

TUSB2136/3210 Bootcode Document for USB to General- Purpose Device Controller

User's Guide

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Read This First

About This Manual

This user's guide contains pertinent information about the bootcode process, of the TUSB2136/3210.

How to Use This Manual

This document contains the following chapters:

- Chapter 1—Introduction
- Chapter 2—TUSB2136/3210 USB Firmware Flow
- Chapter 3—Function
- Chapter 4—Bootcode Defaults
- Chapter 5—Header Format and Vendor USB Requests
- Chapter 6—Programming Considerations and Bootcode File List

Notational Conventions

This document uses the following conventions.

- Program listings, program examples, and interactive displays are shown in a special typeface similar to a typewriter's. Examples use a **bold version** of the special typeface for emphasis; interactive displays use a **bold version** of the special typeface to distinguish commands that you enter from items that the system displays (such as prompts, command output, error messages, etc.).

Here is a sample program listing:

```
0011 0005 0001      .field  1, 2
0012 0005 0003      .field  3, 4
0013 0005 0006      .field  6, 3
0014 0006           .even
```

Here is an example of a system prompt and a command that you might enter:

```
C:  csr -a /user/ti/simuboard/utilities
```

- In syntax descriptions, the instruction, command, or directive is in a **bold typeface** font and parameters are in an *italic typeface*. Portions of a syntax that are in **bold** should be entered as shown; portions of a syntax that are in *italics* describe the type of information that should be entered. Here is an example of a directive syntax:

.asect *"section name", address*

.asect is the directive. This directive has two parameters, indicated by *section name* and *address*. When you use *.asect*, the first parameter must be an actual section name, enclosed in double quotes; the second parameter must be an address.

- Square brackets ([and]) identify an optional parameter. If you use an optional parameter, you specify the information within the brackets; you don't enter the brackets themselves. Here's an example of an instruction that has an optional parameter:

LALK *16-bit constant [, shift]*

The LALK instruction has two parameters. The first parameter, *16-bit constant*, is required. The second parameter, *shift*, is optional. As this syntax shows, if you use the optional second parameter, you must precede it with a comma.

Square brackets are also used as part of the pathname specification for VMS pathnames; in this case, the brackets are actually part of the pathname (they are not optional).

- Braces ({ and }) indicate a list. The symbol | (read as *or*) separates items within the list. Here's an example of a list:

{ * | *+ | *- }

This provides three choices: *, *+, or *-.

Unless the list is enclosed in square brackets, you must choose one item from the list.

- Some directives can have a varying number of parameters. For example, the *.byte* directive can have up to 100 parameters. The syntax for this directive is:

.byte *value₁ [, ... , value_n]*

This syntax shows that *.byte* must have at least one value parameter, but you have the option of supplying additional value parameters, separated by commas.

FCC Warning

This equipment is intended for use in a laboratory test environment only. It generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and has not been tested for compliance with the limits of computing devices pursuant to subpart J of part 15 of FCC rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against radio frequency interference. Operation of this equipment in other environments may cause interference with radio communications, in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct this interference.

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Introduction

Chapter 1 illustrates the bootcode process with bootcode flow charts. It contains a description of the TUSB2136/3210 bootcode document main program and a flow chart of the interrupt service routine, control (setup) endpoint handler, input endpoint 0 interrupt handler, output endpoint 0 handler, and the output endpoint 1 handler.

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1.1 Bootcode Main Program

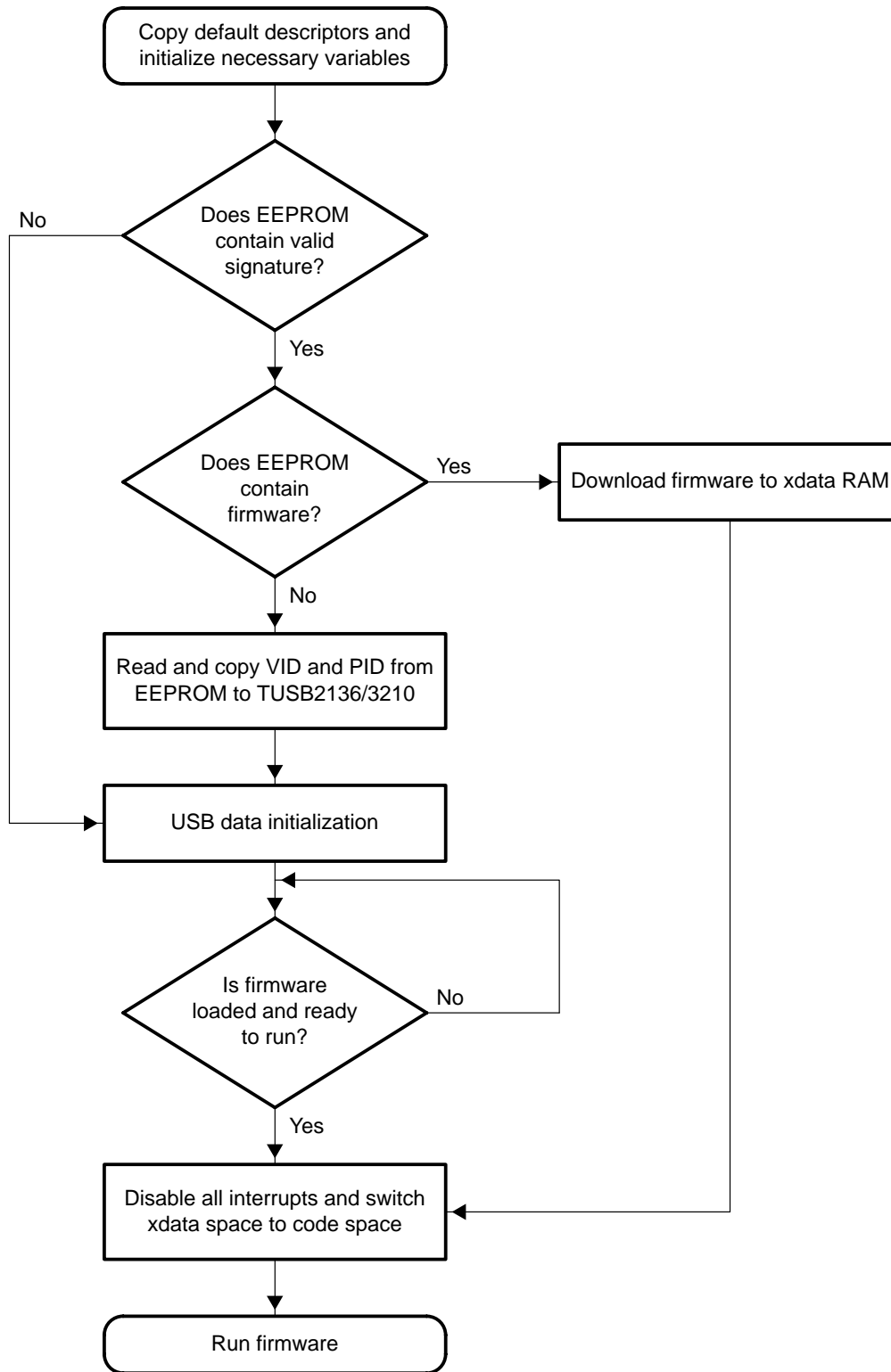
After power-on reset, the bootcode copies predefined USB descriptors to the shared RAM. The first USB descriptor is the device descriptor. It describes the embedded function class, vendor ID, product ID, etc. The second USB descriptor is the configuration descriptor, which contains information such as how the device is powered, the number of configurations available, type and number of interfaces, and endpoint descriptors. From these two descriptors, Windows loads the necessary device drivers and performs pertinent actions.

Vendor and product IDs are crucial to the bootcode. Windows gets VID and PID through the standard USB device request and then tries to match the two IDs with its own database. If Windows finds them in the database, it loads the corresponding device driver. If it is not able to match the IDs, it provides a prompt directing the user to provide the driver disks, which contain the INF files.

Once the bootcode finishes copying descriptors, it looks for the EEPROM on the I²C the port. If a valid signature is found, it reads the data type byte. If the data type is application code, it downloads the code to an external data space. Once the code is loaded and the checksum is correct, bootcode releases control to the application code. When the data contains USB device information, the bootcode interprets the data and copies it to hub registers and to the embedded function device descriptor, if the checksum is correct. If the data does not contain USB device information, bootcode restores predefined settings to the hub register and device descriptor.

After the bootcode updates the hub register and device descriptor, it sets up for a USB transaction and connects itself to the USB. It remains there until the host drivers download the application code. Once complete, it disconnects from the USB and releases control to the application code. Figure 1–1 illustrates bootcode operation.

Figure 1–1. Main Routine

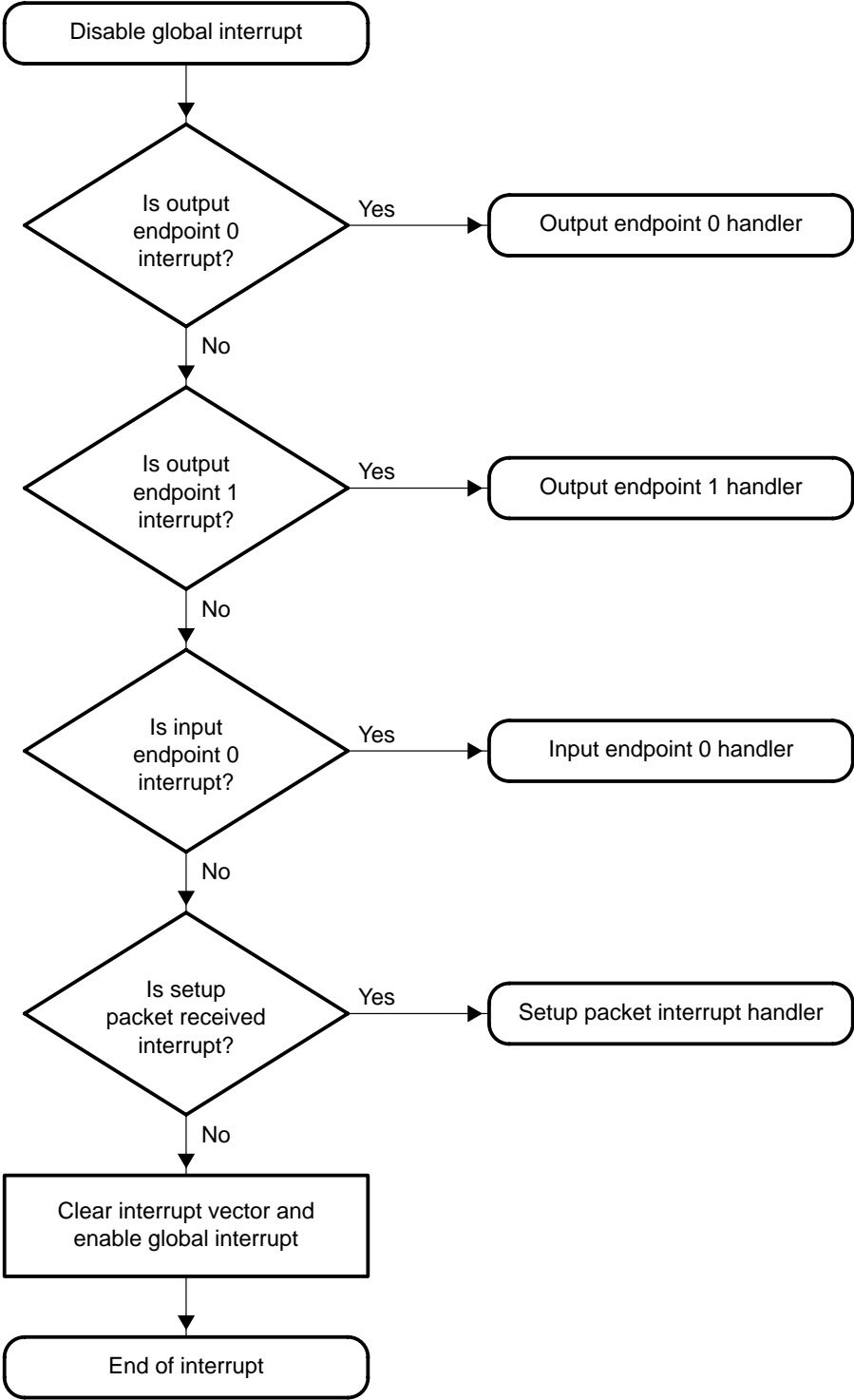


1.2 Interrupt Service Routine

Interrupt service is generated from external interrupt 0. The TUSB2136/3210 uses this interrupt for internal peripherals. This interrupt consists of input/output endpoints and setup packet.

The main service routine confirms the source of interrupt, then notifies corresponding functions. Once interrupt is performed, the main service routine clears INTVEC registers to inform hardware that the service is complete, then releases control back to the main program. Figure 1–2 illustrates how each service is processed.

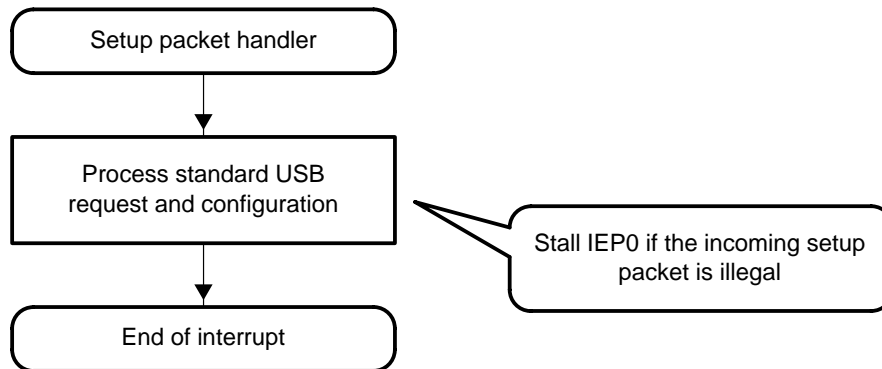
Figure 1–2. Interrupt Service Routine



1.3 Control (Setup) Endpoint Handler

Once bootcode receives a setup packet from the host, a control packet interrupt handler acquires control from the interrupt service routine. This handler processes the incoming packet, performs the appropriate action, then returns control to the interrupt service routine, as shown in Figure 1–3.

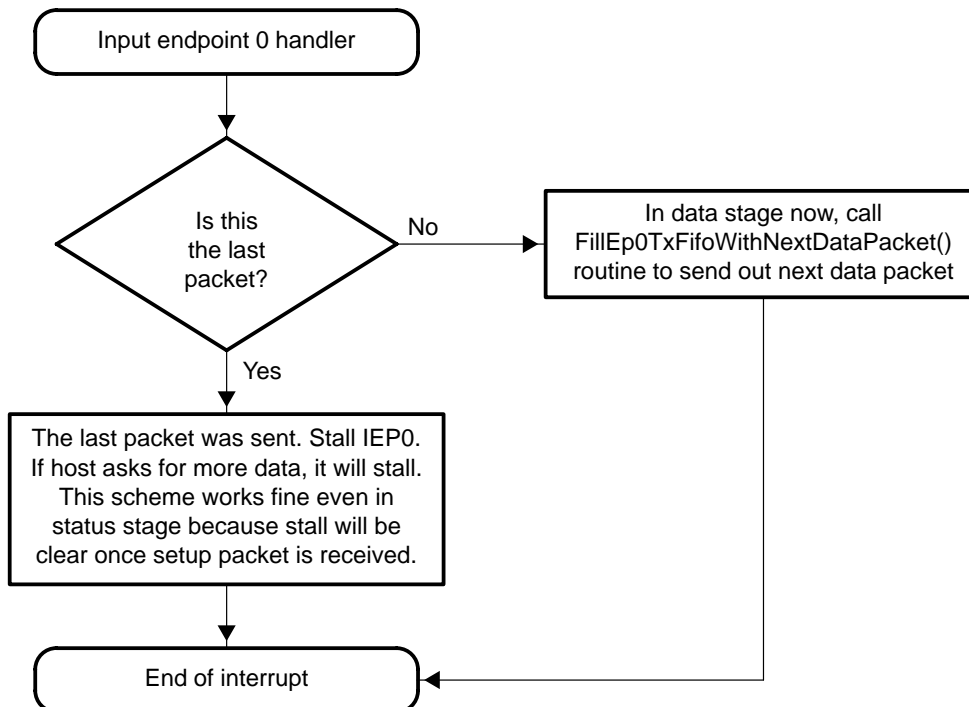
Figure 1–3. Control (Setup) Endpoint Handler



1.4 Input Endpoint 0 Interrupt Handler

Figure 1–4 illustrates the process of sending data back to the host. If the last packet is sent, the handler stalls the input endpoint, which prevents the host from getting more data.

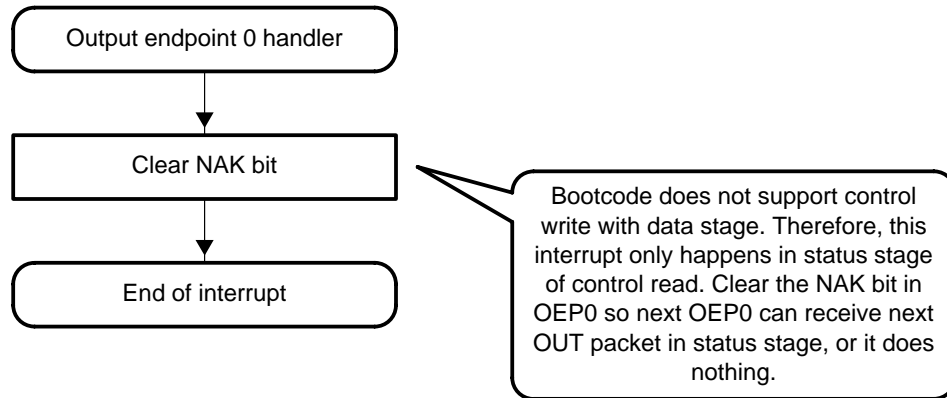
Figure 1–4. Input Endpoint 0 Interrupt Handler



1.5 Output Endpoint 0 Handler

Figure 1–5 demonstrates the process bootcode uses to deal with an output endpoint 0 interrupt. Since bootcode does not support control write with a data stage, it merely clears the NAK bit in the handler.

