

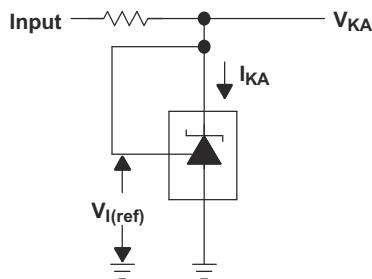
TL1431-SP Class V, Precision Programmable Reference

1 Features

- QMLV qualified to 100-krad(Si) RHA, [5962R99620](#)
- 0.4% initial voltage tolerance
- 0.2- Ω typical output impedance
- Fast turnon: 500 ns
- Sink current capability: 1 mA to 100 mA
- Low reference current (REF)
- Adjustable output voltage: $V_{I(\text{ref})}$ to 36 V

2 Applications

- Adjustable voltage and current referencing
- Secondary side regulation in flyback SMPSs
- Zener replacement
- Voltage monitoring
- Comparator with integrated reference
- [Command and data handling \(C&DH\)](#)
- [Optical imaging payload](#)
- [Radar imaging payload](#)
- [Satellite electrical power system \(EPS\)](#)



Simplified Schematic

3 Description

The TL1431 is a precision programmable reference with specified thermal stability over automotive, commercial, and military temperature ranges. The output voltage can be set to any value between $V_{I(\text{ref})}$ (approximately 2.5 V) and 36 V with two external resistors. This device has a typical output impedance of 0.2 Ω . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turnon characteristic, making the device an excellent replacement for Zener diodes and other types of references in applications such as onboard regulation, adjustable power supplies, and switching power supplies.

The TL1431 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C .

Device Information

PART NUMBER ⁽¹⁾	GRADE	PACKAGE
5962R9962001VPA	Flight grade RHA 100 krad(Si)	8-pin JG Weight 0.87 g ⁽²⁾
5962-9962001VPA	Flight grade class V	
5962R9962001VHA	Flight grade RHA 100 krad(Si)	10-pin U Weight 0.2 g ⁽²⁾
TL1431U/EM	Engineering samples ⁽³⁾	EVM

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

(2) Weight is accurate to $\pm 10\%$.

(3) These units are intended for engineering evaluation only. They are processed to a noncompliant flow (that is, no burn in, and so forth) and are tested to a temperature rating of 25°C only. These units are not suitable for qualification, production, radiation testing or flight use. Parts are not warranted for performance over the full MIL specified temperature range of -55°C to 125°C or operating life.



An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.

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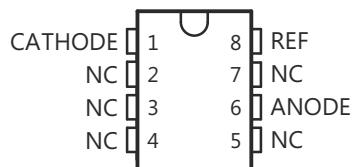
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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

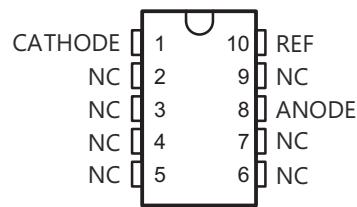
Changes from Revision B (September 2013) to Revision C (November 2020)	Page
• Added <i>Applications</i> section, Pin Functions table, <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Thermal Information</i> table, <i>Detailed Description</i> section, <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section.....	1
• Updated the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the document.....	1
• Updated Device Information table.....	1
• Added U package pinout drawing.....	3

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



NC - No internal connection

Figure 5-1. JG Package
8-Pin CDIP
Top View



NC - No internal connection

Figure 5-2. U Package
10-Pin CFP
Top View

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

NAME	PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
	JG	U		
ANODE	6	—	O	Common pin, normally connected to ground
CATHODE	1	—	I/O	Shunt current/voltage input
REF	8	—	I	Threshold relative to common ground
NC	2,3,4,5,7	2,3,4,5,6,7,9	—	No internal connection

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{KA}	Cathode voltage ⁽²⁾		37	V
I _{KA}	Continuous cathode current	-100	150	mA
I _{I(ref)}	Reference input current	-0.05	10	mA
T _J	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
Lead temperature	1.6 mm (1/16 in) from case for 10 s		260	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to ANODE, unless otherwise noted.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000 V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{KA}	Cathode voltage	V _{I(ref)}	36	V
I _{KA}	Cathode current	1	100	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-55	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TL1431-SP		UNIT	
	JG (CDIP)	U (CFP)		
	8 PINS	10 PINS		
R _{θJC}	Junction-to-case thermal resistance ^{(2) (3)}	14.5	19.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

(2) Maximum power dissipation is a function of T_{J(max)}, R_{θJC}, and T_C. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable case temperature is P_D = (T_{J(max)} – T_C) / R_{θJC}. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.

(3) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with MIL-STD-883.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

at specified free-air temperature, $I_{KA} = 10$ mA (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A ⁽²⁾	TEST CIRCUIT	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{I(\text{ref})}$ Reference input voltage	$V_{KA} = V_{I(\text{ref})}$	25°C	Figure 7-1	2475	2500	2540	mV
		Full range		2460		2550	
$V_{I(\text{dev})}$ Deviation of reference input voltage over full temperature range ⁽³⁾	$V_{KA} = V_{I(\text{ref})}$	Full range	Figure 7-1		17	55 ⁽¹⁾	mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{I(\text{ref})}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$ Ratio of change in reference input voltage to the change in cathode voltage	$\Delta V_{KA} = 3$ V to 36 V	Full range	Figure 7-2		-1.1	-2	mV/V
$I_{I(\text{ref})}$ Reference input current	$R1 = 10$ k Ω , $R2 = \infty$	25°C	Figure 7-2	1.5	2.5		μA
		Full range				5	
$I_{I(\text{dev})}$ Deviation of reference input current over full temperature range ⁽³⁾	$R1 = 10$ k Ω , $R2 = \infty$	Full range	Figure 7-2	0.5	3 ⁽¹⁾		μA
I_{min} Minimum cathode current for regulation	$V_{KA} = V_{I(\text{ref})}$	25°C	Figure 7-1	0.45	1		mA
I_{off} Off-state cathode current	$V_{KA} = 36$ V, $V_{I(\text{ref})} = 0$	25°C	Figure 7-3	0.18	0.5		μA
		Full range				2	
$ Z_{KA} $ Output impedance ⁽⁴⁾	$V_{KA} = V_{I(\text{ref})}$, $f \leq 1$ kHz, $I_{KA} = 1$ mA to 100 mA	25°C	Figure 7-1	0.2	0.4		Ω

(1) On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

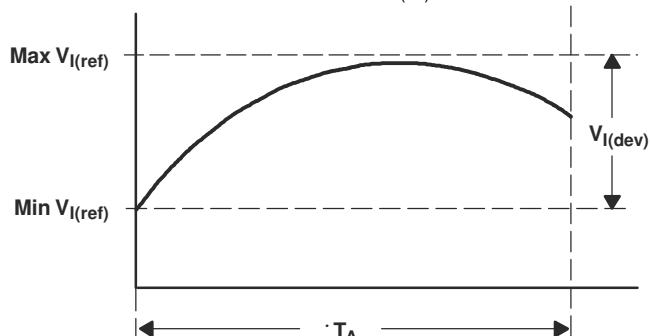
(2) Full range is -55°C to 125°C.

(3) The deviation parameters $V_{I(\text{dev})}$ and $I_{I(\text{dev})}$ are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the rated temperature range. The average full-range temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage $\alpha_{V_{I(\text{ref})}}$ is defined as:

$$\left| \alpha_{V_{I(\text{ref})}} \right| \left(\frac{\text{ppm}}{\text{°C}} \right) = \frac{\left(\frac{V_{I(\text{dev})}}{V_{I(\text{ref})} \text{ at } 25\text{°C}} \right) \times 10^6}{T_A}$$

where:

ΔT_A is the rated operating temperature range of the device.



$\alpha_{V_{I(\text{ref})}}$ is positive or negative, depending on whether minimum $V_{I(\text{ref})}$ or maximum $V_{I(\text{ref})}$, respectively, occurs at the lower temperature.

(4) The output impedance is defined as: $|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{KA}}$
When the device is operating with two external resistors (see [Figure 7-2](#)), the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:
 $|Z'| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I}$, which is approximately equal to $|Z_{KA}| \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$.

