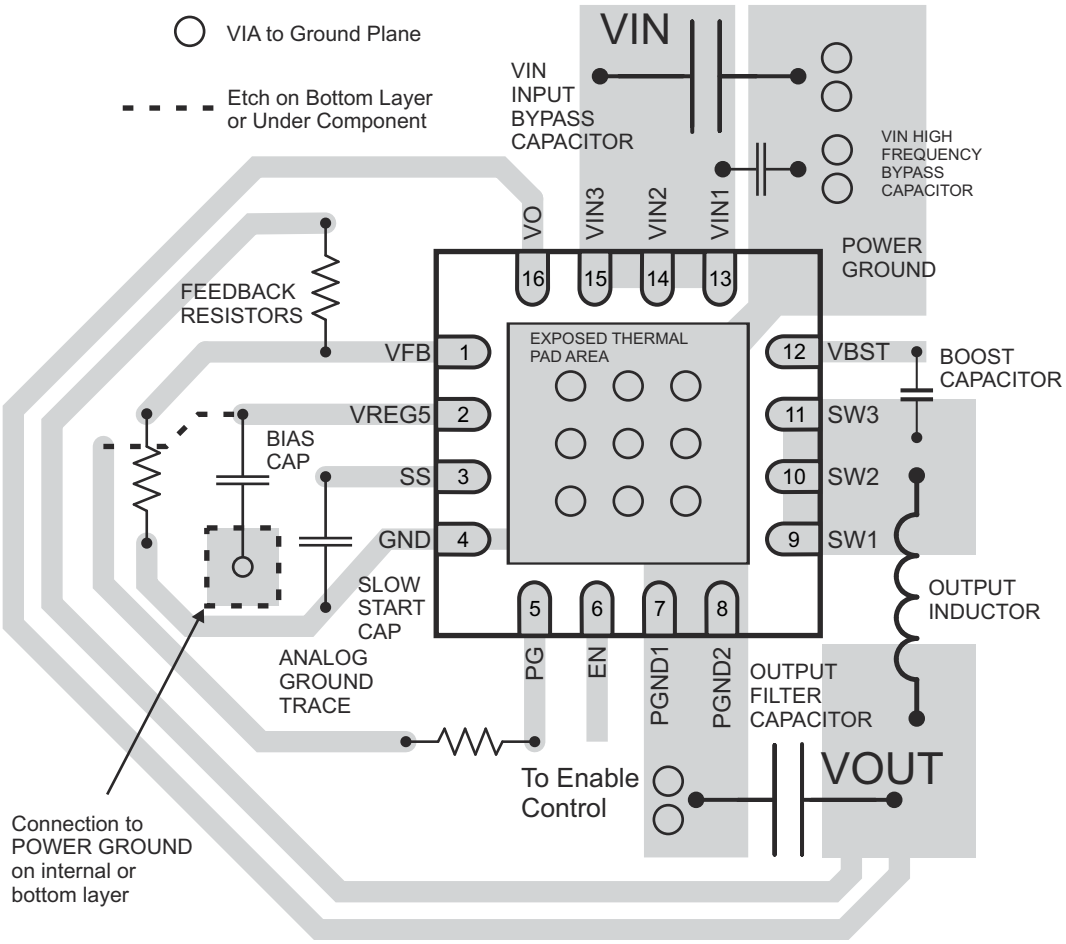

図 10-2. PCB Layout for RSA Package

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11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

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11.5 用語集

TI 用語集　　この用語集には、用語や略語の一覧および定義が記載されています。

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12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

12.1 Thermal Information

This PowerPad™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD™ package and how to use the advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD™ Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD™ Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

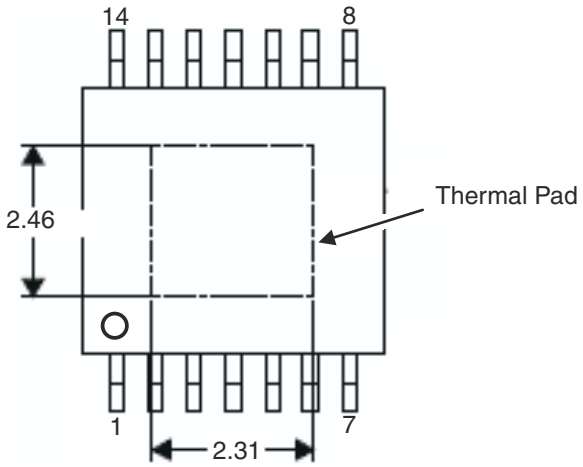

図 12-1. Thermal Pad Dimensions

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package | Pins	Package qty | Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS54526PWP	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	90 | TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526PWP.B	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	90 | TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526PWPG4	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	90 | TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526PWPG4.B	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	90 | TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526PWPR	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526PWPR.B	Active	Production	HTSSOP (PWP) | 14	2000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PS54526
TPS54526RSAR	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526
TPS54526RSAR.B	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526
TPS54526RSARG4	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526
TPS54526RSARG4.B	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526
TPS54526RSAT	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	250 | SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526
TPS54526RSAT.B	Active	Production	QFN (RSA) | 16	250 | SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TPS 54526

