











TPS53015

SLVSBF0C -JULY 2012-REVISED APRIL 2019

TPS53015 4.5-V to 28-V Input, D-CAP2[™] Synchronous Step-Buck Converter With PGOOD

1 Features

- D-CAP2™ mode control
 - Fast transient response
 - No external parts required for loop compensation
 - Compatible with ceramic output capacitors
- High initial reference accuracy (±1%)
- Wide input voltage 4.5 V to 28 V
- Output voltage 0.77 V to 7 V
- Low-side R_{DS(on)} Loss-less current sensing
- · Fixed soft-start time: 1.4 ms
- · Non-sinking pre-biased soft start
- Switching frequency: 500 kHz
- Cycle-by-cycle overcurrent limiting control
- Auto-Skip Eco-Mode[™] for high efficiency at light load
- Power-good output
- OCL/OVP/UVP/UVLO/TSD protections
- Adaptive gate drivers with integrated boost PMOS switch
- Thermally compensated OCP, 4000 ppm/°C
- 10-Pin VSSOP

2 Applications

- Point-of-load regulation in low power systems for wide range of applications
 - Digital TV power supply
 - Networking home terminal
 - Digital set top box (STB)
 - DVD player / recorder
 - Gaming consoles and other

3 Description

The TPS53015 device is a single, adaptive on-time D-CAP2 ™ mode synchronous buck controller. The device enables system designers to complete the suite of various end equipment power bus regulators with cost effective low external component count and low standby current solution. The main control loop for the TPS53015 uses the D-CAP2 mode control which provides a very fast transient response with no external compensation components. The adaptive ontime control supports seamless transition between PWM mode at higher load condition and Eco-mode™ operation at light load. Eco-mode operation allows the device to maintain high efficiency during lighter load conditions. The device is also able to adapt to both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors such as POSCAP or SP-CAP and ultralow ESR ceramic capacitors. The device provides convenient and efficient operation with input voltages from 4.5 V to 28 V and output voltage from 0.77 V to 7 V.

The TPS53015 is available in the 3-mm × 3-mm 10-pin VSSOP (DGS) package and is specified for an ambient temperature range of –40°C to 85°C.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS53015	DGS (10)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Application

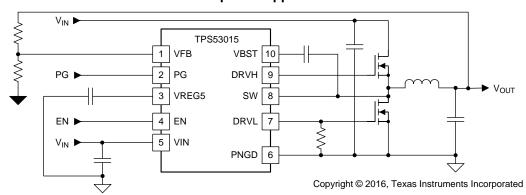




Table of Contents

1	Features 1	7.3 Feature Des	scription	13
2	Applications 1	7.4 Device Fund	ctional Modes	15
3	Description 1	8 Application and	d Implementation	16
4	Revision History2	8.1 Application I	Information	16
5	Pin Configuration and Functions	8.2 Typical Appl	lication	17
6	Specifications4	9 Power Supply	Recommendations	20
٠	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10 Layout		20
	6.2 ESD Ratings	10.1 Layout Gui	idelines	20
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions	10.2 Layout Exa	ample	21
	6.4 Thermal Information	11 Device and Do	cumentation Support	22
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics	11.1 Trademark	·s	22
	6.6 Typical Characteristics 8	11.2 Electrostati	ic Discharge Caution	22
7	Detailed Description	11.3 Glossary		<u>22</u>
•	7.1 Overview		ackaging, and Orderable	0.0
	7.2 Functional Block Diagram	information		22

4 Revision History

Changes from Revision B (August 2012) to Revision C	Page
Update to latest TI documentation standards	1
Changes from Revision A (July 2012) to Revision B	Page
Changed "Adjustable soft-start" to "1.4 ms Fixed soft-start" in Features list	1
Added "Power Good Output" to Features list	1
Changed literature number from revision A to revision B	1
Changed from "SS" to "PG" in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table	
Changed from "SS" to "PG" in the Recommended Operating Conditions table	
Changed T _{SS} spec from "1.0 ms" to "1.4 ms" Typical	6
Changed T _{PGDLY} spec from "1.5 ms" to "1.2 ms"	6
Changed T _{PGCOMPSS} spec from "2.2 ms" to "2.3 ms"	6
Changed MIN t _{UVPEN} specification from "1.4 ms" to "1.7 ms"	7
Changed TYP t _{UVPEN} specification from "1.7 ms" to "2.2 ms"	7
Changed MAX t _{UVPEN} specification from "2.0 ms" to "2.7 ms"	
Changed soft-start time from "1.0 ms" to "1.4 ms" in	14
Changed adjusted reference to UVP delay timing from "1.7 ms" to "2.2 ms" in the section	14
Added section describing POWER GOOD operation	15

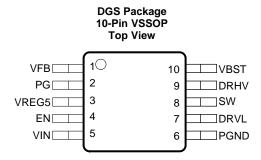
Changes from Original (July 2012) to Revision A