6.6 Typical Characteristics

Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

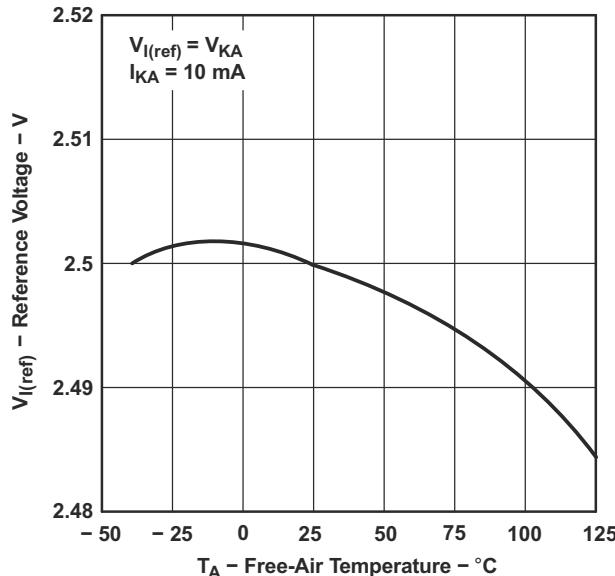


Figure 6-1. Reference Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature

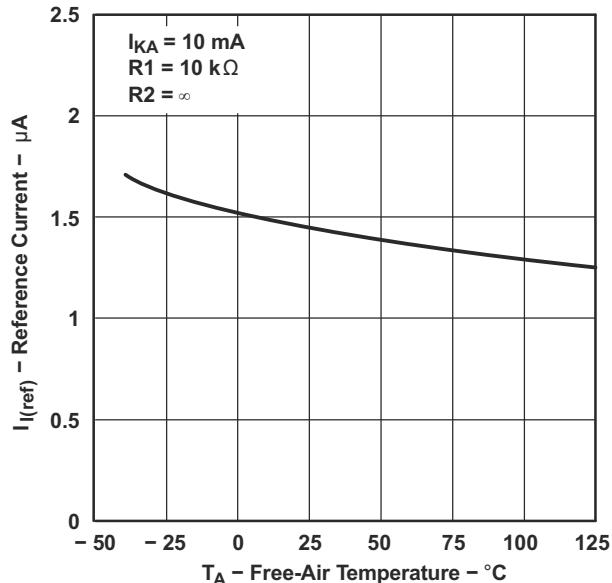


Figure 6-2. Reference Current vs Free-Air Temperature

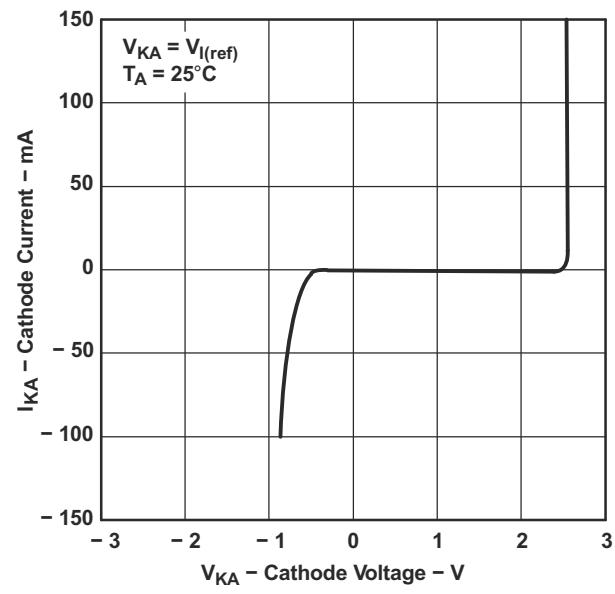


Figure 6-3. Cathode Current vs Cathode Voltage

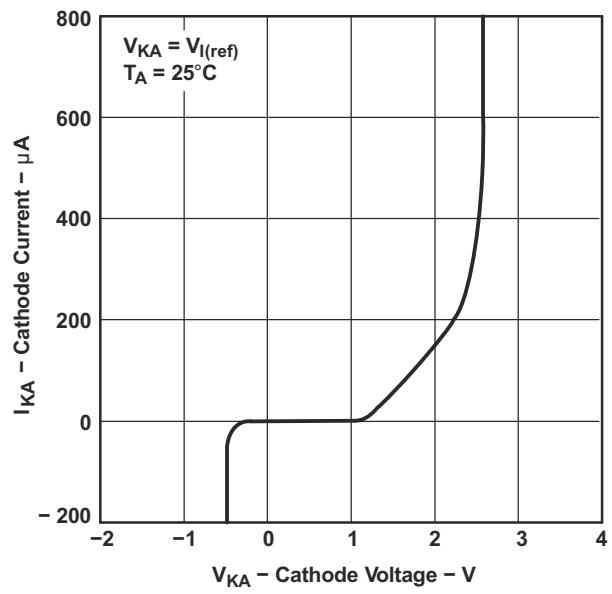


Figure 6-4. Cathode Current vs Cathode Voltage

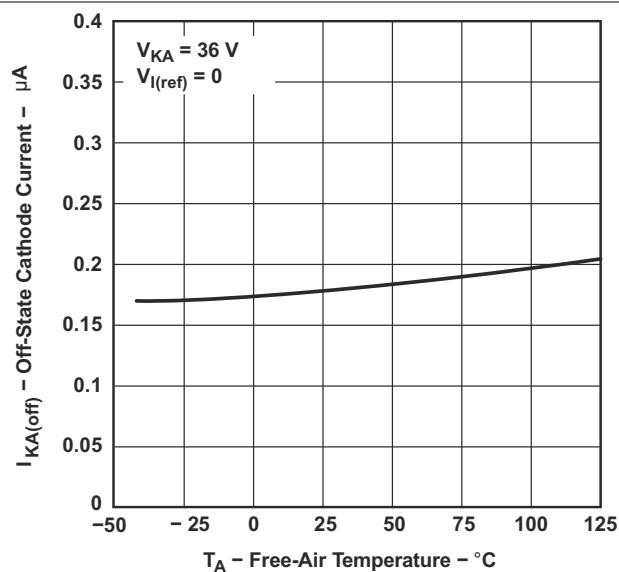


Figure 6-5. Off-State Cathode Current vs Free-Air Temperature

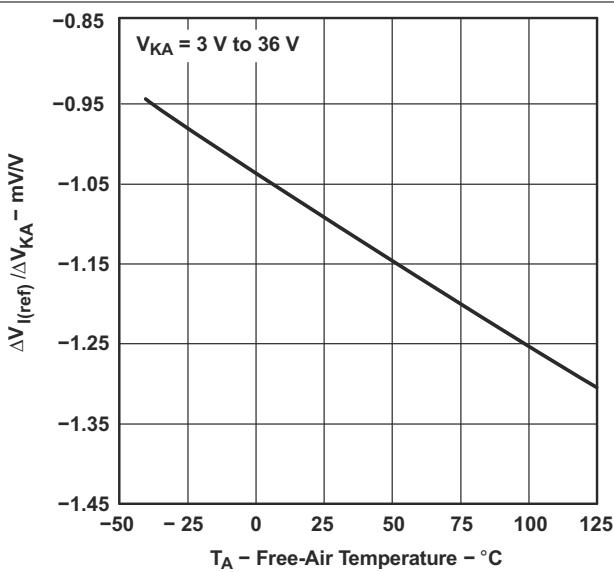


Figure 6-6. Ratio of Delta Reference Voltage to Delta Cathode Voltage vs Free-Air Temperature

