TPS22908 3.6-V, 1-A, 28-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch with Controlled Rise Time

1 Features
• Integrated P-Channel Load Switch
• Input Voltage: 1 V to 3.6 V
• 1 A Maximum Continuous Switch Current
• On-Resistance (Typical Values)
  – \( R_{\text{ON}} = 28 \text{ mΩ at } V_{\text{IN}} = 3.6 \text{ V} \)
  – \( R_{\text{ON}} = 33 \text{ mΩ at } V_{\text{IN}} = 2.5 \text{ V} \)
  – \( R_{\text{ON}} = 42 \text{ mΩ at } V_{\text{IN}} = 1.8 \text{ V} \)
  – \( R_{\text{ON}} = 70 \text{ mΩ at } V_{\text{IN}} = 1.2 \text{ V} \)
• Maximum Quiescent Current = 1 µA
• Maximum Shutdown Current = 1 µA
• Low Control Input Thresholds Enable Use of 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V Logic
• Controlled Slew Rate to Avoid Inrush Currents
  – \( t_{\text{R}} = 105 \mu\text{s at } V_{\text{IN}} = 3.6\text{V} \)
• Four Terminal Wafer-Chip-Scale Package (WCSP)
  – Nominal Dimensions - See Addendum for Details
  – 0.9 mm × 0.9 mm, 0.5-mm Pitch, 0.6-mm Height
• Quick Output Discharge (QOD)

2 Applications
• Battery Powered Equipment
• Portable Industrial Equipment
• Portable Medical Equipment
• Portable Media Players
• Point of Sale Terminal
• GPS Devices
• Digital Cameras
• Portable Instrumentation
• Smartphones and Tablets

3 Description
The TPS22908 is a small, low \( R_{\text{ON}} \) load switch with controlled turn on. The device contains a P-channel MOSFET that operates over an input voltage range of 1 V to 3.6 V. The switch is controlled by an on/off input (ON), which is capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage control signals.

The TPS22908 is available in a space-saving 4-terminal WCSP with 0.5 mm pitch (YZT). The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of –40°C to 85°C.

Device Information(1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>PACKAGE</th>
<th>BODY SIZE (NOM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908</td>
<td>DSBGA (4)</td>
<td>0.9mm x 0.9mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Typical Application
# Table of Contents

1. Features ................................................................. 1
2. Applications ........................................................... 1
3. Description ............................................................. 1
4. Revision History ......................................................... 2
5. Device Options .......................................................... 3
6. Pin Configuration and Functions ................................. 3
7. Specifications .......................................................... 4
   7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings ...................................... 4
   7.2 ESD Ratings ........................................................... 4
   7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions ......................... 4
   7.4 Thermal Information ............................................... 4
   7.5 Electrical Characteristics ......................................... 5
   7.6 Switching Characteristics ......................................... 5
   7.7 Typical Characteristics ............................................ 6
8. Parameter Measurement Information ............................ 11
9. Detailed Description .................................................. 12
   9.1 Overview ............................................................ 12
9.2 Functional Block Diagram .......................................... 12
9.3 Feature Description .................................................. 12
9.4 Device Functional Modes .......................................... 12
10. Application and Implementation ................................. 13
   10.1 Application Information .......................................... 13
   10.2 Typical Application ............................................... 13
11. Power Supply Recommendations ................................. 15
12. Layout ................................................................. 15
   12.1 Layout Guidelines .................................................. 15
   12.2 Layout Example ................................................... 16
   12.3 Thermal Considerations .......................................... 16
13. Device and Documentation Support .............................. 17
   13.1 Trademarks ........................................................ 17
   13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution ............................... 17
   13.3 Glossary .......................................................... 17
14. Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information ......... 17

## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

### Changes from Revision B (May 2013) to Revision C

- Added `Pin Configuration and Functions` section, `ESD Ratings` table, `Feature Description` section, `Device Functional Modes`, `Application and Implementation` section, `Power Supply Recommendations` section, `Layout` section, `Device and Documentation Support` section, and `Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information` section .............................. 1

### Changes from Revision A (August 2012) to Revision B

- Updated FEATURES ................................................................. 1
- Added Layout graphic ........................................................... 16

---

Copyright © 2012–2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Product Folder Links: TPS22908
5 Device Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FEATURE</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Device</td>
<td>TPS22908</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$R_{\text{ON}}$ (Typical) $\text{VIN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$28 \text{ m}\Omega$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rise Time (Typical) $\text{VIN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$</td>
<td>$105 \mu\text{s}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quick Output Discharge$^{(1)}$</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Current</td>
<td>$1 \text{ A}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable</td>
<td>Active high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^{(1)}$ This feature discharges the output of the switch to ground through an 80-$\Omega$ resistor, preventing the output from floating.

