TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

LM26NV
SNIS151C – AUGUST 2008 – REVISED JANUARY 2024

LM26NV SOT-23, ±3°C Accurate, Factory Preset Thermostat (LM26 without V_{TEMP} output)

1 Features

- Internal Comparator with Pin Programmable 2°C or 10°C Hysteresis
- No External Components Required
- Open Drain or Push-Pull Digital Output; Supports CMOS Logic Levels
- Internal Temperature Sensor
- Internal Voltage Reference and DAC for Trip-Point Setting
- Currently Available in 5-Pin SOT-23 Plastic Package
- Excellent Power Supply Noise Rejection
- Key Specifications:
  - Power Supply Voltage: 2.7V to 5.5 V
  - Power Supply Current:
    - 40µA(max)
    - 20µA(typ)
  - Hysteresis Temperature: 2°C or 10°C(typ)

2 Applications

- Microprocessor Thermal Management
- Appliances
- Portable Battery Powered Systems
- Fan Control
- Industrial Process Control
- HVAC Systems
- Remote Temperature Sensing
- Electronic System Protection

3 Description

The LM26NV is a precision, single digital-output, low-power thermostat comprised of an internal reference, DAC, temperature sensor and comparator. Utilizing factory programming, it can be manufactured with different trip points as well as different digital output functionality. The trip point (T_{OS}) can be preset at the factory to any temperature in the range of −55°C to +110°C in 1°C increments. The LM26NV has one digital output (OS/ $\overline{OS}$/US/ $\overline{US}$) and one digital input (HYST). The digital output stage can be preset as either open-drain or push-pull. In addition, it can be factory programmed to be active HIGH or LOW. The digital output can be factory programmed to indicate an over temperature shutdown event (OS or $\overline{OS}$) or an under temperature shutdown event (US or $\overline{US}$). When preset as an overtemperature shutdown ($\overline{OS}$), it will go LOW to indicate that the die temperature is over the internally preset T_{OS} and go HIGH when the temperature goes below (T_{OS}–T_{HYST}). Similarly, when preprogrammed as an undertemperature shutdown (US) it will go HIGH to indicate that the temperature is below T_{US} and go LOW when the temperature is above (T_{US}+T_{HYST}). The typical hysteresis, T_{HYST}, can be set to 2°C or 10°C and is controlled by the state of the HYST pin.

Available parts are detailed in the ordering information. For other part options, contact a Texas Instruments Distributor or Sales Representative for information on minimum order qualification. The LM26NV is currently available in a 5-lead SOT-23 package.

Temperature Trip Point Accuracy

Temperature Range	LM26NV
−55°C to +110°C	±3°C (max)
+120°C	±4°C (max)

Table of Contents

Product Folder Links: *LM26NV*

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

Figure 4-1. 5-Lead SOT-23 See DBV Package

Table 4-1. Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function	Connection
1	HYST	Hysteresis control, digital input	GND for 10°C or V^+ for 2°C
2	GND	Ground, connected to the back side of the die through lead frame.	System GND
3	NC	Not Connected Inside Part	Ground or No Connect
4	V^+	Supply input	2.7V to 5.5V with a 0.1µF bypass capacitor. For PSRR information see *Section Titled NOISE CONSIDERATIONS*.
5[1]	$\overline{OS}$	Overtemperature Shutdown open-drain active low thermostat digital output	Controller interrupt, system or power supply shutdown; pull-up resistor ≥ 10kΩ
	OS	Overtemperature Shutdown push-pull active high thermostat digital output	Controller interrupt, system or power supply shutdown
	$\overline{US}$	Undertemperature Shutdown open-drain active low thermostat digital output	System or power supply shutdown; pull-up resistor ≥ 10kΩ
	US	Undertemperature Shutdown push-pull active high thermostat digital output	System or power supply shutdown

(1) Pin 5 functionality and trip point setting are programmed during LM26NV manufacture.