(1) **Status:** For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

(4) **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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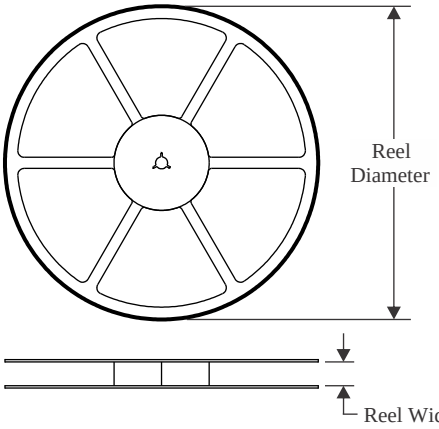
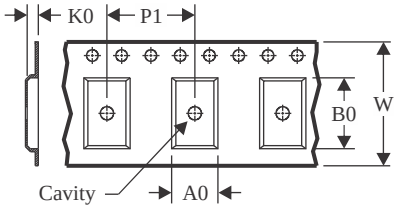
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

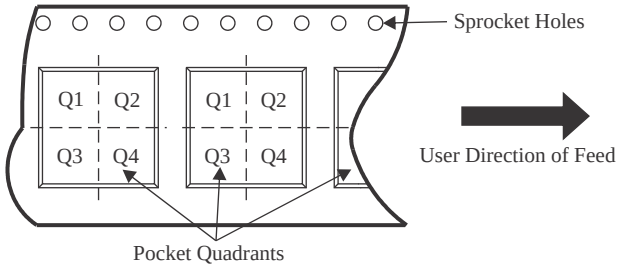


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

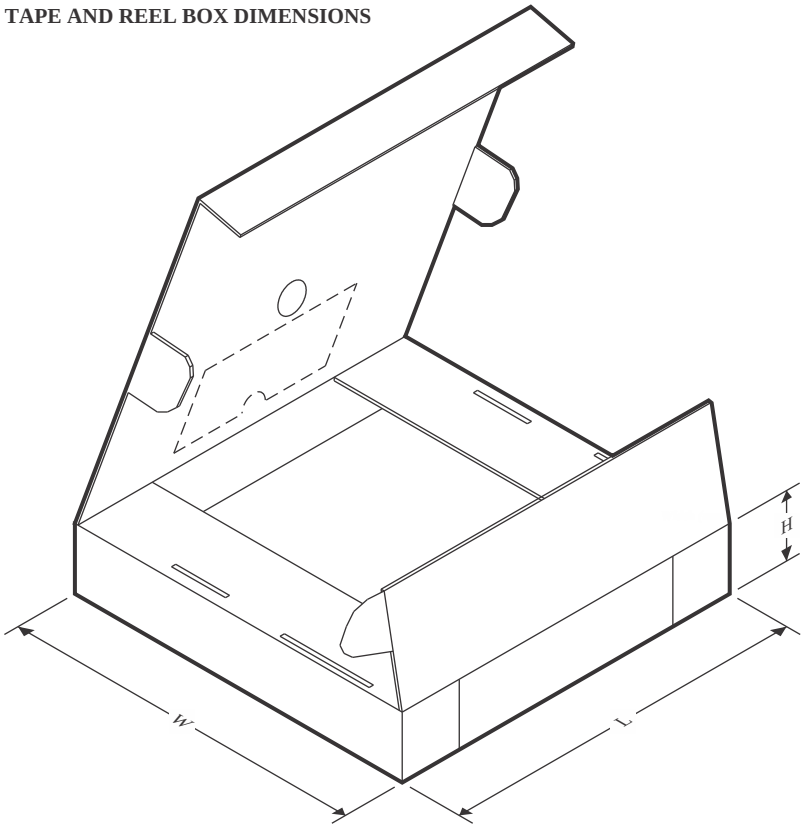
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS54526PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS54526PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS54526RSAR	QFN	RSA	16	3000	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS54526RSARG4	QFN	RSA	16	3000	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS54526RSAT	QFN	RSA	16	250	180.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2

