

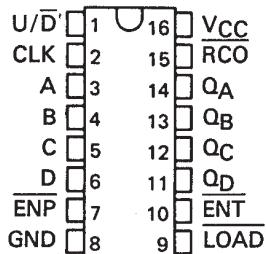
'LS668 . . . SYNCHRONOUS UP/DOWN DECADE COUNTERS  
'LS669 . . . SYNCHRONOUS UP/DOWN BINARY COUNTERS

Programmable Look-Ahead Up/Down  
Binary/Decade Counters

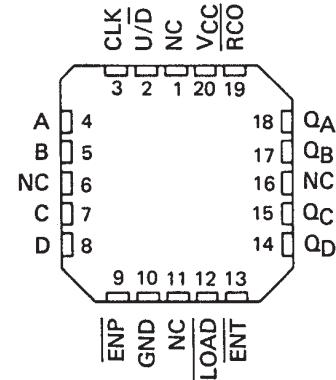
- Fully Synchronous Operation for Counting and Programming
- Internal Look-Ahead for Fast Counting
- Carry Output for n-Bit Cascading
- Fully Independent Clock Circuit
- Buffered Outputs

SN54LS668, SN54LS669 . . . J OR W PACKAGE  
SN74LS668, SN74LS669 . . . D OR N PACKAGE

(TOP VIEW)



SN54LS668, SN54LS669 . . . FK PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

description

These synchronous presettable counters feature an internal carry look-ahead for cascading in high-speed counting applications. The 'LS668 are decade counters and the 'LS669 are 4-bit binary counters. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when so instructed by the count-enable inputs and internal gating. This mode of operation helps eliminate the output counting spikes that are normally associated with asynchronous (ripple-clock) counters. A buffered clock input triggers the four master-slave flip-flops on the rising (positive-going) edge of the clock waveform.

These counters are fully programmable; that is, the outputs may each be preset to either level. The load input circuitry allows loading with the carry-enable output of cascaded counters. As loading is synchronous, setting up a low level at the load input disables the counter and causes the outputs to agree with the data inputs after the next clock pulse.

The carry look-ahead circuitry provides for cascading counters for n-bit synchronous applications without additional gating. Instrumental in accomplishing this function are two count-enable inputs and a carry output. Both count enable inputs ( $\bar{P}$  and  $\bar{T}$ ) must be low to count. The direction of the count is determined by the level of the up/down input. When the input is high, the counter counts up; when low, it counts down. Input  $\bar{T}$  is fed forward to enable the carry output. The carry output thus enabled will produce a low-level output pulse when the count is maximum counting up or zero counting down. This low-level overflow carry pulse can be used to enable successive cascaded stages. Transitions at the enable  $\bar{P}$  or  $\bar{T}$  inputs are allowed regardless of the level of the clock input. All inputs are diode-clamped to minimize transmission-line effects, thereby simplifying system design.

These counters feature a fully independent clock circuit. Changes at control inputs (enable  $\bar{P}$ , enable  $\bar{T}$ , load, up/down) that will modify the operating mode have no effect until clocking occurs. The function of the counter (whether enabled, disabled, loading, or counting) will be dictated solely by the conditions meeting the stable setup and hold times.

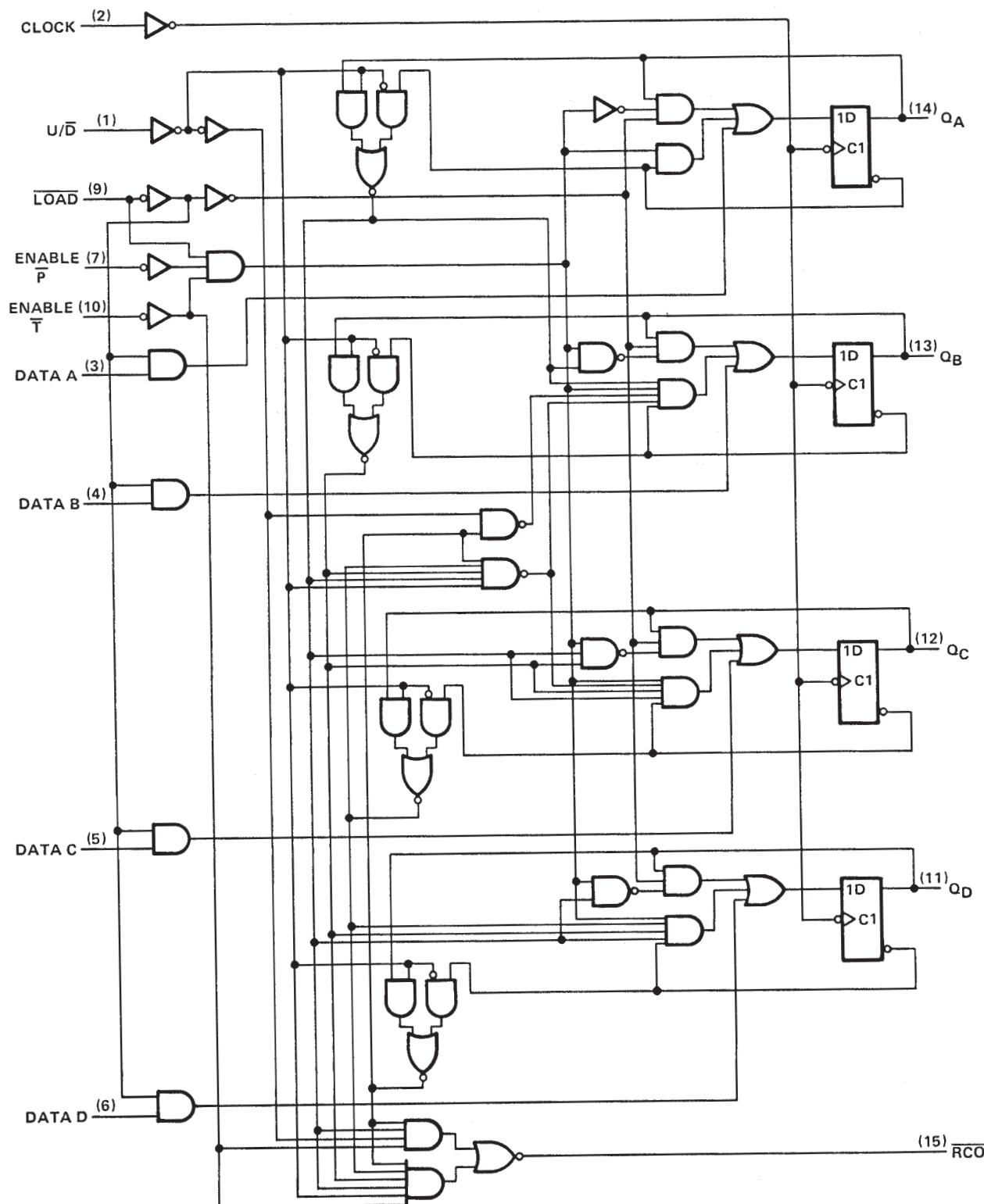
The 'LS668 and 'LS669 are completely new designs. Compared to the original 'LS168 and 'LS169, they feature 0-nanosecond minimum hold time, reduced input currents  $I_{IH}$  and  $I_{IL}$ , and all buffered outputs.