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

See[1]

Input Voltage		6.0V
Input Current at any pin [2]		5mA
Package Input Current[2]		20mA
Package Dissipation at T_A = 25°C[3]		500mW
Soldering Information[4]		
SOT-23 Package	Vapor Phase (60 seconds)	215°C
	Infrared (15 seconds)	220°C
Storage Temperature		−65°C to + 150°C
ESD Susceptibility [5]	Human Body Model	2500V
	Machine Model	250V

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The ensured specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed test conditions.
(2) When the input voltage (V_I) at any pin exceeds the power supply (V_I < GND or V_I > V^+), the current at that pin should be limited to 5mA. The 20mA maximum package input current rating limits the number of pins that can safely exceed the power supplies with an input current of 5mA to four. Under normal operating conditions the maximum current that pins 2, 4 or 5 can handle is limited to 5mA each.
(3) The maximum power dissipation must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by T_{Jmax} (maximum junction temperature), θ_{JA} (junction to ambient thermal resistance) and T_A (ambient temperature). The maximum allowable power dissipation at any temperature is $P_D = (T_{Jmax}−T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the number given in the Absolute Maximum Ratings, whichever is lower. For this device, T_{Jmax} = 150°C. For this device the typical thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) of the different package types when board mounted follow:
(4) See the URL "http://www.ti.com/packaging" for other recommendations and methods of soldering surface mount devices.
(5) The human body model is a 100pF capacitor discharge through a 1.5kΩ resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200pF capacitor discharged directly into each pin.

5.2 Operating Ratings

See [1]

Specified Temperature Range	$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$
LM26NV	−55°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C
Positive Supply Voltage (V^+)	+2.7V to +5.5V
Maximum V_{OUT}	+5.5V

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics. The ensured specifications apply only for the test conditions listed. Some performance characteristics may degrade when the device is not operated under the listed test conditions.

Product Folder Links: *LM26NV*

5.3 LM26NV Electrical Characteristics

The following specifications apply for V^+ = 2.7V_{DC} to 5.5V_{DC}, and V_{TEMP} load current = 0µA unless otherwise specified.
Boldface limits apply for T_A = T_J = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}; all other limits T_A = T_J = 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical[1]	LM26NV Limits [2]	Units (Limits)
Temperature Sensor					
	Trip Point Accuracy (Includes V_{REF}, DAC, Comparator Offset, and Temperature Sensitivity errors)	-55°C ≤ T_A ≤ +110°C		±3	°C (max)
		+120°C		±4	°C (max)
	Trip Point Hysteresis	HYST = GND	11		°C
		HYST = V^+	2		°C
I_S	Supply Current		16	20 **40**	µA (max) µA (max)
Digital Output and Input					
$I_{OUT("1")}$	Logical "1" Output Leakage Current [3]	V^+ = +5.0V	0.001	1	µA (max)
$V_{OUT("0")}$	Logical "0" Output Voltage	I_{OUT} = +1.2mA and V^+≥2.7V; I_{OUT} = +3.2mA and V^+≥4.5V; [4]		**0.4**	V (max)
$V_{OUT("1")}$	Logical "1" Push-Pull Output Voltage	I_{SOURCE} = 500µA, V^+ ≥ 2.7V		**0.8 × V^+**	V (min)
		I_{SOURCE} = 800µA, V^+≥4.5V		**V^+ − 1.5**	V (min)
V_{IH}	HYST Input Logical "1" Threshold Voltage			**0.8 × V^+**	V (min)
V_{IL}	HYST Input Logical "0" Threshold Voltage			**0.2 × V^+**	V (max)

(1) Typicals are at T_J = T_A = 25°C and represent most likely parametric norm.
(2) Limits are ensured to AOQL (Average Outgoing Quality Level).
(3) The 1µA limit is based on a testing limitation and does not reflect the actual performance of the part. Expect to see a doubling of the current for every 15°C increase in temperature. For example, the 1nA typical current at 25°C would increase to 16nA at 85°C.
(4) Care should be taken to include the effects of self heating when setting the maximum output load current. The power dissipation of the LM26NV would increase by 1.28mW when I_{OUT}=3.2mA and V_{OUT}=0.4V. With a thermal resistance of 250°C/W, this power dissipation would cause an increase in the die temperature of about 0.32°C due to self heating. Self heating is not included in the trip point accuracy specification.

