

# **External Slope Compensation for UCC2897A in Some Special Applications**

Junwei Wu , Tony Huang, Hong Huang

PMP -PS Power Supply Control Products

## ABSTRACT

This paper introduces an external slope compensation circuit for the UCC2897A. It is helpful in some special applications where there is a need to set a minimum DC bias (>2.5V) at the UCC2897A FB pin. Circuit analysis and test result are given in this paper.

## Contents

1	Introduction .....	1
2	Minimum Pulse Width Issue When the FB has a Minimum DC Bias (>2.5V) .....	2
3	External Slope Compensation Circuit Design .....	4
4	Conclusion .....	6

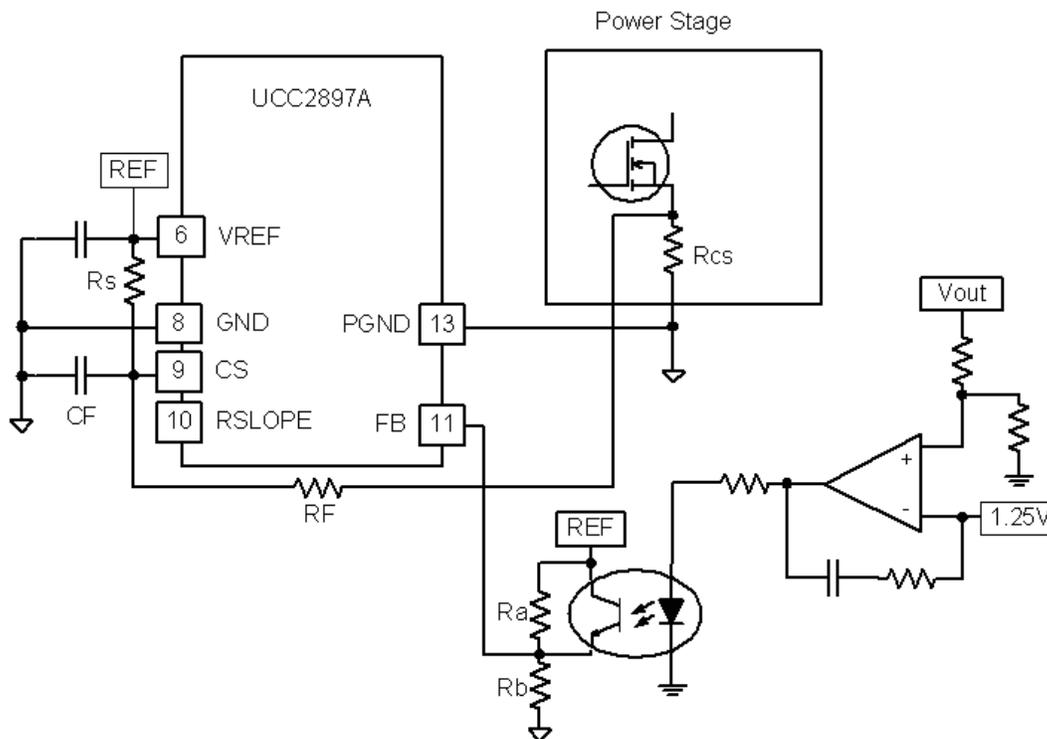
## List of Figures

1	External Slope Compensation When FB has a DC Bias (>2.5V).....	2
2	Internal Compensation When FB has a DC Bias .....	2
3	Part of the Functional Block Diagram for the UCC2897A .....	3
4	Waveforms With $V_{bias}$ at the FB Pin.....	3
5	No DC Bias Feedback Circuit With Internal Slope Compensation .....	4
6	External Compensation Circuit.....	4
7	The Waveform for External Compensation.....	5
8	Waveform With Internal Compensation When FB has 2.76V Voltage Bias.....	5
9	Waveform With External Compensation When FB has 2.76V Voltage Bias.....	6

## 1 Introduction

The slope compensation in peak current mode control has been used widely to cancel the sub-harmonic oscillation and to resolve stability issues. A power supply based on UCC2897A is configured to peak current mode control. However, different external feedback control circuitry may bring up the issue of achievable minimum duty cycle. With flexible configuration of slope compensation for UCC2897A, usually one can obtain the required minimum pulse width easily.