# SN54LS668, SN74LS668 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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logic diagram (positive logic)

SN54LS668, SN74LS668, DECADE COUNTERS



Pin numbers shown are for D, J, N, and W packages.

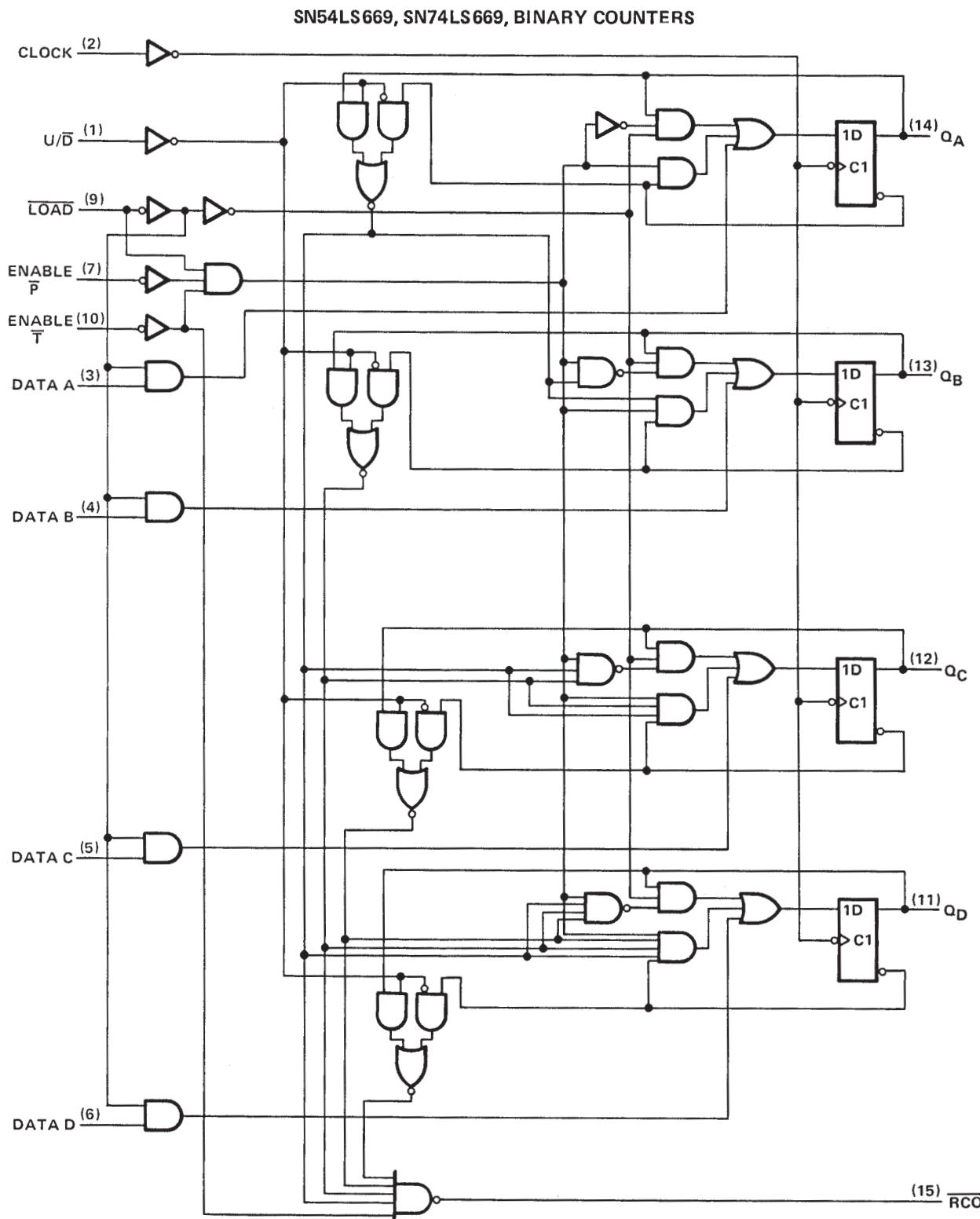


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SN54LS669, SN74LS669  
SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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logic diagram (positive logic) (continued)



Pin numbers shown are for D, J, N, and W packages.