Package Type	θ_{JA}
SOT-23, DBV	250°C/W

6 Detailed Description

6.1 Functional Block Diagram
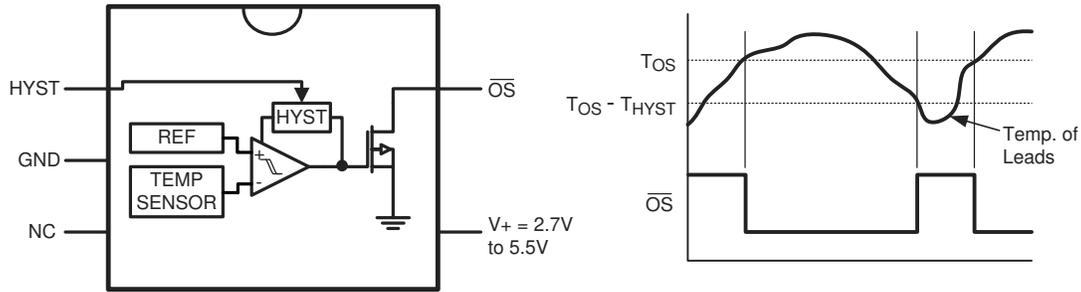
HYST = GND for 10°C Hysteresis
HYST = V+ for 2°C Hysteresis

The LM26CIM5-YPE has a fixed trip point of 115°C. For other trip point and output function availability, please see ordering information or contact Texas Instruments.
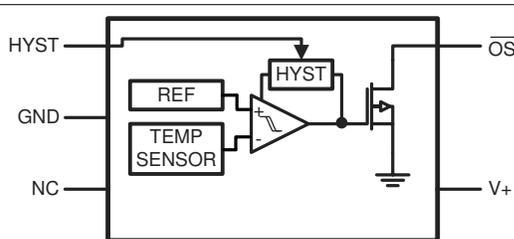
Figure 6-1. LM26CIM5-YPE Simplified Block Diagram and Connection Diagram

## 6.2 Feature Description

6.2.1 LM26NV OPTIONS

The LM26NV can be factory programmed to have a trip point anywhere in the range of −55°C to +110°C. It is also available in any of four output options, as indicated by the last letter in the part number.
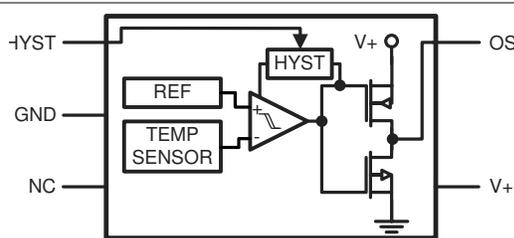
6.2.2 Output Pin Options Block Diagrams

The "E" in "LM26CIM5 - _ _ E " indicates that the digital output is Active-Low Open-Drain and will trip as temperature is rising (OS)

Figure 6-2. LM26CIM5 - _ _ E
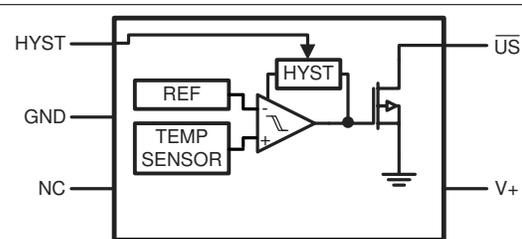
The "F" in "LM26CIM5 - _ _ F " indicates that the digital output is Active-Low Open-Drain and will trip as temperature is falling ($\overline{US}$)

Figure 6-3. LM26CIM5 - _ _ F

The "G" in "LM26CIM5 - _ _G " indicates that the digital output is Active-High Push-Pull and will trip as temperature is rising (OS)
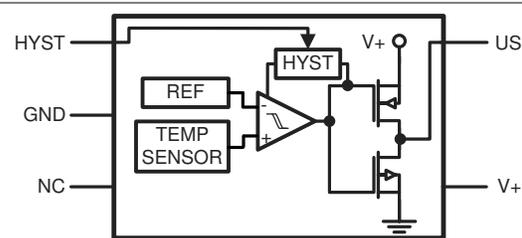
Figure 6-4. LM26CIM5 - _ _G

The "H" in "LM26CIM5 - _ _H" indicates that the digital output is Active-High Push-Pull and will trip as temperature is falling (US)

Figure 6-5. LM26CIM5 - _ _H

Product Folder Links: *LM26NV*

7 Application and Implementation

> **Note**
>
> Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

7.1 Application Information

7.1.1 Noise Considerations

The LM26NV has excellent power supply noise rejection. Listed below is a variety of signals used to test the LM26NV power supply rejection. False triggering of the output was not observed when these signals where coupled into the V+ pin of the LM26NV.

