

TXU0202 デュアル・ビット、固定方向電圧レベル・トランスレータ、シュミット・トリガ 入力、3 ステート出力

1 特長

- 完全に構成可能なデュアル・レール設計により、各ポートは 1.1V~5.5V で動作可能
- 3.3V~5.0V で最高 200Mbps をサポート
- シュミット・トリガ入力により低速またはノイズの多い入力に対応
- 入りに静的プルダウン抵抗を内蔵することで、チャンネルがフローティングになることを防止
- 高い駆動強度 (5V で最大 12mA)
- 低消費電力
 - 最大 2.5 μ A (25°C)
 - 最大 6 μ A (-40°C ~ 125°C)
- V_{CC} 絶縁および V_{CC} 切断 ($I_{off-float}$) 機能
 - どちらかの V_{CC} 入力を 100mV 未満に下げる、または切り離すと、すべての出力が無効化され高インピーダンス化
- I_{off} により部分的パワーダウン・モードでの動作をサポート
- 制御ロジック (OE) に $V_{CC(MIN)}$ 回路を備えているため、A ポートと B ポートのどちら側からも制御可能
- TXB ファミリのレベル・シフタとピン互換
- 一般的なアプリケーションをサポートする他のバリエーションで使用可能: [TXU0102](#)
- 動作温度範囲: -40°C ~ +125°C
- JESD 78、Class II 準拠で 100mA 超のラッチアップ性能
- JESD 22 を上回る ESD 保護
 - 人体モデルで 2500V
 - 荷電デバイス・モデルで 1500V

2 アプリケーション

- 低速またはノイズの多い入力信号の除去
- インジケータ LED または ブザーの駆動
- メカニカル・スイッチのデバウンス
- 汎用 I/O レベル・シフト
- プッシュプル・レベル・シフト (UART、SPI、JTAG など)

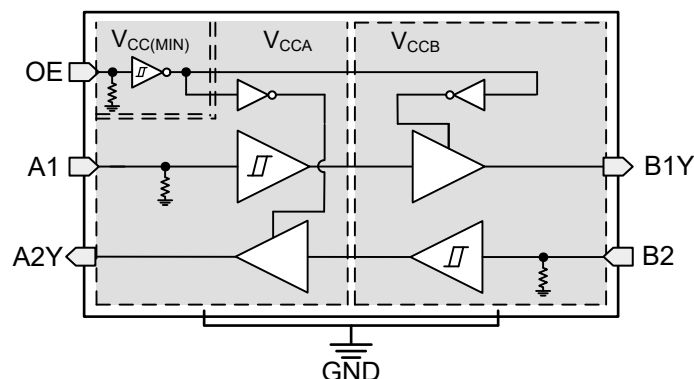
3 概要

TXU0202 は、2 ビット、2 電源の非反転固定方向電圧レベル変換デバイスです。Ax ピンは V_{CCA} ロジック・レベルを基準にし、OE ピンは V_{CCA} ロジック・レベルと V_{CCB} ロジック・レベルのいずれかを基準にでき、Bx ピンは V_{CCB} ロジック・レベルを基準にします。A ポートは 1.1V~5.5V の範囲の入力電圧を受け入れることができ、B ポートも 1.1V~5.5V の入力電圧を受け付けることができます。OE がどちらかの電源を基準として HIGH に設定されているとき、固定方向のデータ伝送が A から B、または B から A へ発生することがあります。OE を LOW に設定すると、すべての出力ピンは高インピーダンス状態になります。制御ロジックの動作の概要については、「[デバイスの機能モード](#)」を参照してください。

デバイス情報⁽¹⁾

デバイス番号	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)
TXU0202	VSSOP (DCU) (8)	2.30mm × 2.00mm
	SON (DTT) (8)	1.95mm × 1.00mm
	X2SON (DTM) (8)	1.35mm × 0.80mm

(1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。



TXU0202 の機能ブロック図



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4 Revision History

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Changes from Revision * (November 2021) to Revision A (March 2022)

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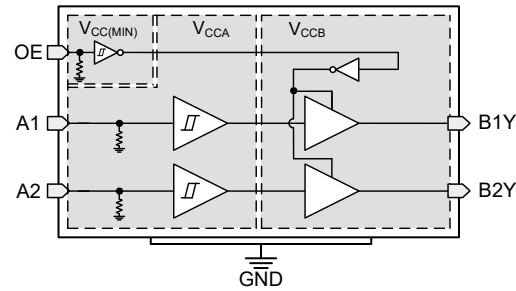
5 Related Products

[TXU0x02 2-Bit Unidirectional Voltage-Level Translators](#)

[TXU0102](#)

TXU0x02 are 2-bit, dual-supply noninverting fixed direction voltage level translators. These devices are compatible with the TXB0102 because of the same pinout, which allows for a drop in replacement. The OE pin can be referenced to either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} logic levels allowing for one of the TXU0x02 devices to be used for fixed direction, high drive applications which the TXB0102 is not recommended to support.

TXU0102 is a 2-bit, dual-supply noninverting fixed direction voltage level translators with both channels in the same direction commonly used for GPIO translation.



5-1. TXU0102 Functional Block Diagram

6 Pin Configuration and Functions—TXU0202

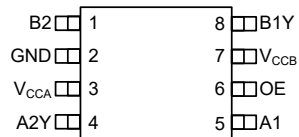


图 6-1. DCU Package, 8-Pin VSSOP (Top View)

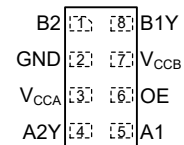


图 6-2. DTT Package, 8-Pin SON Transparent (Top View)

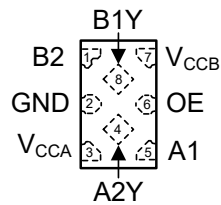


图 6-3. DTM Package, 8-Pin X2SON Transparent (Top View)

表 6-1. TXU0202 Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
B2	1	I	Input B2. Referenced to V_{CCB} .
GND	2	—	Ground.
V_{CCA}	3	—	A-port supply voltage. $1.1\text{ V} \leq V_{CCA} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$
A2Y	4	O	Output A2. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
A1	5	I	Input A1. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
OE	6	I	Output Enable. Pull to GND to place all outputs in high-impedance mode. Pull to V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} to enable all outputs.
V_{CCB}	7	—	B-port supply voltage. $1.1\text{ V} \leq V_{CCB} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$
B1Y	8	O	Output B1. Referenced to V_{CCB} .

