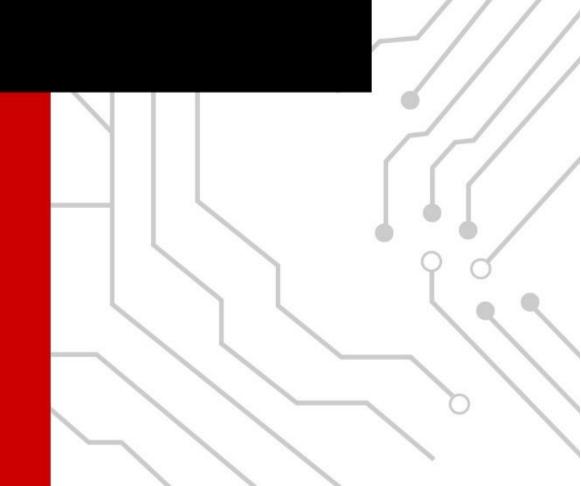


TI Live! BATTERY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS SEMINAR

JING YE

ACHIEVING HIGH POWER DENSITY AND ULTRA-FAST USB BATTERY CHARGING WITH NEW CHARGER TOPOLOGIES



TI POWER

TI BQ products are everywhere

In your pocket





Smart watch

On the highway



Electric vehicles

In the air



Commercial drones



Stratosphere balloon

Other applications

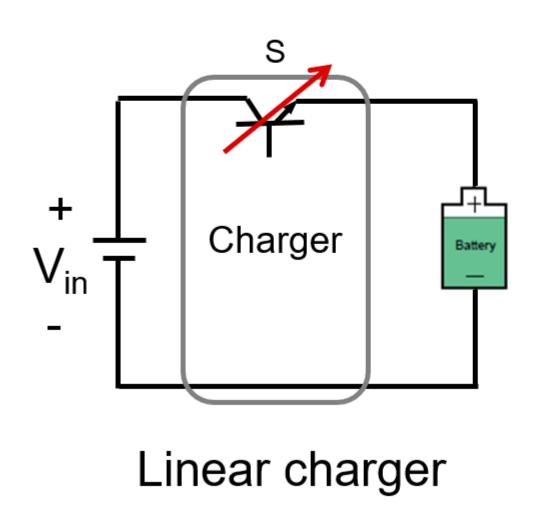


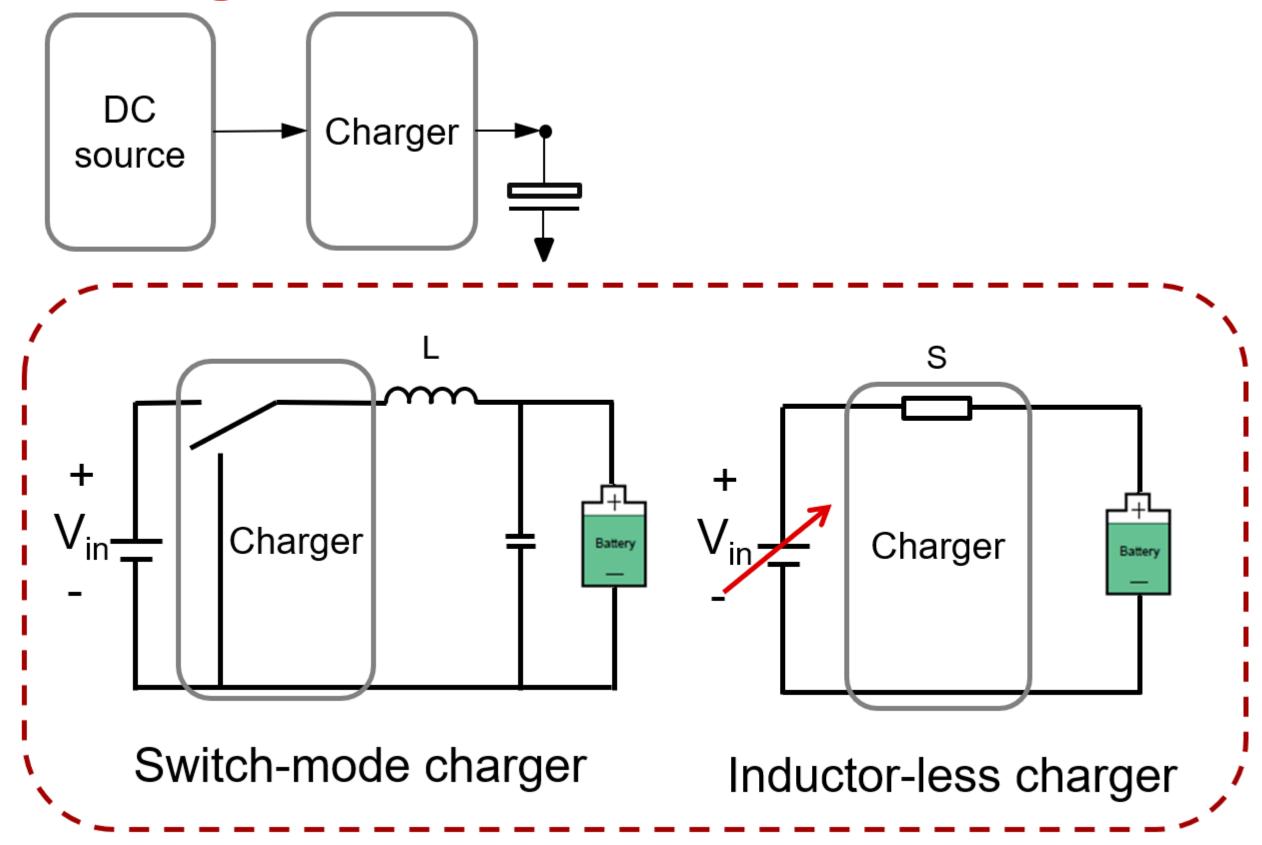
Surveillance camera



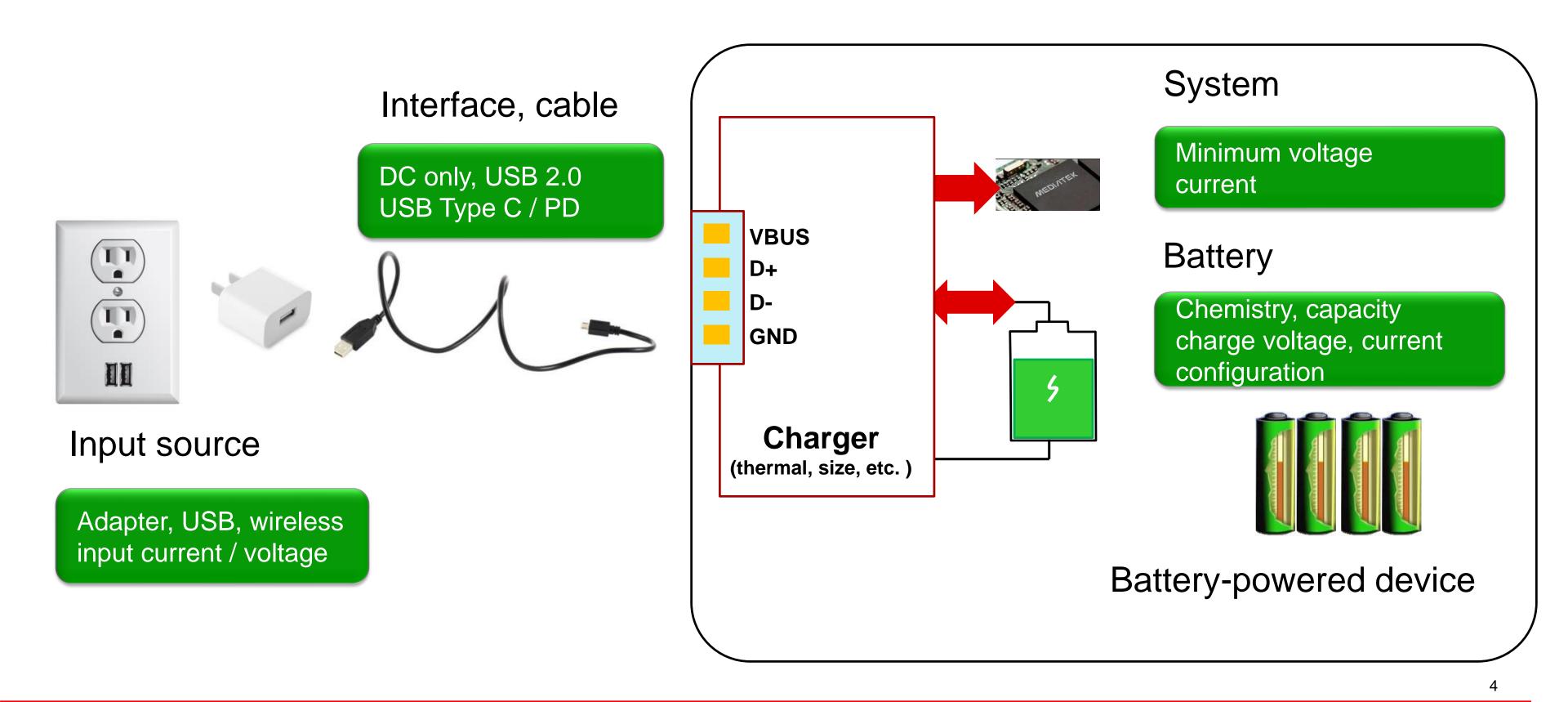
Vacuum cleaner

Battery charger topologies





High power density charging considerations



Power supply specifications

USB 1.0

USB 1.1

USB 2.0 480Mbps **High power** 2.5W 5V/0.5A

USB 3.0

5Gbps BC1.1 7.5W 5V/1.5A BC1.2 25W 5V/5A

USB 3.1

Quick

Charge

10Gbps PD2.0 Type C 100W 20V/5A **USB 3.2**