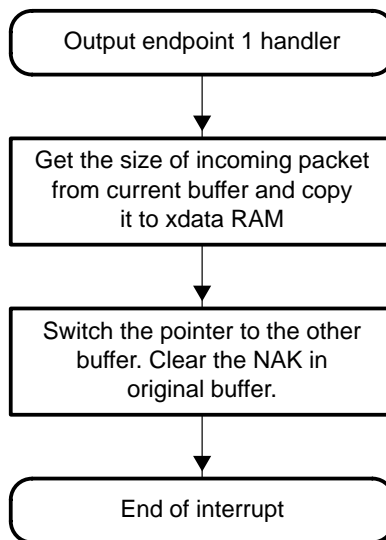
Figure 1–5. Output Endpoint 0 Interrupt Handler



1.6 Output Endpoint 1 Handler

The application code is downloaded from output endpoint 1, as shown in Figure 1–6. This endpoint supports double buffering. Therefore, it switches to the other buffer as soon as the current buffer receives data from the host.

Figure 1–6. Output Endpoint 1 Interrupt Handler





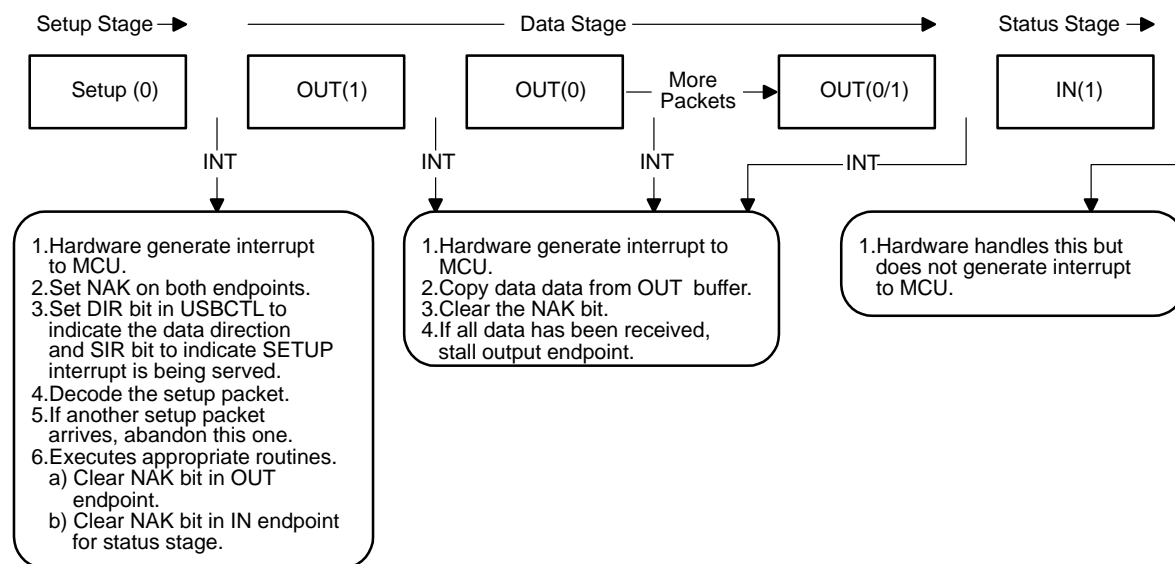
TUSB2136/3210 USB Firmware Flow

There are three types of control transfers in standard USB requests. Figures 2–1 through 2–3 and Tables 1–1 and 1–2 demonstrate the process bootcode uses to respond to each control transfer.

Topic	Page
2.1 Control Write Transfer With Data Stage	2-2
2.2 Control Write Transfer Without Data Stage	2-2
2.3 Control Read Transfer With Data Stage	2-3

2.1 Control Write Transfer With Data Stage (Boot Code Does Not Support This)

Figure 2–1. Control Write Transfer With Data Stage

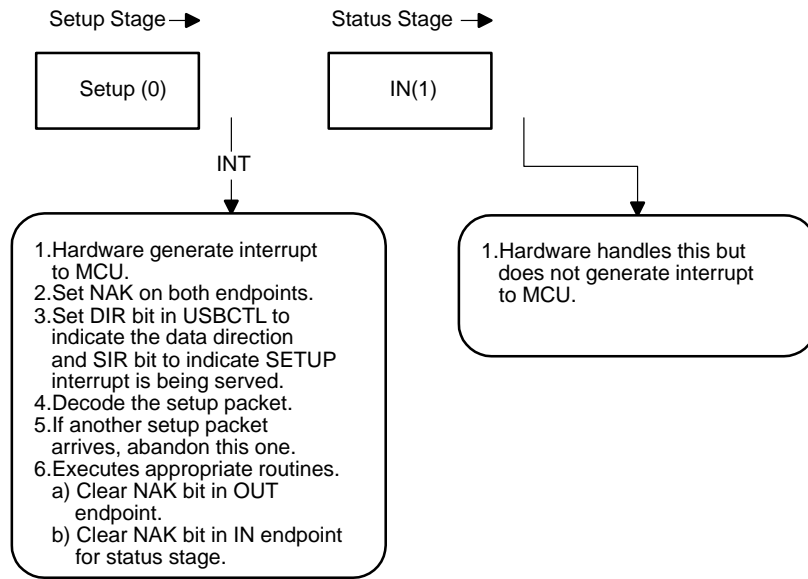


2.2 Control Write Transfer Without Data Stage

Table 2–1. Boot Code Response to Control Write Transfer Without Data Stage

Control Write Transfer Without Data Stage	Action in Boot Code
Clear feature of device	Stall endpoint
Clear feature of interface	Stall endpoint
Clear feature of endpoint	Clear stall on requested endpoint
Set feature of device	Set remote wakeup feature
Set feature of interface	Stall endpoint
Set feature of endpoint	Stall requested endpoint
Set address	Set device address
Set descriptor	Stall endpoint
Set configuration	Set bConfiguredFlag
Set interface	Stall endpoint
Synchronization frame	Stall endpoint

Figure 2–2. Control Write Transfer Without Data Stage

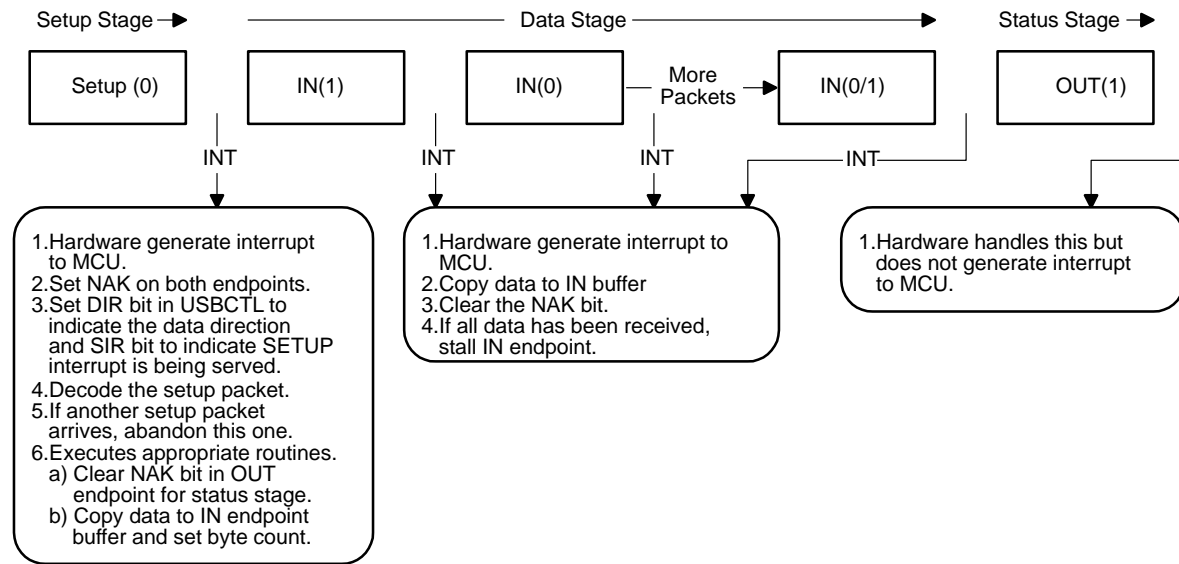


2.3 Control Read Transfer With Data Stage

Table 2–2. Boot Code Response to Control Read Transfer With Data Stage

Control Read Transfer With Data Stage	Action in Boot Code
Get status of device	Return remote wake-up and power status
Get status of interface	No action and return zero
Get status of endpoint	Return the endpoint status (stall or not)
Get descriptor of device	Return device descriptor
Get descriptor of configuration	Return configuration descriptor
Get descriptor of string	Illegal requests, stall endpoint
Get descriptor of interface	Illegal requests, stall endpoint
Get descriptor of endpoint	Illegal requests, stall endpoint
Get configuration	Return bConfiguredFlag value
Get interface	No action and return zero

Figure 2–3. Control Read Transfer With Data Stage



Function



Chapter 3 contains a bootcode module list with a functional description of each module.

Topic	Page
3.1 Bootcode Functional Module List	3-2

3.1 Bootcode Functional Module List

3.1.1 Bootcode.c File

- VOID FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket (VOID)**

This function is alerted by an interrupt service routine if there is an IN token addressed to endpoint 0 from the host. This routine packetizes the remainder of the data and sends one packet to the host. If the data is more than packet size, the next packet is sent during the next interrupt immediately after hardware receives the next IN token.
- VOID TransmitBufferOnEp0(PBYTE pbBuffer)**

This checks the length and then requests the FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket() function to send data out.
- VOID TransmitNullResponseOnEp0(VOID)**

This sends a zero length packet to the host, which is used as an acknowledgement in the status page
- VOID Stall EndPoint0(VOID)**

This stalls both input and output endpoint 0, preventing the host from sending or receiving data from endpoint 0. It is sometimes used to indicate there is an error in the transaction.
- VOID Endpoint0Control(VOID)**

This supplies and executes standard USB and several vendor-specific requests.
- VOID UsbDataInitialization(VOID)**

This enables interrupts and initializes USB registers.
- VOID CopyDefaultSettings(VOID)**

This copies default descriptors and initializes variables.
- VOID SetupPacketInterruptHandler(VOID)**

This is called by interrupt service routine when there is a setup packet received. This function presets some variables before it calls the Endpoint0Control() function.
- VOID Ep0InputInterruptHandler(VOID)**

This is transmitted by the interrupt service routine when an IN token is received. If there is more data to send, it notifies the FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket() function to send data. Immediately after the last packet is sent, it stalls the endpoint, which prevents the host from getting data.
- VOID Ep0OutputInterruptHandler (VOID)**

This is transmitted during the status stage of the control read transfer in the bootcode. Bootcode always stalls the output endpoint due to the lack of control-write-with-data-stage support.
- VOID Ep1OutputInterruptHandler(VOID)**

This function is transmitted if there is an OUT token to endpoint 1. The first packet of the data contains the size and checksum of the application code. Because endpoint 1 is a double buffer, this routine keeps tracking the buffer sequence.

- Interrupt [0x03] VOID EX0_int(VOID)**
All USB-related interrupts are performed in this routine. It reads in vector numbers in order to determine the type of interrupt and notifies the appropriate functions.
- VOID main(VOID)**
This is performed by the interrupt service routine when a setup packet is received. It presets some variables, then contacts the Endpoint0Control() function.

3.1.2 I2C.c File

- VOID i2cSetBusSpeed(BYTE bBusSpeed)**
This function sets I²C speed. If bBusSpeed is one, I²C bus operates at 400 kHz.
- BYTE i2cSetMemoryType(VOID)**
This function sets I²C memory type. The ranges are from 0x01, Type 1, to 0x03, Type 3 device.
- BYTE i2cWaitForRead(VOID)**
Wait routine for I²C read
- BYTE i2cWaitForWrite(VOID)**
Wait routine for I²C write
- BYTE i2cRead(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray)**
This routine reads from one to wNumber of bytes.
- BYTE i2cWrite(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray)**
This routine writes from one to wNumber of bytes. It is possible that some I²C devices have physical limitations for the number of bytes that can be written each time. See the I²C device data sheet.

3.1.3 Header.c File

- BYTE headerCheckProductIDonI2c(VOID)**
This function checks for a valid ID on the I²C device.
- BYTE headerSearchForValidHeader(VOID)**
Checks for a valid signature
- BYTE headerGetDataType(WORD wNumber)**
Delivers the data type indexed by a wNumber
- BYTE LoadFirmwareBasicFromI2c(VOID)**
Loads the firmware from the I²C device
- BYTE LoadUsbInfoBasicFromI2c(VOID)**
Loads the USB data from the I²C device
- BYTE headerProcessCurrentDataType(VOID)**
Checks the data type and processes the data
- WORD headerReturnFirmwareRevision(VOID)**
This function returns current to the loaded firmware revision.

- ❑ **BOOL UpdateHeader(Word wHeaderSize, BYTE bBlockSize, BYTE bWaitTime)**
This function is used internally for testing. It is not intended for direct calls by the user.

Bootcode Defaults

Chapter 4 lists the defaults used for hub and bootcode settings. There are tables in each category that list the offset, field, size, and value, and provide short descriptions for the hub, device, configuration, interface, and interrupt endpoint 1 descriptors.

Topic	Page
4.1 Default HUB Settings	4-2
4.2 Default Bootcode Settings	4-4

4.1 Default HUB Settings

Table 4–1. Hub Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	0x09	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	0x29	Device descriptor type
2	bNbrPorts	1	6	Number of downstream ports
3	wHubCharacteristics	2	0x0D	[1:0] Power switching = 01 (individual) [2] Compound device = 1 [4:3] Over-current protection mode = 01 (individual) [15:5] Reserved = 0
4	bPwrOn2PwrGood	1	0x32	Time (in 2-ms intervals) from power on to power good
6	bHubContrCurrent	1	0x32	Maximum current requirements of the hub controller electronics in mA
7	DeviceRemovable	1	0x60	Device removable
8	PortPwrCtrlMask	1	0xFF	Port power control mask

Table 4–2. Device Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	18	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	1	Device descriptor type
2	BcdUSB	2	0x0110	USB spec 1.1
4	bDeviceClass	1	0xFF	Vendor-specific class
5	bDeviceSubClass	1	0	None
6	bDeviceProtocol	1	0	None
7	bMaxPacketSize0	1	8	Maximum packet size for endpoint 0
8	ID Vendor	2	0x0451	USB assigned vendor ID = TI
10	ID Product	2	0	None
12	BCD Device	2	0x0100	Device release number = 1.0
14	iManufacturer	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing manufacturer
15	iProduct	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing product
16	iSerialNumber	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing device serial number
17	bNumConfigurations	1	1	Number of possible configurations

Table 4–3. Configuration Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	9	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	2	Configuration descriptor type
2	wTotalLength	2	25 = 9 + 9 + 7	Total length of data returned for this configuration. Includes the combined length of all descriptors (configuration, interface, endpoint, and class- or vendor-specific) returned for this configuration.
4	bNumInterfaces	1	1	Number of interfaces supported by this configuration
5	bConfigurationValue	1	1	Value to use as an argument to the SetConfiguration() request to select this configuration
6	iConfiguration	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing this configuration
7	bmAttributes	1	0xA0	Configuration characteristics D7: Reserved (set to one) D6: Self-powered D5: Remote wake-up is supported D4–0: Reserved (reset to zero)
8	bMaxPower	1	0	This device consumes <i>no</i> power from the bus.

Table 4–4. Interface Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	9	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	4	Interface descriptor type
2	bInterfaceNumber	1	0	Number of interfaces. Zero-based value identifying the index in the array of concurrent interfaces supported by this configuration
3	bAlternateSetting	1	0	Value used to select alternate setting for the interface identified in the prior field
4	bNumEndpoints	1	1	Number of endpoints used by this interface (excluding endpoint 0). If this value is zero, this interface uses the default control pipe.
5	bInterfaceClass	1	0x09	Vendor-specific class
6	bInterfaceSubClass	1	0	
7	bInterfaceProtocol	1	0	
8	iInterface	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing this interface

Table 4–5. Interrupt Endpoint 1 Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	7	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	5	Endpoint descriptor type
2	bEndpointAddress	1	0x81	Bits 3–0: The endpoint number Bit 7: Direction 0 = OUT endpoint 1 = IN endpoint
3	bmAttributes	1	3	Bits 1–0: Transfer type 10 = Bulk 11 = Interrupt
4	wMaxPacketSize	2	1	Maximum packet size this endpoint is capable of sending or receiving when this configuration is selected
6	bInterval	1	0xFF	Interval for polling endpoint for data transfers, expressed in milliseconds

4.2 Default Bootcode Settings

Table 4–6. Device Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	18	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	1	Device descriptor type
2	BcdUSB	2	0x0110	USB spec 1.1
4	bDeviceClass	1	0xFF	Vendor-specific class
5	bDeviceSubClass	1	0	None
6	bDeviceProtocol	1	0	None
7	bMaxPacketSize0	1	8	Maximum packet size for endpoint 0
8	ID Vendor	2	0x0451	USB assigned vendor ID = TI
10	ID Product	2	0x2136	TI part number = TUSB2136/3210
12	BCD Device	2	0x0100	Device release number = 1.0
14	iManufacturer	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing manufacturer
15	iProduct	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing product
16	iSerialNumber	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing device serial number
17	bNumConfigurations	1	1	Number of possible configurations

Table 4–7. Configuration Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	9	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	2	Configuration descriptor type
2	wTotalLength	2	25 = 9 + 9 + 7	Total length of data returned for this configuration. Includes the combined length of all descriptors (configuration, interface, endpoint, and class- or vendor-specific) returned for this configuration
4	bNumInterfaces	1	1	Number of interfaces supported by this configuration
5	bConfigurationValue	1	1	Value to use as an argument to the SetConfiguration() request to select this configuration
6	iConfiguration	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing this configuration
7	bmAttributes	1	0x80	Configuration characteristics D7: Reserved (set to one) D6: Self-powered D5: Remote wake-up is supported D4–D0: Reserved (reset to zero)
8	bMaxPower	1	0	This device consumes no power from the bus.