(1) I = input, O = output.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage A		-0.5	6.5	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage B		-0.5	6.5	V
V _I	Input Voltage ⁽²⁾	I/O Ports (A Port)	-0.5	6.5	V
		I/O Ports (B Port)	-0.5	6.5	
		OE	-0.5	6.5	
V _O	Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state ⁽²⁾	A Port	-0.5	6.5	V
		B Port	-0.5	6.5	
V _O	Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state ^{(2) (3)}	A Port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
		B Port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0	-20		mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0	-20		mA
I _O	Continuous output current		-25	25	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND		-100	100	
T _J	Junction Temperature			150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

- (1) Operation outside the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent device damage. *Absolute Maximum Ratings* do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. If briefly operating outside the *Recommended Operating Conditions*, but within the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, this device may not sustain damage, but it may not be fully functional. Operating the device in this manner may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.
- (2) The input voltage and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- (3) The output positive-voltage rating may be exceeded up to 6.5 V maximum if the output current rating is observed.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2500	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±1500	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage A	1.08	5.5	V	
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage B	1.08	5.5	V	
I _{OH}	High-level output current	V _{CCO} = 1.1 V	-1.5	mA	
		V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	-3		
		V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	-4.5		
		V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	-8		
		V _{CCO} = 3 V	-10		
		V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	-12		
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	V _{CCO} = 1.1 V	1.5	mA	
		V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	3		
		V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	4.5		
		V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	8		
		V _{CCO} = 3 V	10		
		V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	12		
V _I	Input voltage ⁽³⁾	0	5.5	V	
V _O	Output voltage	Active State	0	V _{CCO}	V
		Tri-State	0	5.5	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	125	°C	

(1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.

(2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

(3) All control inputs and data I/Os of this device have weak pulldowns to ensure the line is not floating when undefined external to the device. The input leakage from these weak pulldowns is defined by the I_I specification indicated under [Electrical Characteristics](#).

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TXU0202			UNIT
		DCU (VSSOP)	DTT (SON)	DTM (X2SON)	
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	257.0	TBD	253.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	106.9	TBD	157.5	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	168.3	TBD	157.8	°C/W
Y _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	47.2	TBD	15.6	°C/W
Y _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	167.3	TBD	157.6	°C/W
R _{θJC(bottom)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	TBD	N/A	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Operating free-air temperature (T _A)						UNIT	
				25°C			–40°C to 85°C		–40°C to 125°C		
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN
V _{T+}	Positive-going input-threshold voltage	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) (Referenced to V _{CCI})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.44	0.88	0.44	0.88	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.60	0.98	0.60	0.98		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.76	1.13	0.76	1.13		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		1.08	1.56	1.08	1.56		
			3 V	3 V		1.48	1.92	1.48	1.92		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		2.19	2.74	2.19	2.74		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		2.65	3.33	2.65	3.33		
		OE (Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.44	0.88	0.44	0.88	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.60	0.98	0.60	0.98		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.76	1.13	0.76	1.13		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		1.08	1.56	1.08	1.56		
			3 V	3 V		1.48	1.92	1.48	1.92		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		2.19	2.74	2.19	2.74		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		2.65	3.33	2.65	3.33		
V _{T-}	Negative-going input-threshold voltage	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) (Referenced to V _{CCI})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.17	0.48	0.17	0.48	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.28	0.59	0.28	0.59		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.35	0.69	0.35	0.69		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		0.56	0.97	0.56	0.97		
			3 V	3 V		0.89	1.5	0.89	1.5		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		1.51	1.97	1.51	1.97		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		1.88	2.4	1.88	2.4		
		OE (Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.17	0.48	0.17	0.48	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.28	0.59	0.28	0.59		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.35	0.69	0.35	0.69		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		0.56	0.97	0.56	0.97		
			3 V	3 V		0.89	1.5	0.89	1.5		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		1.51	1.97	1.51	1.97		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		1.88	2.46	1.88	2.46		
ΔV _T	Input-threshold hysteresis (V _{T+} – V _{T-})	Data Inputs (Ax, Bx) (Referenced to V _{CCI})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.25	0.5	0.25	0.5		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.3	0.55	0.3	0.55		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		0.38	0.65	0.38	0.65		
			3 V	3 V		0.46	0.72	0.46	0.72		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		0.58	0.93	0.58	0.93		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		0.69	1.06	0.69	1.06		
		OE (Referenced to V _{CCA} or V _{CCB})	1.1 V	1.1 V		0.15	0.41	0.15	0.41	V	
			1.4 V	1.4 V		0.2	0.5	0.2	0.5		
			1.65 V	1.65 V		0.23	0.55	0.23	0.55		
			2.3 V	2.3 V		0.32	0.65	0.32	0.65		
			3 V	3 V		0.39	0.72	0.39	0.72		
			4.5 V	4.5 V		0.57	0.97	0.57	0.97		
			5.5 V	5.5 V		0.69	1.18	0.69	1.18		

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Operating free-air temperature (T _A)									UNIT
				25°C			-40°C to 85°C			-40°C to 125°C			
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage ⁽³⁾	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V				V _{CCO} - 0.1			V		
		I _{OH} = -0.5 mA	1.1 V	1.1 V				0.82					
		I _{OH} = -3 mA	1.4 V	1.4 V				1					
		I _{OH} = -4.5 mA	1.65 V	1.65 V				1.2					
		I _{OH} = -8 mA	2.3 V	2.3 V				1.7					
		I _{OH} = -10 mA	3 V	3 V				2.2					
		I _{OH} = -12 mA	4.5 V	4.5 V				3.7					
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage ⁽⁴⁾	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V				0.1			V		
		I _{OL} = 0.5 mA	1.1 V	1.1 V				0.27					
		I _{OL} = 3 mA	1.4 V	1.4 V				0.35					
		I _{OL} = 4.5 mA	1.65 V	1.65 V				0.45					
		I _{OL} = 8 mA	2.3 V	2.3 V				0.7					
		I _{OL} = 10 mA	3 V	3 V				0.8					
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	4.5 V	4.5 V				0.8					
I _I	Input leakage current	OE V _I = V _{CC} or GND	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V	-0.1	1.5	-0.1	1.5	-0.1	2	μA		
		Data Inputs (A _x , B _x) V _I = V _{CC1} or GND	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V	-0.1	1.5	-0.1	1.5	-2	2	μA		
I _{off}	Partial power down current	A Port or B Port V _I or V _O = 0 V - 5.5 V	0 V	0 V - 5.5 V	-1.5	1.5	-2	2	-2.5	2.5	μA		
			0 V - 5.5 V	0 V	-1.5	1.5	-2	2	-2.5	2.5			
I _{off-float}	Floating supply Partial power down current	A Port or B Port V _I or V _O = GND	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	0 V - 5.5 V	-1.5	1.5	-2	2	-2.5	2.5	μA		
			0 V - 5.5 V	Floating ⁽⁵⁾	-1.5	1.5	-2	2	-2.5	2.5			
I _{OZ}	Tri-state output current	A or B Port: V _I = V _{CC1} or GND V _O = V _{CCO} or GND OE = GND	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V	-0.3	0.3	-1	1	-2	2	μA		
I _{CCA}	V _{CCA} supply current	V _I = V _{CC1} or GND I _O = 0	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V				1.5			μA		
			0 V	5.5 V				-1					
			5.5 V	0 V				1					
I _{CCB}	V _{CCB} supply current	V _I = V _{CC1} or GND I _O = 0	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V				2.5			μA		
			0 V	5.5 V				1					
			5.5 V	0 V				-0.3					
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Combined supply current	V _I = V _{CC1} or GND I _O = 0	1.1V – 5.5V	1.1V – 5.5V				2.5			μA		
			Floating ⁽⁵⁾	5.5 V				1.5					
C _i	Control Input Capacitance	V _I = 3.3 V or GND	3.3 V	3.3 V	2.75			3			pF		

