Functional Safety Information

UCC28700-Q1

Functional Safety FIT Rate, FMD and Pin FMA



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1 Overview

This document contains information for UCC28700-Q1 (SOT-23 (6) package) to aid in a functional safety system design. Information provided are:

- Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates of the semiconductor component estimated by the application of industry reliability standards
- · Component failure modes and their distribution (FMD) based on the primary function of the device
- Pin failure mode analysis (Pin FMA)

Figure 1-1 shows the device functional block diagram for reference.

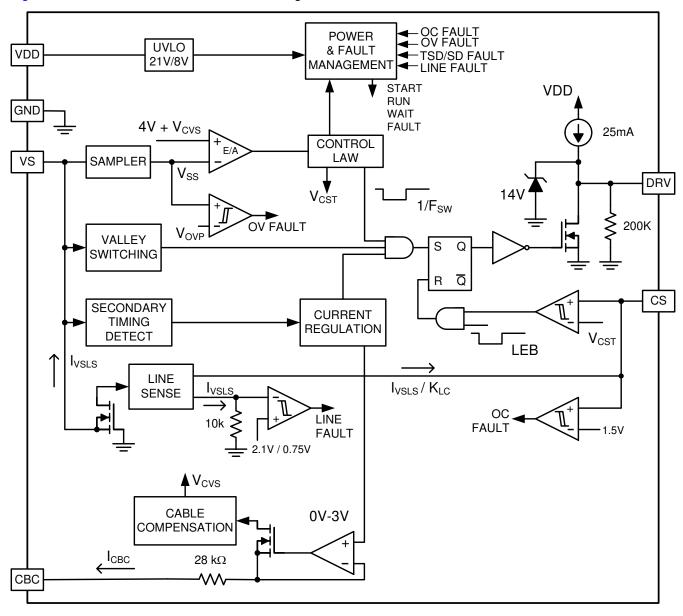


Figure 1-1. Functional Block Diagram

UCC28700-Q1 was developed using a quality-managed development process, but was not developed in accordance with the IEC 61508 or ISO 26262 standards.



2 Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) Rates

This section provides Functional Safety Failure In Time (FIT) rates for UCC28700-Q1 based on two different industry-wide used reliability standards:

- Table 2-1 provides FIT rates based on IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11
- Table 2-2 provides FIT rates based on the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table 2-1, Component Failure Rates per IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 Part 11

FIT IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262	FIT (Failures Per 10 ⁹ Hours)
Total Component FIT Rate (50 mW, 100 mW, 150 mW)	5, 6, 8
Die FIT Rate (50 mW, 100 mW, 150 mW)	3, 4, 6
Package FIT Rate (50 mW, 100 mW, 150 mW)	2, 2, 2

The failure rate and mission profile information in Table 2-1 comes from the Reliability data handbook IEC TR 62380 / ISO 26262 part 11:

Mission Profile: Motor Control from Table 11 Power dissipation: 50 mW, 100 mW, 150 mW

Climate type: World-wide Table 8 Package factor (lambda 3): Table 17b

Substrate Material: FR4 EOS FIT rate assumed: 0 FIT

Table 2-2. Component Failure Rates per Siemens Norm SN 29500-2

Table	Category	Reference FIT Rate	Reference Virtual T _J
5	CMOS, BICMOS Digital, analog / mixed	25 FIT	55°C

The Reference FIT Rate and Reference Virtual T_J (junction temperature) in Table 2-2 come from the Siemens Norm SN 29500-2 tables 1 through 5. Failure rates under operating conditions are calculated from the reference failure rate and virtual junction temperature using conversion information in SN 29500-2 section 4.



3 Failure Mode Distribution (FMD)

The failure mode distribution estimation for UCC28700-Q1 in Table 3-1 comes from the combination of common failure modes listed in standards such as IEC 61508 and ISO 26262, the ratio of sub-circuit function size and complexity and from best engineering judgment.

The failure modes listed in this section reflect random failure events and do not include failures due to misuse or overstress.