Page

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

F	PIN		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION
DRVH	9	0	High-side N-channel MOSFET gate driver output. SW referenced driver switches between SW(OFF) and VBST(ON).
DRVL	7	0	Low-side N-Channel MOSFET gate driver output. PGND referenced driver switches between PGND(OFF) and VREG5(ON).
EN	4	I	Enable. Pull high to enable converter.
PG	2	0	Open drain power good output.
PGND	6	- 1	System ground.
SW	8	I/O	Switch node connections for both the high-side driver and overcurrent comparator.
VBST	10	1	High-side MOSFET gate driver bootstrap voltage input. Connect a capacitor from VBST to SW. An internal diode is connected between VREG5 and VBST
VFB	1	ı	D-CAP2 feedback input. Connect to output voltage with resistor divider.
VIN	5	I	Supply Input for 5-V linear regulator. Bypass to GND with a minimum 0.1-μF high quality ceramic capacitor.
VREG5	3	0	Output of 5-V linear regulator and supply for MOSFET driver. Bypass to GND with a minimum 4.7- μ F high-quality ceramic capacitor. VREG5 is active when EN is asserted high.

⁽¹⁾ I = input, O = output



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1)(2)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	VIN, EN, SW	-0.3	30	
Input valtage renge	VBST	-0.3	36	V
Input voltage range	(VBST - SW), VFB	-0.3	6	
	SW (10 ns transient)	-3.0	30	
	DRVH	-2	36	
Output voltogo rongo	DRVH - SW	-0.3	6	V
Output voltage range	DRVL, VREG5, PG	-0.3	6	V
	PGND	-0.3	0.3	
Junction temperature range, T _J		-40	150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		- 55	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	±2000	\/
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	٧

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply input voltage range	VIN	4.5	28	V
	VBST	-0.1	33.5	
	VBST - SW	-0.1	5.5	
Input voltage range	VFB	-0.1	5.5	V
	EN	-0.1	28	
	SW	-1.0	28	
	DRVH	-1.0	33.5	
Output Valtage range	DRVH - SW	-0.1	5.5	V
Output Voltage range	DRVL, VREG5, PG	-0.1	5.5	V
	PGND	-0.1	0.1	
Operating free-air temperature, T _A		-40	85	°C
Operating junction temperature, T	_ J	-40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

U. T	Thermal information		
		TPS53015	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		UNIT
		10 PINS	
R_{\thetaJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	109.6	°C/W
R ₀ JC(Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	31.2	°C/W

 For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

⁽²⁾ All voltages are with respect to device GND terminal.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



Thermal Information (continued)

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		
			UNIT
		10 PINS	
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	54.7	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.9	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	54.1	°C/W



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V(unless otherwise noted)}$

	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY CUR	RENT					
I _{IN}	Supply current	VIN current, EN = 5 V, V_{VFB} = 0.8 V, V_{SW} = 0 V, T_A = 25°C		660		μА
I _{VINSDN}	Shutdown current	VIN current, $T_A = 25$ °C, No Load , $V_{EN} = 0$ V, VREG5 = OFF		6.0		μА
VFB VOLTAGE	E and DISCHARGE RESISTANCE					
V_{VFBTHL}	Threshold voltage	V _{OUT} = 1.05 V, T _A = 25°C	765.3	773.0	780.7	mV
TC_VFB	Temperature coefficient (1)	T _A = 25°C	-140		140	ppm/°C
I_{VFB}	Input current	VFB = 0.8V, T _A = 25°C	-150	-10	100	nA
VREG5 OUTP	UT					
V_{VREG5}	Output voltage	T _A =25°C, 6 V < V _{IN} < 28 V, I _{VREG5} = 5 mA		5.1		V
I _{VREG5}	Output current	V _{VIN} = 5.5 V, V _{VREG5} = 4.0 V, T _A = 25°C		120		mA
OUTPUT: N-C	HANNEL MOSFET GATE DRIVERS					
R	Resistance	Source, I _{DRVH} = -50 mA, T _A = 25°C		3.2	4.7	Ω
R _{DRVH}	Resistance	Sink, $I_{DRVH} = 50 \text{ mA}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.4	2.4	12
D	Resistance	Source, $I_{DRVL} = -50$ mA, $T_A = 25$ °C		6.9	8.2	8.2
R_{DRVL} R	Resistance	Sink, $I_{DRVL} = 50$ mA, $T_A = 25$ °C		0.8	1.7	12
•	Dead-time ⁽¹⁾	DRVH-low to DRVL-on		15		no
t _D Dead-ti	Dead-time V	DRVL-low to DRVH-on		20		ns
INTERNAL BO	OOST DIODE					
V_{FBST}	Forward voltage	$V_{VREG5-VBST}$, $I_F = 10$ mA, $T_A = 25$ °C		0.1	0.2	V
SOFT-START	TIME					
t _{ss}	Internal soft-start time			1.4		ms
POWER GOOI	D					
V_{PGTH}	PGOOD threshold	PGOOD LOW		84		%
VPGIH	1 GOOD theshold	PGOOD HIGH		116		%
I _{PG}	PGOOD sink current	V _{PG} = 0.5 V		5		mA
tanan	PGOOD delay time	Delay for PGOOD in		1.2		ms
^T PGDLY	1 GGGB dolay lime	Delay for PGOOD out		2		μs
t _{PGCOMPSS}	PGODD comparator start-up delay	PGOOD comparator wake up delay		2.3		ms
UVLO						
$V_{UVVREG5}$	VREG5 UVLO threshold	VREG5 Rising Hysteresis		4.0 0.3		V
LOGIC THRES	SHOLD					
V _{ENH}	High-level threshold voltage		1.6			V
V _{ENL}	Low-level threshold voltage				0.5	V
R _{EN}	EN pin resistance to GND	V _{EN} = 12 V	225	450	900	kΩ
CURRENT SE	·				I	
I _{TRIP}	Source current	V _{DRVL} = 0.1 V, T _A = 25°C	14.3	15	15.8	μΑ
TC _{VTRIP}	V _{TRIP} Temperature coefficient	Relative to T _A = 25°C		4000		ppm/°C
	*	$R_{TRIP} = 75 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	234	336	424	
V _{OCL}	Current limit threshold	$R_{TRIP} = 75 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_{TRIP} = 27 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	234 121	336 174	424 220	mV