Table 4–8. Interface Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	9	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	4	Interface descriptor type
2	bInterfaceNumber	1	0	Number of interfaces. Zero-based value identifying the index in the array of concurrent interfaces supported by this configuration
3	bAlternateSetting	1	0	Value used to select alternate setting for the interface identified in the prior field
4	bNumEndpoints	1	1	Number of endpoints used by this interface (excluding endpoint 0). If this value is zero, this interface uses the default control pipe.
5	bInterfaceClass	1	0xFF	Vendor-specific class
6	bInterfaceSubClass	1	0	
7	bInterfaceProtocol	1	0	
8	iInterface	1	0	Index of string descriptor describing this interface

Table 4–9. Output Endpoint 1 Descriptor

Offset	Field	Size	Value	Description
0	bLength	1	7	Size of this descriptor in bytes
1	bDescriptorType	1	5	Endpoint descriptor type
2	bEndpointAddress	1	0x01	Bit 3...0: The endpoint number Bit 7: Direction 0 = OUT endpoint 1 = IN endpoint
3	bmAttributes	1	2	Bit 1...0: Transfer type 10 = Bulk 11 = Interrupt
4	wMaxPacketSize	2	64	Maximum packet size this endpoint is capable of sending or receiving when this configuration is selected
6	bInterval	1	0	Interval for polling endpoint for data transfers, expressed in milliseconds

Header Format and Vendor USB Requests

Chapter 5 explains the header format. It describes the product signature and descriptors and gives examples for ease of understanding. There are also tables that list the offset, field, size, value, and description for the USB info basic descriptor, as well as the USB info basic and firmware basic descriptor.

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5.1 Header Format

The header is restored in various storage devices such as a ROM, parallel/serial EEPROM, or flash ROM. The current header format routine supports only the I²C device (serial EEPROM). A valid header contains one correct product signature and one or more descriptors. The descriptor contains a descriptor prefix and its content. Data type, size, and checksum are specified in the descriptor prefix to define its content. Descriptor content contains the necessary information for bootcode to process.

5.1.1 Product Signature

There are two bytes for a signature field. They are identical to the product number. For example, TUSB2136 is 0x2136. TUSB5152 is 0x5152. Numerical order is LSB first.

5.1.2 Descriptor

Each descriptor contains a prefix and content. The prefix is always 4 bytes and contains data type, size, and checksum to ensure data integrity. The descriptor content contains information corresponding to that specified in the prefix. It can be as small as one byte or as large as 65535 bytes. After the last descriptor, the first byte (data type) in the descriptor prefix is zero, indicating the end of the descriptors.

5.1.3 Descriptor Prefix

In a prefix, the first byte is data type. This instructs the bootcode how to parse data in the descriptor content. The second and third bytes are the size of descriptor content, and the last byte is the checksum of the descriptor content.

Information stored in the descriptor content is either USB information, firmware, or another type of data. Size of the content varies from 1 to 65535 bytes.

5.2 Examples

5.2.1 USB Info Basic Descriptor

Table 5–1 contains generic USB information for the bootcode. Once the bootcode loads the data and verifies the checksum, it then copies information to corresponding registers. The last byte is a zero, which indicates the end of the descriptor. The descriptor easily fits into a 16-byte I²C EEPROM. Please note that Table 5–1 and Table 5–2 are the only two supported descriptors in the boot code.

Table 5–1. USB Info Basic Descriptor

Offset	Type	Size	Value	Description
0	Signature0	1	0x36	FUNCTION_PID_L
1	Signature1	1	0x21	FUNCTION_PID_H
2	Data type	1	0x01	USB info basic
3	Data size (low byte)	1	0x09	Size of descriptor content (9 bytes total)
4	Data size (high byte)	1	0x00	
5	Check sum	1	0x80	Checksum of descriptor content
6	Bit setting	1	0x81	Self powered and power switching
7	Vendor ID (low byte)	1	0x51	TI VID = 0x0451
8	Vendor ID (high byte)	1	0x04	
9	Hub PID (low byte)	1	0x34	Hub PID = 0x1234
10	Hub PID (high byte)	1	0x12	
11	Function PID (low byte)	1	0x78	Function PID = 0x5678
12	Function PID (high byte)	1	0x56	
13	HUBPOTG	1	0x32	Time from power-on to power-good in 2 mA unit = 100 ms
14	HUBCURT	1	0x64	HUB current descriptor = 100 mA
15	Data type	1	0x00	End of descriptor

Table 5–2. USB Info Basic and Firmware Basic Descriptor

Offset	Type	Size	Value	Description
0	Signature0	1	0x36	FUNCTION_PID_L
1	Signature1	1	0x21	FUNCTION_PID_H
2	Data type	1	0x01	USB info basic
3	Data size (low byte)	1	0x08	Size of descriptor content (8 bytes total)
4	Data size (high byte)	1	0x00	
5	Check sum	1	0x45	Checksum of descriptor content
6	Bit setting	1	0x80	Bus-powered and over current protection
7	Vendor ID (low byte)	1	0xAA	Hub and function VID = 0x55AA
8	Vendor ID (high byte)	1	0x55	
9	Hub PID (low byte)	1	0x20	Hub PID = 0x1020
0x0a	Hub PID (high byte)	1	0x10	
0x0b	Function PID (low byte)	1	0x22	Function PID = 0x1122
0x0c	Function PID (high byte)	1	0x11	
0x0d	HUBPOTG	1	0x10	Time from power-on to power-good in 2 mA unit = 32 ms
0x0e	HUBCURT	1	0x20	HUB current descriptor = 32 mA
0x0f	Data type	1	0x02	Firmware basic
0x10	Data size (low byte)	1	0x25	Size of descriptor content
0x11	Data size (high byte)	1	0x10	The size is 0x1025 bytes
0x12	Check sum	1	XX†	Checksum of descriptor content
0x13	Firmware rev. (low byte)	1	0x10	Revision = 1.1
0x14	Firmware rev. (high byte)	1	0x10	
0x15	Firmware starts here	0x1023		Firmware binary code
0x1038	Data type	1	0x00	End of descriptor

† Checksum of firmware binary code and firmware revision

5.3 Built-In Vendor-Specific USB Requests†

5.3.1 Get Bootcode Status

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_IN	1100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_GET_BOOTCODE_STATUS	0x80
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	Size of the status	0x0004
Data	Bootcode status data	0xNNNN

Bootcode returns the 4-byte status value. Currently, the 4 bytes are not defined.

5.3.2 Execute Firmware

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_EXECUTE_FIRMWARE	0x81
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0004
Data	None	0xNNNN

This command requests bootcode to execute the downloaded firmware. If the checksum is correct, bootcode disconnects from the USB, then releases control to the firmware or stalls the command.

5.3.3 Get Firmware Revision

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_IN	1100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_EXECUTE_FIRMWARE	0x82
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0002
Data	None	0xNNNN (specified in the header)

Bootcode returns the 2-byte value described in the header file.

†Vendor specific requests are for internal testing only. TI does not assure their performance.

5.3.4 Prepare for Header Update

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_PRE_UPDATE_HEADER	0x83
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command tells bootcode that pending data downloaded through the output endpoint 1 is a header file rather than firmware.

The following procedures update the header file.

- 1) The host driver sends a BTC_PRE_UPDATE_HEADER request informing bootcode that the pending data from the output endpoint 1 is a header file.
- 2) The host driver transmits a header file through OEP1.
- 3) After the header file is downloaded, the host driver sends a BTC_UPDATE_HEADER request, which allows bootcode to update the header file. The update to the host driver is not immediate.
- 4) The host driver sends the last request, BTC_REBOOT, which prompts bootcode to start over with an updated PID and VID.

5.4 Update Header

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_UPDATE_HEADER	0x84
wValue	HI: Block size LO: Wait time in ms	0xNNNN
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command instructs the bootcode to update the header to I²C EEPROM. *Block size* is the size of page write while *wait time* is the time between each page write. Be aware that different I²C EEPROMs may have different physical page boundaries. If the block size is too large, it might possibly cross the physical page boundary and, as a result, that data could be lost or overwrite the data address 0x0000.

5.5 Reboot

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_REBOOT	0x85
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command forces bootcode to reboot (start over).

bRequest values from 0x86 to 0x8E are reserved.

5.6 Force Execute Firmware

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_FORCE_EXECUTE_FIRMWARE	0x8F
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	None	0x0000
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command instructs bootcode to unconditionally execute the downloaded firmware.

5.7 External Memory Read

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_IN	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_EXTERNAL_MEMORY_WRITE	0x90
wValue	None	0x0000
wIndex	Data address	0xNNNN (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF)
wLength	One byte	0x0001
Data	Byte in the specified address	0xNN

Bootcode returns the content of the specified address.

5.8 External Memory Write

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_EXTERNAL_MEMORY_WRITE	0x91
wValue	HI: 0x00 LO: Data	0x00NN
wIndex	Data address	0xNNNN (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF)
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command instructs bootcode to write data to the specified address.

5.9 I²C Memory Read

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_IN	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_I2C_MEMORY_READ	0x92
wValue	HI: I ² C Device Number LO: Memory Type Blt[0–1] and Speed Bit[7]	0xNNNN
wIndex	Data address	0xNNNN (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF)
wLength	One byte	0x0001
Data	Byte in the specified address	0xNNN

Bootcode returns the content of the specified address in I²C EEPROM.

In the wValue field, the I²C device number is from 0x00 to 0x07 in high field. Memory type is from 0x01 to 0x03 for CAT I to CAT III devices. If bit 7 of bValueL is set, 400 kHz is used. If bit 7 of bValueL is not set, 100 kHz is used. This request is also used to set the device number and speed before an I²C write request.

5.10 Memory Write

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_I2C_MEMORY_WRITE	0x93
wValue	HI: I ² C device number LO: Data	0xNNNN
wIndex	Data address	0xNNNN (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF)
wLength	None	0x0000
Data	None	

This command instructs the bootcode to write data to the specified address. The I²C device number is specified in the bValueH field.

5.11 Internal ROM Memory Read

bmRequestType	USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR USB_REQ_TYPE_OUT	0100 0000b
bRequest	BTC_INTERNAL_ROM_MEMORY_READ	0x94
wValue	None	0xNNNN
wIndex	Data address	0xNNNN (from 0x0000 to 0xFFFF)
wLength	One byte	0x0001
Data	Byte in the specified address	0xNN

Bootcode returns the byte (binary code of the bootcode) of the specified address in ROM.



Programming Considerations and Bootcode File List

Chapter 6 addresses programming considerations and includes a short section on USB requests and a table on vector interrupt values and sources. The remaining portion comprises the bootcode file list.

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6.1 Programming Considerations

6.1.1 USB Requests

For each USB request the firmware follows these steps, which ensure proper hardware operation.

- 1) Firmware first sets NAK bit on both input data endpoint 0 and output data endpoint 0, clears the interrupt sources, then the VECINT register. For example, for a setup packet, the firmware must clear the USBSTA_SETUP bit by writing a 1 to the bit of the register.
- 2) Firmware determines the direction of the request by checking the MSB of the bmRequestType field. It then sets the USBCTL_DIR bit.
- 3) Firmware sets USBCTL_SIR, indicating it is providing the current request.
- 4) Firmware decodes the command and serves the request.

6.1.2 Interrupt Handling Routine

Table 6–1. Vector Interrupt Values and Sources

G[3:0] (Hex)	I[2:0] (Hex)	VECTOR (Hex)	Interrupt Source	Interrupt Source should be cleared
0	0	00	No Interrupt	No source
1	0	10	Not used	
1	1	12	Output endpoint 1	VECINT register
1	2	14	Output endpoint 2	VECINT register
1	3	16	Output endpoint 3	VECINT register
1	4–7	18–1E	NOT USED	
2	1	22	Input endpoint 1	VECINT register
2	2	24	Input endpoint 2	VECINT register
2	3	26	Input endpoint 3	VECINT register
2	4–7	28–2E	NOT USED	
3	1	32	SETUP packet received	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	2	34	PWON interrupt	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	3	36	PWOFF interrupt	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	4	38	RESR interrupt	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	5	3A	SUSR interrupt	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	6	3C	RSTR interrupt	USBSTA/VECINT registers
3	7	3E	Reserved	USBSTA/VECINT registers
4	0	40	I ² C TXE interrupt	I2CSTA/VECINT registers
4	1	42	I ² C RXF interrupt	I2CSTA/VECINT registers
4	2	44	Input endpoint 0	VECINT register
4	3	46	Output endpoint 0	VECINT register
4	4–7	48 → 4E	Not used	
9–15	X	90 → FE	Not used	

† If Interrupt sources are more than two, firmware always clears the VECINT register *last*.

6.2 File List

6.2.1 Bootcode.c Main Program

```

/*-----+
|                                     |
|                               Texas Instruments |
|                               Bootcode         |
|-----+
| Source: bootcode.c, v 1.0 2000/01/26 16:45:55 |
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com    |
|
| For more information, contact                 |
| Lobo Tai                                     |
| Texas Instruments                           |
| 12500 TI Blvd, MS 8761                      |
| Dallas, TX 75243                            |
| USA                                          |
| Tel 214-480-3145                            |
| Fax 214-480-3443                            |
|
| External EEPROM Format                |
|
| Offset   Type           Size   Value & Remark |
| 0           Signature0     1           0x36, FUNCTION_PID_L |
| 1           Signature1     1           0x21, FUNCTION_PID_H |
| 2           Data Type      1           0x00 = End           |
|                                     0x01 = USB Info Basic |
|                                     0x02 = Application Code |
|                                     0x03..0xEF Reserved |
|                                     0xff = Reserved for Extended Data |
| 3           Data Size      2           Size of Data       |
|                                     9 for TUSB5152 and TUSB2136 Usb Info |
| 5           Check Sum      1           Check Sum of Data Section |
| 6           Bit Setting    1           Bit 7: PWRSW         |
| 7           VID            2           Vendor ID          |
| 9           PID hub        2           Product ID for hub  |
| 11          PID device     2           Product ID for bootrom |
| 13          HUBPOTG        1           Time from power-on to power-good |
| 14          HUBCURT        1           HUB Current descriptor register |
|
| The following examples is for application code |
|
| 15          Data Type      1           0x00 = End           |
|                                     0x02 = Application Code |
| 16          Data Size      2           Size of Data Section |
| 18          Check Sum      1           Check Sum of Data Section |
| 19          App. Rev.      2           Application Code Revision |
|
| 21          Application Code Starts here... |
|
| Logs: |
|
| WHO        WHEN          WHAT |
| ---        - - - - -    - - - - - |

```

File List

```
| HMT      19991204    born |
| HMT      19991207    change compiler setting to start at 0x8006 in link. |
|           add bit setting in eeprom for bus/self power |
| HMT      20000301    re-arrange EEPROM format |
|           add five more USB customer request |
| HMT      20000412    add modified header format |
| HMT      20000712    clear interrupt source and then cleast VECTINT in |
|           ISR |
| HMT      20000718    set 24Mhz and 400Khz for i2c |
|-----*/
#include <io51.h>      // 8051 sfr definition
#include "types.h"     // Basic Type declarations
#include "usb.h"       // USB-specific Data Structures
#include "i2c.h"
#include "tusb2136.h"
#include "delay.h"
#include "header.h"
#include "bootcode.h"
#ifdef SIMULATION
#include "gpio.h"
#endif
/*-----+
| Constant Definition |
|-----*/
#define X_BUFFER 0
#define Y_BUFFER 1
BYTE code abromDeviceDescriptor[SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR] = {
    SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR,      // Length of this descriptor (12h bytes)
    DESC_TYPE_DEVICE,              // Type code of this descriptor (01h)
    0x10,0x01,                     // Release of USB spec (Rev 1.1)
    0xff,                           // Device's base class code - vendor specific
    0,                               // Device's sub class code
    0,                               // Device's protocol type code
    EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE,           // End point 0's max packet size = 8
    HUB_VID_L,HUB_VID_H,           // Vendor ID for device, TI=0x0451
    FUNCTION_PID_L,FUNCTION_PID_H, // Product ID for device, 0x2136
    0x00,0x01,                     // Revision level of device, Rev=1.0
    0,                               // Index of manufacturer name string desc
    0,                               // Index of product name string desc
    0,                               // Index of serial number string desc
    1                               // Number of configurations supported
};
#define SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP
SIZEOF_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR+SIZEOF_INTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR+SIZEOF_ENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR
BYTE code abromConfigurationDescriptorGroup[SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP] =
{
    // Configuration Descriptor, size=0x09
    SIZEOF_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR,      // bLength
    DESC_TYPE_CONFIG,              // bDescriptorType
    SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP, 0x00, // wTotalLength
    0x01,                           // bNumInterfaces
    0x01,                           // bConfigurationValue
    0x00,                           // iConfiguration
    0x80,                           // bmAttributes, bus bootcode