# SN54LS668, SN74LS668 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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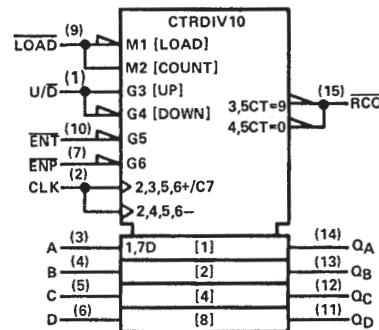
## 'LS668 DECADE COUNTERS

### logic symbol†

#### typical load, count, and inhibit sequences

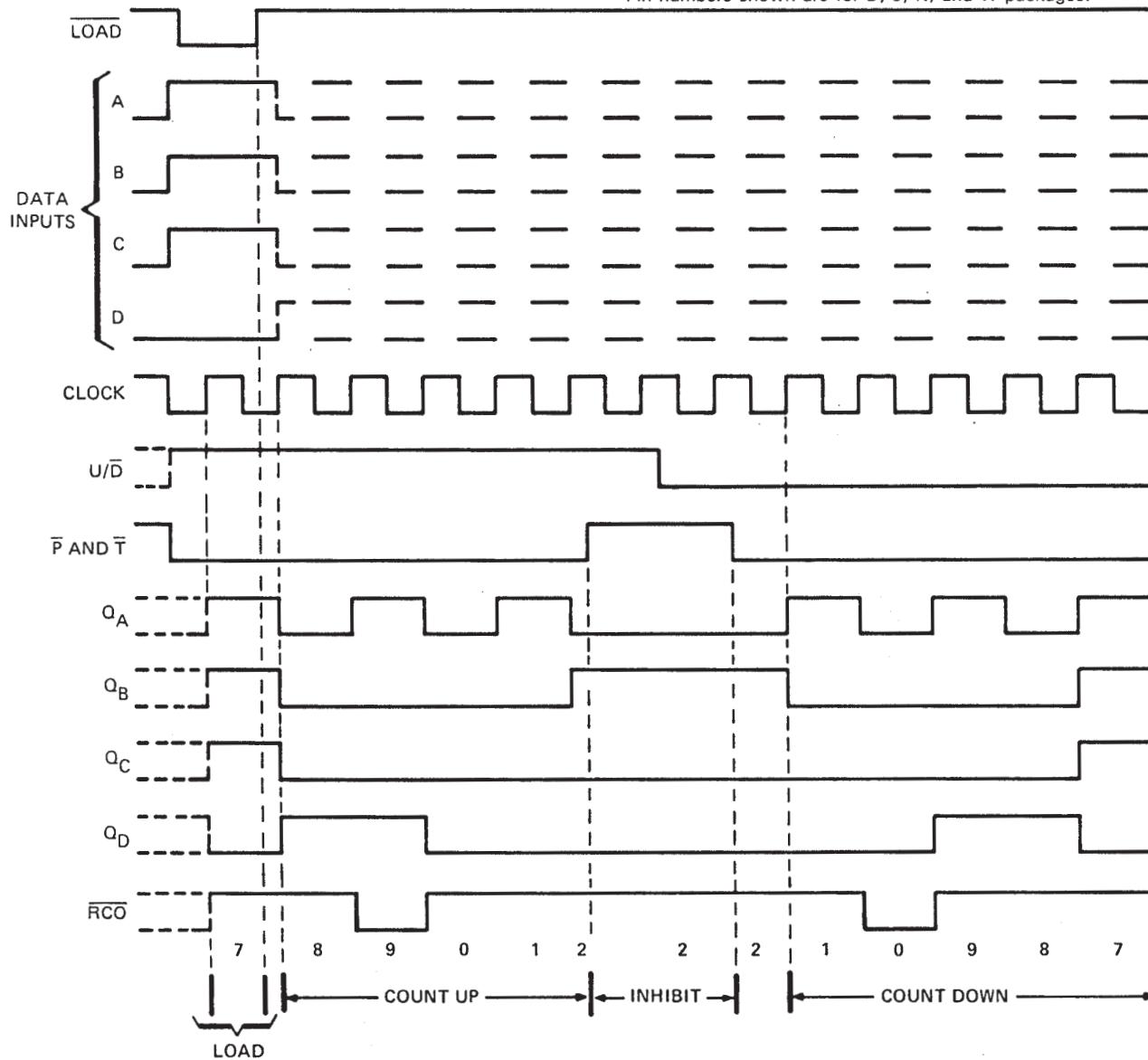
Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Load (preset) to BCD seven
2. Count up to eight, nine (maximum), zero, one, and two
3. Inhibit
4. Count down to one, zero (minimum), nine, eight, and seven



†This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std. 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

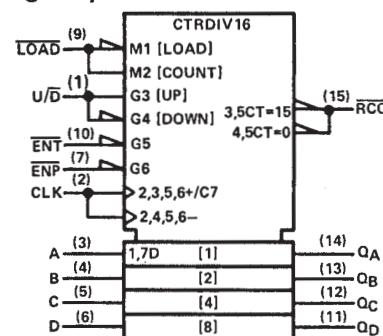
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, N, and W packages.



