Quasi-Resonant Flyback Converter Universal Off-Line Input 65-W Evaluation Module

User's Guide



Literature Number: SLUU263C October 2006–Revised June 2010



Quasi-Resonant Flyback Converter Universal Off-Line Input 65-W EVM

The UCC28600 evaluation module, (UCC28600EVM-65 W), is a 65-W off-line quasi-resonant flyback converter providing an 18-V regulated output at 3.6 A of load current, operating from a universal ac input between 85 V_{AC} and 265 V_{AC} with a frequency range of 47 Hz to 63 Hz. The EVM uses the UCC28600 quasi-resonant flyback green-mode controller which integrates built-in state of the art energy saving features with high-level protection features to provide cost effective solutions for energy efficient power supplies.

1 Description

The UCC28600EVM-65 W highlights the many benefits of using the UCC28600 quasi-resonant flyback green-mode controller and can also serve as a close-to-final product reference design. Low system parts count and multifunction pins in this green-mode controller provide a cost-effective solution while meeting stringent world-wide energy efficiency requirements. This user's guide provides the schematic, component list, and assembly drawing for a single-sided PCB application, artwork, and test set up necessary to evaluate the UCC28600 controller in a typical off-line converter application. The EVM is designed for either dual output or single output. At present, only single output (OUT1) is available.

The UCC28600EVM-65 W features:

- Regulated 18-V and 65-W dc output
- Universal off-line input voltage 85 V_{AC} to 265 V_{AC}
- Meets EPA Energy Star® efficiency requirements and standby power requirements
- Power turn-on time less than 3 seconds
- Input power less than 1-W at 0.5-W output
- Prebias load turn-on with prebias voltage from 0% to 95% of output rated voltage
- Cycle-by-cycle power limit
- Output over-voltage protection
- Embedded over-temperature protection
- · Regulation down to zero output current
- Single-sided board layout



2 Operating Guidelines

The operating guidelines for the EVM are provided with reference to the schematic in Figure 1. The set up is shown in Figure 2 for load operation, and Figure 3 for standby mode operation. Equipment set up is described followed by EVM operation.

CAUTION

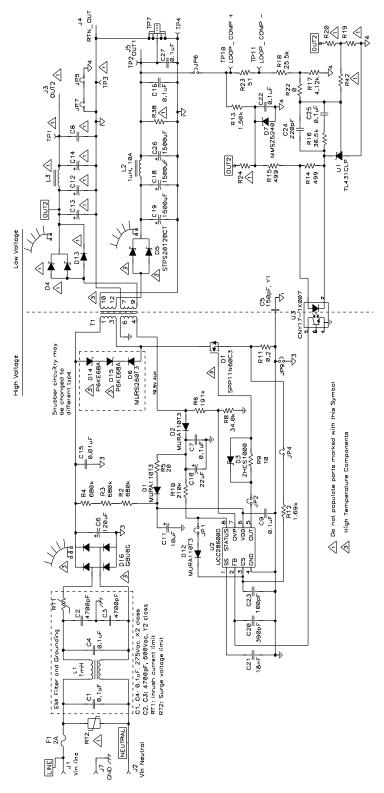
Proper precautions must be taken when working with the EVM. High voltage levels and temperature higher than 60 °C are present on the EVM when it is powered on.

The large bulk capacitor across the bridge diodes and the output capacitor bank must be completely discharged before the EVM can be handled. Serious injury can occur if proper safety precautions are not followed.

It is important to maintain the ambient temperature around the EVM to below 45° C during operation.

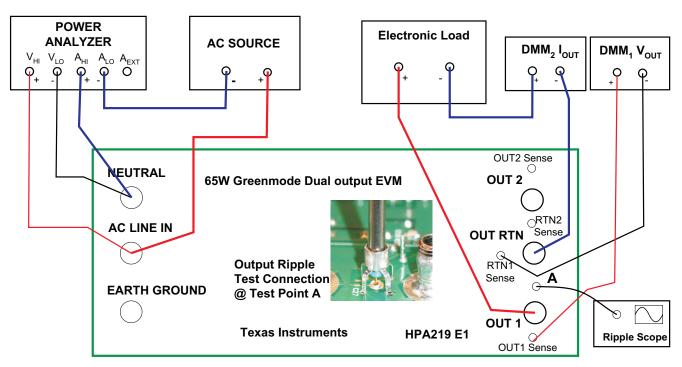


2.1 Test Setup and Schematic Drawing Diagrams









A Test point A may be found on the bottom side of the board.