- Square Wave 400kHz, 1Vp-p
- Square Wave 2kHz, 200mVp-p
- Sine Wave 100Hz to 1MHz, 200mVp-p

Testing was done while maintaining the temperature of the LM26NV one degree centigrade way from the trip point with the output not activated.

7.1.2 Mounting Considerations

The LM26NV can be applied easily in the same way as other integrated-circuit temperature sensors. It can be glued or cemented to a surface. The temperature that the LM26NV is sensing will be within about +0.06°C of the surface temperature to which the LM26NV's leads are attached to.

This presumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature; if the air temperature were much higher or lower than the surface temperature, the actual temperature measured would be at an intermediate temperature between the surface temperature and the air temperature.

To ensure good thermal conductivity, the backside of the LM26NV die is directly attached to the GND pin (pin 2). The temperatures of the lands and traces to the other leads of the LM26NV will also affect the temperature that is being sensed.

Alternatively, the LM26NV can be mounted inside a sealed-end metal tube, and can then be dipped into a bath or screwed into a threaded hole in a tank. As with any IC, the LM26NV and accompanying wiring and circuits must be kept insulated and dry, to avoid leakage and corrosion. This is especially true if the circuit may operate at cold temperatures where condensation can occur. Printed-circuit coatings and varnishes such as Humiseal and epoxy paints or dips are often used to ensure that moisture cannot corrode the LM26NV or its connections.

The junction to ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) is the parameter used to calculate the rise of a part's junction temperature due to its power dissipation. For the LM26NV the equation used to calculate the rise in the die junction temperature is as follows:

$$T_J = T_A + \Theta_{JA}(V^+I_Q + V_{DO}I_{DO})$$

(1)

where

- T_A is the ambient temperature
- V^+ is the power supply voltage
- I_Q is the quiescent current
- V_{DO} is the voltage on the digital output
- I_{DO} is the load current on the digital output

Table 7-1 summarizes the thermal resistance for different conditions and the rise in die temperature of the LM26NV and a 10k pull-up resistor on an open-drain digital output with a 5.5V power supply.

Table 7-1. Thermal resistance (θ$_{JA}$) and temperature rise due to self heating (T$_J$−T$_A$)

	SOT-23 no heat sink		SOT-23 small heat sink	
	θ$_{JA}$ (°C/W)	T$_J$−T$_A$ (°C)	θ$_{JA}$ (°C/W)	T$_J$−T$_A$ (°C)
Still Air	250	0.11	TBD	TBD
Moving Air	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

7.2 Typical Applications
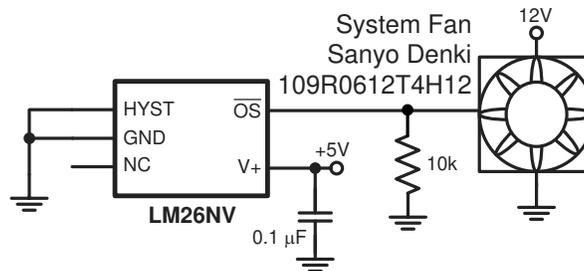
The fan's control pin has an internal pull-up. The 10 kOhm pull-down sets a slow fan speed. When the output of the LM26NV goes low, the fan will speed up.

Figure 7-1. Two Speed Fan Speed Control
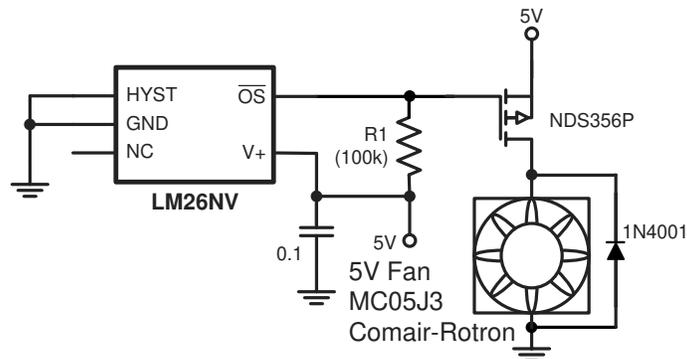
The LM26NV switches the fan on when the measured temperature exceeds the trip temperature.

