



# Sealed Lead-Acid Battery Charger

### **FEATURES**

- Optimum Control for Maximum Battery Capacity and Life
- Internal State Logic Provides Three Charge States
- Precision Reference Tracks Battery Requirements Over Temperature
- Controls Both Voltage and Current at Charger Output
- · System Interface Functions
- Typical Standby Supply Current of only 1.6mA

#### DESCRIPTION

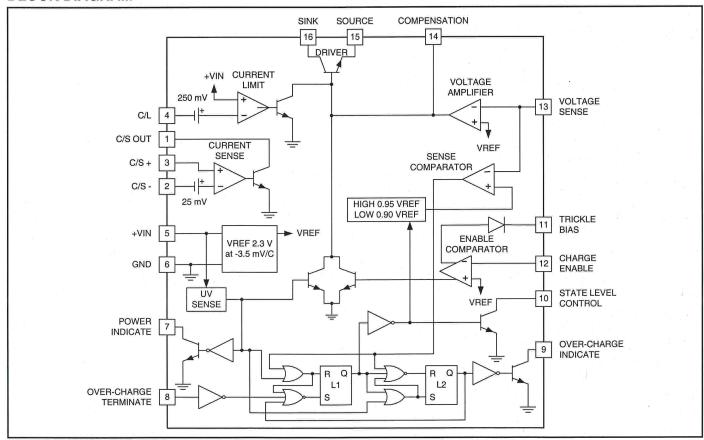
The UC2906 series of battery charger controllers contains all of the necessary circuitry to optimally control the charge and hold cycle for sealed lead-acid batteries. These integrated circuits monitor and control both the output voltage and current of the charger through three separate charge states; a high current bulk-charge state, a controlled over-charge, and a precision float-charge, or standby, state.

Optimum charging conditions are maintained over an extended temperature range with an internal reference that tracks the nominal temperature characteristics of the lead-acid cell. A typical standby supply current requirement of only 1.6mA allows these ICs to predictably monitor ambient temperatures.

Separate voltage loop and current limit amplifiers regulate the output voltage and current levels in the charger by controlling the onboard driver. The driver will supply at least 25mA of base drive to an external pass device. Voltage and current sense comparators are used to sense the battery condition and respond with logic inputs to the charge state logic. A charge enable comparator with a trickle bias output can be used to implement a low current turn-on mode of the charger, preventing high current charging during abnormal conditions such as a shorted battery cell.

Other features include a supply under-voltage sense circuit with a logic output to indicate when input power is present. In addition the over-charge state of the charger can be externally monitored and terminated using the over-charge indicate output and over-charge terminate input.

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



SLUS186C - SEPTEMBER 1996 - REVISED MAY 2005

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage (+VIN)
Amplifier and Comparator Input Voltages0.3V to +40V
Over-Charge Terminate Input Voltage –0.3V to +40V
Current Sense Amplifier Output Current80mA
Other Open Collector Output Currents20mA
Trickle Bias Voltage Differential with respect to VIN32V
Trickle Bias Output Current40mA
Driver Current80mA
Power Dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 2)1000mW
Power Dissipation at T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C (Note 2)2000mW
Operating Junction Temperature –55°C to +150°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Seconds) 300°C

- Note 1: Voltages are referenced to ground (Pin 6). Currents are positive into, negative out of, the specified terminals.
- **Note 2:** Consult Packaging section of Databook for thermal limitations and considerations of packages.

#### DIL-16, SOIC-16 (TOP VIEW) J or N Package, DW Package C/S OUT 1 16 DRIVER SINK 15 DRIVER SOURCE C/S - 2 C/S + 3 14 COMPENSATION C/L 4 13 VOLTAGE SENSE +VIN 5 12 CHARGE ENABLE GROUND 6 11 TRICKLE BIAS **POWER** STATE LEVEL CONTROL INDICATE 7 OVER-CHARGE TERMINATE 8 **OVER-CHARGE** INDICATE

### CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

PLCC-20, LCC-20 (TOP VIEW)

Q, L Packages	- \				,			
	/	3	2	1	20	19		1
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ĺ	6						16	)
. [	7						15	)
Ì	8						14	þ
		9	10	11	12	13		l