```

```

0x32,                // Max. Power Consumption at 2mA unit
// Interface Descriptor, size = 0x09
sizeof_INTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR, // bLength
DESC_TYPE_INTERFACE, // bDescriptorType
0x00,                // bInterfaceNumber
0x00,                // bAlternateSetting
1,                  // bNumEndpoints
0xFF,               // bInterfaceClass - vendor-specific
0,                  // bInterfaceSubClass, zero for hub
0,                  // bInterfaceProtocol
0x00,               // iInterface
// Endpoint Descriptor, size = 0x07 for OEPI
sizeof_ENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR, // bLength
DESC_TYPE_ENDPOINT, // bDescriptorType
0x01,               // bEndpointAddress; bit7=1 for IN, bits 3-0=1 for ep1
EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_BULK, // bmAttributes, bulk transfer
0x40, 0x00,         // wMaxPacketSize, 64 bytes
0x00                // bInterval
};

// Global Memory Map
#pragma memory = idata
BYTE bEp0TxBytesRemaining; // For endpoint zero transmitter only
// Holds count of bytes remaining to be
// transmitted by endpoint 0. A value
// of 0 means that a 0-length data packet
// A value of 0xFF means that transfer
// is complete.

BYTE bHostAskMoreDataThanAvailable;
// If host ask more data then TUSB2136 has
// It will send one zero-length packet
// if the asked length is a multiple of
// max. size of endpoint 0

BYTE bConfiguredFlag; // Set to 1 when USB device has been
// configured, set to 0 when unconfigured

PBYTE pbEp0Buffer; // A pointer to end point 0
WORD wCurrentFirmwareAddress; // for firmware downloading
WORD wFirmwareLength;
BYTE bFirmwareChecksum;
BYTE bRAMChecksum;
BOOL bExecuteFirmware; // flag set by USB request to run the firmware
BOOL bCurrentBuffer;
BOOL bRAMChecksumCorrect;
BYTE abBootCodeStatus[4];
extern WORD wCurrentUploadPointer; // in header.c
extern BYTE bi2cDeviceAddress; // in header.c
#pragma memory = default
/*-----+
| TUSB2136 Register Structure Definition |
+-----*/
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_SETUPPACKET_SEG)
tDEVICE_REQUEST tSetupPacket;
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_EP0_EDB_SEG)
tEDB0 tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock;

```

File List

```
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_IEP_EDB_SEG)
tEDB tInputEndPointDescriptorBlock[3];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_OEP_EDB_SEG)
tEDB tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[3];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_IEP0BUFFER_SEG)
BYTE abIEP0Buffer[EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_OEP0BUFFER_SEG)
BYTE abOEP0Buffer[EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_DESC_SEG) // 0xfe00
BYTE abDeviceDescriptor[SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR];
BYTE abConfigurationDescriptorGroup[SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_OEP1_X_BUFFER_SEG) // 0xfd80
BYTE pbXBufferAddress[EP_MAX_PACKET_SIZE];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_OEP1_Y_BUFFER_SEG) // 0xfdc0
BYTE pbYBufferAddress[EP_MAX_PACKET_SIZE];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_EXTERNAL_RAM_SEG) // 0x0000
BYTE abDownloadFirmware[1024*16];
#pragma memory = default
/*-----+
| Sub-routines go here... |
+-----*/
//-----
VOID FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket(VOID)
{
    BYTE bPacketSize,bIndex;
    // First check if there are bytes remaining to be transferred
    if (bEp0TxBytesRemaining != 0xFF)
    {
        if (bEp0TxBytesRemaining > EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE)
        {
            // More bytes are remaining than will fit in one packet
            bPacketSize = EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE;
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining -= EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE;
            // there will be More IN Stage
        }
        else if (bEp0TxBytesRemaining < EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE)
        {
            // The remaining data will fit in one packet.
            // This case will properly handle bEp0TxBytesRemaining == 0
            bPacketSize = bEp0TxBytesRemaining;
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 0xFF; // No more data need to be Txed
        }
        else //bEp0TxBytesRemaining == EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE
        {
            bPacketSize = EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE;
            if(bHostAskMoreDataThanAvailable == TRUE) bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 0;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 0xFF;
    }
    for (bIndex=0; bIndex<bPacketSize; bIndex++)
        abIEP0Buffer[bIndex] = *pbEp0Buffer++;
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPBCNT = bPacketSize & EPBCT_BYTECNT_MASK;
}
}
//-----
VOID TransmitBufferOnEp0(PBYTE pbBuffer)
{
    pbEp0Buffer = pbBuffer;
    // Limit wLength to FEh
    if (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0){
        tSetupPacket.bLengthH = 0;
        tSetupPacket.bLengthL = 0xFE;
    }
    // Limit transfer size to wLength if needed
    // this prevent USB device sending 'more than require' data back to host
    if (bEp0TxBytesRemaining > tSetupPacket.bLengthL)
        bEp0TxBytesRemaining = tSetupPacket.bLengthL;
    if(bEp0TxBytesRemaining < tSetupPacket.bLengthL)
        bHostAskMoreDataThanAvailable = TRUE;
    else bHostAskMoreDataThanAvailable = FALSE;
    FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket();
}
//-----
VOID TransmitNullResponseOnEp0 (VOID)
{
    pbEp0Buffer = (PBYTE)0x00; // to indicate a partial packet
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 0; // or ACK druing standard USB request
    FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket();
}
//-----
VOID StallEndPoint0(VOID)
{
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
}
//-----
VOID Endpoint0Control(VOID)
{
    BYTE bTemp;
    WORD wIndex;
    BYTE baReturnBuffer[3];
    BOOL InTransaction;
    // copy the MSB of bmRequestType to DIR bit of USBCTL
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_INPUT) != 0x00){
        InTransaction = TRUE;
        bUSBCTL |= USBCTL_DIR;
    }else{
        InTransaction = FALSE;
        bUSBCTL &= ~USBCTL_DIR;
    }
}
// Set setup bit in USB control register

```

```

bUSBCTL |= USBCTL_SIR;           // on bit 1
// clear endpoint stall here
// If hardware in setup stage(hardware clears stall) but firmware still
// in data stage(stall at the last packet), sometimes hardware clears stall
// but firmware later on stall again. This causes problem in the new transfer
// while firmware still in the previous transfer.
tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFG &= ~EPCNF_STALL;
tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG &= ~EPCNF_STALL;
baReturnBuffer[0] = 0;
baReturnBuffer[1] = 0;
baReturnBuffer[2] = 0;
switch(tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_MASK)
{
    case USB_REQ_TYPE_STANDARD:
        // check if high byte of wIndex is p184 of spec 1.1
        if((tSetupPacket.bIndexH != 0x00)){
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
        }
        switch (tSetupPacket.bRequest)
        {
            case USB_REQ_GET_STATUS:
                // check if it is a read command
                if(InTransaction == FALSE){
                    // control read but direction is OUT
                    StallEndPoint0();
                    return;
                }
                // check if wValue is zero
                if((tSetupPacket.bValueH != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bValueL != 0x00)){
                    StallEndPoint0();
                    return;
                }
                // check if bLengthL = 0x02, wLength = 0x00
                if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x02) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
                    StallEndPoint0();
                    return;
                }
            }else tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG = 0x00; // for status stage
            switch (tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK)
            {
                case USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE:
                    // check if wIndex is zero
                    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
                        StallEndPoint0();
                        return;
                    }
                    // Return self power status, no remote wakeup
                    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 2;
                    if((bUSBCTL & USBCTL_SELF) == USBCTL_SELF)
                        baReturnBuffer[0] = DEVICE_STATUS_SELF_POWER;
                    TransmitBufferOnEp0((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
                    break;
                case USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE: // return all zeros
                    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){

```



```

        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 2;
    TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
    break;
case USB_REQ_TYPE_ENDPOINT:
    // Endpoint number is in low byte of wIndex
    bTemp = tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_EP_NUM;
    if(bTemp==0){ // EndPoint 0
        if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_DIR_IN)
            // input endpoint
            baReturnBuffer[0] =
(BYTE)(tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFNG & EPCNF_STALL);
        else
            // output endpoint
            baReturnBuffer[0] =
(BYTE)(tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bOEPNCNFG & EPCNF_STALL);
    }else{
        if(bTemp > MAX_ENDPOINT_NUMBER){
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
        }
        bTemp--;
        if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_DIR_IN)
            // input endpoint
            baReturnBuffer[0] =
(BYTE)(tInputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF & EPCNF_STALL);
        else
            // output endpoint
            baReturnBuffer[0] =
(BYTE)(tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF & EPCNF_STALL);
    }
    baReturnBuffer[0] >>= 3; // STALL is on bit 3
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 2;
    TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
    break;
case USB_REQ_TYPE_OTHER:
default:
    StallEndPoint0();
    break;
}
break;
case USB_REQ_CLEAR_FEATURE:
    // check if it is a write command
    if(InTransaction == TRUE){
        // control write but direction is IN
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if bLengthL = 0x00, wLength = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
}

```

```

// control write, stall output endpoint 0
// wLength should be 0 in all cases
tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
switch (tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK)
{
    case USB_REQ_TYPE_ENDPOINT:
        // Endpoint number is in low byte of wIndex
        if(tSetupPacket.bValueL == FEATURE_ENDPOINT_STALL){
            bTemp = tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_EP_NUM;
            if(bTemp){
                if(bTemp > MAX_ENDPOINT_NUMBER){
                    StallEndPoint0();
                    return;
                }
                bTemp--; // EP is from EP1 to EP7 while C
                if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_DIR_IN)
                    // input endpoint
                    tInputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF &=
~EPCNF_STALL;
                else
                    // output endpoint
                    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF &=
~EPCNF_STALL;
                }else{ // EP0
                    // clear both in and out stall
                    // no reason to have one stall while the other is
                    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFG &= ~EPCNF_STALL;
                    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG &= ~EPCNF_STALL;
                }
            }else{
                StallEndPoint0();
                return;
            }
        }
        TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
        break;
    case USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE:
    case USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE:
    case USB_REQ_TYPE_OTHER:
    default:
        StallEndPoint0();
        break;
}
break;
case USB_REQ_SET_FEATURE:
    // check if bLengthL = 0x00, wLength = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a write command
    if(InTransaction == TRUE){
        // control write but direction is IN
        StallEndPoint0();

```

```

        return;
    }
    // control write, stall output endpoint 0
    // wLength should be 0 in all cases
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bOEPCNF |= EPCNF_STALL;
    switch (tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK)
    {
        // Feature selector is in wValue
        case USB_REQ_TYPE_ENDPOINT:
            // Endpoint number is in low byte of wIndex
            if (tSetupPacket.bValueL == FEATURE_ENDPOINT_STALL){
                bTemp = tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_EP_NUM;
                // Ignore EP0 STALL, no reason to have EP0 STALL
                if(bTemp){ // other endpoints
                    if(bTemp > MAX_ENDPOINT_NUMBER){
                        StallEndPoint0();
                        return;
                    }
                }
                bTemp--; // EP is from EP1 to EP3 while C
                if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL & EP_DESC_ADDR_DIR_IN)
                    // input endpoint
                    tInputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF |=
EPCNF_STALL;
                else
                    // output endpoint
                    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[bTemp].bEPCNF |=
EPCNF_STALL;
            }
            }else {
                StallEndPoint0();
                return;
            }
            TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
            break;
        case USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE:
        case USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE:
        case USB_REQ_TYPE_OTHER:
        default:
            StallEndPoint0();
            break;
    }
    break;
    case USB_REQ_SET_ADDRESS:
        // check if recipient is device
        if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE){
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
        }
        // check if bLengthL = 0x00, wLength = 0x00
        if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
        }
    }
}

```

```
// check if wIndex is zero
if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
    StallEndPoint0();
    return;
}
// check if it is a write command
if(InTransaction == TRUE){
    // control write but direction is IN
    StallEndPoint0();
    return;
}
// control write, stall output endpoint 0
// wLength should be 0 in all cases
tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;

if(tSetupPacket.bValueL < 128){
    bFUNADR = tSetupPacket.bValueL ;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
}else StallEndPoint0();
break;
case USB_REQ_GET_DESCRIPTOR:
    // check if recipient is device
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a read command
    if(InTransaction == FALSE){
        // control read but direction is OUT
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wLength = 0
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL | tSetupPacket.bLengthH)==0x00){
        // control read but wLength = 0
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }else tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPBCNT = 0x00;
    switch (tSetupPacket.bValueH)
    {
        case DESC_TYPE_DEVICE:
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining = SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR;
            TransmitBufferOnEp0((PBYTE)&abDeviceDescriptor);
            break;
        case DESC_TYPE_CONFIG:
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining = SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP;
            TransmitBufferOnEp0((PBYTE)&abConfigurationDescriptorGroup);
            break;
        case DESC_TYPE_STRING:
        case DESC_TYPE_INTERFACE:
        case DESC_TYPE_ENDPOINT:
        default:
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
    }
}
```

```

    }
    break;
case USB_REQ_GET_CONFIGURATION:
    // check if recipient is device
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a read command
    if(InTransaction == FALSE){
        // control read but direction is OUT
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wIndex = 0x00
    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wValue = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bValueL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bValueH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wLength = 1
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x01) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH!=0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }else tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPBCNT = 0x00;
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
    TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)&bConfiguredFlag);
    break;
case USB_REQ_SET_CONFIGURATION:
    // check if recipient is device
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a write command
    if(InTransaction == TRUE){
        // control write but direction is IN
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wIndex = 0x00
    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wLength = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }

```

```
    }
    // control write, stall output endpoint 0
    // wLength should be 0 in all cases
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
    // check if bValueL is greater than 1
    if(tSetupPacket.bValueL > 0x01){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    bConfiguredFlag = tSetupPacket.bValueL;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    return;
case USB_REQ_GET_INTERFACE:
    // check if recipient is interface
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a read command
    if(InTransaction == FALSE){
        // control read but direction is OUT
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wValue = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bValueL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bValueH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wLength = 1
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x01) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }else tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPBCNT = 0x00;
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
    TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
    break;
case USB_REQ_SET_INTERFACE:
    // check if recipient is interface
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    if(tSetupPacket.bIndexL != 0x00){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if it is a write command
    if(InTransaction == TRUE){
```

```

        // control write but direction is IN
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wLength = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bLengthL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bLengthH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // check if wValue = 0x00
    if((tSetupPacket.bValueL != 0x00) || (tSetupPacket.bValueH != 0x00)){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // control write, stall output endpoint 0
    // wLength should be 0 in all cases
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bOEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    return;
case USB_REQ_SET_DESCRIPTOR:
case USB_REQ_SYNCH_FRAME:
default:
    // stall input and output endpoint 0
    StallEndPoint0();
    return;
}
break;
case USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR:
    // check if recipient is device
    if((tSetupPacket.bmRequestType & USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK) !=
USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE){
        StallEndPoint0();
        return;
    }
    // general requests related to firmware
    switch(tSetupPacket.bRequest){
        case 0x80: // get bootcode status
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 4;
            TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)abBootCodeStatus);
            break;
        case 0x81: // run firmware
            if(bFirmwareChecksum == bRAMChecksum){
                bExecuteFirmware = TRUE;
                bRAMChecksumCorrect = TRUE;
                TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
            }else StallEndPoint0();
            break;
        case 0x82: // Get firmware version
            wIndex = headerReturnFirmwareRevision();
            baReturnBuffer[0] = (BYTE)(wIndex & 0x00ff);
            baReturnBuffer[1] = (BYTE)(wIndex >> 8);
            bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 2;
            TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
            break;
        case 0x83: // prepare for update header

```

```
wCurrentUploadPointer = 0x0000;
wCurrentFirmwareAddress = 0x0000;
bRAMChecksum = 0x00;
wFirmwareLength = 0xffff; // skip firmware length/checksum
TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
break;
case 0x84: // Update Header
    // bIndexH(BlockSize)
    // bIndexL(wait time)
    // wValueH(device type)
    // wValueL(device id)
    i2cSetMemoryType(tSetupPacket.bValueH);
    bi2cDeviceAddress = tSetupPacket.bValueL;
    if(UpdateHeader(wCurrentFirmwareAddress,
        tSetupPacket.bIndexH,tSetupPacket.bIndexL)==ERROR)
        StallEndPoint0();
    else TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    break;
case 0x85: // reboot
    bExecuteFirmware = TRUE;
    bRAMChecksumCorrect = FALSE;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    break;
case 0x8f: // run firmware (forced run)
    bExecuteFirmware = TRUE;
    bRAMChecksumCorrect = TRUE;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    break;
// for memory access for advanced feature
case 0x90: // external memory read
    (WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
    wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
    (WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
    baReturnBuffer[0] = *(pbExternalRAM+wIndex);
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
    TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
    break;
case 0x91: // external memory write
    (WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
    wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
    (WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
    // address write, bValueL(data)
    *(pbExternalRAM+wIndex) = tSetupPacket.bValueL;
    TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
    break;
case 0x92: // i2c memory read
    (WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
    // bValueL : memory type (cat 1, cat 2, or cat 3), bit7:speed
    // bValueH : device number (A2-A0)
    // wIndex : Address
    i2cSetMemoryType((tSetupPacket.bValueL & MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS));
    if((tSetupPacket.bValueL & 0x80) != 0x00) i2cSetBusSpeed(I2C_400KHZ);
    else i2cSetBusSpeed(I2C_100KHZ);

    if(i2cRead(tSetupPacket.bValueH &
    MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS,wIndex,1,&baReturnBuffer[0])==NO_ERROR){
```



```

        bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
        TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
    }else StallEndPoint0();
    break;
    case 0x93: // i2c memory write
        wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
        // address write, bValueL(data), bValueH(device number)
        baReturnBuffer[0] = tSetupPacket.bValueL;
        if(i2cWrite(tSetupPacket.bValueH &
MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS,wIndex,1,&baReturnBuffer[0])== NO_ERROR){
            DelaymSecond(0x05);
            TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
        }else StallEndPoint0();
        break;
    case 0x94: // internal ROM memory read
        wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
        baReturnBuffer[0] = *(pbInternalROM+wIndex);
        bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
        TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
        break;
#ifdef SIMULATION
    // for internal testing only! Host driver should NOT make these requests
    case 0xe0: // get current checksum
        baReturnBuffer[0] = bRAMChecksum;
        bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 1;
        TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
        break;
    case 0xe1: // get downloaded size
        baReturnBuffer[0] = (BYTE)(wCurrentFirmwareAddress & 0x00ff);
        baReturnBuffer[1] = (BYTE)((wCurrentFirmwareAddress & 0xff00) >> 8);
        bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 2;
        TransmitBufferOnEp0 ((PBYTE)baReturnBuffer);
        break;
    case 0xe2: // set download size and checksum
        // wValue(firmware size)
        // bIndexL(checksum)
        wCurrentFirmwareAddress = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bValueH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bValueL;
        bRAMChecksum = tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
        TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
        break;
    case 0xF0: // ROM Address Dump
        wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
        lcdRomDump(wIndex,4);
        TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
        break;
    case 0xF1: // External Memory Dump
        wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
        lcdExternalMemoryDump(wIndex,4);
        TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
        break;
    case 0xF2: // I2C Dump