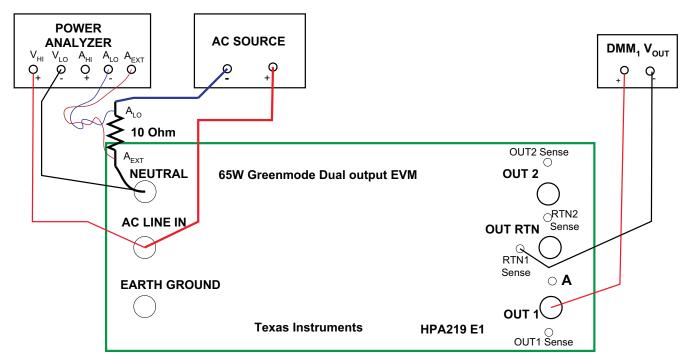


Figure 3. Test Setup for Standby Mode Operation.

2.2 Equipment Set up

2.2.1 Power Meter

The power meter shall be capable of measuring low input current, typically less than 5 mA, and a long averaging mode if low power standby mode input power measurements are to be taken. An example is the Voltech PM100 single phase power analyzer. To measure the intermittent bursts of current and power drawn from the line during no-load operation, requires the use of an external 10- Ω shunt resistor with 1% or better precision, low temperature coefficient and a typical current rating not less than 10 mA as shown in Figure 3.

2.2.2 AC Input Source

The input source shall be a variable ac sinusoidal source capable of supplying between 85 V_{AC} and 265 V_{AC} with frequency range of 47 Hz to 63 Hz and minimum 5-A peak current.

2.2.3 Multimeters

Multimeters are used to measure the output voltage (DMM1) and the output load current (DMM2).

2.2.4 Output Load

A programmable electronic load is recommended configurable for constant current mode and capable of sinking 0 A_{DC} to 4 A_{DC} at 18 V_{DC} . The output voltage can be monitored by connecting a dc voltmeter, DMM1 to sense pins shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3. A dc current meter, DMM2, may be inserted in series with the electronic load for accurate output current measurements.

2.2.5 Oscilloscope

Set the oscilloscope channel to ac coupling with 20-MHz bandwidth.



2.3 Operating EVM

Operating Guidelines

The following steps are guidelines for power up and power down of the EVM.

- An ESD workstation is recommended. Make sure that an ionizer is on before the EVM is removed from the protective packaging and power is applied to the EVM. Electrostatic smock and safety glasses should also be worn. Because voltages in excess of 400 V may be present on the EVM, do not connect the ground strap from the smock to the bench.
- 2. Power up.
 - (a) Prior to connecting the ac input source, limit the source current to 2.5 A maximum. Make sure the ac source is initially set between 85 V_{RMS} and 265 V_{RMS} and 47 Hz to 63 Hz prior to turning on. Connect the ac source to the EVM as shown in Figure 2 or Figure 3.
 - (b) Connect the power meter as shown in Figure 2 or Figure 3. If no-load input power measurements are to be made, set the power analyzer to long averaging and external shunt mode. Insert a shunt, such as a $10-\Omega$ resistor as shown in Figure 3, in series with the NEUTRAL terminal of the EVM. Set the appropriate current scale on the power meter.
 - (c) Connect the current meter DMM2 as shown in Figure 2.
 - (d) Connect the volt meter DMM1 as shown in Figure 2 or Figure 3.
 - (e) For operation with a load, connect the electronic load to the EVM as shown in Figure 2. Set the load to constant current mode with initial value of 0 A.
 - (f) Turn on the ac source and observe that the output is regulating to 18 V.
 - (g) Vary the load between 0 A and 3.61 A.
- 3. Power down.
 - (a) Turn off the ac source.
 - (b) Discharge the output capacitor bank.
 - (c) Turn off the load.
 - (d) Using a volt meter, verify that the output capacitor bank and input bulk capacitor across the bridge diodes is near 0 V before handling the EVM.