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'LS669 BINARY COUNTERS

logic symbol†



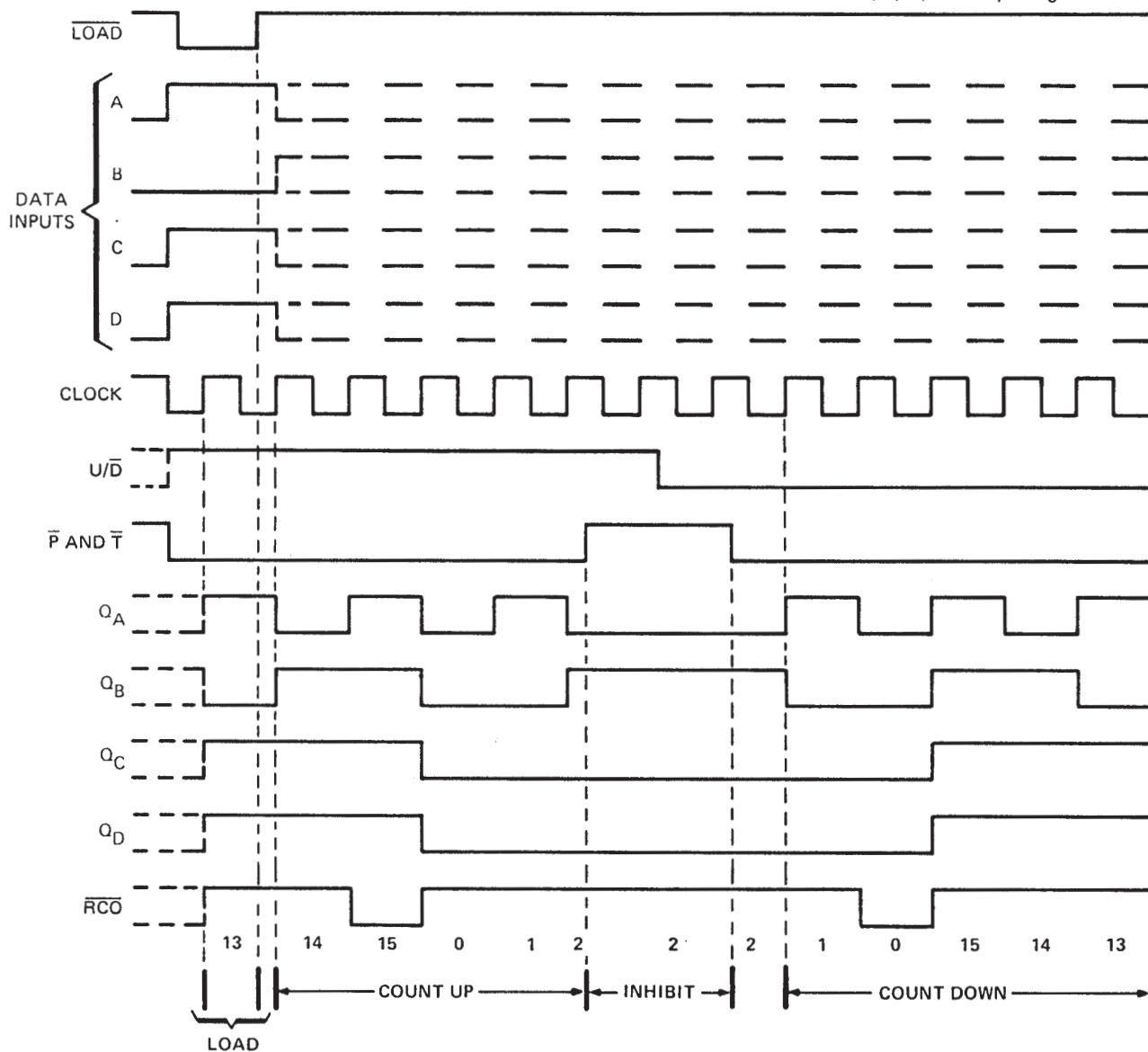
typical load, count, and inhibit sequences

Illustrated below is the following sequence:

1. Load (preset) to binary thirteen
2. Count up to fourteen, fifteen (maximum), zero, one, and two
3. Inhibit
4. Count down to one, zero (minimum), fifteen, fourteen, and thirteen

†This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std. 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

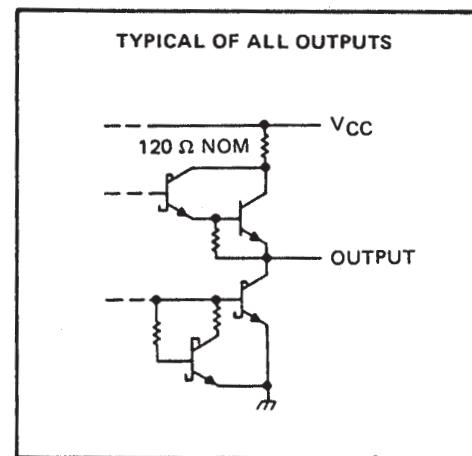
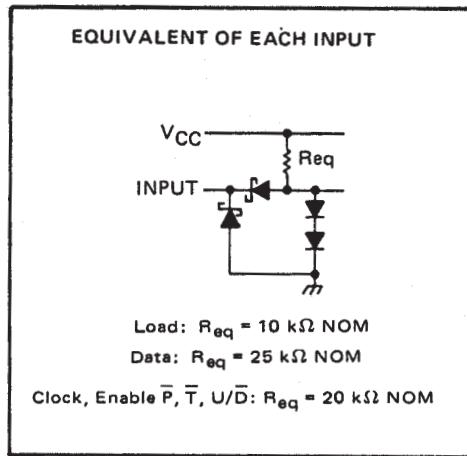
Pin numbers shown are for D, J, N, and W packages.