```

File List

```
                wIndex = (WORD)(tSetupPacket.bIndexH << 0x08) +
(WORD)tSetupPacket.bIndexL;
                lcdI2cDump(wIndex, 4);
                TransmitNullResponseOnEp0();
                break;
#endif

                default:
                    // stall input and output endpoint 0
                    StallEndPoint0();
                    return;
            }
            break;
        case USB_REQ_TYPE_CLASS:
        default:
            StallEndPoint0();
            return;
    }
}
//-----
VOID UsbDataInitialization(VOID)
{
    bFUNADR                = 0x00;           // no device address
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining   = 0xff;          // no data remaining
    pbEp0Buffer             = (PBYTE)0x0000;
    bConfiguredFlag        = 0x00;          // device unconfigured
    bExecuteFirmware        = FALSE;         // a flag set by USB request
                                                // before bootocode hands over
                                                // control to firmware
    bCurrentBuffer          = X_BUFFER;      // for firmware download
    bRAMChecksumCorrect     = FALSE;
    wCurrentFirmwareAddress = 0x0000;
    bRAMChecksum            = 0x00;
    wFirmwareLength         = 0x0000;
    // enable endpoint 0 interrupt
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFG = EPCNF_USBIE | EPCNF_UBME;
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bOEPCNFG = EPCNF_USBIE | EPCNF_UBME;
    // enable endpoint 1 interrupt
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPCNFG = EPCNF_USBIE | EPCNF_UBME | EPCNF_DBUF;
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBBAX = (BYTE)(OEP1_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS >> 3 & 0x00ff);
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTX = 0x0000;
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBBAY = (BYTE)(OEP1_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS >> 3 & 0x00ff);
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTY = 0x0000;
    tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPSIZXY = EP_MAX_PACKET_SIZE;
    // Enable the USB-specific Interrupts; SETUP, RESET and STPOW
    bUSBMSK = USBMSK_STPOW | USBMSK_SETUP | USBMSK_RSTR;
    // enable port 3
    bHUBCNFG |= HUBCNFG_P3_FIXED;
}
//-----
VOID CopyDefaultSettings(VOID)
{
    BYTE bTemp;
    // zeros out Bootcode status
    abBootCodeStatus[0] = 0x00;
    abBootCodeStatus[1] = 0x00;
}
```

```

abBootCodeStatus[2] = 0x00;
abBootCodeStatus[3] = 0x00;
// disconnect from USB
bUSBCTL = 0x00;
// set default values for hub
bHUBPIDL = HUB_PID_L;
bHUBPIDH = HUB_PID_H;
bHUBVIDL = HUB_VID_L;
bHUBVIDH = HUB_VID_H;
// copy descriptor to allocated address
// copy device and configuration descriptor to external memory
for(bTemp=0;bTemp<SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR;bTemp++)
    abDeviceDescriptor[bTemp] = abromDeviceDescriptor[bTemp];
for(bTemp=0;bTemp<SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP;bTemp++)
    abConfigurationDescriptorGroup[bTemp] =
        abromConfigurationDescriptorGroup[bTemp];
// Disable endpoints EP1
tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPCNF = 0x00;
// set power wait time for the hub
bHUBPOTG = HUBPOTG_100MS;           // 100 ms from power-on to power-good
// set power rating for the hub
bHUBCURT = HUBCURT_100MA;           // 100 ms from power-on to power-good
// set i2c speed
i2cSetBusSpeed(I2C_400KHZ);
// set to 24Mhz
bMCNFG |= MCNFG_24MHZ;
}
/*-----+
| Interrupt Sub-routines                                     |
+-----*/
//-----
VOID SetupPacketInterruptHandler(VOID)
{
    bEp0TxBytesRemaining = 0xFF;      // setup packet received successfully
    pbEp0Buffer = (PBYTE)0x0000;     // clear remaining to be transmitted on endpoint 0
    Endpoint0Control();
}
//-----
VOID Ep0InputInterruptHandler(VOID)
{
    // check if the last packet sent
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCBNT = 0x00;    // will be set by the hardware
    if(bEp0TxBytesRemaining == 0xff){
        // last packet just sent, stall input endpoint 0
        // so error conditions would occurs when host asks more data
        tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.bIEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
    }else FillEp0TxWithNextDataPacket();
}
//-----
VOID Ep0OutputInterruptHandler(VOID)
{
    // happened only in status stage
    // Bootrom doesn't handle data stage of control write.
    // stall for any OUT, this will be cleared in the setup stage.
    tEndPoint0DescriptorBlock.boEPCNFG |= EPCNF_STALL;
}

```

```
}
//-----
VOID Ep1OutputInterruptHandler(VOID)
{
    BYTE bTemp,bSize,bCode;
    // check if it is the first packet
    if(wFirmwareLength == 0x0000){
        wFirmwareLength = (WORD)pbXBufferAddress[0];
        wFirmwareLength += (WORD)(pbXBufferAddress[1] << 8);
        bFirmwareChecksum = pbXBufferAddress[2];
        bSize = tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTX & EPBCT_BYTECNT_MASK;
        for(bTemp=3;bTemp<bSize;bTemp++){
            bCode = pbXBufferAddress[bTemp];
            abDownloadFirmware[wCurrentFirmwareAddress] = bCode;
            bRAMChecksum += bCode;
            wCurrentFirmwareAddress++;
        }
        bCurrentBuffer = Y_BUFFER;
        // clear NAK bit
        tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTX = 0x00;
    }else{
        if(bCurrentBuffer == X_BUFFER){
            // figure out the size of packet
            bSize = tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTX & EPBCT_BYTECNT_MASK;
            for(bTemp=0;bTemp<bSize;bTemp++){
                bCode = pbXBufferAddress[bTemp];
                abDownloadFirmware[wCurrentFirmwareAddress] = bCode;
                bRAMChecksum += bCode;
                wCurrentFirmwareAddress++;
            }
            bCurrentBuffer = Y_BUFFER;
            // clear NAK bit
            tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTX = 0x00;
        }else{ // data in y buffer
            // figure out the size of packet
            bSize = tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTY & EPBCT_BYTECNT_MASK;
            for(bTemp=0;bTemp<bSize;bTemp++){
                bCode = pbYBufferAddress[bTemp];
                abDownloadFirmware[wCurrentFirmwareAddress] = bCode;
                bRAMChecksum += bCode;
                wCurrentFirmwareAddress++;
            }
            bCurrentBuffer = X_BUFFER;
            // clear NAK bit
            tOutputEndPointDescriptorBlock[0].bEPBCTY = 0x00;
        }
    }
}

// check if firmware is ready
if((WORD)wCurrentFirmwareAddress >= wFirmwareLength){
    // check is checksum is correct
    if(bRAMChecksum == bFirmwareChecksum){
        #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutString("USB Checksum Correct!");
            DelaymSecond(2000);
        #endif
    }
}
```

```

        #endif
        bExecuteFirmware = TRUE;
        bRAMChecksumCorrect = TRUE;
    }else{
        #ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("USB Checksum Incorrect!");
        DelaymSecond(2000);
        #endif
        bRAMChecksumCorrect = FALSE;
    }
}
}
}
/*-----+
| Interrupt Service Routines
+-----*/
interrupt [0x03] VOID EX0_int(VOID) // External Interrupt 0
{
    EA = DISABLE; // Disable any further interrupts

    switch (bVECINT){ // Identify Interrupt ID
        case VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT0:
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            Ep0OutputInterruptHandler();
            break;
        case VECINT_INPUT_ENDPOINT0:
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            Ep0InputInterruptHandler();
            break;
        case VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT1:
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            Ep1OutputInterruptHandler();
            break;
        case VECINT_STPOW_PACKET_RECEIVED:
            SetupPacketInterruptHandler();
            // clear setup packet flag
            bUSBSTA = USBSTA_STPOW;
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            break;
        case VECINT_SETUP_PACKET_RECEIVED:
            SetupPacketInterruptHandler();
            // clear setup packet flag
            bUSBSTA = USBSTA_SETUP;
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            break;
        case VECINT_RSTR_INTERRUPT:
            UsbDataInitialization();
            // clear reset flag
            bUSBSTA = USBSTA_RSTR;
            bVECINT = 0x00;
            #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutString("USB RESET!");
            #endif
            break;
        default:break; // unknown interrupt ID
    }
}

```

```

    }
    EA      = ENABLE;          // Enable the interrupts again
}
//-----
VOID main(VOID)
{
    #ifdef SIMULATION
    WORD wAddress;
    BYTE abTest[10];
    for(wAddress = 0; wAddress < 0x8000; wAddress++)
        abDownloadFirmware[wAddress] = 0x00;
    gpioInitialization();
    lcdPutString("TUSB2136 BootSim");
    DelaySecond(300);
// clear i2c
//   for(wAddress=0x0100; wAddress < 0x200;wAddress+=8){
//       i2cWrite(0x00,wAddress,8,abNullHeader);
//       DelaySecond(20);
//   }
    #endif
    CopyDefaultSettings();
    UsbDataInitialization();
    // partial support due to memory size
    if(headerSearchForValidHeader() == DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C){
        #ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("i2cfound!");
        #endif
        if(headerGetDataType(1) == DATA_TYPE_HEADER_HUB_INFO_BASIC){
            if(headerProcessCurrentDataType()==MSG_HEADER_NO_ERROR){
                #ifdef SIMULATION
                lcdPutString("usbinfo");
                #endif
                bRAMChecksumCorrect = TRUE;
            }
        }
        if(headerGetDataType(2) == DATA_TYPE_HEADER_FIRMWARE_BASIC){
            if(headerProcessCurrentDataType()==MSG_HEADER_NO_ERROR){
                #ifdef SIMULATION
                lcdPutString("firmware");
                #endif
                bRAMChecksumCorrect = TRUE;
                bExecuteFirmware = TRUE;
            }
        }
    }
}
if(bExecuteFirmware == FALSE){
    // use default value
    EA      = ENABLE;          // Enable global interrupt
    EX0     = ENABLE;          // Enable interrupt 0
    bUSBCTL |= USBCTL_CONT;    // connect to upstream port
    #ifdef SIMULATION
    lcdPutString("Connecting");
    bUSBCTL |= 0xc0;
    #endif
}

```

```
        while(bExecuteFirmware == FALSE);
    }
    // Disable all interrupts
    EA = DISABLE;                // disable global interrupt
    // disconnection
    bUSBCTL = USBCTL_FRSTE;
    // map xdata to code space if checksum correct
    // now application code is in code space
    if(bRAMChecksumCorrect == TRUE){
        #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutStringXY(0,2,"Set Shadow Bit");
            DelaymSecond(4000);
        #endif
        bMCNFG |= MCNFG_SDW;
    }else{
        #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutStringXY(0,2,"Shadow Bit Not Set!");
            DelaymSecond(4000);
        #endif
    }
    (*(void(*) (void))0x0000)();    // run firmware now
}
//----- Cut along the line -----
```

6.2.2 I2C.c I²C Routines

```
/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|
|           I2C
|
+-----+
| Source: i2c.c, v 1.0 99/01/28 11:00:36
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI Blvd, MS 8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Notes:
|
| WHO      WHEN      WHAT
| ---      -
| HMT      19990128    born
| HMT      19990414    add the following functions (SiCore's format)
| HMT      19990423    modified i2cWaitForRead & i2cWaitForWrite
|                   to write 'l' clear and removed eUMP functions
| HMT      19990611    fixed bug in i2cRead when bNumber is 1
| HMT      19991124    port to usb keyboard
| HMT      20000122    add control code 0xa0
| HMT      20000614    add to support cat i,ii, and iii devices
| HMT      20000615    i2c on cat 2 device:
|                   some cat 2 uses A0,A1 and A2(or partially) but some
|                   do not. Therefore, in the i2c routine, if the
|                   address is more than 0xff, it will overwrite the
|                   device address by higher data address. In this way,
|                   routine can cover most of devices with minor issues.
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Include files
|
+-----*/
#include "types.h"
#include "i2c.h"
#include "tusb2136.h"
#ifdef I2C_TEST
#include "delay.h"
#include "gpio.h"
#endif
```



```

/*-----+
| External Function Prototype (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| External Variables (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Internal Type Definition & Macro (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Internal Constant Definition (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Internal Variables |
+-----*/
static BYTE bDeviceCategory;
/*-----+
| Global Variables (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Hardware Related Structure Definition (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| System Initialization Routines (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| General Subroutines |
+-----*/
//-----
VOID i2cSetBusSpeed(BYTE bBusSpeed)
{
    if(bBusSpeed == I2C_400KHZ) bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_400K; // set bus speed at 400Khz
    else bI2CSTA &= ~I2CSTA_400K; // set bus speed at 100Khz
}
//-----
VOID i2cSetMemoryType(BYTE bType)
{
    if( bType > I2C_CATEGORY_LAST) return; // invalid memory type
    else bDeviceCategory = bType;
}
//-----
BYTE i2cWaitForRead(VOID)
{
    // wait until data is ready or ERR=1
    while((bI2CSTA & I2CSTA_RXF) != I2CSTA_RXF)
        if(bI2CSTA & I2CSTA_ERR){
            bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_ERR; // clear error flag
            return ERROR;
        }
    return NO_ERROR;
}
//-----
BYTE i2cWaitForWrite(VOID)
{

```

```

// wait until TXE bit is cleared or ERR=1
while((bI2CSTA & I2CSTA_TXE) != I2CSTA_TXE)
    if(bI2CSTA & I2CSTA_ERR){
        bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_ERR;          // clear error flag
        return ERROR;
    }
return NO_ERROR;
}
//-----
BYTE i2cRead(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray)
{
    BYTE bTemp,bHiAddress;

    bI2CSTA &= ~(I2CSTA_SRD | I2CSTA_SWR); // clear SRD abnd SWR bit
    // If error, return a value other than zero.
    if(wNumber == 0x00) return NO_ERROR;
    if(bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_1){
        // cat 1
        bI2CADR = (BYTE)((wAddress << 1) | BIT_I2C_READ);
    }else{
        // cat 2 or 3
        bTemp = bDeviceAddress & MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS; // write device address and RW=0
        bTemp = bTemp << 1;
        bTemp |= BIT_I2C_DEVICE_TYPE_MEMORY; // add control code
        // check if data address is higher than 0xff in cat 2 device
        if((bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_2) && (wAddress > 0x00ff)){
            bHiAddress = (wAddress >> 8) & MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS;
            bHiAddress = bHiAddress << 1;
            bTemp |= bHiAddress;
        }
        bI2CADR = bTemp; // write out device address
        if(bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_3){
            bI2CDAO = (BYTE)(wAddress >> 8); // write out high byte of address
            if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
        }
        bI2CDAO = (BYTE)(wAddress & 0xff); // write out low byte of address
        if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
        bI2CADR = (bTemp | BIT_I2C_READ); // setup read
    }
    bI2CDAO = 0x00; // start read
    // SRD should be cleared
    if(wNumber > 1){
        while(wNumber > 1){
            if(i2cWaitForRead() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
            if(wNumber == 2) bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_SRD;
            *pbDataArray++ = bI2CDAI;
            wNumber--;
        }
    }else bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_SRD;
    // read the last byte
    if(i2cWaitForRead() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
    *pbDataArray = bI2CDAI;
    return NO_ERROR;
}

```

```

//-----
BYTE i2cWrite(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray)
{
    BYTE bTemp,bHiAddress;

    bI2CSTA &= ~(I2CSTA_SRD | I2CSTA_SWR); // clear SRD abnd SWR bit
    // If error, return a value other than zero.
    if(wNumber == 0x00) return NO_ERROR;
    if(bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_1){
        // cat 1
        bI2CADR = (BYTE)(wAddress << 1);
    }else{
        // cat 2 or 3
        bTemp = bDeviceAddress & MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS; // write device address and RW=0
        bTemp = bTemp << 1;
        bTemp |= BIT_I2C_DEVICE_TYPE_MEMORY; // add control code
        // check if data address is higher than 0xff in cat 2 device
        if((bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_2) && (wAddress > 0x00ff)){
            bHiAddress = (BYTE)(wAddress >> 8) & MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS;
            bHiAddress = bHiAddress << 1;
            bTemp |= bHiAddress;
        }
        bI2CADR = bTemp; // write out device address
        if(bDeviceCategory == I2C_CATEGORY_3){
            bI2CDAO = (BYTE)(wAddress >> 8); // write out high byte of address
            if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
        }
        bI2CDAO = (BYTE)(wAddress & 0xff); // write out low byte of address
        if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
    }
    // SRD should be cleared.
    while(wNumber > 1){
        bI2CDAO = *pbDataArray++;
        if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
        wNumber--;
    }
    // write the last byte
    bI2CSTA |= I2CSTA_SWR; // set SWR bit
    bI2CDAO = *pbDataArray; // write out the data
    if(i2cWaitForWrite() != NO_ERROR) return ERROR; // bus error
    return NO_ERROR;
}
/*-----+
| Interrupt Sub-routines (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Interrupt Service Routines (none) |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Main Routine |
+-----*/
#ifdef I2C_TEST
#define TEST_PATTERN_SIZE 8
#define TEST_PAGE_SIZE 8