Figure 7-2. Fan High Side Drive

Product Folder Links: *LM26NV*

The LM26LV sinks causes the switch to sink the fan current when the measured temperature exceeds the trip temperature.

Figure 7-3. Fan Low Side Drive
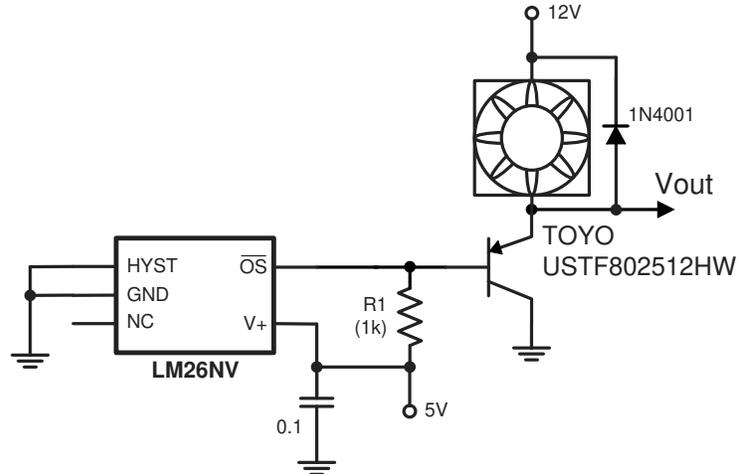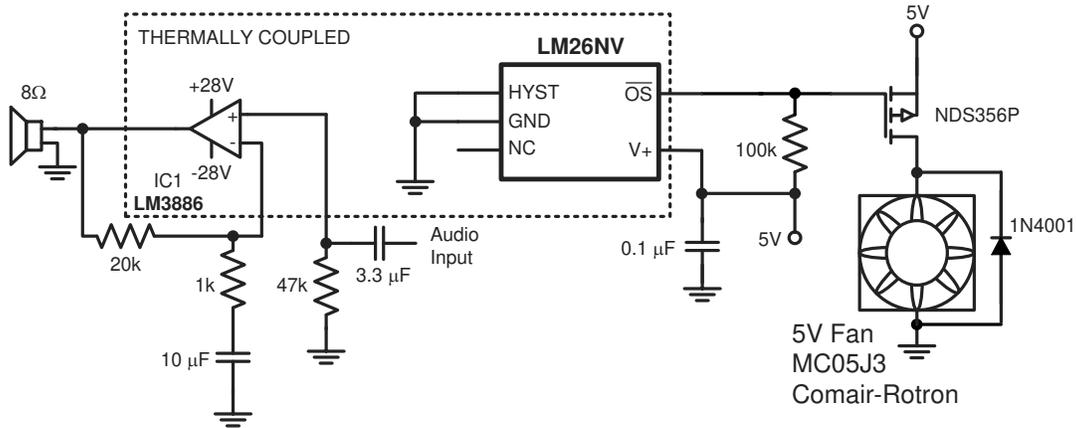

By thermally coupling the LM26NV to the audio power amplifier, the LM26NV safeguards the amplifier from overheating, turning on the fan when it temperature exceeds the trip temperature.

Figure 7-4. Audio Power Amplifier Thermal Protection
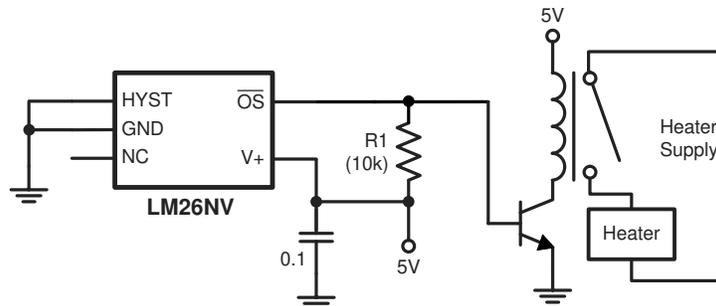
When the measured temperature is below the trip temperature of the LM26NV, the $\overline{OS}$ output will be high, causing the switch and relay to close. When the temperature exceeds the trip point, $\overline{OS}$ goes low and shuts off the relay and heater.

