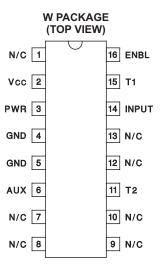


COMPLIMENTARY SWITCH FET DRIVERS

Check for Samples: UC1715-SP

FEATURES

- Single Input (PWM and TTL Compatible)
- High Current Power FET Driver,
 1-A Source/2-A Sink
- Auxiliary Output FET Driver, 0.5-A Source/1-A Sink
- Time Delays Between Power and Auxiliary Outputs Independently Programmable from 50 ns to 700 ns
- Time Delay or True Zero-Voltage Operation Independently Configurable for Each Output
- · Switching Frequency to 1 MHz
- Typical 50-ns Propagation Delays
- ENBL Pin Activates 220-µA Sleep Mode
- Power Output is Active Low in Sleep Mode
- Synchronous Rectifier Driver



DESCRIPTION

The UC1715 is a high speed driver designed to provide drive waveforms for complementary switches. Complementary switch configurations are commonly used in synchronous rectification circuits and active clamp/reset circuits, which can provide zero voltage switching. In order to facilitate the soft switching transitions, independently programmable delays between the two output waveforms are provided on this driver. The delay pins also have true zero voltage sensing capability which allows immediate activation of the corresponding switch when zero voltage is applied. This device requires a PWM-type input to operate and can be interfaced with commonly available PWM controllers.

ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

TJ	PACKAGE	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING		
–55°C to 125°C	CFP (W)	5962-0052102VFA	5962-0052102VFA		

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.



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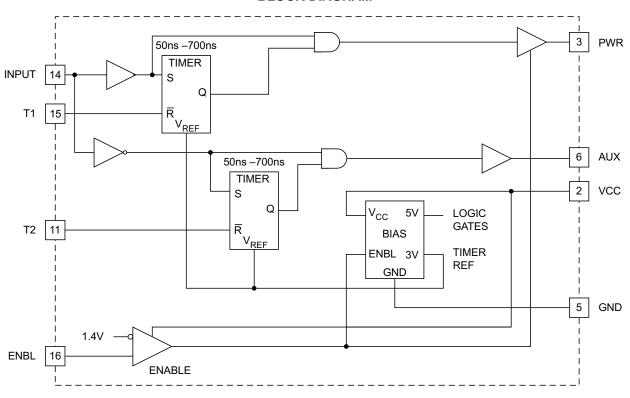
DEVICE INFORMATION

PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN			DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION					
N/C	1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13	-	N/C pins are not bonded out. External connections will not affect device functionality.					
V _{CC}	2	I	The V_{CC} input range is from 7 V to 20 V. This pin should be bypassed with a capacitor to GND consistent with peak load current demands.					
PWR	3	0	The PWR output waits for the T1 delay after the INPUT's rising edge before switching on, but switches off immediately at INPUT's falling edge (neglecting propagation delays). This output is capable of sourcing 1-A and sinking 2-A of peak gate drive current. PWR output includes a passive, self-biased circuit which holds this pin active low, when ENBL ≥ 0.8 V regardless of VCC's voltage.					
GND	4, 5	-	This is the reference pin for all input voltages and the return point for all device currents. It carries the full peak sinking current from the outputs. Any tendency for the outputs to ring below GND voltage must be damped or clamped such that GND remains the most negative potential.					
AUX	6		The AUX switches immediately at INPUT's rising edge but waits through the T2 delay after INPUT's falling edge before switching. AUX is capable of sourcing 0.5-A and sinking 1-A of drive current. During sleep mode, AUX is inactive with a high impedance.					
T2	11		This pin functions in the same way as T1 but controls the time delay between PWR turn-off and activation of the AUX switch. The resistor on this pin sets the charging current on internal timing capacitors to provide independent time control. The nominal voltage level at this pin is 3 V and the current is internally limited to 1 mA. The total delay from INPUT to output includes a propagation delay in addition to the programmable timer but since the propagation delays are approximately equal, the relative time delay between the two outputs can be assumed to be solely a function of the programmed delays. The relationship of the time delay vs. RT is shown in the Typical Characteristics curves.					
INPUT	14	I	The input switches at TTL logic levels (approximately 1.4 V) but the allowable range is from 0 V to 20 V, allowing direct connection to most common IC PWM controller outputs. The rising edge immediately switches the AUX output, and initiates a timing delay, T1, before switching on the PWR output. Similarly, the INPUT falling edge immediately turns off the PWR output and initiates a timing delay, T2, before switching the AUX output. It should be noted that if the input signal comes from a controller with FET drive capability, this signal provides another option. INPUT and PWR provide a delay only at the leading edge while INPUT and AUX provide the delay at the trailing edge.					
T1	15		A resistor to ground programs the time delay between AUX switch turn-off and PWR turn-on. The resistor on this pin sets the charging current on internal timing capacitors to provide independent time control. The nominal voltage level at this pin is 3 V and the current is internally limited to 1 mA. The total delay from INPUT to output includes a propagation delay in addition to the programmable timer but since the propagation delays are approximately equal, the relative time delay between the two outputs can be assumed to be solely a function of the programmed delays. The relationship of the time delay vs. RT is shown in the Typical Characteristics curves.					
ENBL	16	ı	The ENBL input switches at TTL logic levels (approximately 1.2 V), and its input range is from 0 V to 20 V. The ENBL input will place the device into sleep mode when it is a logical low. The current into VCC during the sleep mode is typically 220 μ A.					