```

File List

```
#define TEST_SIZE_CAT3      0x4000
#define TEST_SIZE_CAT2      0x0100
BYTE code abTestPattern[8]   = {0x51,0xa2,0x93,0xf0,0x0f,0xff,0x81,0x00};
BYTE code abTestPatternClear[8] = {0xff,0xff,0xff,0xff,0xff,0xff,0xff,0xff};
BYTE code abTestPattern1[8]   = {0x12,0x34,0x56,0x78,0x9a,0xbd,0xde,0xef};
//-----
VOID TestRandom(BYTE bCat,WORD wSize)
{
    WORD wAddress;
    BYTE bTemp,bRC;
    i2cSetBusSpeed(I2C_400KHZ);
    i2cSetMemoryType(bCat);
    for(wAddress=0;wAddress < wSize;wAddress++){
        for(bTemp=0;bTemp<TEST_PATTERN_SIZE;bTemp++){
            lcdPutStringXY(0,1,"Address : ");
            lcdPutWord(wAddress);
            lcdPutStringXY(0,2,"Data : ");
            lcdPutByte(abTestPattern[bTemp]);
            i2cWrite(0x00,wAddress,1,&abTestPattern[bTemp]);
            DelaymSecond(5);
            i2cWrite(0x00,wAddress+1,1,&abTestPattern[bTemp+1]);
            DelaymSecond(5);
            i2cRead(0x00,0X0000,1,&bRC);
            i2cRead(0x00,wAddress,1,&bRC);
            if(bRC != abTestPattern[bTemp]){
                lcdPutStringXY(0,3,"ERROR!!");
                lcdPutString("read(");
                lcdPutByte(bRC);
                lcdPutString(")");
                lcdPutString("write(");
                lcdPutByte(abTestPattern[bTemp]);
                lcdPutString(")");
                while(1);
            }
        }
    }
}
//-----
VOID TestPage(BYTE bCat,WORD wSize,BYTE bTestPassternSize)
{
    WORD wAddress;
    BYTE bTemp,abRc[0x50];
    i2cSetBusSpeed(I2C_400KHZ);
    i2cSetMemoryType(bCat);
    for(wAddress = 0;wAddress < wSize;wAddress+=bTestPassternSize){
        lcdPutStringXY(0,1,"Address : ");
        lcdPutWord(wAddress);
        i2cWrite(0x00,wAddress,bTestPassternSize,&abTestPatternClear[0]);
        DelaymSecond(5);
        i2cWrite(0x00,wAddress,bTestPassternSize,&abTestPattern[0]);
        DelaymSecond(5);
        i2cRead(0x00,wAddress,bTestPassternSize,&abRc[0]);
        for(bTemp=0;bTemp<bTestPassternSize;bTemp++){
            if(abRc[bTemp] != abTestPattern[bTemp]){
```

```

        lcdPutStringXY(0,3,"ERROR!!");
        lcdPutString("read(");
        lcdPutByte(abRc[bTemp]);
        lcdPutString(")");
        lcdPutString("write(");
        lcdPutByte(abTestPattern[bTemp]);
        lcdPutString(")");
        while(1);
    }
}
}
}
//-----
VOID TestCat3Random(VOID)
{
    gpioInitialization();
    lcdPutString("Test i2c memory");
    lcdPutString(":Random R/W Test on CAT3");
    TestRandom(I2C_CATEGORY_3,TEST_SIZE_CAT3);
}
//-----
VOID TestCat3Page(VOID)
{
    gpioInitialization();
    lcdPutString("Test i2c memory");
    lcdPutString(":Page R/W Test on CAT3");
    TestPage(I2C_CATEGORY_3,TEST_SIZE_CAT3,TEST_PATTERN_SIZE);
}
//-----
VOID TestCat2Random(VOID)
{
    gpioInitialization();
    lcdPutString("Test i2c memory");
    lcdPutString(":Random R/W Test on CAT2");
    TestRandom(I2C_CATEGORY_2,TEST_SIZE_CAT2);
}
//-----
VOID TestCat2Page(VOID)
{
    gpioInitialization();
    lcdPutString("Test i2c memory");
    lcdPutString(":Page R/W Test on CAT2");
    TestPage(I2C_CATEGORY_2,TEST_SIZE_CAT2,TEST_PATTERN_SIZE);
}
//-----
VOID main(VOID)
{
    // TestCat3Random();
    // TestCat3Page();
    // TestCat2Random();
    TestCat2Page();
    lcdPutStringXY(0,3,"Done!");
    lcdI2cDump(0x07f0,4);
    while(1);
}

```

File List

```
}  
#endif  
/*-----+  
| End of source file |  
+-----*/  
/*----- Nothing Below This Line -----*/
```

6.3 header.c I²C Header Routines

```

/*-----+-----+
|
|                                     Texas Instruments
|
|                                     Header
|
|-----+-----+
| Source: header.c, v 1.0 2000/05/28 12:59:29
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI BLVD, MS8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Release Notes:
|
|     External EEPROM Format
|     -----
|
|     Offset   Type           Size   Value & Remark
|     0         Signature0     1        0x36, FUNCTION_PID_L
|     1         Signature1     1        0x21, FUNCTION_PID_H
|     2         Data Type      1        0x00 = End
|                                     0x01 = USB Info Basic
|                                     0x02 = Application Code
|                                     0x03..0xEF Reserved
|                                     0xff = Reserved for Extended Data
|     3         Data Size      2        Size of Data
|                                     9 for TUSB5152 and TUSB2136 Usb Info
|     5         Check Sum      1        Check Sum of Data Section
|     6         Bit Setting    1        Bit 0: Bus/self power in bUSBCRL
|     7         VID            2        Vendor ID
|     9         PID hub        2        Product ID for hub
|    11         PID device     2        Product ID for bootrom
|    13         HUBPOTG        1        Time from power-on to power-good
|    14         HUBCURT        1        HUB Current descriptor register
|
| The following examples is for application code
|
|    15         Data Type      1        0x00 = End
|                                     0x02 = Application Code
|    16         Data Size      2        Size of Data Section
|    18         Check Sum      1        Check Sum of Data Section
|    19         App. Rev.      2        Application Code Revision

```

```

|           21           Application Code Starts here...           |
|
|   Logs:
|
|   WHO      WHEN      WHAT
|   HMT      20000528   born
|   HMT      20000724   headerSearchForValidHeader()
|
|                       check type III first to fix the could-be problem
|                       when type II protocol is used while type III is on bus
|   HMT      20000726   switch back to type ii first, but add the dummy read
|   HMT      20000731   re-format the file
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Include files
|
+-----*/
#include <io51.h>           // 8051 sfr definition
#include "types.h"
#include "tusb2136.h"
#include "header.h"
#include "i2c.h"
#include "usb.h"
#include "delay.h"
#ifdef SIMULATION
#include "gpio.h"
#endif
/*-----+
| External Function Prototype (none)
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| External Variables
|
+-----*/
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_DESC_SEG)           // 0xfe00
extern BYTE abDeviceDescriptor[SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR];
extern BYTE abConfigurationDescriptorGroup[SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP];
extern BYTE abStringDescriptor[SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_STRING_DESC_GROUP];
#pragma memory = default
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_OEP1_X_BUFFER_SEG) // 0xfd80
extern BYTE pbXBufferAddress[EP_MAX_PACKET_SIZE];
#pragma memory = default
#define abEepromHeader pbXBufferAddress
#pragma memory = dataseg(TUSB2136_EXTERNAL_RAM_SEG) // 0x0000
extern BYTE abDownloadFirmware[1024*16];
#pragma memory = default
/*-----+
| Internal Type Definition & Macro (none)
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Internal Constant Definition (none)
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Internal Variables
|
+-----*/
// Local Variables
#pragma memory = idata

```



```

BYTE    bCurrentHeaderMediumType;
ULONG   ulCurrentHeaderPointer;
BYTE    bCurrentDataType;
WORD    wCurrentDataSize;
BYTE    bCurrentDataChecksum;
tFirmwareRevision    tCurrentFirmwareRevision;
WORD    wCurrentUploadPointer;
BYTE    bi2cDeviceAddress;
#pragma memory = default
/*-----+
| Global Variables (none)                               |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Hardware Related Structure Definition (none)          |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| System Initialization Routines (none)                 |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| General Subroutines                                   |
+-----*/
BYTE headerCheckProductIDonI2c(VOID)
{
    // in simulation, if error, abEepromHeader could be xx.
    abEepromHeader[0] = 0x00;
    abEepromHeader[1] = 0x00;
    abEepromHeader[2] = 0x00;
    abEepromHeader[3] = 0x00;

    if(i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress, 0x0000, 0x02, &abEepromHeader[0]) == NO_ERROR){
        if((abEepromHeader[0] == FUNCTION_PID_L) && (abEepromHeader[1] == FUNCTION_PID_H)){
            bCurrentHeaderMediumType = DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C;
            return DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C;
        }
    }
    return DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_NO;
}
//-----
// only support i2c due to memory size
BYTE headerSearchForValidHeader(VOID)
{
    // check CAT II
    #ifdef SIMULATION
    lcdPutString("CAT II ");
    #endif
    i2cSetMemoryType(I2C_CATEGORY_2);
    // dummy read to prevent false read if type III is on the bus
    for(bi2cDeviceAddress=0;bi2cDeviceAddress<8;bi2cDeviceAddress++)
        i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress, 0x0002, 0x02, &abEepromHeader[0]);
    // read real value
    for(bi2cDeviceAddress=0;bi2cDeviceAddress<8;bi2cDeviceAddress++)
        if(headerCheckProductIDonI2c()==DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C) return
DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C;
    // check CAT III
    #ifdef SIMULATION

```

```

    lcdPutString("CAT III ");
#endif
    i2cSetMemoryType(I2C_CATEGORY_3);
    for(bi2cDeviceAddress=0;bi2cDeviceAddress<8;bi2cDeviceAddress++)
        if(headerCheckProductIDonI2c()==DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C)return
DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C;
    return DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_NO;
}
//-----
// only support i2c due to memory size
BYTE headerGetDataType(WORD wNumber)
{
    WORD wAddress;
    tHeaderPrefix tData;
    bCurrentDataType      = DATA_TYPE_HEADER_END;
    wAddress              = OFFSET_HEADER_FIRST_DATA_SECTION;
    if(bCurrentHeaderMediumType == DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C){
        while(wNumber != 0x0000){
            i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress, wAddress, sizeof(tHeaderPrefix),(PBYTE)&tData);
            bCurrentDataType      = tData.bDataType;
            wCurrentDataSize      = (WORD)tData.bDataSize_L;
            wCurrentDataSize      += (WORD)(tData.bDataSize_H << 8);
            bCurrentDataChecksum  = tData.bDataChecksum;
            wAddress              += (wCurrentDataSize+sizeof(tHeaderPrefix));
            wNumber--;
        }
        if(wAddress != OFFSET_HEADER_FIRST_DATA_SECTION)
            ulCurrentHeaderPointer = (ULONG)(wAddress-wCurrentDataSize);
        else ulCurrentHeaderPointer = OFFSET_HEADER_FIRST_DATA_SECTION;
    }
    return bCurrentDataType;
}
//-----
BYTE LoadFirmwareBasicFromI2c(VOID)
{
    BYTE bChecksum;
    WORD wAddressI2c;
    WORD wProgramSize,wAddress;
    wAddressI2c = (WORD)ulCurrentHeaderPointer;

    if(i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress, wAddressI2c, sizeof(tCurrentFirmwareRevision),
        (PBYTE)&tCurrentFirmwareRevision) == ERROR) return ERROR;
    wProgramSize      = wCurrentDataSize - sizeof(tFirmwareRevision);
    wAddressI2c      = wAddressI2c + sizeof(tFirmwareRevision);

    if(i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress,wAddressI2c,
        wProgramSize, &abDownloadFirmware[0x0000]) != NO_ERROR) return ERROR;

    // get Checksum from RAM
    bChecksum = tCurrentFirmwareRevision.bMinor;
    bChecksum += tCurrentFirmwareRevision.bMajor;

    for(wAddress=0x0000;wAddress<wProgramSize;wAddress++)
        bChecksum += abDownloadFirmware[wAddress];
}

```

```

    if(bCurrentDataChecksum != bChecksum) return ERROR;
    else return NO_ERROR;
}
//-----
// only support i2c due to memory size
BYTE LoadUsbInfoBasicFromI2c(VOID)
{
    BYTE bTemp,bChecksum;
    WORD wTemp,wAddress;
    tHeaderUsbInfoBasic *ptUsbInfoBasic;
    wAddress = ulCurrentHeaderPointer;
    ptUsbInfoBasic = (tHeaderUsbInfoBasic *)abEepromHeader;
    if(i2cRead(bi2cDeviceAddress,wAddress,
        wCurrentDataSize, &abEepromHeader[0x0000]) != NO_ERROR) return ERROR;

    // get check sum
    bChecksum = 0x00;
    for(wTemp=0x0000;wTemp<wCurrentDataSize;wTemp++)
        bChecksum += abEepromHeader[wTemp];

    // check if the data is for hub info
    if(bChecksum == bCurrentDataChecksum){
        // download VID and VIP Information from EEPROM
        bHUBVIDL = ptUsbInfoBasic->bVID_L;
        bHUBVIDH = ptUsbInfoBasic->bVID_H;
        bHUBPIDL = ptUsbInfoBasic->bPID_HUB_L;
        bHUBPIDH = ptUsbInfoBasic->bPID_HUB_H;
        // update device descriptor
        abDeviceDescriptor[OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_PID_L]
            = ptUsbInfoBasic->bPID_FUNC_L;
        abDeviceDescriptor[OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_PID_H]
            = ptUsbInfoBasic->bPID_FUNC_H;
        abDeviceDescriptor[OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_VID_L] = bHUBVIDL;
        abDeviceDescriptor[OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_VID_H] = bHUBVIDH;
        // Time for power-on to power-good
        bHUBPOTG = ptUsbInfoBasic->bHubPotg;
#ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("POTG=");
        lcdPutByte(ptUsbInfoBasic->bHubPotg);
#endif
        // set power rating for the hub
        bHUBCURT = ptUsbInfoBasic->bHubCurt;
#ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("CURT=");
        lcdPutByte(ptUsbInfoBasic->bHubCurt);
#endif
        // set PWRSW
        bTemp = ptUsbInfoBasic->bBitSetting & BIT_HEADER_PWRSW;
        if(bTemp == BIT_HEADER_PWRSW){
            bHUBCNFG |= HUBCNFG_PWRSW;
#ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutString("PWRSW!");
#endif
        }
    }
}

```

```

    // bus-powered or self-powered
    if((bUSBCTL & USBCTL_SELF) == USBCTL_SELF){ // self-powered
        abConfigurationDescriptorGroup[OFFSET_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR_POWER]= (BYTE)(0x80 |
CFG_DESC_ATTR_SELF_POWERED);
        #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutString("Self!");
        #endif
    }else{
        #ifdef SIMULATION
            lcdPutString("Bus!");
        #endif
    }

}

}else{
    #ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("IDCSERR!");
    #endif
    return ERROR;
}

return NO_ERROR;
}

//-----
// only support i2c due to memory size
BYTE headerProcessCurrentDataType(VOID)
{
    if(bCurrentHeaderMediumType == DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C){
        if(bCurrentDataType == DATA_TYPE_HEADER_HUB_INFO_BASIC){
            if(LoadUsbInfoBasicFromI2c() == ERROR) return MSG_HEADER_CHECKSUM_ERROR;
        }else if(bCurrentDataType == DATA_TYPE_HEADER_FIRMWARE_BASIC){
            if(LoadFirmwareBasicFromI2c() == ERROR) return MSG_HEADER_CHECKSUM_ERROR;
        }else return MSG_HEADER_DATA_TYPE_ERROR;
    }else return MSG_HEADER_DATA_MEDIUM_ERROR;

    return MSG_HEADER_NO_ERROR;
}

//-----
WORD headerReturnFirmwareRevision(VOID)
{
    WORD wCurrentFirmwareRevision;

    wCurrentFirmwareRevision = (WORD)tCurrentFirmwareRevision.bMajor << 8;
    wCurrentFirmwareRevision |= tCurrentFirmwareRevision.bMinor;

    return wCurrentFirmwareRevision;
}

//-----
// only support i2c due to memory size
BOOL UpdateHeader(WORD wHeaderSize, BYTE bBlockSize, BYTE bWaitTime)
{
    WORD wAddress;
    #ifdef SIMULATION
        lcdPutString("upload");
        lcdPutByte(bBlockSize);
        lcdPutByte(bWaitTime);
    #endif
}