Figure 7-5. Simple Thermostat

8 Device and Documentation Support

8.1 Device Nomenclature

The series of characters labeled "xyz" in the part number LM26CIM5-xyz, describe the set point value and the function of the output. The character at "x" and "y" define the set point temperature (at which the digital output will go active). The "z" character defines the type and function of the digital output. These place holders are defined in the following tables.

The place holders xy describe the set point temperature as shown in the following table.

x (10x)	y (1x)	Temperature (°C)
A	-	−5
B	-	−4
C	-	−3
D	-	−2
E	-	−1
F	-	−0
H	H	0
J	J	1
K	K	2
L	L	3
N	N	4
P	P	5
R	R	6
S	S	7
T	T	8
V	V	9
X	-	10
Y	-	11
Z	-	12

The value of z describes the assignment/function of the output as shown in the following table:

Active- $\overline{\text{Low}}$/High	Open-Drain/ Push-Pull	$\overline{\text{OS}}$/US	Value of z	Digital Output Function
0	0	0	E	Active-Low, Open-Drain, $\overline{\text{OS}}$ output
0	0	1	F	Active-Low, Open-Drain, $\overline{\text{US}}$ output
1	1	0	G	Active-High, Push-Pull, OS output
1	1	1	H	Active-High, Push-Pull, US output

EXAMPLE:

- The part number LM26CIM5-YPE has T_{OS} = 115°C, and has an active-low open-drain overtemperature shutdown output. The "Y" represents the tens value "11", the "P" represents the ones value "5", and the "E" means that the output will be an active-low, open-drain, over-temperature output.

Many active-high open-drain and active-low push-pull options are available, please contact Texas Instruments for more information.

8.2 Documentation Support

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Notifications* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

8.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

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8.4 Support Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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8.5 Trademarks

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8.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

8.7 Glossary

TI Glossary   This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

9 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package | Pins	Package qty | Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
LM26CIM5-YPE/NOPB	Obsolete	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	-	-	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 125	TYPE
LM26CIM5X-YPE/NOPB	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	TYPE
LM26CIM5X-YPE/NOPB.A	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	TYPE
LM26CIM5X-YPE/NOPB.B	Active	Production	SOT-23 (DBV) | 5	3000 | LARGE T&R	-	Call TI	Call TI	-55 to 125	

(1) Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

(2) Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

(3) RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

(4) Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.
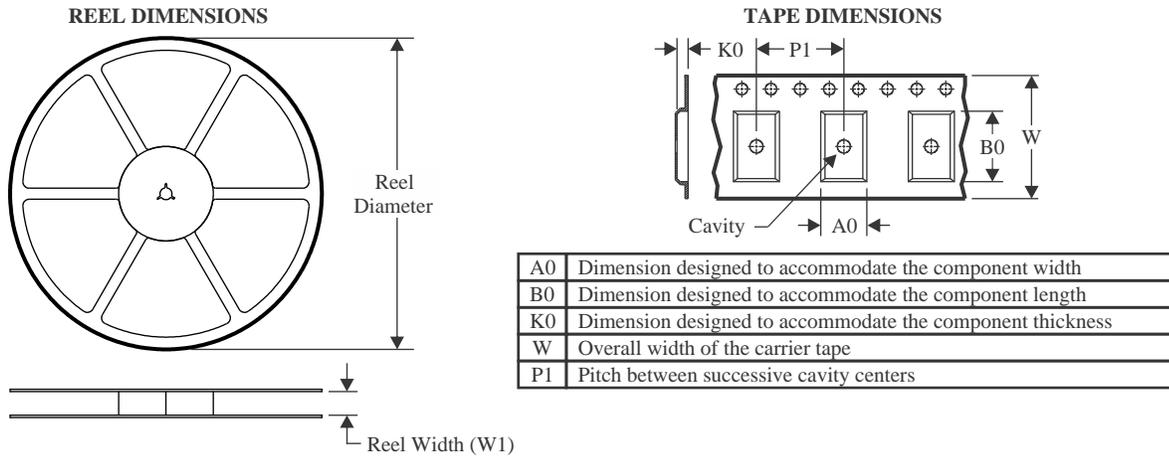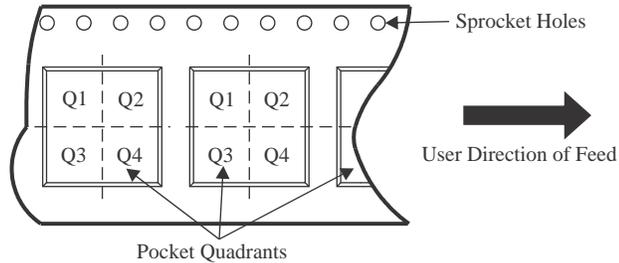
(5) MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

