1 Features

- High-Performance 1:2, 1:3, 1:4, 1:6, 1:8, 1:10, 1:12 LVCMOS Clock Buffer Family
- Very Low Pin-to-Pin Skew < 50 ps
- Very Low Additive Jitter < 100 fs
- Supply Voltage: 3.3 V or 2.5 V
- \( f_{\text{max}} = 250 \text{ MHz for 3.3 V} \)
- \( f_{\text{max}} = 180 \text{ MHz for 2.5 V} \)
- Operating Temperature Range: –40°C to 85°C
- Available in 8-, 14-, 16-, 20-, 24-Pin TSSOP Package (All Pin-Compatible)

2 Applications

General-Purpose Communication, Industrial, and Consumer Applications

3 Description

The CDCLVC11xx is a modular, high-performance, low-skew, general-purpose clock buffer family from Texas Instruments.

The entire family is designed with a modular approach in mind. It is intended to round up TI's series of LVCMOS clock generators.

Seven different fan-out variations, 1:2 to 1:12, are available. All of the devices are pin-compatible to each other for easy handling.

All family members share the same high performing characteristics such as low additive jitter, low skew, and wide operating temperature range.

The CDCLVC11xx supports an asynchronous output enable control (1G) which switches the outputs into a low state when 1G is low.

The CDCLVC11xx family operates in a 2.5-V and 3.3-V environment and are characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

Device Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>PACKAGE</th>
<th>BODY SIZE (NOM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1102</td>
<td>TSSOP (8)</td>
<td>3.00 mm × 4.40 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1103</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1104</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1106</td>
<td>TSSOP (14)</td>
<td>5.00 mm × 4.40 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1108</td>
<td>TSSOP (16)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1110</td>
<td>TSSOP (20)</td>
<td>6.50 mm × 4.40 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDCLVC1112</td>
<td>TSSOP (24)</td>
<td>7.80 mm × 4.40 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Functional Block Diagram
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4 Revision History

Changes from Revision A (October 2014) to Revision B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Changed Packaging name from TTSOP to TSSOP in Device Information Table</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Changed CDCLVC1110 Y8 pin number from: 10 to: 12</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Changed CDCLVC1110 Y9 pin number from: — to: 10</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Moved T&lt;sub&gt;stg&lt;/sub&gt; from ESD Ratings to Absolute Maximum Ratings</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Added Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates and Community Resources sections</td>
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Changes from Original (May 2010) to Revision A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Changes</th>
<th>Page</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

### PW Package

**8-, 14-, 16-, 20, 24-Pin TSSOP**

**Top View**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>VCC</td>
<td>Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>VCC</td>
<td>Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Pin Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CDCLVC1102</th>
<th>CDCLVC1103</th>
<th>CDCLVC1104</th>
<th>CDCLVC1106</th>
<th>CDCLVC1108</th>
<th>CDCLVC1110</th>
<th>CDCLVC1112</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LVCMOS CLOCK INPUT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLINK</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1G</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>Y0</td>
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</table>
## Pin Functions (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1102</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1103</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1104</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1106</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1108</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1110</th>
<th>CDCLVC 1112</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**TYPE**

GND

**DESCRIPTION**

Device ground
6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{DD}$</strong> Supply voltage</td>
<td>–0.5</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{IN}$</strong> Input voltage (2)</td>
<td>–0.5</td>
<td>$V_{DD} + 0.5$</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{O}$</strong> Output voltage (2)</td>
<td>–0.5</td>
<td>$V_{DD} + 0.5$</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$I_{IN}$</strong> Input current</td>
<td>–20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$I_{O}$</strong> Continuous output current</td>
<td>–50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$T_{J}$</strong> Maximum junction temperature</td>
<td>125</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$T_{stg}$</strong> Storage temperature</td>
<td>–65</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.

