## Digital Bus Switch Selection Guide

## GBT:C

## CBTLV



CB3Q

## Digital Bus Switch Introduction

Texas Instruments (TI) has a long history in the digital bus switch market. TI was the first to introduce the 3.3-V lowvoltage bus switch (CBTLV) and continues to make major technology advances in this market. TI's digital switches (also referred to as bus switches) are designed to quickly turn on/off the connection to a high-speed digital line or bus. TI bus switches provide industry-standard functions and pinouts (i.e., '244, '245) in a full range of bit widths (from 1-bit Little Logic to 32-bit Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ). TI bus switches feature subnanosecond propagation delays, low on-resistance, low input/ output capacitance and bandwidths up to 500 MHz .

TI offers over 70 different functions in its broad line of FET switches, bus switches, bus exchanges and multiplexer/demultiplexer switches. Whether it is for isolation, translation or bus-exchange needs, TI's crossbar technology portfolio has the right device.

TI's 5-V bus switch product line includes the general-purpose CBT family, TI's original bus switch family; as well as the new CBT-C family, which provides undershoot protection down to -2 V .

## Bus Switch Function and Bit Width

> Two-Port


As core system components are migrating to low-voltage supplies, TI has been actively expanding its portfolio into nextgeneration, low-voltage bus switches. The CBTLV family, the first FET switch devices designed for 3.3 V , supports next-generation, low-voltage systems. The new CB3O is a 3.3-V family that offers low flat $r_{\text {on }}$ for high-performance systems. The $2.5-\mathrm{V} / 3.3-\mathrm{V}$ voltage translator family, CB3T, provides a high-performance, low-power voltage translation interface solution for a variety of applications. The
family is the only pure solution available with the capability to translate from 5 V down to 2.5 V .

To complement its broad line of bus switch families, TI offers packaging options to satisfy the most space-critical applications. TI offers bus switch functions in its single-gate Little Logic portfolio, housed in the small packages SC-70 and SOT-23; as well as Widebus and Widebus $+^{\text {TM }}$ functions in space-saving BGA options.

Bus Switch Supply Voltage and Signal Frequency


MUX/DeMUX



Comparison of Typical $r_{\text {on }}$ vs. $V_{l}$ for the CBT, CBTLV and CB3O Bus Switch Families


## Digital Signal Considerations

$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ - There are a number of considerations and tradeoffs here. What voltage levels are present on the board? What is the amplitude of the signal levels to be passed? Is level translation required?
$\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I H}} / \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I L}}$ — Switch control (enable). How will the switch be controlled? Logic level output? Comparator? ASIC? Should the switch turn on if the control signal is high or low?

Switch Output Level - The maximum signal level that a switch without a charge pump can pass is limited to the switch $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. Is there sufficient noise margin on the device downstream of the switch such that signal attenuation in the switch will not cause data errors? For instance, the n-channel transistor of a CBT device clamps the switch output at a little more than 1 V below the operating $V_{\mathrm{CC}}$, making it unsuitable for $5-\mathrm{V}$ CMOS high-level $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I}}=3.5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ signal transmission unless operated from at least $4.5-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
$\mathbf{r}_{\text {on }}$ - Is the switch connected to a transmission line? If so, what is the impedance? The switch $r_{\text {on }}$ should be less than or equal
to the line impedance to allow for proper matching and to prevent unwanted signal reflections. For nontransmission-line connections, the switch $r_{\text {on }}$ and the load resistance form an undesired voltage divider. In this case, a switch with a $r_{\text {on }}$ small enough to ensure that the switch output is not reduced below a valid input high level $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mid H}\right)$ for the connected load. As mentioned previously, the tradeoff for low $r_{\text {on }}$ is often higher signalpath capacitance, which reduces frequency response.
$\mathbf{t}_{\text {en }} / \mathbf{t}_{\text {dis }}$ - These parameters determine how quickly the switch can respond to a desired on or off state. In general, switch enable and disable times are not symmetrical. This is not usually an issue, as few applications require high control (enable) signal frequencies.
$\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{p d}}$ - This parameter is negligible for all but the most critical timing budgets. When the switch is on, the propagation delay through the pass transistor(s) is minimal. TI specifies this number as the mathematical calculation of the typical $r_{\text {on }}$ times the load capacitance.

## Number of Bits Required To Be Switched -

With TI's wide variety of signal switches, it is possible to switch between 1 to 32 bits at the same time with a single device. For instance, the LVC1G66 or CBT1G125 can be used to switch a single bit, while the CBTLV16211 is capable of switching a total 24 bits in banks of 12. Or, by tying the adjacent enable pins together, it is possible to control 24 bits with one enable signal.