```

```

    lcdPutWord(wHeaderSize);
    lcdPutWord(wCurrentUploadPointer);
#endif
    wAddress      = 0x0000;
    if(wHeaderSize >= (WORD)bBlockSize){
        // writer each block
        do{
            if(i2cWrite(bi2cDeviceAddress,wCurrentUploadPointer,
                (WORD)bBlockSize,(PBYTE)&abDownloadFirmware[wAddress])
                != NO_ERROR) return ERROR;
            wCurrentUploadPointer = wCurrentUploadPointer + (WORD)bBlockSize;
            wAddress      = wAddress + (WORD)bBlockSize;
            DelaymSecond((WORD)bWaitTime);
        }while((wAddress + (WORD)bBlockSize) <= wHeaderSize);
    }

    // writer partial block
    while(wAddress < wHeaderSize){
        if(i2cWrite(bi2cDeviceAddress,wCurrentUploadPointer,0x0001,
            (PBYTE)&abDownloadFirmware[wAddress]) != NO_ERROR) return ERROR;
        DelaymSecond((WORD)bWaitTime);
        wAddress++;
        wCurrentUploadPointer++;
    }
    return NO_ERROR;
}

/*-----+
| Interrupt Sub-routines (none)                |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Interrupt Service Routines (none)           |
+-----*/
/*-----+
| End of source file                          |
+-----*/
/*----- Nothing Below This Line -----*/

```

6.4 tusb2136.h Related Header File

```

/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|           Keyboard Hub Micro-Controller
|
|           TUSB2136 Header File
|
+-----+
| Source: tusb2136.h, v 1.0 1999/11/19 11:10:02
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI Blvd, MS 8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Logs:
|
| WHO      WHEN      WHAT
| HMT      19991119    born
|
+-----+*/

#ifndef _TUSB2136_H_
#define _TUSB2136_H_
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
/*-----+
| Release Notes:
|
|
+-----+*/

/*-----+
| Include files
+-----+*/

/*-----+
| Function Prototype
+-----+*/

/*-----+
| Type Definition & Macro
+-----+*/

// EDB Data Structure
typedef struct _tEDB
{
    BYTE    bEPCNF;           // Endpoint Configuration
    BYTE    bEPBBAX;         // Endpoint X Buffer Base Address
    BYTE    bEPBCTX;         // Endpoint X Buffer byte Count

```

```

    BYTE    bSPARE0;           // no used
    BYTE    bSPARE1;           // no used
    BYTE    bEPBBAY;           // Endpoint Y Buffer Base Address
    BYTE    bEPBCTY;           // Endpoint Y Buffer byte Count
    BYTE    bEPSIZXY;          // Endpoint XY Buffer Size
} tEDB, *tpEDB;
typedef struct _tEDB0
{
    BYTE    bIEPCNFG;           // Input Endpoint 0 Configuration Register
    BYTE    bIEPCNT;           // Input Endpoint 0 Buffer Byte Count
    BYTE    boEPCNFG;          // Output Endpoint 0 Configuration Register
    BYTE    boEPBCNT;          // Output Endpoint 0 Buffer Byte Count
} tEDB0, *tpEDB0;
/*-----+
| Constant Definition |
+-----*/
#define SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_CONFIG_DESC_GROUP
SIZEOF_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR+SIZEOF_INTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR+SIZEOF_ENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR
#define SIZEOF_BOOTCODE_STRING_DESC_GROUP 0x50
#define pbExternalRAM ((char xdata *)0x0000) // use this for the future design
#define pbInternalROM ((char code *)0x0000)
// TUSB2136 VID and PID Definition
#define HUB_VID_L 0x51 // TI = 0x0451
#define HUB_VID_H 0x04
#define HUB_PID_L 0x45 // 1 external interface
#define HUB_PID_H 0x31
#define FUNCTION_PID_L 0x36
#define FUNCTION_PID_H 0x21
// USB related Constant
#define MAX_ENDPOINT_NUMBER 0x03
#define EP0_MAX_PACKET_SIZE 0x08
#define EP_MAX_PACKET_SIZE 0x40
#define OEP1_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFD80 // Input Endpoint 1 X Buffer Base-address
#define OEP1_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFDC0 // Input Endpoint 1 Y Buffer Base-address
#define IEP1_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFE00 // Output Endpoint 1 X Buffer Base-address
#define IEP1_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFE40 // Output Endpoint 1 Y Buffer Base-address
#define IEP2_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFE80 // Input Endpoint 2 X Buffer Base-address
#define IEP2_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFE90 // Input Endpoint 2 Y Buffer Base-address
#define OEP2_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0FEA0 // Output Endpoint 2 X Buffer Base-address
#define OEP2_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFEB0 // Output Endpoint 2 Y Buffer Base-address
#define IEP3_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFEC0 // Input Endpoint 3 X Buffer Base-address
#define IEP3_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFECC // Input Endpoint 3 Y Buffer Base-address
#define OEP3_X_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFED8 // Output Endpoint 3 X Buffer Base-address
#define OEP3_Y_BUFFER_ADDRESS 0xFEE4 // Output Endpoint 3 Y Buffer Base-address
// Miscellaneous Registers
#define MCNFG_SDW 0x01
#define MCNFG_R0 0x02 // Revision Number R[3:0]
#define MCNFG_R1 0x04
#define MCNFG_R2 0x08
#define MCNFG_R3 0x10
#define MCNFG_OVCE 0x20 // Overcurrent detection enable bit
// 0:disable, 1:enable
#define MCNFG_XINT 0x40 // INT1 source control bit
// 0:p3.3 1:P2[7:0]
#define MCNFG_24MHZ 0x80 // 12Mhz or 24Mhz MCU clock source

```

```

// 0:12Mhz 1:24Mhz
#define WDCSR_WDT      0x01    // Watchdog timer reset bit
// write a 1 to reset timer
#define WDCSR_WDR      0x40    // Watchdog reset indication bit
// 0:a power-up or USB reset
// 1:watchdog timeout reset occurred.
#define WDCSR_WDE      0x80    // Watchdog timer enable bit
// 0:disable(only cleared on power-up, USB or WDT reset)
// 1:enable

// Power Control Register (@ SFR 87h)
// PCON      0x87    // sfr 0x87
#define PCON_IDL      0x01    // MCU idle bit
// 0: MCU NOT in idle, 1:MCU idle
#define PCON_GF0      0x04    // General purpose bit
#define PCON_GF1      0x08    // General purpose bit
#define PCON_SMOD      0x80    // Double baud rate control bit
// EndPoint Descriptor Block
#define EPCNF_USBIE    0x04    // USB Interrupt on Transaction Completion. Set By MCU
// 0:No Interrupt, 1:Interrupt on completion
#define EPCNF_STALL    0x08    // USB Stall Condition Indication. Set by UBM
// 0: No Stall, 1:USB Install Condition
#define EPCNF_DBUF     0x10    // Double Buffer Enable. Set by MCU
// 0: Primary Buffer Only(x-buffer only), 1:Toggle Bit
Selects Buffer
#define EPCNF_TOGGLE   0x20    // USB Toggle bit. This bit reflects the toggle sequence
bit of DATA0 and DATA1.
#define EPCNF_ISO      0x40    // ISO=0, Non Isochronous transfer. This bit must be
cleared by MCU since only non isochronous transfer is supported.
#define EPCNF_UBME     0x80    // UBM Enable or Disable bit. Set or Clear by MCU.
// 0:UBM can't use this endpoint
// 1:UBM can use this endpoint
#define EPBCT_BYTECNT_MASK 0x7F // MASK for Buffer Byte Count
#define EPBCT_NAK      0x80    // NAK, 0:No Valid in buffer, 1:Valid packet in buffer
// Endpoint 0 Descriptor Registers
#define EPBCNT_NAK     0x80    // NAK bit
// 0:buffer contains valid data
// 1:buffer is empty

// USB Registers
#define USBSTA_STPOW   0x01    // Setup Overwrite Bit. Set by hardware when setup packet
is received
// while there is already a packet in the setup buffer.
// 0:Nothing, 1:Setup Overwrite
#define USBSTA_SETUP   0x04    // Setup Transaction Received Bit. As long as SETUP is '1',
// IN and OUT on endpoint-0 will be NAKed regardless of
their real NAK bits values.
#define USBSTA_PWON    0x08    // Power Request for port3
#define USBSTA_PWOFF   0x10    // Power Off Request for port3
#define USBSTA_RESR    0x20    // Function Resume Request Bit. 0:clear by MCU, 1:Function
Resume is detected.
#define USBSTA_SUSR    0x40    // Function Suspended Request Bit. 0:clear by MCU,
1:Function Suspend is detected.
#define USBSTA_RSTR    0x80    // Function Reset Request Bit. This bit is set in response
to a global or selective suspend condition.
// 0:clear by MCU, 1:Function reset is detected.
#define USBMSK_STPOW   0x01    // Setup Overwrite Interrupt Enable Bit
// 0: disable, 1:enable

```



```

#define USBMSK_SETUP    0x04    // Setup Interrupt Enable Bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define USBMSK_RESR    0x20    // Function Resume Interrupt Enable Bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define USBMSK_SUSR    0x40    // Function Suspend Interrupt Enable Bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define USBMSK_RSTR    0x80    // Function Reset Interrupt Enable Bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define USBCTL_DIR     0x01    // USB traffic direction 0: USB out packet, 1:in packet
                                (from TUSB5152 to Host)
#define USBCTL_SIR     0x02    // Setup interrupt status bit
                                // 0: SETUP interrupt is not served.
                                // 1: SETUP interrupt in progress
#define USBCTL_SELF    0x04    // Bus/self powered bit
                                // 0: bus, 1:self
#define USBCTL_RWE     0x08    // remote wakeup enable bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define USBCTL_FRSTE   0x10    // Function Reset Condition Bit.
                                // This bit connects or disconnects the USB Function Reset
                                from the MCU reset
                                // 0:not connect, 1:connect
#define USBCTL_RWUP    0x20    // Device Remote Wakeup Request
                                // 0:nothing, 1:remote wakeup request to USB Host
#define USBCTL_U12     0x40    // USB Hub version
                                // 0:1.x, 1:2.x
#define USBCTL_CONT    0x80    // Connect or Disconnect Bit
                                // 0:Upstream port is disconnected. Pull-up disabled
                                // 1:Upstream port is connected. Pull-up enabled
#define HUBCNFG_P1E    0x01    // Hub Port 1 enable/disable control bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define HUBCNFG_P1A    0x02    // Hub Port 1 connection bit
                                // 0: removable, 1:fixed
#define HUBCNFG_P2E    0x04    // Hub Port 1 enable/disable control bit
                                // 0: disable, 1:enable
#define HUBCNFG_P2A    0x08    // Hub Port 1 connection bit
                                // 0: removable, 1:fixed
#define HUBCNFG_P3_MASK 0x30    // Hub Port 3 setting bits
                                // 00b: Port 3 disable
                                // 01b: Port 3 enable and fixed
                                // 10b: Port 3 enable but removable and not-attached
                                // 11b: Port 3 enable but removable and attached
#define HUBCNFG_P3_FIXED 0x10    // 01b
#define HUBCNFG_P3_MOV_DIS 0x20    // 10b
#define HUBCNFG_P3_MOV_ENA 0x30    // 11b
#define HUBCNFG_IG     0x40    // Hub Power control bit
                                // 0: individual, 1:ganged
#define HUBCNFG_PWSW   0x80    // Power Switching Control Bit
                                // 0: not available, 1:available
#define HUBPOTG_100MS  0x32    // power-on to power-good time is 100ms ( in 2ms
                                increment)
#define HUBCURT_100MA  0x64    // hub requires 100mA
#define VECINT_NO_INTERRUPT 0x00
#define VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT1 0x12
#define VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT2 0x14
#define VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT3 0x16

```

```

#define VECINT_INPUT_ENDPOINT1      0x22
#define VECINT_INPUT_ENDPOINT2      0x24
#define VECINT_INPUT_ENDPOINT3      0x26
#define VECINT_STPOW_PACKET_RECEIVED 0x30      // USBSTA
#define VECINT_SETUP_PACKET_RECEIVED 0x32      // USBSTA
#define VECINT_POWER_ON              0x34
#define VECINT_POWER_OFF             0x36
#define VECINT_RESR_INTERRUPT        0x38      // USBSTA
#define VECINT_SUSR_INTERRUPT        0x3A      // USBSTA
#define VECINT_RSTR_INTERRUPT        0x3C      // USBSTA
#define VECINT_I2C_RXF_INTERRUPT     0x40      // I2CSTA
#define VECINT_I2C_TXE_INTERRUPT     0x42      // I2CSTA
#define VECINT_INPUT_ENDPOINT0      0x44
#define VECINT_OUTPUT_ENDPOINT0     0x46
//I2C Registers
#define I2CSTA_SWR                    0x01      // Stop Write Enable
// 0:disable, 1:enable
#define I2CSTA_SRD                    0x02      // Stop Read Enable
// 0:disable, 1:enable
#define I2CSTA_TIE                    0x04      // I2C Transmitter Empty Interrupt Enable
// 0:disable, 1:enable
#define I2CSTA_TXE                    0x08      // I2C Transmitter Empty
// 0:full, 1:empty
#define I2CSTA_400K                   0x10      // I2C Speed Select
// 0:100kHz, 1:400kHz
#define I2CSTA_ERR                    0x20      // Bus Error Condition
// 0:no bus error, 1:bus error
#define I2CSTA_RIE                    0x40      // I2C Receiver Ready Interrupt Enable
// 0:disable, 1:enable
#define I2CSTA_RXF                    0x80      // I2C Receiver Full
// 0:empty, 1:full
#define I2CADR_READ                   0x01      // Read Write Command Bit
// 0:write, 1:read

//-----
// register address definition
//-----
// EndPoint Descriptor Block
// USB Data Buffer
#define bOEP0_BUFFER_ADDRESS (* (char xdata *)0xFFE0) // Output Endpoint 0 Buffer Base-address
#define bIEP0_BUFFER_ADDRESS (* (char xdata *)0xFFE8) // Input Endpoint 0 Buffer Base-address
#define bEP0_SETUP_ADDRESS (* (char xdata *)0xFF00) // setup packet
#define pOEP0_BUFFER_ADDRESS ( (char xdata *)0xFFE0) // Output Endpoint 0 Buffer Base-address
#define pIEP0_BUFFER_ADDRESS ( (char xdata *)0xFFE8) // Input Endpoint 0 Buffer Base-address
#define pEP0_SETUP_ADDRESS ( (char xdata *)0xFF00) // setup packet
// Endpoint descriptor block
#define bOEP CNF_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF08) // Output Endpoint 1 Configuration
#define bOEP CNF_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF10) // Output Endpoint 2 Configuration
#define bOEP CNF_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF18) // Output Endpoint 3 Configuration
#define bOEP BBAX_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF09) // Output Endpoint 1 X-Buffer Base-address
#define bOEP BBAX_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF11) // Output Endpoint 2 X-Buffer Base-address
#define bOEP BBAX_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF19) // Output Endpoint 3 X-Buffer Base-address
#define bOEP DCTX_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF0A) // Output Endpoint 1 X Byte Count
#define bOEP DCTX_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF12) // Output Endpoint 2 X Byte Count
#define bOEP DCTX_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF1A) // Output Endpoint 3 X Byte Count
#define bOEP BBAY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF0D) // Output Endpoint 1 Y-Buffer Base-address

```

```

#define BOEPBBAY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF15) // Output Endpoint 2 Y-Buffer Base-address
#define BOEPBBAY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF1D) // Output Endpoint 3 Y-Buffer Base-address
#define BOEPDCTY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF0E) // Output Endpoint 1 Y Byte Count
#define BOEPDCTY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF16) // Output Endpoint 2 Y Byte Count
#define BOEPDCTY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF1E) // Output Endpoint 3 Y Byte Count
#define BOEPSIZXY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF0F) // Output Endpoint 1 XY-Buffer Size
#define BOEPSIZXY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF17) // Output Endpoint 2 XY-Buffer Size
#define BOEPSIZXY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF1F) // Output Endpoint 3 XY-Buffer Size
#define BIEPCNF_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF48) // Input Endpoint 1 Configuration
#define BIEPCNF_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF50) // Input Endpoint 2 Configuration
#define BIEPCNF_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF58) // Input Endpoint 3 Configuration
#define BIEPBAX_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF49) // Input Endpoint 1 X-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPBAX_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF51) // Input Endpoint 2 X-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPBAX_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF59) // Input Endpoint 3 X-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPDCTX_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF4A) // Input Endpoint 1 X Byte Count
#define BIEPDCTX_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF52) // Input Endpoint 2 X Byte Count
#define BIEPDCTX_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF5A) // Input Endpoint 3 X Byte Count
#define BIEPBAY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF4D) // Input Endpoint 1 Y-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPBAY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF55) // Input Endpoint 2 Y-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPBAY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF5D) // Input Endpoint 3 Y-Buffer Base-address
#define BIEPDCTY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF4E) // Input Endpoint 1 Y Byte Count
#define BIEPDCTY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF56) // Input Endpoint 2 Y Byte Count
#define BIEPDCTY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF5E) // Input Endpoint 3 Y Byte Count
#define BIEPSIZXY_1 (* (char xdata *)0xFF4F) // Input Endpoint 1 XY-Buffer Size
#define BIEPSIZXY_2 (* (char xdata *)0xFF57) // Input Endpoint 2 XY-Buffer Size
#define BIEPSIZXY_3 (* (char xdata *)0xFF5F) // Input Endpoint 3 XY-Buffer Size
// Endpoint 0 Descriptor Registers
#define BIEPCNFG_0 (* (char xdata *)0xFF80) // Input Endpoint Configuration Register
#define BIEPCNT_0 (* (char xdata *)0xFF81) // Input Endpoint 0 Byte Count
#define BOEPCNFG_0 (* (char xdata *)0xFF82) // Output Endpoint Configuration Register
#define BOEPCNT_0 (* (char xdata *)0xFF83) // Output Endpoint 0 Byte Count
// Miscellaneous Registers
#define BMCNFG (* (char xdata *)0xFF90) // MCU Configuration Register
#define BVECINT (* (char xdata *)0xFF92) // Vector Interrupt Register
#define BWDCSR (* (char xdata *)0xFF93) // Watchdog Timer, Control & Status Register
// I2C Registers
#define BI2CSTA (* (char xdata *)0xFFF0) // I2C Status and Control Register
#define BI2CDAO (* (char xdata *)0xFFF1) // I2C Data Out Register
#define BI2CAI (* (char xdata *)0xFFF2) // I2C Data In Register
#define BI2CADR (* (char xdata *)0xFFF3) // I2C Address Register
// USB Registers
#define BHUBCURT (* (char xdata *)0xFFF4) // HUB Current Descriptor Register
#define BHUBPOTG (* (char xdata *)0xFFF5) // HUB Power-on to Power-Good Descriptor Register
#define BVIDSTA (* (char xdata *)0xFFF6) // VID/PID status register
#define BHUBCNFG (* (char xdata *)0xFFF7) // HUB Configuration Register
#define BHUBPIDL (* (char xdata *)0xFFF8) // HUB PID Low-byte Register
#define BHUBPIDH (* (char xdata *)0xFFF9) // HUB PID High-byte Register
#define BHUBVIDL (* (char xdata *)0xFFFA) // HUB VID Low-byte Register
#define BHUBVIDH (* (char xdata *)0xFFFB) // HUB VID High-byte Register
#define BUSBCTL (* (char xdata *)0xFFFC) // USB Control Register
#define BUSBMSK (* (char xdata *)0xFFFD) // USB Interrupt Mask Register
#define BUSBSTA (* (char xdata *)0xFFFE) // USB Status Register
#define BFUNADR (* (char xdata *)0xFFFF) // This register contains the device function address.