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	Operating free-air temperature (T _A)									UNIT
					25°C			–40°C to 85°C			–40°C to 125°C			
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
C _{io}	Data I/O Capacitance	OE = GND, V _O = 1.65V DC +1 MHz –16 dBm sine wave	3.3 V	3.3 V	3			4			4			pF

- (1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port
- (2) V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port
- (3) Tested at V_I = V_{T+(MAX)}
- (4) Tested at V_I = V_{T-(MIN)}
- (5) Floating is defined as a node that is both not actively driven by an external device and has leakage not exceeding 10nA

7.6 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					$1.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$			$1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$			$1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$			$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$				$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$			$5.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	3.3	96	0.5	43	0.5	37	0.5	32	0.5	30	0.5	31	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	5.7	60	3.0	39	1.4	33	0.5	28	0.5	27	0.5	26							
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	3.3	95	1.9	80	0.5	75	0.5	70	0.5	69	0.5	69							
				-40°C to 125°C	5.7	60	4.1	51	2.9	48	1.8	45	1.5	44	1.3	44							
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	28.8	133	28.5	130	28.4	133	28.8	137	28.4	143	18.7	211	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	43.3	133	43.3	130	43.7	130	44.7	131	45.4	134	31.8	140							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	32.5	150	27.6	117	25.8	110	22.5	104	22.1	112	20.1	181							
				-40°C to 125°C	48.3	149	43.2	120	40.8	113	36.8	104	36.5	107	33.8	111							
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	24.1	237	22.1	229	21.4	230	21.3	232	21.7	235	22.7	244	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	34.9	156	33.3	167	32.0	169	31.7	173	32.0	177	34.2	187							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	21.3	237	14.3	152	11.2	140	8.8	130	8.2	130	8.4	132							
				-40°C to 125°C	29.8	143	23.0	116	18.6	107	15.4	97	14.5	97	14.8	103							

7.7 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					1.2 ± 0.1 V			1.5 ± 0.1 V			1.8 ± 0.15 V			2.5 ± 0.2 V				3.3 ± 0.3 V			5.0 ± 0.5 V		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	1.9	80	0.5	31	0.5	25	0.5	19	0.5	17	0.5	15	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	4.1	51	1.6	31	0.5	25	0.5	20	0.5	18	0.5	16							
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	43	0.5	31	0.5	28	0.5	26	0.5	25	0.5	24							
				-40°C to 125°C	3.0	39	1.6	31	0.5	28	0.5	26	0.5	25	0.5	24							
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	20.0	91	19.0	82	18.8	81	19.2	82	19.6	83	12.2	87	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	34.9	95	32.6	86	32.8	85	33.4	87	34.2	88	24.6	92							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	27.4	127	21.7	91	19.9	82	16.3	71	15.9	71	13.7	70							
				-40°C to 125°C	44.4	130	36.7	95	34.7	86	30.2	75	29.8	75	26.6	74							
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	14.9	102	14.4	86	13.5	88	12.7	90	12.6	92	13.2	97	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	25.5	102	25.2	89	24.1	91	22.8	93	22.8	96	23.5	100							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	17.9	175	12.7	80	9.1	69	6.1	57	4.9	53	4.5	54							
				-40°C to 125°C	26.6	135	21.0	81	16.8	71	12.5	60	10.8	56	10.4	57							

7.8 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					1.2 ± 0.1 V			1.5 ± 0.1 V			1.8 ± 0.15 V			2.5 ± 0.2 V				3.3 ± 0.3 V			5.0 ± 0.5 V		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	75	0.5	28	0.5	22	0.5	17	0.5	14	0.5	12	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	2.9	48	0.5	28	0.5	23	0.5	17	0.5	15	0.5	13							
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	37	0.5	25	0.5	22	0.5	19	0.5	19	0.5	18							
				-40°C to 125°C	1.4	33	0.5	25	0.5	23	0.5	20	0.5	19	0.5	19							
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	17.2	79	14.7	67	14.5	65	14.3	65	14.4	66	8.5	68	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	30.9	83	28.0	71	26.6	69	27.5	70	27.2	71	20.0	73							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	25.4	121	18.7	81	16.5	71	12.8	60	12.5	58	9.8	55							
				-40°C to 125°C	41.7	123	34.0	86	30.3	76	26.2	64	25.3	62	21.8	59							
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	10.9	88	9.5	66	9.4	63	8.6	65	8.2	66	8.1	69	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	20.3	87	19.0	69	18.9	67	17.6	68	17.1	70	17.1	73							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	16.7	177	10.4	75	8.1	58	4.9	46	3.3	42	2.2	39							
				-40°C to 125°C	25.1	135	18.7	77	15.5	60	11.0	49	8.7	44	7.3	42							