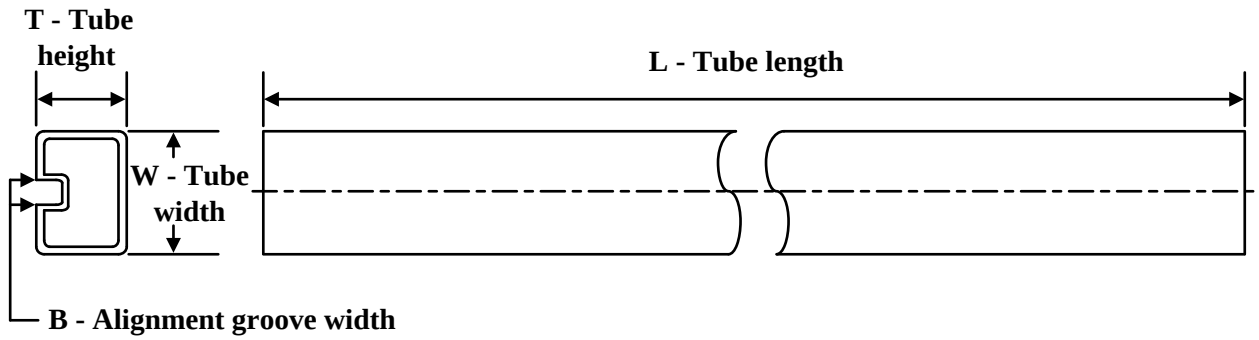
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS54526PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0
TPS54526PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	14	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
TPS54526RSAR	QFN	RSA	16	3000	346.0	346.0	33.0
TPS54526RSARG4	QFN	RSA	16	3000	346.0	346.0	33.0
TPS54526RSAT	QFN	RSA	16	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TPS54526PWP	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS54526PWP	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS54526PWP.B	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS54526PWP.B	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS54526PWPG4	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5
TPS54526PWPG4.B	PWP	HTSSOP	14	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

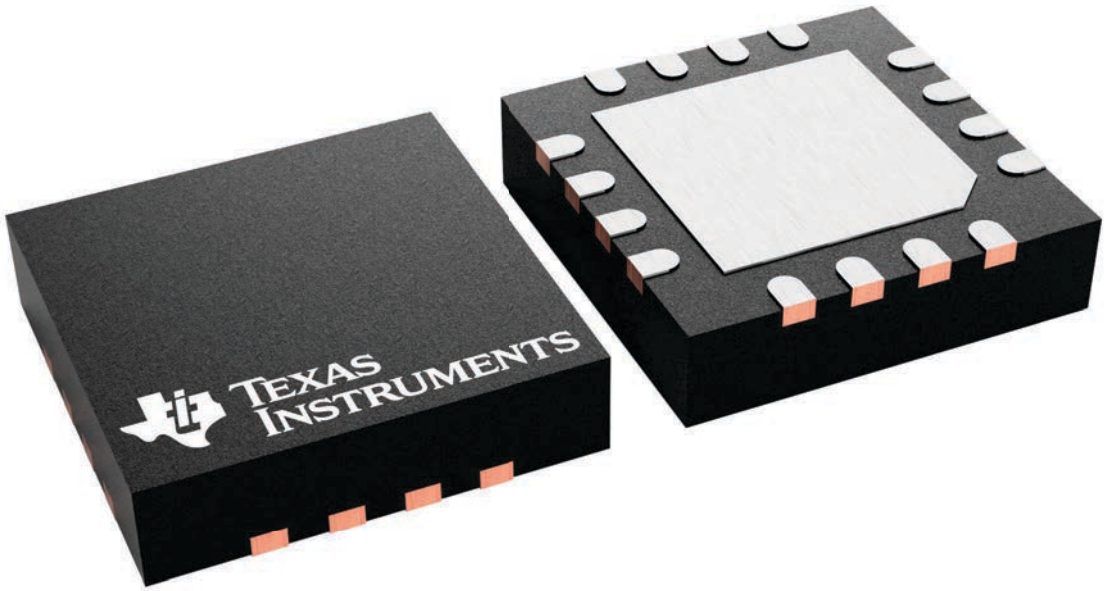
RSA 16

VQFN - 1 mm max height

4 x 4, 0.65 mm pitch

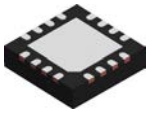
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4230969/A