6.2 ESD Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Electrostatic discharge</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{(ESD)}$</strong> Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)</td>
<td>±4000</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)</td>
<td>±1500</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>NOM</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{DD}$</strong> Supply voltage</td>
<td>3.3 V supply</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.5 V supply</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{IL}$</strong> Low-level input voltage</td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$V_{DD}/2 - 600$</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$V_{DD}/2 - 400$</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{IH}$</strong> High-level input voltage</td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$V_{DD}/2 + 600$</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$V_{DD}/2 + 400$</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$V_{in}$</strong> Input threshold voltage</td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$V_{DD}/2$</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$t_r$</strong> Input slew rate</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4 V/ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$t_w$</strong> Minimum pulse width at CLKIN</td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$f_{CLK}$</strong> LVCMOS clock Input Frequency</td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>DC</td>
<td>250 MHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$V_{DD} = 2.3 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>DC</td>
<td>180 MHz</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$T_A$</strong> Operating free-air temperature</td>
<td>–40</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.4 Thermal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>THERMAL METRIC (1)</th>
<th>CDCLVC1102</th>
<th>CDCLVC1103</th>
<th>CDCLVC1106</th>
<th>CDCLVC1108</th>
<th>CDCLVC1110</th>
<th>CDCLVC1112</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
<td>PW (TSSOP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R_{JA}</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance</td>
<td>149.4</td>
<td>112.6</td>
<td>108.4</td>
<td>83.0</td>
<td>87.9</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R_{JC(top)}</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance</td>
<td>69.4</td>
<td>48.0</td>
<td>33.6</td>
<td>32.3</td>
<td>26.5</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.
(2) The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance under natural convection is obtained in a simulation on a JEDEC-standard, high-K board, as specified in JESD51-7, in an environment described in JESD51-2a.
(3) The junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance is obtained by simulating a cold plate test on the package top. No specific JEDEC-standard test exists, but a close description can be found in the ANSI SEMI standard G30-88.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>TEST CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP (1)</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I_{DD}</td>
<td>Static device current (2)</td>
<td>1G = V_{DD}; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD}; I_{O} = 0 mA; V_{DD} = 3.6 V</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1G = V_{DD}; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD}; I_{O} = 0 mA; V_{DD} = 2.7 V</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_{PD}</td>
<td>Power-down current</td>
<td>1G = 0 V; CLKIN = 0 V or V_{DD}; I_{O} = 0 mA; V_{DD} = 3.6 V or 2.7 V</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td>μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C_{PD}</td>
<td>Power dissipation capacitance per output (3)</td>
<td>V_{DD} = 3.3 V; f = 10 MHz</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{DD} = 2.5 V; f = 10 MHz</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_{i}</td>
<td>Input leakage current at 1G</td>
<td>V_{i} = 0 V or V_{DD}, V_{DD} = 3.6 V or 2.7 V</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input leakage current at CLKIN</td>
<td>V_{i} = 0 V or V_{DD}, V_{DD} = 3.6 V or 2.7 V</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R_{OUT}</td>
<td>Output impedance</td>
<td>V_{DD} = 3.3 V</td>
<td>45</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ω</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{DD} = 2.5 V</td>
<td>60</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f_{OUT}</td>
<td>Output frequency</td>
<td>V_{DD} = 3 V to 3.6 V</td>
<td>DC</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V_{DD} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V</td>
<td>DC</td>
<td>180</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OUTPUT PARAMETERS FOR V_{DD} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OH} = –0.1 mA | 2.9 | | V |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OH} = –8 mA | 2.5 | | |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OH} = –12 mA | 2.2 | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OL} = 0.1 mA | 0.1 | | V |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OL} = 8 mA | 0.5 | | |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 3 V, I_{OL} = 12 mA | 0.8 | | |

OUTPUT PARAMETERS FOR V_{DD} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V

| V_{OH} | High-level output voltage | V_{DD} = 2.3 V, I_{OH} = –0.1 mA | 2.2 | | V |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 2.3 V, I_{OH} = –8 mA | 1.7 | | |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output voltage | V_{DD} = 2.3 V, I_{OL} = 0.1 mA | 0.1 | | V |
|        |                            | V_{DD} = 2.3 V, I_{OL} = 8 mA | 0.5 | | |

(1) All typical values are at respective nominal V_{DD}. For switching characteristics, outputs are terminated to 50 Ω to V_{DD}/2 (see Figure 3).
(2) For dynamic I_{DD} over frequency see and Figure 1.
(3) This is the formula for the power dissipation calculation (see and the Power Considerations section).