7.9 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					1.2 ± 0.1 V			1.5 ± 0.1 V			1.8 ± 0.15 V			2.5 ± 0.2 V				3.3 ± 0.3 V			5.0 ± 0.5 V		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	70	0.5	26	0.5	20	0.5	14	0.5	12	0.5	9	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	1.8	45	0.5	26	0.5	20	0.5	14	0.5	12	0.5	10							
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	32	0.5	19	0.5	17	0.5	14	0.5	13	0.5	13							
				-40°C to 125°C	0.5	28	0.5	20	0.5	17	0.5	14	0.5	13	0.5	13							
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	12.9	65	10.5	51	9.0	51	8.1	43	8.4	44	5.0	45	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	24.9	68	21.8	55	19.7	50	18.2	47	18.6	48	15.0	49							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	23.2	112	16.5	74	14.0	61	9.0	46	9.1	44	6.4	39							
				-40°C to 125°C	38.7	115	30.9	79	27.1	66	21.6	51	20.5	48	16.8	43							
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	7.9	80	5.9	50	5.1	44	4.7	39	4.4	40	3.7	41	ns						
				-40°C to 125°C	15.6	74	13.5	53	12.4	47	12.0	42	11.5	43	10.8	44							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	16.3	183	9.2	74	6.0	54	4.0	36	2.1	31	0.5	27							
				-40°C to 125°C	24.4	139	17.2	76	13.0	57	9.8	38	7.1	33	4.7	29							

7.10 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					1.2 ± 0.1 V			1.5 ± 0.1 V			1.8 ± 0.15 V			2.5 ± 0.2 V				3.3 ± 0.3 V			5.0 ± 0.5 V		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	69		0.5	25		0.5	19		0.5	13		0.5	11		0.5	8	ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	1.5	44		0.5	25		0.5	19		0.5	13		0.5	11		0.5	9		
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	30		0.5	17		0.5	14		0.5	12		0.5	11		0.5	10		
				-40°C to 125°C	0.5	27		0.5	18		0.5	15		0.5	12		0.5	11		0.5	10		
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	12.9	62	10.1	47	8.7	42	6.9	39	6.6	39	6.9	40						ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	24.0	65	20.6	51	18.4	46	15.7	40	15.3	39	15.9	40							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	22.7	109	15.7	71	13.2	59	8.5	42	7.6	38	4.7	34							
				-40°C to 125°C	37.6	111	29.5	75	25.4	63	19.2	46	18.5	42	14.2	36							
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	6.6	85	4.2	45	3.0	37	2.4	31	2.2	30	1.7	30						ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	13.6	72	10.9	47	9.3	40	8.2	33	8.1	32	7.5	33							
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	16.3	192	8.9	76	5.4	55	2.6	34	1.8	27	0.5	22							
				-40°C to 125°C	24.3	144	16.7	78	12.2	57	8.0	36	6.6	29	3.7	24							

7.11 Switching Characteristics, $V_{CCA} = 5.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

See [Figure 8-1](#) and [Table 8-1](#) for test circuit and loading. See [Figure 8-2](#), [Figure 8-3](#), and [Figure 8-4](#) for measurement waveforms.

PARAMETER		FROM	TO	Test Conditions	B-Port Supply Voltage (V_{CCB})												UNIT						
					1.2 ± 0.1 V			1.5 ± 0.1 V			1.8 ± 0.15 V			2.5 ± 0.2 V				3.3 ± 0.3 V			5.0 ± 0.5 V		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX
t_{pd}	Propagation delay	A	B	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	69		0.5	24		0.5	18		0.5	13		0.5	10		0.5	8	ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	1.3	44		0.5	24		0.5	19		0.5	13		0.5	11		0.5	8		
		B	A	-40°C to 85°C	0.5	31		0.5	15		0.5	12		0.5	9		0.5	8		0.5	8		
				-40°C to 125°C	0.5	26		0.5	16		0.5	13		0.5	10		0.5	9		0.5	8		
t_{dis}	Disable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	10.8	60		7.7	42		5.9	36		4.2	31		3.4	30		2.8	26	ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	20.8	62		17.0	46		14.5	40		11.8	33		10.4	31		9.6	29		
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	9.7	109		5.9	69		13.2	56		8.4	40		6.9	36		3.7	30		
				-40°C to 125°C	37.4	111		29.2	73		24.6	60		18.1	43		16.4	39		12.2	33		
t_{en}	Enable time	OE	A	-40°C to 85°C	6.0	102		2.8	44		1.2	33		0.5	25		0.5	22		0.5	21	ns	
				-40°C to 125°C	12.4	81		8.8	46		6.5	36		4.7	27		4.2	24		4.4	23		
		OE	B	-40°C to 85°C	16.7	212		8.8	82		4.8	58		1.6	35		0.5	26		0.5	19		
				-40°C to 125°C	24.8	158		16.7	83		11.7	60		6.9	37		4.7	28		3.5	21		

7.12 Operating Characteristics

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		Test Conditions	Supply Voltage ($V_{CCB} = V_{CCA}$)						UNIT
			1.2 ± 0.1V	1.5 ± 0.1V	1.8 ± 0.15V	2.5 ± 0.2V	3.3 ± 0.3V	5.0 ± 0.5V	
			TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	TYP	
C_{pdA} ⁽²⁾	A to B: outputs enabled	A Port CL = 0, RL = Open f = 10 MHz $t_{rise} = t_{fall} = 1\text{ ns}$	2	2	2	2	2	3	pF
	A to B: outputs disabled		2	2	2	2	2	3	
	B to A: outputs enabled		12	12	12	13	13	16	
	B to A: outputs disabled		2	2	2	2	2	3	
C_{pdB} ⁽³⁾	A to B: outputs enabled	B Port CL = 0, RL = Open f = 10 MHz $t_{rise} = t_{fall} = 1\text{ ns}$	12	12	12	13	13	16	pF
	A to B: outputs disabled		2	2	2	2	2	3	
	B to A: outputs enabled		2	2	2	2	2	3	
	B to A: outputs disabled		2	2	2	2	2	3	

- (1) See the [CMOS Power Consumption and \$C_{pd}\$ Calculation](#) application report for additional information about how power dissipation capacitance affects power consumption.
- (2) A-Port power dissipation capacitance per transceiver.
- (3) B-Port power dissipation capacitance per transceiver.