20Gbps PD3.0 Type C PPS 100W 20V/5A

USB 4 40Gbps

PD3.1 V1.0 PPS 100W 20V/5A

USB 4 40Gbps

PD3.1 V1.1 PPS 240W 48V/5A

Custom fast charging protocol

(e.g. Qualcomm Quick Charge)

Quick Charge 1.0

10W 5V/2A

18W 9V/2A

2.0

High voltage dedicated charging port (HVDCP)

Quick

Charge 3.0

36W 12V/3A

Quick **Charge 4**

100W 20V/5A Compatible with USB PD PPS 27W 9V/3A

Quick **Charge 5**

QC5 100W 20V/5A **USB PD PPS 100W** 2S battery



Wireless charging

50W

80W

10W

1996

2001

2011

2013

2015

2017

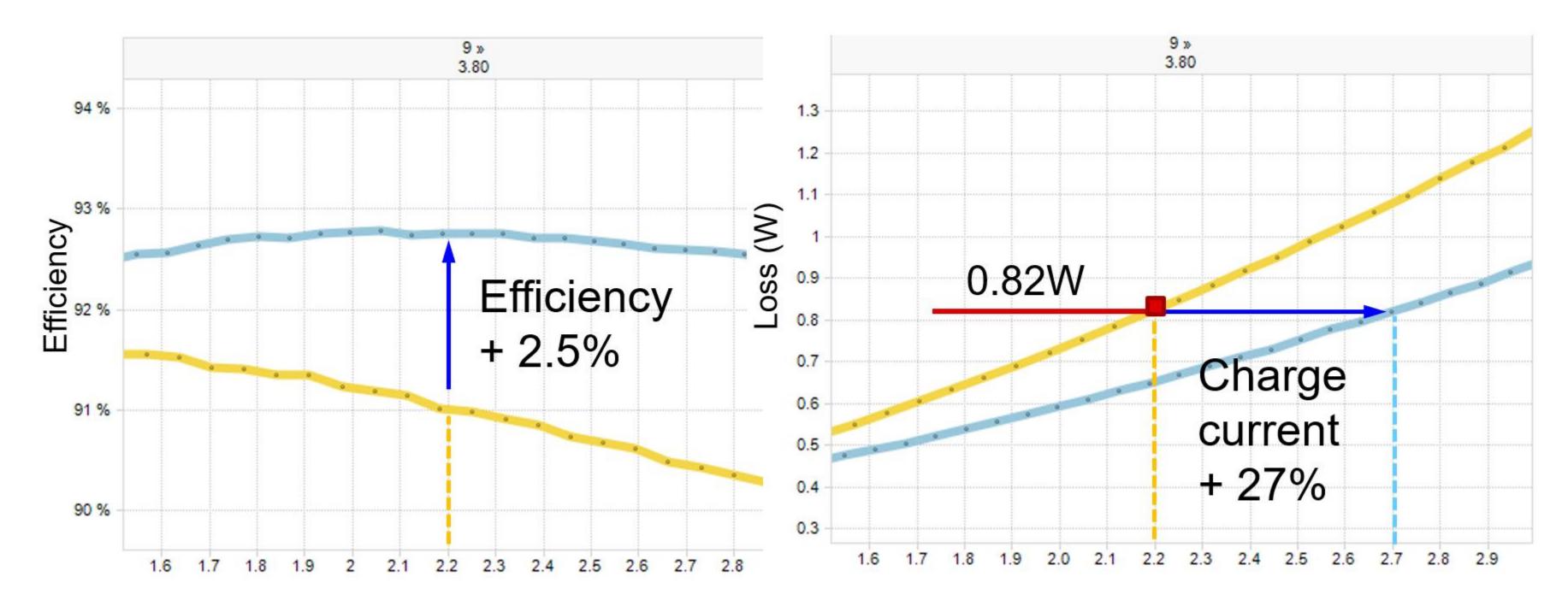
2019

30W

2021

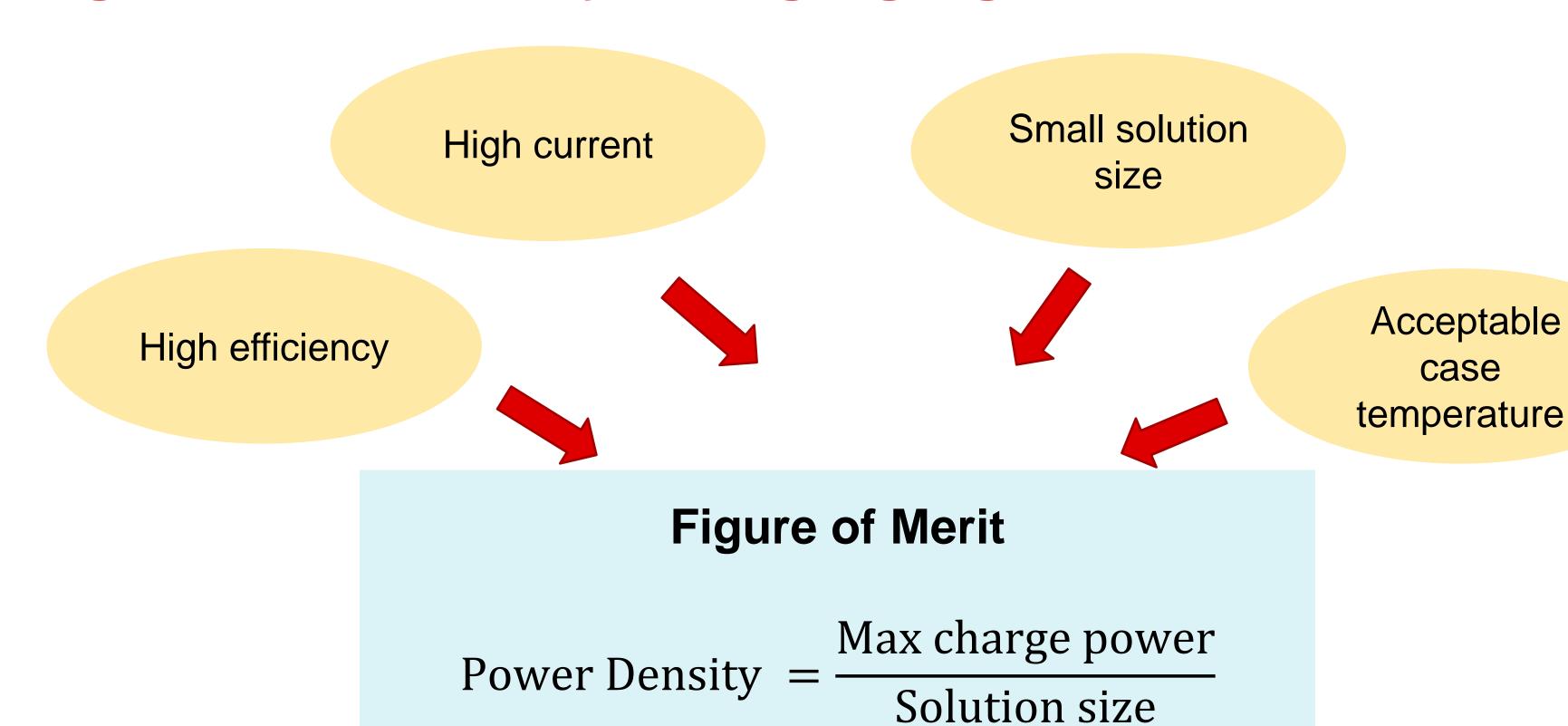


Efficiency is key to high power density



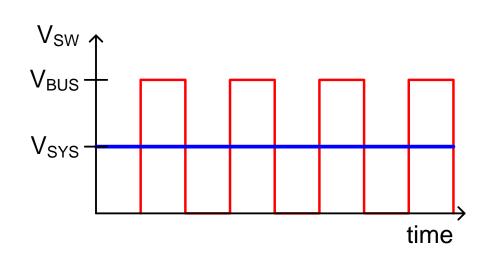
At 90% efficiency, a 2.5% efficiency improvement represents a 27% increase in charging current from 2.2 A to 2.7 A with the same loss budget.