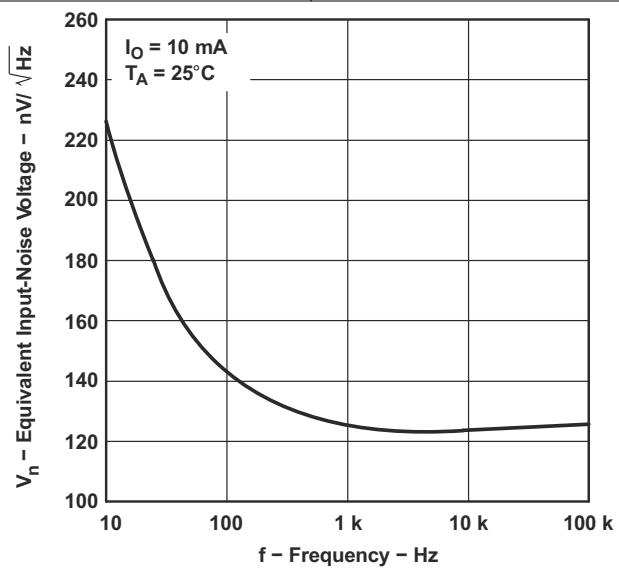


Figure 6-7. Equivalent Input-Noise Voltage vs Frequency

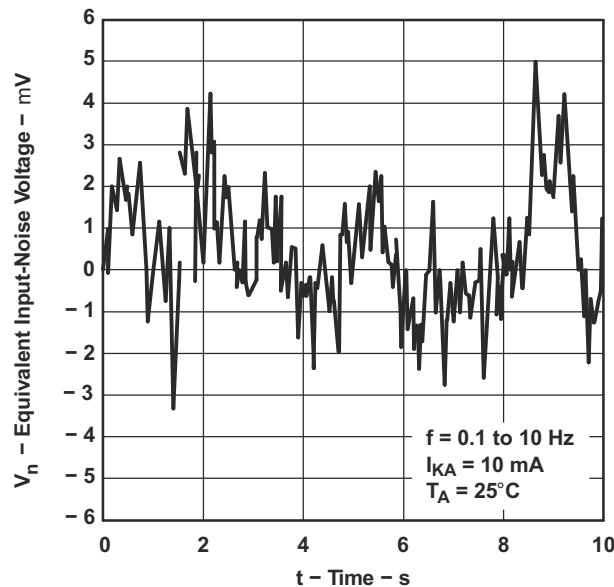


Figure 6-8. Equivalent Input-Noise Voltage Over a 10-s Period

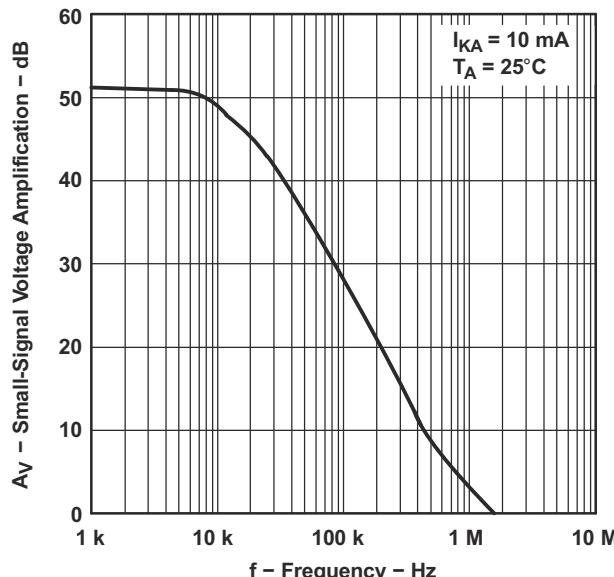


Figure 6-10. Small-Signal Voltage Amplification vs Frequency

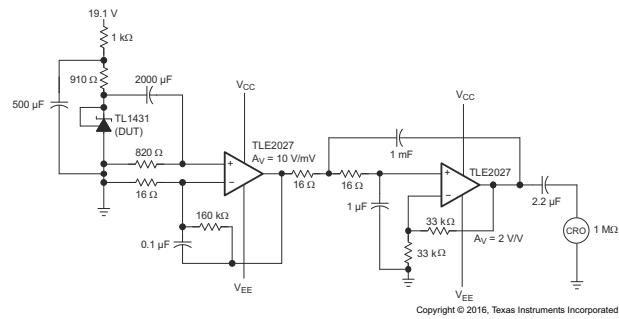


Figure 6-9. Test Circuit for 0.1-Hz to 10-Hz Equivalent Input-Noise Voltage

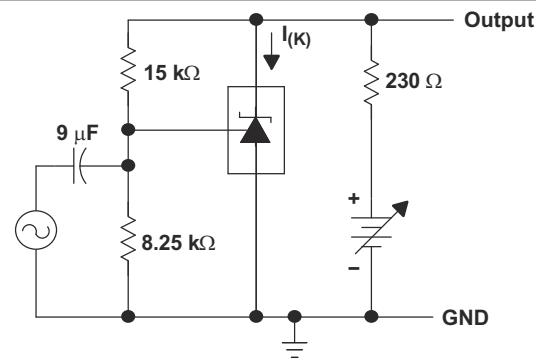


Figure 6-11. Test Circuit for Voltage Amplification

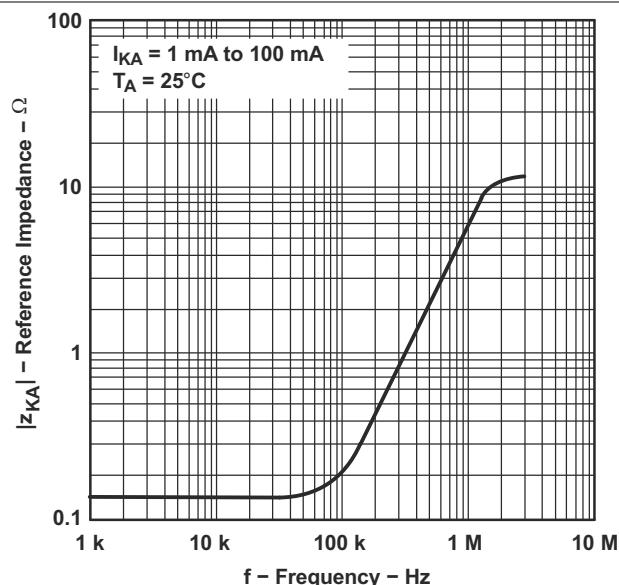


Figure 6-12. Reference Impedance vs Frequency

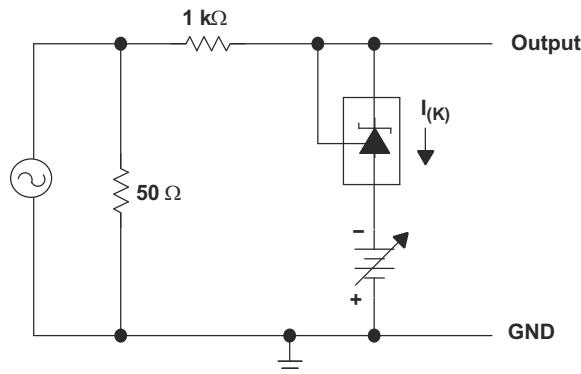


Figure 6-13. Test Circuit for Reference Impedance

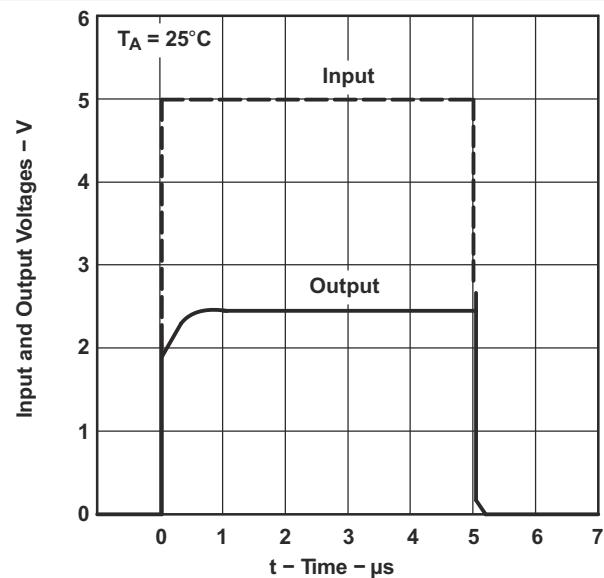


Figure 6-14. Pulse Response

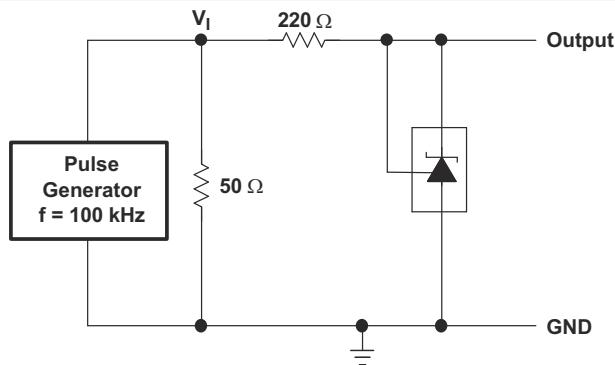
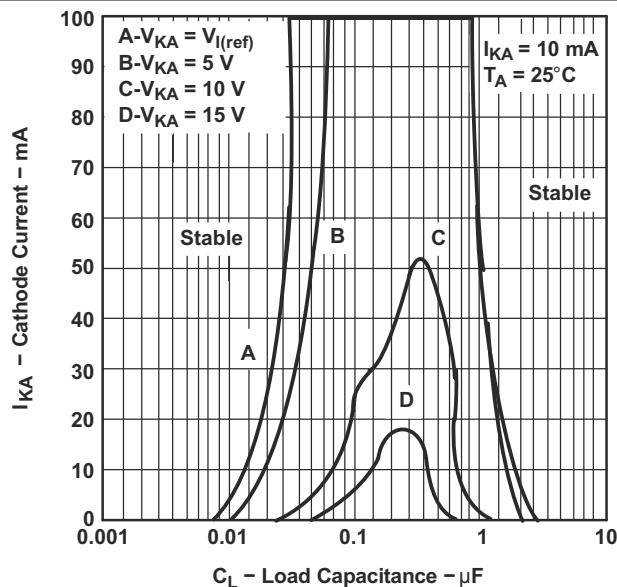
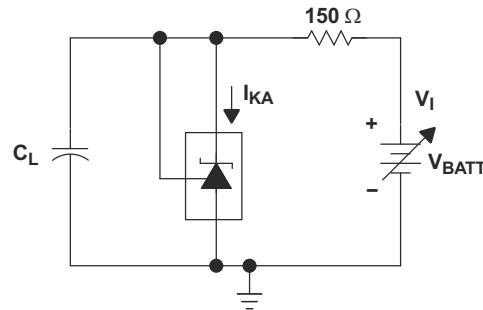


Figure 6-15. Test Circuit for Pulse Response

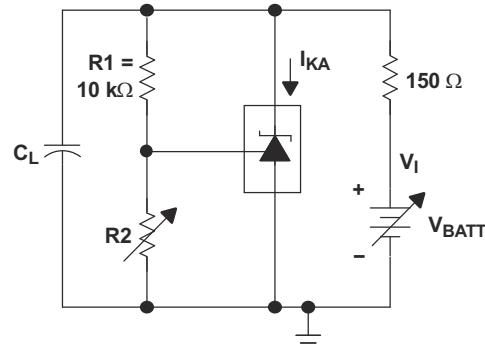


A. The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R_2 ; and V_+ are adjusted to establish the initial V_{KA} and I_{KA} conditions, with $C_L = 0$. V_{BATT} and C_L then are adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

Figure 6-16. Stability Boundary Conditions



Test Circuit for Curve A



Test Circuit for Curves B, C, and D

Figure 6-17. Test Circuits for Curves A Through D

7 Parameter Measurement Information

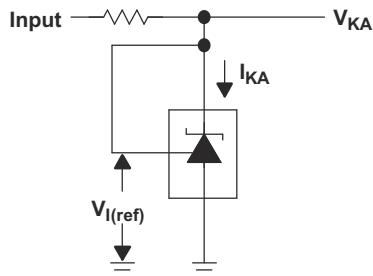


Figure 7-1. Test Circuit for $V_{(KA)} = V_{ref}$

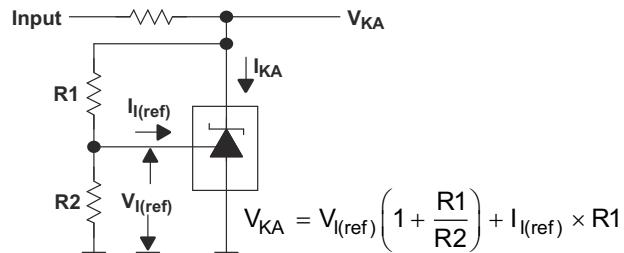


Figure 7-2. Test Circuit for $V_{(KA)} > V_{ref}$

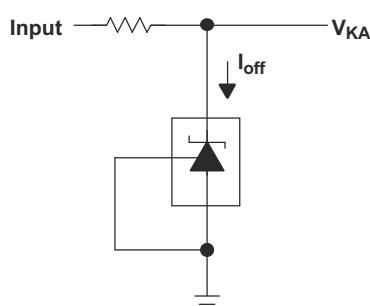


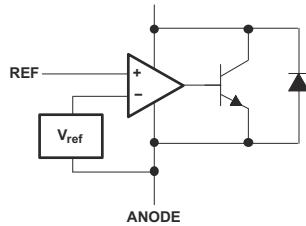
Figure 7-3. Test Circuit for I_{off}

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TL1431 device has proven ubiquity and versatility across a wide range of applications, ranging from power to signal path. This is due to its key components containing an accurate voltage reference and op amp, which are very fundamental analog building blocks. TL1431 is used in conjunction with its key components to behave as a single voltage reference, error amplifier, voltage clamp, or comparator