PIN FUNCTION	PIN
N/C	1
C/S OUT	2
C/S-	3
C/S+	4
C/L	5
N/C	6
+VIN	7
GROUND	8
POWER INDICATE	9
<b>OVER CHARGE TERMINATE</b>	10
N/C	11
OVER CHARGE INDICATE	12
STATE LEVEL CONTROL	13
TRICKLE BIAS	14
CHARGE ENABLE	15
N/C	16
VOLTAGE SENSE	17
COMPENSATION	18
DRIVER SOURCE	19
DRIVER SINK	20

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to  $+70^{\circ}$ C for the UC3906 and 0°C to  $+70^{\circ}$ C for the UC3906,  $+V_{IN} = 10V$ ,  $T_A = T_J$ .

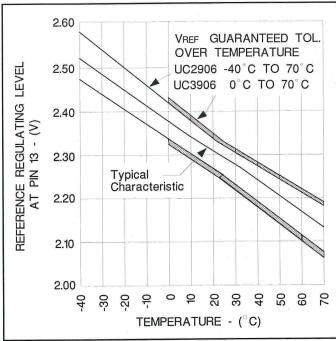
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		UC2906	i .		UNITS		
	1 1	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Input Supply								
Supply Current	+V <sub>IN</sub> = 10V		1.6	3.3		1.6	3.3	mA
	+V <sub>IN</sub> = 40V		1.8	3.6	П	1.8	3.6	mA
	$+V_{IN} = 40V$ , $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C		1.8	4				mA
Supply Under-Voltage Threshold	+V <sub>IN</sub> = Low to High	4.2	4.5	4.8	4.2	4.5	4.8	, V
Supply Under-Voltage Hysteresis			0.20	0.30	4	0.20	0.30	V
Internal Reference (VREF)	· ·							
Voltage Level (Note 3)	Measured as Regulating Level at Pin 13 w/ Driver Current = 1mA, T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	2.275	2.3	2.325	2.270	2.3	2.330	V
Line Regulation	+V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 to 40V		3	8		3	8	mV
Temperature Coefficient			-3.5			-3.5		mV/°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:** Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+70^{\circ}C$  for the UC2906 and  $0^{\circ}C$  to  $+70^{\circ}C$  for the UC3906,  $+V_{IN} = 10V$ ,  $T_A = T_J$ .

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		UC2906			UNITS		
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Voltage Amplifier								
Input Bias Current	Total Input Bias at Regulating Level	-0.5	-0.2		-0.5	-0.2		μΑ
Maximum Output Current	Source	-45	-30	-15	-45	-30	-15	μΑ
, i	Sink	30	60	90	30	60	90	μΑ
Open Loop Gain	Driver current = 1mA	50	65		50	65		dB
Output Voltage Swing	Volts above GND or below +V <sub>IN</sub>		0.2			0.2	1	V
Driver			1		1			
Minimum Supply to Source Differential	Pin 16 = +V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 10mA	1	2.0	2.2		2.0	2.2	V
Maximum Output Current	Pin 16 to Pin 15 = 2V	25	40		25	40		mA
Saturation Voltage			0.2	0.45		0.2	0.45	٧
Current Limit Amplifier								
Input Bias Current	1 1		0.2	1.0		0.2	1.0	μΑ
Threshold Voltage	Offset below +V <sub>IN</sub>	225	250	275	225	250	275	mV
Threshold Supply Sensitivity	+V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 to 40V		0.03	0.25		0.03	0.25	%/V
Voltage Sense Comparator								
Threshold Voltage	As a function of V <sub>REF</sub> , L <sub>1</sub> = RESET	0.94	0.949	0.960	0.94	0.949	0.960	V/V
	As a function of V <sub>REF</sub> , L <sub>1</sub> = SET	0.895	0.90	0.910	0.895	0.90	0.910	V/V
Input Bias Current	Total Input Bias at Thresholds	-0.5	-0.2		-0.5	-0.2		μΑ
Current Sense Comparator								
Input Bias Current			0.1	0.5		0.1	0.5	μΑ
Input Offset Current	The state of the s		0.01	0.2		0.01	0.2	μΑ
Input Offset Voltage	Referenced to Pin 2, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA	20	25	30	20	25	30	mV
Offset Supply Sensitivity	+V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 to 40V	1 1	0.05	0.35		0.05	0.35	%/V
Offset Common Mode Sensitivity	CMV = 2V to +V <sub>IN</sub>		0.05	0.35		0.05	0.35	%/V
Maximum Output Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V	25	40		25	40	+	mA
Output Saturation Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		0.2	0.45	1	0.2	0.45	V
Enable Comparator			11					
Threshold Voltage	As a function of V <sub>REF</sub>	0.99	1.0	1.01	0.99	1.0	1.01	V/V
Input Bias Current	1	-0.5	-0.2		-0.5	-0.2		μΑ
Trickle Bias Maximum Output Current	$V_{OUT} = +V_{IN} - 3V$	25	40		25	40		mA
Trickle Bias Maximum Output Voltage	Volts below +V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		2.0	2.6		2.0	2.6	V
Trickle Bias Reverse Hold-Off Voltage	$+V_{IN} = 0V$ , $I_{OUT} = -10\mu A$	6.3	7.0		6.3	7.0		V
Over-Charge Terminate Input				1			1	
Threshold Voltage		0.7	1.0	1.3	0.7	1.0	1.3	٧
Internal Pull-Up Current	At Threshold		10			10		μA
Open Collector Outputs (Pins 7, 9	), and 10)	ľ				4		
Maximum Output Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2V	2.5	5		2.5	5		mA
Saturation Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.6mA		0.25	0.45	11	0.25	0.45	V
	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 50μA		0.03	0.05	1	0.03	0.05	V
Leakage Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 40V		1	3		1	3	μΑ

