

*Product Bulletin*

# AUC

## Advanced Ultra-Low-Voltage CMOS Logic

[www.ti.com/sc/AUC](http://www.ti.com/sc/AUC)

**Introduction**

AUC (Advanced Ultra-Low-Voltage CMOS Logic) is the industry's first logic family that is optimized for 1.8-V with operation from sub-1V (0.8-V) to 2.5-V and tolerant to 3.6-V. The family meets a variety of demands that have been placed on digital electronic designs, including the move to lower supply voltages,

faster speeds, smaller form factors, and lower power consumption without compromising signal integrity. AUC was developed to meet such design parameters for advanced systems such as, telecommunications equipment, high-performance workstations, PCs and networking servers, and

consumer electronics. As designers convert the core processors, ASICs, and memories of designs to lower voltages they need the supporting low-voltage logic functions, AUC provides this support.



**Key Features**

- Bit Widths 1 to 32
- Ioff supports partial power down
- Various packaging options from WCSP to BGA
- 2-ns max Tpd at 1.8-V (Little Logic Device @ 2.5ns Tpd)
- Optimized @ 1.8-V with operation from 0.8-V to 2.5-V / 3.6-V Tolerant

3.6V tolerant

1.8V optimized

0.8V

## Supply Voltage

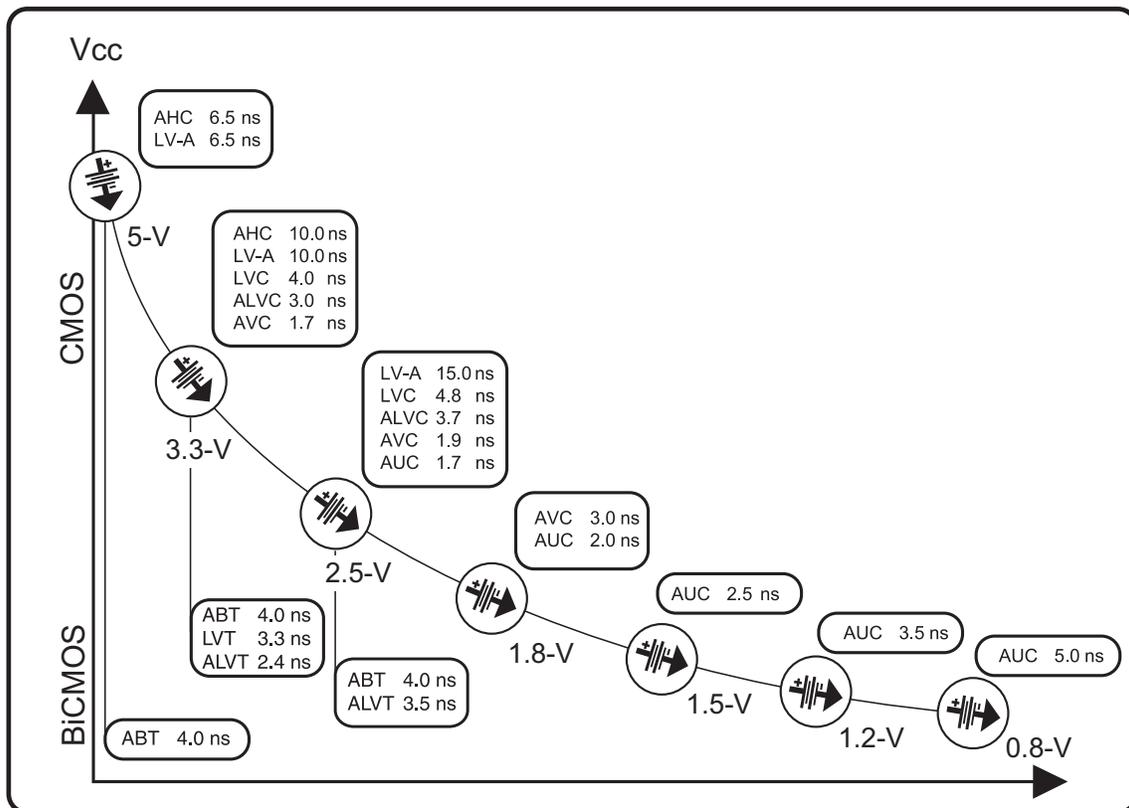
The need to move to lower operating voltages is a challenge that many designers are facing today. If working to extend battery life in a portable application or reduce heat dissipation in a constrained operation environment, Texas Instruments has a long-standing history of easing the migration to lower operating system voltages by offering the

latest advanced CMOS logic families that meet the demand for such parameters.