7.13 Typical Characteristics

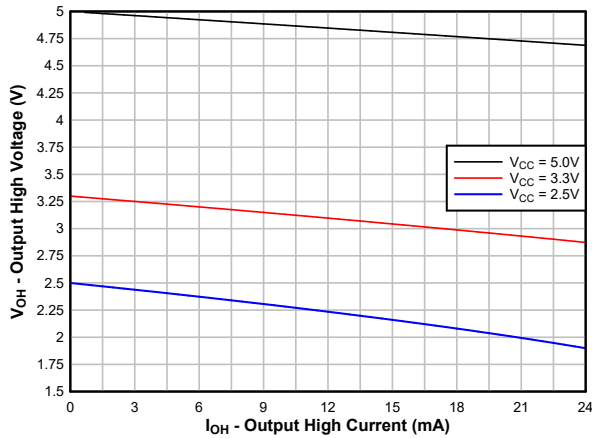


Figure 7-1. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Output High Voltage (V_{OH}) vs Source Current (I_{OH})

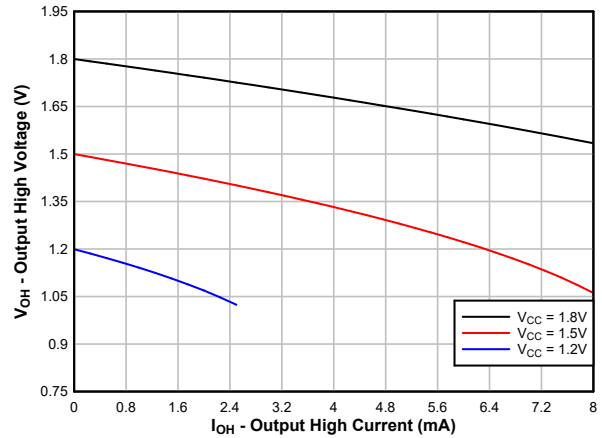


Figure 7-2. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Output High Voltage (V_{OH}) vs Source Current (I_{OH})

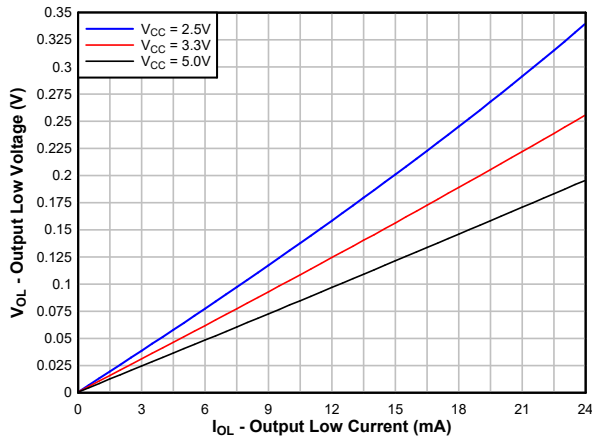


Figure 7-3. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Output Low Voltage (V_{OL}) vs Sink Current (I_{OL})

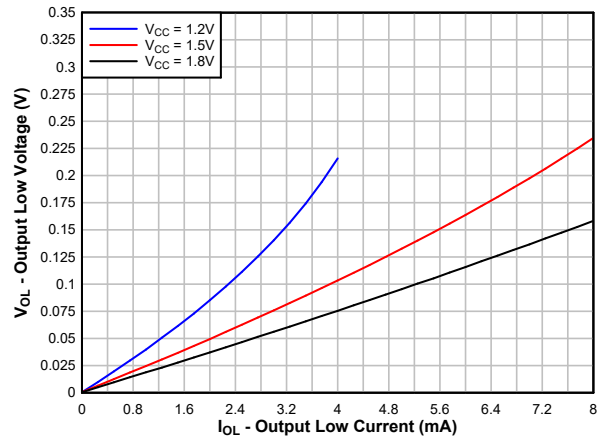


Figure 7-4. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Output Low Voltage (V_{OL}) vs Sink Current (I_{OL})

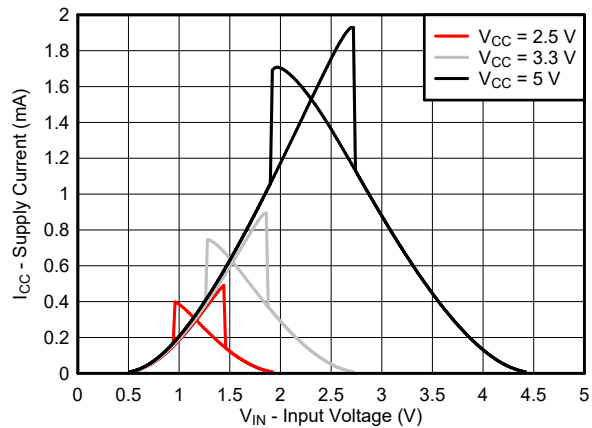


Figure 7-5. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Supply Current (I_{CC}) vs Input Voltage (V_{IN})

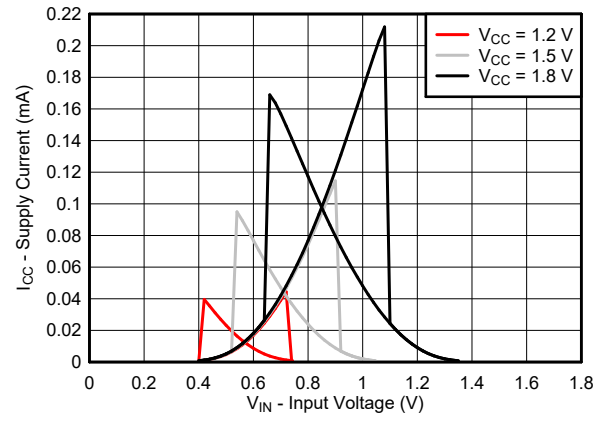


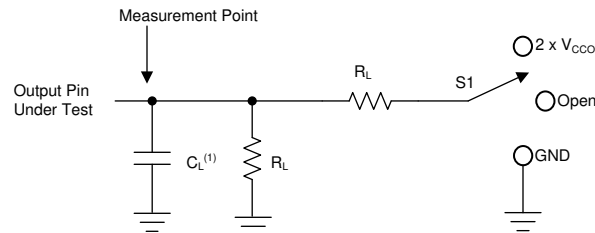
Figure 7-6. Typical ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$) Supply Current (I_{CC}) vs Input Voltage (V_{IN})

8 Parameter Measurement Information

8.1 Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Unless otherwise noted, generators supply all input pulses that have the following characteristics:

- $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$
- $Z_O = 50 \Omega$
- $\Delta t/\Delta V \leq 1 \text{ ns/V}$