Special Features - TI offers bus switches with special features, such as a bus-hold option (CBTH) for holding floating or unused I/O pins at valid logic levels; an integrated series resistor option (CBTR) to reduce signal-reflection noise; and precharge to support hot plugging.

## Digital Bus Switch Introduction (Continued)

Digital Switches-Control Signal Levels ( $V_{I H}, V_{I L}$ )


Digital Switches—Signal Level Through the Switch


## Digital Bus Switch Decision Tree



## Digital Bus Switch Technical Overview

## 3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCHES

More systems are moving to low-voltage (3.3-V) supplies, the chief benefits of which are low power consumption and higher performance. With digital electronics running at ever-higher speeds, every barrier to system performance must be removed. High-speed microprocessors, synchronous DRAMs and new bus architectures all require supporting logic that keeps data moving fast. TI's portfolio of low-voltage bus switches brings greater system speed and reduced power consumption to designers of high-end workstations, portable computers, hard disk drives, industrial control systems and telecommunications equipment.

## CBTLV-2.5-V/3.3-V GeneralPurpose Bus Switch Family

## CBTLV Features

- Rail-to-rail switching (0 to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ )
- Low ron (5 $\Omega$ )
- Low input/output capacitance ( 4.5 pF )
- Low power consumption
- High current capacity per channel
- ESD performance (2-kV HBM)
- Undershoot clamp diode
- $l_{\text {off }}$ for partial-power-down mode operation
- Supports both digital and analog applications

In its continuing drive to provide lowvoltage solutions, TI was the first to offer these devices designed for 3.3 V . CBTLV devices can be used in multiprocessor systems as fast bus connections, busexchange switches for crossbar systems, memory interleaving or bus-byte swapping. They also can be used to replace relays, improving connect/disconnect speed and eliminating relay reliability problems. The CBTLV family, designed to operate at 3.3 V , furthers the goal of an integrated system operating with LVTTL voltages.

CBTLV3245 Logic Diagram


CBTLV On-State Resistance and Output vs. Input Voltage


Signal Integrity Performance Using a CBTLV3125


$$
\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=66 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}
$$

## 3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCHES (Continued)

## CB3O-2.5-V/3.3-V Low-Voltage

 Bus Switch Family
## CB30 Features

- Low and flat $r_{\text {on }}$ characteristics over operating range
- High-bandwidth ( 500 MHz )
- 0- to 5-V rail-to-rail switching on data I/O ports
- Bidirectional flow with near-zero propagation delay
- Low power consumption
- ESD performance (2-kV HBM)
- Undershoot clamp diodes
- $l_{\text {off }}$ for partial-power-down mode operation
- Supports both digital and analog applications

The new CB3Q family provides highperformance, low-power replacements for standard bus interface devices when signal buffering (current drive) is not required. The CB3Q $2.5-\mathrm{V} / 3.3-\mathrm{V}$ lowvoltage bus switch family offers very low and flat $r_{\text {on }}, 0$ - to $5-\mathrm{V}$ rail-to-rail input/ output (RRIO) switching and very low I/O capacitance to minimize data bus capacitive loading and signal distortion. Specifically designed to support today's computing and networking applications, the CB3Q family provides a highperformance interface solution ideally suited for broadband communications and networking infrastructure equipment (switches, routers, hubs, wireless base stations, DSLAMs, LAN/WAN, network storage), as well as other data-intensive applications (Gigabit Ethernet routers, ATM switches, SONET/ATM multiplexers, servers, workstations, video processing USB and PCI interface applications). The CB3Q bus switch family offers the features and performance necessary to optimize high-performance system designs.


CB30 Input and Output Voltage vs. Time

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=420 \mathrm{MHz}$, Load $=500 \Omega$

CB30 On-State Resistance and Output vs. Input Voltage


## Digital Bus Switch Technical Overview (Continued)

## 3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCHES (Continued)

## CB3T-2.5-V/3.3-V Voltage <br> Translator Bus Switch Family

## CB3T Features

-3.3-V bus switch with translation fully supports mixed-mode signal operation

- 5-V input to 3.3-V output level shift with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$
- 5- and 3.3-V input to 2.5-V output level shift with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$
- High current capacity per channel
- ${ }_{\text {off }}$ for partial-power-down mode operations
- ESD performance (2-kV HBM)
- Very low $I_{\text {CC }}$, ideal for notebooks and other portable products for standard bus interface devices when signal buffering (current drive) is not required