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BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1) (2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

V_{CC}	Supply voltage		20 V
I _{OH}	Davies drives	-100 mA	
	Power driver	Peak ⁽³⁾	-1 A
	A conflict on the conflict on	Continuous	-100 mA
	Auxiliary driver	Peak ⁽³⁾	-500 mA
	Davies drives	Continuous	100 mA
	Power driver	Peak ⁽³⁾	2 A
l _{OL}	A ilia ma adair a a	Continuous	100 mA
	Auxiliary driver	Peak ⁽³⁾	1 A
VI	Input voltage range (INPUT, ENBL)		-0.3 V to 20 V
TJ	Maximum operating junction temperature	150°C	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C	
T _{lead}	Maximum lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	300°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

⁽²⁾ All voltages are with respect to ground. Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal.

⁽³⁾ RMS drive current on any pin to be restricted to 672 mA.



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THERMAL INFORMATION

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	UC1715-SP W	UNITS	
	HIENMAL METRIC	16 PINS	ONTO	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (2)	72.9		
θ_{JC}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance (3)	8.25	°C/W	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance (4)	43.4		

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.
- (2) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
- (3) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.
- (4) The junction-to-board thermal resistance is obtained by simulating in an environment with a ring cold plate fixture to control the PCB temperature, as described in JESD51-8.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 15 V, ENBL \geq 2 V, R_T1 = 100 k Ω from T1 to GND, R_T2 = 100 k Ω from T2 to GND, T_A = T_J = -55°C to 125°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN T	YP MAX	UNIT
Overall				
V _{cc}		7	18	V
I _{CC} , nominal	ENBL = 3 V		25	mA
I _{CC} , sleep mode	ENBL = 0.8 V		300	μA
Power Driver (PWR)	1	<u> </u>		
Pre turn-on PWR output, low	V _{CC} = 0 V, I _{OUT} = 10 mA, ENBL ≤ 0.8 V		2	V
DIMD () ()	INPUT = 0.8 V, I _{OUT} = 40 mA		1	.,
PWR output low, sat. (V _{PWR})	INPUT = 0.8 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA		1.5	V
DWD	INPUT = 3 V, I _{OUT} = −40 mA		3	.,
PWR output high, sat. (V _{CC} - V _{PWR})	INPUT = 3 V, I _{OUT} = −100 mA		3	V
Rise time	C _L = 2200 pF		60	ns
Fall time	C _L = 2200 pF		60	ns
T1 delay, AUX to PWR (1)	INPUT rising edge, $R_T 1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, see ⁽²⁾	45	200	ns
T1 delay, AUX to PWR ⁽¹⁾	INPUT rising edge, $R_T 1 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, see (2)	250	1300	ns
PWR prop delay	INPUT falling edge, 50%, see (3)		300	ns
Auxiliary Driver (AUX)				
AUX pre turn-on AUX output low (V _{PAUX})	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V, ENBL} \le 0.8 \text{ V, I}_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$		2	V
	V _{IN} = 3 V, I _{OUT} = 40 mA		1	
AUX output low, sat. (V _{AUX})	V _{IN} = 3 V, I _{OUT} = 100 mA		1.5	V
	V _{IN} = 0.8 V, I _{OUT} = -40 mA		3	
AUX output high, sat. $(V_{CC} - V_{AUX})$	V _{IN} = 0.8 V, I _{OUT} = -100 mA		3	V
Rise time	C _L = 2200 pF		60	ns
Fall time	C _L = 2200 pF		60	ns
T2 delay, PWR to AUX ⁽¹⁾	INPUT falling edge, $R_T 2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$, see ⁽²⁾	45	130	ns
T2 delay, PWR to AUX ⁽¹⁾	INPUT falling edge, $R_T 2 = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, see ⁽²⁾	200	700	ns
AUX prop delay	INPUT rising edge, 50%, see (3)		185	ns
Enable (ENBL)	2 3 4 3 4 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			
Input threshold			2.8	V
Input current, I _{IH}	ENBL = 15 V	-10	10	μA
Input current, I _{II}	ENBL = 0 V	-15	15	μA
T1	J-172- V 1			P** *
Current limit	T1 = 0 V	-2	-0.5	mA
Nominal voltage at T1		2.7	3.3	V
Minimum T1 delay	T1 = 2.5 V, see ⁽²⁾		80	ns
T2	1. 2.0 1, 000			
Current limit	T2 = 0 V	-2	-0.5	mA
Nominal voltage at T12		2.7	3.3	V
Minimum T2 delay	T2 = 2.5 V, see ⁽²⁾	2.7	80	ns
Input (INPUT)	,		30	
Input threshold			2.8	V
Input current, I _{IH}	ENBL = 15 V	-10	10	μA
Input current, I _{IL}	ENBL = 0 V	-20	20	μA
mpat carrent, IIL	LINDL = U V	-20	20	μA