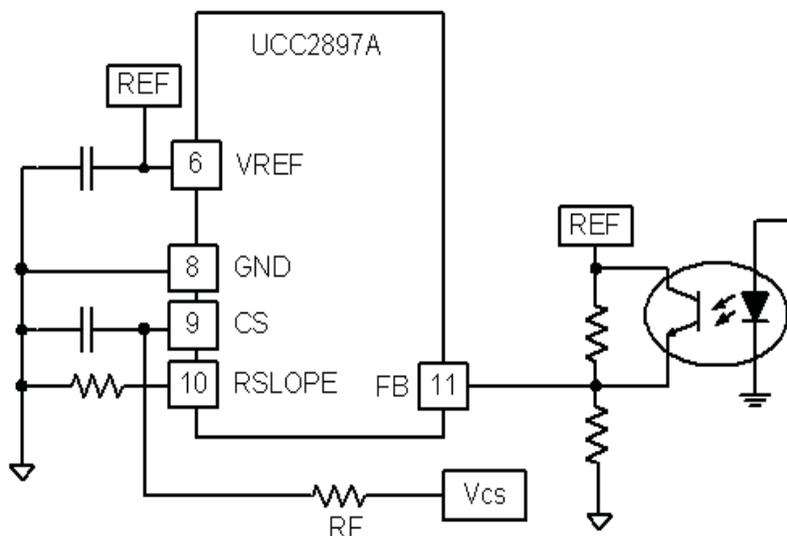
In some special applications such as the one shown in [Figure 2](#), UCC2897A FB pin is biased by a minimum DC voltage (>2.5V). Then minimum pulse width issue arises with the internal slope compensation on this condition. When this happens, we suggest an external slope compensation circuit by floating RSLOPE pin to disable the internal compensation, adding  $R_s$  between VREF pin and CS pin to get the external slope compensation. [Figure 1](#) shows our suggested external slope compensation circuit to be used when the FB has a DC bias (>2.5V).



**Figure 1. External Slope Compensation When FB has a DC Bias (>2.5V)**

## 2 Minimum Pulse Width Issue When the FB has a Minimum DC Bias (>2.5V)

If the internal slope compensation signal of [Figure 2](#) is used, UCC2897A presents minimum pulse width limitation due to the delay of the internal compensation.



**Figure 2. Internal Compensation When FB has a DC Bias**

In [Figure 2](#), the minimum DC bias for "FB" voltage is reached with the zero OPT (Opto-coupler) current.

$$\text{Minimum } V_{\text{bias}} = \text{FB}_{\text{(OPT)}} = 0 \quad (1)$$

[Figure 3](#) shows part of the functional block diagram for the UCC2897A. The current signal for the  $5 \times I_{\text{SLOPE}}$  current source has a delay compared with the RSLOPE signal.

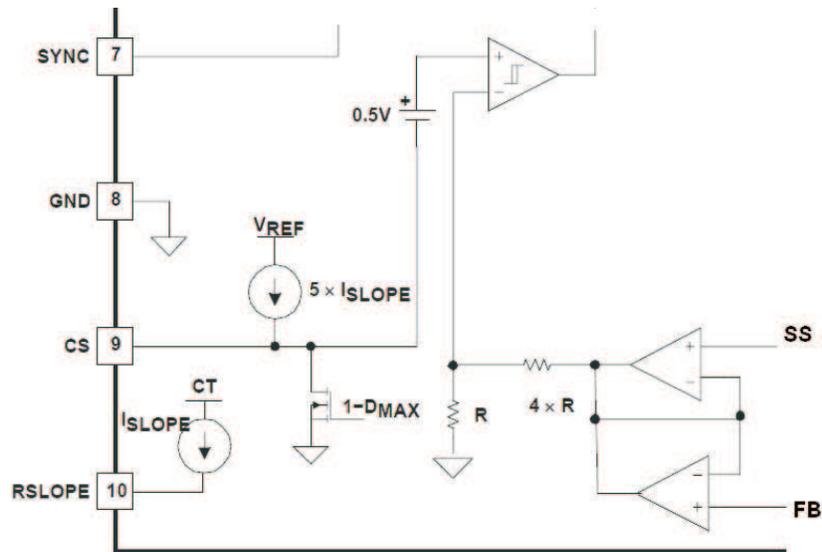


Figure 3. Part of the Functional Block Diagram for the UCC2897A

A 2.7-VDC bias voltage present on the FB pin requires the CS pin to reach 40mv, computed by:

$$0.2 \times V_{\text{bias}} - 0.5 = 0.2 \times 2.7 - 0.5 = 40\text{mV} \quad (2)$$

in order to turn off the main switch. Due to the internal delay the pulse width cannot be narrowed down to what is needed, as shown in Figure 4.

