### Functional Safety Information

## TLV3603

## Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA



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#### 1 Overview

This document contains information for TLV3603 (DCK package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- · Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (Pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.

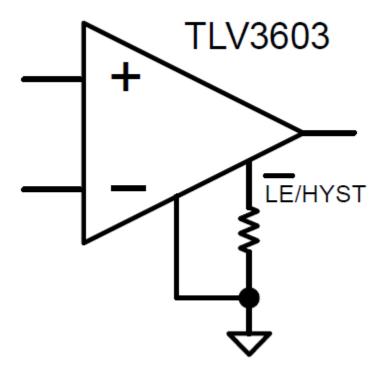


Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram

TLV3603 was developed using a quality-managed development process, but was not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.

ADVANCE INFORMATION for preproduction products; subject to change without notice.



# 2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates 2.1 DCK Package

This section provides Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates for the DCK package of TLV3603 based on two different industry-wide used reliability standards:

- Table 2-1 provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- Table 2-2 provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table 2-1. Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11

FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262	FIT (Failures Per 10 <sup>9</sup> Hours)
Total Component FIT Rate	4
Die FIT Rate	2
Package FIT Rate	2

The failure rate and mission profile information in Table 2-1 comes from the Reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

· Mission Profile: Motor Control from Table 11

Power dissipation: 19.8 mW
Climate type: World-wide Table 8
Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b

Substrate Material: FR4EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table	Category	Reference FIT Rate	Reference Virtual T <sub>J</sub>
4	CMOS, BICMOS Digital, analog / mixed	12 FIT	55°C

The Reference FIT Rate and Reference Virtual T<sub>J</sub> (junction temperature) in Table 2-2 come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.

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#### 3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for TLV3603 in Table 3-1 comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures due to misuse or overstress.

Table 3-1. Die Failure Modes and Distribution

Die Failure Modes	Failure Mode Distribution (%)
OUT Open (HIZ)	15%
OUT Saturate high	25%
OUT Saturate low	25%
OUT Functional not in specification	30%
Short Circuit any two pins	5%

The FMD in Table 3-1 excludes short circuit faults across the isolation barrier. Faults for short circuit across the isolation barrier can be excluded according to ISO 61800-5-2:2016 if the following requirements are fulfilled:

- 1. The signal isolation component is OVC III according to IEC 61800-5-1. If a SELV/PELV power supply is used, pollution degree 2/OVC II applies. All requirements of IEC 61800-5-1:2007, 4.3.6 apply.
- 2. Measures are taken to ensure that an internal failure of the signal isolation component cannot result in excessive temperature of its insulating material.

Creepage and clearance requirements should be applied according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care should be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed-circuit board do not reduce this distance.



#### 4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a Failure Mode Analysis (FMA) for the pins of the TLV3603 (DCK package). The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

- Pin short-circuited to Ground (see Table 4-2.)
- Pin open-circuited (seeTable 4-3,)
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see Table 4-4.)
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see Table 4-5.)

Table 4-2 through Table 4-5 also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. T	Classification of	Failure Effects

Class	Failure Effects
Α	Potential device damage that affects functionality
В	No device damage, but loss of functionality
С	No device damage, but performance degradation
D	No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

- Each pin is assessed individually
- · All other pins are configured correctly for device functionality
- LE /HYST is assumed logic high when not being assessed

#### 4.1 DCK Package

Figure 4-1 shows the TLV3603 pin diagram for the DCK package. For a detailed description of the device pins please refer to the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the TLV3603 data sheet.

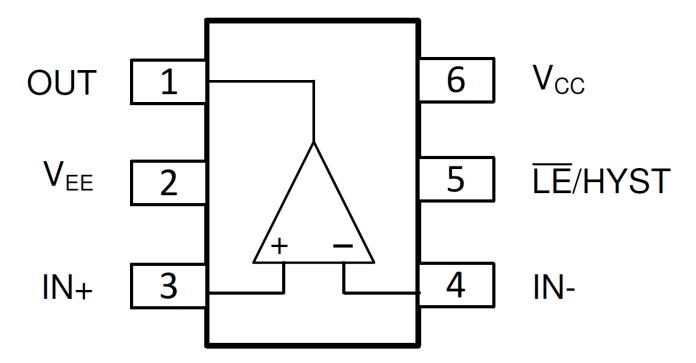


Figure 4-1. Pin Diagram (DCK) Package



#### Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUT	1	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	A
VEE	2	No change if same node as GND	D
IN+	3	Output goes low, if other input is positive	В
IN-	4	Output goes high, if other input is positive	В
LE /HYST	5	Output may be low or high	В
VCC	6	Main supply shorted out (no power to device)	В

#### Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUT	1	Output can't drive application load	В
VEE	2	Lowest voltage pin will drive GND pin internally (via diode)	Α
IN+	3	Output may be low or high	В
IN-	4	Output may be low or high	В
LE /HYST	5	Output may be low or high	С
VCC	6	Main supply open (no power to device)	В

#### Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin

				Failus
Pin Name	Pin No.	Shorted to	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUT	1	VEE	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	Α
VEE	2	IN+	Output goes low, if other input is positive	В
IN+	3	IN-	Output may be low or high	В
IN-	4	LE /HYST	Output may be low or high	С
LE /HYST	5	VCC	Output may be low or high	С
VCC	6	OUT	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	Α

#### Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Supply

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
OUT	1	Thermal stress due to high power dissipation	Α
VEE	2	Main supply shorted out (no power to device)	В
IN+	3	Output goes high, if other input is less positive	В
IN-	4	Output goes low, if other input is less positive	В
LE /HYST	5	Output may be low or high	С
VCC	6	No change if same node as VCC	D

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