```

```
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* _TUSB2136_H_ */
//----- Cut along the line -----
```

6.5 usb.h USB Related Header File

```

/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|
|           USB Header File
|
+-----+
| Source: usb.h, v 1.0 99/02/01 10:05:58
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 8505 Forest Lane, MS 8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 972-480-3145
| Fax 972-480-3443
|
| Notes:
|     1. 990202   born
|     2. 990422   add device status definition
|
+-----*/
#ifndef _USB_H_
#define _USB_H_
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
/*-----+
| Include files (none)
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Function Prototype (none)
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Type Definition & Macro
+-----*/
// DEVICE_REQUEST Structure
typedef struct _tDEVICE_REQUEST
{
    BYTE    bmRequestType;        // See bit definitions below
    BYTE    bRequest;            // See value definitions below
    BYTE    bValueL;             // Meaning varies with request type
    BYTE    bValueH;             // Meaning varies with request type
    BYTE    bIndexL;             // Meaning varies with request type
    BYTE    bIndexH;             // Meaning varies with request type
    BYTE    bLengthL;            // Number of bytes of data to transfer (LSByte)
    BYTE    bLengthH;            // Number of bytes of data to transfer (MSByte)
}

```

```
} tDEVICE_REQUEST, *ptDEVICE_REQUEST;
// device descriptor structure
typedef struct _tDEVICE_DESCRIPTOR
{
    BYTE    bLength;           // Length of this descriptor (12h bytes)
    BYTE    bDescriptorType;   // Type code of this descriptor (01h)
    WORD    bcdUsb;           // Release of USB spec (0210h = rev 2.10)
    BYTE    bDeviceClass;     // Device's base class code
    BYTE    bDeviceSubClass;   // Device's sub class code
    BYTE    bDeviceProtocol;   // Device's protocol type code
    BYTE    bMaxPacketSize0;   // End point 0's max packet size (8/16/32/64)
    WORD    wIdVendor;        // Vendor ID for device
    WORD    wIdProduct;       // Product ID for device
    WORD    wBcdDevice;       // Revision level of device
    BYTE    wManufacturer;     // Index of manufacturer name string desc
    BYTE    wProduct;         // Index of product name string desc
    BYTE    wSerialNumber;     // Index of serial number string desc
    BYTE    bNumConfigurations; // Number of configurations supported
} tDEVICE_DESCRIPTOR, *ptDEVICE_DESCRIPTOR;
// configuration descriptor structure
typedef struct _tCONFIG_DESCRIPTOR
{
    BYTE    bLength;           // Length of this descriptor (9h bytes)
    BYTE    bDescriptorType;   // Type code of this descriptor (02h)
    WORD    wTotalLength;     // Size of this config desc plus all interface,
                                // endpoint, class, and vendor descriptors
    BYTE    bNumInterfaces;    // Number of interfaces in this config
    BYTE    bConfigurationValue; // Value to use in SetConfiguration command
    BYTE    bConfiguration;    // Index of string desc describing this config
    BYTE    bAttributes;       // See CFG_DESC_ATTR_xxx values below
    BYTE    bMaxPower;         // Power used by this config in 2mA units
} tCONFIG_DESCRIPTOR, *ptCONFIG_DESCRIPTOR;
// interface descriptor structure
typedef struct _tINTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR
{
    BYTE    bLength;           // Length of this descriptor (9h bytes)
    BYTE    bDescriptorType;   // Type code of this descriptor (04h)
    BYTE    bInterfaceNumber;  // Zero based index of interface in the configuration
    BYTE    bAlternateSetting; // Alternate setting number of this interface
    BYTE    bNumEndpoints;     // Number of endpoints in this interface
    BYTE    bInterfaceClass;   // Interface's base class code
    BYTE    bInterfaceSubClass; // Interface's sub class code
    BYTE    bInterfaceProtocol; // Interface's protocol type code
    BYTE    bInterface;       // Index of string desc describing this interface
} tINTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR, *ptINTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR;
// endpoint descriptor structure
typedef struct _tENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR
{
    BYTE    bLength;           // Length of this descriptor (7h bytes)
    BYTE    bDescriptorType;   // Type code of this descriptor (05h)
    BYTE    bEndpointAddress;  // See EP_DESC_ADDR_xxx values below
    BYTE    bAttributes;       // See EP_DESC_ATTR_xxx value below
    WORD    wMaxPacketSize;    // Max packet size of endpoint
    BYTE    bInterval;        // Polling interval of endpoint in milliseconds
```

```

} tENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR, *tpENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR;
/*-----+
| Constant Definition |
+-----*/
#define USB_SPEC_REV_BCD      0x0101 /*BCD coded rev level of USB spec*/
#define SIZEOF_DEVICE_REQUEST 0x08
// Bit definitions for DEVICE_REQUEST.bmRequestType
// Bit 7: Data direction
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_OUTPUT 0x00 // 0 = Host sending data to device
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_INPUT 0x80 // 1 = Device sending data to host
// Bit 6-5: Type
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_MASK 0x60 // Mask value for bits 6-5
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_STANDARD 0x00 // 00 = Standard USB request
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_CLASS 0x20 // 01 = Class specific
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_VENDOR 0x40 // 10 = Vendor specific
// Bit 4-0: Recipient
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_RECIP_MASK 0x1F // Mask value for bits 4-0
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_DEVICE 0x00 // 00000 = Device
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_INTERFACE 0x01 // 00001 = Interface
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_ENDPOINT 0x02 // 00010 = Endpoint
#define USB_REQ_TYPE_OTHER 0x03 // 00011 = Other
// Values for DEVICE_REQUEST.bRequest
// Standard Device Requests
#define USB_REQ_GET_STATUS 0
#define USB_REQ_CLEAR_FEATURE 1
#define USB_REQ_SET_FEATURE 3
#define USB_REQ_SET_ADDRESS 5
#define USB_REQ_GET_DESCRIPTOR 6
#define USB_REQ_SET_DESCRIPTOR 7
#define USB_REQ_GET_CONFIGURATION 8
#define USB_REQ_SET_CONFIGURATION 9
#define USB_REQ_GET_INTERFACE 10
#define USB_REQ_SET_INTERFACE 11
#define USB_REQ_SYNCH_FRAME 12
// Descriptor Type Values
#define DESC_TYPE_DEVICE 1 // Device Descriptor (Type 1)
#define DESC_TYPE_CONFIG 2 // Configuration Descriptor (Type 2)
#define DESC_TYPE_STRING 3 // String Descriptor (Type 3)
#define DESC_TYPE_INTERFACE 4 // Interface Descriptor (Type 4)
#define DESC_TYPE_ENDPOINT 5 // Endpoint Descriptor (Type 5)
#define DESC_TYPE_HUB 0x29 // Hub Descriptor (Type 6)
// Feature Selector Values
#define FEATURE_REMOTE_WAKEUP 1 // Remote wakeup (Type 1)
#define FEATURE_ENDPOINT_STALL 0 // Endpoint stall (Type 0)
// Device Status Values
#define DEVICE_STATUS_REMOTE_WAKEUP 0x02
#define DEVICE_STATUS_SELF_POWER 0x01
// DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR structure
#define SIZEOF_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR 0x12
#define OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_VID_L 0x08
#define OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_VID_H 0x09
#define OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_PID_L 0x0A
#define OFFSET_DEVICE_DESCRIPTOR_PID_H 0x0B
#define OFFSET_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR_POWER 0x07

```

```
#define OFFSET_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR_CURT    0x08
// CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR structure
#define SIZEOF_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR 0x09
// Bit definitions for CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR.bmAttributes
#define CFG_DESC_ATTR_SELF_POWERED    0x40    // Bit 6: If set, device is self powered
#define CFG_DESC_ATTR_BUS_POWERED    0x80    // Bit 7: If set, device is bus powered
#define CFG_DESC_ATTR_REMOTE_WAKE    0x20    // Bit 5: If set, device supports remote wakeup
// INTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR structure
#define SIZEOF_INTERFACE_DESCRIPTOR 0x09
// ENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR structure
#define SIZEOF_ENDPOINT_DESCRIPTOR 0x07
// Bit definitions for EndpointDescriptor.EndpointAddr
#define EP_DESC_ADDR_EP_NUM    0x0F    // Bit 3-0: Endpoint number
#define EP_DESC_ADDR_DIR_IN    0x80    // Bit 7: Direction of endpoint, 1/0 = In/Out
// Bit definitions for EndpointDescriptor.EndpointFlags
#define EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_MASK    0x03    // Mask value for bits 1-0
#define EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_CONT    0x00    // Bit 1-0: 00 = Endpoint does control transfers
#define EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_ISOC    0x01    // Bit 1-0: 01 = Endpoint does isochronous
transfers
#define EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_BULK    0x02    // Bit 1-0: 10 = Endpoint does bulk transfers
#define EP_DESC_ATTR_TYPE_INT    0x03    // Bit 1-0: 11 = Endpoint does interrupt transfers
/*-----+
| End of header file                                     |
+-----*/
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* _USB_H */
/*----- Nothing Below This Line -----*/
```


6.6 types.h Type Definition Header File

```

/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|
|           Type definition
|
+-----+
| Source: types.h v00.01 1999/01/26 14:34:34
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI BLVD, MS 8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Release Notes: (none)
|
| Logs:
|
| WHEN    WHO    WHAT
| 19990126 HMT    born
|
+-----*/

#ifndef _TYPES_H_
#define _TYPES_H_
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
/*-----+
| Include files
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Function Prototype
|
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Type Definition & Macro
|
+-----*/

typedef char          CHAR;
typedef unsigned char UCHAR;
typedef int           INT;
typedef unsigned int  UINT;
typedef short        SHORT;
typedef unsigned short USHORT;
typedef long         LONG;
typedef unsigned long ULONG;
typedef void         VOID;

```

```
typedef unsigned long    HANDLE;
typedef char *          PSTR;
typedef int              BOOL;
typedef double           DOUBLE;
typedef unsigned char    BYTE;
typedef unsigned char * PBYTE;
typedef unsigned int     WORD;
typedef unsigned long    DWORD;

/*-----+
| Constant Definition                                     |
+-----*/

#define YES 1
#define NO 0
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#define NOERR 0
#define ERR 1
#define NO_ERROR 0
#define ERROR 1
#define DISABLE 0
#define ENABLE 1

/*-----+
| End of header file                                     |
+-----*/

#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* _TYPES_H_ */

/*----- Nothing Below This Line -----*/
```

6.7 i2c.h I2C Related Header File

```

/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|
|           I2C Header File
|
+-----+
| Source: i2c.h, v 1.0 1999/11/24 16:01:49
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI Blvd, MS 8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Release Notes:
|
|     If no error occurs, return NO_ERROR(=0).
|
| Logs:
|
| WHO      WHEN      WHAT
| HMT      19991124      born
| HMT      20000614      revised function calls and cat i,ii and iii.
|
+-----*/
#ifndef _I2C_H_
#define _I2C_H_
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
/*-----+
| Include files
+-----*/
/*-----+
| Function Prototype
+-----*/
VOID i2cSetBusSpeed(BYTE bBusSpeed);
VOID i2cSetMemoryType(BYTE bType);
BYTE i2cRead(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray);
BYTE i2cWrite(BYTE bDeviceAddress, WORD wAddress, WORD wNumber, PBYTE pbDataArray);
/*-----+
| Type Definition & Macro
+-----*/
/*-----+

```

```
| Constant Definition |
+-----*/
#define I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS_DEFAULT 0
#define I2C_100KHZ 0
#define I2C_400KHZ 1
#define I2C_CATEGORY_1 1
#define I2C_CATEGORY_2 2
#define I2C_CATEGORY_3 3
#define I2C_CATEGORY_LAST 3
#define BIT_I2C_READ 1
#define BIT_I2C_DEVICE_TYPE_MEMORY 0xA0
#define MASK_I2C_DEVICE_ADDRESS 0x07
/*-----+
| End of header file |
+-----*/
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* _I2C_H_ */
/*----- Nothing Below This Line -----*/
```

6.8 header.h I²C Header Related Header File

```

/*-----+
|
|           Texas Instruments
|
|           Header
|
+-----+
| Source: header.h, v 1.0 2000/05/28 12:59:29
| Author: Horng-Ming Lobo Tai lobotai@ti.com
| Header: (none)
|
| For more information, please contact
|
| Lobo Tai
| Texas Instruments
| 12500 TI BLVD, MS8761
| Dallas, TX 75243
| USA
|
| Tel 214-480-3145
| Fax 214-480-3443
|
| Logs:
|
| WHO      WHEN      WHAT
| HMT      20000528    born
|
+-----*/

#ifndef _HEADER_H_
#define _HEADER_H_
#ifdef __cplusplus
extern "C"
{
#endif
/*-----+
| Include files (none)
+-----*/

/*-----+
| Function Prototype
+-----*/

BYTE headerSearchForValidHeader(VOID);
BYTE headerGetDataTypes(WORD wNumber);
BYTE headerProcessCurrentDataTypes(VOID);
WORD headerReturnFirmwareRevision(VOID);
BOOL UpdateHeader(WORD wHeaderSize, BYTE bBlockSize, BYTE bWaitTime);

/*-----+
| Type Definition & Macro
+-----*/

typedef struct _tHeaderPrefix
{
    BYTE    bDataType;
    BYTE    bDataSize_L;
    BYTE    bDataSize_H;
}

```

header.h I²C Header Related Header File

```
    BYTE    bDataChecksum;
} tHeaderPrefix, *ptHeaderPrefix;
typedef struct _tFirmwareRevision
{
    BYTE bMinor;
    BYTE bMajor;
} tFirmwareRevision, *ptFirmwareRevision;
typedef struct _tHeaderUsbInfoBasic
{
    BYTE    bBitSetting;           // Bit 0: Bus/self power in bUSBCRL
                                           // Bit 6: Individual/Gang Power Control
                                           // Bit 7: PWRSW

    BYTE    bVID_L;               // Vendor ID
    BYTE    bVID_H;
    BYTE    bPID_HUB_L;          // Hub Product ID
    BYTE    bPID_HUB_H;
    BYTE    bPID_FUNC_L;        // Function Product ID
    BYTE    bPID_FUNC_H;
    BYTE    bHubPotg;           // Time from power-on to power-good
    BYTE    bHubCurt;           // HUB Current descriptor register
} tHeaderUsbInfoBasic, *ptHeaderUsbInfoBasic;
typedef struct _tHeaderFirmwareBasic
{
    BYTE    bFirmwareRev_L;      // Application Revision
    BYTE    bFirmwareRev_H;
    PBYTE   pbFirmwareCode;
} tHeaderFirmwareBasic, *ptHeaderFirmwareBasic;
/*-----+
| Constant Definition                                     |
+-----*/
#define OFFSET_HEADER_SIGNATURE0          0x00
#define OFFSET_HEADER_SIGNATURE1          0x01
#define OFFSET_HEADER_FIRST_DATA_SECTION  0x02
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_END              0x00
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_HUB_INFO_BASIC   0x01
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_FIRMWARE_BASIC   0x02
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_USB_DEV_CONFIG_DESCRIPTOR 0x03
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_USB_STRING_DESCRIPTOR 0x04
#define DATA_TYPE_HEADER_RESERVED         0xFF
#define BIT_HEADER_PWRSW                   0x80    // Hub Power Switching
#define BIT_HEADER_IG                      0x40    // Hub Power Ind or Group
#define BIT_HEADER_BSPWR                   0x01    // Bus or Self Powered
#define DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_NO             0x00
#define DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_I2C           0x01
#define DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_FLASH         0x02
#define DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_ROM           0x03
#define DATA_MEDIUM_HEADER_RAM           0x04
#define MSG_HEADER_NO_ERROR                0x00
#define MSG_HEADER_CHECKSUM_ERROR          0x01
#define MSG_HEADER_DATA_TYPE_ERROR         0x02
#define MSG_HEADER_DATA_MEDIUM_ERROR       0x03
/*-----+
| End of header file                                     |
+-----*/
```

```
#ifdef __cplusplus
}
#endif
#endif /* _HEADER_H_ */
//----- Cut along the line -----
```