⁽¹⁾ Ensured by design. Not production tested.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

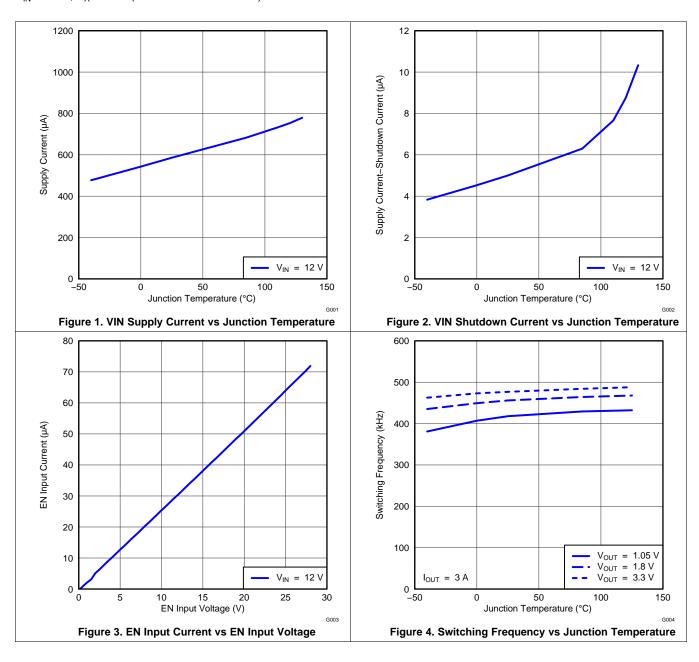
over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{\rm IN}$ = 12 V(unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ON-TIME TIME	ON-TIME TIMER CONTROL					
t _{ON}	On-time ⁽¹⁾	V _{OUT} = 1.05 V		250		ns
t _{OFF(min)}	Minimum off-time	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{VFB} = 0.7 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		230		ns
OUTPUT UN	DERVOLTAGE AND OVERVOLTAGE	PROTECTION				
V _{OVP}	Output OVP trip threshold	OVP detect voltage	115%	120%	125%	
t _{OVPDEL}	Output OVP propagation delay				10	μS
V_{UVP}	Output UVP trip threshold	UVP detect voltage	63%	68%	73%	
t _{UVPDEL}	Output UVP delay			1		ms
t _{UVPEN}	Output UVP enable delay		1.7	2.2	2.7	ms
THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
_	Thermal shutdown threshold	Shutdown temperature (1)		150		°C
T _{SDN}	rnermai shuldown threshold	Hysteresis ⁽¹⁾		25		

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

6.6 Typical Characteristics

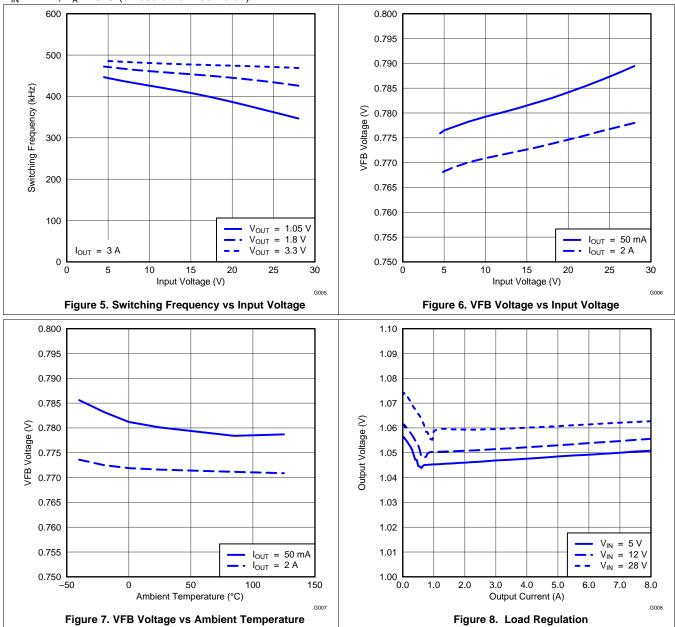
 $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)