Developed to complement TI's existing CBT and CBTLV bus switch products, the new CB3T family provides highperformance, low-power replacements for standard bus-interface devices when signal buffering (current drive) is not required. The CB3T $2.5-\mathrm{V} / 3.3-\mathrm{V}$ voltagetranslator bus switch family fully supports mixed-mode signal operation on all data ports and is ideally suited for mixed 2.5-, 3.3- and 5.5-V system environments. The CB3T bus switches provide 5-V input to 3.3-V output level shifting with a $3.3-\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$, and 5 - or $3.3-\mathrm{V}$ input to $2.5-\mathrm{V}$ output level shifting with a 2.5 V . This voltage-translation feature allows the CB3T family to provide a high-performance interface between a myriad of components

CB3T3245 Logic Diagram


Voltage Translation for External Monitor Terminal in Notebook PC

(memory, processors, logic, ASICs, I/O peripherals, etc.) that require the different signaling standards (TTL, LVTTL, etc.) common in mixed-mode environments. Specifically designed to support today's portable computing and communications applications, the CB3T family provides a high-performance, low-power interface
solution ideally suited for laptop computers, PDAs, cell phones and any accompanying docking stations. The CB3T bus switch family offers the features and performance necessary to optimize both mixed-mode-signal and power-critical portable system designs.

CB3T Input vs. Output With 3.3-V Supply


CB3T Input vs. Output With 2.3-V Supply


## 3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCHES (Continued)

## CB3T—2.5-V/3.3-V Voltage Translator Bus Switch Family (Continued)

Output With 5-V Input and 3.3-V Supply

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$

Output With 3-V Input and 3-V Supply

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$

Port Input Current With 0- to 5.5-V Input and 0-V Supply

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\mathrm{OE}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, Input $\mathrm{B}=0 \mathrm{~V}$

Output With 3.3-V Input and 2.5-V Supply

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$

Output With 3-V, 100-MHz Input and 3.3-V Supply

$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{IN}}=100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$

Control Input Current With 0- to 5.5-V $\overline{0 E}$ and $0-\mathrm{V}$ Supply

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$, Inputs A and $\mathrm{B}=0 \mathrm{~V}$

## Digital Bus Switch Technical Overview (Continued)

## 5-V BUS SWITCHES

TI also offers a broad line of $5-\mathrm{V}$ bus switches. CBT, Tl's original bus switch family, fast became an industry standard for many isolation, translation and busexchange needs. The new CBT-C bus switch family offers a number of improvements over the original CBT family, including -2-V undershoot protection, faster enable/disable times, improved ESD protection and an I Ioff feature for partial-power-down applications. The CBT and CBT-C technologies are the easy choice for designers' 5-V bus switch applications.

## CBT-C-5-V Bus Switch Family With -2-V Undershoot Protection

## CBT-C Features

- Undershoot protection to -2 V
- $l_{\text {off }}$ for partial-power-down mode operations
- ESD protection (2-kV HBM and 1-kV CDM)
- Improved enable/disable ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{en}} / \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{dis}}=3.5$ to 4.0 ns )
- Lower ron
- Low power consumption
- Supports both digital and analog applications

The improved undershoot characteristics of the CBT-C family are particularly important in system environments where signal reflections and undershoot are common, such as in those utilizing the PCl bus. With respect to proper bus switch operation, undershoot is a concern when a switch is in the off state. With FET switches without undershoot protection, an undershoot event on one of the data ports can inadvertently turn the switch on, creating possible bus contention and data corruption. Tl's CBT-C active undershoot protection circuitry provides protection for undershoot down to -2 V by sensing an undershoot event and ensuring the switch remains in the proper off state. The middle figure at right shows the CBT-C undershoot protection performance when the switch is disabled. There is very little variation in the output voltage due to the input voltage undershoot.

CBT3245C Logic Diagram


> CBT-C Undershoot Protection When Switch Is Off


## CBT-C On-State Resistance and Output vs. Input Voltage



## 5-V BUS SWITCHES (Continued)

## CBT-5-V Bus Switch Family

## CBT Features

- Low ron
- Low input capacitance
- Low power consumption
- High current capacity per channel
- Precharge for hot card insertion (CBT6800)
- CBTD designed for level-shifting applications
- Supports both digital and analog applications

Power and speed are two primary concerns in today's computing market. CBT can address these issues in bus-interface applications. CBT enables a bus-interface device to function as a very fast bus switch, effectively isolating buses when the switch is open and offering very little propagation delay when the switch is closed. These devices can function as highspeed bus interfaces between computersystem components, such as the central processing unit (CPU) and memory.