Table 3-1. Die Failure Modes and Distribution

Die Failure Modes	Failure Mode Distribution (%)
Incorrect Vout Regulation	30
DRV stuck low	26
DRV stuck high	22
No effect	22



4 Pin Failure Mode Analysis (Pin FMA)

This section provides a Failure Mode Analysis (FMA) for the pins of the UCC28700-Q1. The failure modes covered in this document include the typical pin-by-pin failure scenarios:

- Pin short-circuited to Ground (see Table 4-2)
- Pin open-circuited (see Table 4-3)
- Pin short-circuited to an adjacent pin (see Table 4-4)
- Pin short-circuited to supply (see Table 4-5)

Table 4-2 through Table 4-5 also indicate how these pin conditions can affect the device as per the failure effects classification in Table 4-1.

Table 4-1. TI Classification of Failure Effects

Class	Failure Effects
Α	Potential device damage that affects functionality
В	No device damage, but loss of functionality
С	No device damage, but performance degradation
D	No device damage, no impact to functionality or performance

Figure 4-1 shows the UCC28700-Q1 pin diagram. For a detailed description of the device pins please refer to the *Pin Configuration and Functions* section in the UCC28700-Q1 data sheet.

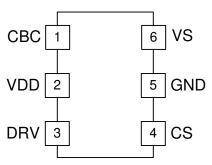


Figure 4-1. Pin Diagram

Following are the assumptions of use and the device configuration assumed for the pin FMA in this section:

 THe UCC28700-Q1 is connected according to the UCC28700-Q1 datasheet Figure 17, typical application circuit

Table 4-2. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Ground

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)			
CBC	1	Cable compensation will be set at its highest value.	С		
VDD	2	No positive supply applied to device. Device is non-functional.	В		
DRV	3	DRV remains low. The output of the flyback converter remains at zero.	В		
CS	4	When CS pin is shorted to ground before IC operation, CS pin short protection. The output of the flyback converter remains at zero.	В		
		When CS pin is shorted to ground after IC operation, DRV pin remains high. Potential power stage damage and it might cause IC damange.	А		
GND	5	No effect	D		
VS	6	IC reamins in input under voltage protection mode. The output of the flyback converter remains at zero.	В		

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Table 4-3. Pin FMA for Device Pins Open-Circuited

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	
CBC	1	Cable Compensation is Reduce to It's Minimal Value.	С
VDD	2	No positive supply applied to device. Device is non-functional.	В
DRV	3	The output of the Flyback converter remains at zero.	В
CS	4	CS pin open protection. The output of the Flyback converter remains at zero.	В
GND	5	Device damage	А
VS	6	IC reamins in input under voltage protection mode. The output of the Flyback converter remains at zero.	В

Table 4-4. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to Adjacent Pin

	·			
Pin Name	Pin No.	Shorted to	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
CBC	1	VDD	DRV remains low. Possible IC damage.	А
VDD	2	DRV	DRV remians high. Possible IC damange and Flyback siwtch damage.	А
DRV	3	N/A		
CS	4	GND	When CS pin is shorted to ground before IC operation, CS pin short protection. The output of the flyback converter remains at zero.	В
			When CS pin is shorted to ground after IC operation, DRV pin remains high. Potential power stage damage and it might cause IC damange.	А
GND	5	VS	IC reamins in input under voltage protection mode. The output of the flyback converter remains at zero.	В
VS	6	N/A		

Table 4-5. Pin FMA for Device Pins Short-Circuited to supply

Pin Name	Pin No.	Description of Potential Failure Effect(s)	Failure Effect Class
CBC	1	DRV remains low. Possible IC damage.	Α
VDD	2	No effect	D
DRV	3	DRV remians high. Possible IC damange and Flyback siwtch damage.	А
CS	4	DRV remains low. Possible IC damage.	А
GND	5	No positive supply applied to device. Device is non-functional.	В
VS	6	IC damage. DRV remains low.	А

5 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
September 2020	*	Initial Release

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