6 Pin Configuration and Functions

### YZT PACKAGE

4-PIN DSBGA

#### Pin Functions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN NO.</th>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>$V_{\text{OUT}}$</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Switch Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>$V_{\text{IN}}$</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Switch input, bypass capacitor recommended for minimizing $V_{\text{IN}}$ dip. See Application Information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Switch control input, active high. Do not leave floating.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 7 Specifications

## 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)\(^{(1)}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT(^{(2)})</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}}) Supply voltage</td>
<td>(-0.3)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{OUT}}) Output voltage</td>
<td>(-0.3)</td>
<td>((V_{\text{IN}} + 0.3))</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{ON}}) Input voltage</td>
<td>(-0.3)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(I_{\text{MAX}}) Maximum Continuous Switch Current for (V_{\text{IN}} \geq 1.2\ \text{V})</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>() Maximum Continuous Switch Current at (V_{\text{IN}} = 1\ \text{V})</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(T_{\text{J}}) Maximum junction temperature(^{(3)})</td>
<td>125</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(T_{\text{LEAD}}) Maximum lead temperature (10-s soldering time)</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(T_{\text{STG}}) Storage temperature</td>
<td>(-65)</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

\(^{(2)}\) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

\(^{(3)}\) In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature \(T_{\text{A(max)}}\) is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature \(T_{\text{J(max)}}\), the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application \(P_{\text{D(max)}}\), and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part/package in the application \(R_{\text{JA}}\), as given by the following equation: \(T_{\text{A(max)}} = T_{\text{J(max)}} - (R_{\text{JA}} \times P_{\text{D(max)}})\)

## 7.2 ESD Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VALUE</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{ESD}}) Electrostatic discharge</td>
<td>Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001(^{(1)})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101(^{(2)})</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

\(^{(2)}\) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}}) Input voltage</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{ON}}) ON voltage</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{OUT}}) Output voltage</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}})</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{IH}}) High-level input voltage, ON</td>
<td>0.85</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{IL}}) Low-level input voltage, ON</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(T_{\text{A}}) Operating free-air temperature range</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C_{\text{IN}}) Input capacitor</td>
<td>1(^{(1)})</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>µF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) Refer to application section.

## 7.4 Thermal Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>THERMAL METRIC(^{(1)})</th>
<th>TPS22908</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(R_{\text{JA}}) Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance</td>
<td>188</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(R_{\text{JC(top)}}) Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>°C/W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(R_{\text{JB}}) Junction-to-board thermal resistance</td>
<td>33</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\psi_{\text{JT}}) Junction-to-top characterization parameter</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\psi_{\text{JB}}) Junction-to-board characterization parameter</td>
<td>33</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^{(1)}\) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, SPRA953.
7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted the specification applies over the operating ambient temp –40°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C. Typical values are for V_IN = 3.6 V, and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>TEST CONDITIONS</th>
<th>T_A</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>POWER SUPPLIES AND CURRENTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_IN Quiescent current</td>
<td>I_OUT = 0 mA, V_IN = V_ON</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0.19</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_IN(OFF) OFF-state supply current</td>
<td>V_ON = 0 V, V_OUT = Open</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_IN(LEAK) OFF-state supply current</td>
<td>V_ON = 0 V, V_OUT = 0 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_ON ON pin input leakage current</td>
<td>V_ON = 1.1 V to 3.6 V</td>
<td>Full</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **RESISTANCE AND SWITCH CHARACTERISTICS** |               |     |      |      |      |      |
| R_ON ON-state resistance        | I_OUT = –200 mA |     |      |      |      |      |
| V_IN = 3.6 V                    | 25°C            | 28.2| 32.1 |      |      | mΩ   |
|                                  | Full            | 34.9|      |      |      |      |
| V_IN = 2.5 V                    | 25°C            | 33.1| 37.5 |      |      | mΩ   |
|                                  | Full            | 40.6|      |      |      |      |
| V_IN = 1.8 V                    | 25°C            | 41.5| 50.3 |      |      | mΩ   |
|                                  | Full            | 54.0|      |      |      |      |
| V_IN = 1.2 V                    | 25°C            | 69.7| 87.3 |      |      | mΩ   |
|                                  | Full            | 91.2|      |      |      |      |
| V_IN = 1.0 V                    | 25°C            | 112 | 155  |      |      | mΩ   |
|                                  | Full            | 156 |      |      |      |      |