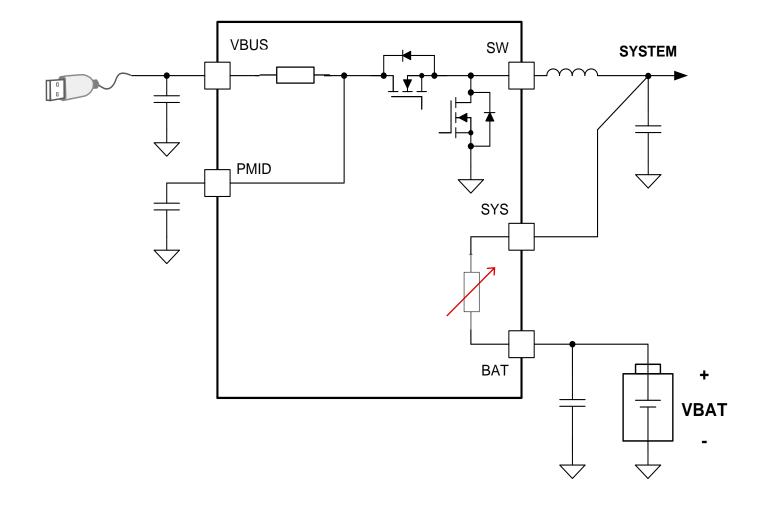
High power density charging figure of merit

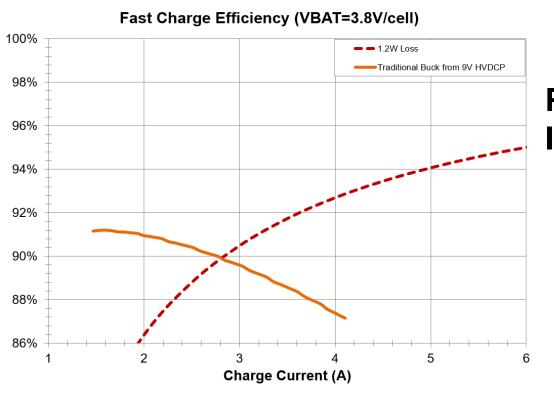


High power density charging solutions

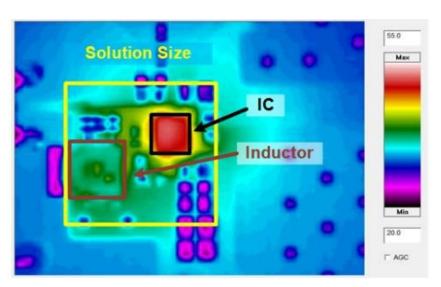
Traditional buck charger (2-level)



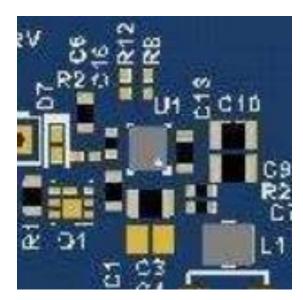




Power loss: 1.2 W ICHG 2.8A

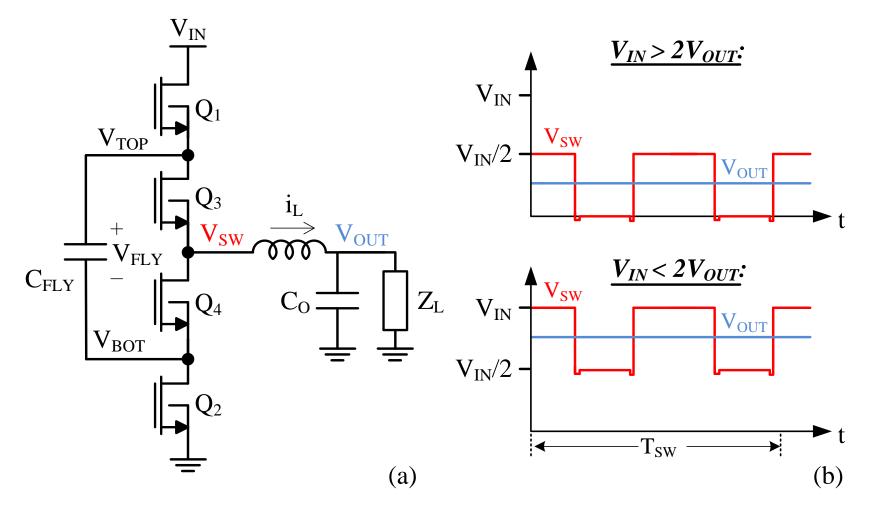


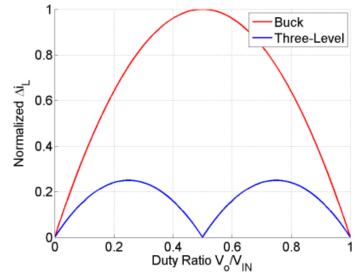
ICHG = 3A from 5V, IC 50.2°C



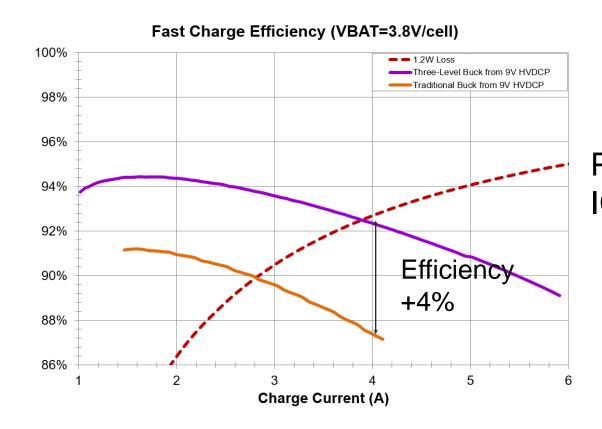
IC=7mm², L=10mm², Total =17mm²

Three-level buck switch mode charger

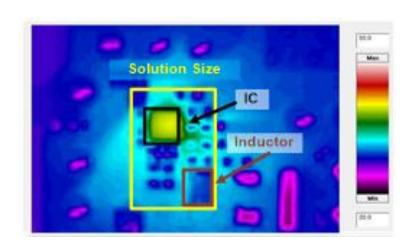




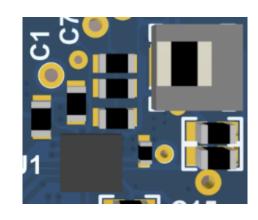
- Reduced inductance need
- Reduced DCR and power loss
- ✓ Reduced FET switching loss