Note 3. The reference voltage will change as a function of power dissipation on the die according to the temperature coefficient of the reference and the thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient.

### **OPERATION AND APPLICATION INFORMATION**



Internal reference temperature characteristic and tolerance.

### **Dual Level Float Charger Operations**

The UC2906 is shown configured as a dual level float charger in Figure 1. All high currents are handled by the external PNP pass transistor with the driver supplying base drive to this device. This scheme uses the TRICKLE BIAS output and the charge enable comparator

to give the charger a low current turn on mode. The output current of the charger is limited to a low-level until the battery reaches a specified voltage, preventing a high current charging if a battery cell is shorted. Figure 2 shows the state diagram of the charger. Upon turn on the UV sense circuitry puts the charger in state 1, the high rate bulk-charge state. In this state, once the enable threshold has been exceeded, the charger will supply a peak current that is determined by the 250mV offset in the C/L amplifier and the sensing resistor R<sub>S</sub>.

To guarantee full re-charge of the battery, the charger's voltage loop has an elevated regulating level, VOC, during state 1 and state 2. When the battery voltage reaches 95% of VOC, the charger enters the over-charge state, state 2. The charger stays in this state until the OVER-CHARGE TERMINATE pin goes high. In Figure 1, the charger uses the current sense amplifier to generate this signal by sensing when the charge current has tapered to a specified level, IOCT. Alternatively the over-charge could have been controlled by an external source, such as a timer, by using the OVER-CHARGE INDICATE signal at Pin 9. If a load is applied to the battery and begins to discharge it, the charger will contribute its full output to the load. If the battery drops 10% below the float level, the charger will reset itself to state 1. When the load is removed a full charge cycle will follow. A graphical representation of a charge, and discharge, cycle of the dual lever float charger is shown in Figure 3.

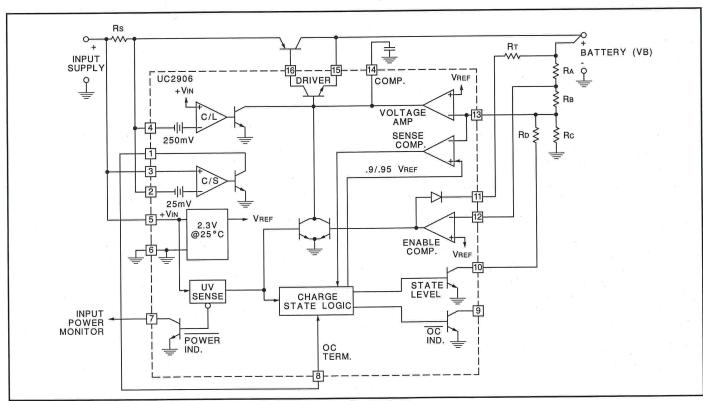


Figure 1. The UC2906 in a dual level float charger.