\[ P_{\text{tot}} = P_{\text{stat}} + P_{\text{dyn}} + P_{\text{Cload}} \]
\[ P_{\text{stat}} = V_{\text{DD}} \times I_{\text{DD}} \]
\[ P_{\text{dyn}} = C_{\text{PD}} \times V_{\text{DD}}^2 \times f \]
\[ P_{\text{Cload}} = C_{\text{load}} \times V_{\text{DD}}^2 \times f \times n \]
\[ n = \text{Number of switching output pins} \]
6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
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<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
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<td>2.0</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;sk(o)&lt;/sub&gt; Output skew</td>
<td>Equal load of each output</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>ps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>f&lt;sub&gt;R&lt;/sub&gt; Rise and fall time</td>
<td>20%–80% (V&lt;sub&gt;OH&lt;/sub&gt; - V&lt;sub&gt;OL&lt;/sub&gt;)</td>
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<td>0.8</td>
<td>ns</td>
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<tr>
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<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>To be measured with input duty cycle of 50%</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>ps</td>
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<td>fs</td>
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**OUTPUT PARAMETERS FOR V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V**

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<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
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<td>2.0</td>
<td>ns</td>
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<tr>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;sk(o)&lt;/sub&gt; Output skew</td>
<td>Equal load of each output</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>ps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>f&lt;sub&gt;R&lt;/sub&gt; Rise and fall time</td>
<td>20%–80% (V&lt;sub&gt;OH&lt;/sub&gt; - V&lt;sub&gt;OL&lt;/sub&gt;)</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;DIS&lt;/sub&gt; Output disable time</td>
<td>1G to Yn</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;N&lt;/sub&gt; Output enable time</td>
<td>1G to Yn</td>
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<td>t&lt;sub&gt;sk(p)&lt;/sub&gt; Pulse skew ; t&lt;sub&gt;PLH(Yn)&lt;/sub&gt; – t&lt;sub&gt;PHL(Yn)&lt;/sub&gt; (1)</td>
<td>To be measured with input duty cycle of 50%</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;sk(pp)&lt;/sub&gt; Part-to-part skew</td>
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<td>0.5</td>
<td>ns</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<td>100</td>
<td>fs</td>
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**OUTPUT PARAMETERS FOR V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V**

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<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
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<td>ps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f&lt;sub&gt;R&lt;/sub&gt; Rise and fall time</td>
<td>20%–80% (V&lt;sub&gt;OH&lt;/sub&gt; - V&lt;sub&gt;OL&lt;/sub&gt;)</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;DIS&lt;/sub&gt; Output disable time</td>
<td>1G to Yn</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;N&lt;/sub&gt; Output enable time</td>
<td>1G to Yn</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;sk(p)&lt;/sub&gt; Pulse skew ; t&lt;sub&gt;PLH(Yn)&lt;/sub&gt; – t&lt;sub&gt;PHL(Yn)&lt;/sub&gt; (1)</td>
<td>To be measured with input duty cycle of 50%</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>ps</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;sk(pp)&lt;/sub&gt; Part-to-part skew</td>
<td>Under equal operating conditions for two parts</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>ns</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t&lt;sub&gt;sk(jitter)&lt;/sub&gt; Additive jitter rms (2)</td>
<td>12 kHz to 20 MHz, f&lt;sub&gt;OUT&lt;/sub&gt; = 180 MHz</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>fs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) t<sub>sk(i)</sub>(p) depends on output rise- and fall-time (t<sub>R</sub>/t<sub>F</sub>). The output duty-cycle can be calculated: odc = (t<sub>PW(OUT)</sub> ± t<sub>sk(p)</sub>/t<sub>period</sub>; t<sub>PW(OUT)</sub> is pulse-width of output waveform and t<sub>period</sub> is 1/f<sub>OUT</sub>.
(2) Parameter is specified by characterization. Not tested in production.