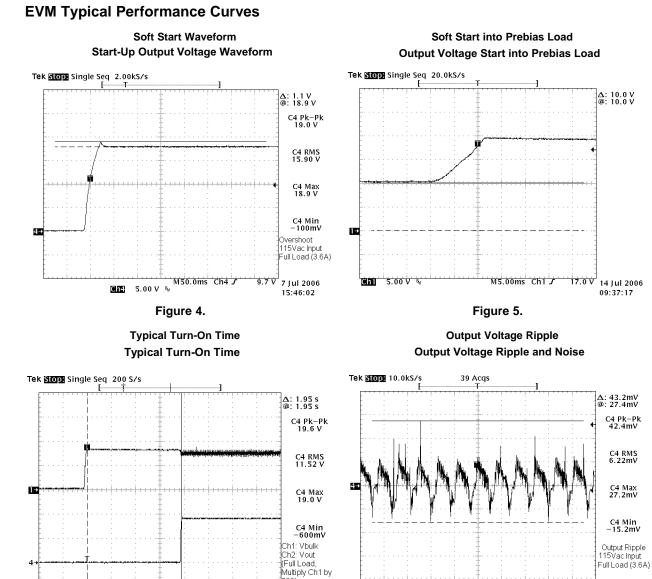
3 EVM Typical Performance

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Input Characteristics						
Voltage range	V _{IN}	85		265	V_{AC}	
Frequency range	Sinusoidal source	47		63	Hz	
Input inrush current, peak	V_{IN} = 115 V_{AC} with 5-Ohm thermistor			35	А	
Maximum Input current	V _{IN} = 115 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A			1.37	A _{RMS}	
	V _{IN} = 230 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A			0.67		
Output Characteristics	+					
Output voltage Vo	85 V_{AC} < V_{IN} < 265 V_{AC} , 0 A < I_{OUT} < 3.61 A	17.5	18	18.5	V_{DC}	
Load current	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC}	0		3.61	А	
Continuous output power	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC}			65	W	
Line regulation	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A		5			
Load regulation	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A		5		mV	
Ripple (20 MHz BW)	$85 V_{AC} < V_{IN} < 265 V_{AC}, 0 A < I_{OUT} < 3.61 A$		10		mV _{RMS}	
Noise (20 MHz BW)	$85 V_{AC} < V_{IN} < 265 V_{AC}, 0 A < I_{OUT} < 3.61 A$		75		mV_{pk-pl}	
Start-up overshoot	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A		8%		%	
Load transient deviation	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0.361 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A		180		mV	
OVP limit	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A		23		V_{DC}	
Short circuit current	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC}		15		А	
Max Power limit	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC}		90		W	
V _o pre-bias start range	85 V _{AC} < V _{IN} < 265 V _{AC} , 0 A < I _{OUT} < 3.61 A	1%		95%		
Control Characteristics				1		
Bandwidth / phase margin	V _{IN} = 115 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A		1.6 / 60		kHz/°	
	V _{IN} = 230 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A		2.4 / 70			
Turn-on time	V _{IN} = 85 - 265 V _{AC} , IOUT: 0 - 3.61 A			2.9	S	
Efficiency				1		
Peak	V _{IN} = 230 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.28 A		88.4%			
Full load	V _{IN} = 90 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A		86.0%			
	V _{IN} = 115 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A		87.0%			
	V _{IN} = 230 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 3.61 A		88.0%			
Energy star (EPA four points average)	V _{IN} = 115 V _{AC}		87.0%			
	V _{IN} = 230 V _{AC}		88.0%			
Standby power	V _{IN} = 115 V _{AC} , I _{OUT} = 0 A			300	mW	
	$V_{IN} = 230 V_{AC}, I_{OUT} = 0 A$			300		
	$V_{\text{IN}} = 265 V_{\text{AC}}, I_{\text{OUT}} = 0 \text{ A}$			300		
Input power	V _{IN} = 85 - 265 V _{AC} , load = 0.5 W			0.85	W	
Operation temperature	Full load, natural convection cooling			45	°C	



4

EVM Typical Performance Curves



200)

740mV 7 Jul 2006

15:30:29

500ms Ch1 J

Figure 6.

