











EMB1412

SNOSB66B-AUGUST 2011-REVISED NOVEMBER 2014

EMB1412 MOSFET Gate Driver

Features

- Compound CMOS and Bipolar Outputs Reduce **Output Current Variation**
- 7 A Sink/3 A Source Current
- Fast Propagation Times (25 ns Typical)
- Fast Rise and Fall Times (14 ns/12 ns Rise/Fall with 2 nF Load)
- Inverting and Non-Inverting Inputs Provide Either Configuration with a Single Device
- Supply Rail Under-Voltage Lockout Protection
- Dedicated Input Ground (IN_REF) for Split Supply or Single Supply Operation
- Thermally Enhanced 8-Pin VSSOP Package
- Output Swings from V_{CC} to V_{EE} Which can be Negative Relative to Input Ground

2 Applications

- Li-Ion Battery Management Systems
- Hybrid and Electric Vehicles
- **Grid Storage**
- 48 V Systems Supply
- **UPS**

3 Description

The EMB1412 MOSFET gate driver provides high peak gate drive current in 8-lead exposed-pad VSSOP package, with improved power dissipation required for high frequency operation. The compound output driver stage includes MOS and bipolar transistors operating in parallel that together sink more than 7-A peak from capacitive loads. Combining the unique characteristics of MOS and bipolar devices reduces drive current variation with voltage and temperature. Under-voltage lockout protection is provided to prevent damage to the MOSFET due to insufficient gate turn-on voltage. The EMB1412 provides both inverting and non-inverting inputs to satisfy requirements for inverting and non-inverting gate drive with a single device type.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
EMB1412	HVSSOP (8)	3.00 mm x 3.00 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.



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4 Revision History

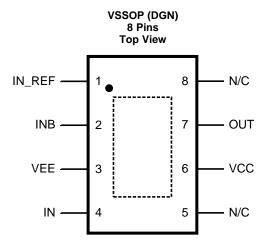
Cł	nanges from Revision A (May 2013) to Revision B	Page	è
•	Added Handling Ratings Table	4	ļ
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format.	8	š

Product Folder Links: EMB1412

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

		-	
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION	APPLICATION INFORMATION
1	IN_REF	Ground reference for control inputs	Connect to power ground (VEE) for standard positive only output voltage swing. Connect to system logic ground when VEE is connected to a negative gate drive supply.
2	INB	Inverting input pin	TTL compatible thresholds. Connect to IN_REF when not used.
3	VEE	Power ground for driver outputs	Connect to either power ground or a negative gate drive supply for positive or negative voltage swing.
4	IN	Non-inverting input pin	TTL compatible thresholds. Pull up to VCC when not used.
5, 8	N/C	Not internally connected	
6	VCC	Positive Supply voltage input	Locally decouple to VEE. The decoupling capacitor should be located close to the chip.
7	OUT	Gate drive output	Capable of sourcing 3 A and sinking 7 A. Voltage swing of this output is from VEE to VCC.
	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad, underside of package	Internally bonded to the die substrate. Connect to VEE ground pin for low thermal impedance.



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} to V _{EE}	-0.3	15	V
V _{CC} to IN_REF	-0.3	15	V
IN/INB to IN_REF	-0.3	15	V
IN_REF to V _{EE}	-0.3	5	V
Maximum junction temperature		150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 Handling Ratings

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
T _{stg}	Storage temperature rang	e	- 55	150	°C
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾		2	kV

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Operating Junction Temperature	-40		125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		EMB1412	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	VSSOP (DGN)	UNIT
		8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	60 ⁽²⁾	°C/W
$R_{\theta JCbot}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	4.7	C/VV

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $T_J = -40$ °C to 125°C, $V_{CC} = 12$ V, INB = IN_REF = $V_{EE} = 0$ V, No Load on output, unless otherwise specified.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY						
V _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Range	V _{CC} – IN_REF and V _{CC} - V _{EE}	3.5		14	V
UVLO	V _{CC} Under-voltage Lockout (rising)	V _{CC} – IN_REF	2.4	3.0	3.5	V
V_{CCH}	V _{CC} Under-voltage Hysteresis			230		mV
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Supply Current			1.0	2.0	mA
CONTRO	DL INPUTS					
V _{IH}	Logic High		2.3			V
V_{IL}	Logic Low				0.8	V
V_{thH}	High Threshold		1.3	1.75	2.3	V
V_{thL}	Low Threshold		0.8	1.35	2.0	V
HYS	Input Hysteresis			400		mV

⁽²⁾ The primary goal of the thermal management is to maintain the integrated circuit (IC) junction temperature (T_J) below a specified limit to ensure reliable long term operation. The maximum T_J of IC components should be estimated in worst case operating conditions. The junction temperature can be calculated based on the power dissipated on the IC and the junction to ambient thermal resistance R_{BJA} for the IC package in the application board and environment. The R_{BJA} is not a given constant for the package and depends on the PCB design and the operating environment.



Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $T_J = -40$ °C to 125°C, $V_{CC} = 12$ V, INB = IN_REF = $V_{EE} = 0$ V, No Load on output, unless otherwise specified.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{IL}	Input Current Low	IN = INB = 0 V	-1	0.1	1	μΑ
I _{IH}	Input Current High	IN = INB = V _{CC}	-1	0.1	1	μΑ
OUTPUT	DRIVER					
R _{OH}	Output Resistance High	I _{OUT} = -10 mA ⁽¹⁾		30	50	Ω
R _{OL}	Output Resistance Low	I _{OUT} = 10 mA ⁽¹⁾		1.4	2.5	Ω
I _{SOURCE}	Peak Source Current	OUT = V _{CC} /2, 200 ns pulsed current		3		Α
I _{SINK}	Peak Sink Current	OUT = V _{CC} /2, 200 ns pulsed current		7		Α
SWITCH	ING CHARACTERISTICS					
td1	Propagation Delay Time Low to High, IN/ INB rising (IN to OUT)	C _{LOAD} = 2 nF		25	40	ns
td2	Propagation Delay Time High to Low, IN / INB falling (IN to OUT)	C _{LOAD} = 2 nF		25	40	ns
tr	Rise time	C _{LOAD} = 2 nF		14		ns
tf	Fall time	C _{LOAD} = 2 nF		12		ns
LATCHU	P PROTECTION				*	
	AEC -Q100, METHOD 004	T _J = 150°C		500		mA
THERMA	AL RESISTANCE					
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to Ambient, 0 LFPM Air Flow	VSSOP Package		60		°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case	VSSOP Package		4.7		°C/W

(1) The output resistance specification applies to the MOS device only. The total output current capability is the sum of the MOS and Bipolar devices.

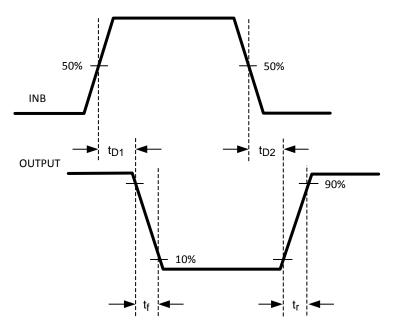


Figure 1. (A) Inverting



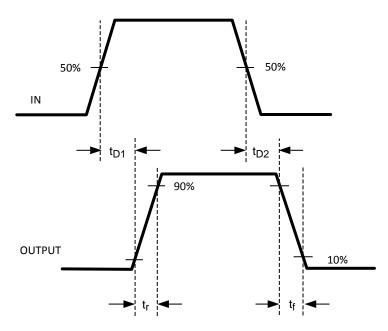


Figure 2. (B) Non-Inverting



7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The EMB1412 is a high speed, high peak current (7 A) single channel MOSFET driver. The high peak output current of the EMB1412 will switch power MOSFETs on and off with short rise and fall times, thereby reducing switching losses considerably. The EMB1412 includes both inverting and non-inverting inputs that give the user flexibility to drive the MOSFET with either active low or active high logic signals. The driver output stage consists of a compound structure with MOS and bipolar transistor operating in parallel to optimize current capability over a wide output voltage and operating temperature range. The bipolar device provides high peak current at the critical Miller plateau region of the MOSFET $V_{\rm GS}$, while the MOS device provides rail-to-rail output swing. The totem pole output drives the MOSFET gate between the gate drive supply voltage $V_{\rm CC}$ and the power ground potential at the VEE pin.

The control inputs of the driver are high impedance CMOS buffers with TTL compatible threshold voltages. The negative supply of the input buffer is connected to the input ground pin IN_REF. An internal level shifting circuit connects the logic input buffers to the totem pole output drivers. The level shift circuit and separate input/output ground pins provide the option of single supply or split supply configurations. When driving the MOSFET gates from a single positive supply, the IN_REF and V_{EE} pins are both connected to the power ground.