6.7 Typical Characteristics

**Figure 1. Device Power Consumption vs Clock Frequency**

**Figure 2. Dynamic Supply Current vs Clock Frequency**

---

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7 Parameter Measurement Information

![Test Load Circuit](image1)

**Figure 3. Test Load Circuit**

![Application Load With 50-Ω Line Termination](image2)

**Figure 4. Application Load With 50-Ω Line Termination**

![Application Load With Series Line Termination](image3)

**Figure 5. Application Load With Series Line Termination**

![t_DIS and t_EN for Disable Low](image4)

**Figure 6. t_DIS and t_EN for Disable Low**

![Output Skew t_sk(o)](image5)

**Figure 7. Output Skew t_sk(o)**
Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

Note: $t_{sk(p)} = |t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$

Figure 8. Pulse Skew $t_{sk(p)}$ and Propagation Delay $t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}$

Figure 9. Rise/Fall Times $t_r/t_f$
8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview
The CDCLVC11xx family of devices is a low-jitter and low-skew LVCMOS fan-out buffer solution. For best signal integrity, it is important to match the characteristic impedance of the CDCLVC11xx’s output driver with that of the transmission line. Figure 5 and Figure 6 show the proper configuration per configuration for both $V_{DD} = 3.3 \, \text{V}$ and $V_{DD} = 2.5 \, \text{V}$. TI recommends placing the series resistor close to the driver to minimize signal reflection.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram

![Diagram]

Table 1. Output Logic Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUTS</th>
<th>1G</th>
<th>OUTPUTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CLKIN</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>Yn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.3 Feature Description
The outputs of the CDCLVC11xx can be disabled by driving the asynchronous output enable pin (1G) low. Unused output can be left floating to reduce overall system component cost. All supply and ground pins must be connected to $V_{DD}$ and GND, respectively.

8.4 Device Functional Modes
The CDCLVC11xx operates from supplies between 2.5 V and 3.3 V.
9 Application and Implementation

NOTE
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI’s customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information
The CDCLVC11xx family is a low additive jitter LVCMOS buffer solution that can operate up to 250 MHz at and 180 MHz at $V_{DD} = 2.5$ V. Low output skew as well as the ability for asynchronous output enable is featured to simultaneously enable or disable buffered clock outputs as necessary in the application.

9.2 Typical Application

![Figure 10. Example System Configuration](image)

9.2.1 Design Requirements
The CDCLVC11xx shown in Figure 10 is configured to fan out a 100-MHz signal from a local LVCMOS oscillator. The CPU is configured to control the output state through 1G.

The configuration example is driving three LVCMOS receivers in a backplane application with the following properties:

- The CPU clock can accept a full swing DC-coupled LVCMOS signal. A series resistor is placed near the CDCLVC11xx to closely match the characteristic impedance of the trace to minimize reflections.
- The FPGA clock is similarly DC-coupled with an appropriate series resistor placed near the CDCLVC11xx.
- The PLL in this example can accept a lower amplitude signal, so a Thevenin's equivalent termination is used. The PLL receiver features internal biasing, so AC coupling can be used when common-mode voltage is mismatched.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure
Refer to Figure 5 and the Electrical Characteristics table to determine the appropriate series resistance needed for matching the output impedance of the CDCLVC11xx to that of the characteristic impedance of the transmission line.

Unused outputs can be left floating. See the Power Supply Recommendations section for recommended filtering techniques.
Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curves

The low additive jitter of the CDCLVC11xx can be shown in the previous application example. The low-noise 100-MHz XO with 26-fs RMS jitter drives the CDCLVC11xx, resulting in 86-fs RMS jitter when integrated from 12 kHz to 20 MHz. The resultant additive jitter is a low 82-fs RMS for this configuration.

10 Power Supply Recommendations

High-performance clock buffers are sensitive to noise on the power supply, which can dramatically increase the additive jitter of the buffer. Thus, it is essential to reduce noise from the system power supply, especially when the jitter and phase noise is critical to applications.

Filter capacitors are used to eliminate the low-frequency noise from the power supply, where the bypass capacitors provide the very low impedance path for high-frequency noise and guards the power supply system against induced fluctuations. These bypass capacitors also provide instantaneous current surges as required by the device and should have low equivalent series resistance (ESR). To properly use the bypass capacitors, they must be placed very close to the power-supply terminals and laid out with short loops to minimize inductance. TI recommends adding as many high-frequency (for example, 0.1 µF) bypass capacitors, as there are supply terminals in the package. TI recommends, but does not require, inserting a ferrite bead between the board power supply and the chip power supply that isolates the high-frequency switching noises generated by the clock buffer; these beads prevent the switching noise from leaking into the board supply. It is imperative to choose an appropriate ferrite bead with very low DC resistance to provide adequate isolation between the board supply and the chip supply, as well as to maintain a voltage at the supply terminals that is greater than the minimum voltage required for proper operation.
Figure 13 shows this recommended power supply decoupling method.