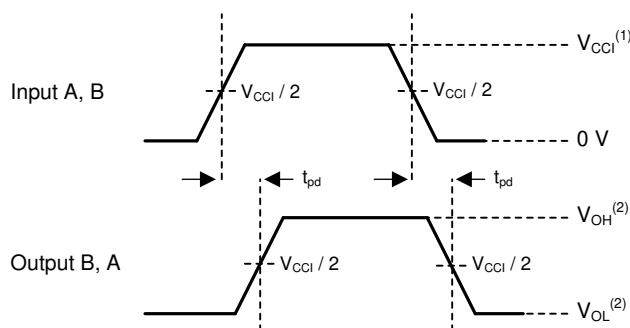


A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 8-1. Load Circuit

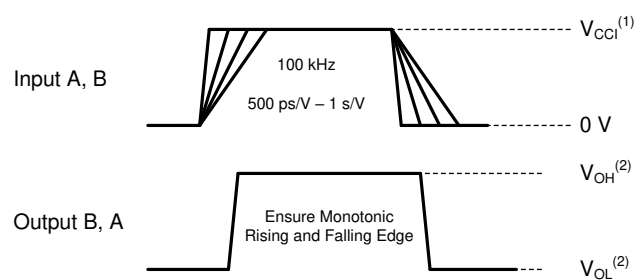
表 8-1. Load Circuit Conditions

Parameter	V_{CCO}	R_L	C_L	S_1	V_{TP}
t_{pd} Propagation (delay) time	1.1 V – 5.5 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	Open	N/A
t_{en} , t_{dis} Enable time, disable time	1.1 V – 1.6 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	$2 \times V_{CCO}$	0.1 V
	1.65 V – 2.7 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	$2 \times V_{CCO}$	0.15 V
	3.0 V – 5.5 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	$2 \times V_{CCO}$	0.3 V
t_{en} , t_{dis} Enable time, disable time	1.1 V – 1.6 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	GND	0.1 V
	1.65 V – 2.7 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	GND	0.15 V
	3.0 V – 5.5 V	10 k Ω	5 pF	GND	0.3 V



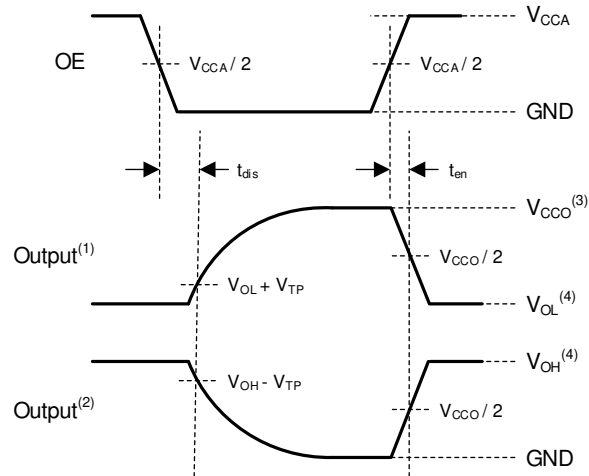
1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

图 8-2. Propagation Delay



1. V_{CCI} is the supply pin associated with the input port.
2. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels that occur with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1

图 8-3. Input Transition Rise and Fall Rate



1. Output waveform on the condition that input is driven to a valid Logic Low.
2. Output waveform on the condition that input is driven to a valid Logic High.
3. V_{CC0} is the supply pin associated with the output port.
4. V_{OH} and V_{OL} are typical output voltage levels with specified R_L , C_L , and S_1 .

8-4. Enable Time And Disable Time

9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The TXU0202 is a 4-bit translating transceiver that uses two individually configurable power-supply rails. The device is operational with V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies as low as 1.1 V and as high as 5.5 V. Additionally, the device can be operated with $V_{CCA} = V_{CCB}$. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} , and the B port is designed to track V_{CCB} .

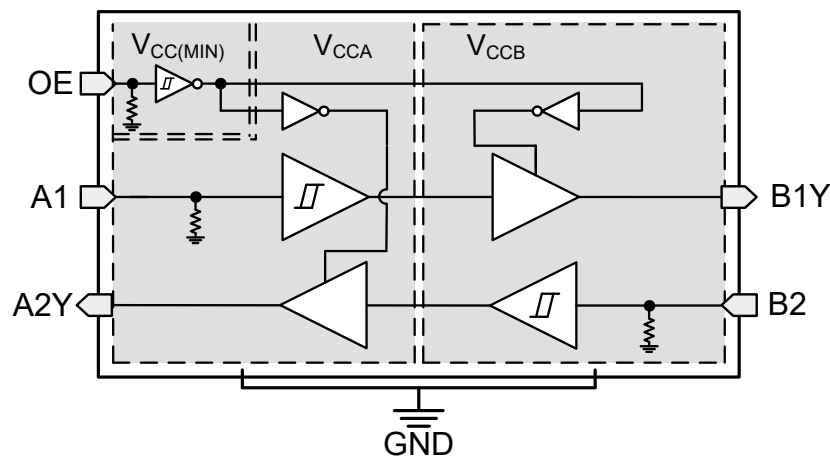
The TXU0202 device is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses, and transmits data with fixed direction from the A bus to the B bus on some channels and from the B bus to the A bus on the remaining channels. The output-enable input (OE) is used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated. The output-enable pin of the TXU0202 (OE) can be referenced to either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} . The OE pin can be left floating or externally pulled down to ground to ensure the high-impedance state of the level shifter outputs during power up or power down.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using the I_{off} current. The I_{off} protection circuitry ensures that no excessive current is drawn from or sourced into an input or output while the device is powered down.

The VCC isolation or VCC disconnect feature ensures that if either VCC is less than 100 mV or disconnected with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions, outputs are disabled and set to the high-impedance state while the supply current is maintained. The I_{off_float} circuitry ensures that no excessive current is drawn from or sourced into an input or output while the supply is floating.

Glitch-free power supply sequencing allows either supply rail to be powered on or off in any order while providing robust power sequencing performance.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Inputs with Integrated Pulldowns

Standard CMOS inputs are high impedance and are typically modeled as a resistor in parallel with the input capacitance given in the [Electrical Characteristics](#). The worst case resistance is calculated with the maximum input voltage, given in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#), and the maximum input leakage current, given in the [Electrical Characteristics](#), using ohm's law ($R = V \div I$).

The Schmitt-trigger input architecture provides hysteresis as defined by ΔV_T in the [Electrical Characteristics](#), which makes this device extremely tolerant to slow or noisy inputs. Driving the inputs slowly will increase dynamic current consumption of the device. See [Understanding Schmitt Triggers](#) for additional information regarding Schmitt-trigger inputs.

9.3.1.1 Inputs with Integrated Static Pull-Down Resistors

This device has 5 M Ω typical integrated weak pull-downs for each input. This feature allows all inputs to be left floating without the concern for unstable outputs or increased current consumption. This also helps to reduce external component count for applications where not all channels are used or need to be fixed low. If an external pull-up is required, it should be no larger than 1 M Ω to avoid contention with the 5 M Ω internal pull-down.

9.3.2 Control Logic (OE) with $V_{CC(MIN)}$ Circuitry

The output-enable input (OE) is used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated. The output-enable pin of the TXU0x04 has $V_{CC(MIN)}$ circuitry, which allows the OE pin to operate with the lower supply voltage. The [Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs](#) feature allows the OE pin to operate with the higher supply voltage. This combination means that the enable pin can be referenced to either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} supply. Multiple permutations of each device are possible since the controller can be placed on either the A or B port and can still control the enable pin.