# SN54LS668, SN54LS669, SN74LS668, SN74LS669 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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## schematics of inputs and outputs



## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	7 V
Input voltage	7 V
Operating free-air temperature range: SN54LS668, SN54LS669	-55°C to 125°C
SN74LS668, SN74LS669	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

## recommended operating conditions

	SN54LS668 SN54LS669	SN74LS 668 SN74LS 669			UNIT		
		MIN	NOM	MAX			
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$			-400		-400		μA
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$			4		8		mA
Clock frequency, $f_{clock}$	0	25	0	25			MHz
Width of clock pulse, $t_W(\text{clock})$ (high or low) (see Figure 1)	20		20				ns
Setup time, $t_{SU}$ (see Figure 1)	Data inputs A, B, C, D	25		25			
	ENP or ENT	40		40			
	LOAD	30		30			
	U/D	45		45			
Hold time at any input with respect to clock, $t_h$ (see Figure 1)	0		0				ns
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	-55		125	0	70		°C

# SN54LS668, SN54LS669, SN74LS668, SN74LS669 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>	SN54LS668			SN74LS668			UNIT	
		SN54LS669			SN74LS669				
		MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX		
V <sub>IH</sub> High-level input voltage		2			2			V	
V <sub>IL</sub> Low-level input voltage			0.7			0.8		V	
V <sub>IK</sub> Input clamp voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.5			-1.5	V	
V <sub>OH</sub> High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> max, I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 $\mu$ A	2.5	3.4		2.7	3.4		V	
V <sub>OL</sub> Low-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> max	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	0.25	0.4	0.25	0.4		V	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA				0.35	0.5		
I <sub>I</sub> Input current at maximum input voltage	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D			0.1		0.1		mA	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 7 V		0.1		0.1			
	LOAD			0.2		0.2			
I <sub>IH</sub> High-level input current	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 2.7 V		20		20		$\mu$ A	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$			20		20			
	LOAD			40		40			
I <sub>IL</sub> Low-level input current	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V		-0.4		-0.4		mA	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$			-0.4		-0.4			
	LOAD			-0.8		-0.8			
I <sub>OS</sub> Short-circuit output current <sup>§</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX		-20	-100	-20	-100		mA	
I <sub>CC</sub> Supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, See Note 2		20	34	20	34		mA	

<sup>†</sup> For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

<sup>‡</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

<sup>§</sup> Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

NOTE 2: I<sub>CC</sub> is measured after applying a momentary 4.5 V, then ground, to the clock input with all other inputs grounded and the outputs open.

switching characteristics, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

PARAMETER <sup>¶</sup>	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
f <sub>max</sub>	CLK	R <sub>CO</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 2 k $\Omega$ , See Figures 2 and 3	25	32		MHz	
t <sub>PLH</sub>				26	40		ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>				40	60			
t <sub>PLH</sub>		Any Q		18	27		ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>				18	27			
t <sub>PLH</sub>		R <sub>CO</sub>		11	17		ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>				29	45			
t <sub>PLH</sub> <sup>#</sup>		R <sub>CO</sub>		22	35		ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub> <sup>#</sup>				26	40			

<sup>¶</sup> f<sub>max</sub> = Maximum clock frequency.

t<sub>PLH</sub> = propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output.

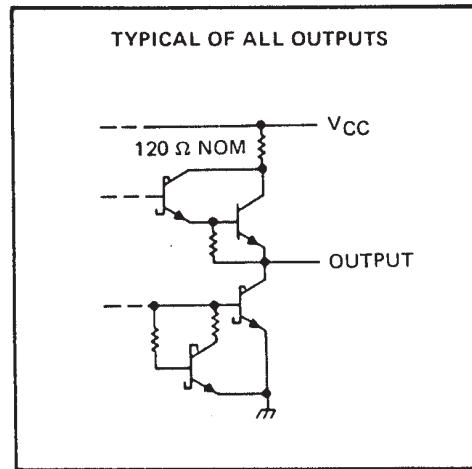
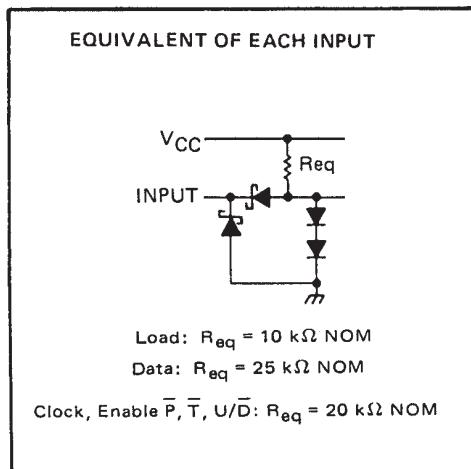
t<sub>PHL</sub> = propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output.