![Figure 13. Power Supply Decoupling](image)

### 10.1 Power Considerations

The following power consideration refers to the device-consumed power consumption only. The device power consumption is the sum of static power and dynamic power. The dynamic power usage consists of two components:

- Power used by the device as it switches states.
- Power required to charge any output load.

The output load can be capacitive only or capacitive and resistive. The following formula and the power graphs in and Figure 1 can be used to obtain the power consumption of the device:

\[
P_{\text{dev}} = P_{\text{stat}} + n (P_{\text{dyn}} + P_{\text{Cload}})
\]

\[
P_{\text{stat}} = V_{\text{DD}} \times I_{\text{DD}}
\]

\[
P_{\text{dyn}} + P_{\text{Cload}} = \text{see and Figure 1}
\]

where:

- \(V_{\text{DD}}\) = Supply voltage (or 2.5 V)
- \(I_{\text{DD}}\) = Static device current (typical 6 mA for \(V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3\) V; typical 3 mA for \(V_{\text{DD}} = 2.5\) V)
- \(n\) = Number of switching output pins

Example for device power consumption for CDCLVC1104: four outputs are switching, \(f = 120\) MHz, \(V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3\) V, and \(C_{\text{load}} = 2\) pF per output:

\[
P_{\text{dev}} = P_{\text{stat}} + n (P_{\text{dyn}} + P_{\text{Cload}}) = 19.8\ \text{mW} + 40\ \text{mW} = 59.8\ \text{mW}
\]

\[
P_{\text{stat}} = V_{\text{DD}} \times I_{\text{DD}} = 6\ \text{mA} \times 3.3\ \text{V} = 19.8\ \text{mW}
\]

\[
n (P_{\text{dyn}} + P_{\text{Cload}}) = 4 \times 10\ \text{mW} = 40\ \text{mW}
\]

**NOTE**

For dimensioning the power supply, the total power consumption must be considered. The total power consumption is the sum of the device power consumption and the power consumption of the load.
11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Figure 14 shows a conceptual layout detailing recommended placement of power supply bypass capacitors. For component side mounting, use 0402 body size capacitors to facilitate signal routing. Keep the connections between the bypass capacitors and the power supply on the device as short as possible. Ground the other side of the capacitor using a low-impedance connection to the ground plane.

11.2 Layout Example

Figure 14. PCB Conceptual Layout
12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Related Links
The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

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<th>PRODUCT FOLDER</th>
<th>SAMPLE &amp; BUY</th>
<th>TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS</th>
<th>TOOLS &amp; SOFTWARE</th>
<th>SUPPORT &amp; COMMUNITY</th>
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12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates
To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on Alert me to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resources
The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community Ti's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support Ti's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.4 Trademarks
E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution
These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.6 Glossary
SLYZ022 — Ti Glossary.
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information
The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

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<th>Orderable Device</th>
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<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Package Qty</th>
<th>Eco Plan</th>
<th>Lead finish/ Ball material</th>
<th>MSL Peak Temp</th>
<th>Op Temp (°C)</th>
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<td>RoHS &amp; Green</td>
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</table>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
- **ACTIVE**: Product device recommended for new designs.
- **LIFEBUY**: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
- **NRND**: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
- **PREVIEW**: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
- **OBSOLETE**: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS**: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### REEL DIMENSIONS

- **Reel Diameter**
- **Reel Width (W1)**

### TAPE DIMENSIONS

- **A0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
- **B0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
- **K0**: Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
- **W**: Overall width of the carrier tape
- **P1**: Pitch between successive cavity centers

### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

- **Pocket Quadrants**
- **Sprocket Holes**
- **User Direction of Feed**

*All dimensions are nominal*

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
<th>Reel Diameter (mm)</th>
<th>Reel Width W1 (mm)</th>
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<th>B0 (mm)</th>
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## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

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*All dimensions are nominal*
### TUBE

**Dimensions:**
- **T** - Tube height
- **L** - Tube length
- **W** - Tube width
- **B** - Alignment groove width

*All dimensions are nominal*

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NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
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5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate
design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
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4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
\[ \text{Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 each side.} \]
\[ \text{Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 each side.} \]
E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

4040064–3/C  02/11
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
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4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153, variation AA.
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.
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