Power loss 1.2 W ICHG 3.5 A



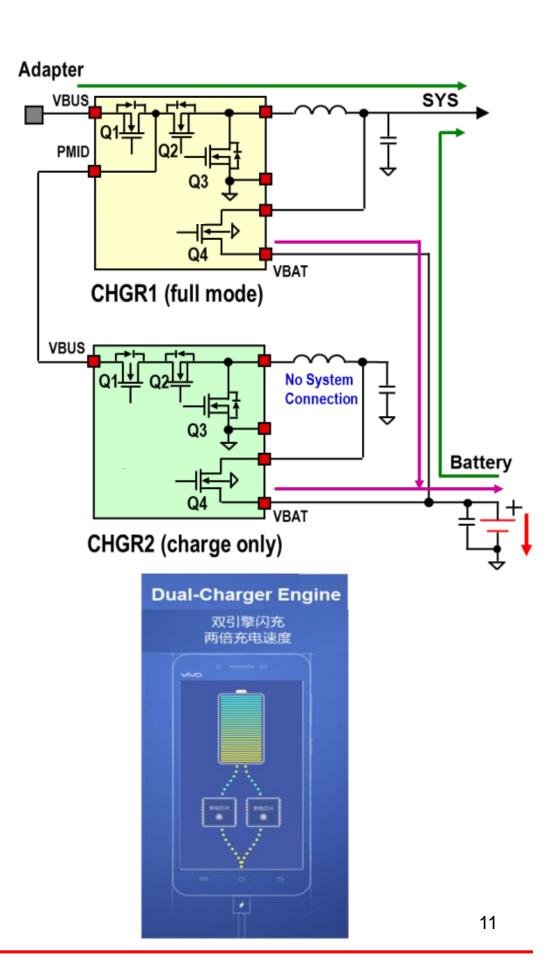
ICHG = 3A from 9V, IC temp 45.5°C



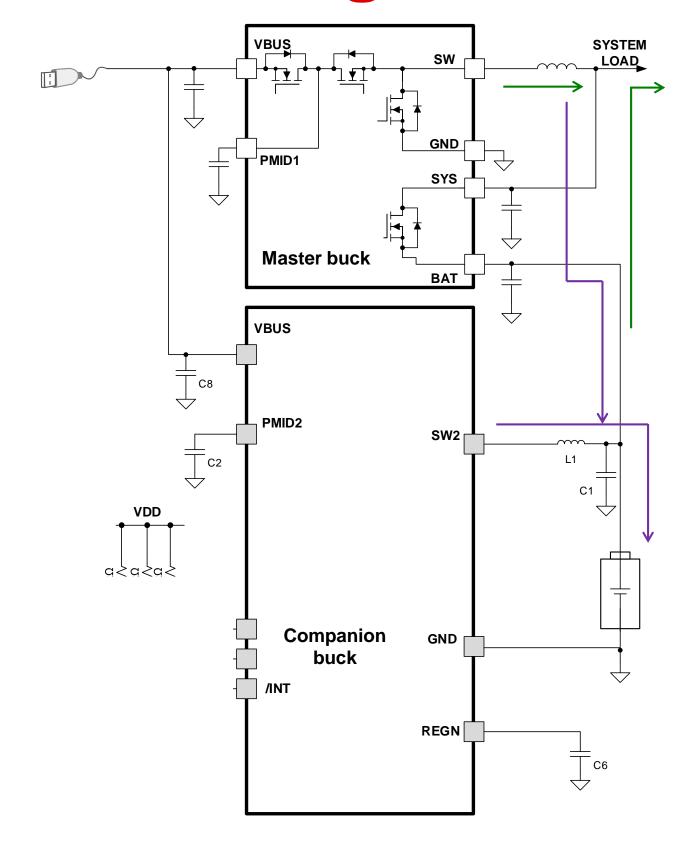
IC=9.2mm², L=5mm², CFLY=2.56mm²
Total =16.7mm²

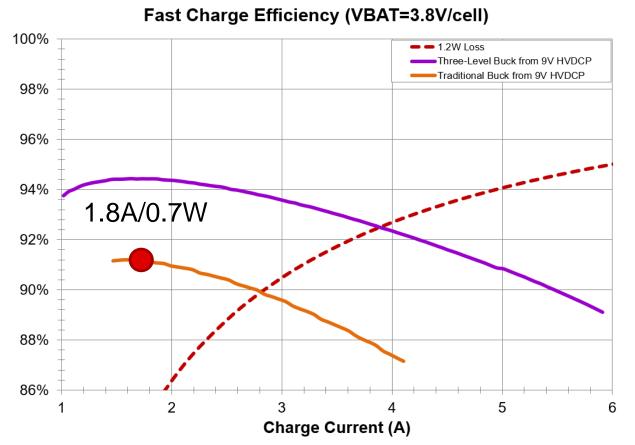
Dual-charger solution

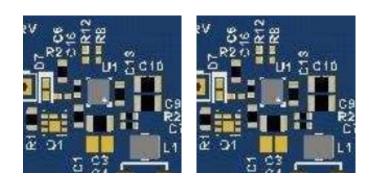
- Dual charger was pioneered by Texas Instruments.
 - Main charger (CHGR1) active most of the time for charging cycle and for system regulation under dynamic load
 - Companion charger (CHGR2) active for fast charge phase and for part of the constant voltage phase
- Dual charger can effectively spread the power loss and provide fast and cool charging in compact equipment
 - Thermal budget is 1.3 W 1.5 W with a bigger solution size
- The keys to this solution are high efficiency and ease of use



Dual chargers with two bucks







IC 7mm² IC 7mm² L 5mm²

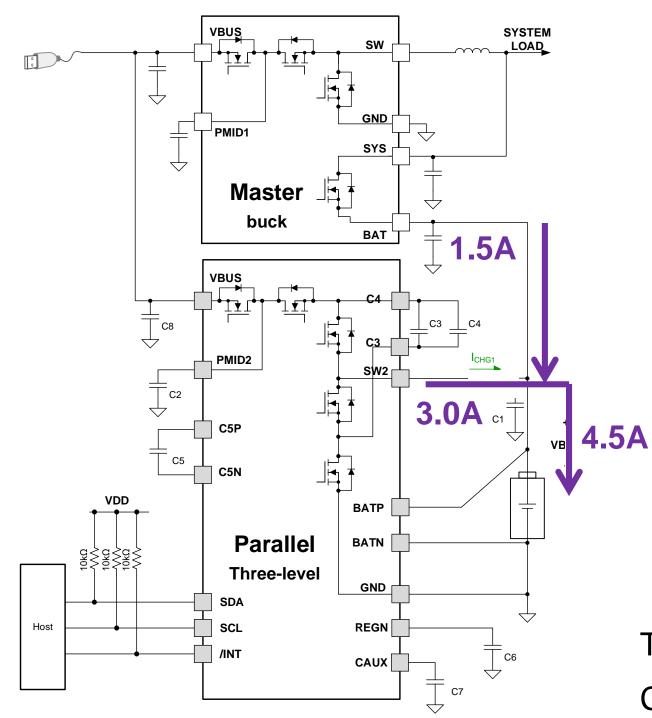
Total: 24 mm²

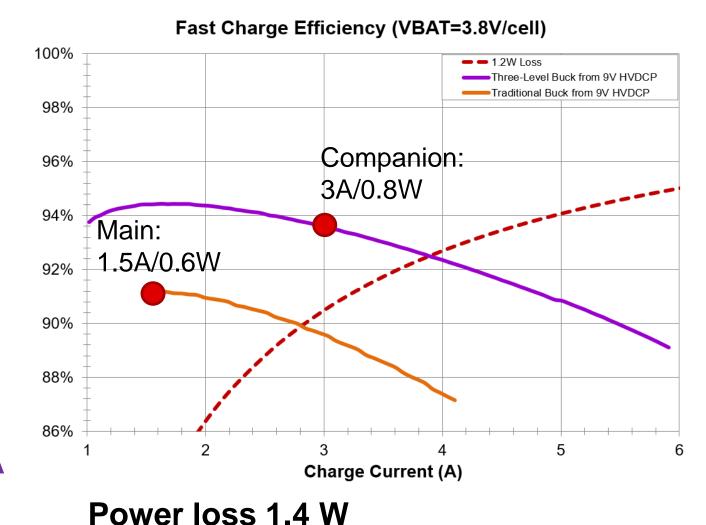
Power loss 1.4 W ICHG 3.4 A

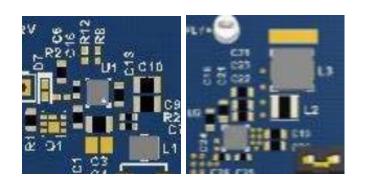
Total charging current (3.6 A, 1.4 W loss):

Companion charger (1.8 A, 0.7 W loss) + Master charger (1.8 A, 0.7 W loss)

Dual-charger structure with three-level buck







IC 7 mm² IC 5.9 mm² L 5 mm² L 5 mm² CFLY 2.56 mm²

Total: 25.44 mm²

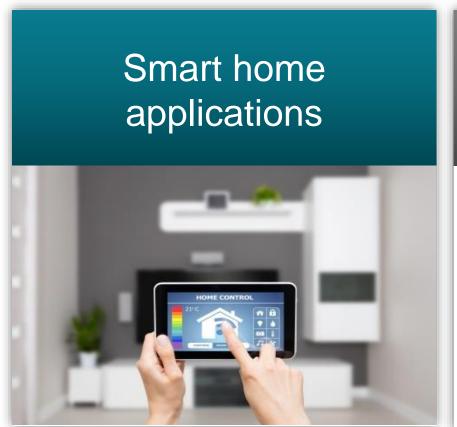
Total charging current (4.5 A, 1.4 W loss):

ICHG 4.5 A

Companion charger (3 A, 0.8 W loss) + master charger (1.5 A, 0.6W loss)

USB PD is changing the way of charging

- New generation of portable devices are employing USB Power Delivery (PD).
- The compound annual growth rate of PD is estimated 29%, and projected number of USB PD port shipment is over 127 billion in 2030, according to Future Market Insights.
- USB PD power supply delivers up to 20 V/5 A, or 100 W.



