OUT

V<sub>CC</sub>□ COMP□

INVI

SLVS304A - SEPTEMBER 2000 - REVISED AUGUST 2002

Ⅲ GND

TT DTC

Ⅲ RT

 $\Box$ 

D PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

3

- Complete PWM Power Control
- 3.6-V to 40-V Operation
- Internal Undervoltage-Lockout Circuit
- Oscillator Frequency . . . 20 kHz to 500 kHz
- Variable Dead Time Provides Control Over Total Range
- Ideal Controller for DDR Memory Application
- Uncommitted Error Amplifier Inputs

# description

The TL5002 incorporates on a single monolithic chip all the functions required for a pulse-width-modulation (PWM) control circuit. Designed primarily for power-supply control, the TL5002 contains an error amplifier, a regulator, an oscillator, a PWM comparator with a dead-time-control input, undervoltage lockout (UVLO), and an open-collector output transistor.

The error-amplifier input common-mode voltage ranges from 0.9 V to 1.5 V. Dead-time control (DTC) can be set to provide 0% to 100% dead time by connecting an external resistor between DTC and GND. The oscillator frequency is set by terminating RT with an external resistor to GND. During low  $V_{CC}$  conditions, the UVLO circuit turns the output off until  $V_{CC}$  recovers to its normal operating range.

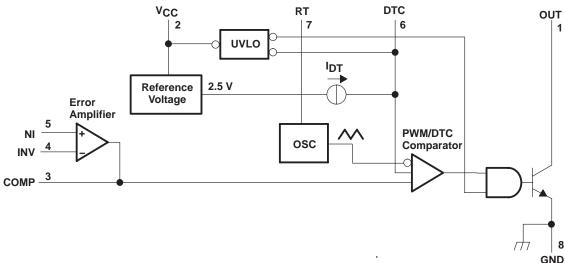
The TL5002 is characterized for operation from −40°C to 85°C.

#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

TA	SMALL OUTLINE (D)				
-20°C to 85°C	TL5002CD				
-40°C to 85°C	TL5002ID				

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., TL5002CDR).

# functional block diagram





Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SLVS304A - SEPTEMBER 2000 - REVISED AUGUST 2002

# detailed description

# voltage reference

A 2.5-V regulator operating from V<sub>CC</sub> is used to power the internal circuitry of the TL5002.

# error amplifier

The error amplifier compares a sample of the dc-to-dc converter output voltage to an external reference voltage and generates an error signal for the PWM comparator. The dc-to-dc converter output voltage is set by selecting the error-amplifier gain (see Figure 1), using the following expression:

$$V_O = (1 + R1/R2) (1 V)$$

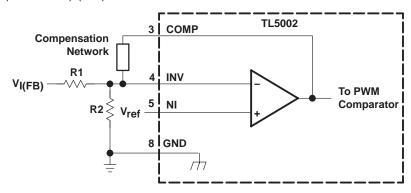


Figure 1. Error-Amplifier Gain Setting

The error-amplifier output is brought out as COMP for use in compensating the dc-to-dc converter control loop for stability. Because the amplifier can only source 45  $\mu$ A, the total dc load resistance should be 100 k $\Omega$  or more.

# oscillator/PWM

The oscillator frequency ( $f_{OSC}$ ) can be set between 20 kHz and 500 kHz by connecting a resistor between RT and GND. Acceptable resistor values range from 15 k $\Omega$  to 250 k $\Omega$ . The oscillator frequency can be determined by using the graph shown in Figure 5.

The oscillator output is a triangular wave with a minimum value of approximately 0.7 V and a maximum value of approximately 1.3 V. The PWM comparator compares the error-amplifier output voltage and the DTC input voltage to the triangular wave and turns the output transistor off whenever the triangular wave is greater than the lesser of the two inputs.

# dead-time control (DTC)

DTC provides a means of limiting the output-switch duty cycle to a value less than 100%, which is critical for boost and flyback converters. A current source generates a reference current ( $I_{DT}$ ) at DTC that is nominally equal to the current at the oscillator timing terminal, RT. Connecting a resistor between DTC and GND generates a dead-time reference voltage ( $V_{DT}$ ), which the PWM/DTC comparator compares to the oscillator triangle wave as described in the previous section. Nominally, the maximum duty cycle is 0% when  $V_{DT}$  is 0.7 V or less and 100% when  $V_{DT}$  is 1.3 V or greater. Because the triangle wave amplitude is a function of frequency and the source impedance of RT is relatively high (1250  $\Omega$ ), choosing  $R_{DT}$  for a specific maximum duty cycle, D, is accomplished using the following equation and the voltage limits for the frequency in question as found in Figure 11 ( $V_{OSC}$ max and  $V_{OSC}$ min are the maximum and minimum oscillator levels):