Whether it's AHC at 5.0-V, LVC at 3.3-V, or AVC at 2.5-V, TI is committed to be the first to meet the requirement of lower operating voltages. AUC is another logic advancement as designers begin the transition from 5-V, 3.3-V, and 2.5-V systems

specification to the next generation, 1.8-V, operating systems.

The AUC family supports mixed-voltage systems due to its operating voltage range of 0.8-V to 2.5-V; And with a voltage tolerance of 3.6-V, AUC is compatible with legacy devices, thus helping to extend the life of a system.



\* 16245 Function

## The Need for Speed

Another benefit of transitioning to lower system operating voltages is an increase in system needs. With a propagation delay of 2.0ns (max), AUC gives designers the logic component to meet the speed need. AUC has taken the place of AVC as the fastest logic family in its operating voltage range.

### AUC

| Vcc = 0.8-V | Vcc = 1.2-V | Vcc = 1.5-V | Vcc = 1.8-V | Vcc = 2.5-V | Unit |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|
| 5 Typ       | 3.5 Max     | 2.5 Max     | 2.0 Max     | 1.7 Max     | ns   |

### AVC

| Vcc = 0.8-V | Vcc = 1.2-V | Vcc = 1.5-V | Vcc = 1.8-V | Vcc = 2.5-V | Unit |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------|
| N/A         | 3.9 Typ     | 4.0 Max     | 3.0 Max     | 1.9 Max     | ns   |

\*16245 Function

These extremely low propagation delays don't come with the signal integrity tradeoffs, that most designers have to make when seeking faster speeds.

## Power Consumption

Digital electronics, especially portable and consumer electronics, are migrating to lower voltages in order to consume less power. The return is two-fold. One being that these electronics can make use of smaller battery sizes, thus reducing form factors, while getting the max life

of the power supply between charges. The other is reduced heat dissipation in compact designs, such as 1U servers. This reduced heat dissipation simplifies heat removal and decreases the amount of package space needed, saving valuable board real estate in compact designs.

AUC enables these low-power, high-performance designs; due in part to the fact that it was specifically designed for optimized operation at 1.8-V with operation to sub-1V levels.

## Size

As design form factors continue to shrink and complex board layouts are becoming densely populated, board real estate becomes a key issue. Designers should not have to worry about the footprint of a logic circuit. This is why TI has led the effort in the logic industry to shrink logic-packaging technology. This is shown in the latest Ball Grid

Array (BGA) technology and advancements in Wafer Chip Scale Packaging (WCSP), By introducing our latest logic technology, AUC, in space

saving packaging advancements, designers will be able to maximize their design resources. Bit Widths of 1 to 32 are provided in the AUC family.

| Bit-widths | Little Logic                    | Gates          | Octals         | Widebus        | Widebus+ |
|------------|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| Package    | YEA<br>DCK<br>DBV<br>DCT<br>DCU | TVSOP<br>TSSOP | TVSOP<br>TSSOP | VFBGA<br>TSSOP | LFBGA    |

## Ball Grid Array

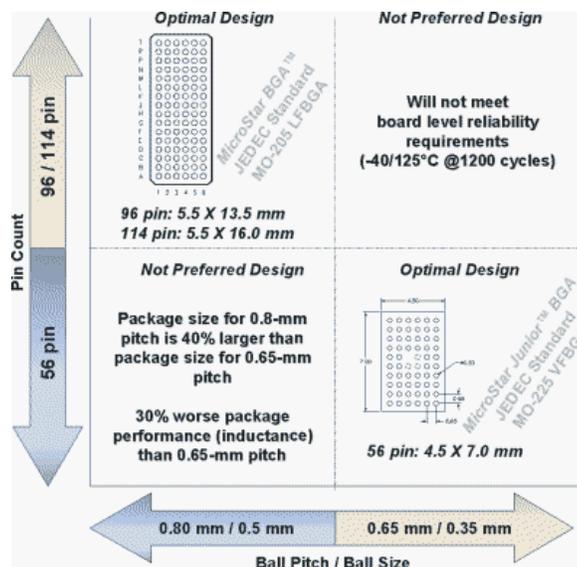
Using TI's 96- and 114-ball MicroStar BGA™ packages, these LFBGA logic products allow increased signal bit width, reduced boards space, and enhanced thermal and electrical performance. The 0.8-mm ball pitch provides improved electrical and thermal characteristics and reduced inductance up to 45 percent compared to TSSOP packages.