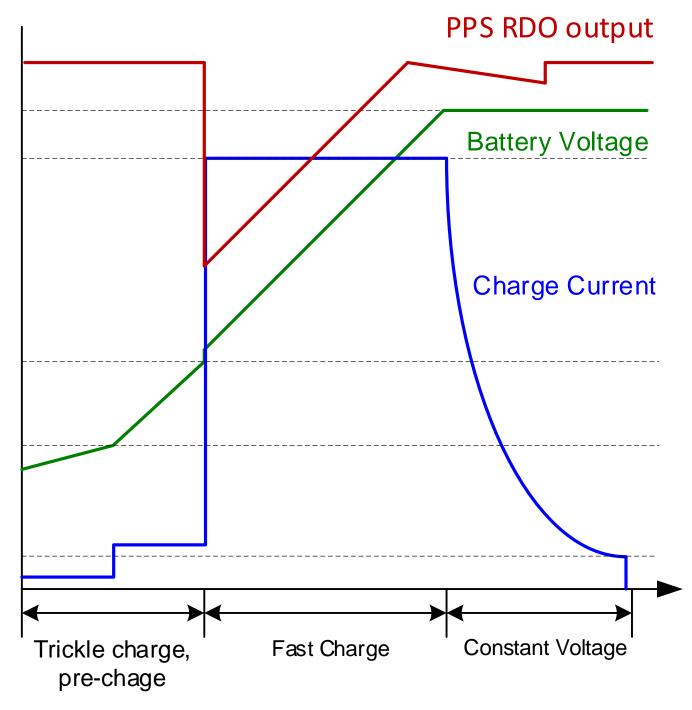




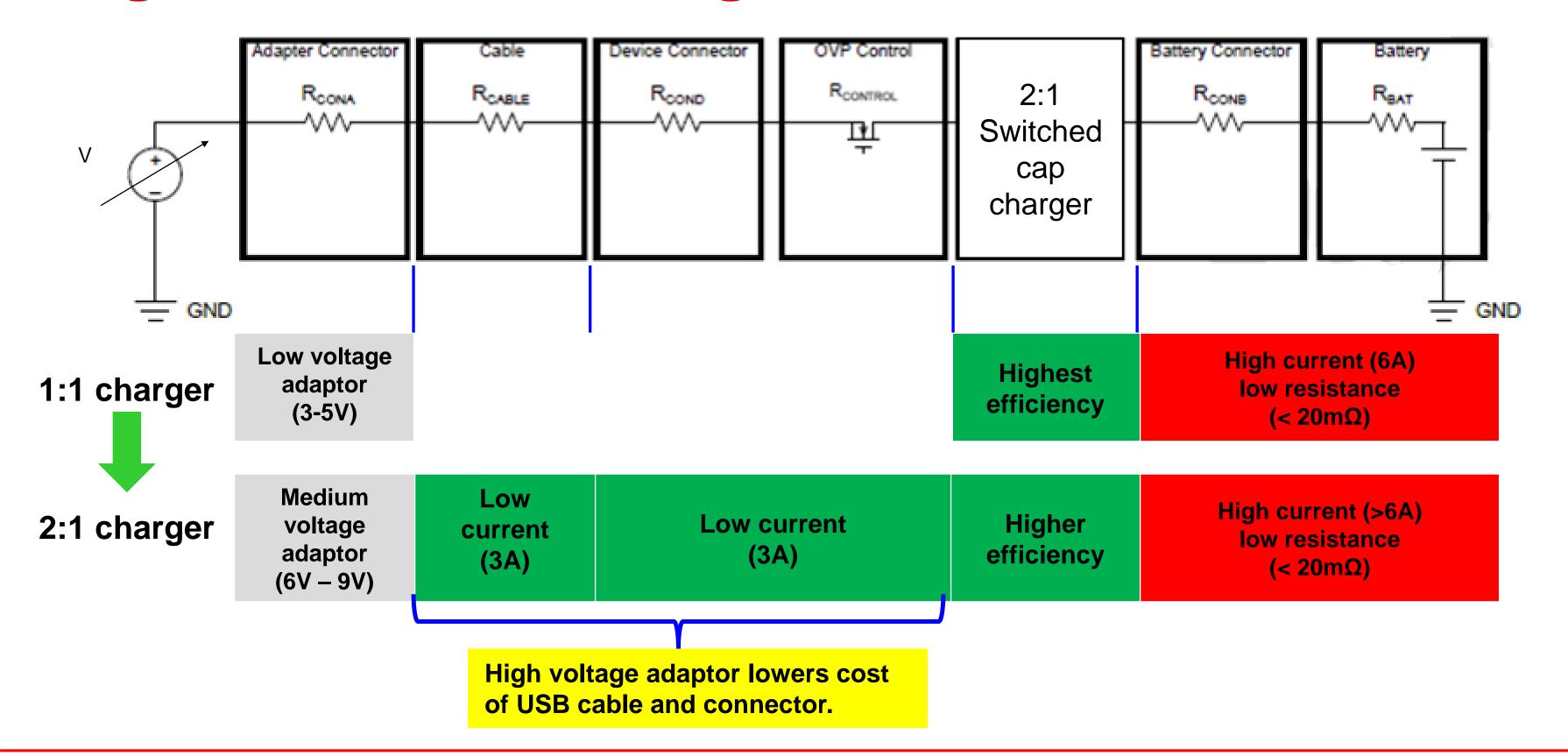


PD 3.0 offers programmable power supply

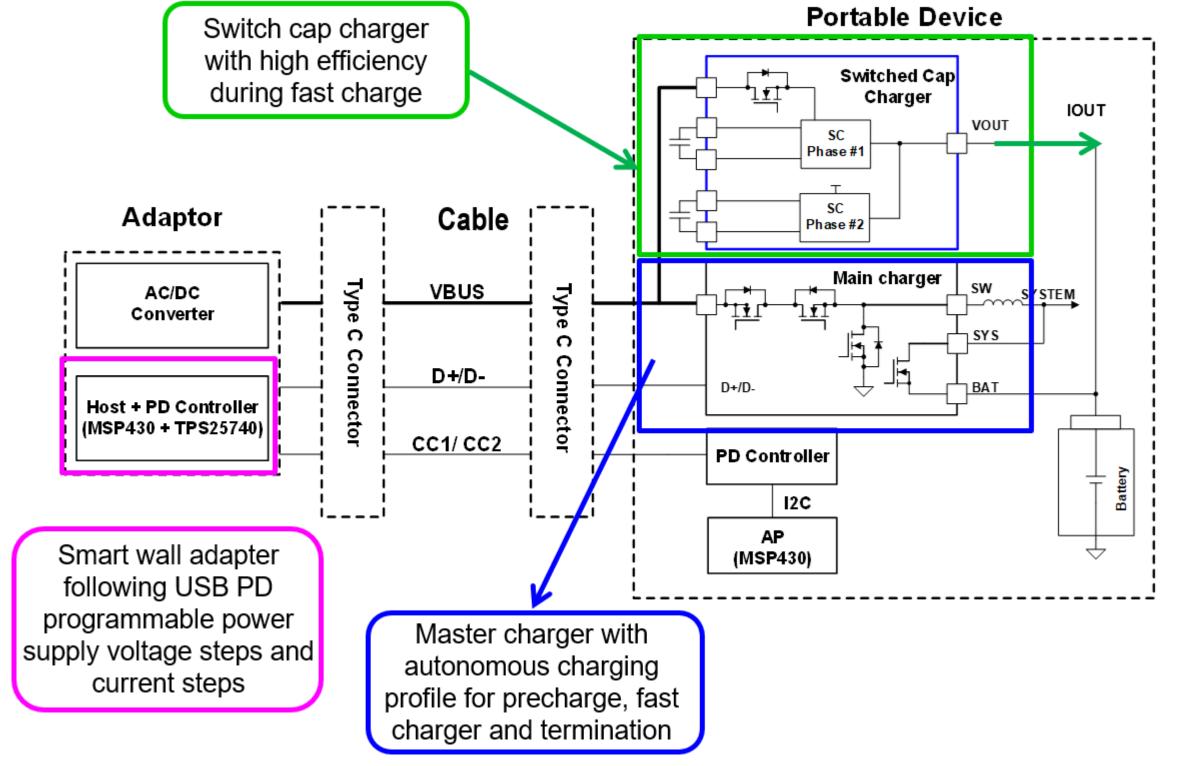
- Programmable power supply (PPS) enables sink directed charge
 - The sink adjusts its output voltage to achieve source's output target current
 - Current foldback feature is available for source to automatically limits its output current
- Sink controls the source's output voltage with 20 mV precision
- Sink controls the source's output current with 50 mA precision
- The goal is to improve efficiency in the portable devices, so less heat is generated