# dead-time control (DTC) (continued)

$$R_{DT} = (R_t + 1250) [D(V_{OSC}max - V_{OSC}min) + V_{OSC}min]$$

Where

R<sub>DT</sub> and R<sub>t</sub> are in ohms, D in decimal

Soft start can be implemented by paralleling the DTC resistor with a capacitor (C<sub>DT</sub>) as shown in Figure 2. During soft start, the voltage at DTC is derived by the following equation:

$$V_{DT} \approx I_{DT}R_{DT} \left( 1 - e^{\left(-t/R_{DT}C_{DT}\right)} \right)$$

$$c_{DT} \xrightarrow{=} R_{DT} DTC \qquad TL5002$$

Figure 2. Soft-Start Circuit

If the dc-to-dc converter must be in regulation within a specified period of time, the time constant,  $R_{DT}C_{DT}$ , should be  $t_0/3$  to  $t_0/5$ . The TL5002 remains off until  $V_{DT}\approx 0.7$  V, the minimum ramp value.  $C_{DT}$  is discharged every time UVLO becomes active.

# undervoltage-lockout (UVLO) protection

The undervoltage-lockout circuit turns the output transistor off whenever the supply voltage drops too low (approximately 3 V at 25°C) for proper operation. A hysteresis voltage of 200 mV eliminates false triggering on noise and chattering.

# output transistor

The output of the TL5002 is an open-collector transistor with a maximum collector current rating of 21 mA and a voltage rating of 51 V. The output is turned on under the following conditions: the oscillator triangle wave is lower than both the DTC voltage and the error-amplifier output voltage, and the UVLO circuit is inactive.

# TL5002 PULSE-WIDTH-MODULATION CONTROL CIRCUIT

SLVS304A – SEPTEMBER 2000 – REVISED AUGUST 2002

# absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	41 V
Amplifier input voltage, V <sub>I(INV)</sub> , V <sub>I(NI)</sub>	20 V
Output voltage, V <sub>O</sub> , OUT `	51 V
Output current, I <sub>O</sub> , OUT	21 mA
Output peak current, I <sub>O(peak)</sub> , OUT	100 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating ambient temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	–40°C to 85°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>sta</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	TAGE $T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$ DERATING FA		T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C
	POWER RATING ABOVE $T_A =$		POWER RATING	POWER RATING	POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW

# recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	3.6	40	V
Amplifier input voltage, VI(INV), VI(NI)	0.9	1.5	V
Output voltage, V <sub>O</sub> , OUT		50	V
Output current, IO, OUT		20	mA
COMP source current		45	μΑ
COMP dc load resistance	100		kΩ
Oscillator timing resistor, R <sub>t</sub>	15	250	kΩ
Oscillator frequency, f <sub>OSC</sub>	20	500	kHz
Operating ambient temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	-40	85	°C



NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

SLVS304A – SEPTEMBER 2000 – REVISED AUGUST 2002

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V,  $f_{osc}$  = 100 kHz (unless otherwise noted)

# undervoltage lockout

DADAMETED	TEGT CONDITIONS	1			
PARAMETER	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS MIN TYPT			MAX	UNIT
Upper threshold voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3		V
Lower threshold voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		2.8		V
Hysteresis	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	100	200	·	mV

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

# oscillator

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	Т	LINUT		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
Frequency	$R_t = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		100		kHz
Standard deviation of frequency			15		kHz
Frequency change with voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 40 \text{ V}$		1		kHz
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-4	-0.4	4	kHz
Frequency change with temperature	$T_A = -20^{\circ}C$ to $25^{\circ}C$	-4	-0.4	4	kHz
	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	-4	-0.2	4	kHz
Voltage at RT			1		V

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.