# Propagation delay time from up/down to ripple carry must be measured with the counter at either a minimum or a maximum count. As the logic level of the up/down input is changed, the ripple carry output will follow. If the count is minimum (0), the ripple carry output transition will be in phase. If the count is maximum (9 for 'LS668 or 15 for 'LS669), the ripple carry output will be out of phase.

# SN54LS668, SN54LS669, SN74LS668, SN74LS669 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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## schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	7 V
Input voltage	7 V
Operating free-air temperature range:	
SN54LS668, SN54LS669	-55°C to 125°C
SN74LS668, SN74LS669	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

#### **recommended operating conditions**

	SN54LS668 SN54LS669			SN74LS668 SN74LS669			UNIT
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$	4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$			-400			-400	$\mu A$
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$			4			8	mA
Clock frequency, $f_{clock}$	0		25	0		25	MHz
Width of clock pulse, $t_{W(clock)}$ (high or low) (see Figure 1)	20			20			ns
Setup time, $t_{SU}$ (see Figure 1)	Data inputs A, B, C, D	25		25			ns
	$\overline{ENP}$ or $\overline{ENT}$	40		40			
	LOAD	30		30			
	$U/D$	45		45			
Hold time at any input with respect to clock, $t_h$ (see Figure 1)	0			0			ns
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	-55		125	0		70	$^{\circ}C$

# SN54LS668, SN54LS669, SN74LS668, SN74LS669 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS <sup>†</sup>	SN54LS668			SN74LS668			UNIT	
		SN54LS669			SN74LS669				
		MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>‡</sup>	MAX		
$V_{IH}$ High-level input voltage		2			2			V	
$V_{IL}$ Low-level input voltage			0.7			0.8		V	
$V_{IK}$ Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.5			-1.5	V	
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $V_{IH} = 2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = V_{IL \text{ max}}$ , $I_{OH} = -400 \mu\text{A}$	2.5	3.4		2.7	3.4		V	
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{MIN}$ , $V_{IH} = 2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = V_{IL \text{ max}}$	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	0.25	0.4	0.25	0.4		V	
		$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$			0.35	0.5			
$I_I$ Input current at maximum input voltage	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D		0.1		0.1			mA	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 7 \text{ V}$	0.1		0.1				
	LOAD		0.2		0.2				
$I_{IH}$ High-level input current	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D		20		20			$\mu\text{A}$	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$	20		20				
	LOAD		40		40				
$I_{IL}$ Low-level input current	A, B, C, D, $\bar{P}$ , U/D		-0.4		-0.4			mA	
	Clock, $\bar{T}$	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$ , $V_I = 0.4 \text{ V}$	-0.4		-0.4				
	LOAD		-0.8		-0.8				
$I_{OS}$ Short-circuit output current <sup>§</sup>	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$		-20	-100	-20	-100		mA	
$I_{CC}$ Supply current	$V_{CC} = \text{MAX}$	See Note 2	20	34	20	34		mA	

<sup>†</sup>For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

<sup>‡</sup>All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

NOTE 2:  $I_{CC}$  is measured after applying a momentary 4.5 V, then ground, to the clock input with all other inputs grounded and the outputs open.

switching characteristics,  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER <sup>¶</sup>	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$f_{max}$	CLK	$\bar{R}_{CO}$	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ , See Figures 2 and 3	25	32		MHz	
$t_{PLH}$				26	40		ns	
$t_{PHL}$				40	60			
$t_{PLH}$		Any Q		18	27		ns	
$t_{PHL}$				18	27			
$t_{PLH}$		$\bar{R}_{CO}$		11	17		ns	
$t_{PHL}$				29	45			
$t_{PLH\#}$		$\bar{R}_{CO}$		22	35		ns	
$t_{PHL\#}$				26	40			

<sup>¶</sup> $f_{max}$  = Maximum clock frequency.

$t_{PLH}$  = propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output.

$t_{PHL}$  = propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output.

