

Product Overview

Upgrade photoMOS, SSR and Push-Pull, Totem-Pole, or Transistor Output Optocouplers With Opto-emulators

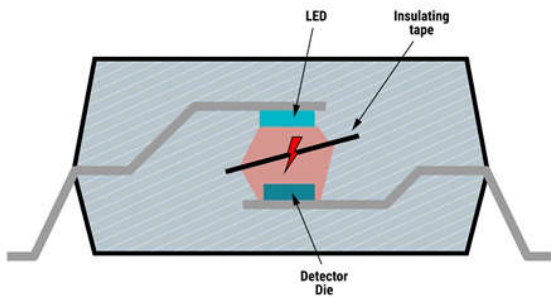
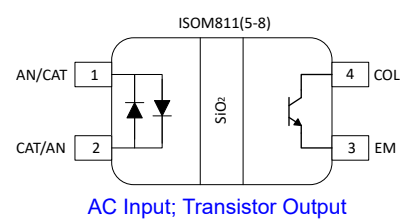
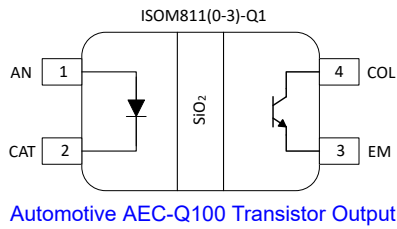
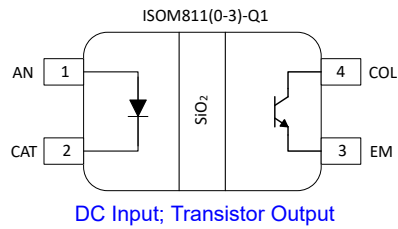
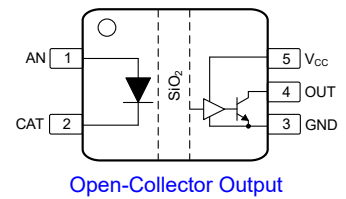
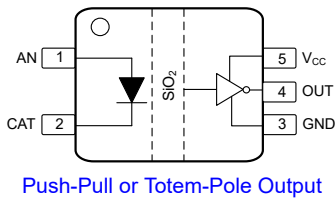
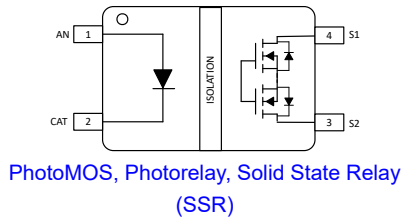


Figure 1. Construction of Typical Light-Based Isolated Optocoupler

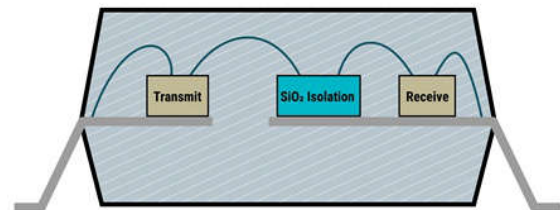
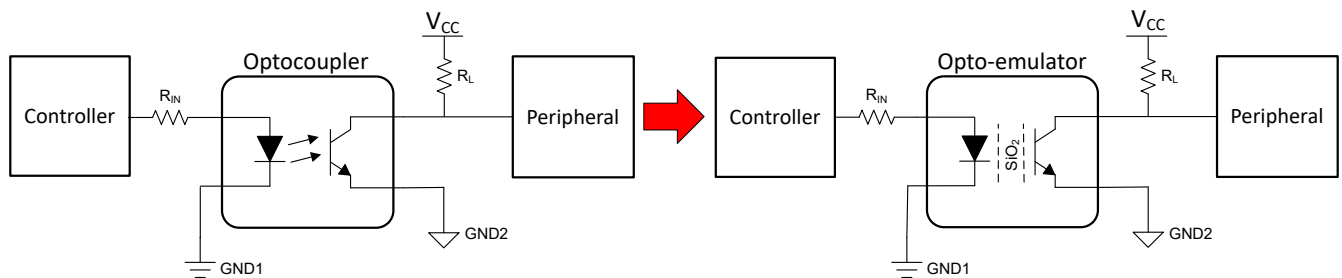


Figure 2. Construction of a TI Silicon Dioxide Isolated Opto-emulator



Light-based Optocoupler Function is the Same as Using Silicon Dioxide Opto-emulator

Design Considerations

- TI offers opto-emulators with different output types: [High-speed logic output](#), [push-pull or totem-pole](#), [open-collector output](#), [transistor output](#), and [MOSFET or switch output](#)
- [Automotive AEC-Q100 optocoupler](#) functionality in more reliable silicon based technology enabling new, lower cost architectures, such as secondary side regulation in DC/DC converters.
- Opto-emulators are pin-to-pin drop-in replacements for logic output and transistor output optocouplers, photoMOS, and low power solid state relays (SSR)
- Opto-emulators have the same functionality of a current driven input and light (LED) based isolation optocoupler but TI's opto-emulators use a more reliable silicon dioxide isolation technology.
- Protects low-voltage system components from high-voltage circuits
- Allows signal transfer between controller devices and peripheral ICs

Additional Resources

- [\[FAQ\] What are the benefits of Opto-emulators vs. Optocouplers?](#)
- [\[FAQ\] Opto-emulators - Top Questions, Answered](#)
- [Demystifying Isolation Certification Standards: Optocouplers vs Opto-emulators](#)
- [Opto-emulators explained: Why you should upgrade your optocoupler technology](#)
- [Opto-emulators | TI.com](#)

Need additional assistance? Ask our engineers a question on the [TI E2E™ Isolation Support Forum](#).