## MicroStar Jr.™

The MicroStar Jr.™, VFBGA package, with a very small 31.5 mm<sup>2</sup> footprint and a 1mm height, allows designers to reduce their board space in cell phones, personal digital assistance, base stations and networking systems. MicroStar Jr.™ is 70 to 75 percent smaller than today's TSSOP

(thin scale small outline package) logic package. With a ball pitch of 0.65mm, the MicroStar Jr.™ offers a 30% performance (Inductance) improvement over 56-pin BGA with 0.8mm ball

pitch. This is due to shorter wire length/internal traces. The 0.65mm pitch VFBGA offers a 40% space saving over the 0.8mm 56 pin BGA.

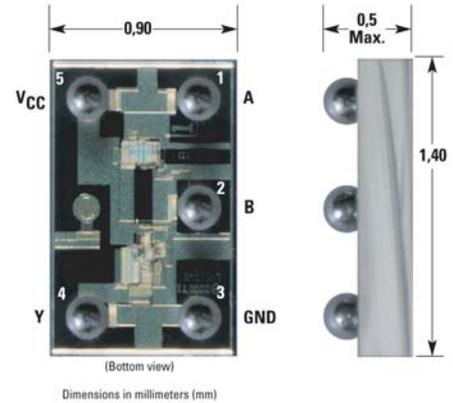


## WCSP

Driven by applications requiring small circuit board mounting areas, wafer chip scale packaging (WCSP) utilizes the die as the actual package. TI offers both Lead Free WCSP, NanoFree™ (Designated YZA) and Leaded versions (Designated YEA). With a footprint of 1.26mm, TI's NanoStar™ is 75% smaller than SC-70 (DCK) and 13% smaller than any other logic package offering in the industry. Besides

allowing manufacturers to place more functions in a tighter space WCSP aids in improving system performance with better thermal and electrical characteristics.

Initially, TI will release AUC single gates in the 5 bump WCSP package (YEA/YZA) with dual gates and triple gates being developed in both 8-bump and 6-bump WCSP packages.



## Features

### Ioff

The inputs and outputs of the AUC family have been designed with all of the reverse-current paths to Vcc blocked. This low Ioff current feature allows the

device to remain electrically connected to an active bus during partial power down when Vcc = 0-V, or when the output is in a high performance state. The

Ioff feature prevents damage to the device during partial power down.

### Bus-Hold

The bus-hold feature holds the last known state of the input and eliminates the need for external resistors on unused or floating

input pins. When Vcc = 3.3-V, bus-hold supplies a minimum of +/- 75uA holding current at 0.8-V and 2-V so it does not load

down the driving output at valid logic levels. An "H" in the device name indicates bus-hold.

## Device Listing

\* AUC Little Logic is alternate sourced by Philips Semiconductor.

\* AUC WideBus™, octals, and gates are alternate sourced by Philips and IDT.

| Little Logic Single Gates |   |           |
|---------------------------|---|-----------|
| Device                    | Description   | Available |
| AUC1G00                   | Single 2 input NAND Gate                              | NOW       |
| AUC1G02                   | Single 2 input NOR Gate                               | NOW       |
| AUC1G04                   | Single Inverter                                       | NOW       |
| AUC1GU04                  | Single Unbuffered Inverter                            | NOW       |
| AUC1G06                   | Single Inverter Buffer/Driver with Open Drain Outputs | NOW       |
| AUC1G07                   | Single Buffer/Driver with Open Drain Outputs          | NOW       |
| AUC1G08                   | Single 2 input AND Gate                               | NOW       |
| AUC1G14                   | Single Inverter with Schmitt Trigger Input            | NOW       |