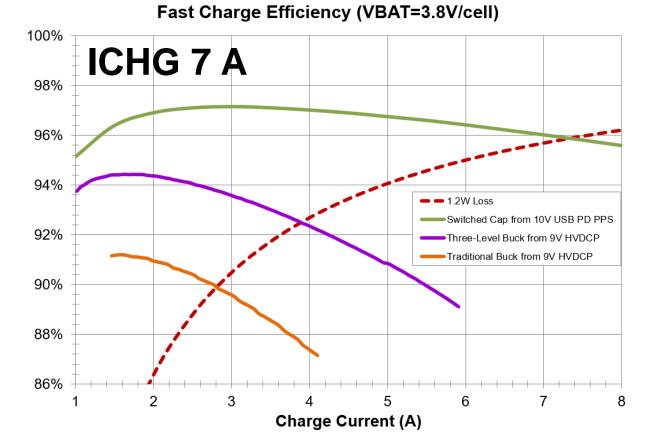


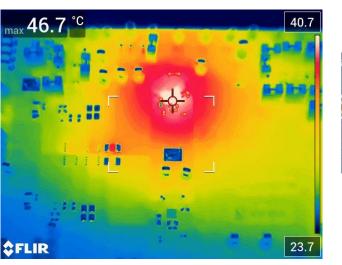
High current fast charge

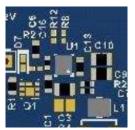


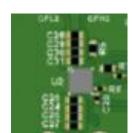
Switched cap charging configuration











IC 7mm² L 5mm²

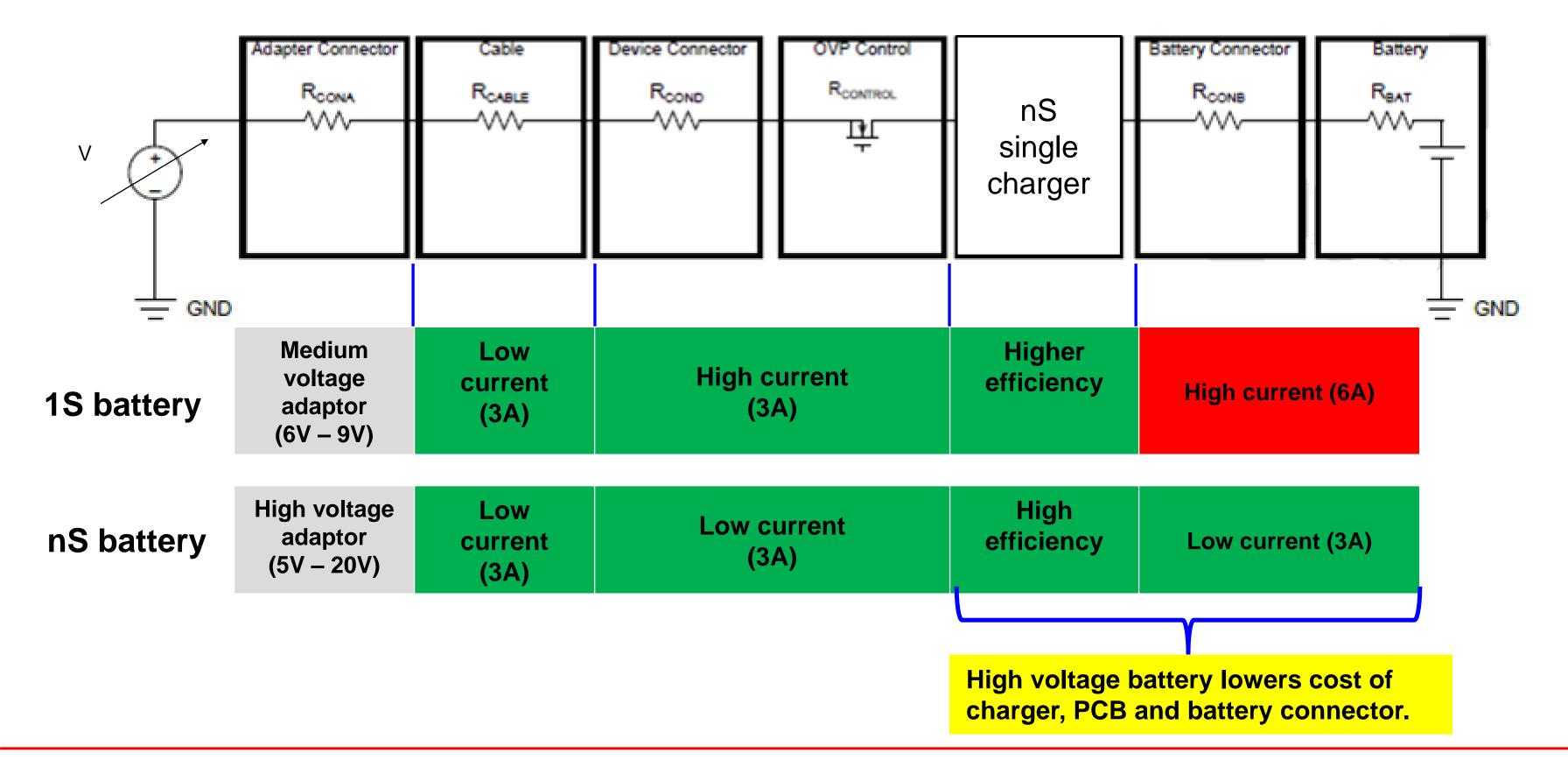
IC 9.52mm² CFLY 7.68mm²

ICHG = 6A IC temp 46.7°C

Total: 29.2mm²

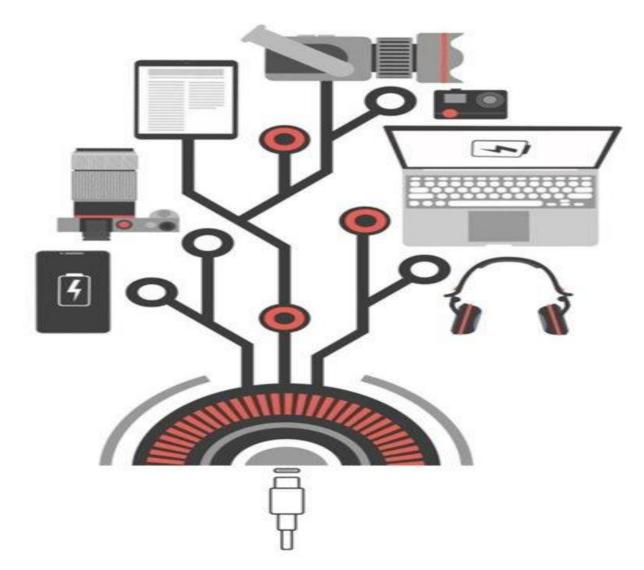
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High voltage fast charge



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USB PD-compatible multi-cell charger



- Many different applications are under the USB Type-C umbrella
- Buck boost charger provides a universal USB PD solution, increases device interoperability and reduces e-waste



High efficiency converter

Maximize power transfer and minimize system thermal dissipation.



Input source flexibility

Configurable battery voltage and charging profile to charge from wide USB spectrum.



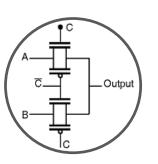
Backward compatible

Input USB range from legacy USB 1.0 5 V to recent USB PD 20 V



USB PD dual-role port configuration Bi-

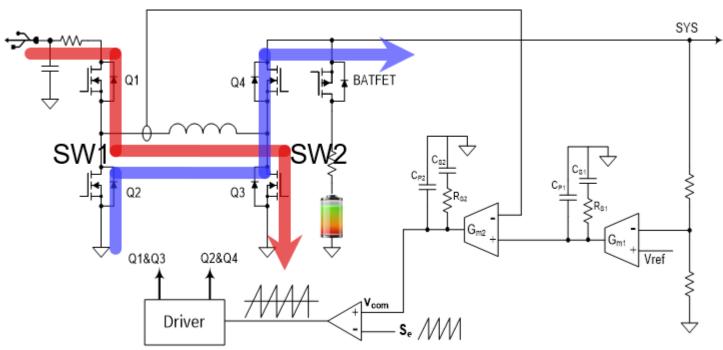
directional power path of forward charging and reverse on the go with fast role swap integrated.