with integrated reference. TL1431 can be operated and adjusted to cathode voltages from 2.5 V to 36 V, making this part optimum for a wide range of end equipments in aerospace, industrial, auto, telecom, and computing. In order for this device to behave as a shunt regulator or error amplifier, > 1 mA ($I_{min(max)}$) must be supplied into the cathode pin. Under this condition, feedback can be applied from the Cathode and Ref pins to create a replica of the internal reference voltage. The TL1431-SP devices are characterized for operation from -55°C to 125°C .

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

TL1431 consists of an internal reference and amplifier that outputs a sink current base on the difference between the reference pin and the virtual internal pin. The sink current is produced by the internal Darlington pair, shown in Detailed Schematic. A Darlington pair is used in order for this device to be able to sink a maximum current of 100 mA. When operated with enough voltage headroom (≥ 2.5 V) and cathode current (I_{KA}), TL1431 forces the reference pin to 2.5 V. However, the reference pin can not be left floating, as it needs $I_{REF} \geq 5 \mu\text{A}$ (see [Electrical Characteristics – TL1431-SP](#)). This is because the reference pin is driven into an npn, which needs base current to operate properly. When feedback is applied from the cathode and reference pins, TL1431 behaves as a Zener diode, regulating to a constant voltage dependent on current being supplied into the cathode. This is due to the internal amplifier and reference entering the proper operating regions. The same amount of current needed in the above feedback situation must be applied to this device in open loop, servo, or error amplifying implementations in order for it to be in the proper linear region giving TL1431 enough gain. Unlike many linear regulators, TL1431 is internally compensated to be stable without an output capacitor between the cathode and anode. However, if desired an output capacitor can be used as a guide to assist in choosing the correct capacitor to maintain stability.

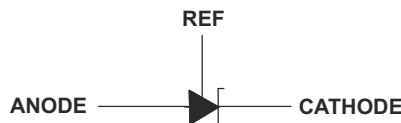
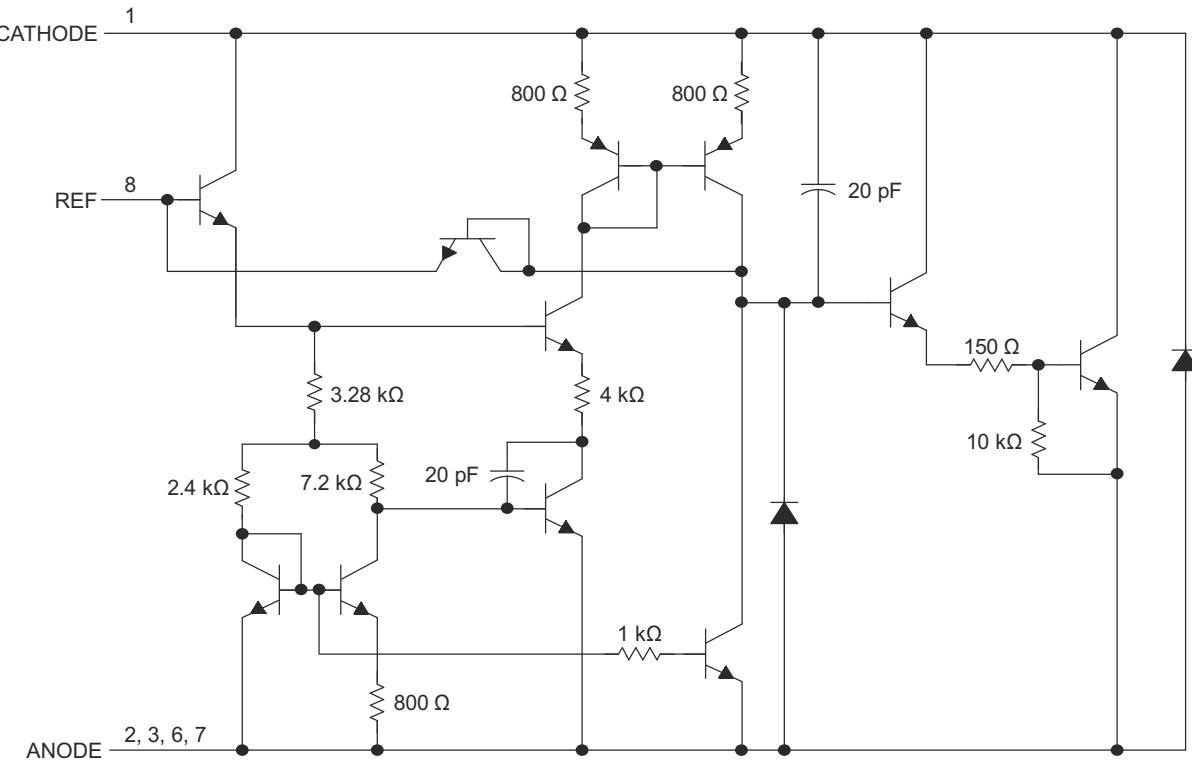