CBT3245 Logic Diagram


Output vs. Supply Voltage


CBT On-State Resistance and Output vs. Input Voltage


## Applications

## SN74CBT34X245 Bus Switch Specially Designed for Hot Plugging ATA RAID Hard Disk

## Overview of ATA/EIDE

By far, the most popular interface used in modern hard disks is the one most commonly known as IDE. This interface is also known by a truly staggering variety of other names such as ATA, ATA/ATAPI, EIDE, ATA-2, Fast ATA, ATA-3, Ultra ATA, Ultra DMA and many more.

With a data bus width of 16 bits, the ATA/EIDE bus speeds are grouped into three operating frequencies: 66 MBps , 100 MBps and 133 MBps.

The switching level of the ATA/EIDE bus is based on a $5-\mathrm{V}$ supply and is compatible with 5-V TTL.

Because the IDE bus standard does not include hot plugging features (the capability to insert or remove cards without causing damage to the system and without having to disable the power), most designers use external bus switches to isolate the controller from the hard disk.

To eliminate additional delays that will impact system performance using standard logic buffers, near-zero delay bus switches are used to transmit data along the cable.

For hot plug capability, all 32 bits used for data and control signaling need to be isolated before withdrawal or insertion of the hard disk.

The requirements of an ATA RAID system are such that the hard disk can be inserted or withdrawn from the bus or connector. To meet these needs, the CBT bus switch can provide the isolation by switching off during hot plugging through the use of the output enable (OE) pin.

## For More Information

Product Folder:
www.ti.com/sc/device/SN74CBT34X245 www.ti.com/sc/device/SN74CBT16245

Data Sheet:
www-s.ti.com/sc/techlit/scds089c
www-s.ti.com/sc/techlit/scds070c

CBT Bus Switch Home Page: www.ti.com/signalswitches

For up-to-date information to support your design and development needs, visit: support.ti.com

## ATA/EIDE Pin Configuration

| Drive Reset | 1 | 2 | Ground |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data Bit 7 | 3 | 4 | Data Bit 8 |
| Data Bit 6 | 5 | 6 | Data Bit 9 |
| Data Bit 5 | 7 | 8 | Data Bit 10 |
| Data Bit 4 | 9 | 10 | Data Bit 11 |
| Data Bit 3 | 11 | 12 | Data Bit 12 |
| Data Bit 2 | 13 | 14 | Data Bit 13 |
| Data Bit 1 | 15 | 16 | Data Bit 14 |
| Data Bit 0 | 17 | 18 | Data Bit 15 |
| Ground | 19 | 20 | Key (Pin Removed) |
| DMA Request | 21 | 22 | Ground |
| I/O Write | 23 | 24 | Ground |
| 1/O Read | 25 | 26 | Ground |
| I/O Channel Ready | 27 | 28 | Spindle Sync/Cable Select |
| DMA Acknowledge | 29 | 30 | Ground |
| Interrupt Request | 31 | 32 | 16-Bit I/O |
| Drive Address Bus 1 | 33 | 34 | Passed Diagnostic |
| Drive Address Bus 0 | 35 | 36 | Drive Address Bus 2 |
| Drive Chip Select 0 | 37 | 38 | Drive Chip Select 1 |
| Drive Active/Slave Present | 39 | 40 | Ground |

## CBT in ATA RAID Application



## Multiplexing USB Peripherals



## Ethernet Multiplexing

This example is fairly common in telecom applications. Basically, two 16-bit/channel Ethernet buses are being MUXed and deMUXed to one commonly shared Ethernet bus.


## PCI Hot Plug With Precharge

Bus switches provide a safe and effective method of making older-technology devices capable of hot-plug insertion. During insertion (or removal) of a card into (or from) an active bus, the card's output voltage is close to GND. When the connector pins make contact, the card's parasitic capacitance tries to force
the bus signal to GND, creating a possible glitch on the active bus. This glitching effect can be reduced by using a bus switch with precharged outputs at the connector interface and setting the precharged bias voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BIAS}}$ ) of the bus switch equal to the input threshold voltage level of the receivers on the active bus.

This method will ensure that any glitch produced by insertion (or removal) of the card will not cross the input threshold region of the receivers on the active bus, minimizing the effects of live-insertion noise. Also, the CBTK and CBT-C products include undershoot protection that provides additional protection during hotplug insertion.


## Notebook Docking Station

Bus switches are often used for docking notebook computers into their docking station. Here, the CBTD16210 is optimized for this application with flow-through pinouts and dual 10-bit bus switches with separate enable inputs, which can be used as two 10-bit switches or on a 20-bit switch. The CBTD16210 provides 5-V to 3.3-V bidirectional level shifting for applications where the 5-V docking station chipset needs to interface with the lower-voltage 3.3-V notebook chipset. The CBTK32245 and CBT34X245 may be used for 5-V systems not requiring translation, and the CBTLV16210 for pure 3.3-V systems.