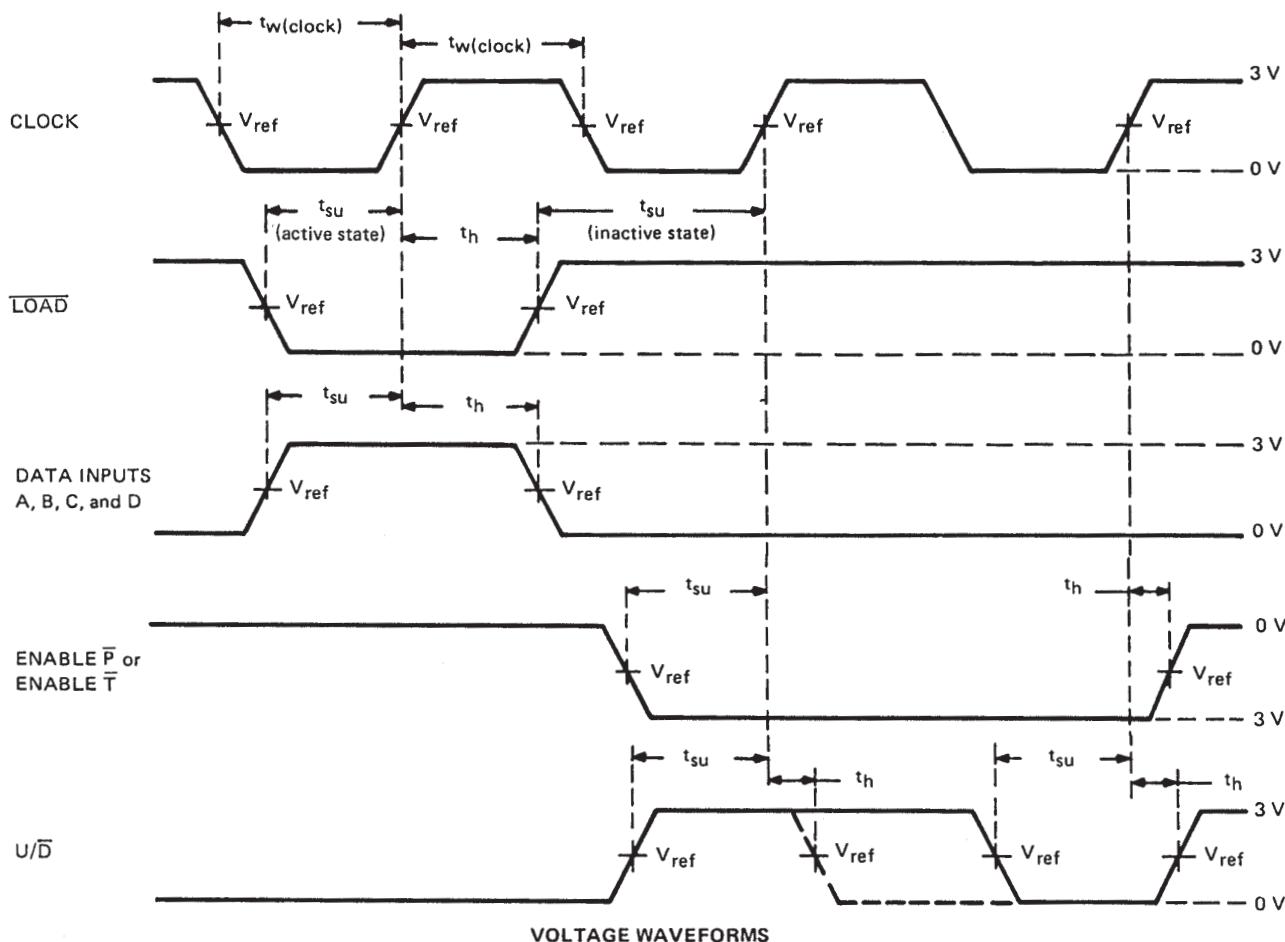
# Propagation delay time from up/down to ripple carry must be measured with the counter at either a minimum or a maximum count. As the logic level of the up/down input is changed, the ripple carry output will follow. If the count is minimum (0), the ripple carry output transition will be in phase. If the count is maximum (9 for 'LS668 or 15 for 'LS669), the ripple carry output will be out of phase.



# SN54LS668, SN54LS669, SN74LS668, SN74LS669 SYNCHRONOUS 4-BIT UP/DOWN COUNTERS

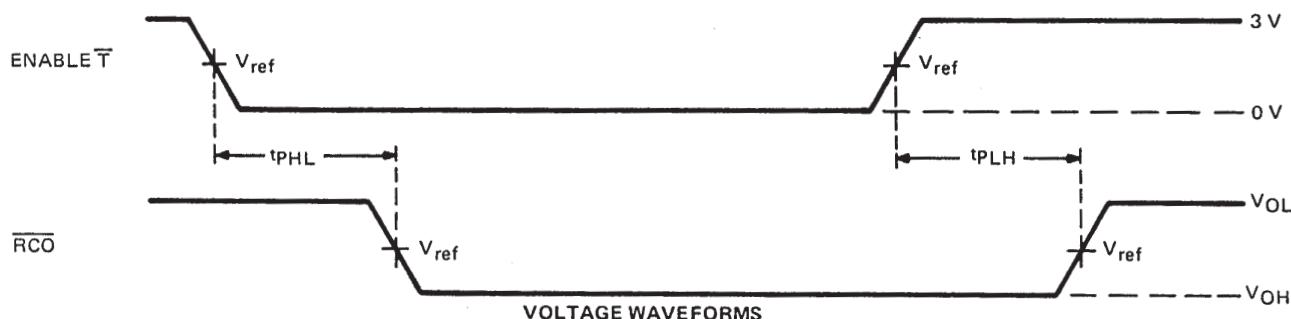
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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 1$  MHz, duty cycle  $\leq 50\%$ ,  $Z_{out} \approx 50 \Omega$ ;  $t_r \leq 15$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns.  
 B.  $V_{ref} = 1.3$  V.