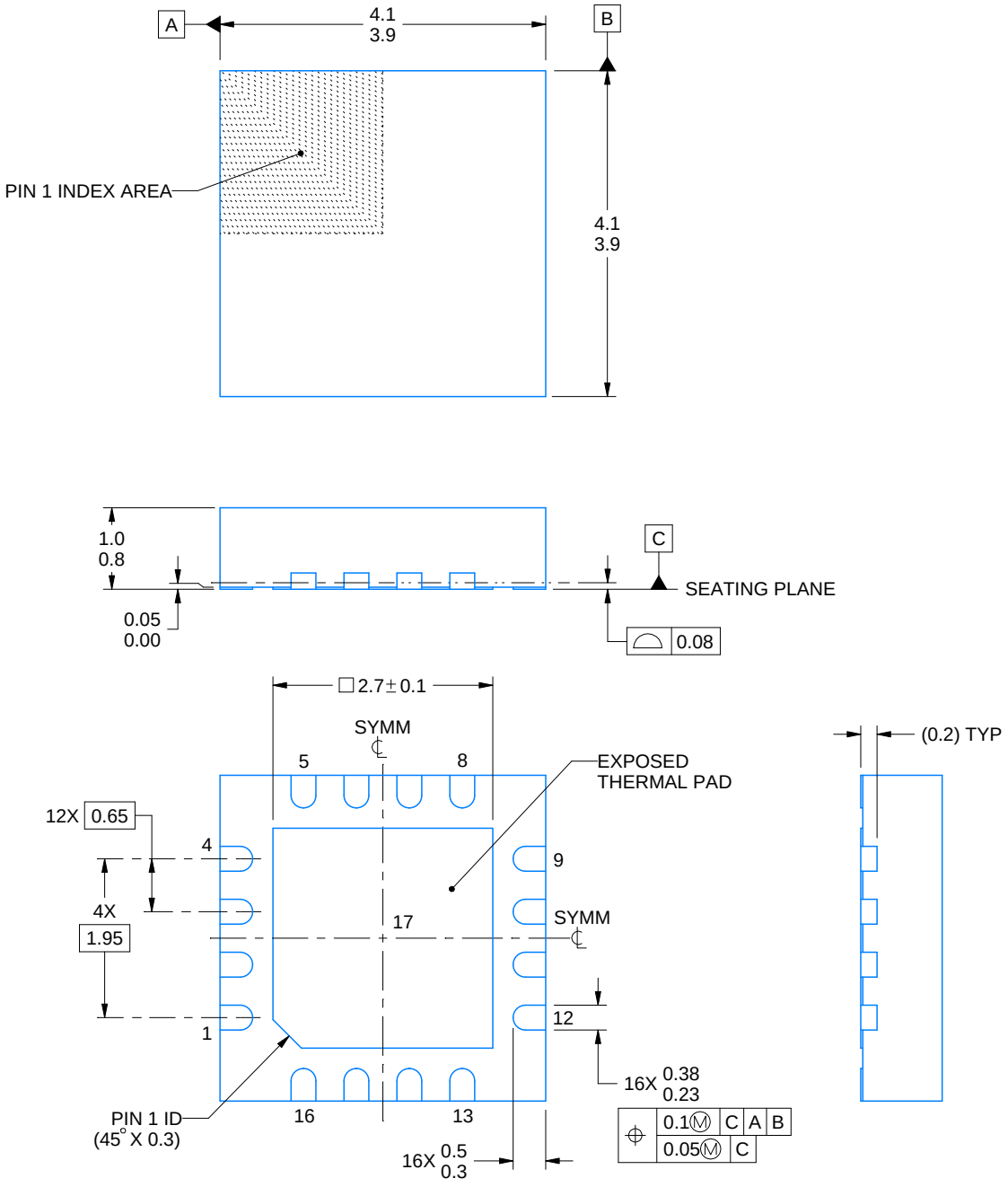
RSA0016B



PACKAGE OUTLINE

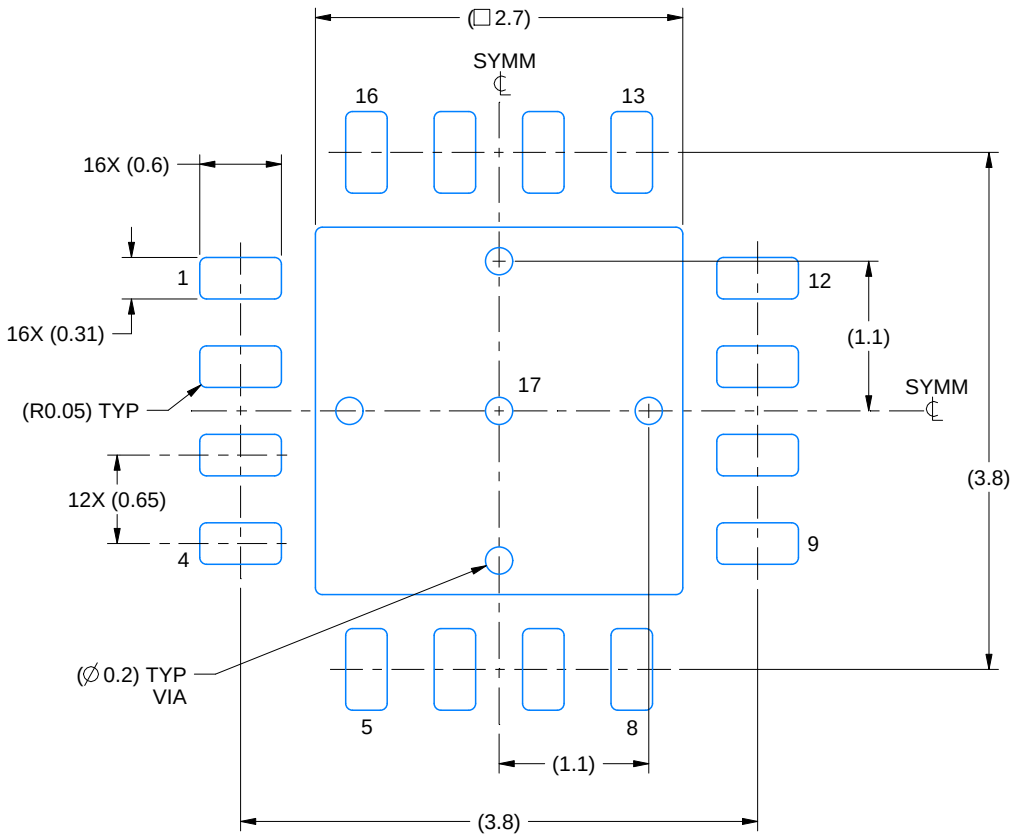
VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