## Selection Guide

CBTLV

|  | TI Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device | SOT-23 | SC-70 | SWI-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | 0FN | BGA |  |
| Single FET Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV1G125 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single FET Bus Switch |
| Standard Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV3125 |  |  |  |  | D | DBC | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3126 |  |  |  |  | D | DBC | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3245A |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3384 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBC | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit Fet Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3857 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBC | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBTLV3861 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16210 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16800 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBTLV16211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus Exchange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV3383 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBC | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16212 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG |  |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV3257 |  |  |  |  | D | DBC | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 4-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV3253 |  |  |  |  | D | DBC | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Dual 1-to-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV3251 |  |  |  |  | D | DBC | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 1-to-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV16292 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBTLVR16292 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 12-Bit 1 -to- 2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors and Series Resistors |

## CB30

|  | TI Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device | SOT-23 | SC-70 | SW-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | 0FN | BGA |  |
| Standard Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB303305 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303306A |  |  |  | DCU |  |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual Fet Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303125 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303244 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY | GQN/ZQN | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303245 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY | GQN | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303345 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303384 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB306800 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CB3016244 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016210 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL ${ }^{1}$ | DGG ${ }^{1}$ | DGV1 |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016811 |  |  |  |  |  | DL' | DGG ${ }^{1}$ | DGV1 |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CB3032245 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus Exchange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB303383 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CB3016212 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB303257 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 4-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB303251 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY ${ }^{1}$ |  | 1-to-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB303253 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Dual 1-to-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB3016292 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CB3016233 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| ${ }^{1}$ Preview status. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Planned. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Selection Guide (Continued)

## CB3T

| Device | TI Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SOT-23 | Sc-70 | SW-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | 0FN | BGA |  |
| Single FET Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB3T1G125 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single 1-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Standard Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB3T3306 |  |  | DCT | DCU |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3125 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PW | DGV |  |  | 4-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3245 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 8 -Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3384 |  |  |  |  |  | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T16210 |  |  |  |  |  | DL ${ }^{1}$ | DGG ${ }^{1}$ | DGV ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T16211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  | ZOL | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus Exchange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB3T3383 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBO | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CB3T16212² |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CB3T3253 |  |  |  |  | D | DBO | PW | DGV |  |  | Dual 1-to-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB3T3257 |  |  |  |  |  |  | PW | DGV |  |  | 4-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |

Preview status.
${ }^{2}$ Planned.

## CBT

|  | Tl Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device | SOT-23 | SC-70 | SM-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | OFN | BGA |  |
| Single FET Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT1G125 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD1G125 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT1G384 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTDIG384 | DBV | DCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Single FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| Standard Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3306 |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3306 |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTS3306 |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch with Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT3125 |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3126 |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3244 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY | GQN/ZQN | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3245A |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY | GQN/ZQN | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3345 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3384A |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3384 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTS3384 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT3861 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3861 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT6800A |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBTK6800 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs and Active-Clamp Undershoot Circuit |
| SN74CBTS6800 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs and Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT16244 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16245 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTK16245 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch with Active-Clamp Undershoot Protection Circuit |
| SN74CBT16210 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  | GQL ${ }^{1}$ | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD16210 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT16861 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  | GOL ${ }^{1}$ | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |

${ }^{1}$ Preview status.

## Selection Guide (Continued)

## CBT (Continued)

|  | TI Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device | SOT-23 | SC-70 | SM-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | OFN | BGA |  |
| Standard Bus Switch (Continued) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTR16861 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16211A |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  | GQL/ZOL | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD16211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch with Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTH16211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch with Bus Hold |
| SN74CBTS16211 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch with Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT32245 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GKE/ZKE | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTK32245 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GKE/ZKE | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch with Active Clamp Undershoot Circuit |
| SN74CBT34X245 |  |  |  |  |  |  | DBB ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus Exchange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3383 |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switches |
| SN74CBT16209A |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 18-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switches |
| SN74CBT16212A |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  | GQL/ZOL | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CBTS16212 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch with Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT16213 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG |  |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3251 |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW |  | RGY |  | 1-to-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT3253 |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW |  | RGY |  | Dual 1-to-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT3257 |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW |  | RGY |  | 4-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16214 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG |  |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-3 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16232 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG |  |  |  | Synchronous 16-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16233 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16292 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBT162292 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBT16390 |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit to 32-Bit FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer Bus Switch |
| ${ }^{2}$ Planned. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Selection Guide (Continued)