| R_PD Output pulldown resistance  | V_IN = 3.3 V, V_ON = 0 V, I_OUT = 30 mA | 25°C | 80   | 100  |      | Ω    |

7.6 Switching Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>TEST CONDITION</th>
<th>TPS22908</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V_IN = 3.6 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_ON Turn-ON time</td>
<td>R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_OFF Turn-OFF time</td>
<td>R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_R V_OUT Rise time</td>
<td>R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF</td>
<td>105</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I_F V_OUT Fall time</td>
<td>R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| V_IN = 1.0 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted) |               |          |      |
| I_ON Turn-ON time              | R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF | 493      | µs   |
| I_OFF Turn-OFF time            | R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF | 7        |      |
| I_R V_OUT Rise time            | R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF | 442      |      |
| I_F V_OUT Fall time            | R_L = 10 Ω, C_L = 0.1 µF | 2        |      |
7.7 Typical Characteristics

7.7.1 Typical DC Characteristics

- Figure 1. $V_{IN}$ vs. Quiescent Current ($I_{IN}$)
- Figure 2. $V_{IN}$ vs. $I_{IN(LEAK)}$
- Figure 3. $V_{IN}$ vs. $I_{IN(OFF)}$
- Figure 4. Temperature vs. $R_{ON}$
- Figure 5. $V_{IN}$ vs. $R_{ON}$
- Figure 6. $R_{ON}$ vs. Load Current (Various $V_{IN}$ at $T_A = 25°C$)
Typical DC Characteristics (continued)

Figure 7. $I_{\text{OUT}}$ vs. $R_{PD}$

Figure 8. $V_{IN}$ vs. $R_{PD}$

Figure 9. $V_{ON}$ Threshold vs. $V_{OUT}$
(ON pin Voltage Decreasing)

Figure 10. $V_{ON}$ Threshold vs. $V_{OUT}$
(ON Pin Voltage Increasing)

7.7.2 Typical Switching Characteristics

Figure 11. Rise Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$)

Figure 12. Rise Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 1 \text{ V}$)
TPS22908
SLVSBI7C – JULY 2012–REVISED APRIL 2015
www.ti.com

Typical Switching Characteristics (continued)

Figure 13. Fall Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 3.6\,\text{V}$)

Figure 14. Fall Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 1\,\text{V}$)

Figure 15. Turnon Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 3.6\,\text{V}$)

Figure 16. Turnon Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 1\,\text{V}$)

Figure 17. Turnoff Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 3.6\,\text{V}$)

Figure 18. Turnoff Time vs. Temperature ($V_{IN} = 1\,\text{V}$)
Typical Switching Characteristics (continued)

Figure 19. Rise Time vs. \( V_{IN} \) (\( C_L = 0.1 \mu\text{F} \))

Figure 20. Rise Time vs. \( V_{IN} \) (\( C_L = 1 \mu\text{F} \))

Figure 21. Turn on Response Time (\( V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}, C_{IN} = 10 \mu\text{F}, C_L = 1 \mu\text{F}, R_L = 10 \Omega \))

Figure 22. Turn on Response Time (\( V_{IN} = 1 \text{ V}, C_{IN} = 10 \mu\text{F}, C_L = 1 \mu\text{F}, R_L = 10 \Omega \))

Figure 23. Turn on Response Time (\( V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}, C_{IN} = 1 \mu\text{F}, C_L = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, R_L = 10 \Omega \))

Figure 24. Turn on Response Time (\( V_{IN} = 1 \text{ V}, C_{IN} = 1 \mu\text{F}, C_L = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, R_L = 10 \Omega \))
Typical Switching Characteristics (continued)