The isolated input and output stage grounds provide the capability to drive the MOSFET to a negative V_{GS} voltage for a more robust and reliable off state. In split supply configuration, the IN_REF pin is connected to the ground of the controller which drives the EMB1412 inputs. The VEE pin is connected to a negative bias supply that can range from the IN_REF potential to as low as 14 V below the V_{CC} gate drive supply. For reliable operation, the maximum voltage difference between V_{CC} and IN_REF or between V_{CC} and V_{EE} is 14 V.

The minimum recommended operating voltage between V_{CC} and IN_REF is 3.5 V. An Under-Voltage Lock Out (UVLO) circuit is included in the EMB1412 which senses the voltage difference between V_{CC} and the input ground pin, IN_REF. When the V_{CC} to IN_REF voltage difference falls below 2.8 V the driver is disabled and the output pin is held in the low state. The driver will resume normal operation when the V_{CC} to IN_REF differential voltage exceeds 3 V.



8 Layout

8.1 Layout Guidelines

Attention must be given to board layout when using EMB1412. Some important considerations include:

- 1. A Low ESR/ESL capacitor must be connected close to the IC and between the VCC and VEE pins to support high peak currents being drawn from V_{CC} during turn-on of the MOSFET.
- 2. Proper grounding is crucial. The driver needs a very low impedance path for current return to ground avoiding inductive loops. Two paths for returning current to ground are a) between EMB1412 IN_REF pin and the ground of the circuit that controls the driver inputs and b) between EMB1412 VEE pin and the source of the power MOSFET being driven. Both paths should be as short as possible to reduce inductance and be as wide as possible to reduce resistance. These ground paths should be distinctly separate to avoid coupling between the high current output paths and the logic signals that drive the EMB1412. With rise and fall times in the range of 10 to 30 nsec, care is required to minimize the lengths of current carrying conductors to reduce their inductance and EMI from the high di/dt transients generated when driving large capacitive loads.
- 3. If either channel is not being used, the respective input pin (IN or INB) should be connected to either V_{EE} or V_{CC} to avoid spurious output signals.

8.2 Thermal Performance

The primary goal of the thermal management is to maintain the integrated circuit (IC) junction temperature (T_J) below a specified limit to ensure reliable long term operation. The maximum T_J of IC components should be estimated in worst case operating conditions. The junction temperature can be calculated based on the power dissipated on the IC and the junction to ambient thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ for the IC package in the application board and environment. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is not a given constant for the package and depends on the PCB design and the operating environment.



9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

9.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

9.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
EMB1412MY/NOPB	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	1000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B
EMB1412MY/NOPB.A	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	1000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B
EMB1412MY/NOPB.B	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	1000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B
EMB1412MYE/NOPB	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B
EMB1412MYE/NOPB.A	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B
EMB1412MYE/NOPB.B	Active	Production	HVSSOP (DGN) 8	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	SA3B

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

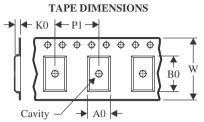
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

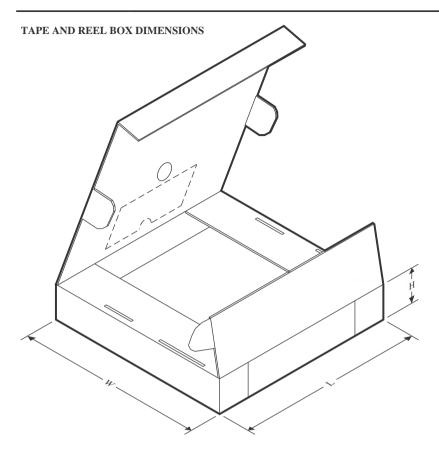


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
EMB1412MY/NOPB	HVSSOP	DGN	8	1000	177.8	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
EMB1412MYE/NOPB	HVSSOP	DGN	8	250	177.8	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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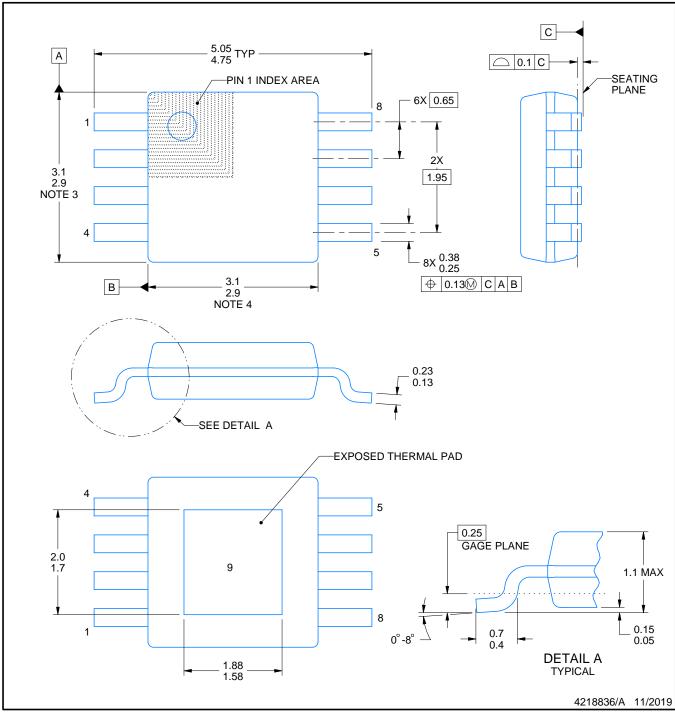