9.3.3 Balanced High-Drive CMOS Push-Pull Outputs

A balanced output allows the device to sink and source similar currents. The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing. Additionally, the outputs of this device are capable of driving larger currents than the device can sustain without being damaged. [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) defines the electrical and thermal limits that must be followed at all times.

9.3.4 VCC Isolation and V_{CC} Disconnect

The outputs for this device are disabled and enter a high-impedance state when either supply is <100 mV or left floating (disconnected), with the complementary supply within recommended operating conditions. It is recommended that the inputs are kept low before floating (disconnecting) either supply.

The $I_{CCX(floating)}$ in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) specifies the maximum supply current. The $I_{off(float)}$ in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) specifies the maximum leakage into or out of any input or output pin on the device.

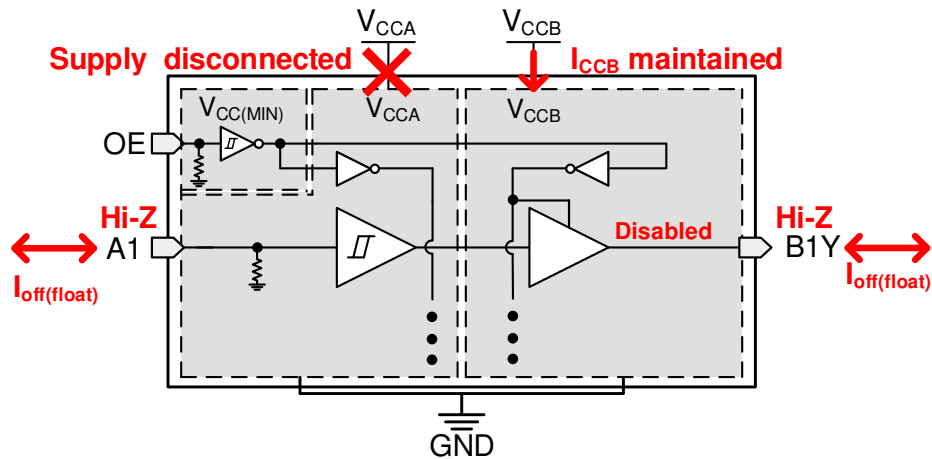


图 9-1. V_{CC} Disconnect Feature

9.3.5 Over-Voltage Tolerant Inputs

Input signals to this device can be driven above the supply voltage so long as they remain below the maximum input voltage value specified in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

9.3.6 Glitch-Free Power Supply Sequencing

Either supply rail may be powered on or off in any order without producing a glitch on the inputs or outputs (that is, where the output erroneously transitions to V_{CC} when it should be held low or vice versa). Glitches of this nature can be misinterpreted by a peripheral as a valid data bit, which could trigger a false device reset of the peripheral, a false device configuration of the peripheral, or even a false data initialization by the peripheral.

9.3.7 Negative Clamping Diodes

Figure 9-2 depicts the inputs and outputs to this device that have negative clamping diodes.

CAUTION

Voltages beyond the values specified in the [Absolute Maximum Ratings](#) table can cause damage to the device. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

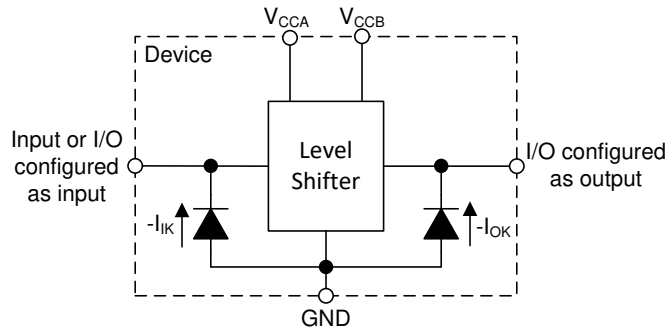


Figure 9-2. Electrical Placement of Clamping Diodes for Each Input and Output

9.3.8 Fully Configurable Dual-Rail Design

The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} pins can be supplied at any voltage from 1.1 V to 5.5 V, making the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 3.3 V, and 5.0 V).

9.3.9 Supports High-Speed Translation

The TXU0202 device can support high data-rate applications. The translated signal data rate can be up to 200 Mbps when the signal is translated from 3.3 V to 5.0 V.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 9-1. Function Table

CONTROL INPUTS	Port Status		OPERATION
	Input	Output	
H	L	L	Unidirectional non-inverting voltage translation
H	H	H	Unidirectional non-inverting voltage translation
L	X	Hi-Z	Isolation

10 Application and Implementation

Note

以下のアプリケーション情報は、TI の製品仕様に含まれるものではなく、TI ではその正確性または完全性を保証いたしません。個々の目的に対する製品の適合性については、お客様の責任で判断していただくことになります。お客様は自身の設計実装を検証しテストすることで、システムの機能を確認する必要があります。

10.1 Application Information

The TXU0202 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The TXU0202 device is ideal for use in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data inputs. The maximum data rate can be up to 200 Mbps when device translates a signal from 3.3 V to 5.0 V.

10.2 Typical Application

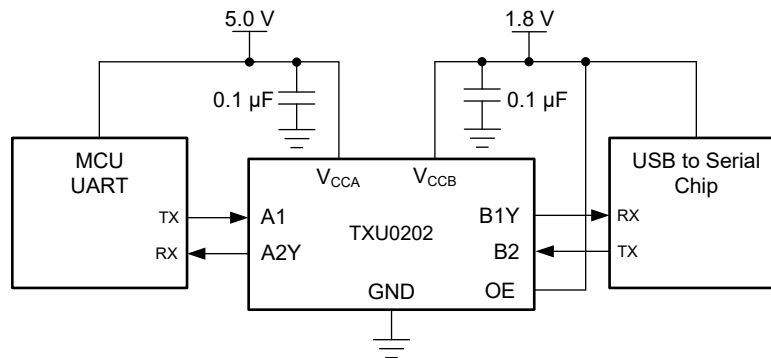


図 10-1. TXU0202 UART Application

10.2.1 Design Requirements

Use the parameters listed in 表 10-1 for this design example.