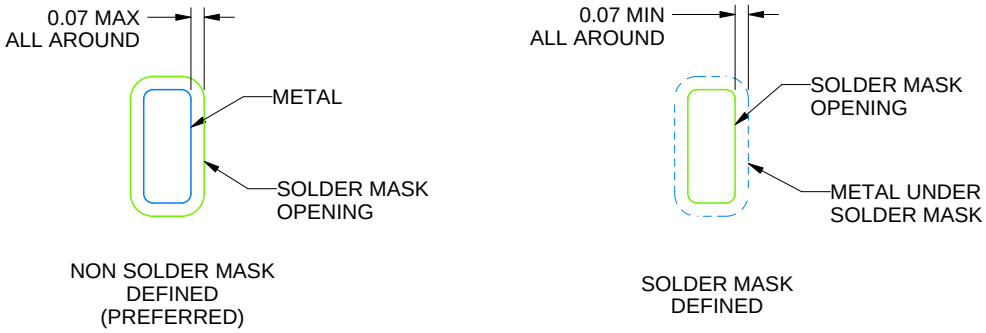


NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-220.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:18X

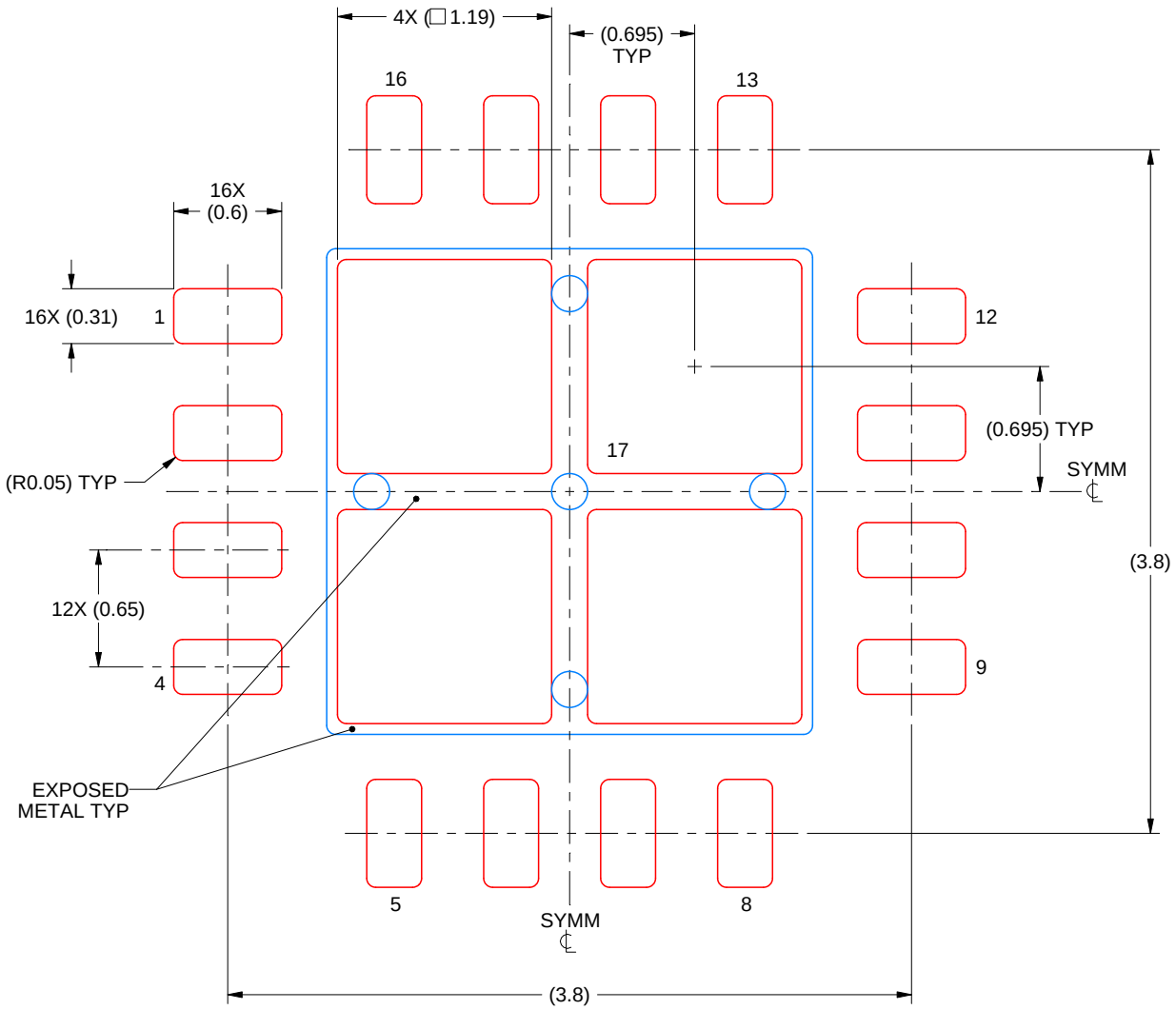


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4219093/A 08/2021

NOTES: (continued)

5. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
6. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD
77% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
SCALE:25X

4219093/A 08/2021

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

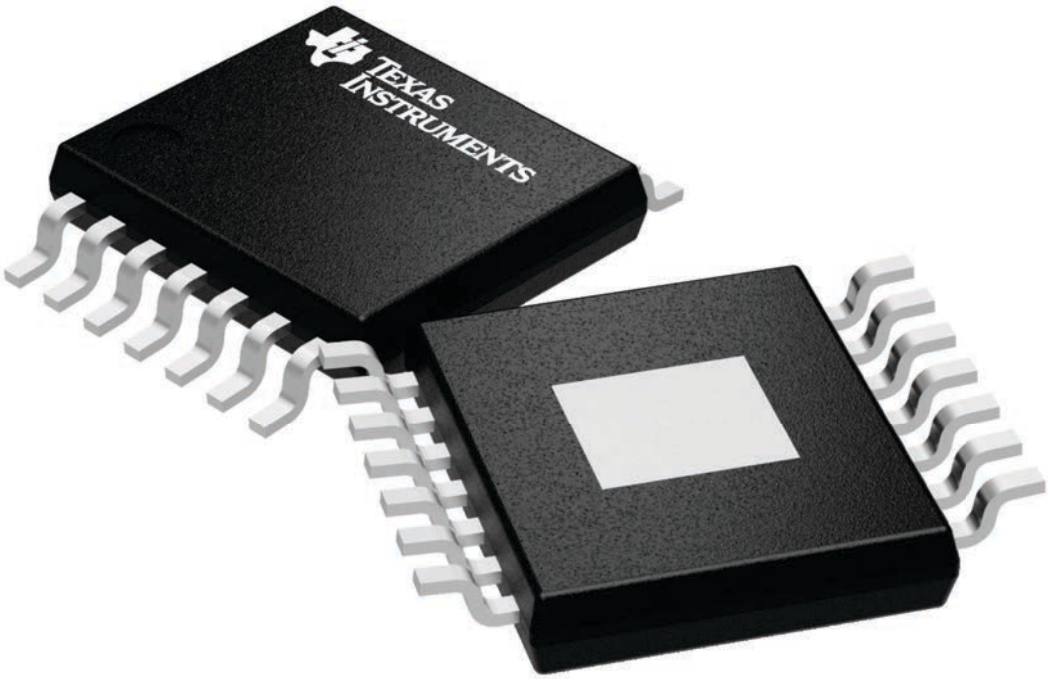
PWP 14

PowerPAD TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

4.4 x 5.0, 0.65 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

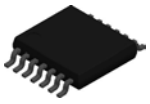
This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4224995/A