### **OPERATION AND APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)**

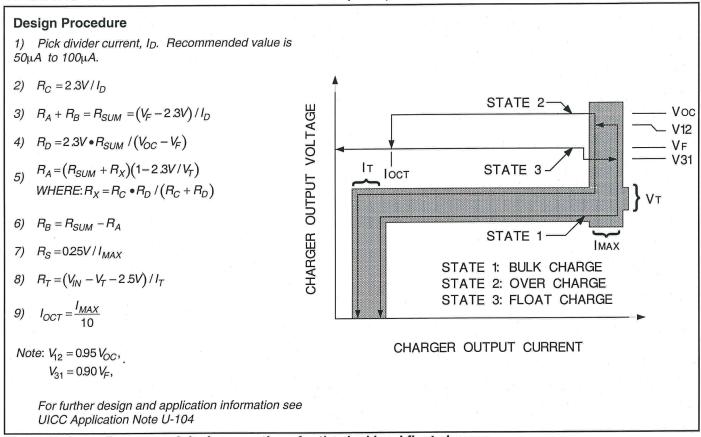


Figure 2. State diagram and design equations for the dual level float charger.

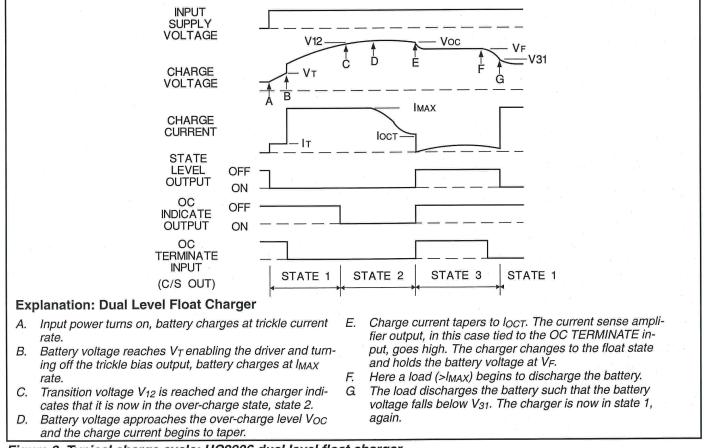


Figure 3. Typical charge cycle: UC2906 dual level float charger.

## **OPERATION AND APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)**

# Compensated Reference Matches Battery Requirements

When the charger is in the float state, the battery will be maintained at a precise float voltage, V<sub>F</sub>. The accuracy of this float state will maximize the standby life of the battery while the bulk-charge and over-charge states guarantee rapid and full re-charge. All of the voltage thresholds on the UC2906 are derived from the internal reference. This reference has a temperature coefficient that tracks the temperature characteristic of the optimum-charge and hold levels for sealed lead-acid cells. This further guarantees that proper charging occurs, even at temperature extremes.

### **Dual Step Current Charger Operation**

Figures 4, 5 and 6 illustrate the UC2906's use in a different charging scheme. The dual step current charger is useful when a large string of series cells must be charged. The holding-charge state maintains a slightly elevated voltage across the batteries with the holding current, 1H. This will tend to guarantee equal charge distribution between the cells. The bulk-charge state is similar to that of the float charger with the exception that when  $V_{12}$  is reached, no over-charge state occurs since Pin 8 is tied high at all times. The current sense amplifier is used to regulate the holding current. In some applica-

tions a series resistor, or external buffering transistor, may be required at the current sense output to prevent excessive power dissipation on the UC2906.