Typical Characteristics (continued)

 V_{IN} = 12 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

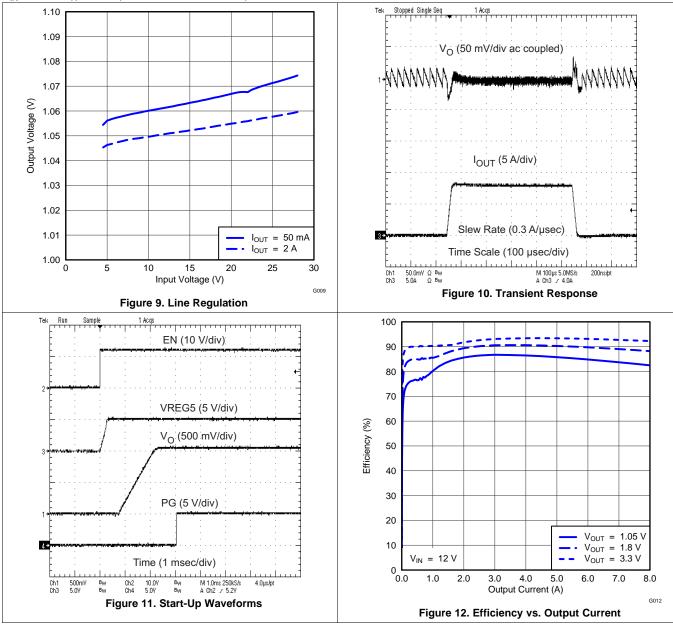


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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Typical Characteristics (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)





Typical Characteristics (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

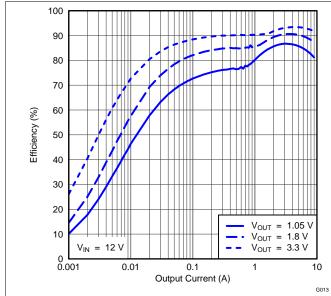


Figure 13. Light Load Efficiency vs. Output Current

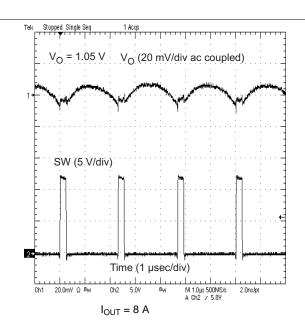


Figure 14. Output Voltage Ripple

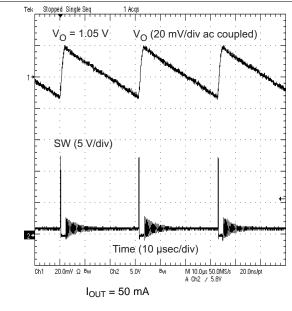


Figure 15. Output Voltage Ripple

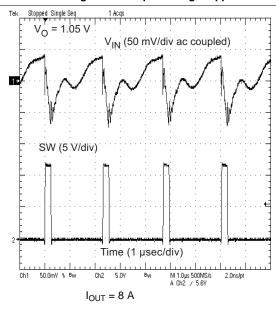


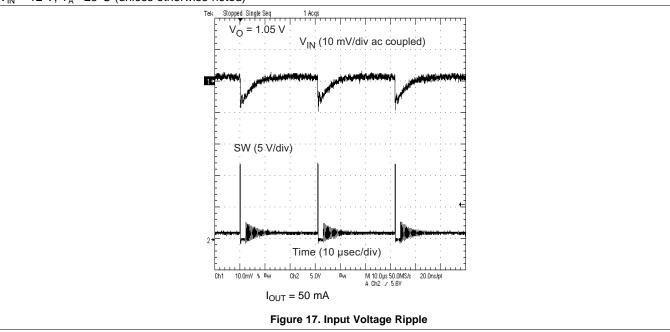
Figure 16. Input Voltage Ripple

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Typical Characteristics (continued)

 V_{IN} = 12 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



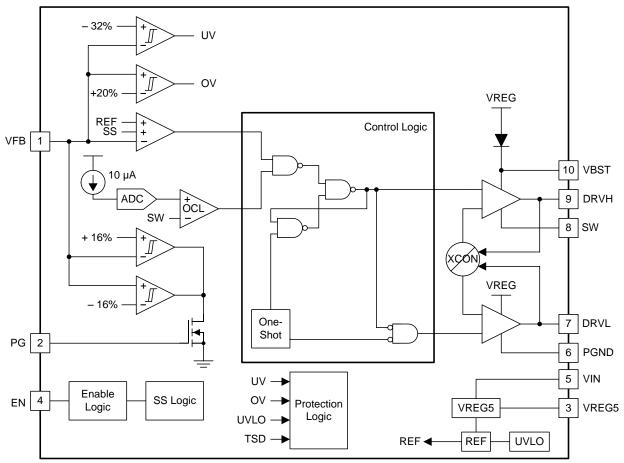


7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS53015 is single synchronous step-down buck controller. It operates using D-CAP2 mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2 control reduces the required amount of output capacitance to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low-ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



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7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Drivers

The TPS53015 device contains two high-current resistive MOSFET gate drivers. The low-side driver is a PGND referenced, VREG5 powered driver designed to drive the gate of a high-current, low $R_{DS(on)}$ N-channel MOSFET whose source is connected to PGND. The high-side driver is a floating SW referenced, VBST powered driver designed to drive the gate of a high-current, low $R_{DS(on)}$ N-channel MOSFET. To maintain the VBST voltage during the high-side driver ON-time, a capacitor is placed from SW to VBST. Each driver draws average current equal to gate charge (Q_g and $V_{gs} = 5$ V) times switching frequency (f_{SW}). To prevent cross-conduction, there is a narrow dead-time when both high-side and low-side drivers are OFF between each driver transition. During this time the inductor current is carried by one of the MOSFETs body diodes.