### dead-time control

DADAMETED	TEGT CONDITIONS	Т				
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT	
Output (source) current	TL5002	V <sub>(DT)</sub> = 1.5 V	$0.9 \times I_{RT}^{\ddagger}$		$1.2 \times I_{RT}$	μΑ
lanut threehold voltage		Duty cycle = 0%	0.5	0.7		V
Input threshold voltage		Duty cycle = 100%		1.3	1.5	٧

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. ‡ Output source current at RT

# error amplifier

242445752	TEGT GOLUDITIONS		TL5002C			
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT	
Input voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V to 40 V	0.3		1.5	V
Input bias current				-160	-500	nA
Outrot with a second or	Positive		1.5	2.3		V
Output voltage swing	Negative			0.3	0.4	V
Open-loop voltage amplification				80		dB
Unity-gain bandwidth				1.5		MHz
Output (sink) current		$V_{I(INV)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ , $COMP = 1 \text{ V}$	100	600		μΑ
Output (source) current		$V_{I(INV)} = 0.8 \text{ V},  COMP = 1 \text{ V}$	-45	-70		μΑ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.



SLVS304A – SEPTEMBER 2000 – REVISED AUGUST 2002

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V,  $f_{OSC}$  = 100 kHz (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

# output

DADAMETED	TEGT CONDITIONS	Т			
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TL5002C  MIN TYPT MAX  1.5 2  10  10	UNIT		
Output saturation voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 10 mA		1.5	2	V
0,,,,	$V_{O} = 50 \text{ V}, \qquad V_{CC} = 0$			10	
Off-state current	V <sub>O</sub> = 50 V			10	μΑ
Short-circuit output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 6 V		40		mA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.

# total device

242445752		TEST SOUDITIONS	٦			
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
Standby supply current	Off state			1	1.5	mA
Average supply current		$R_t = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		1.4	2.1	mA

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25$ °C.

# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

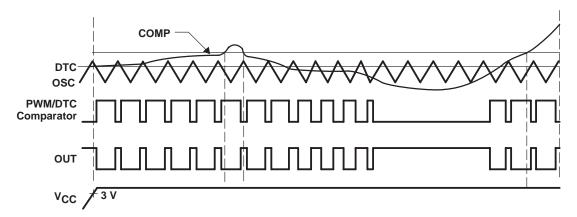


Figure 3. PWM Timing Diagram

# OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY VS TIMING RESISTANCE 1 M VCC = 6 V DT Resistance = $R_t$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 100 k 10 k $T_A = T_{AB} = T_{AB}$

Figure 4

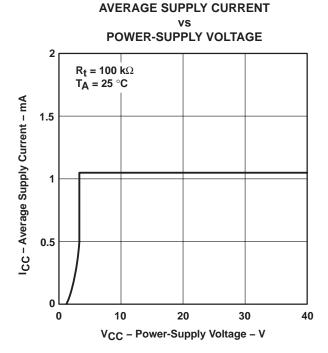


Figure 6

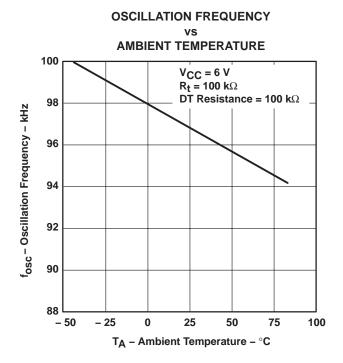


Figure 5

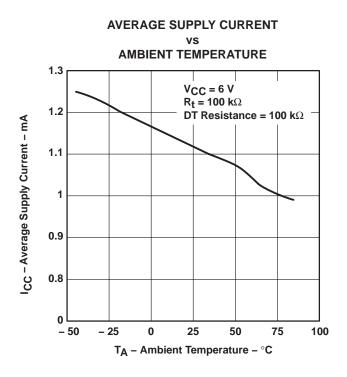


Figure 7

# **PWM TRIANGLE WAVE AMPLITUDE VOLTAGE OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY** 1.8 $V_{CC} = 6 V$ PWM Triangle Wave Amplitude Voltage - V TA = 25 °C 1.5 Voscmax (100% duty cycle) 1.2 0.9 V<sub>OSC</sub>min (zero duty cycle) 0.6 0.3 0 10 k 1 M 10 M

Figure 8

f<sub>OSC</sub> – Oscillator Frequency – Hz

# **ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE OUTPUT (SOURCE) CURRENT** 3 Vo - Error Amplifier Output Voltage - V 2.5 1.5 1 VCC = 6 V $V_{I(INV)} = 0.8 V$ 0.5 V<sub>I(NI)</sub> = 1 V T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C 0 100 120 0 20 $I_O$ – Output (Source) Current – $\mu$ A