**Little Logic Single Gates**

| <b>Device</b> | <b>Description</b>                          | <b>Available</b> |
|---------------|---|------------------|
| AUC1G17       | Single Buffer with Schmitt Trigger Input    | NOW              |
| AUC1G32       | Single 2 input OR Gate                      | NOW              |
| AUC1G66       | Single Bilateral Analog Switch              | NOW              |
| AUC1G79       | Single D Type Flip Flop                     | Preview          |
| AUC1G80       | Single D Type Flip Flop                     | Preview          |
| AUC1G86       | Single 2 input XOR Gate                     | Preview          |
| AUC1G125      | Single Bus Buffer Gate with 3 State Outputs | NOW              |
| AUC1G126      | Single Bus Buffer Gate with 3 State Outputs | NOW              |
| AUC1G240      | Single Bus Buffer Gate with 3 State Outputs | NOW              |

**Little Logic Dual Gates**

| <b>Device</b> | <b>Description</b>  | <b>Available</b> |
|---------------|---|------------------|
| AUC2G00       | Dual 2 -input NAND Gate   | Preview          |
| AUC2G02       | Dual 2 -input NOR Gate  | Preview          |
| AUC2G04       | Dual Inverters  | Preview          |
| AUC2GU04      | Dual Unbuffered Inverters   | Preview          |
| AUC2G06       | Dual Inverter Buffer/Drivers with Open-Drain Outputs              | Preview          |
| AUC2G07       | Dual Buffer/Driver with Open-Drain Outputs                        | Preview          |
| AUC2G08       | Dual 2 -input AND Gate  | Preview          |
| AUC2G14       | Dual Inverters with Schmitt Trigger Input                         | Preview          |
| AUC2G17       | Dual Buffers with Schmitt Trigger Input                           | Preview          |
| AUC2G32       | Dual 2 -input OR Gate   | Preview          |
| AUC2G34       | Dual Buffer Gate  | Preview          |
| AUC2G53       | Dual Analog Multiplexer/Demultiplexer                             | Preview          |
| AUC2G66       | Dual Bilateral Analog Switch                                      | Preview          |
| AUC2G74       | Single Positive Edge Triggered D Type Flip Flop w/ Clear & Preset | Preview          |
| AUC2G86       | Dual 2 -input Exclusive -OR Gate                                  | Preview          |
| AUC2G125      | Dual Bus Buffer Gate with 3 -State Outputs                        | Preview          |
| AUC2G157      | Single 2 Line -to-1 Line Data Selector/Multiplexer                | Preview          |
| AUC2G241      | Dual Buffer/Driver with 3 -State Outputs                          | Preview          |

**Little Logic Triple Gates**

| <b>Device</b> | <b>Description</b>                                  | <b>Available</b> |
|---------------|---|------------------|
| AUC3G04       | Triple Inverter                                     | Preview          |
| AUC3G06       | Triple Inverter Buffer/Driver w/ Open Drain Outputs | Preview          |
| AUC3G07       | Triple Buffer/Driver w/ Open Drain Outputs          | Preview          |
| AUC3G14       | Triple Schmitt Trigger Inverter                     | Preview          |
| AUC3G34       | Triple Buffer Gate                                  | Preview          |

**WideBus™**

| <b>Device</b> | <b>Description</b>   | <b>Available</b> |
|---------------|--|------------------|
| AUC16240      | 16-Bit Buffer/Drivers with 3-State Outputs                       | Preview          |
| AUC16244      | 16-Bit Buffer/Drivers with 3-State Outputs                       | Preview          |
| AUC16245      | 16-Bit Bus Transceivers with 3-State Outputs                     | Preview          |
| AUC16373      | 16-Bit Transparent D-Type Latches with 3-State Outputs           | Preview          |
| AUC16374      | 16-Bit Edge -Triggered D-Type Flip Flops with 3-State Outputs    | Preview          |
| AUCH16240     | 16 -Bit Buffer/Drivers with 3-State Output                       | Preview          |
| AUCH16244     | 16 -Bit Buffer/Drivers with 3-State Outputs                      | Preview          |
| AUCH16245     | 16 -Bit Bus Transceivers with 3 -State Outputs                   | Preview          |
| AUCH16373     | 16 -Bit Transparent D -Type Latches with 3 -State Outputs        | Preview          |
| AUCH16374     | 16 -Bit Edge -Triggered D -Type Flip Flops with 3 -State Outputs | Preview          |

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