## CBT-C

|  | TI Package Designator Code |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Device | SOT-23 | SC-70 | SM-8 | US-8 | SOIC | SSOP | TSSOP | TVSOP | QFN | BGA |  |
| Standard Bus Switch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3305C |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3305C ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch with Level-Shifting Diode |
| SN74CBT3306C |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3306C ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | D |  | PW |  |  |  | Dual FET Bus Switch with Level-Shifting Diode |
| SN74CBT3125C |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3244C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3245C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3345C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3384C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3384C ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Level-Shifting Diode |
| SN74CBT6800C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBT6845C |  |  |  |  | DW | DBQ/DB | PW | DGV | RGY |  | 8-Bit FET 5-V Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBT16244C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16245C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16210C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16211C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16800C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBT16811C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch with Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBT34X245C² |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus Exchange |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3383C ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CBT16212C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG | DGV |  |  | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3253C |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW |  | RGY |  | Dual 1-to-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT3257C |  |  |  |  | D | DBQ/DB | PW |  | RGY |  | 4-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16214C |  |  |  |  |  | DL | DGG |  |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-3 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16292C² |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer with Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBT16233 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |

${ }^{1}$ For new designs TI recommends the CB3T equivalent. ${ }^{2}$ Planned.

## Digital Bus Switch Cross-Reference

CBTLV

| II | IDT | Pericom | Functional Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-Port Switch |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV1G125 | - | - | Low-Voltage Single FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3125/R | IDT74CBTLV3125 | Pl3B3125 | Low-Voltage Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3126 | IDT74CBTLV3126 | P13B3126 | Low-Voltage Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3245A | IDT74CBTLV3245 | P13B3245 | Low-Voltage Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3384 | IDT74CBTLV3384 | PI3B3384 | Low-Voltage 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV3857 | - | - | Low-Voltage 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBTLV3861 | IDT74CBTLV3861 | Pl3B3861 | Low-Voltage 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16210 | IDT74CBTLV16210 | PI3B16210 | Low-Voltage 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16800 | IDT74CBTLV16800 | P13B16215 | Low-Voltage 20-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBTLV16211 | IDT74CBTLV16211 | P13B16211 | Low-Voltage 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV3251 | IDT74CBTLV3251 | Pl3B3251 | Low-Voltage 1-of-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV3253 | IDT74CBTLV3253 | P13B3253 | Low-Voltage Dual 1-of-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV3257 | IDT74CBTLV3257 | P13B3257 | Low-Voltage 4-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBTLV16292 | IDT74CBTLV16292 | P13B16292 | Low-Voltage 12-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBTLVR16292 | IDT74CBTLVR16292 | - | Low-Voltage 12-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors and Series Damping Resistors |
| Bus-Exchange Switch |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTLV3383 | IDT74CBTLV3383 | P13B3383 | Low-Voltage 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CBTLV16212 | IDT74CBTLV16212 | PI3B16212 | Low-Voltage 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |

CB30

| TI | IDT | Functional Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-Port Switch |  |  |
| SN74CB303305 | - | 2-Bit FET Bus Switch With Individual High Enables |
| SN74CB303306 | - | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303125 | IDTOS3VH125 | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303244 | IDTQS3VH244 | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303245 | IDTQS3VH245 | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303345 | - | 8 -Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB303384 | IDTQS3VH384 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB306800 | IDTQS3VH800 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CB3016244 | IDTQS3VH16244 | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016210 | IDTQS3VH16210 | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016211 | IDTQS3VH16211 | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3016811 | - | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |
| SN74CB303251 | IDTQS3VH251 | 1-to-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB303253 | IDTQS3VH253 | Dual 1-of-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB303257 | IDTQS3VH257 | 4-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB3016292 | - | 12-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CB3016233 | IDTQS3VH16233 | 16-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| Bus-Exchange Switch |  |  |
| SN74CB303383 | IDTQS3VH383 | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switches |
| SN74CB3016212 | IDTQS3VH16212 | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |

## Digital Bus Switch Cross-Reference (Continued)

## CB3T

| TII | Functional Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2-Port Switch |  |
| SN74CB3T1G125 | Single 1-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3306 | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3125 | 4-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3245 | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T3384 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T16210 | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CB3T16211 | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |
| SN74CB3T3253 | Dual 1-of-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CB3T3257 | 4-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| Bus-Exchange Switch |  |
| SN74CB3T3383 | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CB3T16212 | 20-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |

No direct cross-references available for the TI CB3T Bus Switch Family
CBT

| TI | IDT | Pericom | Fairchild | Functional Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-Port Switch |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT1G125 | - | P15C3302 \& PI5A125 | - | Single FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT1G384 | - | P15C3301 | NC7SZ384 | Single FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD1G125 | - | - | - | Single FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTD1G384 | - | - | NC7SZD384 | Single FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT3306 | - | P15C3306 | FST3306 | Dual FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3306 | - | - | FSTD3306 | Dual FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTS3306 | - | - | - | Dual FET Bus Switch With Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT3125 | QS3125 | P15C3125 | FST3125 | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3126 | QS3126 | P15C3126 | FST3126 | Quadruple FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3244 | QS3244 | P15C3244 | FST3244 | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3245A | QS3245 | P15C3245 | FST3245 | Octal FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3345 | - | - | FST3345 | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT3384A | QS3384 | PI5C3384 \& PI5C3384A | FST3384 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3384 | - | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switches With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTS3384 | - | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT3861 | QS3861 | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD3861 | - | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT6800A | 74FST6800 | P15C6800 | FST6800 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs |
| SN74CBTK6800 | - | PI5C6800C | FSTU6800 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs and Active-Clamp Undershoot Circuit |
| SN74CBTS6800 | - | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs and Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT16244 | 74FST163244 | PI5C16244 | FST16244 | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16245 | IDTQS316245 | PI5C16245 | FST16245 | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTK16245 | - | - | - | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch With Active-Clamp Undershoot Protection Circuit |
| SN74CBT16210 | - | PI5C16210 | FST16210 | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD16210 | - | - | - | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBT16861 | QS32X861 | PI5C16861 | FST16861 | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTR16861 | 74FST1632861 | - | FST162861 | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBT16211A | 74FST163211 \& QS316211 | PI5C16211 | FST16211 | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| SN74CBTD16211 | - | - | FSTD16211 | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting |
| SN74CBTH16211 | - | - | - | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With Bus Hold |
| SN74CBTS16211 | - | - | - | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT32245 | - | - | - | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |

## Digital Bus Switch Cross-Reference (Continued)

CBT (Continued)

| TI | IDT | Pericom | Fairchild | Functional Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-Port Switch (Continued) |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBTK32245 | - | - | - | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch With Active Clamp Undershoot Circuit |
| SN74CBT34X245 | QS34X245 | P15C34X245 | FST34X245 | 32-Bit FET Bus Switch |
| Bus-Exchange Switch |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3383 | QS3383 | P15C3383 | FST3383 | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switches |
| SN74CBT16209A | - | P15C16209 | FST16209 | 18-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switches |
| SN74CBT16212A | QS316212 | P15C16212 | FST16212 | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| SN74CBTS16212 | - | - | - | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch With Schottky Diode Clamping |
| SN74CBT16213 | QS316212 | P15C16213 | FST16213 | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3251 | QS3251 | P15C3251 | - | 1-0f-8 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT3253 | QS3253 | P15C3253 | FST3253 | Dual 1-of-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT3257 | QS3257 | P15C3257 | FST3257 | 4-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16292 | - | P15C16292 | FST16292 | 12-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBT162292 | - | - | - | 12-Bit 1-to-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors |
| SN74CBT16214 | 74FST163214 | P15C16214 | - | 12-Bit 1-of-3 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16232 | 74FST163212 | - | FST16232 | Synchronous 16-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16233 | 74FST163233 | - | FST16233 | 16-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer |
| SN74CBT16390 | - | - | - | 16-Bit to 32-Bit FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer Bus Switch |

## CBT-C

| TI | Pericom | Fairchild | Functional Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-Port Switch |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3305C | - | - | Dual FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBTD3305C | - | - | Dual FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting Diode With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3306C | PI5C3306C | - | Dual FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBTD3306C | - | - | Dual FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting Diode With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3125C | PI5C3125C | FSTU3125 | Quadruple FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3244C | - | - | Octal FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3245C | - | - | Octal FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3345C | - | - | 8-Bit FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT6845C | - | - | Octal FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs and -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3384C | PI5C3384C | FSTU3384 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBTD3384C | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Level Shifting Diode and -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT6800C | PI5C6800C | FSTU6800 | 10-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16244C | - | - | 16-Bit FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16210C | - | - | 20-Bit FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16211C | - | FSTU16211 | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16811C | - | - | 24-Bit FET Bus Switch With Precharged Outputs With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| MUX/DeMUX |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3253C | Pl5C3253C | FSTU3253 | Dual 1-of-4 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT3257C | PI5C3257C | FSTU3257 | 4-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16292C | - | - | 12-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With Internal Pulldown Resistors and -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16233C | PI5C16233C | - | 16-Bit 1-of-2 FET Multiplexer/Demultiplexer With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| Bus-Exchange Switch |  |  |  |
| SN74CBT3383C | - | - | 10-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |
| SN74CBT16212C | - | - | 24-Bit FET Bus-Exchange Switch With -2-V Undershoot Protection |