Figure 25. Turn off Response Time ($V_{IN} = 3.6$ V, $C_{IN} = 10 \mu$F, $C_L = 1 \mu$F, $R_L = 10 \Omega$)

Figure 26. Turn off Response Time ($V_{IN} = 1$ V, $C_{IN} = 10 \mu$F, $C_L = 1 \mu$F, $R_L = 10 \Omega$)

Figure 27. Turn off Response Time ($V_{IN} = 3.6$ V, $C_{IN} = 1 \mu$F, $C_L = 0.1 \mu$F, $R_L = 10 \Omega$)

Figure 28. Turn off Response Time ($V_{IN} = 1$ V, $C_{IN} = 1 \mu$F, $C_L = 0.1 \mu$F, $R_L = 10 \Omega$)
8 Parameter Measurement Information

![Test Circuit Diagram](image)

**TEST CIRCUIT**

![Waveform Diagrams](image)

**t\text{ON}/t\text{OFF} WAVEFORMS**

A. Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100 ns.

*Figure 29. Test Circuit and t\text{ON}/t\text{OFF} Waveforms*
9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview
The TPS22908 is a single channel, 1 A load switch in a small, space-saving DSBGA-4 package. This device implements a P-channel MOSFET to provide a low on-resistance for a low voltage drop across the device. A controlled rise time is used in applications to limit the inrush current.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram

![Functional Block Diagram](image)

9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 ON/OFF Control
The ON pin controls the state of the switch. Activating ON continuously holds the switch in the on state. ON is active high and has a low threshold making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold, and it can be used with any microcontroller with 1.2-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V GPIOs.

9.3.2 Quick Output Discharge
The TPS22908 includes the Quick Output Discharge (QOD) feature. When the switch is disabled, a discharge resistance with a typical value of 80 Ω is connected between the output and ground. This resistance pulls down the output and prevents it from floating when the device is disabled.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ON</th>
<th>V_in to V_out</th>
<th>V_out to GND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10 Application and Implementation

NOTE
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

10.1.1 Input Capacitor (Optional)
To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient inrush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor, a capacitor can be placed between \( V_{\text{IN}} \) and GND. A 1 \( \mu \text{F} \) ceramic capacitor, \( C_{\text{IN}} \), placed close to the pins, is usually sufficient. Higher values of \( C_{\text{IN}} \) can be used to further reduce the voltage drop during high-current application. When switching heavy loads, it is recommended to have an input capacitor about 10 times higher than the output capacitor to avoid excessive voltage drop.

10.1.2 Output Capacitor (Optional)
Due to the integrated body diode of the PMOS switch, a \( C_{\text{IN}} \) greater than \( C_{\text{L}} \) is highly recommended. A \( C_{\text{L}} \) greater than \( C_{\text{IN}} \) can cause \( V_{\text{OUT}} \) to exceed \( V_{\text{IN}} \) when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from \( V_{\text{OUT}} \) to \( V_{\text{IN}} \). A \( C_{\text{IN}} \) to \( C_{\text{L}} \) ratio of at least 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing \( V_{\text{IN}} \) dip caused by inrush currents during startup; however, a 10 to 1 ratio for capacitance is not required for proper functionality of the device. A ratio smaller than 10 to 1 (such as 1 to 1) could cause slightly more \( V_{\text{IN}} \) dip at turn on due to inrush currents.

10.2 Typical Application

10.2.1 Design Requirements
The following input parameters will be used in these design examples.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGN PARAMETER</th>
<th>EXAMPLE VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( V_{\text{IN}} )</td>
<td>1.8 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>( C_{\text{L}} )</td>
<td>10 ( \mu \text{F} )</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load current</td>
<td>500 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient Temperature</td>
<td>25 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum inrush current</td>
<td>200 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.2.2.1 Managing Inrush Current
When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0 V to the set value (1.8 V in this example). This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Inrush current can be calculated using Equation 1:
The TPS22908 offers a controlled rise time for minimizing inrush current. This device can be selected based upon the minimum acceptable rise time which can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation. An output capacitance of 4.7 µF will be used since the amount of inrush current increases with output capacitance:

\[
200 \text{ mA} = 10 \mu \text{F} \times 1.8V / dt \\

dt = 90 \mu \text{s}
\] (2)

To ensure an inrush current of less than 200 mA, a device with a rise time greater than 90 µs must be used. The TPS22908 has a typical rise time of 160 µs at 1.8 V which meets the above design requirements.