表 10-1. Design Parameters

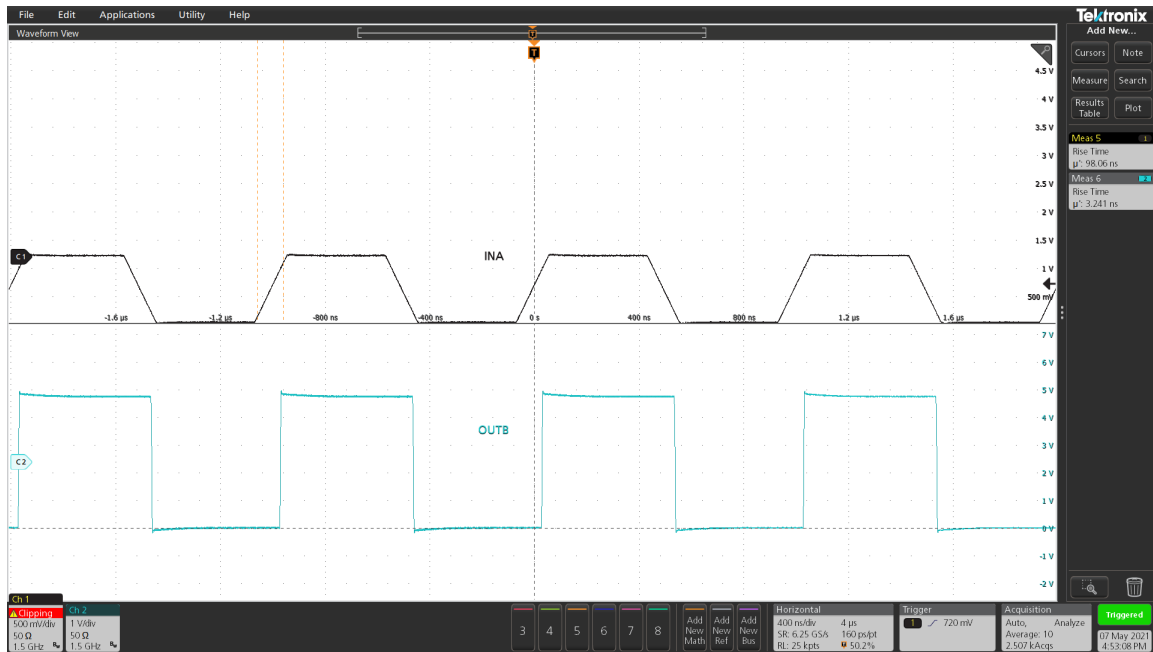
DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUES
Input voltage range	1.1 V to 5.5 V
Output voltage range	1.1 V to 5.5 V

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXU0202 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic-high, the value must exceed the positive-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T+}) of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the negative-going input-threshold voltage (V_{T-}) of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXU0202 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.

10.2.3 Application Curve



10-2. Up Translation at 1 MHz (1.2 V to 5 V)

11 Power Supply Recommendations

Always apply a ground reference to the GND pins first. This device is designed for glitch free power sequencing without any supply sequencing requirements such as ramp order or ramp rate.

[Glitch-Free Power Supply Sequencing](#) describes how this device was designed with various power supply sequencing methods in mind to help prevent unintended triggering of downstream devices.

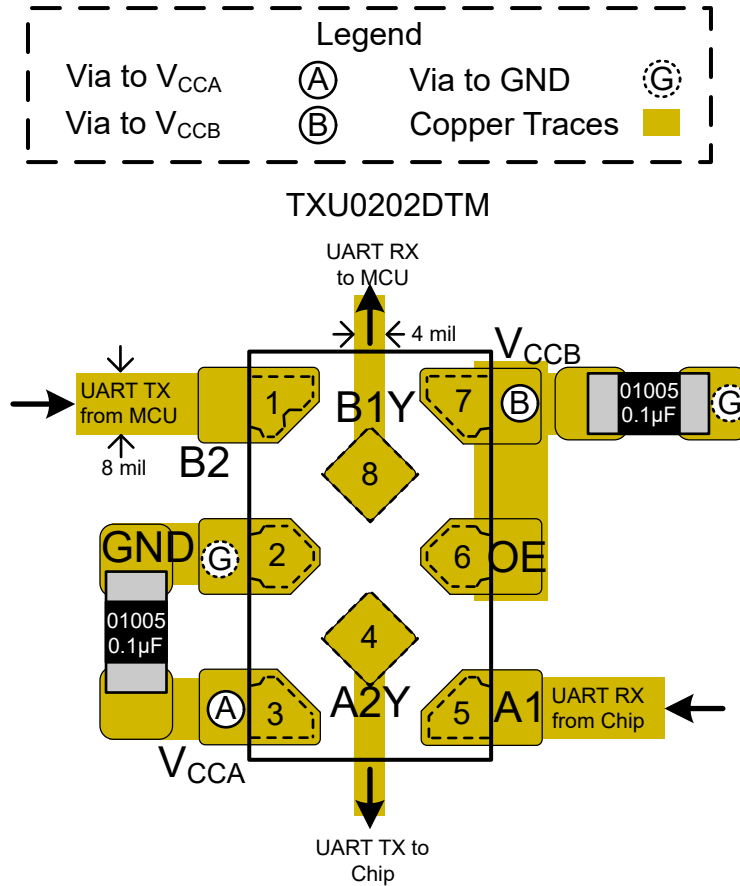
12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines are recommended:

- Use bypass capacitors on the power supply pins and place them as close to the device as possible. A 0.1 μF capacitor is recommended, but transient performance can be improved by having 1 μF and 0.1 μF capacitors in parallel as bypass capacitors.
- The high drive capability of this device creates fast edges into light loads so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

12.2 Layout Example



12-1. Layout Example – TXU0202

13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Device Support

13.1.1 Regulatory Requirements

No statutory or regulatory requirements apply to this device.

There are no special characteristics for this product.

13.2 Documentation Support

13.2.1 Related Documentation

- Texas Instruments, [Understanding Schmitt Triggers application report](#)
- Texas Instruments, [CMOS Power Consumption and \$C_{pd}\$ Calculation application report](#)

13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](https://www.ti.com). Click on [Subscribe to updates](#) to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

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13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

13.7 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TXU0202DCUR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DCU) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2PCT
TXU0202DCUR.A	Active	Production	VSSOP (DCU) 8	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	2PCT
TXU0202DTMR	Active	Production	X2SON (DTM) 8	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1LP
TXU0202DTMR.A	Active	Production	X2SON (DTM) 8	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1LP
TXU0202DTTR	Active	Production	X1SON (DTT) 8	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1LV
TXU0202DTTR.A	Active	Production	X1SON (DTT) 8	5000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1LV

(1) Status: For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

(2) Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

(4) Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

(5) MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXU0202 :

- Automotive : [TXU0202-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

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