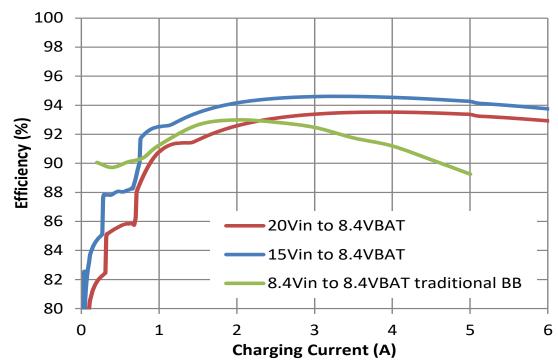
Dual-input mux

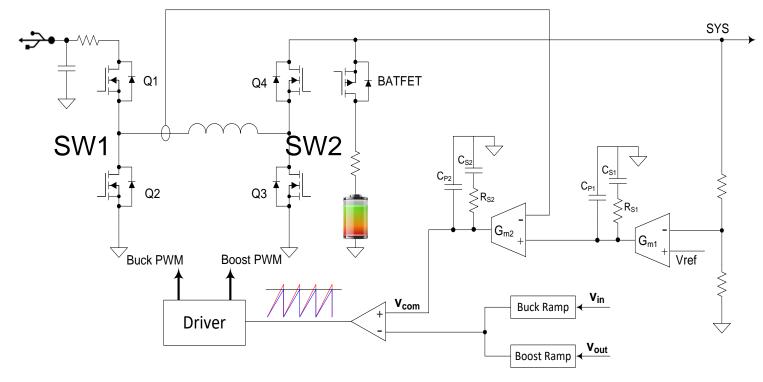
Priority-based selection of multiple wired USB, or wireless port.

Buck-boost operation

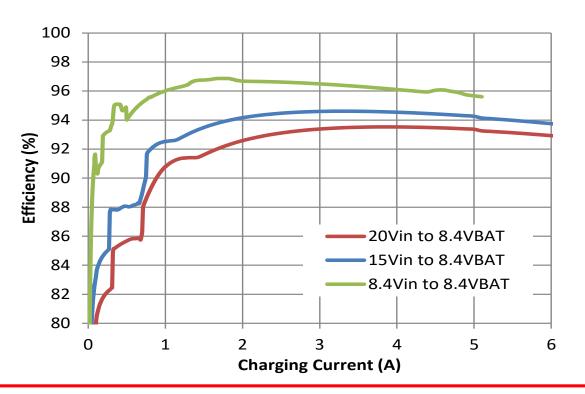


In traditional buck-boost, 4 MOSFETs switch in one cycle, equivalently doubling the switching frequency and resulting in high switching losses and a large inductor current ripple.





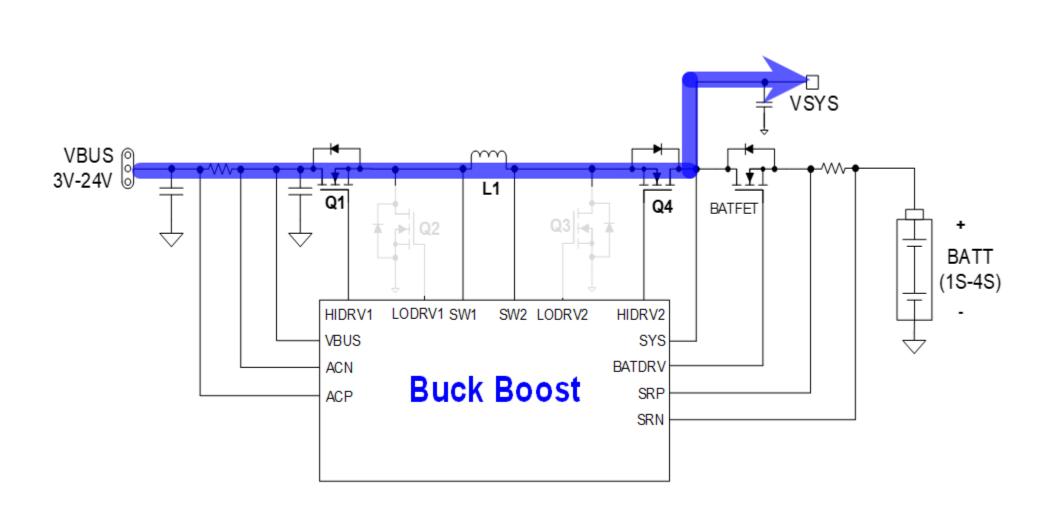
In TI's unique buck-boost operation, two PWM signals fight each other, and the dominant PWM sets the converter in normal buck and boost mode alternately.

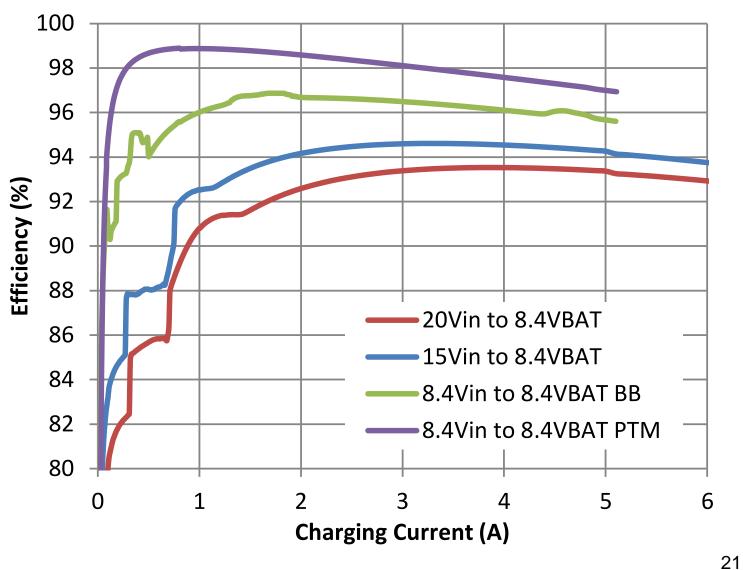


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Pass-through mode operation

- To keep Q1 and Q4 always on, keep Q2 and Q3 always off
- The input power passes through Q1, L1 and Q4 directly into the system
- Only Q1, Q4 and L1 conduction losses, negligible switching loss and no inductor core loss





High power density charging solutions

Cost effective charging system

- Single charger
- Autonomous charging without host

Moderate charging system from HVDCP

- Dual chargers with two-level or three-level buck as companion
- Autonomous charging without host

Fast charging system from USB PD with high output current

- Dual chargers with switch capacitor charger as companion
- Host active monitor during charging phase

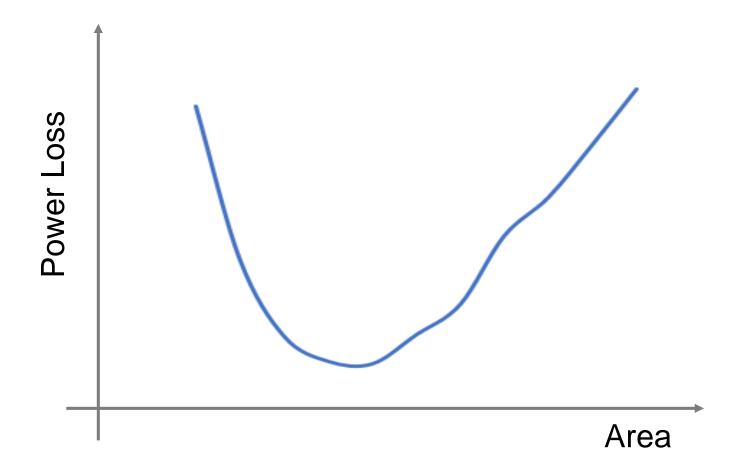
Fast charging system from USB PD with high output voltage

- Buck boost charger supports universal charging with flexible battery configurations.
- Increase output power with multi-cell battery, save cost of high current traces, connectors and cables.