SLUU263C-October 2006-Revised June 2010

Chi 500mV %

Ch4

10.0V N

Ch4 10.0mV∿∾

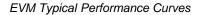
Figure 7.

M10.0ms Ch4 L 25.8mV

7 Jul 2006

13:13:01





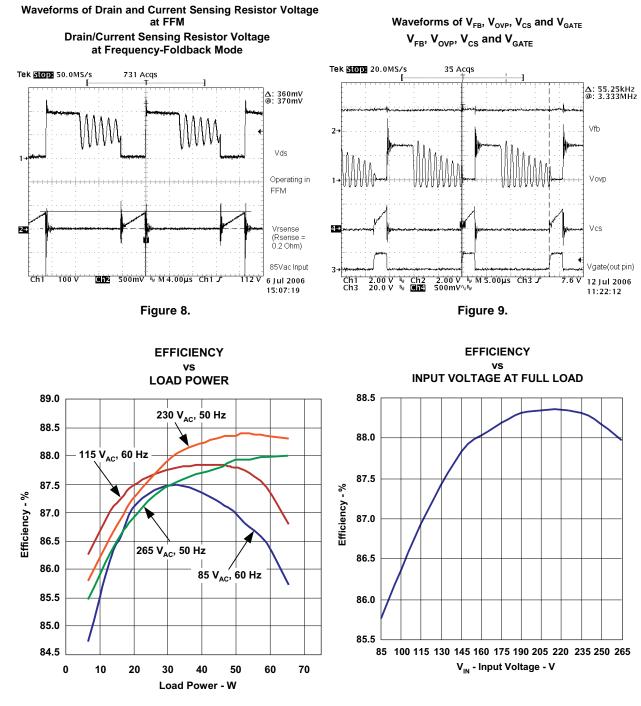


Figure 10.

Figure 11.





EVM Typical Performance Curves

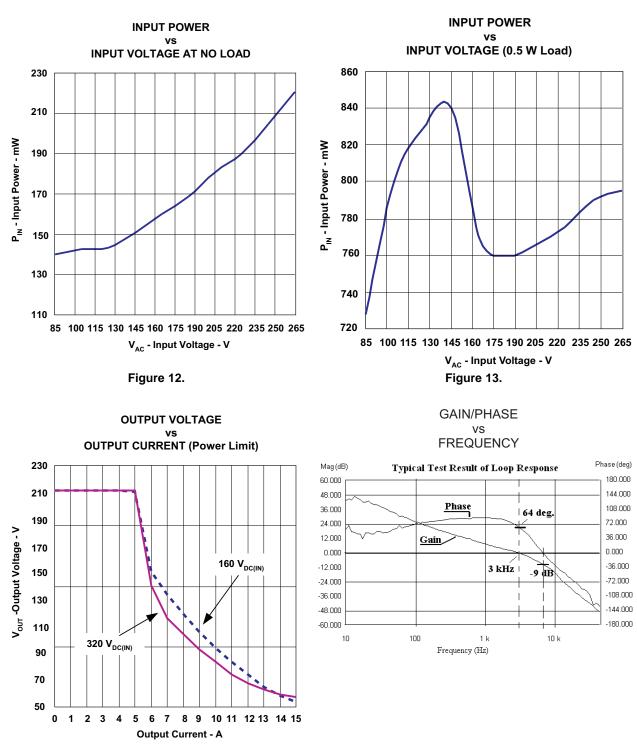


Figure 14.





EVM Assembly Drawing and Layout

5 EVM Assembly Drawing and Layout

Figure 16 and Figure 17 show the layout of the single-sided printed circuit board used for the EVM.