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.2 5-Volt Regulator

The TPS53015 has an internal 5-V low-dropout (LDO) regulator to provide a regulated voltage for all both drivers and the device internal logic. A high-quality 4.7-µF or greater ceramic capacitor from VREG5 to GND is required to stabilize the internal regulator.

7.3.3 Soft-Start and Pre-biased Soft-Start Time

The TPS53015 operates with an internally set, 1.4-ms soft-start time. When the EN pin becomes high and the VREG5 voltage is above the UVLO threshold, an internal DAC ramps up the reference voltage to the PWM comparator. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up.

The device contains a unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft-start time becomes greater than internal feedback voltage VFB), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by (1-D), where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-biased output, and ensures that the output voltage (V_{OUT}) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation from pre-biased startup to normal mode operation.

7.3.4 Overcurrent Protection

The TPS53015 device has a cycle-by-cycle over current limit feature. The over current limits the inductor valley current by monitoring the voltage drop across the low-side MOSFET $R_{DS(on)}$ during the low-side driver on-time. If the inductor current is larger than the overcurrent limit (OCL), the device delays the start of the next switching cycle until the sensed inductor current falls below the OCL current. MOSFET $R_{DS(on)}$ current sensing is used to provide an accuracy and cost effective solution without external devices. To program the OCL, a resister should be connected between DRVL and PGND. The recommended values are given in Table 1.

Table 1. OCL Resistor Values

Resistor Value (kΩ)	V _{TRIP} (V)
6.8	0.050
11	0.087
18	0.125
27	0.174
39	0.224
56	0.274
75	0.336

Use Equation 1 to calculate I_{OCL}.

$$I_{OCL} = \left(\frac{\left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right)}{2 \times L \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right) + \frac{V_{TRIP}}{R_{DS(ON)}}$$

(1)

The trip voltage is set between 0.05 V to 0.336 V over all operational temperature, including the 4000ppm/°C temperature slope compensation for the temperature dependency of the $R_{DS(on)}$. If the load current exceeds the overcurrent limit, the voltage begins to drop. If the overcurrent conditions continues the output voltage falls below the undervoltage protection threshold and the device shuts down.

7.3.5 Overvoltage and Undervoltage Protection

The TPS53015 device monitors a resistor divided feedback voltage to detect an overvoltage or undervoltage condition. If the feedback voltage is higher than 120% of the reference voltage, the OVP comparator output goes high and the circuit latches the high-side MOSFET driver OFF and the low-side MOSFET driver ON.

When the feedback voltage is lower than 68% of the reference voltage, the UVP comparator output goes high and an internal UVP delay counter begins counting. After 1 ms, the device latches OFF both top and bottom MOSFET drivers. This function is enabled approximately 2.2 ms after power-on. The OVP and UVP latch off is reset when EN goes low.



7.3.6 UVLO Protection

The TPS53015 offers undervoltage lockout protection (UVLO) by monitoring the voltage of VREG5 pin. When the VREG5 pin voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the device shuts off. All output drivers are OFF. The UVLO is non-latch protection.

7.3.7 Thermal Shutdown

During normal operation, when the temperature of the TPS53015 device exceeds the threshold value (typically 150° C), the device shuts off. When the temperature falls below the threshold, the device starts again. During VIN start-up when the VREG5 output voltage is below its nominal value, the device maintains the thermal shutdown threshold lower than 150° C. During the period where VIN rises, the junction temperature (T_J) must be maintained at lower than 110° C.

7.3.8 Power Good

The VFB pin measures the power-good output and the function activates after the soft-start period has completed. If the output voltage is within ±16% of the target voltage, the internal comparator detects the power-good state and the power-good signal becomes high after 1.2-ms delay. During start-up, this internal delay starts after 2.2 times the soft-start time to avoid a glitch of power-good signal. If the feedback voltage goes outside ±16% of target value, the power-good signal becomes low after 2-µs delay.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS53015 device is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2 control mode. D-CAP2 control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable even with virtually no ripple at the output. At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. this MOSFET is turned off when the internal timer expires. This timer is set by the converter input voltage VIN, and the output voltage (V_{OUT}) to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the nominal output voltage. An internal ramp is added to the reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2 mode control.