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
EMB1412MY/NOPB	HVSSOP	DGN	8	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
EMB1412MYE/NOPB	HVSSOP	DGN	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

$\textbf{PowerPAD}^{^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}}\,\textbf{VSSOP - 1.1 mm max height}$

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

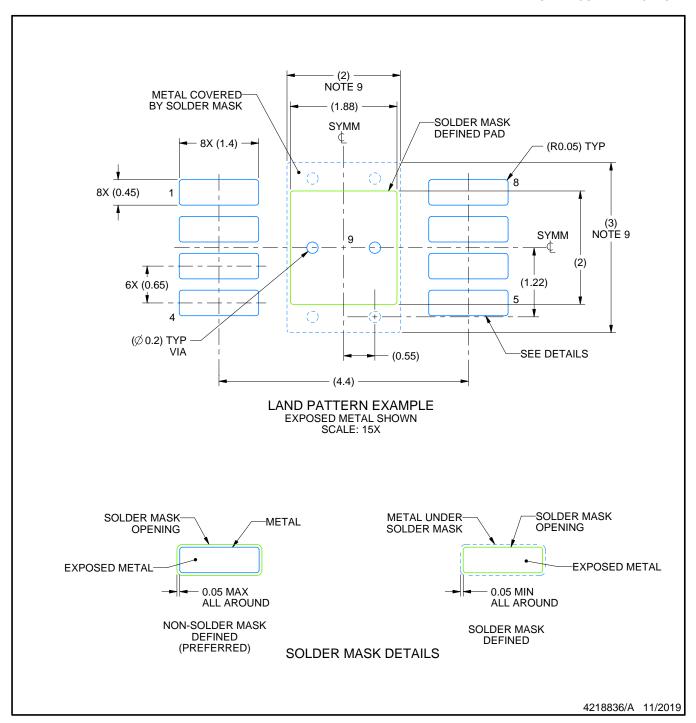
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

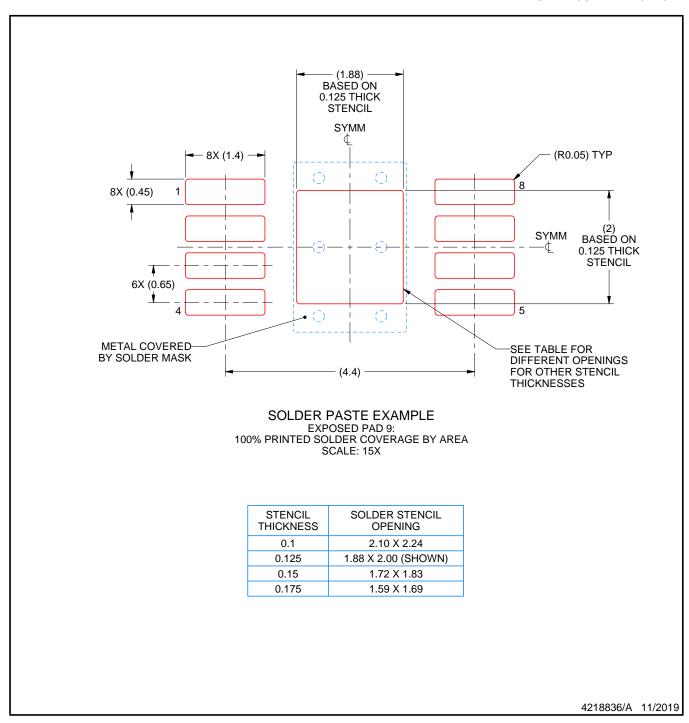


NOTES: (continued)

- 6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
- 8. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.
- 9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 10. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 11. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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