Figure 8-1. Symbol



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Figure 8-2. Equivalent Schematic

8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Open Loop (Comparator)

When the cathode or output voltage or current of TL1431 is not being fed back to the reference or input pin in any form, this device is operating in open loop. With proper cathode current (I_{KA}) applied to this device, TL1431 has the characteristics shown in [Figure 9-1](#). With such high gain in this configuration, TL1431 is typically used as a comparator. With the reference integrated makes TL1431 the preferred choice when users are trying to monitor a certain level of a single signal.

8.4.2 Closed Loop

When the cathode or output voltage or current of TL1431 is being fed back to the reference or input pin in any form, this device is operating in closed loop. The majority of applications involving TL1431 use it in this manner to regulate a fixed voltage or current. The feedback enables this device to behave as an error amplifier, computing a portion of the output voltage and adjusting it to maintain the desired regulation. This is done by relating the output voltage back to the reference pin in a manner to make it equal to the internal reference voltage, which can be accomplished through resistive or direct feedback.

9 Application and Implementation

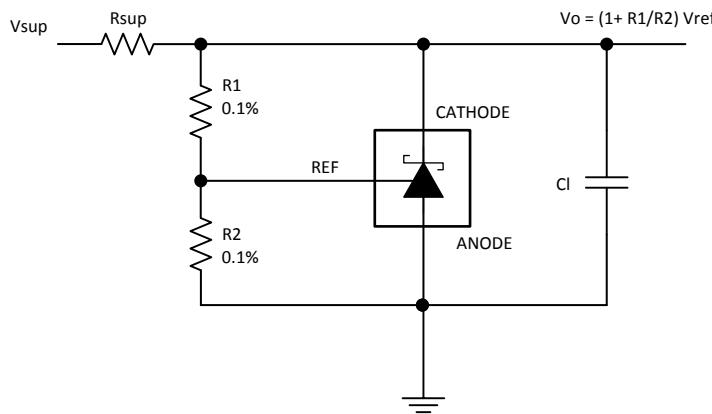
Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

As the TL1431 device has many applications and setups, there are many situations that this datasheet cannot characterize in detail. The linked application notes help the designer make the best choices when using this part. [Understanding Stability Boundary Conditions Charts in TL431, TL432 Data Sheet](#) (SLVA482) provides a deeper understanding of this device's stability characteristics and aid the user in making the right choices when choosing a load capacitor. [Setting the Shunt Voltage on an Adjustable Shunt Regulator](#) (SLVA445) assists designers in setting the shunt voltage to achieve optimum accuracy for this device.

9.2 Typical Application



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Figure 9-1. Comparator Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 9-1](#) as the input parameters.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE
Reference initial accuracy	0.4%
Supply voltage	48 V
Cathode current (I_K)	50 μ A
Output voltage level	2.5 V to 36 V
Load capacitance	1 nF
Feedback resistor values and accuracy (R1 and R2)	10 k Ω

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When using TL1431 as a shunt regulator, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
- Temperature range
- Total accuracy

- Cathode current
- Reference initial accuracy
- Output capacitance

9.2.3 Programming Output/Cathode Voltage

To program the cathode voltage to a regulated voltage a resistive bridge must be shunted between the cathode and anode pins with the mid point tied to the reference pin. This can be seen in [Figure 9-1](#), with R1 and R2 being the resistive bridge. The cathode/output voltage in the shunt regulator configuration can be approximated by the equation shown in [Figure 9-1](#). The cathode voltage can be more accurately determined by taking in to account the cathode current with [Equation 1](#).

$$V_o = (1 + R1 / R2) \times V_{REF} - I_{REF} \times R1 \quad (1)$$

For this equation to be valid, TL1431 must be fully biased so that it has enough open loop gain to mitigate any gain error. This can be done by meeting the I_{min} specification denoted in [Section 6.5](#).

9.2.4 Total Accuracy

When programming the output above unity gain ($V_{KA}=V_{REF}$), TL1431 is susceptible to other errors that may effect the overall accuracy beyond V_{REF} . These errors include:

- R1 and R2 accuracies
- $V_{I(dev)}$ – Change in reference voltage over temperature
- $\Delta V_{REF} / \Delta V_{KA}$ – Change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage
- $|Z_{KA}|$ – Dynamic impedance, causing a change in cathode voltage with cathode current

Worst case cathode voltage can be determined taking all of the variables in to account.

9.2.5 Stability

Though TL1431 is stable with no capacitive load, the device that receives the shunt regulator's output voltage could present a capacitive load that is within the TL1431 region of stability, shown in [Figure 6-16](#). Also, designers may use capacitive loads to improve the transient response or for power supply decoupling. When using additional capacitance between Cathode and Anode, refer to [Figure 6-16](#).

9.2.6 Start-up Time

As shown in [Figure 9-2](#), TL1431 has a fast response up to approximately 2 V and then slowly charges to its programmed value. This is due to the compensation capacitance the TL1431 has to meet its stability criteria. Despite the secondary delay, TL1431 still has a fast response suitable for many clamp applications.

9.2.7 Application Curve

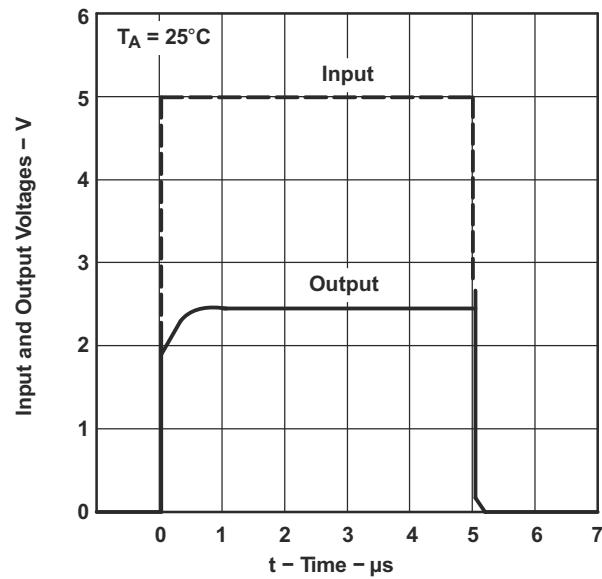


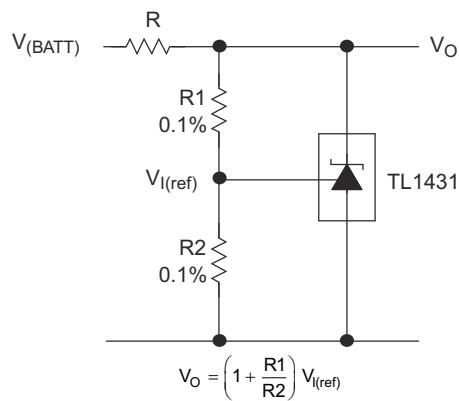
Figure 9-2. TL1431 Start-up Response

9.2.8 System Examples

Table 9-2 lists example circuits of the TL1431.