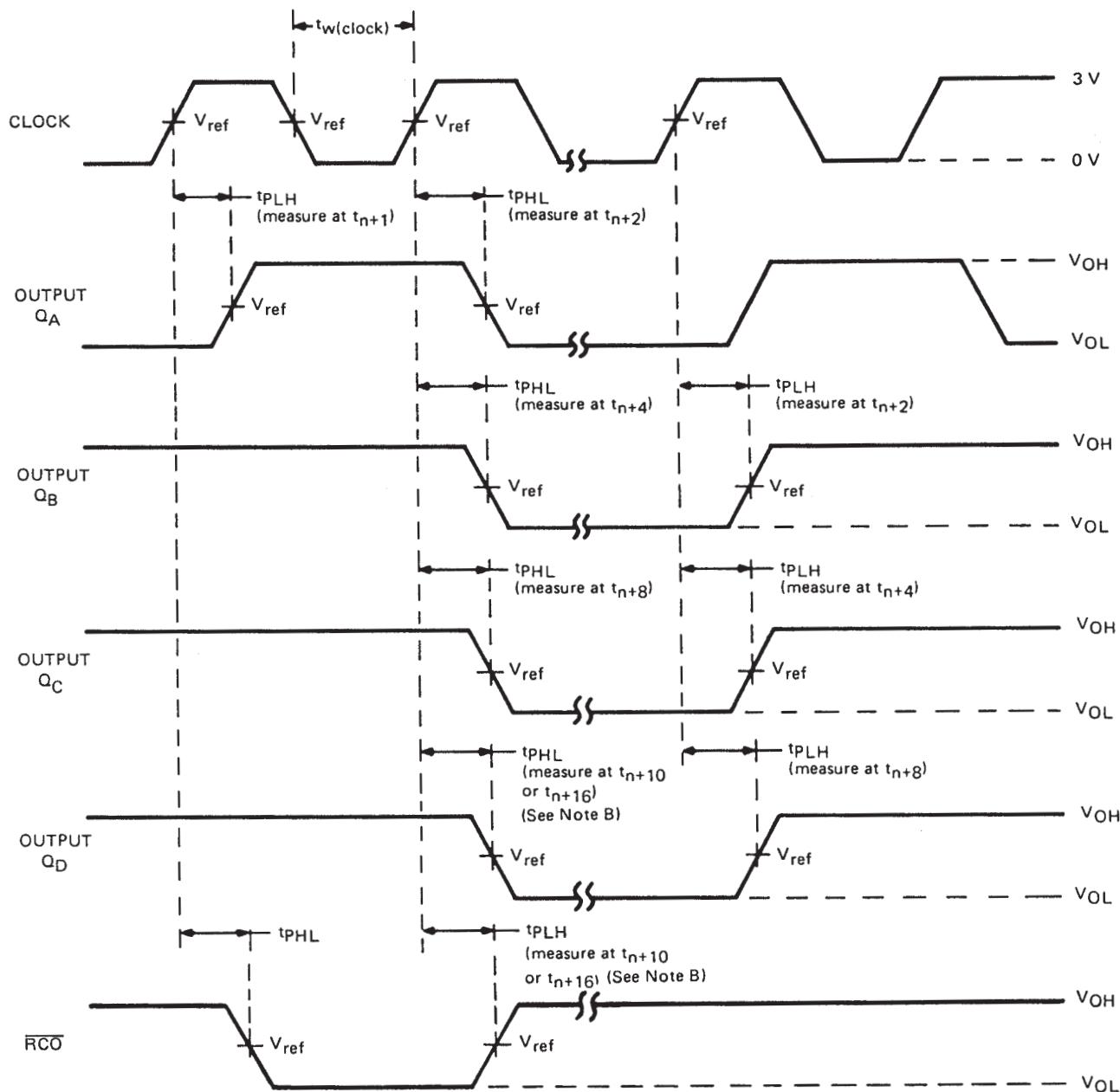
FIGURE 1—PULSE WIDTHS, SETUP TIMES, HOLD TIMES



NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 1$  MHz, duty cycle  $\leq 50\%$ ,  $Z_{out} \approx 50 \Omega$ ;  $t_r \leq 15$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns.  
 B.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  from enable  $\overline{T}$  input to ripple carry output assume that the counter is at the maximum count ( $Q_A$  and  $Q_D$  high for 'LS668, all Q outputs high for 'LS669).  
 C.  $V_{ref} = 1.3$  V.  
 D. Propagation delay time from up/down to ripple carry must be measured with the counter at either a minimum or a maximum count. As the logic level of the up/down input is changed, the ripple carry output will follow. If the count is minimum (0) the ripple carry output transition will be in phase. If the count is maximum (9 for 'LS668, or 15 for 'LS669) the ripple carry output will be out of phase.

FIGURE 2—PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES TO CARRY OUTPUT

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



UP-COUNT VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

NOTES: A. The input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq 1$  MHz, duty cycle  $\leq 50\%$ ,  $Z_{out} \approx 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 15$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns. Vary PRR to measure  $f_{max}$ .  
 B. Outputs Q<sub>D</sub> and carry are tested at  $t_{n+10}$  for the 'LS668, and at  $t_{n+16}$  for the 'LS669, where  $t_n$  is the bit-time when all outputs are low.  
 C.  $V_{ref} = 1.3$  V.

FIGURE 3—PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES FROM CLOCK

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
<a href="#">SN54LS669J</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   16	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54LS669J
SN54LS669J.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   16	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SN54LS669J
<a href="#">SNJ54LS669J</a>	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   16	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SNJ54LS669J
SNJ54LS669J.A	Active	Production	CDIP (J)   16	25   TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	SNJ54LS669J

<sup>(1)</sup> **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

<sup>(2)</sup> **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

J (R-GDIP-T\*\*)

14 LEADS SHOWN

CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC
B MAX	0.785 (19,94)	.840 (21,34)	0.960 (24,38)	1.060 (26,92)
B MIN	—	—	—	—
C MAX	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.310 (7,87)	0.300 (7,62)
C MIN	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.220 (5,59)	0.245 (6,22)



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NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.  
D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.  
E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18 and GDIP1-T20.

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