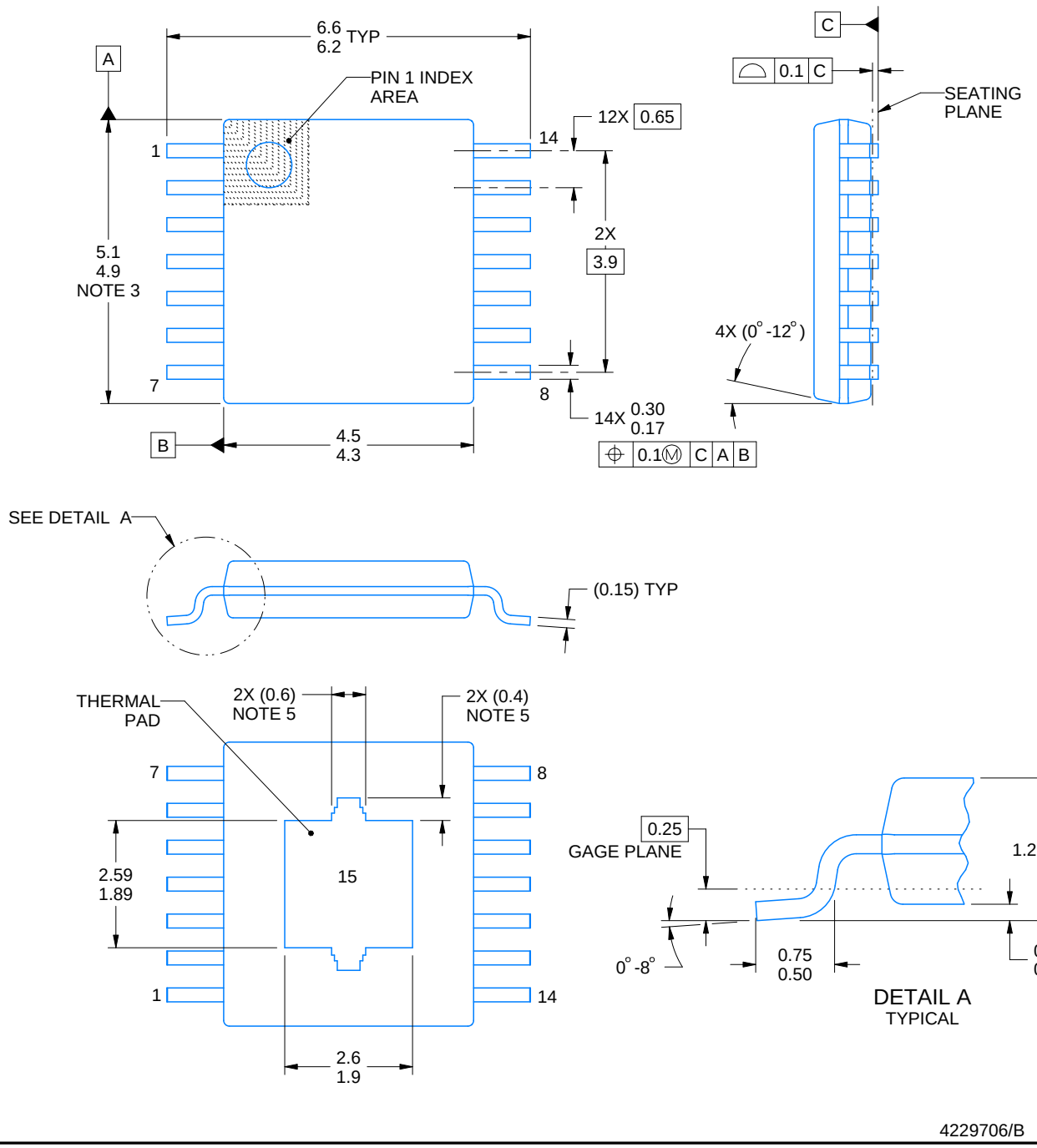
PACKAGE OUTLINE

PWP0014K



PowerPAD™ TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

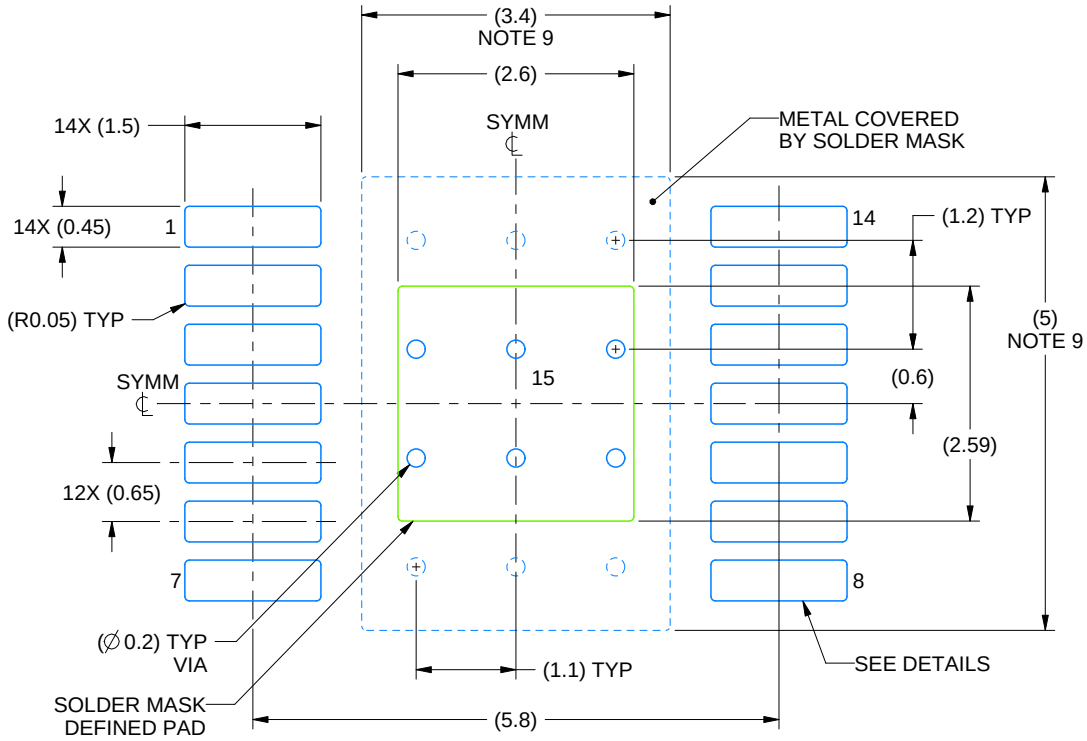
SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