TAPE DIMENSIONS

A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LM26CIM5X-YPE/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	179.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LM26CIM5X-YPE/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	200.0	183.0	25.0

3.0
2.6

1.75
1.45

B

A

PIN 1
INDEX AREA

1

5

2X 0.95

1.9

2

(0.1)

3.05
2.75

1.9

(0.15)

3

4

5X 0.5
    0.3

⊕ 0.2 (M) C A B

NOTE 5

C

⌒ 0.1 C

4X 0°-15°

(1.1)

1.45
0.90

0.15
0.00 TYP

4X 4°-15°

0.25

GAGE PLANE

0.22
0.08 TYP

8° TYP
0°

0.6 TYP
0.3

SEATING PLANE

4214839/K   08/2024

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Refernce JEDEC MO-178.
4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.

PKG
℄

5X (1.1)

1

5X (0.6)

5

SYMM
℄

2

(1.9)

2X (0.95)

3

4

(R0.05) TYP

(2.6)

LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:15X

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

METAL

METAL UNDER
SOLDER MASK

SOLDER MASK
OPENING

EXPOSED METAL

EXPOSED METAL

0.07 MAX
ARROUND

0.07 MIN
ARROUND

NON SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
(PREFERRED)

SOLDER MASK
DEFINED
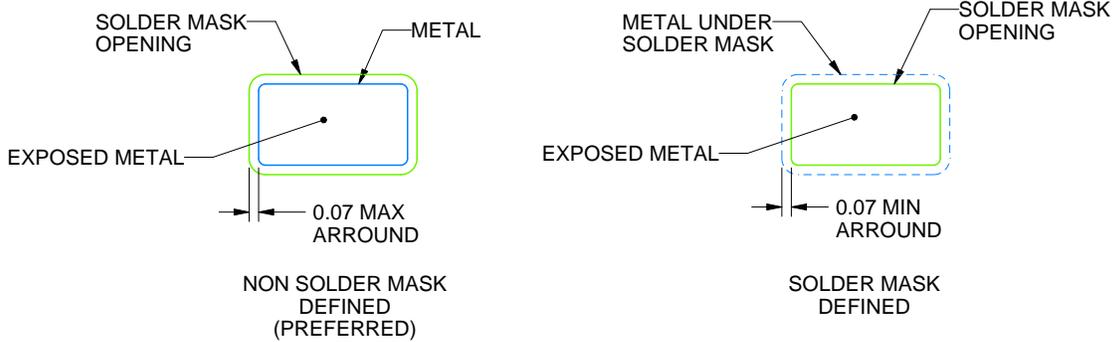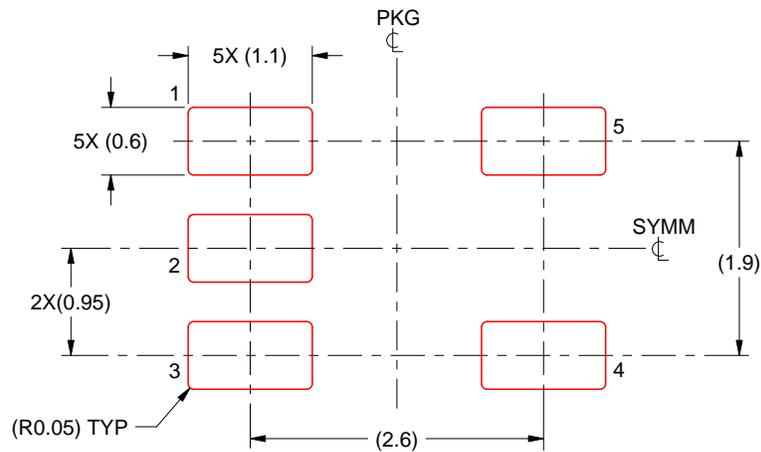
SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS
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PKG

5X (1.1)

1

5X (0.6)

5

2

SYMM

(1.9)

2X(0.95)

3

4

(R0.05) TYP

(2.6)

SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:15X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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