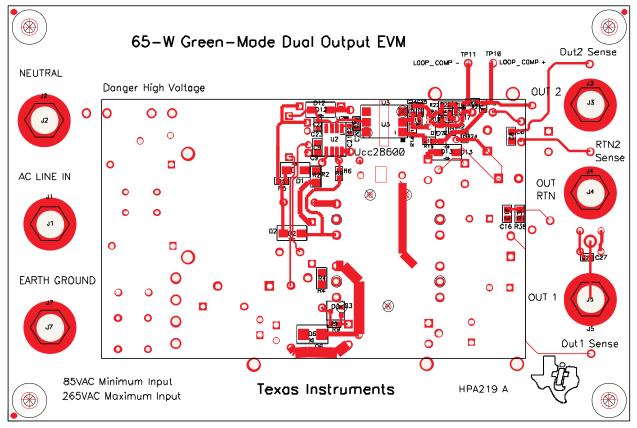


Figure 16. Top View



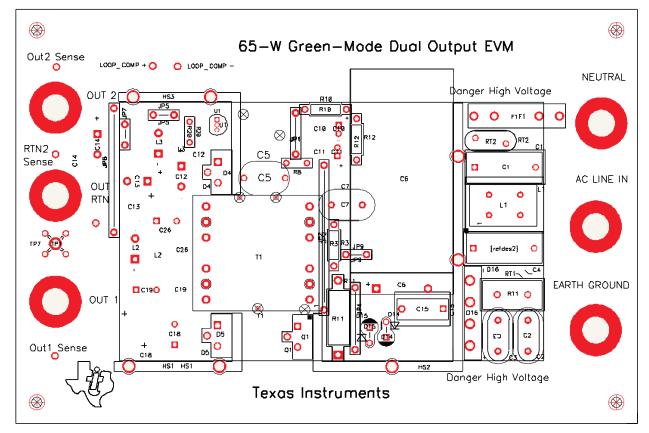


Figure 17. Bottom View

6 List of Materials

RefDes	Qty	Description	MFR	Part Number	
C1	1	Capacitor, film, 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ 275 $\text{V}_{\text{AC}},$ ±20%	Panasonic	ECQU2A104ML	
C10	1	Capacitor, aluminum, 22 $\mu\text{F},$ 50 V, ±20% (FC series)	Panasonic	EEU-FC1H100	
C11	1	Capacitor, aluminum, 10 $\mu\text{F},$ 50 V, ±20% (FC series)	Panasonic	EEU-FC1H100	
C15	1	Capacitor, polyester, 0.01 µF, 630 V, ±10%	Panasonic - ECG	ECQ-E6103KF	
C18, C19, C26	3	Capacitor, aluminum, 1500 uF, 25 V, ±20%	Panasonic	EEU-FC1E152	
C2, C3	2	Y2 Capacitor, ceramic disc, 4700 pF, 250 V, ±20%	Murata	DE2E3KY472M	
C20	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 390 pF, 50 V, X7R, ±10%	Murata Electronics	GRM188R71H391KA01D	
C21	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 18 nF, 25 V, X7R, ±10%	Panasonic - ECG	ECJ-1VB1E183K	
C22, C25	2	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ 16 V, X7R, ±10%	Kemet	C0603C104K4RACTU	
C23	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 100 pF, 100 V, C0G, ±5%	Murata Electronics	GRM1885C2A101JA01D	
C24	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 220 pF, 100 V, C0G, ±5%	Murata Electronics	GRM1885C2A221JA01D	
C4	1	Capacitor, film, 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ 275 $\text{V}_{\text{AC}},$ ±20%	Panasonic	ECQU2A104ML	
C5	1	Capacitor, ceramic disc, 150 pF, 4 kV, temp 15%, ±20%, Y1 class	Panasonic	ECKANA151MB	
C6	1	Capacitor, aluminum, 120 $\mu\text{F},$ 400 V, ±20%	Chemi-Con	ESMG401E121MN40SLL	
C7	1	Capacitor, ceramic disc, 0.1 μF, 50 V, X7R, ±20%	BC Components	K104K15X7RF5TH5	
C16	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 $\mu\text{F},$ 35 V, X5R, ±10%	Murata Electronics	GRM21B1H104K	
C9	1	Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 µF, 50 V, X7R	Murata Electronics	GRM21BR71H104KA01K	
D1, D2, D12	3	Diode, ultra fast rectifier, 1 A, 100 V	ON Semiconductor	MURA110T3	
D14, D15	2	Diode,transient voltage suppressor, 68 V, 5 W	Vishay	P6KE68A	
D16	1	Diode, bridge rectifier, 6 A, 400 V	Vishay	GBU6G	
D3	1	Diode, Schottky, 1 A, 40 V	Central Semiconductor	ZHCS1000	
D5	1	Diode, dual Schottky, 2 A x 10 A, 120 V	STMicroelectronic s	STPS20120CT	
D6	1	Diode, ultra fast rectifier, 2 A, 600 V	ON Semiconductor	MURS260T3	
D7	1	Diode, Zener, 500 mW, 10 V	ON Semiconductor	MMSZ5240BT1G	
F1	1	Fuse, axial, fast acting, 2 A, 250 V	Littelfuse	0263002.M	
L1	1	Inductor, SMT, 1 mH, 3 A, 0.035 Ω, ±30%	JW Miller	7111JW	
L2	1	Inductor, 8RHB2 type, 10 A, 1 µH	JW Miller Magnetics	6000-1R0M-RC	
Q1	1	MOSFET, cool MOS power N-channel, 650 V, 11 A, 380 mΩ,	Infineon Technologies	SPP11N60C3	
R10	1	Resistor, metal film, 210 k Ω , 1/4 W, ±1%, axial	Yageo America	MFR-25FBF-210K	
R11	1	Resistor, metal film, 0.2 Ω , 3 W, ±5%, axial	KOA Speer Electronics	SPRX3CT52OR20F	
R12	1	Resistor, metal film, 1.69 k Ω , 1/4 W, ±1%, axial	Yageo America	MFR-25FBF-1K69	
R13	1	Resistor, chip, 1.50 kΩ, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-071K5L	
R14	1	Resistor, chip, 499 Ω, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-07215RL	