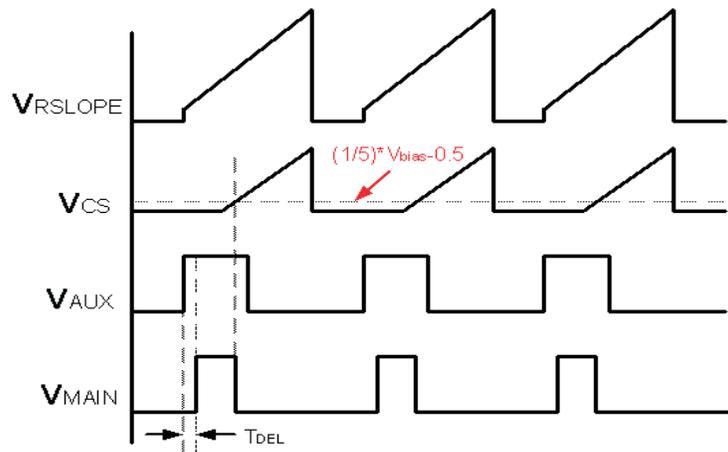


Figure 4. Waveforms With  $V_{\text{bias}}$  at the FB Pin

However, when FB voltage is not present, the DC bias in that regard can vary between VREF and 0VDC. Figure 5 shows minimum pulse width can be achieved from the internal slope signal.

$$\text{Minimum } V_{\text{bias}} = \text{FB}_{(\text{OPT}) = \text{max}} \leq 2.5 \text{ V} \quad (3)$$

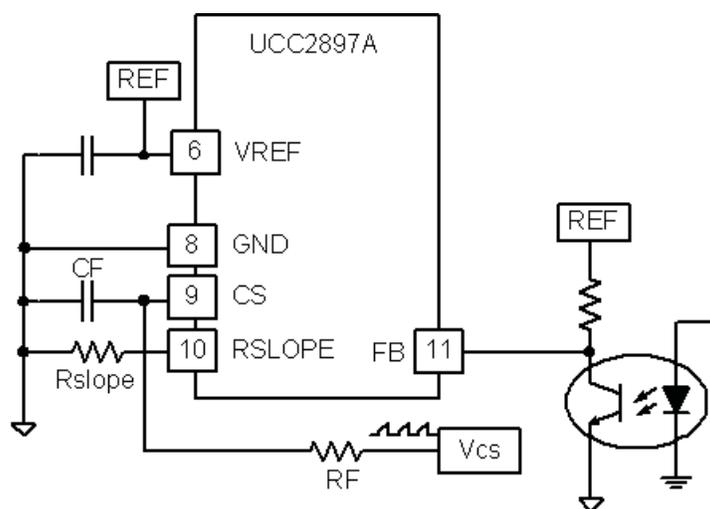


Figure 5. No DC Bias Feedback Circuit With Internal Slope Compensation

### 3 External Slope Compensation Circuit Design

The circuit shown in Figure 6 provides an external slope compensation that can help meet the minimum pulse width requirement when DC bias is present on FB pin. In such a case, let RSLOPE pin float to disable the internal compensation, and add RS between the VREF pin and CS pin to get the external slope compensation.

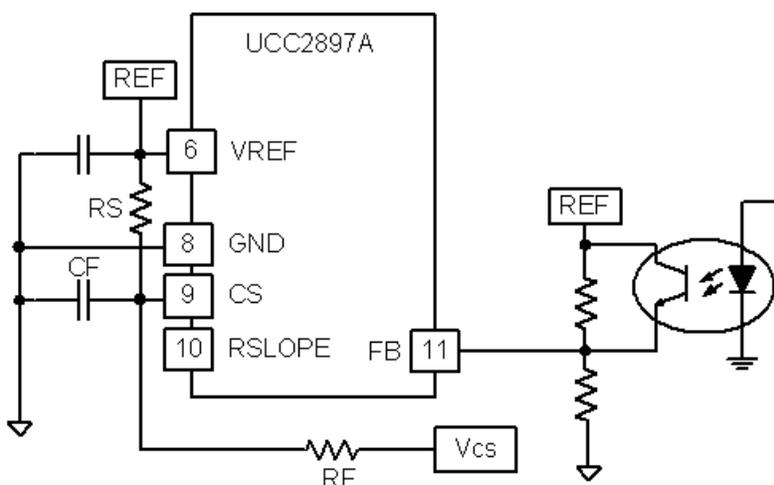


Figure 6. External Compensation Circuit

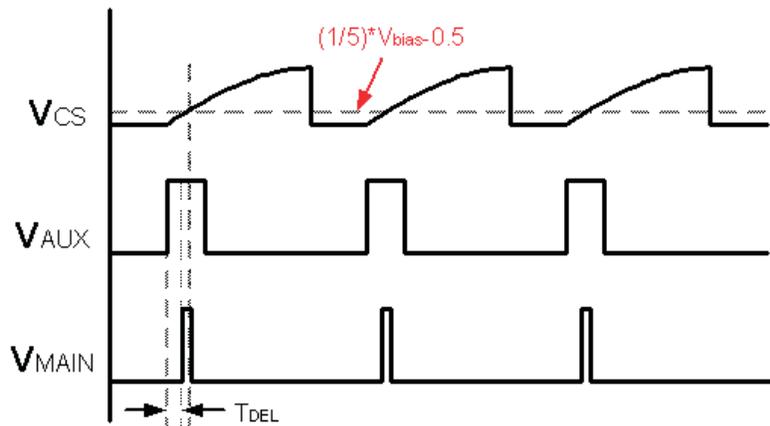


Figure 7. The Waveform for External Compensation

As shown in Figure 7, when adding the external slope compensation to the circuit, the compensation signal can rise up at the CS pin immediately; as such, the suggested slope compensation can achieve a stable and required narrow pulse width.