7.4.2 Auto-skip Eco-Mode Control

The TPS53015 operates in Auto-Skip Eco-mode to increase light-load efficiency. As the output current decreases from heavy load condition, the inductor current is also reduced and eventually comes to point where its rippled valley touches zero level, which is the boundary between continuous conduction and discontinuous conduction modes. The rectifying MOSFET turns off when the device detects a zero inductor current. As the load current further decreases, the converter transitions into discontinuous conduction mode. The on-time is maintained to almost half of what it was during continuous conduction mode operation because it takes longer to discharge the output capacitor with a smaller load current to the level of the reference voltage. Use Equation 2 to calculate the transition point to the light-load operation current ($I_{OX(LL)}$) using a 500-kHz switching frequency.

$$I_{OUT(LL)} = \frac{1}{2 \times L \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$
(2)



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

This design example describes a D-CAP2 mode control in a cost sensitive application. Providing a 1.05-V output at up to 8 A from a loosely regulated 12 V (8 V - 22 V) source, this design demonstrates the TPS53015 in a typical point-of-load application.

Product Folder Links: TPS53015

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8.2 Typical Application

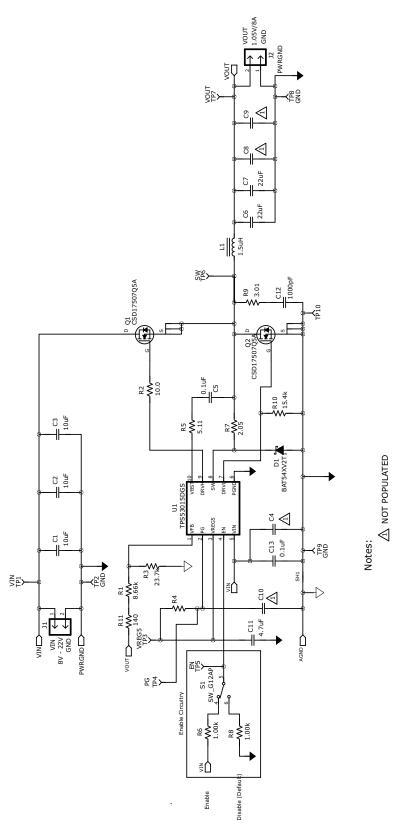


Figure 18. POL Application Using TPS53015



Typical Application (continued)

8.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 2. TPS53015 Design Requirements

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Voltage range		8.0	12	22	V
Maximum input current	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 8 A		0.9		Α
No load input current	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 0 A		0.6		mA
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC	s				
Output voltage			1.05		V
Output voltage regulation	Setpoint accuracy (V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 8 A)	-2%		2%	
	Line regulation (V _{IN} = 8.0 V – 22 V, I _{OUT} = 8 A)		1%		
	Load regulation $(V_{IN} = 12 \text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ A} - 8 \text{ A})$		1.5%		
Output voltage ripple	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 8 A		20		mVpp
Output load current		0		8.0	Α
Overcurrent limit	V _{IN} = 12 V		11		
SYSTEMS CHARACTERISTI	cs	•			
Switching frequency			500		kHz
Peak efficiency	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 3.2 A		86.5%		
Full load efficiency	V _{IN} = 12 V, I _{OUT} = 8.0 A		81.4%		
Operating temperature			25		°C

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Determine the Inductance Value

The inductance value is selected to provide approximately 30% peak to peak ripple current at maximum load. Larger ripple current increases output ripple voltage, improve signal-to-noise ratio and contribute to stable operation. Use Equation 3 to calculate te value for L_{OUT} .

$$L_{OUT} = \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{I_{L(RIPPLE)} \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}}$$
(3)

The inductor current ratings must support both the RMS (thermal) current and the peak (saturation) current. The RMS and peak inductor current can be estimated as shown in Equation 4.

$$I_{L(RIPPLE)} = \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_{OUT} \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}}$$
(4)

$$I_{L(PEAK)} = \frac{V_{TRIP}}{R_{DS(ON)}} + I_{L(RIPPLE)}$$
(5)

$$I_{L(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_{OUT}^2 + \frac{1}{12} \times I_{L(RIPPLE)}^2}$$
(6)

NOTE

Equation 6 serves as a general reference. To further improve transient response, the output inductance could be reduced further but must be considered along with the selection of the output capacitor.



8.2.2.2 Output Capacitor

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple and load transient response. Ceramic output capacitors with X5R dielectric or better are recommended.

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{I_{L(RIPPLE)}}{8 \times V_{OUT(RIPPLE)}} \times \frac{1}{f_{SW}}$$
(7)

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{\Delta I_{LOAD}^2}{2 \times V_{OUT} \times \Delta V_{OS}} \times L_{OUT}$$

where

• ΔV_{OS} is the allowable amount of overshoot voltage in load transition

•
$$\Delta V_{OS}$$
 is the allowable amount of overshoot voltage in load transition (8)
$$C_{OUT} = \frac{\Delta I_{LOAD}^{2}}{2 \times K \times \Delta V_{US}} \times L_{OUT}$$

where

• ΔV_{US} is the allowable amount of undershoot voltage in load transition (9)

$$K = \left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right) \times \left(\frac{t_{ON}}{t_{ON} - t_{OFF(min)}}\right)$$

where

$$t_{OFF(min)}$$
 is the minimum off time (10)

Select the capacitance value greater than the largest value calculated from Equation 7, Equation 8 and Equation 9. The minimum recommended output capacitance is 44 μF.