Figure 10

# ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT (SINK) CURRENT

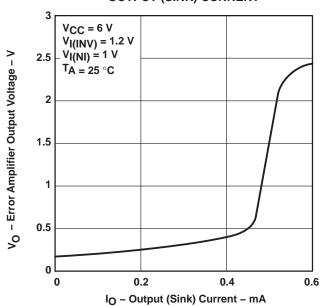


Figure 9

# ERROR AMPLIFIER OUTPUT VOLTAGE

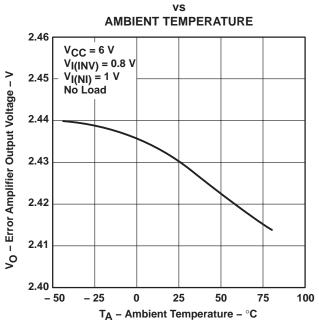
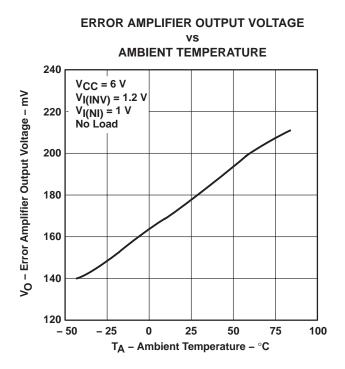


Figure 11





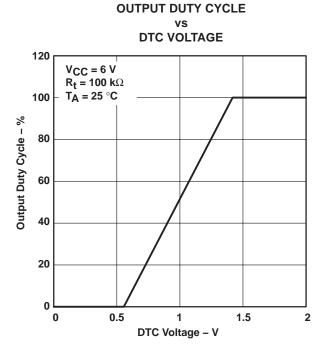
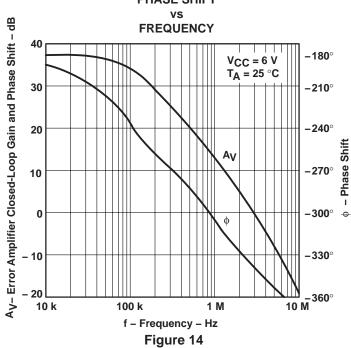
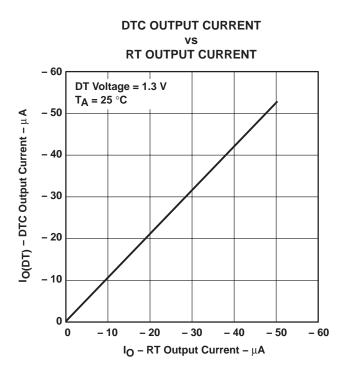


