

# Bipolar Voltage Outputs for the TLV56xx Family of DACs

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#### **ABSTRACT**

A method for generating a symmetrical, bipolar, output swing voltage from a TI TLV56xx-family <u>digital-to-analog converter</u> (DAC) by using a bipolar operational amplifier (op amp), <u>TLE2142</u>, is presented. The resulting output voltage has a wide range that is limited only by the choice of op amp used for conditioning the DAC output signal. The example in this report realizes an output voltage range of  $\pm 13.8$  V for a 10-k $\Omega$  load.

### **Design Problem**

Some applications require digital-to-analog signal conversion with a bipolar output-voltage range. The output-voltage range of a standard unipolar DAC is generally between zero and  $2 \times V_{ref}$ ; however, it can easily be signal-conditioned to produce a bipolar range.

### Solution

The DAC's output voltage is:

$$OUT = 2V_{ref} \times \frac{CODE}{(0x1000)}$$

where CODE is the DAC's digital input, OUT is its analog output, and  $V_{ref}$  is the reference voltage, which may be already integrated into the DAC. Within the 12-bit  $\underline{TLV56xx}$  family of DACs, CODE can have any value between 0x000 and 0xFFF.

The conversion of a strictly non-negative voltage range into a symmetrical bipolar range is achieved using a standard op amp connected as a difference amplifier as shown in Figure 1.

Referring to Figure 1, the output voltage of the op amp  $A_1$  is:

$$V_{O} = \frac{R_{4}}{R_{3} + R_{4}} \left( 1 + \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} \right) OUT - \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} V_{ref}$$
(1)

When  $R_2 / R_1 = R_4 / R_3$  the op amp works as a real differential amplifier and, in this case, Equation 1 simplifies to:

$$V_{O} = \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}}(OUT - V_{ref}) = A_{DM}(OUT - V_{ref})$$

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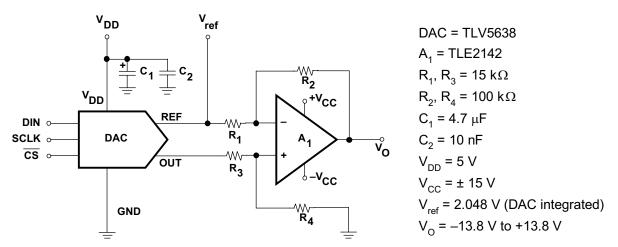


Figure 1. TLV56xx With Bipolar Output

$$\frac{R_4}{R_3} = (1 + x) \frac{R_2}{R_1}; |x| << 1$$

In this case, Equation 1 becomes:

$$V_{O} = \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}} \left[ \frac{\left(1 + \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}}\right)(1 + x)}{1 + \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}}(1 + x)} \cdot OUT - V_{ref} \right] \approx A_{DM} \left[ (OUT - V_{ref}) + \frac{OUT}{1 + \frac{R_{2}}{R_{1}}} \cdot x + O(x^{2}) \right]$$

When OUT and  $V_{ref}$  share the common-mode voltage,  $V_{CM}$ , the output voltage and the common-mode gain are nonzero and

$$A_{CM} = \frac{V_O}{V_{CM}} \approx \left(\frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2}\right) x$$

The common-mode rejection ratio, CMRR, is then:

$$\mathsf{CMRR} = \left| \frac{\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{DM}}}{\mathsf{A}_{\mathsf{CM}}} \right| = \left( \frac{\mathsf{R}_1 + \mathsf{R}_2}{\mathsf{R}_1} \right) \frac{1}{|\mathsf{x}|} \approx \frac{\mathsf{R}_2}{\mathsf{R}_1} \times \frac{1}{|\mathsf{x}|}; \quad \mathsf{R}_2 >> \mathsf{R}_1$$

This result shows that it is crucial to choose very precise pairs of resistors to obtain an acceptably-high value of the common-mode rejection ratio.

## Conclusion

An easy, cost-effective method to generate bipolar outputs from a DAC is by using a bipolar difference amplifier to condition the DAC's output signal. The output voltage range depends mainly on the choice of op amp and its resistors. However, an acceptable common-mode rejection ratio can be obtained only by using resistor pairs of very high accuracy. Therefore, for those applications that are CMRR critical, an instrumental amplifier should be used instead.

### **Revision History**

### Changes from Original (December 2000) to A Revision

Page

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

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