⁽¹⁾ The parameter is guaranteed to the limit specified by characterization, but not production tested.

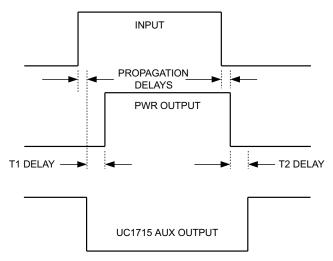
Product Folder Links: UC1715-SP

⁽²⁾ T1 and T2 delay is defined as the time between the 50% transition point of AUX (PWR) and the 50% transition point of PWR (AUX) with no capacitive load on either output.

⁽³⁾ Propagation delays are measured from the 50% point of the input signal to the 50% point of the output signal's transition with no load on outputs.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



- A. T1 delay is defined from the 50% point of the transition edge of AUX to the 10% of the rising edge of PWR. T2 delay is defined from the 90% of the falling edge of PWR to the 50% point of the transition edge of AUX.
- B. Propagation delay times are measured from the 50% point of the input signal to the 10% point of the output signal's transition with no load on outputs.

Figure 1. Time Relationships

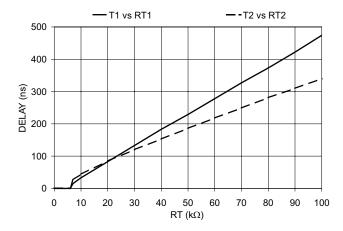


Figure 2. T1 Delay, T2 Delay vs. R_{T}

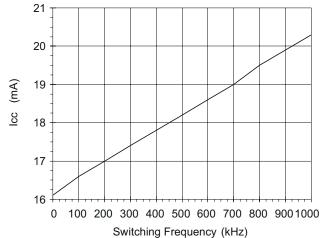
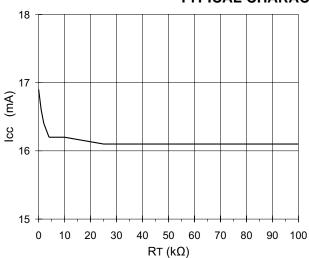


Figure 3. I_{CC} vs Switching Frequency With No Load and 50% Duty Cycle $R_T1=R_T2=50~k\Omega$