Figure 12

Figure 13

# ERROR AMPLIFIER CLOSED-LOOP GAIN AND PHASE SHIFT





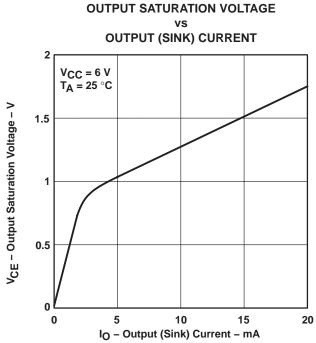


Figure 15

Figure 16

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

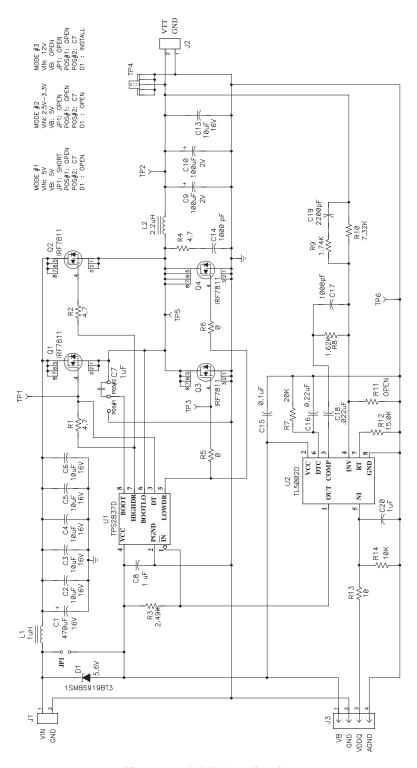


Figure 17. DDRI Application



# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

# PARTIAL BILL OF MATERIALS

QUANTITY	REF DES	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	SIZE
1	C1	UUD1C471MNR1GS	Capacitor, aluminum Nichicon		0.327 x 0.327
6	C2 – C6, C13	EMK325BJ106MN-B	Capacitor, ceramic	Taiyo Yuden	1210
3	C7, C8, C20	GRM40X7R105K16PT	Capacitor, ceramic, jumper	Murata	805
2	C9, C10	EEF-CD0D101R	Capacitor, aluminum	Panasonic	7343
1	C14	08055A102JAT2A	Capacitor, ceramic	AVX	805
1	C15	GRM39X7R104K016D	Capacitor, ceramic	Murata	603
1	C16	NMC0805X7R224K16TR	Capacitor, ceramic	NIP	603
1	C17	VJ0603Y222KXANT	Capacitor, ceramic	Murata	603
1	C18	C0603C223J3RACTU	Capacitor, ceramic	Kemet	603
1	C19	GRM39X7R223K16	Capacitor, ceramic	Murata	603
1	D1	1SMB5919BT3	Diode, zener, 5.6 V	On Semi	SMB
2	J1, J2	ED1609	Terminal block, 2-pin	OST	
1	J3	PTC36SAAN	Header, 4-pin	Sullins	
1	JP1	PTC36SAAN	Header, 2-pin	Sullins	
1	L1	UP2B-1R0	Inductor, SMT	Coiltronics	0.55 x 0.41
1	L2	UP4B-2R2	Inductor, SMT	Coiltronics	
4	Q1 – Q4	IRF7811	MOSFET, N-ch, 30 V	IR	SO8
3	R1, R2, R4	Std	Resistor, chip, 4.7 $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R3	Std	Resistor, chip, 2.49 K $\Omega$	Std	603
2	R5, R6	Std	Resistor, chip, 0 $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R7	Std	Resistor, chip, 20 K $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R8	Std	Resistor, chip, 162 K $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R9	Std	Resistor, chip, 1.74 K $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R10	Std	Resistor, chip, 7.32 K $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R11	Std	Open	Std	603
1	R12	Std	Resistor, chip, 15 K $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R13	Std	Resistor, chip, 10 $\Omega$	Std	603
1	R14	Std	Resistor, chip, 10 K $\Omega$	Std	603
4	TP1 – TP3, TP5	240-345	Test point, red, 1 mm	Farnell	0.038
1	TP4	131-4244-00 or 131-5031-00	Adaptor, 3.5 mm probe	Tektronix	0.200
1	TP6	1045-3-17-15-30-14-02-0	Post, wirewrap	Mill-Max	0.043
1	U1	TPS2837D	IC, MOSFET driver	Texas Instruments	SO8
1	U2	TL5002D	IC, low-cost PMW	Texas Instruments	SO8



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11-Nov-2025

### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/	MSL rating/	Op temp (°C)	Part marking
	(1)	(2)			(3)	Ball material	Peak reflow		(6)
						(4)	(5)		
TL5002CD	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-20 to 85	5002CD
TL5002CD.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-20 to 85	5002CD
TL5002CDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-20 to 85	5002CD
TL5002CDR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-20 to 85	5002CD
TL5002ID	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	5002ID
TL5002ID.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	75   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	5002ID
TL5002IDR	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	5002ID
TL5002IDR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (D)   8	2500   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	5002ID

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No. RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

<sup>(6)</sup> Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

www.ti.com 11-Nov-2025

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 23-May-2025

# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS + K0 - P1 - B0 W Cavity - A0 -

	-
A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

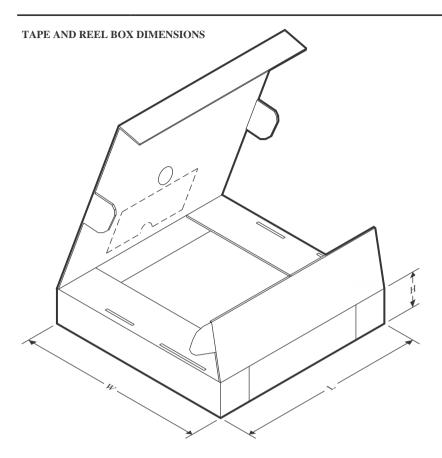


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TL5002CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TL5002IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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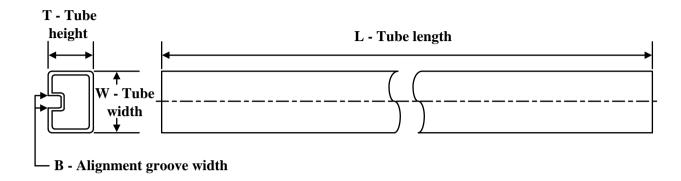
# \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TL5002CDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	353.0	353.0	32.0
TL5002IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

www.ti.com 23-May-2025

# **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
TL5002CD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TL5002CD.A	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TL5002ID	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
TL5002ID.A	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



# NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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