Table 9-2. Table of Example Circuits

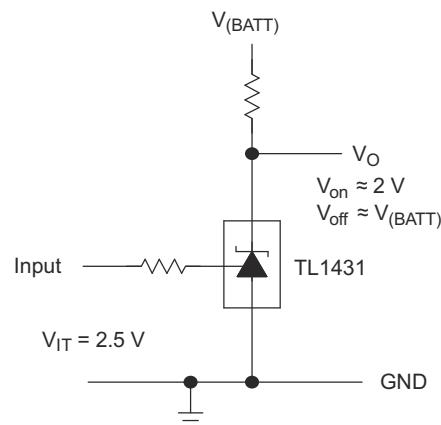
APPLICATION	FIGURE
Shunt regulator	Figure 9-3
Single-supply comparator with temperature-compensated threshold	Figure 9-4
Precision high-current series regulator	Figure 9-5
Output control of a three-terminal fixed regulator	Figure 9-6
Higher-current shunt regulator	Figure 9-7
Crowbar	Figure 9-8
Precision 5-V, 1.5-A, 0.5% regulator	Figure 9-9
5-V precision regulator	Figure 9-10
PWM converter with 0.5% reference	Figure 9-11
Voltage monitor	Figure 9-12
Delay timer	Figure 9-13
Precision current limiter	Figure 9-14
Precision constant-current sink	Figure 9-15



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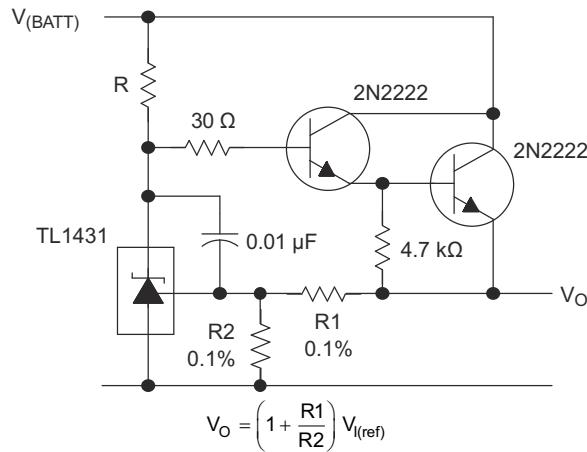
R must provide cathode current ≥ 1 mA to the TL1431 at minimum $V_{(\text{BATT})}$.

Figure 9-3. Shunt Regulator



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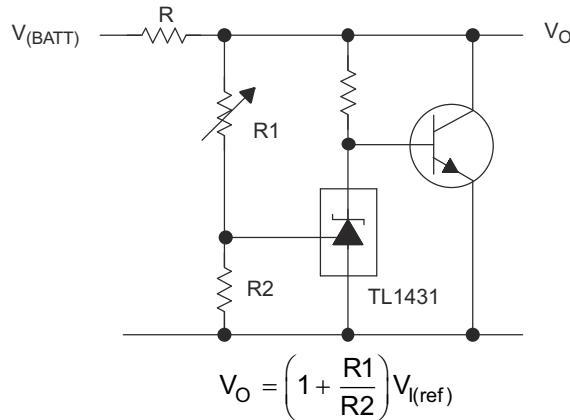
Figure 9-4. Single-Supply Comparator With Temperature-Compensated Threshold



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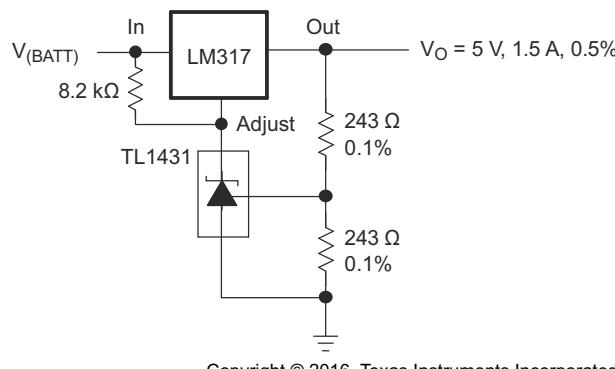
R must provide cathode current ≥ 1 mA to the TL1431 at minimum $V_{(BATT)}$.

Figure 9-5. Precision High-Current Series Regulator



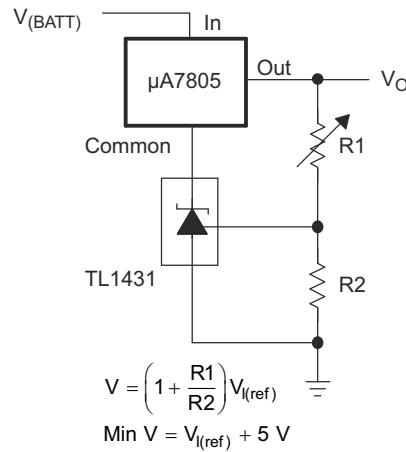
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Figure 9-7. Higher-Current Shunt Regulator



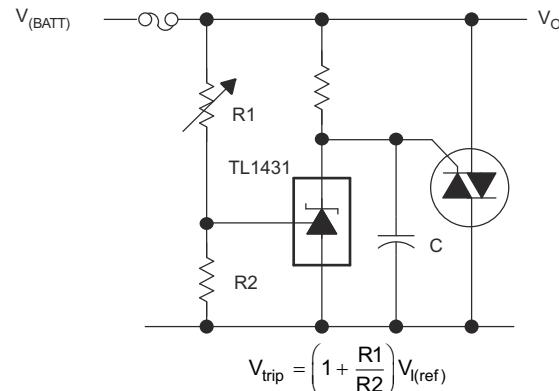
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Figure 9-9. Precision 5-V, 1.5-A, 0.5% Regulator



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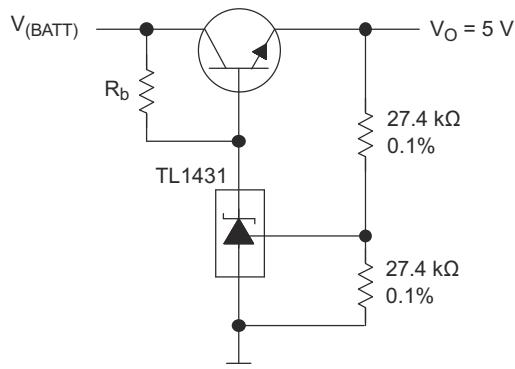
Figure 9-6. Output Control of a Three-Terminal Fixed Regulator



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See the stability boundary conditions in Figure 6-16 to determine allowable values for C.

Figure 9-8. Crowbar



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R_b must provide cathode current ≥ 1 mA to the TL1431.

Figure 9-10. 5-V Precision Regulator

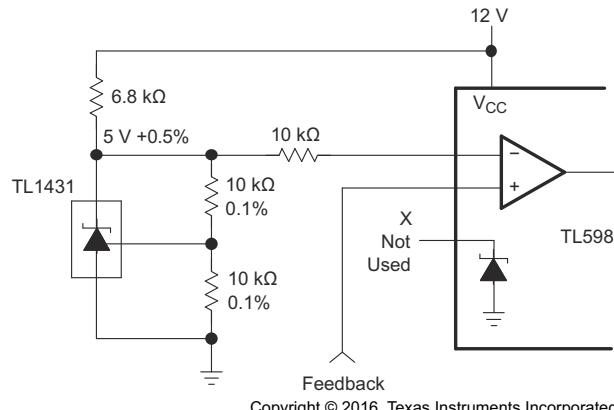
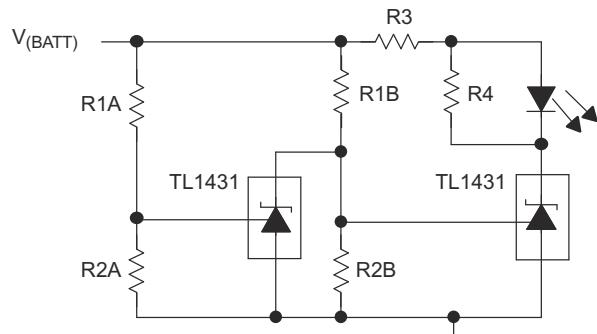