8.2.2.3 Input Capacitor

The TPS53015 device requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A minimum 10-μF high-quality ceramic capacitor is recommended for the input capacitor. The capacitor voltage rating must be greater than the maximum input voltage.

8.2.2.4 Bootstrap Capacitor

The TPS53015 device requires a bootstrap capacitor from SW to VBST to provide the floating supply for the high-side drivers. A minimum 0.1-µF high-quality ceramic capacitor is recommended. The capacitor voltage rating must be greater than 10 V.

8.2.2.5 VREG5 Capacitor

The TPS53015 device requires that the VREG5 regulator is bypassed. A minimum 4.7-μF high-quality ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 and PGND for proper operation. The capacitor voltage rating should be greater than 10 V.

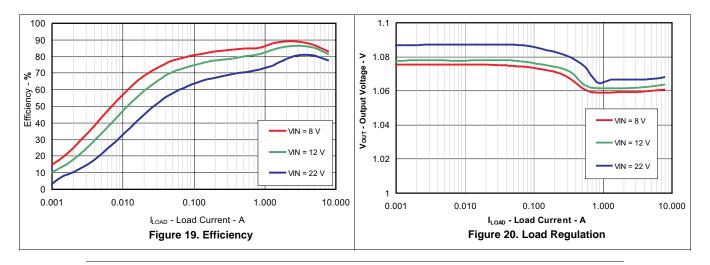
8.2.2.6 Choose Output Voltage Resistors

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from output voltage node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better resistors. Select an R2 value between 10 k Ω and 100 k Ω and use Equation 11 to calculate R1.

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{VFB}} - 1\right) \times R2 \tag{11}$$



8.2.3 Application Curves



NOTE

For more performance curves, see the PWR126 EVM user guide. (SLUU944)

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS53015 device operates using an input voltage supply range from 4.5 V to 28 V. This input supply must be well regulated. Proper bypassing of input supplies and internal regulators is also critical for noise performance, as is PCB layout and grounding scheme

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

Considerations these design guidelines before beginning the application layout process.

- Design an input switching current loop as small as possible.
- Place the input capacitor close to the top switching FET.
- Design the output switching current loop as small as possible.
- The SW node must be physically small and as short as possible as to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions.
- Bring Kelvin connections from the output to the feedback pin (VFB) of the device.
- Place analog and non-switching components far away from switching components.
- Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
- Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.

Submit Documentation Feedback



10.2 Layout Example

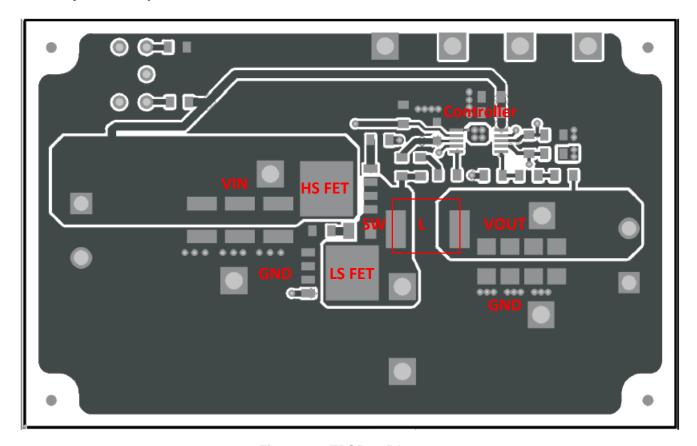


Figure 21. TPS53015 Layout



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Trademarks

D-CAP2, Eco-Mode, Eco-mode are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)	
TPS53015DGS	Obsolete	Production	VSSOP (DGS) 10	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	53015	
TPS53015DGSR	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGS) 10	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAUAG SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	53015	
TPS53015DGSR.A	Active	Production	VSSOP (DGS) 10	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	53015	

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

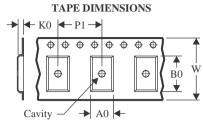
⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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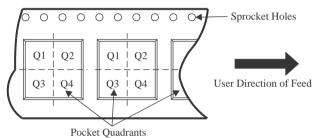
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