## Packaging



5-ball/6-ball
NanoStar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (YEP)
NanoFree ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (YZP)
Ball pitch $=0.020(0,50)$
Height $=0.020(0,50)$
Area $=0.002(1,26)$


14-pin
OFN (RGY)
Lead pitch $=0.020(0,50)$
Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.021(13,3)$


16-pin OFN (RGY)
Lead pitch $=0.020(0,50)$
Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.023(15,1)$


20-pin QFN (RGY)
Lead pitch $=0.020(0,50)$ Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.026(17,0)$


24-pin QFN (RHL)
Lead pitch $=0.020(0,50)$
Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.032(21,0)$


8-ball
NanoStar ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ (YEP) NanoFree $^{\text {TM }}$ (YZP) Ball pitch $=0.020(0,50)$ Height $=0.020(0,50)$ Area $=0.003(1,85)$


SOT-23 (DBV)
Lead pitch $=0.037(0,95)$ Height $=0.047(1,20)$ Area $=0.014(9)$


5-pin
SC-70 (DCK)
Lead pitch $=0.026(0,65)$
Height $=0.037(0,95)$
Area $=0.008(4.95)$


20-pin TVSOP (DGV)
Lead pitch $=0.016(0,40)$ Height $=0.047(1,20)$ Area $=0.050(32)$


[^0]For more TI Logic packaging offerings, visit: logic.ti.com

Dimensions are in inches (millimeters)


20-ball VFBGA (GQN)
Ball pitch $=0.026(0,65)$
Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.020(12,7)$


96-ball
LFBGA (GKE)
Ball pitch $=0.031(0,80)$
Height $=0.055(1,40)$
Area $=0.139(90,2)$


20-pin TSSOP (PW)
Lead pitch $=0.026(0,65)$ Height $=0.047(1,20)$ Area $=0.068$ (44)


## 48-pin Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ TSSOP (DGG)

Lead pitch $=0.020(0,50)$ Height $=0.047(1,20)$ Area $=0.162(105)$


56/48-ball VFBGA (GQL)
Ball pitch $=0.026(0,65)$
Height $=0.039(1,00)$
Area $=0.051(32,7)$


114-ball LFBGA (GKF)
Ball pitch $=0.031(0,80)$ Height $=0.055(1,40)$ Area $=0.139(90,2)$


20-pin SSOP (DB)
Lead pitch $=0.026(0,65)$ Height $=0.079(2,0)$ Area $=0.095$ (62)


48-pin Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
SSOP (DL)
Lead pitch $=0.025(0,635)$
Height $=0.110(2,79)$
Area $=0.265$ (171)

## ON-LINE HELP

For information regarding TI's bus switch portfolio, visit:

## www.ti.com/signalswitches

For additional logic information, including application reports, samples and data sheets, visit:

## logic.ti.com

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## www.ti.com/sc/lkb

To subscribe to Logic News, a monthly newsletter featuring new products and other TI logic news, visit:

## www.ti.com/sc/logicnews

## LITERATURE

Data Books . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Lit. Number
Signal Switch Data Book . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SCDD003*
Little Logic Data Book . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SCED010*

## Selection Guides/Brochures

Logic Selection Guide . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .SDYU001*
Little Logic Selection Guide . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SCYT129
Logic Reference Guide . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SCYB004*
Design Considerations for Logic Products,
Volume 3 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SDYA019

## Application Notes

CBT-C, CB3T, and CB3Q Signal-Switch Families . . SCDA008*
Selecting the Right Texas Instruments
Signal Switch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SZZA030*
Texas Instruments Little Logic . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . SCEA029*
To order any TI Logic literature listed, please contact the Texas Instruments Literature Response Center at 1-800-477-8924 and provide the literature number.
*Literature available on the Web by substituting the Lit. Number in the following address:
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| Singapore | $800-886-1028$ |
| Taiwan | $0800-006800$ |
| Thailand | $001-800-886-0010$ |

Fax 886-2-2378-6808
Email tiasia@ti.com ti-china@ti.com
Internet support.ti.com/sc/pic/asia.htm

[^1] or endorsement thereof.


[^0]:    48-pin Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ TVSOP (DGV)
    Lead pitch $=0.016(0,40)$
    Height $=0.047(1,20)$
    Area $=0.100(63)$

[^1]:    Important Notice: The products and services of Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries described herein are sold subject to Tl's standard terms and conditions of sale. Customers are advised to obtain the most current and complete information about TI products and services before placing orders. TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer's applications or product designs, software performance, or infringement of patents. The publication of information regarding any other company's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty