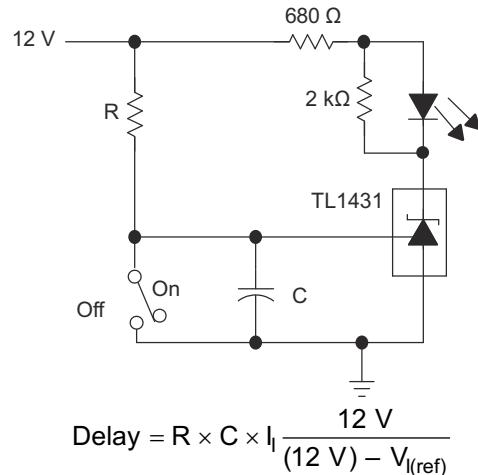
Figure 9-11. PWM Converter With 0.5% Reference



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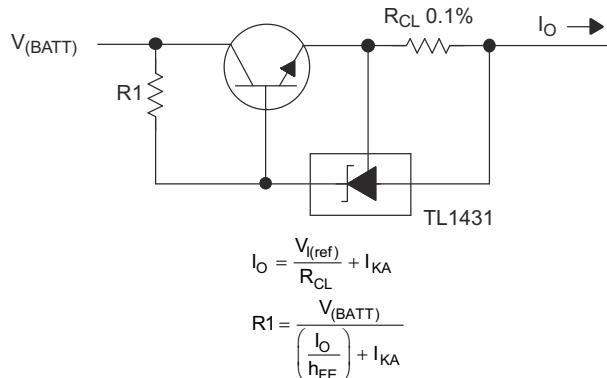
Select R3 and R4 to provide the desired LED intensity and cathode current ≥ 1 mA to the TL1431.

Figure 9-12. Voltage Monitor



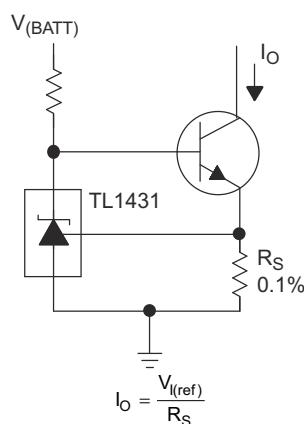
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Figure 9-13. Delay Timer



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Figure 9-14. Precision Current Limiter



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Figure 9-15. Precision Constant-Current Sink

10 Power Supply Recommendations

When using TL1431 as a linear regulator to supply a load, designers typically use a bypass capacitor on the output/cathode pin. When doing this, be sure that the capacitance is within the stability criteria shown in [Figure 6-16](#). To not exceed the maximum cathode current, ensure the supply voltage is current limited. Also, be sure to limit the current being driven into the Ref pin, as not to exceed its absolute maximum rating. For applications shunting high currents, pay attention to the cathode and anode trace lengths, adjusting the width of the traces to have the proper current density.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Bypass capacitors must be placed as close to the part as possible. Current-carrying traces need to have widths appropriate for the amount of current they are carrying; in the case of the TL1431, these currents are low.

11.2 Layout Example

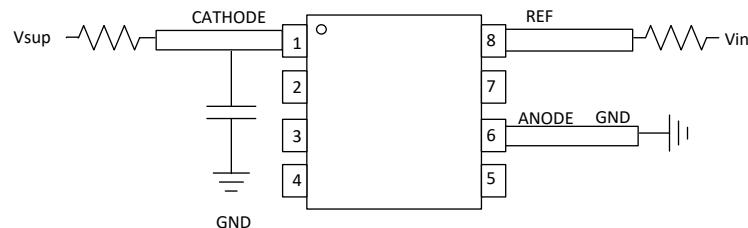


Figure 11-1. 8-Pin JG Layout Example

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [Understanding Stability Boundary Conditions Charts in TL431, TL432 Data Sheet application report](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Setting the Shunt Voltage on an Adjustable Shunt Regulator application report](#)

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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12.4 Trademarks

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12.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.6 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
5962-9962001VPA	Active	Production	CDIP (JG) 8	50 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9962001VPA TL1431M
5962-9962001VPA.A	Active	Production	CDIP (JG) 8	50 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	9962001VPA TL1431M
5962R9962001VHA	Active	Production	CFP (U) 10	25 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	R9962001VHA TL1431M
5962R9962001VHA.A	Active	Production	CFP (U) 10	25 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	R9962001VHA TL1431M
5962R9962001VPA	Active	Production	CDIP (JG) 8	50 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	R9962001VPA TL1431M
5962R9962001VPA.A	Active	Production	CDIP (JG) 8	50 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	-55 to 125	R9962001VPA TL1431M
TL1431U/EM	Active	Production	CFP (U) 10	25 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	25 to 25	TL1431U/EM EVAL ONLY
TL1431U/EM.A	Active	Production	CFP (U) 10	25 TUBE	No	SNPB	N/A for Pkg Type	25 to 25	TL1431U/EM EVAL ONLY

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

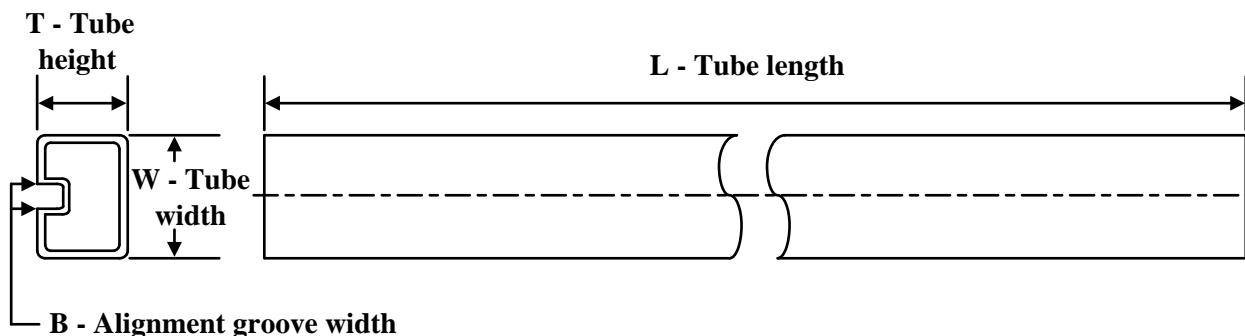
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TL1431-SP :

- Catalog : [TL1431](#)
- Automotive : [TL1431-Q1](#)
- Enhanced Product : [TL1431-EP](#)
- Military : [TL1431M](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects
- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications
- Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

TUBE


*All dimensions are nominal

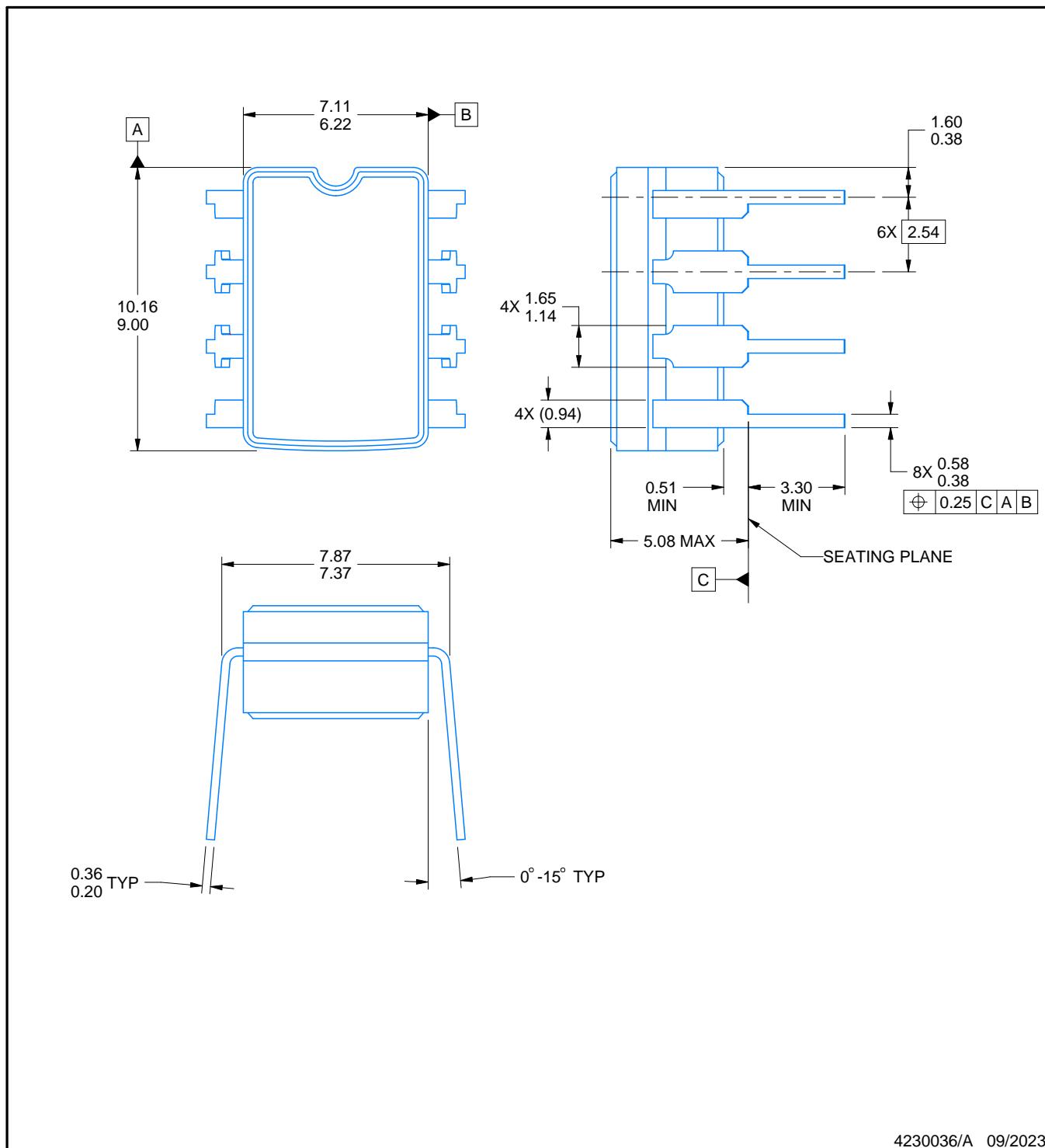
Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μ m)	B (mm)
5962R9962001VHA	U	CFP	10	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
5962R9962001VHA.A	U	CFP	10	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
5962R9962001VPA	JG	CDIP	8	50	506.98	15.24	13440	NA
5962R9962001VPA.A	JG	CDIP	8	50	506.98	15.24	13440	NA
TL1431U/EM	U	CFP	10	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA
TL1431U/EM.A	U	CFP	10	25	506.98	26.16	6220	NA

PACKAGE OUTLINE

JG0008A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE



4230036/A 09/2023

NOTES:

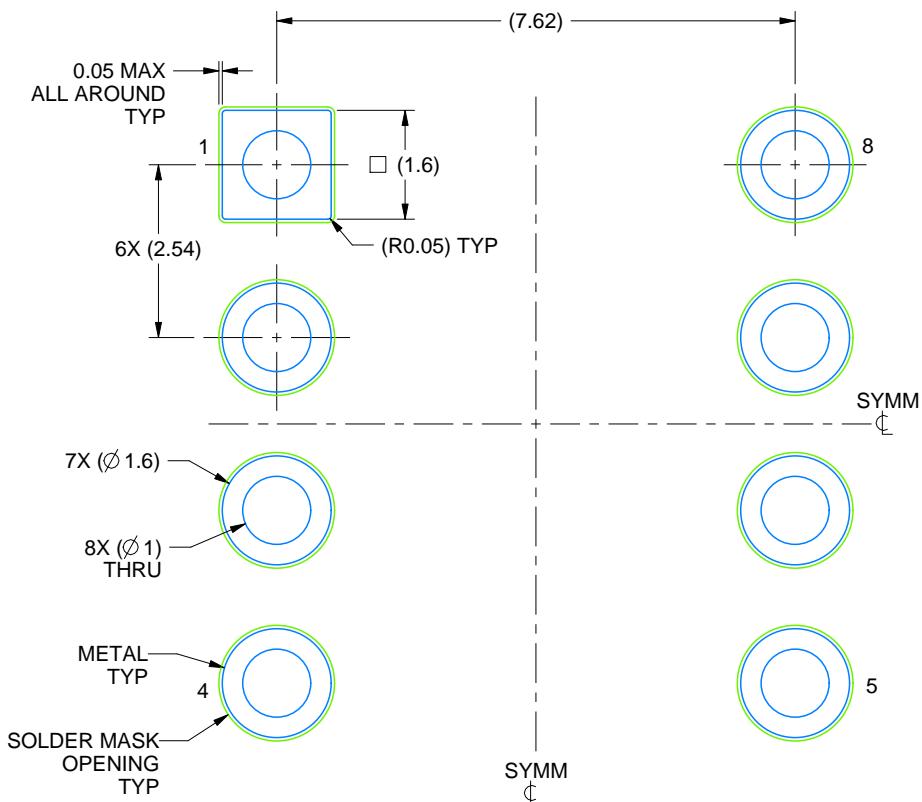
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
4. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
5. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

JG0008A

CDIP - 5.08 mm max height

CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
NON SOLDER MASK DEFINED
SCALE: 9X

4230036/A 09/2023

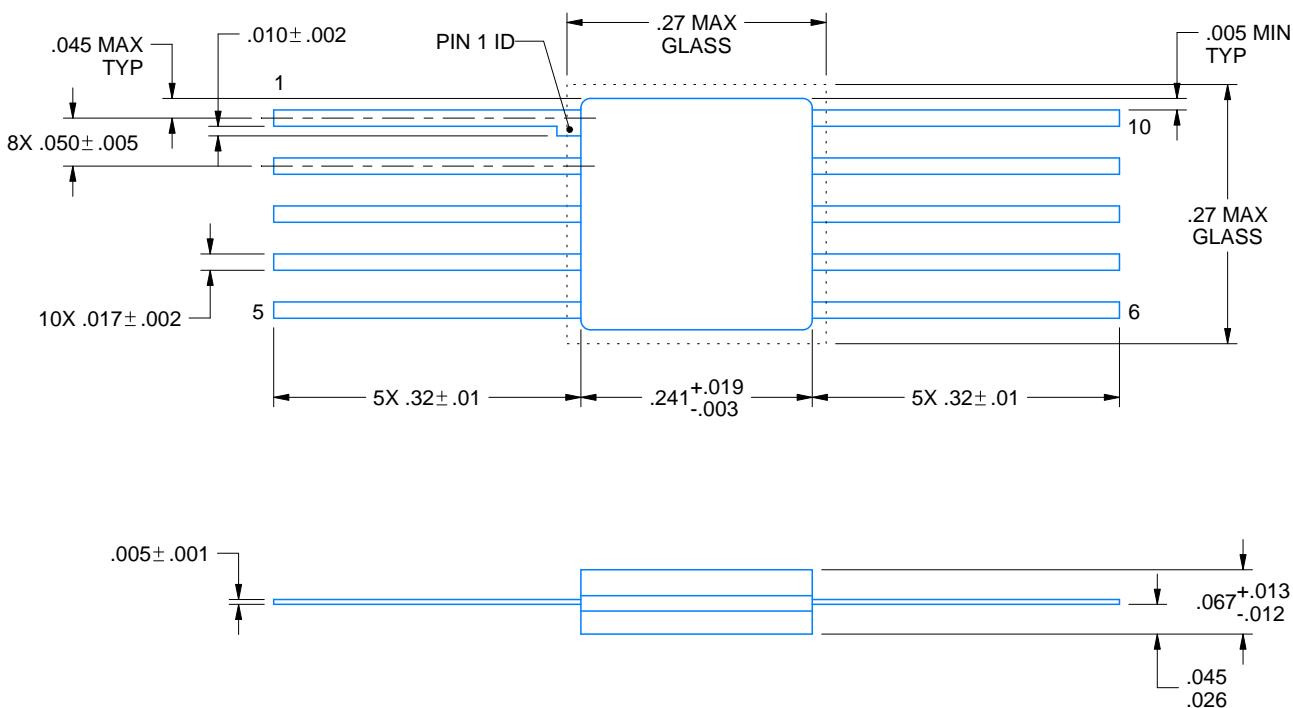
U0010A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

CFP - 2.03 mm max height

CERAMIC FLATPACK



4225582/A 01/2020

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in inches. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

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