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



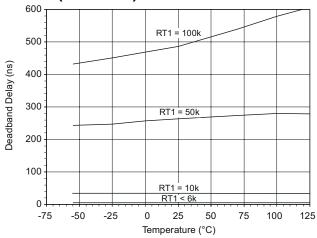


Figure 4. I_{CC} vs R_T With Opposite R_T = 50 $k\Omega$

Figure 5. T1 Deadband vs. Temperature AUX to PWR

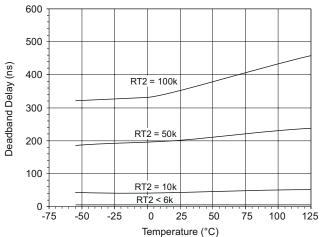


Figure 6. T2 Deadband vs. Temperature PWR to AUX

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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

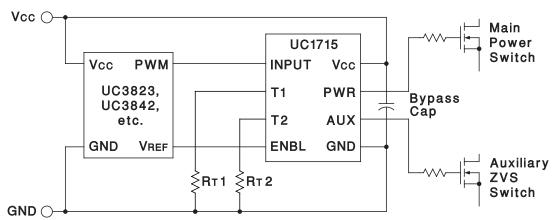


Figure 7. Typical Application With Timed Delays

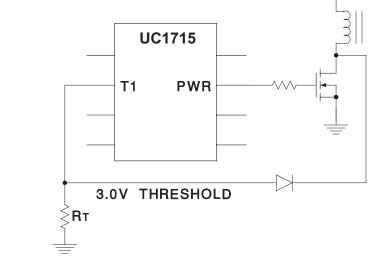


Figure 8. Using the Timer Input for Zero-Voltage Sensing

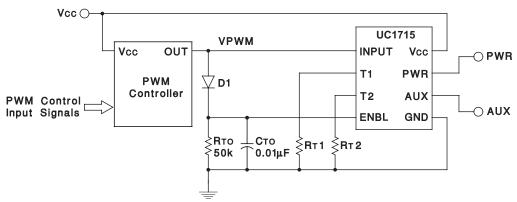


Figure 9. Self-Actuated Sleep Mode With Absence of Input PWM Signal. Wake Up Occurs With First Pulse While Turn-Off is Determined by the (RTO CTO) Time Constant

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TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (continued)

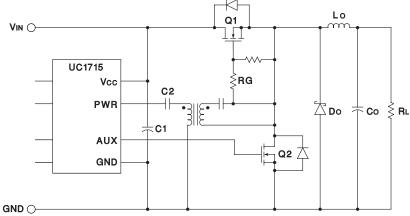


Figure 10. Using the UC1715 as a Complementary Synchronous Rectifier Switch Driver With N-Channel FETs

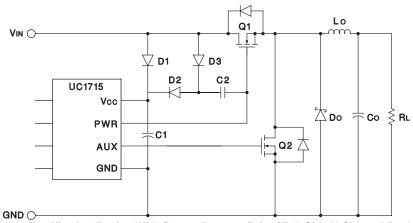


Figure 11. Synchronous Rectifier Application With Charge Pump to Drive High-Side N-Channel Buck Switch. V_{IN} is Limited to 10 V as V_{CC} Will Rise to Approximately 2V_{IN}

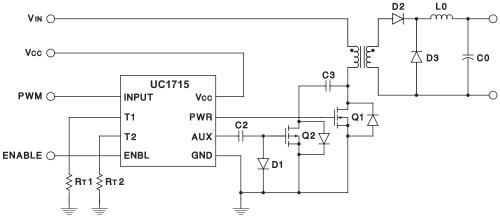


Figure 12. Typical Forward Converter Topology With Active Reset Provided by the UC1714 Driving N-channel switch (Q1) and P-Channel Auxilliary Switch (Q2)

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (continued) VIN O-Vcc, Vin, or GND ()-Vcc O-D2 **⊉** D1 UC1715 INPUT Vcc Д рз ≩R1 T1 **PWR** T2 AUX **ENBL** GND FORWARD CONVERTER Q3 = C4 i∽₇ Q2 📩

Figure 13. Using N-Channel Active Reset Switch With Floating Drive Command

СЗ

tt⊒ Q1 ⊅

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
5962-0052102VFA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	16	25	Non-RoHS & Green	SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	5962-0052102VF A UC1715W-SP	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
5962-0052102VFA	W	CFP	16	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA

W (R-GDFP-F16)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
- D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
- E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP2-F16



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