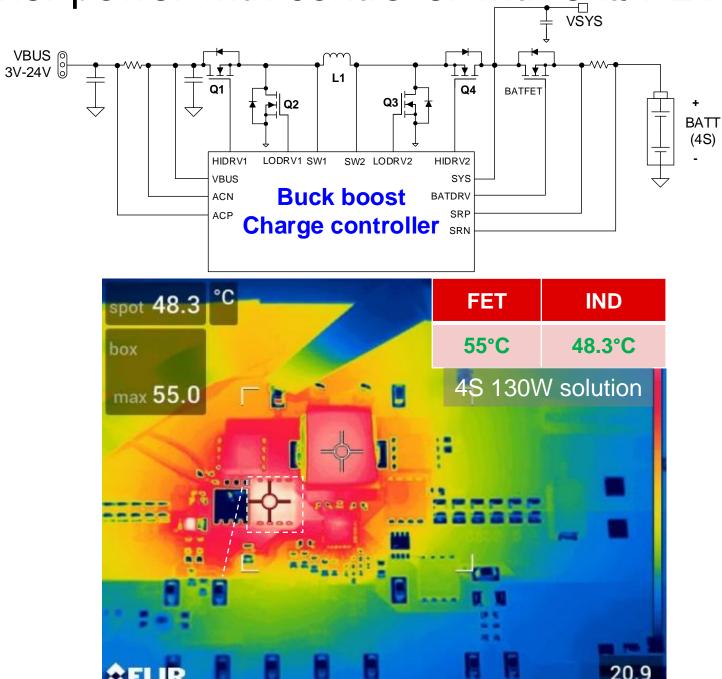
What limits the iFET solution?

Power loss!

- Switching regulator power loss:
 - Conductive lossSwitching loss
 - Gate charge loss
 Reverse recover loss
 - Deadtime lossIC bias loss



• Higher power with controller with ext. FET.



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TI switched mode charger topologies

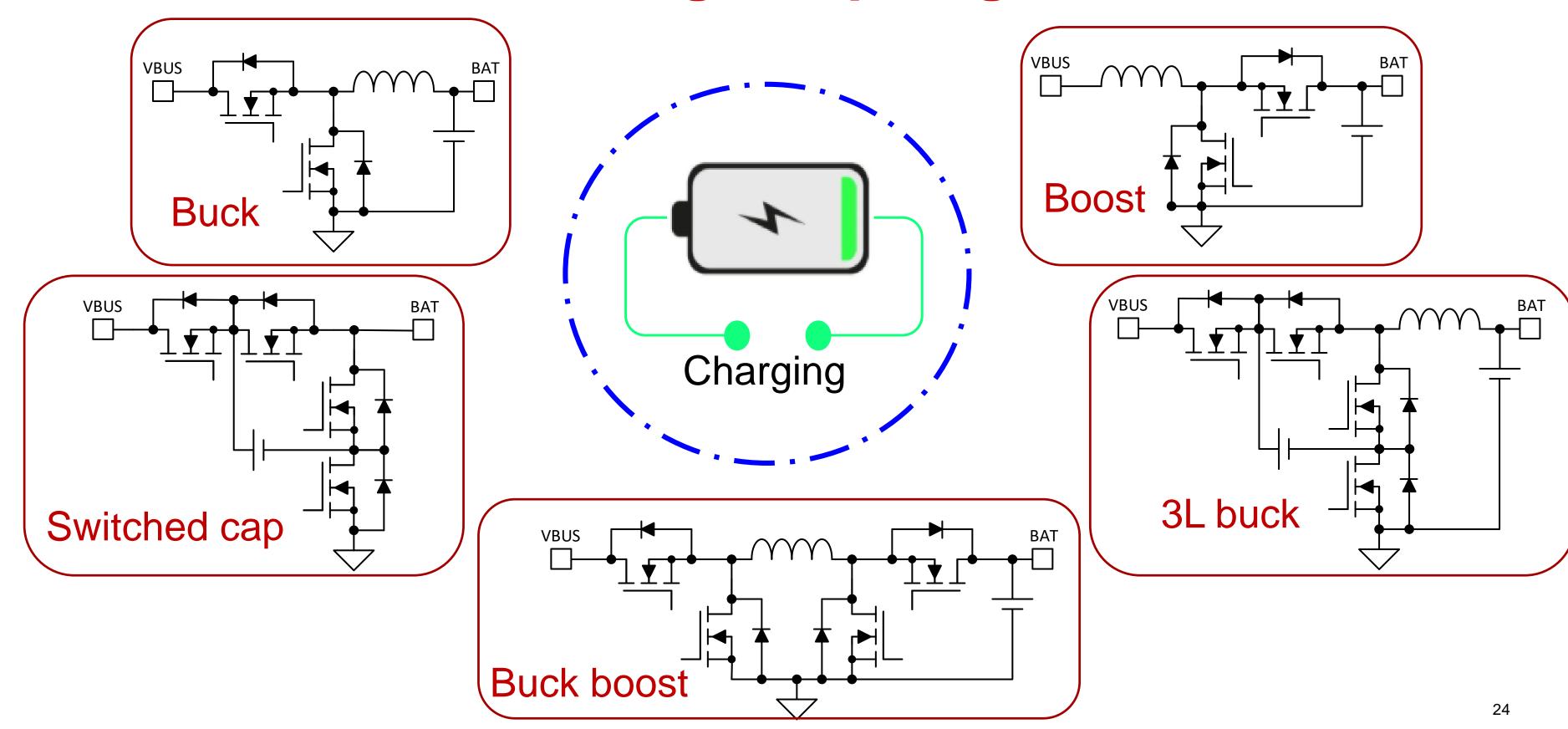
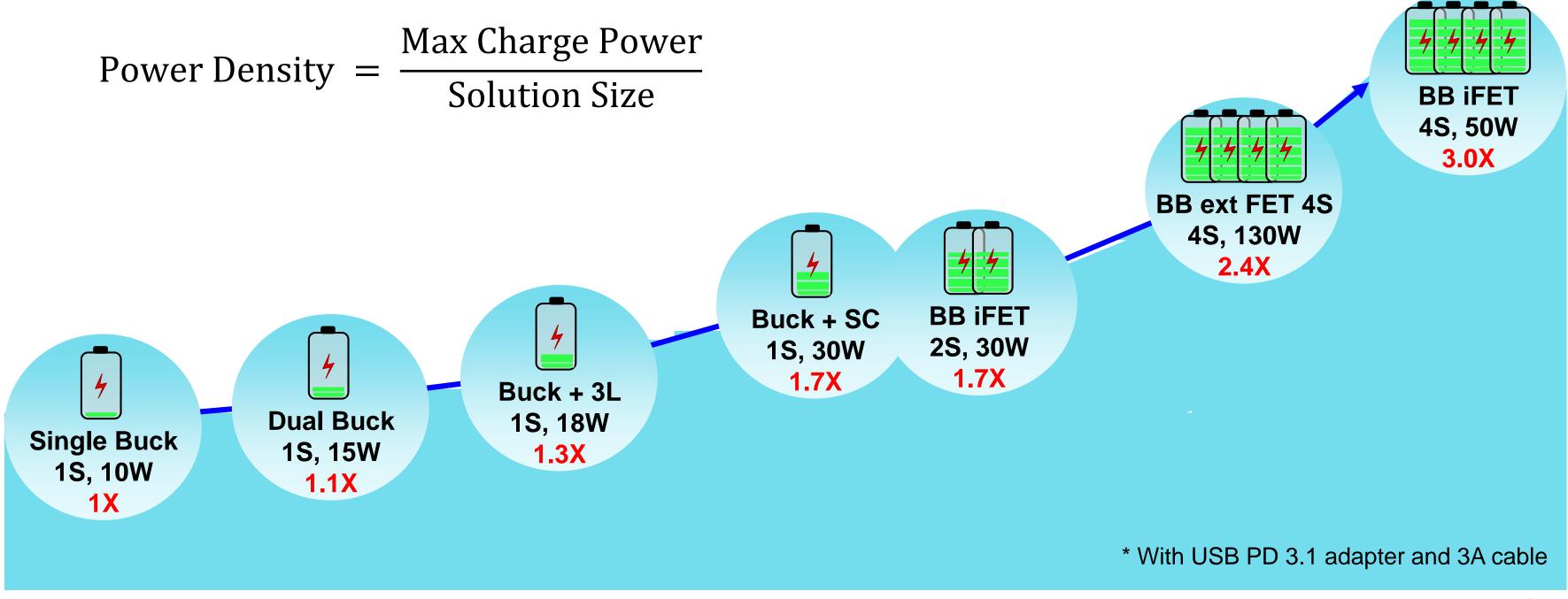


Figure of merit



Battery charger reference

Battery charger quick search tool (CQS) on Tl.com

http://www.ti.com/power-management/battery-management/charger-ics/products.html



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