### 10.2.2.2  
VIN to VOUT Voltage Drop

The voltage drop from VIN to VOUT is determined by the ON-resistance of the device and the load current. \( R_{\text{ON}} \) can be found in Electrical Characteristics and is dependent on temperature. When the value of \( R_{\text{ON}} \) is found, the following equation can be used to calculate the voltage drop across the device:

\[
\Delta V = I_{\text{LOAD}} \times R_{\text{ON}}
\]

where:
- \( \Delta V \) = Voltage drop across the device
- \( I_{\text{LOAD}} \) = Load current
- \( R_{\text{ON}} \) = ON-resistance of the device

At \( V_{\text{IN}} = 1.8 \text{ V} \), the TPS22908 has an \( R_{\text{ON}} \) value of 42 mΩ. Using this value and the defined load current, the above equation can be evaluated:

\[
\Delta V = 500 \text{ mA} \times 42 \text{ mΩ} \\
\Delta V = 21 \text{ mV}
\] (4)

Therefore, the voltage drop across the device will be 21 mV.
10.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 31. Inrush Current with a Load Capacitance of 10µF (V_{IN} = 1.8 V, T_{A} = 25°C)

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 1 V to 3.6 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminals as possible. It must also be able to withstand all transient and load currents, using a recommended input capacitance of 1 µF if necessary. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 10 µF may be sufficient.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, VIN, VOUT, and GND traces should be as short and wide as possible to help minimize the parasitic electrical effects. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors should be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation.
12.2 Layout Example

Figure 32. Layout Example

12.3 Thermal Considerations

For higher reliability, the maximum IC junction temperature, $T_{J\text{(max)}}$, should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. Junction temperature is directly proportional to power dissipation in the device and the two are related by:

$$T_J = T_A + R_{JA} \times P_D$$

where:

- $T_J$ = Junction temperature of the device
- $T_A$ = Ambient temperature
- $P_D$ = Power dissipation inside the device
- $R_{JA}$ = Junction to ambient thermal resistance. See Thermal Information for more information. This parameter is highly dependent on board layout. (5)
13  Device and Documentation Support

13.1  Trademarks
All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

13.2  Electrostatic Discharge Caution

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

13.3  Glossary

SLYZ022 — Ti Glossary.
This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14  Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.
## PACKAGING INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Orderable Device</th>
<th>Status (1)</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>Package Qty</th>
<th>Eco Plan (2)</th>
<th>Lead finish/ Ball material</th>
<th>MSL Peak Temp (3)</th>
<th>Op Temp (°C)</th>
<th>Device Marking (4/5)</th>
<th>Samples</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTR</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>RoHS &amp; Green</td>
<td>SNAGCU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 85</td>
<td>AT</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTT</td>
<td>ACTIVE</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>RoHS &amp; Green</td>
<td>SNAGCU</td>
<td>Level-1-260C-UNLIM</td>
<td>-40 to 85</td>
<td>(AT, ATF)</td>
<td>Samples</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.
**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.
**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

**Important Information and Disclaimer:** The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
<th>Reel Diameter (mm)</th>
<th>Reel Width W1 (mm)</th>
<th>A0 (mm)</th>
<th>B0 (mm)</th>
<th>K0 (mm)</th>
<th>P1 (mm)</th>
<th>W (mm)</th>
<th>Pin 1 Quadrant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>180.0</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.69</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>178.0</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTT</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>180.0</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>0.69</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTT</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>178.0</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>Q1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Type</th>
<th>Package Drawing</th>
<th>Pins</th>
<th>SPQ</th>
<th>Length (mm)</th>
<th>Width (mm)</th>
<th>Height (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTR</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3000</td>
<td>220.0</td>
<td>220.0</td>
<td>35.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTT</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>182.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPS22908YZTT</td>
<td>DSBGA</td>
<td>YZT</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>220.0</td>
<td>220.0</td>
<td>35.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All dimensions are nominal*
NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature No. SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.
IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI’s products are provided subject to TI’s Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI’s provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI’s applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2023, Texas Instruments Incorporated