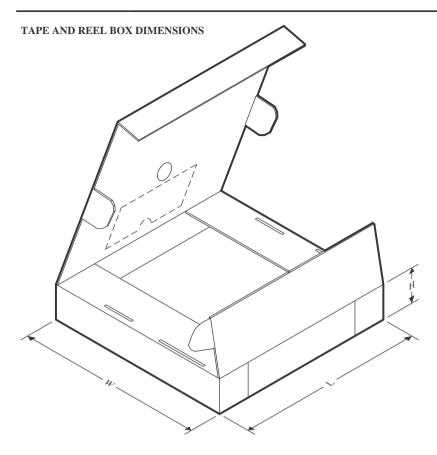


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	U	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS53015DGSR	VSSOP	DGS	10	2500	330.0	12.4	5.25	3.35	1.25	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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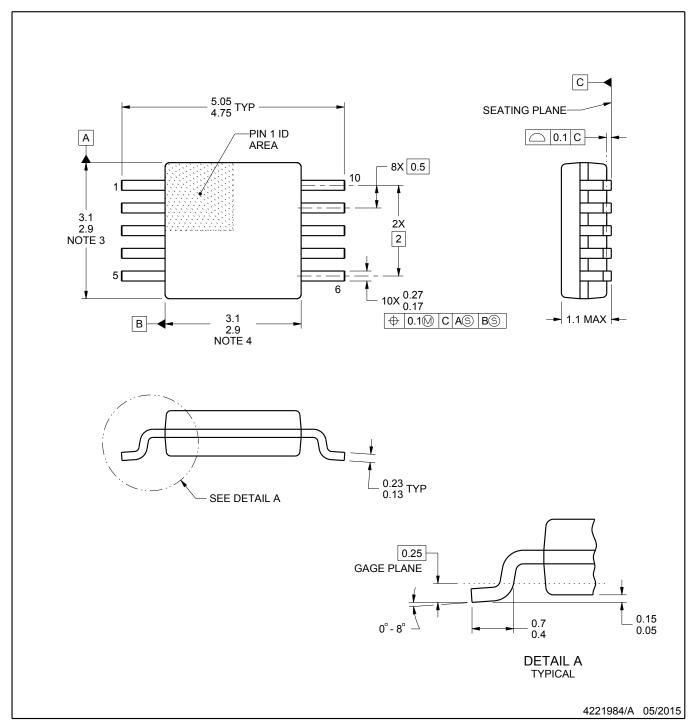


*All dimensions are nominal

Ì	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
ı	TPS53015DGSR	VSSOP	DGS	10	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0	



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

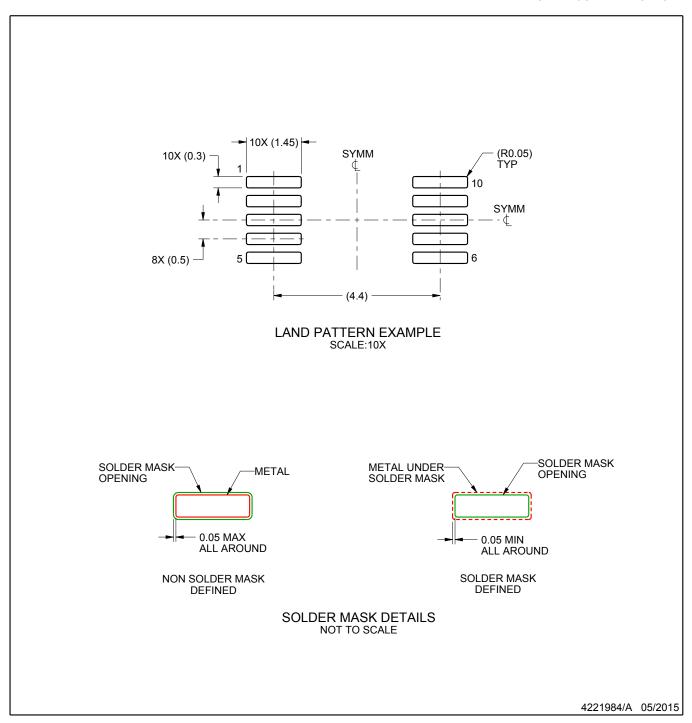
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187, variation BA.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



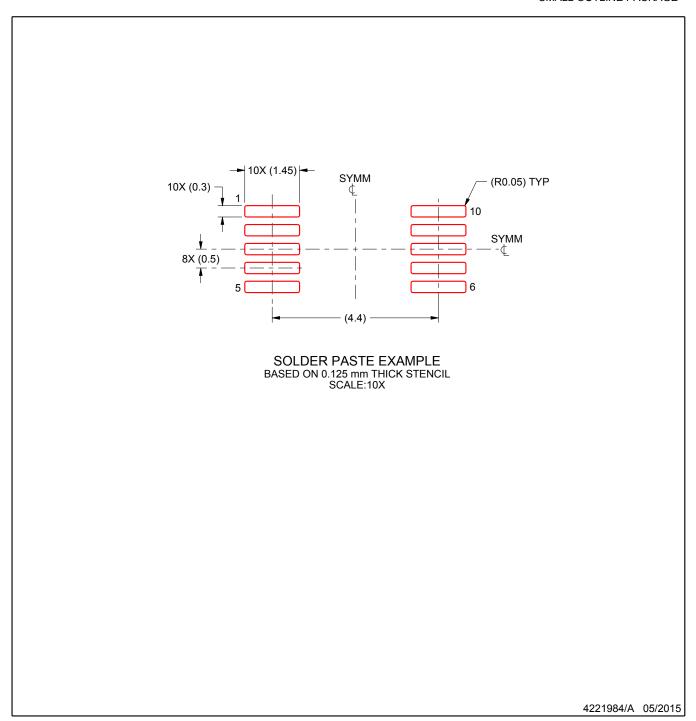
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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Last updated 10/2025