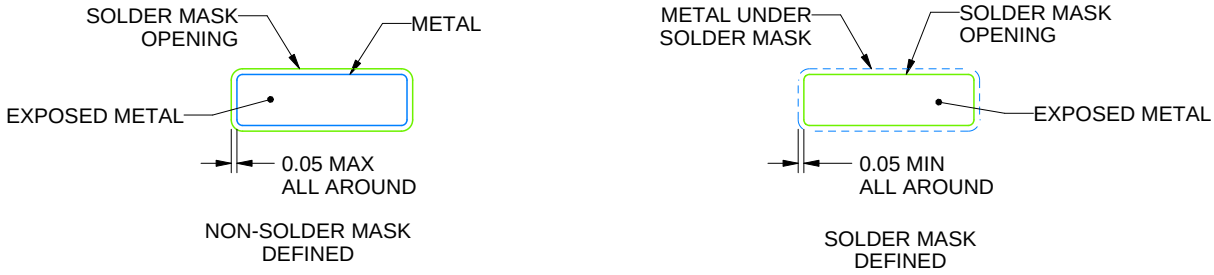
PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.
5. Features may differ or may not be present.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 12X

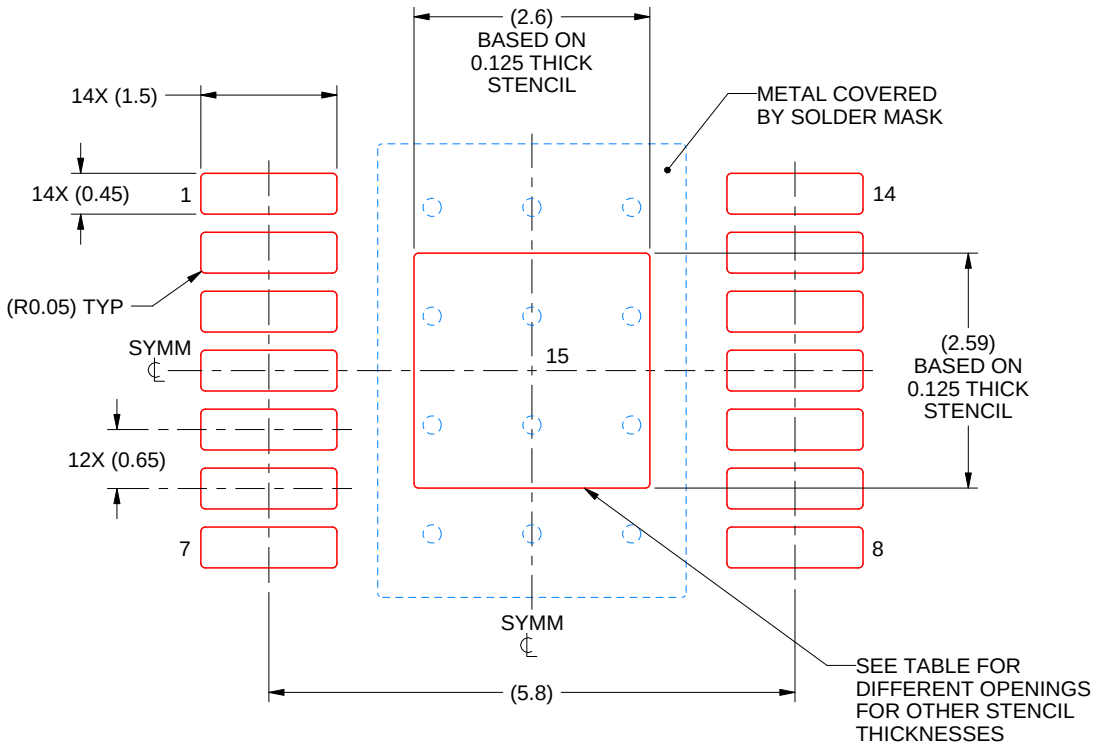


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4229706/B 12/2023

NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature numbers SLMA002 (www.ti.com/lit/slma002) and SLMA004 (www.ti.com/lit/slma004).
9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.
10. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 12X

STENCIL THICKNESS	SOLDER STENCIL OPENING
0.1	2.91 X 2.90
0.125	2.60 X 2.59 (SHOWN)
0.15	2.37 X 2.36
0.175	2.20 X 2.19

4229706/B 12/2023

NOTES: (continued)

11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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最終更新日：2025 年 10 月