Recommended Parts

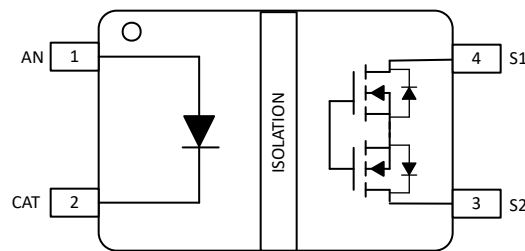


Figure 3. PhotoMOS, Photorelay, Solid State Relay (SSR)

| Part Number | Output Type | Output Blocking Voltage | Output Current | Isolation rating | Pin-to-Pin photoMOS |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| ISOM8610 | MOSFET / switch | 80V | 150mA | $V_{ISO} = 3750V_{RMS}$ $V_{IOWM} = 500V_{RMS}$ | CPC1017N VO1400AEF TLP175A |
| ISOM8600 | | | | $V_{IOWM} = 500V_{RMS}$ | AQY221N2VY APY212S TLP3441 ASSR-1218-003E and more |

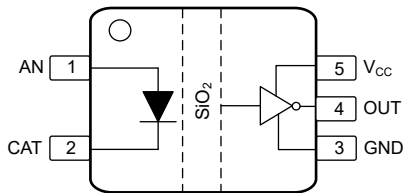


Figure 4. Push/Pull or Totem-Pole Output

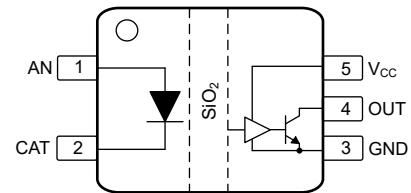


Figure 5. Open-Collector Output

Table 1. High-Speed Logic Output Optocouplers

| Part Number | Output Type | V _{CC} | Data Rate | Pin-to-Pin High-Speed Logic output Optocouplers |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|
| ISOM8710 | Push/Pull Totem-pole | 2.7V to 5.5V | 25Mbps | ACPL-M21L ACPL-M75L TLP2366 LTV-M601 and more |
| ISOM8711 | Open Collector | | | ACPL-M62L-000E TLP2719 HCPL-M600 and more |

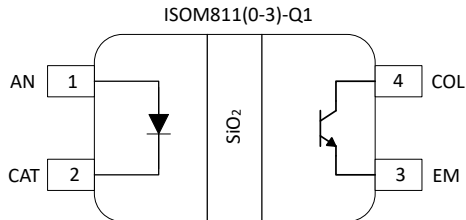


Figure 6. DC Input; Transistor Output

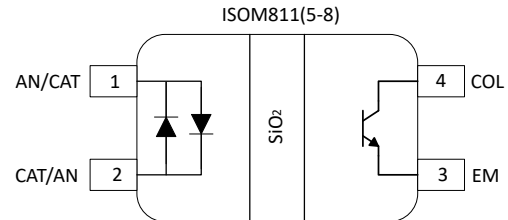


Figure 7. AC Input; Transistor Output

Table 2. Transistor Output Optocouplers

| Catalog Part Number | Automotive Part Number | Input Type | Output Type | V _F (MAX) | CTR | Pin-to-Pin Transistor Output Optocouplers |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|---|
| ISOM8110 | ISOM8110-Q1 | DC Input | Transistor output / Open Collector | 1.4V | 100% to 155% | HCPL-181 ACPL-217 LTV356T LTV357T TLP185 TLP181 PS2701A PS2811-1 EL816 EL3H7 and more |
| ISOM8111 | ISOM8111-Q1 | | | 1.4V | 150% to 230% | |
| ISOM8112 | ISOM8112-Q1 | | | 1.4V | 255% to 380% | |
| ISOM8113 | ISOM8113-Q1 | | | 1.4V | 375% to 560% | |
| ISOM8115 | ISOM8115-Q1 | Bidirectional AC Input | | 1.5V | 100% to 155% | |
| ISOM8116 | ISOM8116-Q1 | | | 1.5V | 150% to 230% | |
| ISOM8117 | ISOM8117-Q1 | | | 1.5V | 255% to 380% | |
| ISOM8118 | ISOM8118-Q1 | | | 1.5V | 375% to 560% | |

To find a pin-to-pin alternative to the optocouplers in your design, search TI's [cross reference tool](#).
For more opto-emulators, browse through the [online parametric tool](#).

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