Table 2. List of Materials

RefDes	Qty	Description	MFR	Part Number
R15	1	Resistor, chip, 499 Ω, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-07215RL
R16	1	Resistor, chip, 36.5 kΩ, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-0736K5L
R17, R19	2	Resistor, chip, 4.12 kΩ, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-074K12L
R18	1	Resistor, chip, 25.5 kΩ, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-0725k5L
R2	1	Resistor, chip, 680 kΩ, 1/4 W, ±5%, 1206	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-8GEYJ684V
R20	1	Resistor, metal film, 4.12 kΩ, 1/4 W, ± 5%	Yageo America	MFR-25FBF-4K12
R22	1	Resistor, chip, 0 Ω, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-070000L
R23	1	Resistor, chip, 50 Ω, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Yageo America	RC0603FR-074k12L
R3		Resistor, metal film, 680 kΩ, 1/4 W, 1%, Axial	Yageo America	MFR-25FBF-680K
R4		Resistor, chip, 680 kΩ, 1/4 W, ±5%, 1206	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-8GEYJ684V
R5	1	Resistor, chip, 20 Ω, 1/10 W, ±5%, 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3GEYJ200V
R6	1	Resistor, chip, 210 kΩ, 1/10 W, ±1%, 0603	Rohm	MCR03EZPFX1603
R8	1	Resistor, Metal Film, 28.7 kΩ, 1/4 W, ± 5%	YAGEO	MFR-25FBF-28K7
R9	1	Resistor, chip, 10 Ω, 1/16 W, ±1%, 0603	Panasonic - ECG	ERJ-3EKF10R0V
RT1	1	Thermistor, NTC, 5 Ω, 4.2 A	Epcos	B57235S0509M000
T1	1	XFMR, flyback	GCI	G065022LF
U1	1	Adj. precision shunt	Texas Instruments	TL431CLP
U2	1	Quasi-Resonant Flyback Green-Mode Controller	Texas Instruments	UCC28600D
U3	1	Optocoupler, NPN with base	Vishay	CNY17-1X007
	1			

Table 2. List of Materials (continued)

7 References

- 1. UCC28600 8-pin quasi-resonant flyback green mode controller, datasheet, TI literature Number <u>SLUS646B</u>, May 2006
- 2. Test method for calculating the energy efficiency of single-voltage ac-dc and ac-ac power supplies, California Energy Commission, August 11, 2004
- 3. Standby and Low Power Measurements, Voltech Notes, VPN 104-054/1
- 4. Design Consideration for the UCC28600, Application Note, TI literature Number SLUA399

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