# A PNP Pass Device Reduces Minimum Input to Output Differential

The configuration of the driver on the UC2906 allows a good bit of flexibility when interfacing to an external pass transistor. The two chargers shown in Figures 1 and 4 both use PNP pass devices, although an NPN device driven from the source output of the UC2906 driver can also be used. In situations where the charger must operate with low input to output differentials the PNP pass device should be configured as shown in Figure 4. The PNP can be operated in a saturated mode with only the series diode and sense resistor adding to the minimum differential. The series diode, D1, in many applications, can be eliminated. This diode prevents any discharging of the battery, except through the sensing divider, when the charger is attached to the battery with no input supply voltage. If discharging under this condition must be kept to an absolute minimum, the sense divider can be referenced to the POWER INDICATE pin, Pin 7, instead of ground. In this manner the open collector off state of Pin 7 will prevent the divider resistors from discharging the battery when the input supply is removed.

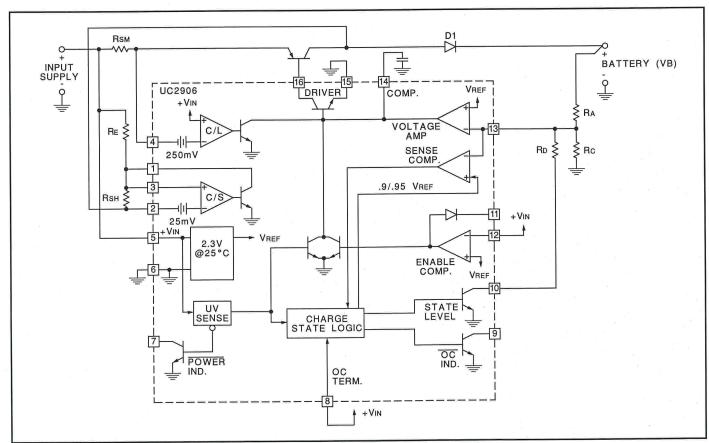


Figure 4. The UC2906 in a dual step current charger.

### **OPERATION AND APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)**

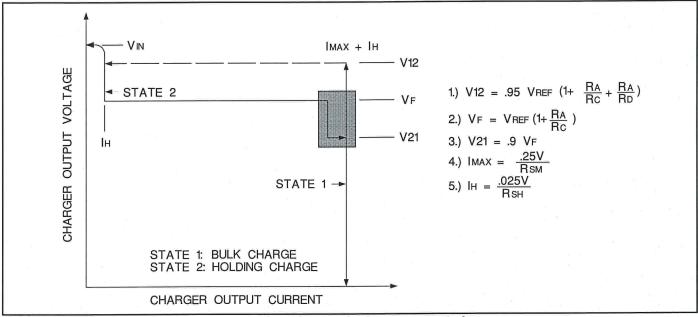


Figure 5. State Diagram and design equations for the dual step current charger.

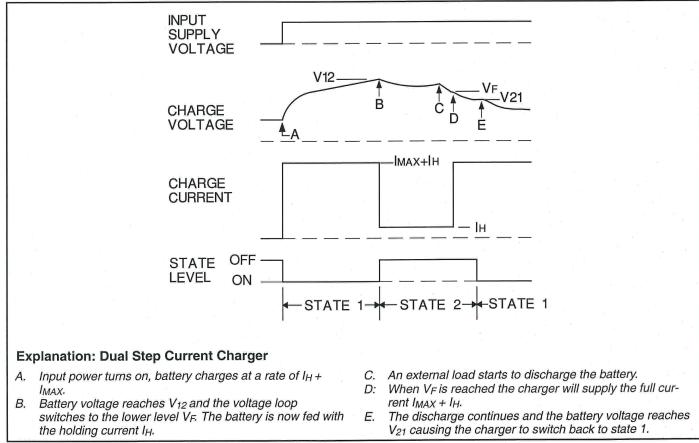


Figure 6. Typical charge cycle: UC2906 dual step current charger

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### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package   Pins	Package qty   Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
UC2906DW	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 70	UC2906DW
UC2906DW.A	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 70	UC2906DW
UC2906DWG4	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 70	UC2906DW
UC2906DWTR	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 70	UC2906DW
UC2906DWTR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 70	UC2906DW
UC2906N	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 70	UC2906N
UC2906N.A	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 70	UC2906N
UC2906NG4	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-40 to 70	UC2906N
UC3906DW	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 70	UC3906DW
UC3906DW.A	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 70	UC3906DW
UC3906DWG4	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	40   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 70	UC3906DW
UC3906DWTR	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 70	UC3906DW
UC3906DWTR.A	Active	Production	SOIC (DW)   16	2000   LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 70	UC3906DW
UC3906N	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-20 to 70	UC3906N
UC3906N.A	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-20 to 70	UC3906N
UC3906NG4	Active	Production	PDIP (N)   16	25   TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	N/A for Pkg Type	-20 to 70	UC3906N

<sup>(1)</sup> Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

<sup>(2)</sup> Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

<sup>(3)</sup> RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

<sup>(4)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

<sup>(5)</sup> MSL rating/Peak reflow: The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.



# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

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(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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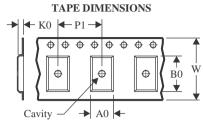
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

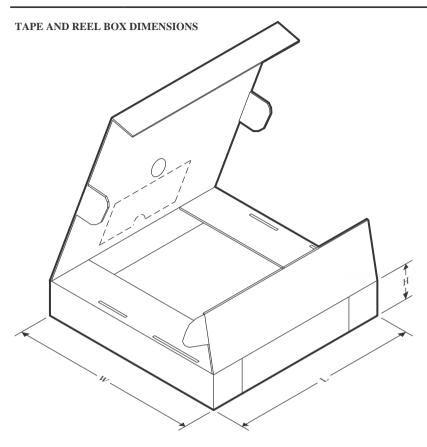


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
UC2906DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	330.0	16.4	10.75	10.7	2.7	12.0	16.0	Q1
UC3906DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	330.0	16.4	10.75	10.7	2.7	12.0	16.0	Q1

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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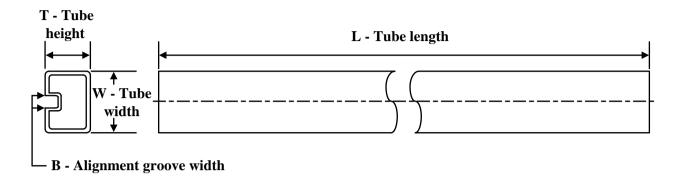
### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type Package Drawing		Pins SPQ		Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
UC2906DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0
UC3906DWTR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	353.0	353.0	32.0

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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### **TUBE**



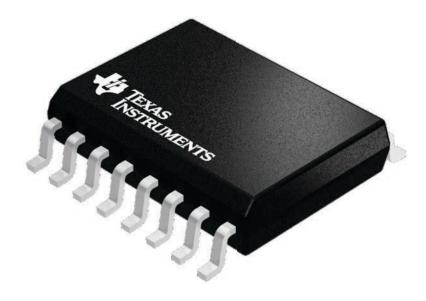
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
UC2906DW	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC2906DW.A	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC2906DWG4	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC2906N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
UC2906N.A	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
UC2906NG4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
UC3906DW	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC3906DW.A	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC3906DWG4	DW	SOIC	16	40	507	12.83	5080	6.6
UC3906N	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
UC3906N.A	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
UC3906NG4	N	PDIP	16	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32

7.5 x 10.3, 1.27 mm pitch

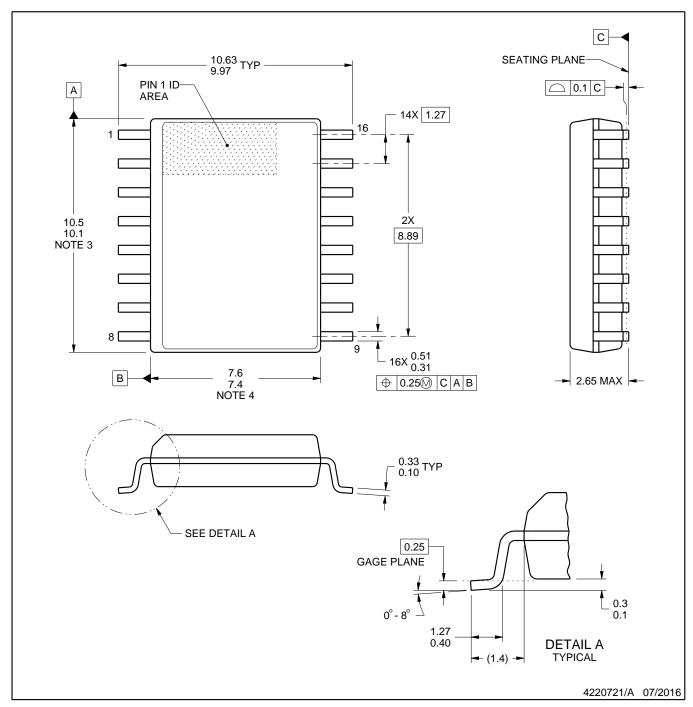
SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.