Figure 8 is the waveform with the internal slope compensation, captured from an actual circuit described by Figure 2. The test condition was: switching frequency = 391kHz, FB bias voltage = 2.76V, RSLOPE = 95kΩ, R<sub>F</sub> = 1.4kΩ, C<sub>F</sub> = 150pF.

Figure 9 is the waveform with the proposed external slope compensation, captured on the same circuit except for changes providing the external slope compensation; where R<sub>S</sub> = 300kΩ, C<sub>F</sub> = 150pF, and R<sub>F</sub> = 15kΩ.

With the proposed external slope compensation, the achieved minimum duty cycle is 6% while with the internal compensation, the minimum duty cycle can only be 16%.

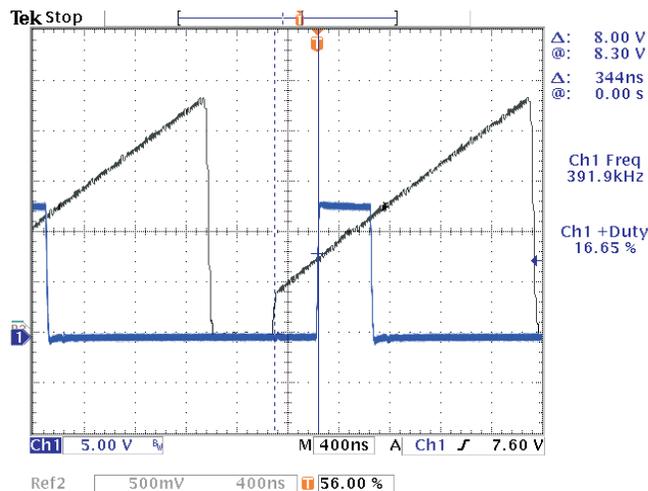
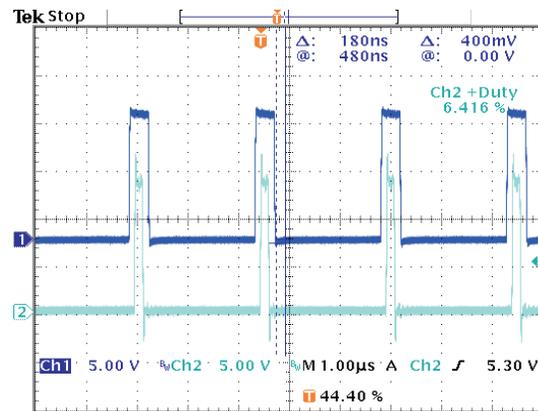


Figure 8. Waveform With Internal Compensation When FB has 2.76V Voltage Bias



**Figure 9. Waveform With External Compensation When FB has 2.76V Voltage Bias**

#### 4 Conclusion

The proposed external slope compensation can achieve the required minimum pulse width when the FB pin of the UCC2897A presents a DC bias.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

<b>Products</b>		<b>Applications</b>	
Amplifiers	<a href="http://amplifier.ti.com">amplifier.ti.com</a>	Audio	<a href="http://www.ti.com/audio">www.ti.com/audio</a>
Data Converters	<a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>	Automotive	<a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>
DLP® Products	<a href="http://www.dlp.com">www.dlp.com</a>	Communications and Telecom	<a href="http://www.ti.com/communications">www.ti.com/communications</a>
DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>	Computers and Peripherals	<a href="http://www.ti.com/computers">www.ti.com/computers</a>
Clocks and Timers	<a href="http://www.ti.com/clocks">www.ti.com/clocks</a>	Consumer Electronics	<a href="http://www.ti.com/consumer-apps">www.ti.com/consumer-apps</a>
Interface	<a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>	Energy	<a href="http://www.ti.com/energy">www.ti.com/energy</a>
Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>	Industrial	<a href="http://www.ti.com/industrial">www.ti.com/industrial</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>	Medical	<a href="http://www.ti.com/medical">www.ti.com/medical</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>	Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>	Space, Avionics & Defense	<a href="http://www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense">www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense</a>
RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions	<a href="http://www.ti.com/lprf">www.ti.com/lprf</a>	Video and Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>
		Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/wireless-apps">www.ti.com/wireless-apps</a>

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265  
Copyright © 2010, Texas Instruments Incorporated