SOIC



### NOTES:

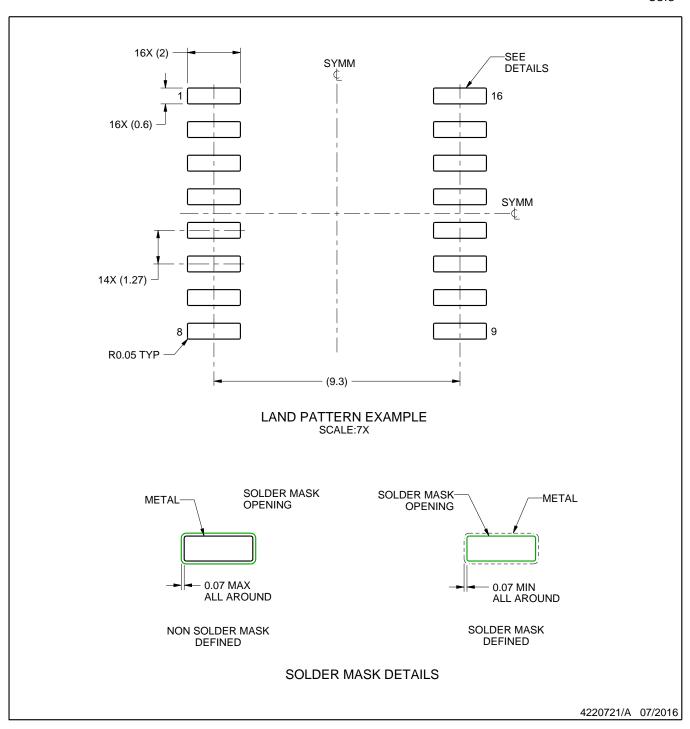
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing
- per ASME Y14.5M.

  2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

  3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm, per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm, per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-013.



SOIC



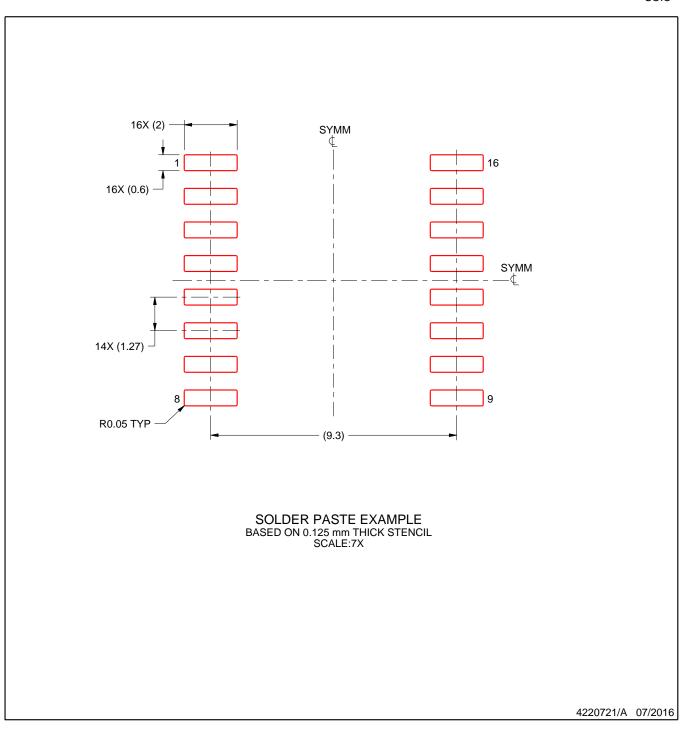
### NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOIC



### NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



# N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

16 PINS SHOWN



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
- The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.



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